

# [MS-WFDPE]:

## Wi-Fi Display Protocol Extension

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## Revision Summary

Date	Revision History	Revision Class	Comments
6/30/2015	1.0	New	Released new document.
10/16/2015	2.0	Major	Significantly changed the technical content.
7/14/2016	3.0	Major	Significantly changed the technical content.

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# 1 Introduction

The Wi-Fi Display Protocol Extension extends the Wi-Fi Display Technical Specification v1.1 [\[WFDTS1.1\]](#) with a set of extensions. This protocol extension set enables latency control, extended diagnostic information, and dynamic format changes on Wi-Fi Display Devices. When implemented, these extensions provide an improved and more consistent Wi-Fi Display experience for a variety of wireless display scenarios, including word processing, web browsing, gaming, and video projection.

Sections 1.7 and 2 of this specification are normative. All other sections and examples in this specification are informative.

## 1.1 Glossary

This document uses the following terms:

**Augmented Backus-Naur Form (ABNF):** A modified version of Backus-Naur Form (BNF), commonly used by Internet specifications. ABNF notation balances compactness and simplicity with reasonable representational power. ABNF differs from standard BNF in its definitions and uses of naming rules, repetition, alternatives, order-independence, and value ranges. For more information, see [\[RFC5234\]](#).

**base64 encoding:** A binary-to-text encoding scheme whereby an arbitrary sequence of bytes is converted to a sequence of printable ASCII characters, as described in [\[RFC4648\]](#).

**bit rate:** A measure of the average bandwidth that is required to deliver a track, in bits per second (bps).

**context-adaptive binary arithmetic coding (CABAC):** A form of entropy encoding used in H264.

**instantaneous decoder refresh (IDR):** A video frame that can be decoded without reference to previous video frames.

**Portable Network Graphics (PNG):** A bitmap graphics file format that uses lossless data compression and supports variable transparency of images (alpha channels) and control of image brightness on different computers (gamma correction). PNG-format files have a .png file name extension.

**Real-Time Streaming Protocol (RTSP):** A protocol used for transferring real-time multimedia data (for example, audio and video) between a server and a client, as specified in [\[RFC2326\]](#). It is a streaming protocol; this means that **RTSP** attempts to facilitate scenarios in which the multimedia data is being simultaneously transferred and rendered (that is, video is displayed and audio is played).

**Real-Time Transport Control Protocol (RTCP):** A network transport protocol that enables monitoring of Real-Time Transport Protocol (RTP) data delivery and provides minimal control and identification functionality, as described in [\[RFC3550\]](#).

**Real-Time Transport Protocol (RTP):** A network transport protocol that provides end-to-end transport functions that are suitable for applications that transmit real-time data, such as audio and video, as described in [\[RFC3550\]](#).

**sequence parameter set/picture parameter set (SPS/PPS):** Data units in an H264 stream that include metadata about the stream.

**Uniform Resource Identifier (URI):** A string that identifies a resource. The URI is an addressing mechanism defined in Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF) Uniform Resource Identifier (URI): Generic Syntax [\[RFC3986\]](#).

**User Datagram Protocol (UDP):** The connectionless protocol within TCP/IP that corresponds to the transport layer in the ISO/OSI reference model.

**MAY, SHOULD, MUST, SHOULD NOT, MUST NOT:** These terms (in all caps) are used as defined in [\[RFC2119\]](#). All statements of optional behavior use either MAY, SHOULD, or SHOULD NOT.

## 1.2 References

Links to a document in the Microsoft Open Specifications library point to the correct section in the most recently published version of the referenced document. However, because individual documents in the library are not updated at the same time, the section numbers in the documents may not match. You can confirm the correct section numbering by checking the [Errata](#).

### 1.2.1 Normative References

We conduct frequent surveys of the normative references to assure their continued availability. If you have any issue with finding a normative reference, please contact [dochelp@microsoft.com](mailto:dochelp@microsoft.com). We will assist you in finding the relevant information.

[CEA-861-F] Consumer Electronics Association (CEA), "A DTV Profile for Uncompressed High Speed Digital Interfaces", CEA-861-F (ANSI), August 2013, <http://www.ce.org/Standards/Standard-Listings/R4-8-DTV-Interface-Subcommittee/CEA-861-E.aspx>

[ITU-H.264-201201] ITU-T, "Advanced video coding for generic audiovisual services", Recommendation H.264, January 2012, <http://www.itu.int/rec/T-REC-H.264-201201-S/en>

[MS-ERREF] Microsoft Corporation, "[Windows Error Codes](#)".

[PNG] ISO/IEC 15948:2004., "Portable Network Graphics PNG", [http://www.iso.org/iso/iso\\_catalogue/catalogue\\_tc/catalogue\\_detail.htm?csnumber=29581](http://www.iso.org/iso/iso_catalogue/catalogue_tc/catalogue_detail.htm?csnumber=29581)

[RFC2119] Bradner, S., "Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels", BCP 14, RFC 2119, March 1997, <http://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc2119.txt>

[RFC2250] Hoffman, D., Fernando, G., Goyal, V., and Civanlar, M., "RTP Payload Format for MPEG1/MPEG2 Video", RFC 2250, January 1998, <http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2250.txt>

[RFC2326] Schulzrinne, H., Rao, A., and Lanphier, R., "Real Time Streaming Protocol (RTSP)", RFC 2326, April 1998, <http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2326.txt>

[RFC2616] Fielding, R., Gettys, J., Mogul, J., et al., "Hypertext Transfer Protocol -- HTTP/1.1", RFC 2616, June 1999, <http://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc2616.txt>

[RFC3550] Schulzrinne, H., Casner, S., Frederick, R., and Jacobson, V., "RTP: A Transport Protocol for Real-Time Applications", STD 64, RFC 3550, July 2003, <http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc3550.txt>

[RFC3629] Yergeau, F., "UTF-8, A Transformation Format of ISO 10646", STD 63, RFC 3629, November 2003, <http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc3629.txt>

[RFC3986] Berners-Lee, T., Fielding, R., and Masinter, L., "Uniform Resource Identifier (URI): Generic Syntax", STD 66, RFC 3986, January 2005, <http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc3986.txt>

[RFC4648] Josefsson, S., "The Base16, Base32, and Base64 Data Encodings", RFC 4648, October 2006, <http://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc4648.txt>

[RFC5234] Crocker, D., Ed., and Overell, P., "Augmented BNF for Syntax Specifications: ABNF", STD 68, RFC 5234, January 2008, <http://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc5234.txt>

[VESA-CVT] Video Electronics Standards Association (VESA), "Coordinated Video Timings (CVT) v1.2", <http://vesa.org/vesa-standards/standards-summaries>

[WF-DTS1.1] Wi-Fi Alliance, "Wi-Fi Display Technical Specification v1.1", April 2014, <https://www.wi-fi.org/wi-fi-display-technical-specification-v11>

**Note** There is a charge to download the specification.

### 1.2.2 Informative References

None.

