# [MS-RDPEVOR-Diff]:

## **Remote Desktop Protocol: Video Optimized Remoting Virtual Channel Extension**

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# **Revision Summary**

Date	Revision History	Revision Class	Comments
12/16/2011	1.0	New	Released new document.
3/30/2012	2.0	Major	Significantly changed the technical content.
7/12/2012	2.0	None	No changes to the meaning, languague, or formatting of the technical content.
10/25/2012	3.0	Major	Significantly changed the technical content.
1/31/2013	4.0	Major	Significantly changed the technical content.
8/8/2013	5.0	Major	Significantly changed the technical content.
11/14/2013	5.0	None	No changes to the meaning, languague, or formatting of the technical content.
2/13/2014	6.0	Major	Significantly changed the technical content.
5/15/2014	6.0	None	No changes to the meaning, languague, or formatting of the technical content.
6/30/2015	7.0	Major	Significantly changed the technical content.
10/16/2015	7.0	<del>No</del> <del>Change<u>None</u></del>	No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content.

# **Table of Contents**

1 Introduc	tion5	5
1.1 Glos	sary	5
	erences	
	Normative References	
1.2.2	Informative References6	5
	rview6	
1.4 Rela	tionship to Other Protocols6	5
1.5 Prer	equisites/Preconditions6	5
	licability Statement	
1.7 Vers	sioning and Capability Negotiation	7
1.8 Ven	dor-Extensible Fields	7
1.9 Star	ndards Assignments	7
2 Message	s	
	sد Isport ٤	
	sage Syntax	
	Structures	
2.2.1	TSMM VIDEO PACKET HEADER Structure	
2.2.1.2	TSMM_PRESENTATION_REQUEST Structure	
2.2.1.3	TSMM_PRESENTATION_RESPONSE Structure	
2.2.1.4	TSMM_CLIENT_NOTIFICATION Structure	1
2.2.1.5	TSMM_CLIENT_NOTIFICATION_FRAMERATE_OVERRIDE Structure	
2.2.1.6	TSMM_VIDEO_DATA Structure13	
3 Protocol	Details	5
3.1 Com	15 mon Details	5
3.1.1	Abstract Data Model 15	5
3.1.2	Timers	5
3.1.3	Initialization	5
3.1.4	Higher-Layer Triggered Events 16	5
3.1.5	Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules	5
3.1.5.1	Message Validation16	5
	Timer Events	
3.1.7	Other Local Events	5
	nt Details	
3.2.1	Abstract Data Model 16	5
3.2.2	Timers	5
3.2.3	Initialization	5
	Higher-Layer Triggered Events 17	
3.2.5	Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules	7
3.2.5.1	TSMM_PRESENTATION_REQUEST Message Processing	7
3.2.6	Timer Events	7
3.2.7	Other Local Events	7
3.3 Ser\	ver Details	7
3.3.1	Abstract Data Model	7
3.3.2	Timers	7
3.3.3	Initialization	7
3.3.4	Higher-Layer Triggered Events	3
	Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules	
3.3.5.1	Video Presentation Streaming	
3.3.5.2	Video Presentation Shutdown	
	Timer Events	
3.3.7	Other Local Events	3
4 Protocol	Examples	ב
		•

8	Inde	х	28
7	Chan	ge Tracking	. 26
6	Appe	endix A: Product Behavior	. 25
		Index of Security Parameters	
		Security Considerations for Implementers	
5	Secu	rity	.24
	4.4	Message 4 – TSMM_PRESENTATION_REQUEST (STOP)	. 22
	4.3	Message 3 – TSMM_VIDEO_DATA	. 21
	4.2	Message 2 – TSMM_PRESENTATION_RESPONSE	
	4.1	Message 1 – TSMM_PRESENTATION_REQUEST (START)	. 19

## **1** Introduction

The Remote Desktop Protocol: Video Optimized Remoting Virtual Channel Extension is an extension of the Remote Desktop Protocol: Basic Connectivity and Graphics Remoting protocol [MS-RDPBCGR], which runs over a dynamic virtual channel, as specified in [MS-RDPEDYC]. The Remote Desktop Protocol: Video Optimized Remoting Virtual Channel Extension is used to redirect certain rapidly changing graphics content as a video stream from the remote desktop host to the remote desktop client. This protocol specifies the communication between a remote desktop host and a remote desktop client.

Sections 1.5, 1.8, 1.9, 2, and 3 of this specification are normative and can contain the terms MAY, SHOULD, MUST, MUST NOT, and SHOULD NOT as defined in [RFC2119]. Sections 1.5 and 1.9 are also normative but do not contain those terms. All other sections and examples in this specification are informative.

## 1.1 Glossary

The<u>This document uses the</u> following terms are specific to this document:

- **Media Foundation video subtype**: A GUID that indicates a particular well-known video format. Examples include MFVideoFormat\_RGB32, MFVideoFormat\_IYUV, and MFVideoFormat\_H264.
- terminal server: A computer on which terminal services is running.
- **Transmission Control Protocol (TCP)**: A protocol used with the Internet Protocol (IP) to send data in the form of message units between computers over the Internet. TCP handles keeping track of the individual units of data (called packets) that a message is divided into for efficient routing through the Internet.
- **video sample**: A buffer containing data that describes a full or partial video frame, coupled with timing information that indicates when the sample should be rendered.
- **MAY, SHOULD, MUST, SHOULD NOT, MUST NOT:** These terms (in all caps) are used as defined in [RFC2119]. All statements of optional behavior use either MAY, SHOULD, or SHOULD NOT.

#### 1.2 References

Links to a document in the Microsoft Open Specifications library point to the correct section in the most recently published version of the referenced document. However, because individual documents in the library are not updated at the same time, the section numbers in the documents may not match. You can confirm the correct section numbering by checking the Errata.

#### 1.2.1 Normative References

We conduct frequent surveys of the normative references to assure their continued availability. If you have any issue with finding a normative reference, please contact dochelp@microsoft.com. We will assist you in finding the relevant information.