## 1.3 Overview

The Wi-Fi Display protocol [\[WF-DTS1.1\]](#) is used for a variety of scenarios; however, the Wi-Fi Display protocol does not allow for a Wi-Fi Display Source [WF-DTS1.1] to communicate the user's intent to the Wi-Fi Display Sink [WF-DTS1.1]. For example, a Wi-Fi Display Sink can be designed for watching movies, with a high display latency that facilitates smooth playback and post-processing. A user who wants to play a game will find the latency disturbing because the game requires real-time responses. Similarly, a user who wants to watch a full-screen movie might find the jitter and artifacts of a lower-latency Wi-Fi Display Sink to be distracting because it can affect the display quality of the movie. Ideally, the display is able to match the frame rate and frame size of the video content. The Wi-Fi Display Protocol Extension facilitates communication of the user's intent from the Wi-Fi Display Source to the Wi-Fi Display Sink. Once the user intent is known, the latency can be changed according to the scenario needs.

Additionally, because Wi-Fi Display connections can spontaneously disconnect for a variety of reasons, it is difficult to determine the reason for such connection failures after the fact. This protocol extension set enables a Wi-Fi Display Sink to communicate additional information about itself and the reason for a disconnection, when applicable. This information helps Wi-Fi Display Device vendors and implementers to resolve problems and improve usability.

This protocol extension set enables a Wi-Fi Display Source to negotiate resolutions other than those that are supported in [WF-DTS1.1]. This capability enables support for 4K resolution and for resolutions with a 3:2 picture aspect ratio, for example. [<1>](#)

This protocol extension uses **Real-Time Transport Control Protocol (RTCP)** messages between the Wi-Fi Display Source and the Wi-Fi Display Sink to analyze the user's current throughput and modify the encoding parameters from [WF-DTS1.1], to improve the user's current experience. [<2>](#)

## 1.4 Relationship to Protocols and Other Structures

The Wi-Fi Display Protocol Extension extends the Wi-Fi Display Technical Specification v1.1 [\[WF-DTS1.1\]](#).

## 1.5 Applicability Statement

This protocol extension is intended for any Wi-Fi Display Device.

## 1.6 Versioning and Localization

None.

## 1.7 Vendor-Extensible Fields

This protocol uses HRESULT values as defined in [\[MS-ERREF\]](#) section 2.1. Vendors can define their own HRESULT values, provided they set the **C** bit (0x20000000) for each vendor-defined value, indicating the value as a customer code.



## 2 Structures

Protocol extensions are defined using **Augmented Backus-Naur Form (ABNF)**, as specified in [\[RFC5234\]](#).

A Wi-Fi Display Sink implementing any of the protocol extensions defined in this specification MUST support **context-adaptive binary arithmetic coding (CABAC)** in both the Baseline Profile and High Profile as specified in [\[ITU-H.264-201201\]](#) sections 9.3, A.2.1, and A.2.4.

A Wi-Fi Display Device implementing any of the protocol extension defined in this specification MUST use the M bit of the **Real-Time Transport Protocol (RTP)** packet header in the manner prescribed for video data in [\[RFC2250\]](#) section 3.3.

### 2.1 Device Metadata

This section extends [\[WF-DTS1.1\]](#) section 6.1, with additional data structures for device metadata.

#### 2.1.1 Elements

The following subsections provide details about the device metadata data structures.

##### 2.1.1.1 intel\_friendly\_name

The **intel\_friendly\_name** parameter specifies a human-readable name of the Wi-Fi Display Sink.

The ABNF syntax is as follows:

```
intel-friendly-name = "intel friendly name:" SP friendly-name CRLF
friendly-name = 1*18(utf8byte-no-hyphen)
utf8byte-no-hyphen = %x00-2C / %x2E-FF
```

The **friendly-name** parameter MUST be formatted as specified in [\[RFC3629\]](#). The hyphen code point ("-") MUST NOT be included in the **friendly-name** parameter.

##### 2.1.1.2 intel\_sink\_device\_URL

The **intel\_sink\_device\_URL** parameter specifies a **Uniform Resource Identifier (URI)** for the product information of the Wi-Fi Display Sink.

The ABNF syntax is as follows:

```
intel-sink-device-URL = "intel_sink_device_URL:" SP uri CRLF
uri = 1*256(VCHAR) / "none"
```

The **intel\_sink\_device\_URL** parameter specifies a URI as specified in [\[RFC3986\]](#). A value of "none" means that no product information is available.

##### 2.1.1.3 intel\_sink\_manufacturer\_logo

The **intel\_sink\_manufacturer\_logo** parameter specifies an image file representing the manufacturer of the Wi-Fi Display Sink. The image MUST be in **Portable Network Graphics (PNG)** format with the following specifications: 96 dots-per-inch, 24 bits per pixel, 160 pixels wide, and 120 pixels high [\[PNG\]](#). The image MUST be **base64**-encoded, as specified in [\[RFC4648\]](#).

The ABNF syntax is as follows:

```
intel-sink-manufacturer-logo = "intel_sink_manufacturer_logo:" SP logo CRLF
logo = "none" / base64_logo
base64_logo = 464*76800 (BASE64CHAR)
```

A value of "none" means that no image is available.

#### 2.1.1.4 intel\_sink\_manufacturer\_name

The **intel\_sink\_manufacturer\_name** parameter specifies the name of the manufacturer of the Wi-Fi Display Sink.

The ABNF syntax is as follows:

```
intel-sink-manufacturer-name = "intel_sink_manufacturer_name:" SP manufacturer-
name CRLF
manufacturer-name = 1*32(VCHAR) / "none"
```

A value of "none" means that the manufacturer name is not available.

#### 2.1.1.5 intel\_sink\_model\_name

The **intel\_sink\_model\_name** parameter specifies the model name assigned by the manufacturer of the Wi-Fi Display Sink.

The ABNF syntax is as follows:

```
intel-sink-model-name = "intel sink model name:" SP model-name CRLF
model-name = 1*32(VCHAR) / "none"
```

A value of "none" means that the model name is not available.

#### 2.1.1.6 intel\_sink\_version

The **intel\_sink\_version** parameter specifies the product identifier, hardware version, and software version of the Wi-Fi Display Sink.

```
intel-sink-version = "intel_sink_version:" SP product-id SP hw-version SP sw-version CRLF
product-id = "product ID=" 1*16(VCHAR)
hw-version = "hw_version=" version-tag
sw-version = "sw_version=" version-tag
version-tag = major "." minor "." sku "." build
major = 1*2(DIGIT)
minor = 1*2(DIGIT)
sku = 1*2(DIGIT)
build = 1*4(DIGIT)
```

### 2.1.2 Attributes

Not applicable.