[ITU-BT601-7] ITU-R, "Studio encoding parameters of digital television for standard 4:3 and widescreen 16:9 aspect ratios", Recommendation BT.601-7, March 2011, http://www.itu.int/dms\_pubrec/itu-r/rec/bt/R-REC-BT.601-7-201103-I!!PDF-E.pdf

[MS-DTYP] Microsoft Corporation, "Windows Data Types".

[MS-ERREF] Microsoft Corporation, "Windows Error Codes".

[MS-RDPBCGR] Microsoft Corporation, "Remote Desktop Protocol: Basic Connectivity and Graphics Remoting".

[MS-RDPEA] Microsoft Corporation, "Remote Desktop Protocol: Audio Output Virtual Channel Extension".

[MS-RDPEDYC] Microsoft Corporation, "Remote Desktop Protocol: Dynamic Channel Virtual Channel Extension".

[MS-RDPEGFX] Microsoft Corporation, "Remote Desktop Protocol: Graphics Pipeline Extension".

[MS-RDPEGT] Microsoft Corporation, "Remote Desktop Protocol: Geometry Tracking Virtual Channel Protocol Extension".

[RFC2119] Bradner, S., "Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels", BCP 14, RFC 2119, March 1997, http://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc2119.txt

#### 1.2.2 Informative References

None.

#### 1.3 Overview

This protocol enables a protocol server to compress screen content identified as video more efficiently than if it identified the same content as a static image. This content is sent to a protocol client for decoding and rendering.

#### 1.4 Relationship to Other Protocols

The Remote Desktop Protocol: Video Optimized Remoting Virtual Channel Extension is embedded in the dynamic virtual channel transport, as specified in [MS-RDPEDYC]. This protocol is concerned with transmitting the raw video stream from the server to the client. Knowing where the content shouldwill be rendered is handled by the Remote Desktop Protocol: Geometry Tracking Virtual Channel Extension as specified in [MS-RDPEGT].

#### **1.5** Prerequisites/Preconditions

The Remote Desktop Protocol: Video Optimized Remoting Virtual Channel Extension operates only after the dynamic virtual channel transport is fully established. If the dynamic virtual channel transport is terminated, no other communication over this protocol extension occurs.

The Remote Desktop Protocol: Video Optimized Remoting Virtual Channel is dependent on the Microsoft::Windows::RDS::Graphics protocol, as defined in [MS-RDPEGFX]. The graphics channel MUST be opened before the Video Optimized Remoting Virtual channel is opened.

This protocol is message-based. It assumes preservation of the packet as a whole and does not allow for fragmentation. Some messages can be lost and are described in section 2.

#### **1.6 Applicability Statement**

The Remote Desktop Protocol: Video Optimized Remoting Virtual Channel Extension is designed to be run within the context of a Remote Desktop Protocol (RDP) virtual channel established between a client and a server. This protocol extension is applicable when the **terminal server** is displaying content that it classifies as video and needs to send that video data to the client.

### **1.7** Versioning and Capability Negotiation

This protocol supports versioning and capability negotiation only when the underlying virtual channel attempts to open. A client that supports this protocol should<u>does</u> allow this virtual channel to be opened, and a client that does not support this protocol should<u>does</u> not allow this virtual channel to be opened.

#### **1.8 Vendor-Extensible Fields**

The Remote Desktop Protocol: Video Optimized Remoting Virtual Channel Extension uses HRESULTs as specified in [MS-ERREF] section 2.1. Vendors are free to choose their own values as long as the C bit (0x20000000) is set, indicating that it is a customer code.

This protocol also uses Win32 error codes. These values are taken from the error number space as specified in [MS-ERREF] section 2.2. Vendors SHOULD reuse those values with their indicated meanings. Choosing any other value runs the risk of a collision in the future.

#### **1.9 Standards Assignments**

None.

## 2 Messages

#### 2.1 Transport

The Remote Desktop Protocol: Video Optimized Remoting Virtual Channel Extension is designed to operate over dynamic virtual channels, as specified in [MS-RDPEDYC]. The channel names used for this protocol are "Microsoft::Windows::RDS::Video::Control::v08.01" and "Microsoft::Windows::RDS::Video::Data::v08.01". The use of channel names when opening a dynamic virtual channel is specified in [MS-RDPEDYC] section 2.2.2.1.

The foregoing control channel MUST be implemented using a reliable protocol, such as **TCP**. Messages written to this channel are assumed to arrive in their entirety and in order on the opposite side of the connection.

The foregoing data channel SHOULD be implemented using either a reliable or an unreliable channel.<1> Messages written to this channel <u>maycan</u> be lost. Messages received on the opposite side of the connection are assumed to be intact and unaltered.

All PDUs except TSMM\_VIDEO\_DATA flow on the control channel, whereas TSMM\_VIDEO\_DATA flows on the data channel.

To ensure that the transport is utilized effectively, continuous network characteristics detection SHOULD be enabled (as specified in [MS-RDPBCGR] sections 1.3.9 and 2.2.14) and the client SHOULD send the Client Multitransport Channel Data ([MS-RDPBCGR] section 2.2.1.3.8) to the server.

#### 2.2 Message Syntax

All messages in the Remote Desktop Protocol: Video Optimized Remoting Virtual Channel Extension begin with a TSMM\_VIDEO\_PACKET\_HEADER structure, described in section 2.2.1.1.

The protocol references commonly used data types as defined in [MS-DTYP].

#### 2.2.1 Structures

#### 2.2.1.1 TSMM\_VIDEO\_PACKET\_HEADER Structure

This message is meant to be a header on all other messages sent in the Remote Desktop Protocol: Video Optimized Remoting Virtual Channel Extension and MUST NOT be sent alone.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
															cbS	ize															
														Ра	cke	tTy	pe														

**cbSize (4 bytes):** UINT32 ([MS-DTYP] section 2.2.49). Length, in bytes, of the entire message following and including this header.

**PacketType (4 bytes):** UINT32. The value of this integer indicates the type of message following this header. The following table defines valid values.