### 2.1.3 Complex Types

Not applicable.

### 2.1.4 Simple Types

Not applicable.

## 2.2 Enhanced Diagnostics

The enhanced diagnostics protocol extension enables the Wi-Fi Display Sink to report error codes and error reasons to the Wi-Fi Display Source.

The extension consists of a data structure to first negotiate whether or not the diagnostics extension is supported by the Wi-Fi Display Sink. The data structure extends [\[WF-DTS1.1\]](#) section 6.1. Additionally, the **M8** message, as specified in [\[WF-DTS1.1\]](#) section 6.4.8, is extended with a payload.

### 2.2.1 Elements

#### 2.2.1.1 microsoft\_diagnostics\_capability

The **microsoft\_diagnostics\_capability** parameter specifies whether a Wi-Fi Display Sink supports including the **microsoft\_teardown\_reason** parameter (section [2.2.1.2](#)) in the message body of the **M8** request.

The ABNF syntax is as follows:

```
microsoft-diagnostics-capability = "microsoft_diagnostics_capability:" SP
    diagnostics-capability CRLF
diagnostics-capability = "supported" / "none"
```

If the **diagnostics-capability** parameter has the value "supported", it means that the **M8** request ([\[WF-DTS1.1\]](#) section 6.4.8) that was sent by the Wi-Fi Display Sink includes the **microsoft\_teardown\_reason** parameter in the message body of that request. If the **diagnostics-capability** parameter has the value "none", it means that there are no changes to the **M8** request.

#### 2.2.1.2 microsoft\_teardown\_reason

The **microsoft\_teardown\_reason** parameter is included in the message body of the **M8** message ([\[WF-DTS1.1\]](#) section 6.4.8) when the Wi-Fi Display Sink sets the **diagnostics-capability** parameter of the **microsoft\_diagnostics\_capability** parameter (section [2.2.1.1](#)) to "supported".

The ABNF syntax is as follows:

```
microsoft-teardown-reason = "microsoft_teardown_reason:" SP error-code SP error-reason
    CRLF
error-code = 8*8HEXDIG
error-reason = *VCHAR
```

The 8 hexadecimal digit value of the error-code parameter is an HRESULT value as specified in [\[MS-ERREF\]](#) section 2.1. The following predefined error codes SHOULD be preferred over custom error codes when the reason for the failure applies.

Return value/code	Failure condition
MF_E_CANNOT_PARSE_BYTESTREAM C00D36F0	Cannot parse byte stream; the incoming data is not a valid MPEG-2 stream.
MF_E_INVALID_FORMAT C00D3E8C	The stream is valid, but the format (resolution, frame rate, channel count, and so on) cannot be handled.
MF_E_TRANSFORM_CANNOT_CHANGE_MEDIA_TYPE_WHILE_PROCESSING C00D6D74	The format of the H.264, AAC, or AC3 <a href="#">ITU-H.264-201201</a> bit streams changed, but the change cannot be handled.
MF_E_INVALID_STREAM_DATA C00D36CB	The H.264, AAC, or AC3 bit stream is not valid and cannot be decoded.
MF_E_NET_TIMEOUT C00D4278	The Wi-Fi Display Sink timed out waiting for a keep-alive or RTP data.
MF_E_INVALID_TIMESTAMP C00D36C0	The presentation time stamps in the MPEG-2 Packetized Elementary Stream packets are corrupted, and the Wi-Fi Display Sink can no longer render the stream.

If the Wi-Fi Display Sink encounters an error that does not correspond to any of the failure conditions in the previous table, it SHOULD use a custom error code. A custom error code MUST NOT be any of the predefined error codes, and MUST set the **C** bit (0x20000000) for each vendor-defined value, indicating the value as a customer code.

Error reasons are implementation-defined and provide a human-readable explanation of the error condition. A Wi-Fi Display Source vendor and a Wi-Fi Display Sink vendor working together can use the error reason to identify and potentially correct the error condition.

### 2.2.2 Attributes

Not applicable.

### 2.2.3 Complex Types

Not applicable.

### 2.2.4 Simple Types

Not applicable.

## 2.3 Dynamic Resolution and Refresh Rate

The dynamic resolution and refresh rate extension allows the Wi-Fi Display Source to change the video resolution or video refresh rate of the video stream without sending an additional **Real-Time Streaming Protocol (RTSP)** message to the Wi-Fi Display Sink.

The extension consists of a data structure to negotiate the support for dynamic changes to the video resolution and video refresh rate. The data structure extends [\[WF-DTS1.1\]](#) section 6.1.

## 2.3.1 Elements

### 2.3.1.1 microsoft\_format\_change\_capability

The **microsoft\_format\_change\_capability** parameter specifies whether the Wi-Fi Display Sink supports dynamic changes to the video resolution and video refresh rate.

The ABNF syntax is as follows:

```
microsoft-format-change-capability = "microsoft format change capability:" SP
    format-change-caps CRLF
format-change-caps = "supported" / "none"
```

If the **format-change-caps** parameter equals the value "supported", it means that the Wi-Fi Display Sink monitors the **sequence parameter set/picture parameter set (SPS/PPS)** in the H.264 stream for changes to the video resolution or video frame rate. And it adapts to such changes without displaying any visible changes such as flicker or a black screen.

The H.264 video bit stream that is sent by a Wi-Fi Display Source MUST include an **instantaneous decoder refresh (IDR)** frame as the first video frame after changing either the video resolution or the video frame rate. The bit stream MUST also include the SPS/PPS with the new resolution and frame rate. The new video resolution MUST belong to the set of video resolutions included in the Wi-Fi Display Sink's **M3** message response. The video frame rate MUST be less than or equal to the maximum frame rate that the Wi-Fi Display Sink claims support for at that resolution.

For details about how the Wi-Fi Display Sink specifies which video resolutions and video frame rates it supports, see [\[WF-DTS1.1\]](#) section 6.1.3.

If the **format-change-caps** parameter has the value "none", the frame rate and video resolution of the H.264 bit stream cannot be changed unless the Wi-Fi Display Source sends an **M4** message ([\[WF-DTS1.1\]](#) section 6.4.4).

## 2.3.2 Attributes

Not applicable.

## 2.3.3 Complex Types

Not applicable.

## 2.3.4 Simple Types

Not applicable

## 2.4 Latency Management

The latency management extension allows the Wi-Fi Display Source to inform the Wi-Fi Display Sink of the user intent regarding the display latency (section [2.4.1.1](#)) of the currently streaming content.

The extension consists of a data structure to negotiate support and changes for the video display latency. The data structure extends [\[WF-DTS1.1\]](#) section 6.1.