Value	Symbolic name	Meaning
1	TSMM_PACKET_TYPE_PRESENTATION_REQUEST	Indicates that this message is interpreted as a

Value	Symbolic name	Meaning
		TSMM_PRESENTATION_REQUEST structure.
2	TSMM_PACKET_TYPE_PRESENTATION_RESPONSE	Indicates that this message is interpreted as a TSMM_PRESENTATION_RESPONSE structure.
3	TSMM_PACKET_TYPE_CLIENT_NOTIFICATION	Indicates that this message is interpreted as a TSMM_CLIENT_NOTIFICATION structure.
4	TSMM_PACKET_TYPE_VIDEO_DATA	Indicates that this message is interpreted as a TSMM_VIDEO_DATA structure.

### 2.2.1.2 TSMM\_PRESENTATION\_REQUEST Structure

The TSMM\_PRESENTATION\_REQUEST message is sent from the server to the client to indicate that a video stream is either starting or stopping.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 (	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
														ļ	He	eader													
	A Version Command FrameRate																												
AverageBitrateKbps Reserved																													
	SourceWidth																												
	SourceHeight																												
	ScaledWidth																												
	ScaledHeight																												
												ł	าทร	Tim	ies	stamp	oOf	fset											
												(	Geo	ome	etry	уМар	pin	gId											
											١	∕ide	eoS	ubt	ур	eId (	16	byt	es)										

cbExtra
pExtraData (variable)

Header (8 bytes): TSMM\_VIDEO\_PACKET\_HEADER defined in section 2.2.1.1.

- A PresentationId (1 byte): UINT8 ([MS-DTYP] section 2.2.47). A number that uniquely identifies the video stream on the server. The server MUST ensure that presentation IDs are unique across all active presentations.
- **Version (1 byte):** UINT8. The current version of the Remote Desktop Protocol: Video Optimized Remoting Virtual Channel Extension. In RDP8, this MUST be set to 0x01. This field is used for diagnostic purposes only. Protocol version is enforced with the virtual channel name.
- **Command (1 byte):** UINT8. A number that identifies which operation the client is to perform. The following values are supported:
  - 0x01 Start Presentation
  - 0x02 Stop Presentation

If the command is to stop the presentation, only the **Header**, **PresentationId**, **Version**, and **Command** fields are valid.

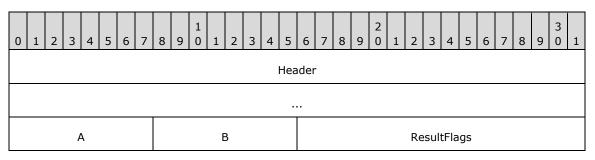
FrameRate (1 byte): UINT8. This field is reserved and MUST be ignored.

- AverageBitrateKbps (2 bytes): UINT16 ([MS-DTYP] section 2.2.48). This field is reserved and MUST be ignored.
- **Reserved (2 bytes):** UINT16. This field is reserved and MUST be ignored.
- **SourceWidth (4 bytes):** UINT32 ([MS-DTYP] section 2.2.49). This is the width of the video stream after scaling back to the original resolution.
- **SourceHeight (4 bytes):** UINT32. This is the height of the video stream after scaling back to the original resolution.
- **ScaledWidth (4 bytes):** UINT32. This is the width of the video stream. The maximum value of scaled width is 1920.
- **ScaledHeight (4 bytes):** UINT32. This is the height of the video stream. The maximum value of scaled height is 1080.
- **hnsTimestampOffset (8 bytes):** UINT64 ([MS-DTYP] section 2.2.50). The time on the server (in 100-ns intervals since the system was started) when the video presentation was started.
- **GeometryMappingId (8 bytes):** UINT64. This field is used to correlate this video data with its geometry, which is sent on another channel. See [MS-RDPEGT] for more details.
- VideoSubtypeId (16 bytes): GUID. This field identifies the Media Foundation video subtype of the video stream. In RDP8, this MUST be set to MFVideoFormat\_H264 ({34363248-0000-0010-8000-00A00389B71}).
- **cbExtra (4 bytes):** UINT32. Length of extra data (in bytes) appended to this structure, starting at **pExtraData**.

**pExtraData (variable):** Array of UINT8. The data in this field depends on the format of the video indicated in the **VideoSubtypeId** field. For the case when the video subtype is MFVideoFormat\_H264, <u>set</u> this field-should-be set to the MPEG-1 or MPEG-2 sequence header data, which, for the Microsoft implementation of the H.264 encoder, can be found by querying the MF\_MT\_MPEG\_SEQUENCE\_HEADER attribute of the video media type after setting it as the encoder output. This field can also be constructed by concatenating the sequence parameter set (SPS) (as described in [ITU-H.264] section 7.3.2.1) and picture parameter set (PPS) (as described in the **cbExtra** field.

#### 2.2.1.3 TSMM\_PRESENTATION\_RESPONSE Structure

This message is sent from the client to the server in response to a TSMM\_PRESENTATION\_REQUEST message with the **Command** field set to 0x01 (Start Presentation). This message MUST be sent when the client is fully prepared to start rendering samples. If this packet is not delivered to the server, the server will not stream video data to the client. Therefore, this packet SHOULD be sent on the control channel.

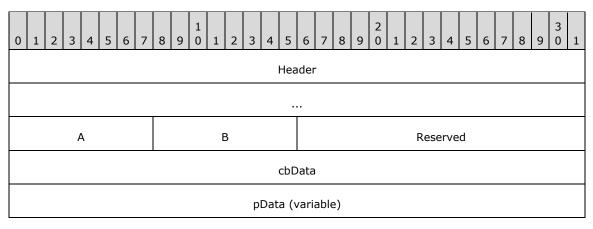


**Header (8 bytes):** TSMM\_VIDEO\_PACKET\_HEADER defined in section 2.2.1.1.

- A PresentationId (1 byte): UINT8 ([MS-DTYP] section 2.2.47). This corresponds to a PresentationId of an earlier TSMM\_PRESENTATION\_REQUEST message.
- **B ResponseFlags (1 byte):** UINT8. This field is reserved and MUST be set to 0.
- **ResultFlags (2 bytes):** UINT16 ([MS-DTYP] section 2.2.48). This field is reserved and MUST be set to 0.