## 2.4.1 Elements

### 2.4.1.1 microsoft\_latency\_management\_capability

The **microsoft\_latency\_management\_capability** parameter specifies whether the Wi-Fi Display Sink is capable of dynamically changing the display latency of the video bit stream. When sent by the Wi-Fi Display Sink, the parameter specifies the desired latency mode.

This parameter is included by the Wi-Fi Display Source in the M3 request to specify support for latency management, by the Wi-Fi Display Sink in the M3 response to specify support for latency management, and by the Wi-Fi Display Source in a SET\_PARAMETER request to set the latency mode to a new value.

For the purposes of this section, "latency" is defined as the time from the moment the last RTP packet is received for a video frame, until the time that the Wi-Fi Display Sink renders the frame to the output device.

The ABNF syntax is as follows:

```
microsoft-latency-management-capability = "microsoft_latency_management_capability:" SP
    ( latency-management-cap / latency-mode ) CRLF
latency-management-cap = "supported" / "none"
latency-mode = "low" / "normal" / "high"
```

Possible values for the **latency-management-cap** parameter are as follows:

Value	Meaning
supported	Specifies that the Wi-Fi Display Sink is capable of changing the latency mode.
none	Specifies that the Wi-Fi Display Sink is not capable of changing the latency mode.

Possible values for the **latency-mode** parameter are as follows:

Value	Meaning
low	Specifies that the Wi-Fi Display Sink SHOULD keep latency under 50 milliseconds. <a href="#">&lt;3&gt;</a>
normal	Specifies that the Wi-Fi Display Sink SHOULD keep latency under 100 milliseconds. <a href="#">&lt;4&gt;</a>
high	Specifies that the Wi-Fi Display Sink SHOULD buffer additional frames in order to ensure smooth playback, as long as the latency stays under 500 milliseconds.

## 2.4.2 Attributes

Not applicable.

### 2.4.3 Complex Types

Not applicable.

### 2.4.4 Simple Types

Not applicable.

## 2.5 Display Source Identification

The Display Source Identification protocol extension enables the Wi-Fi Display Source, as specified in [\[WF-DTS1.1\]](#), to provide the version number of the Wi-Fi Display software used by the Wi-Fi Display Source. The protocol extension also enables the Display Source to specify a unique identifier that identifies the current Wi-Fi Display connection.

This information can aid users of the Wi-Fi Display Sink, as specified in [\[WF-DTS1.1\]](#), in troubleshooting connectivity issues.

For example, if a certain version of the Wi-Fi Display software has a defect that causes connections to fail, the version number in the Display Source Identification can identify if that version of the software is being used by the Wi-Fi Display Source.

### 2.5.1 Elements

#### 2.5.1.1 Server header

The **Server header** field appears in any RTSP responses generated by the Wi-Fi Display Source. The **Server header** field provides the version number of the Wi-Fi Display software used by the Wi-Fi Display Source. The protocol extension also enables the Display Source to specify a unique identifier that identifies the current Wi-Fi Display connection.

The ABNF syntax of the **Server header** field is as follows.

```
source-product-id    = "MSMiracastSource"
connection-id        = 8HEXDIG "-" 4HEXDIG "-" 4HEXDIG "-" 4HEXDIG "-" 12HEXDIG
connection-id-token  = "guid/" connection-id
server-header-data   = source-product-id "/" product-version [ SP connection-id-token ]
                    *( SP product )
Server               = "Server:" SP server-header-data
```

The **product** and **product-version** syntax elements are specified in [\[RFC2616\]](#) section 3.8.

The **connection-id** syntax element is an identifier that uniquely identifies the current Wi-Fi Display connection.

To ensure a high probability of uniqueness, the Wi-Fi Display Source SHOULD use a random number generator to generate the syntax element, as shown in the following example.

```
Server: MSMiracastSource/10.00.10011.0000 guid/be113d06-9e40-43e4-98e6-540a325e9ced
```

### 2.5.2 Attributes

Not applicable.

### 2.5.3 Complex Types

Not applicable.

### 2.5.4 Simple Types

Not applicable.

## 2.6 Device Capabilities

The device capabilities protocol extension enables the Wi-Fi Display Source to determine whether the Wi-Fi Display Sink supports certain capabilities.

The extension consists of a data structure that specifies whether a given capability is supported. There is a separate data structure for each capability.

The data structures extend [\[WF-DTS1.1\]](#) section 6.1.

Currently, the extension defines the **wfd\_idr\_request\_capability** data structure (section [2.6.1.1](#)).

### 2.6.1 Elements

#### 2.6.1.1 wfd\_idr\_request\_capability

The **wfd\_idr\_request\_capability** parameter specifies whether a Wi-Fi Display Sink supports sending an RTSP M13 message as specified in [\[WF-DTS1.1\]](#) section 6.4.13.

Since the purpose of the RTSP M13 message is to request that the Wi-Fi Display Source generate an instantaneous decoder refresh (IDR) picture, it might be useful for a Wi-Fi Display Source to determine a case where the Wi-Fi Display Sink never sends an RTSP M13 message.

A Wi-Fi Display Source that determines that it will never receive any RTSP M13 messages can insert instantaneous decoder refresh (IDR) pictures more frequently in the video bit stream, to compensate for the Wi-Fi Display Sink's inability to request such pictures.

The ABNF syntax is as follows:

```
idr-request-capability = "wfd_idr_request_capability:" SP idr-req-cap-val CRLF
idr-req-cap-val = "0" / "1"
```

If the **idr-req-cap-val** parameter has the value "1", it means that the Wi-Fi Display Sink is capable of sending RTSP M13 messages.

If the **idr-req-cap-val** parameter has the value "0", it means that the Wi-Fi Display Sink does not send any RTSP M13 messages.

### 2.6.2 Attributes

Not applicable.

### 2.6.3 Complex Types

Not applicable.



## 2.6.4 Simple Types

Not applicable.

## 2.7 Video Formats

Additional video formats, including 4K resolution formats and formats that use 3:2 picture aspect ratio, are supported via the Wi-Fi Display video formats protocol extension. This protocol extension allows a Wi-Fi Display Source to send additional video formats to a Wi-Fi Display Sink. <5>

The extension consists of two data structures to negotiate additional video formats. The data structures extend [\[WF-DTS1.1\]](#) section 6.1.3.

### 2.7.1 Elements

#### 2.7.1.1 wfdx\_video\_formats

The **wfdx-video-formats** parameter replaces the **wfd-video-formats** parameter as specified in [\[WF-DTS1.1\]](#) section 6.1.3. <6> The **wfdx-video-formats** parameter specifies:

- Additional supported video resolutions that augment the video resolutions specified in [WF-DTS1.1] sections 5.1.5.1–5.1.5.3.
- A codec profile that augments the codec profile specified in [WF-DTS1.1] section 5.1.5.5.
- A level that augments the level specified in [WF-DTS1.1] section 5.1.5.5.
- Decoder latency.
- Minimum slice size.
- Slice encoding parameters and support for video frame rate control, including explicit frame rate change and implicit video frame skipping.

A Wi-Fi Display Sink can send both **wfd-video-formats** and **wfdx-video-formats** in an M3 response. If an M3 response contains both **wfd-video-formats** and **wfdx-video-formats**, the Wi-Fi Display Source MUST NOT use the **wfd-video-formats** parameter.

The M4 request MUST NOT contain both **wfd-video-formats** and **wfdx-video-formats**. If the M4 request contains both **wfd-video-formats** and **wfdx-video-formats**, the Wi-Fi Display Sink MUST NOT use the **wfd-video-formats** parameter.

The parameters definitions in the following ABNF syntax are different than those specified in [WF-DTS1.1] section 6.1.3: **wfd-video-formats**, **native**, **profile**, **level**, **CEA-Support**, and **VESA-Support**.

The ABNF syntax is as follows:

```
wfdx-video-formats      = "wfdx_video_formats:" SP sink-video-list CRLF
sink-video-list         = "none" / (native SP preferred-display-mode-supported SP codec);
native                  = 4*4HEXDIG;
preferred-display-mode-supported = 2*2HEXDIG; 0-not supported, 1-supported, 2-255 reserved
H.264 codec              = profile SP level SP misc-params SP max-hres SP max-vres*("," SP
                           H.264-codec)
profile                  = 4*4HEXDIG;
level                    = 4*4HEXDIG;
max-hres                 = "none" / (4*4HEXDIG);
max-vres                 = "none" / (4*4HEXDIG);
misc-params              = CEA-Support SP VESA-Support SP HH-Support SP latency SP minslice-
size SP slice-enc-params SP frame-rate-controlsupport
```

```

CEA-Support           = 10*10HEXDIG;
VESA-Support          = 10*10HEXDIG;
HH-Support           = 8*8HEXDIG;
latency               = 2*2HEXDIG;
min-slice-size        = 4*4HEXDIG;
slice-enc-params      = 4*4HEXDIG;
frame-rate-control-support = 2*2HEXDIG;

```

The codec is a list of one or more **profile**, **level**, **misc-params**, **max-hres**, or **max-vres** tuples for each codec profile, corresponding to the maximum level, miscellaneous parameters, maximum horizontal resolution, and maximum vertical resolution that are supported when included in an RTSP M3 response messages. The **level** parameter indicates the maximum level support for the specified profile. Tuples can appear in any order in an RTSP M3 response message.

A Wi-Fi Display Sink MUST set the Video Frame Rate Change Support bit in the **frame-rate-control-support** field to 1 in the RTSP M3 response message, if it supports this functionality. If the Wi-Fi Display Sink does not set this bit to 1, then the Wi-Fi Display Source MUST NOT set this bit to 1 in the RTSP M4 request message. If the Wi-Fi Display Source does not support the functionality, it MUST set this bit to 0.

A Wi-Fi Display Source MUST set the **min-slice-size** value to 0 in the RTSP M4 request message and MUST NOT transmit an encoded picture constructed by multiple slices to a Wi-Fi Display Sink that does not support decoding a picture constructed by multiple slices (the Wi-Fi Display Sink sets the **min-slice-size** value to 0 in the RTSP M3 response message).

### 2.7.1.1.1 Tables

#### CEA Resolutions and Refresh Rates with Extension

The following table specifies additional CEA (Consumer Electronics Association) resolutions and refresh rates, other than the CEA resolutions and refresh rates as specified in [\[WF-DTS1.1\]](#) section 5.1.5.1.

Bits	Index	Interpretation	Reference
0:16	-		As specified in <a href="#">[WF-DTS1.1]</a> section 5.1.5.1
17	17	3840x2160 p30	As specified in <a href="#">[CEA-861-F]</a> section 4
18	18	3840x2160 p60	As specified in <a href="#">[CEA-861-F]</a> section 4
19	19	4096x2160 p30	As specified in <a href="#">[CEA-861-F]</a> section 4
20	20	4096x2160 p60	As specified in <a href="#">[CEA-861-F]</a> section 4
21	21	3840x2160 p25	As specified in <a href="#">[CEA-861-F]</a> section 4
22	22	3840x2160 p50	As specified in <a href="#">[CEA-861-F]</a> section 4
23	23	4096x2160 p25	As specified in <a href="#">[CEA-861-F]</a> section 4
24	24	4096x2160 p50	As specified in <a href="#">[CEA-861-F]</a> section 4
25	25	3840x2160 p24	As specified in <a href="#">[CEA-861-F]</a> section 4
26	26	4096x2160 p24	As specified in <a href="#">[CEA-861-F]</a> section 4
39:27	-	Reserved	

The Wi-Fi Display Sink SHOULD use the timings of the corresponding display device. For example, if a monitor is using CEA timings, then CEA-861-F timings apply as specified in [\[CEA-861-F\]](#) section 4. If a

monitor is using VESA timings, then, VESA CVT timings apply as specified in [\[VESA-CVT\]](#) section 4, even if the entry originated from the CEA table.

### VESA Resolutions and Refresh Rates with Extension

The following table specifies additional VESA resolutions and refresh rates, other than the VESA resolutions and refresh rates as specified in [\[WF-DTS1.1\]](#) section 5.1.5.2.

Bits	Index	Interpretation	Reference
0:28	-		As specified in <a href="#">[WF-DTS1.1]</a> section 5.1.5.2
29	29	2560x1440 p30 (WQHD)	As specified in <a href="#">[VESA-CVT]</a> section 4
30	30	2560x1440 p60 (WQHD)	As specified in <a href="#">[VESA-CVT]</a> section 4
31	31	2560x1600 p30 (WQXGA)	As specified in <a href="#">[VESA-CVT]</a> section 4
32	32	2560x1600 p60 (WQXGA)	As specified in <a href="#">[VESA-CVT]</a> section 4
39:33	-	Reserved	

Entries from Table 5-10.1 (CEA) are not duplicated in Table 5-11.1 (VESA). In order to use a CEA entry for a VESA monitor, VESA CVT timings are used instead of CEA timings.

All entries use DMT timings (if defined in VESA DMT); otherwise, the CVT-computed value for timings is used.

### Display Native Resolution Refresh Rates with Extension

The following table specifies additional display native resolution refresh rates, other than the Display native resolution refresh rates as specified in [\[WF-DTS1.1\]](#) section 5.1.5.4.