## 2.2.1.4 TSMM\_CLIENT\_NOTIFICATION Structure

This message is sent from the client to the server to notify of certain events happening on the client.



Header (8 bytes): TSMM\_VIDEO\_PACKET\_HEADER defined in 2.2.1.1.

- A PresentationId (1 byte): UINT8 ([MS-DTYP] section 2.2.47). This is the same number as the **PresentationId** field in the TSMM\_PRESENTATION\_REQUEST message.
- **B NotificationType (1 byte):** UINT8. A number that identifies which notification type the client is sending. The following values are supported:
  - **0x01 Network Error –** This message SHOULD be sent whenever the client detects missing or out-of-order packets. The server will then send an I-Frame (keyframe) in response to try and minimize graphics artifacts. **cbData** MUST be set to zero.
  - 0x02 Frame Rate Override This message MUST be sent whenever the client cannot decode incoming frames fast enough. cbData MUST be set to the length of pData (in bytes), and pData MUST contain a TSMM\_CLIENT\_NOTIFICATION\_FRAMERATE\_OVERRIDE structure.
- **Reserved (2 bytes):** UINT16 ([MS-DTYP] section 2.2.48). This field is reserved and MUST be ignored.
- **cbData (4 bytes):** UINT32 ([MS-DTYP] section 2.2.49). Length of extra data (in bytes) appended to this structure, starting at **pData**.
- **pData (variable):** Array of UINT8. The data in the field is dependent on the value of the **NotificationType** field.

## 2.2.1.5 TSMM\_CLIENT\_NOTIFICATION\_FRAMERATE\_OVERRIDE Structure

This structure is appended to a TSMM\_CLIENT\_NOTIFICATION in the **pData** field.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
															Fla	igs															
		DesiredFrameRate																													
		Reserved1																													
	Reserved2																														

- **Flags (4 bytes):** UINT32 ([MS-DTYP] section 2.2.49). A number that identifies which operation to execute on the server. This number is a bitmask. The following values are supported:
  - **0x1 Unrestricted frame rate** This message SHOULD be sent whenever the client can decode all frames sent from the server and spare resources still exist to decode more frames. The server sends as many frames as it can in response. **DesiredFrameRate** is ignored and SHOULD be set to zero.
  - 0x2 Override frame rate This message MUST be sent whenever the client cannot decode incoming frames fast enough. DesiredFrameRate MUST be set to the number of frames that the client can decode per second. This flag is mutually exclusive with Unrestricted frame rate (0x1).

- **DesiredFrameRate (4 bytes):** UINT32. If Flags contains 0x2 Override frame rate, this value MUST be set to the desired rate at which the server will deliver samples. This value MUST be in the range of 1 to 30.
- **DesiredFrameRate** is used to calculate the minimum frame interval. The server will make sure the interval between any two frames is not less than that interval, which guarantees that the actual framerate is below the requested framerate.

The incoming frame rate is capped by the rate at which the server encodes graphics updates. The server encoding rate is not directly modifiable by clients.

**Reserved1 (4 bytes):** UINT32. This is reserved for future use and SHOULD be set to zero.

Reserved2 (4 bytes): UINT32. This is reserved for future use and SHOULD be set to zero.

### 2.2.1.6 TSMM\_VIDEO\_DATA Structure

This message contains a potentially fragmented **video sample**. If the **VideoSubtypeId** of the TSMM\_PRESENTATION\_REQUEST (section 2.2.1.2) message is set to MFVideoFormat\_H264 ({34363248-0000-0010-8000-00AA00389B71}), then the sample (before fragmentation and encoding) is derived from RGB data that has been converted to the YUV color space by using the method outlined in [ITU-BT601-7] section 2.5.4 and annex 2.1.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	5 6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
	Header																														
	A Version Flags Reserved																														
	hnsTimestamp																														
	hnsDuration																														
					Cui	rrer	ntPa	cke	tInd	dex											Pa	acke	etsI	nSa	mp	le					
													9	Sam	ıpl	leNu	nbe	er													
														cl	bS	Samp	le														
													pS	amı	ple	e (va	riat	ole)													

Header (8 bytes): TSMM\_VIDEO\_PACKET\_HEADER defined in section 2.2.1.1.

- A PresentationId (1 byte): UINT8 ([MS-DTYP] section 2.2.47). This is the same number as the **PresentationId** field in the TSMM\_PRESENTATION\_REQUEST message.
- **Version (1 byte):** UINT8. This is the same number as the **Version** field in the TSMM\_PRESENTATION\_REQUEST message.
- **Flags (1 byte):** UINT8. The bits of this integer indicate attributes of this message. The following table defines the meaning of each bit.

Bit	Symbolic name	Meaning
0x0 1	TSMM_VIDEO_DATA_FLAG_HAS_TIMESTAM PS	Indicates that this message has a valid <b>hnsTimestamp</b> field.
0x0 2	TSMM_VIDEO_DATA_FLAG_KEYFRAME	Indicates that the sample contained in this message is part of a keyframe.
0x0 4	TSMM_VIDEO_DATA_FLAG_NEW_FRAMERAT E	Indicates the first sample after receiving TSMM_CLIENT_NOTIFICATION_FRAMERATE_OVERRID E.

Reserved (1 byte): UINT8. This field is reserved and MUST be ignored.