Bits	Index	Interpretation
2:0	Table Selection bits	0b010 – 0b000: As specified in <a href="#">[WF-DTS1.1]</a> section 5.1.5.4
8:3	-	Index into resolution/refresh rate table selected by <a href="#">[B2:B0]</a> (twice the size specified in <a href="#">[WF-DTS1.1]</a> )
15:9	Reserved	Reserved

### Profiles Bitmap with Extension

The following table specifies additional Profiles Bitmap, other than the Profiles Bitmap as specified in [\[WF-DTS1.1\]](#) section 5.1.5.5.

Bits	Name	Interpretation
0	H.264 Constrained Baseline Profile	As specified in <a href="#">[WF-DTS1.1]</a> section 5.1.5.5

Bits	Name	Interpretation
1	H.264 Constrained High Profile	As specified in [WF-DTS1.1] section 5.1.5.5
2	H.265 Version 1 Main Profile (8-bit 4:2:0)	0=unsupported, 1=supported
3	H.265 Version 1 Main 10 Profile (10bit 4:2:0)	0=unsupported, 1=supported
15:4	Reserved	Reserved

All entries in the previous table MUST NOT use the B slice tool and MUST NOT use the CABAC entropy coding tool, as specified in [WF-DTS1.1] section 3.4.2.

### Levels Bitmap with Extension

The following table specifies additional Levels Bitmap, other than the Levels Bitmap as specified in [WF-DTS1.1] section 5.1.5.6.

Bits	Name	Interpretation
0	Level 3.1 bit	0b0: Level 3.1 not supported 0b1: Level 3.1 supported
1	Level 3.2 bit	0b0: Level 3.2 not supported 0b1: Level 3.2 supported
2	Level 4 bit	0b0: Level 4 not supported 0b1: Level 4 supported
3	Level 4.1 bit	0b0: Level 4.1 not supported 0b1: Level 4.1 supported
4	Level 4.2 bit	0b0: Level 4.2 not supported 0b1: Level 4.2 supported
5	Level 5 bit	0b0: Level 5 not supported 0b1: Level 5 supported
6	Level 5.1 bit	0b0: Level 5.1 not supported 0b1: Level 5.1 supported
7	Level 5.2 bit	0b0: Level 5.2 not supported 0b1: Level 5.2 supported
15:8	Reserved	Reserved

## 2.7.1.2 microsoft\_video\_formats

The **microsoft-video-formats** parameter specifies additional supported video resolutions that augment the video resolutions specified in [\[WF-DTS1.1\]](#) sections 5.1.5.1–5.1.5.3.<7>

The video resolutions specified by the **microsoft-video-formats** parameter apply to each **H.264-codec** parameter specified in the **wfd-video-formats parameter** (section [2.7.1.1](#)), as long as the resolution fits within the constraints of the profile and level specified in the **H.264-codec** parameter.

The ABNF syntax is as follows:

```
microsoft-video-formats = "microsoft_video_formats:" SP microsoft-resolutions CRLF
microsoft-resolutions = 12HEXDIG
```

The possible values for the **microsoft-video-formats** parameter are specified in the table in section [2.7.1.2.1](#).

### 2.7.1.2.1 Tables

The following table specifies the resolutions and refresh rates that are specified by the **microsoft-video-formats** parameter (section [2.7.1.2](#)).

Bits	Index	Interpretation
0	0	1920x1280 p30
1	1	1920x1280 p60
2	2	1920x1280 p24
3	3	2160x1440 p30
4	4	2160x1440 p60
5	5	2160x1440 p24
6	6	2256x1504 p30
7	7	2256x1504 p60
8	8	2256x1504 p24
9	9	2736x1824 p30
10	10	2736x1824 p60
11	11	2736x1824 p24
12	12	3000x2000 p30
13	13	3000x2000 p60
14	14	3000x2000 p24
15	15	3240x2160 p30
16	16	3240x2160 p60
17	17	3240x2160 p24

Bits	Index	Interpretation
18	18	4500x3000 p30
19	19	4500x3000 p60
20	20	4500x3000 p24

The Wi-Fi Display Sink SHOULD use the timings of the corresponding display device. For example, if a monitor is using CEA timings, then CEA-861-F timings apply as specified in [\[CEA-861-F\]](#) section 4. If a monitor is using VESA timings, then, VESA CVT timings apply as specified in [\[VESA-CVT\]](#) section 4.

## 2.7.2 Attributes

Not applicable.

## 2.7.3 Complex Types

Not applicable.

## 2.7.4 Simple Types

Not applicable.

## 2.8 RTCP

The RTCP extension enables the Wi-Fi Display Source and Wi-Fi Display Sink to communicate information regarding the quality of the network connection between the two devices. [<8>](#) A Wi-Fi Display Source can use this information to adjust the encoding **bit rate** in accordance with network conditions.

### 2.8.1 Elements

#### 2.8.1.1 microsoft\_rtcp\_capability

The **microsoft\_rtcp\_capability** parameter specifies whether a Wi-Fi Display Sink supports Real-Time Transport Control Protocol (RTCP) in accordance with [\[RFC3550\]](#). The ABNF syntax is as follows:

```
microsoft-rtcp-capability = "microsoft_rtcp_capability:" SP rtcp_caps CRLF
rtcp-caps = "supported" / "none"
```

This parameter is included by the Wi-Fi Display Source in the RTSP M3 request message to specify support for RTCP and by the Wi-Fi Display Sink in the RTSP M3 response message to specify support for RTCP.

If the Wi-Fi Display Sink specifies "supported" as the value of the **rtcp-caps** field in **microsoft\_rtcp\_capability** in the RTSP M3 response message, then the Wi-Fi Display Source MUST include the second port number on the **server\_port** field on the Transport header of the RTSP SETUP response message, as specified in [\[RFC2326\]](#) section 12.39. The Wi-Fi Display Sink SHOULD [<9>](#) transmit RTCP packets ([\[RFC3550\]](#) section 6) to the **UDP** port that is specified as the second port number on the **server\_port** field on the Transport header of the RTSP SETUP response message.

If the Wi-Fi Display Sink specifies "none" as the value of the **rtcp-caps** field in **microsoft\_rtcp\_capability**, or does not include **microsoft\_rtcp\_capability** in the RTSP M3

response message, then the Wi-Fi Display Source MUST specify exactly one port number in the **server\_port** field on the Transport header of the RTSP SETUP response message.