- hnsTimestamp (8 bytes): UINT64 ([MS-DTYP] section 2.2.50). Timestamp of the current packet, in 100-ns intervals since the video presentation was started. This timestamp SHOULD be used to sync the video stream with an audio stream remoted using the Remote Desktop Protocol: Audio Output Virtual Channel Extension (see the dwAudioTimeStamp field in [MS-RDPEA] section 2.2.3.10).
- **hnsDuration (8 bytes):** UINT64. Duration of the current packet, in 100-ns intervals. This is the length of time between the last sample and the current sample.
- **CurrentPacketIndex (2 bytes):** UINT16 ([MS-DTYP] section 2.2.48). Each sample (logically one contiguous frame) is divided into packets for network transmission as atomic units. This field contains the index of the current packet within the larger sample. This field is indexed starting with 1 and increases until it is equal to the value in the **PacketsInSample** field.
- **PacketsInSample (2 bytes):** UINT16. This field contains the number of packets that make up the current sample.
- **SampleNumber (4 bytes):** UINT32 ([MS-DTYP] section 2.2.49). This field contains the current sample number. The first sample will have this field set to 1.

cbSample (4 bytes): UINT32. Length (in bytes) of the pSample field.

**pSample (variable):** Array of UINT8. Encoded sample data. The total number of bytes in this field is set in the **cbSample** field.

## **3** Protocol Details

### 3.1 Common Details

The Remote Desktop Protocol: Video Optimized Remoting Virtual Channel Extension has three distinct states: initialization, streaming, and termination. Initialization is started by the protocol server, and the protocol client responds with either a success or a failure. If the protocol client initialization succeeds, streaming can begin. The protocol server can stop the video presentation at any time after the presentation is initialized.

The protocol supports up to one active presentation, which means there can be only one video stream in a remote session.

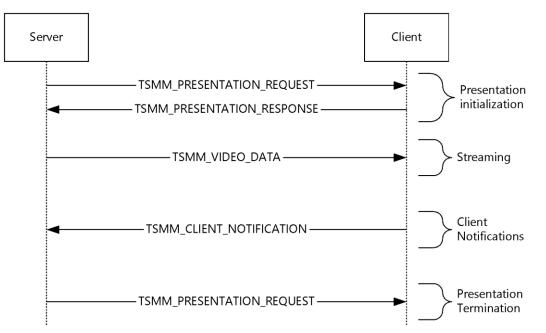


Figure 1: Playback initialization, streaming, and termination

## 3.1.1 Abstract Data Model

This section describes a conceptual model of possible data organization that an implementation maintains to participate in this protocol. The described organization is provided to facilitate the explanation of how the protocol behaves. This document does not mandate that implementations adhere to this model as long as their external behavior is consistent with that described in this document.

**PresentationId:** For each presentation that is to be redirected, the server generates a unique presentation ID. The server sends this ID to the client in the **PresentationId** field of the TSMM\_PRESENTATION\_REQUEST message. This ID is then used in all subsequent messages for a presentation and is used by the client to refer all messages to the correct presentation.

#### 3.1.2 Timers

None.

#### 3.1.3 Initialization

None.

#### 3.1.4 Higher-Layer Triggered Events

None.

#### 3.1.5 Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules

#### 3.1.5.1 Message Validation

In all cases, the protocol endpoints MUST validate messages received from the network by validating the following:

- The type of the message.
- That the length of the message matches the specified type.
- That the message is received at an appropriate time in the sequence.
- The message content.

If a packet is malformed, (e.g., incorrect length for the indicated packet type) communication MUST be terminated. If a packet is valid, but contains unexpected data, the packet MUST be ignored.

#### 3.1.6 Timer Events

None.

#### 3.1.7 Other Local Events

None.

#### 3.2 Client Details

#### 3.2.1 Abstract Data Model

The abstract data model is as specified in section 3.1.1.

#### 3.2.2 Timers

None.

#### 3.2.3 Initialization

Clients initialize in two phases. The first phase occurs when the virtual channels are opened. The client has the option to indicate support for the Remote Desktop Protocol: Video Optimized Remoting Virtual Channel Extension by allowing or disallowing the virtual channel to connect. The second phase occurs when the client receives a TSMM\_PRESENTATION\_REQUEST message from the server with the **Command** field set to 0x01 – Start Presentation. The client performs all initialization required to begin decoding and rendering data and then sends a TSMM\_PRESENTATION\_RESPONSE message to the server. Only after this has completed will the server begin streaming data.

### 3.2.4 Higher-Layer Triggered Events

None.

#### 3.2.5 Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules

#### 3.2.5.1 TSMM\_PRESENTATION\_REQUEST Message Processing

The processing of this message depends on the **Command** field of the message and the current presentation state.

If the **Command** field is set to 0x01 (Presentation Start) and the presentation state is Uninitialized, the client SHOULD attempt to initialize any decoders or renderers necessary for playback of the video stream. After these are initialized, the client <u>shouldSHOULD</u> send a TSMM\_PRESENTATION\_RESPONSE message to the server and set the current state to Streaming. If the presentation state is not Uninitialized, the client SHOULD ignore this message.

If the **Command** field is set to 0x02 (Presentation Stop) and the presentation state is Streaming, the client SHOULD terminate any objects relating to the presentation corresponding to the presentation ID in the message and set the current state to Uninitialized. If the presentation state is Uninitialized, the client SHOULD ignore this message.

#### 3.2.6 Timer Events

None.

#### 3.2.7 Other Local Events

None.

#### 3.3 Server Details

#### 3.3.1 Abstract Data Model

The abstract data model is as specified in section 3.1.1.

#### 3.3.2 Timers

None.

#### 3.3.3 Initialization

When a video presentation is started on the server, the server MUST send a TSMM\_PRESENTATION\_REQUEST message with the **Command** field set to TSMM\_VIDEO\_PLAYBACK\_COMMAND\_START to the client and the **PresentationId** field set to a value that is unique to all video presentations in the current session. The server then MUST wait for the client to return a TSMM\_PRESENTATION\_RESPONSE message indicating whether or not to proceed with the presentation. After the server has received a TSMM\_PRESENTATION\_RESPONSE message indicating that it can proceed, it MAY start sending TSMM\_VIDEO\_DATA messages to the client. When the server is about to end the presentation, it MUST send a TSMM\_PRESENTATION\_REQUEST message with the **Command** field set to TSMM\_VIDEO\_PLAYBACK\_COMAND\_STOP.