## **2.8.2 Attributes**

## **2.8.3 Complex Types**

## **2.8.4 Simple Types**

### 3 Structure Examples

The following is an example of an **M3** request for device metadata (section [2.1](#)).

```
GET_PARAMETER rtsp://localhost/wfd1.0 RTSP/1.0
CSeq: 2
Content-Type: text/parameters
Content-Length: 142

wfd video formats
wfd audio codecs
intel_friendly_name
intel_sink_manufacturer_name
intel_sink_model_name
intel_sink_device_URL
intel_sink_version
```

The following is an example of an **M3** response for device metadata (section 2.1).

```
RTSP/1.0 200 OK
CSeq: 2
Content-Length: 402
Content-Type: text/parameters

wfd_video_formats: 00 00 01 01 00000001 00000000 00000000 00 0000 0000 00 none none
wfd_audio_codecs: LPCM 00000003 00
intel_friendly_name: Contoso ScreenMaster 2000
intel_sink_manufacturer_name: Contoso Inc.
intel_sink_model_name: ScreenMaster 2000
intel_sink_device_URL: http://www.example.com/screenmaster/
intel_sink_version: product_ID=G4716-2000 hw_version=1.1.5.1345 sw_version=1.2.4.2451
```

The following is an example of an **M3** request for enhanced diagnostics (section [2.2](#)).

```
GET_PARAMETER rtsp://localhost/wfd1.0 RTSP/1.0
CSeq: 2
Content-Type: text/parameters
Content-Length: 69

wfd video formats
wfd_audio_codecs
microsoft_diagnostics_capability
```

The following is an example of an **M3** response for enhanced diagnostics (section 2.2).

```
RTSP/1.0 200 OK
CSeq: 2
Content-Length: 388
Content-Type: text/parameters

wfd_video_formats: 00 00 01 01 00000001 00000000 00000000 00 0000 0000 00 none none
wfd_audio_codecs: LPCM 00000003 00
microsoft_diagnostics_capability: supported
```

The following is an example of a **TEARDOWN** request for enhanced diagnostics.



```
TEARDOWN rtsp://192.168.173.1/wfd1.0/streamid=0 RTSP/1.0
CSeq: 329
Session: 12345678
Content-Type: text/parameters
Content-Length: 74
```

```
microsoft_tearardown_reason: C00D4278 No RTP data was provided for 2 minutes
```

The following is an example of an **M3** request for dynamic resolution and refresh rate (section [2.3](#)).

```
GET_PARAMETER rtsp://localhost/wfd1.0 RTSP/1.0
CSeq: 2
Content-Type: text/parameters
Content-Length: 69
```

```
wfd_video_formats
wfd_audio_codecs
microsoft_format_change_capability
```

The following is an example of an **M3** response for dynamic resolution and refresh rate (section 2.3).

```
RTSP/1.0 200 OK
CSeq: 2
Content-Length: 166
Content-Type: text/parameters
```

```
wfd_video_formats: 00 00 01 01 00000001 00000000 00000000 00 0000 0000 00 none none
wfd_audio_codecs: LPCM 00000003 00
microsoft_format_change_capability: supported
```

The following is an example of an **M3** request for latency management (section [2.4](#)).

```
GET_PARAMETER rtsp://localhost/wfd1.0 RTSP/1.0
CSeq: 2
Content-Type: text/parameters
Content-Length: 78
```

```
wfd_video_formats
wfd_audio_codecs
microsoft_latency_management_capability
```

The following is an example of an **M3** response for latency management (section 2.4).

```
RTSP/1.0 200 OK
CSeq: 2
Content-Length: 173
Content-Type: text/parameters
```

```
wfd video formats: 00 00 01 01 00000001 00000000 00000000 00 0000 0000 00 none none
wfd_audio_codecs: LPCM 00000003 00
microsoft_latency_management_capability: supported
```

The following is an example of a **SET\_PARAMETER** request for latency mode changes.

```
SET_PARAMETER rtsp://localhost/wfd1.0 RTSP/1.0
CSeq: 7
Content-Type: text/parameters
```

```
Content-Length: 46

microsoft_latency_management_capability: low
```

The following is an example of an **M2** request and response where the response contains Display Source Identification (section [2.5](#)).

```
OPTIONS * RTSP/1.0
CSeq: 2
Require: org.wfa.wfd1.0

RTSP/1.0 200 OK
CSeq: 2
Date: Sun, Aug 21 2011 04:20:53 GMT
Public: org.wfa.wfd1.0, SETUP, TEARDOWN, PLAY, PAUSE, GET_PARAMETER, SET_PARAMETER
Server: MSMiracastSource/10.00.10011.0000 guid/be113d06-9e40-43e4-98e6-540a325e9ced
```

The following is an example of an **M3** request for device capabilities (section [2.6](#)).

```
GET_PARAMETER rtsp://localhost/wfd1.0 RTSP/1.0
CSeq: 2
Content-Type: text/parameters
Content-Length: 63

wfd_video_formats
wfd_audio_codecs
wfd_idr_request_capability
```

The following is an example of an **M3** response for device capabilities (section [2.6](#)).

```
RTSP/1.0 200 OK
CSeq: 2
Content-Length: 374
Content-Type: text/parameters

wfd_video_formats: 00 00 01 01 00000001 00000000 00000000 00 0000 0000 00 none none
wfd_audio_codecs: LPCM 00000003 00
wfd_idr_request_capability: 1
```

The following is an example of an **M3** request for extended video formats using the **wfdx-video-formats** parameter (section [2.7.1.1](#)).

```
GET_PARAMETER rtsp://localhost/wfd1.0 RTSP/1.0
CSeq: 2
Content-Type: text/parameters
Content-Length: 63

wfdx_video_formats
wfd_audio_codecs
wfd_client_rtp_ports
```

The following is an example of an **M3** response for extended video formats using the **wfdx-video-formats** parameter (section [2.7.1.1](#)).

```
RTSP/1.0 200 OK
CSeq: 2
Content-Type: text/parameters
```

Content-length: 228

```
wfd_audio_codecs: LPCM 00000003 00, AAC 00000001 00, AC3 00000000 00
wfdx_video_formats: 40 00 0001 0001 0000500001 0010000000 00000000 00 0000 0000 11 none none
wfd_client_rtp_ports: RTP/AVP/UDP;unicast 19000 0 mode=play
```

The following is an example of an **M3** request for extended video formats using the **microsoft-video-formats** parameter (section [2.7.1.2](#)).

```
GET_PARAMETER rtsp://localhost/wfd1.0 RTSP/1.0
CSeq: 2
Content-Type: text/parameters
Content-Length: 88

wfd video formats
wfd_audio_codecs
wfd_client_rtp_ports
microsoft_video_formats
```

The following is an example of an **M3** response for extended video formats using the **microsoft-video-formats** parameter (section [2.7.1.2](#)).

```
RTSP/1.0 200 OK
CSeq: 2
Content-Type: text/parameters
Content-length: 259

wfd video formats: 00 00 01 01 00000001 00000000 00000000 00 0000 0000 00 none none
wfd_audio_codecs: LPCM 00000003 00, AAC 00000001 00, AC3 00000000 00
wfd_client_rtp_ports: RTP/AVP/UDP;unicast 19000 0 mode=play
microsoft_video_formats: 0000001ffffff
```

The following is an example of an **M3** request for RTCP support (section [2.8](#)).

```
GET_PARAMETER rtsp://localhost/wfd1.0 RTSP/1.0
CSeq: 2
Content-Type: text/parameters
Content-Length: 60

wfd video formats
wfd_audio_codecs
microsoft_rtcp_capability
```

The following is an example of an **M3** response for RTCP support (section [2.8](#)).

```
RTSP/1.0 200 OK
Content-Type: text/parameters
Content-length: 157

wfd_video_formats: 00 00 01 01 00000001 00000000 00000000 00 0000 0000 00 none none
wfd_audio_codecs: LPCM 00000003 00
microsoft_rtcp_capability: supported
```

## **4 Security**

### **4.1 Security Considerations for Implementers**

None.

### **4.2 Index Of Security Fields**

None.

## 5 Appendix A: Product Behavior

The information in this specification is applicable to the following Microsoft products or supplemental software. References to product versions include released service packs.

- Windows 10 operating system
- Windows Server 2016 operating system

Exceptions, if any, are noted below. If a service pack or Quick Fix Engineering (QFE) number appears with the product version, behavior changed in that service pack or QFE. The new behavior also applies to subsequent service packs of the product unless otherwise specified. If a product edition appears with the product version, behavior is different in that product edition.

Unless otherwise specified, any statement of optional behavior in this specification that is prescribed using the terms SHOULD or SHOULD NOT implies product behavior in accordance with the SHOULD or SHOULD NOT prescription. Unless otherwise specified, the term MAY implies that the product does not follow the prescription.

[<1> Section 1.3](#): The video formats protocol extension is not supported in Windows 10 v1507 operating system.

[<2> Section 1.3](#): The RTCP protocol extension is not supported in Windows 10 v1507 and Windows 10 v1511 operating system.

[<3> Section 2.4.1.1](#): On Windows 10 v1507 the latency of the Wi-Fi Display Sink exceeds 100 milliseconds even when the value of the **latency-mode** parameter is "low" or "normal".

[<4> Section 2.4.1.1](#): On Windows 10 v1507 the latency of the Wi-Fi Display Sink exceeds 100 milliseconds even when the value of the **latency-mode** parameter is "low" or "normal".

[<5> Section 2.7](#): The video formats protocol extension is not supported in Windows 10 v1507.

[<6> Section 2.7.1.1](#): The **wfdx-video-formats** parameter is supported only in Windows 10 v1511.

[<7> Section 2.7.1.2](#): The **microsoft-video-formats** parameter is not supported in Windows 10 v1507 and Windows 10 v1511.

[<8> Section 2.8](#): The RTCP protocol extension is not supported in Windows 10 v1507 and Windows 10 v1511.

[<9> Section 2.8.1.1](#): The RTCP protocol extension is not supported in Windows 10 v1507 and Windows 10 v1511.

## 6 Change Tracking

This section identifies changes that were made to this document since the last release. Changes are classified as New, Major, Minor, Editorial, or No change.

The revision class **New** means that a new document is being released.

The revision class **Major** means that the technical content in the document was significantly revised. Major changes affect protocol interoperability or implementation. Examples of major changes are:

- A document revision that incorporates changes to interoperability requirements or functionality.
- The removal of a document from the documentation set.

The revision class **Minor** means that the meaning of the technical content was clarified. Minor changes do not affect protocol interoperability or implementation. Examples of minor changes are updates to clarify ambiguity at the sentence, paragraph, or table level.

The revision class **Editorial** means that the formatting in the technical content was changed. Editorial changes apply to grammatical, formatting, and style issues.

The revision class **No change** means that no new technical changes were introduced. Minor editorial and formatting changes may have been made, but the technical content of the document is identical to the last released version.

Major and minor changes can be described further using the following change types:

- New content added.
- Content updated.
- Content removed.
- New product behavior note added.
- Product behavior note updated.
- Product behavior note removed.
- New protocol syntax added.
- Protocol syntax updated.
- Protocol syntax removed.
- New content added due to protocol revision.
- Content updated due to protocol revision.
- Content removed due to protocol revision.
- New protocol syntax added due to protocol revision.
- Protocol syntax updated due to protocol revision.
- Protocol syntax removed due to protocol revision.
- Obsolete document removed.

Editorial changes are always classified with the change type **Editorially updated**.

Some important terms used in the change type descriptions are defined as follows:

- **Protocol syntax** refers to data elements (such as packets, structures, enumerations, and methods) as well as interfaces.
- **Protocol revision** refers to changes made to a protocol that affect the bits that are sent over the wire.

The changes made to this document are listed in the following table. For more information, please contact [dochelp@microsoft.com](mailto:dochelp@microsoft.com).

Section	Tracking number (if applicable) and description	Major change (Y or N)	Change type
<a href="#">1.3</a> Overview	Added content for this version of Windows and Windows Server.	Y	Content update.
<a href="#">2.1.1.5</a> intel_sink_model_name	72676 : Updated the ABNF syntax for the intel_sink_model_name parameter.	Y	Content update.
<a href="#">2.1.1.6</a> intel_sink_version	72677 : Updated the syntax for the intel_sink_version parameter with definitions for sku and build.	Y	Content update.
2.1.1.6 intel_sink_version	72678 : Updated the hw-version and sw-version definitions in the intel_sink_version parameter syntax.	Y	Content update.
<a href="#">2.4.1.1</a> microsoft_latency_management_capability	72679 : Clarified where the microsoft_latency_management_capability parameter is being used.	Y	Content update.
<a href="#">2.7</a> Video Formats	Added section with content for Windows 10.	Y	New content added.
2.7 Video Formats	Added content for this version of Windows and Windows Server.	Y	Content update.
<a href="#">2.7.1</a> Elements	Added section with content for Windows 10.	Y	New content added.
<a href="#">2.7.1.1</a> wfdx_video_formats	Added content for this version of Windows and Windows Server.	Y	Content update.
<a href="#">2.7.1.1.1</a> Tables	Added section with content for Windows 10.	Y	New content added.
<a href="#">2.7.1.2</a> microsoft_video_formats	Added section with content for this version of Windows and Windows Server.	Y	New content added.
<a href="#">2.7.1.2.1</a> Tables	Added section with content for this version of Windows and Windows Server.	Y	New content added.
<a href="#">2.8</a> RTCP	Added section with content for this version of Windows and Windows Server.	Y	New content added.
<a href="#">2.8.1.1</a> microsoft_rtcp_capability	Added section with content for this version of Windows.	Y	New content

Section	Tracking number (if applicable) and description	Major change (Y or N)	Change type
			added.
3 Structure Examples	Added content for Windows 10.	Y	Content update.
3 Structure Examples	Added content for this version of Windows and Windows Server.	Y	Content update.
3 Structure Examples	Added content for this version of Windows and Windows Server.	Y	Content update.



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