If the client encounters an error in the TSMM PRESENTATION REQUEST message (for example, the **VideoSubtypeId** is not set to MFVideoFormat H264), then it SHOULD ignore the message and not

send a TSMM PRESENTATION RESPONSE message. The server MUST NOT send TSMM VIDEO DATA messages to the client in this case.

#### 3.3.4 Higher-Layer Triggered Events

None.

#### 3.3.5 Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules

#### 3.3.5.1 Video Presentation Streaming

Throughout the video presentation, the server will send many TSMM\_VIDEO\_DATA messages representing the bulk of transmission. This packet does not have any acknowledgment of receipt sent from the client.

#### 3.3.5.2 Video Presentation Shutdown

When a video presentation is stopping on the server, the server MUST send a TSMM\_PRESENTATION\_REQUEST message with the **Command** field set to TSMM\_VIDEO\_PLAYBACK\_COMMAND\_STOP and the presentation ID matching a TSMM\_PRESENTATION\_REQUEST to start sent earlier to the client.

#### 3.3.6 Timer Events

None.

#### 3.3.7 Other Local Events

None.

## **4** Protocol Examples

In this section, a common scenario is outlined (see section 2 for information about how to parse the messages received on the wire):

- 1. The server sends a TSMM\_PRESENTATION\_REQUEST message with the Command field set to 0x01 (START).
- 2. The client sends a TSMM\_PRESENTATION\_RESPONSE message indicating that the client is ready to receive data.
- 3. The server sends a TSMM\_VIDEO\_DATA message.
- 4. The server sends a TSMM\_PRESENTATION\_REQUEST message with the Command field set to 0x02 (STOP).

#### 4.1 Message 1 – TSMM\_PRESENTATION\_REQUEST (START)

Raw packet data:

69000000 01000000 0301011D C0120000 E0010000 F4000000 E0010000 F4000000 A47A3B82 0F000000 22020400 BA7A0080 48323634 00001000 800000AA 00389B71 25000000 00000001 6742C015 95A07821 F9E10000 03000100 0003003C 0DA08846 A0000000 0168CE3C 8000

TSMM\_VIDEO\_PACKET\_HEADER

UINT32 **cbSize** - 69000000

105 (bytes)

UINT32 **PacketType** - 01000000

1 (TSMM\_PACKET\_TYPE\_PRESENTATION\_REQUEST)

TSMM\_PRESENTATION\_REQUESTUINT8 **PresentationId** - 03

```
3
```

UINT8 Version - 01

1

UINT8 **Command** – 01

1 (Start)

UINT8 FrameRate - 1D

29

UINT16 AverageBitrateKbps - C012

4800 Kbps

UINT16 Reserved - 0000

0

UINT32 SourceWidth - E0010000

480 UINT32 SourceHeight - F4000000 244 UINT32 ScaledWidth - E0010000 480 UINT32 ScaledHeight - F4000000 244 UINT64 hnsTimestampOffset - A47A3B82 0F000000 66609445540 (100-ns intervals) UINT64 GeometryMappingId - 22020400 BA7A0080 0x80007ABA00040222 GUID VideoSubtypeId - 48323634 00001000 800000AA 00389B71 {34363248-0000-0010-8000-00AA00389B71} MFVideoFormat\_H264 UINT32 cbExtra - 2500000 37 (bytes) BYTE pExtraData[37] Since data type is H.264 video, this buffer contains the sequence header data for the stream.

UINT32 Reserved - 00

#### 4.2 Message 2 – TSMM\_PRESENTATION\_RESPONSE

Raw packet data:

0C000000 02000000 03000000

TSMM\_VIDEO\_PACKET\_HEADER

UINT32 **cbSize** - 0C000000

12 (bytes)

UINT32 **PacketType** – 02000000

2 (TSMM\_PACKET\_TYPE\_PRESENTATION\_RESPONSE)

TSMM\_PRESENTATION\_RESPONSEUINT8 **PresentationId** - 03

3

UINT8 ResponseFlags - 00

0

0

#### 4.3 Message 3 – TSMM\_VIDEO\_DATA

Raw packet data:

33030000	0400000	03010300	C7C60600	00000000	00000000	00000000	01000100
01000000	0B030000	00000001	6742C015	95A07821	F9E10000	03000100	0003003C
0DA08846	A0000000	0168CE3C	80000000	0106052F	02F86150	FC704172	B73248F3
A72A3D34	4D696372	6F736F66	7420482E	32363420	456E636F	64657220	56312E35
2E330080	00000001	0605F3CB	B2139298	7343DAA8	A6C74298	356CF573	72633A33
20683A32	34342077	3A343830	20667073	3A33302E	30303020	70663A36	36206C76
6C3A3620	623A3020	6271703A	3220676F	703A3735	30206964	723A3735	3020736C
633A3420	636D703A	30207263	3A312071	703A3234	20726174	653A3438	30303030
30207065	616B3A36	34303030	30302062	7566663A	38303030	30303020	7265663A
31207372	63683A33	32206173	7263683A	31207375	62703A31	20706172	3A362033
20332072	6E643A30	20636162	61633A30	206C703A	32206374	6E743A30	20617564
3A31206C	61743A31	2077726B	3A312076	75693A31	206C7972	3A31203C	3C008000
00000109	10000000	01658880	4BFFFFF0	F4500010	20F7DF7D	F7DF7DF7	DF7DF7DF
7DF7DF7D	F7DF7DF7	DF7DF7D7	5D75D75D	75D75D75	D75D75D7	5D75D75D	75D75D75
D75D75D7	5D75D75D	75D75D75	D75D75D7	5D75D75D	75D75D75	D75D75D7	5D75D75D
75D75D75	D75D75D7	5D75D75D	75D75E00	00000165	03C88804	BFFFFF0F	45000102
0F7DF7DF	7DF7DF7D	F7DF7DF7	DF7DF7DF	7DF7DF7D	F7DF7D75	D75D75D7	5D75D75D
75D75D75	D75D75D7	5D75D75D	75D75D75	D75D75D7	5D75D75D	75D75D75	D75D75D7
5D75D75D	75D75D75	D75D75D7	5D75D75D	75D75D75	D75D75D7	5D75E000	00000165
01E22201	2FFFFFC3	D1400040	83DF7DF7	DF7DF7DF	7DF7DF7D	F7DF7DF7	DF7DF7DF
7DF7DF5D	75D75D75	D75D75D7	5D75D75D	75D75D75	D75D75D7	5D75D75D	75D75D75
D75D75D7	5D75D75D	75D75D75	D75D75D7	5D75D75D	75D75D75	D75D75D7	5D75D75D
75D75D75	D75D7800	00000165	00B48880	4BFFFFF0	F4500010	20F7DF7D	F7DF7DF7
DF7DF7DF	7DF7DF7D	F7DF7DF7	DF7DF7D7	5D75D75D	75D75D75	D75D75D7	5D75D75D
75D75D75	D75D75D7	5D75D75D	75D75D75	D75D75D7	5D75D75D	75D75D75	D75D75D7
5D75D75D	75D75D75	D75D75D7	5D75D75D	75D75E00			

TSMM\_VIDEO\_PACKET\_HEADER

UINT32 **cbSize** - 33030000

819 (bytes)

UINT32 **PacketType** - 04000000

4 (TSMM\_PACKET\_TYPE\_VIDEO\_DATA)

TSMM\_VIDEO\_DATAUINT8 PresentationId - 03

3

UINT8 Version - 01

0x03

UINT8 Flags - 03

0x03

0x01 | 0x02

TSMM\_VIDEO\_DATA\_FLAG\_HAS\_TIMESTAMPS | TSMM\_VIDEO\_DATA\_FLAG\_KEYFRAME

UINT8 Reserved - 00

```
0
UINT64 hnsTimestamp - C7C60600 00000000
0x6C6C7
444103 (100-ns intervals) ≈ 44 (ms)
UINT64 hnsDuration - 00000000 00000000
0
UINT16 CurrentPacketIndex - 0100
1
UINT16 PacketsInSample - 0100
1
UINT32 SampleNumber - 01000000
1
UINT32 cbSample - 0B030000
779 (bytes)
BYTE pSample[779]
Raw video data
UINT32 Reserved - 00
```

#### 4.4 Message 4 – TSMM\_PRESENTATION\_REQUEST (STOP)

```
Raw packet data:
```

TSMM\_VIDEO\_PACKET\_HEADER

UINT32 **cbSize** - 44000000

68 (bytes)

UINT32 PacketType - 01000000

1 (TSMM\_PACKET\_TYPE\_PRESENTATION\_REQUEST)

TSMM\_PRESENTATION\_REQUESTUINT8 PresentationId - 03

3

UINT8 Version - 01

1

UINT8 Command – 02

2 (Stop) UINT8 FrameRate - 00 0 UINT16 AverageBitrateKbps - 0000 0 Kbps UINT16 Reserved - 0000 0 UINT32 SourceWidth - 00000000 0 UINT32 SourceHeight - 00000000 0 UINT32 ScaledWidth - 00000000 0 UINT32 ScaledHeight - 00000000 0 UINT64 hnsTimestampOffset - 00000000 00000000 0 (100-ns intervals) UINT64 GeometryMappingId - 00000000 00000000 0 GUID VideoSubtypeId - 00000000 00000000 00000000 00000000 GUID NULL UINT32 cbExtra - 00000000 0 (bytes) BYTE **pExtraData**[0] There is no extra data appended to this packet. UINT32 Reserved - 00

## 5 Security

#### 5.1 Security Considerations for Implementers

There are no security considerations for the Remote Desktop Protocol: Video Optimized Remoting Virtual Channel Extension messages because all traffic is secured by the underlying RDP core protocol. For information about the security-related mechanisms that are implemented in the RDP core protocol, see [MS-RDPBCGR] section 5.

#### 5.2 Index of Security Parameters

The security considerations are the same as those in [MS-RDPBCGR]. The Virtual Channel security considerations that this protocol uses are covered under that protocol.

## 6 Appendix A: Product Behavior

The information in this specification is applicable to the following Microsoft products or supplemental software. References to product versions include released service packs.

- Windows 8 operating system
- Windows Server 2012 operating system
- Windows 8.1 operating system
- Windows Server 2012 R2 operating system
- Windows 10 operating system
- Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview operating system

Exceptions, if any, are noted below. If a service pack or Quick Fix Engineering (QFE) number appears with the product version, behavior changed in that service pack or QFE. The new behavior also applies to subsequent service packs of the product unless otherwise specified. If a product edition appears with the product version, behavior is different in that product edition.

Unless otherwise specified, any statement of optional behavior in this specification that is prescribed using the terms SHOULD or SHOULD NOT implies product behavior in accordance with the SHOULD or SHOULD NOT prescription. Unless otherwise specified, the term MAY implies that the product does not follow the prescription.

<1> Section 2.1: The "Microsoft::Windows::RDS::Video::Data::v08.01" channel is implemented using an unreliable channel only in Windows 8 and Windows Server 2012.

# 7 Change Tracking

No table of <u>This section identifies</u> changes is available. The <u>that were made to this</u> document is either new or has had no changes since its <u>the</u> last release. <u>Changes are classified as New</u>, <u>Major</u>, <u>Minor</u>, <u>Editorial</u>, or No change.

The revision class **New** means that a new document is being released.

The revision class **Major** means that the technical content in the document was significantly revised. Major changes affect protocol interoperability or implementation. Examples of major changes are:

- A document revision that incorporates changes to interoperability requirements or functionality.
- The removal of a document from the documentation set.

The revision class **Minor** means that the meaning of the technical content was clarified. Minor changes do not affect protocol interoperability or implementation. Examples of minor changes are updates to clarify ambiguity at the sentence, paragraph, or table level.

The revision class **Editorial** means that the formatting in the technical content was changed. Editorial changes apply to grammatical, formatting, and style issues.

The revision class **No change** means that no new technical changes were introduced. Minor editorial and formatting changes may have been made, but the technical content of the document is identical to the last released version.

Major and minor changes can be described further using the following change types:

- New content added.
- Content updated.
- Content removed.
- New product behavior note added.
- Product behavior note updated.
- Product behavior note removed.
- New protocol syntax added.
- Protocol syntax updated.
- Protocol syntax removed.
- New content added due to protocol revision.
- Content updated due to protocol revision.
- Content removed due to protocol revision.
- New protocol syntax added due to protocol revision.
- Protocol syntax updated due to protocol revision.
- Protocol syntax removed due to protocol revision.
- Obsolete document removed.

Editorial changes are always classified with the change type Editorially updated.

#### Some important terms used in the change type descriptions are defined as follows:

- Protocol syntax refers to data elements (such as packets, structures, enumerations, and methods) as well as interfaces.
- Protocol revision refers to changes made to a protocol that affect the bits that are sent over the wire.

The changes made to this document are listed in the following table. For more information, please contact dochelp@microsoft.com.

Section	Tracking number (if applicable) and description	<u>Maior</u> <u>change (Y</u> <u>or N)</u>	<u>Change</u> type
<u>3.3.3</u> Initialization	<u>Updated to indicate further message processing after the client</u> encounters an error in the TSMM_PRESENTATION_REQUEST message.	Y	<u>Content</u> update.

## 8 Index

```
Α
```

```
Abstract data model
client (section 3.1.1 15, section 3.2.1 16)
server (section 3.1.1 15, section 3.3.1 17)
Applicability 6
```

## С

```
Capability negotiation 7
Change tracking 26
Client
 abstract data model (section 3.1.1 15, section 3.2.1 16)
 higher-layer triggered events (section 3.1.4 16, section 3.2.4 17)
 initialization (section 3.1.3 16, section 3.2.3 16)
 message processing
   TSMM_PRESENTATION_REQUEST 17
   validation 16
 other local events (section 3.1.7 16, section 3.2.7 17)
 overview 15
 sequencing rules
   TSMM_PRESENTATION_REQUEST 17
   validating messages 16
 timer events (section 3.1.6 16, section 3.2.6 17)
 timers (section 3.1.2 15, section 3.2.2 16)
```

## D

Data model - abstract client (section 3.1.1 15, section 3.2.1 16) server (section 3.1.1 15, section 3.3.1 17)

#### Е

```
Examples
overview 19
TSMM_PRESENTATION_REQUEST (START) 19
TSMM_PRESENTATION_REQUEST (STOP) 22
TSMM_PRESENTATION_RESPONSE 20
TSMM_VIDEO_DATA 21
```

## F

Fields - vendor-extensible 7

#### G

Glossary 5

## Н

Higher-layer triggered events client (section 3.1.4 16, section 3.2.4 17) server (section 3.1.4 16, section 3.3.4 18)

## I

Implementer - security considerations 24 Index of security parameters 24 Informative references 6 Initialization

```
client (section 3.1.3 16, section 3.2.3 16)
server (section 3.1.3 16, section 3.3.3 17)
Introduction 5
```

#### М

```
Message processing
client
TSMM_PRESENTATION_REQUEST 17
validating messages 16
server
validating messages 16
video presentation shutdown 18
video presentation streaming 18
Messages
syntax 8
transport 8
```

#### Ν

Normative references 5

#### 0

Other local events client (section 3.1.7 16, section 3.2.7 17) server (section 3.1.7 16, section 3.3.7 18) Overview (synopsis) 6

#### Ρ

Parameters - security index 24 Preconditions 6 Prerequisites 6 Product behavior 25 Proxy overview 15

#### R

References 5 informative 6 normative 5 Relationship to other protocols 6

#### S

```
Security
 implementer considerations 24
 parameter index 24
Sequencing rules
  client
    TSMM_PRESENTATION_REQUEST 17
   validating messages 16
 server
   validating messages 16
   video presentation shutdown 18
   video presentation streaming 18
Server
 abstract data model (section 3.1.1 15, section 3.3.1 17)
 higher-layer triggered events (section 3.1.4 16, section 3.3.4 18)
 initialization (section 3.1.3 16, section 3.3.3 17)
 message processing
   validation 16
```

[MS-RDPEVOR-Diff] - v20160714 Remote Desktop Protocol: Video Optimized Remoting Virtual Channel Extension Copyright © 2016 Microsoft Corporation Release: July 14, 2016

video presentation shutdown 18 video presentation streaming 18 other local events (section 3.1.7 16, section 3.3.7 18) overview 15 sequencing rules validating messages 16 video presentation shutdown 18 video presentation streaming 18 timer events (section 3.1.6 16, section 3.3.6 18) timers (section 3.1.2 15, section 3.3.2 17) Standards assignments 7 Structures TSMM\_PRESENTATION\_REQUEST 9 TSMM\_PRESENTATION\_RESPONSE 11 TSMM VIDEO DATA 13 TSMM\_VIDEO\_PACKET\_HEADER 8

#### т

Timer events client (section 3.1.6 16, section 3.2.6 17) server (section 3.1.6 16, section 3.3.6 18) Timers client (section 3.1.2 15, section 3.2.2 16) server (section 3.1.2 15, section 3.3.2 17) Tracking changes 26 Transport 8 Triggered events - higher-layer client (section 3.1.4 16, section 3.2.4 17) server (section 3.1.4 16, section 3.3.4 18) TSMM\_PRESENTATION\_REQUEST (START) example 19 TSMM\_PRESENTATION\_REQUEST (STOP) example 22 TSMM\_PRESENTATION\_REQUEST message processing - client 17 TSMM\_PRESENTATION\_REQUEST structure 9 TSMM\_PRESENTATION\_RESPONSE example 20 TSMM\_PRESENTATION\_RESPONSE structure 11 TSMM\_VIDEO\_DATA example 21 TSMM VIDEO DATA structure 13 TSMM\_VIDEO\_PACKET\_HEADER structure 8

#### V

Validating messages 16 Vendor-extensible fields 7 Versioning 7 Video presentation shutdown 18 streaming 18