[MS-RDPESP]:

Remote Desktop Protocol: Serial and Parallel Port Virtual Channel Extension

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Revision Summary

| Date | Revision History | Revision Class | Comments |
|------------|---------------------|-------------------|--|
| 7/20/2007 | 0.1 | Major | MCPP Milestone 5 Initial Availability |
| 9/28/2007 | 1.0 | Major | Updated and revised the technical content. |
| 10/23/2007 | 1.1 | Minor | Clarified the meaning of the technical content. |
| 11/30/2007 | 1.2 | Minor | Clarified the meaning of the technical content. |
| 1/25/2008 | 1.2.1 | Editorial | Changed language and formatting in the technical content. |
| 3/14/2008 | 1.2.2 | Editorial | Changed language and formatting in the technical content. |
| 5/16/2008 | 1.2.3 | Editorial | Changed language and formatting in the technical content. |
| 6/20/2008 | 1.3 | Minor | Clarified the meaning of the technical content. |
| 7/25/2008 | 1.3.1 | Editorial | Changed language and formatting in the technical content. |
| 8/29/2008 | 1.3.2 | Editorial | Changed language and formatting in the technical content. |
| 10/24/2008 | 1.3.3 | Editorial | Changed language and formatting in the technical content. |
| 12/5/2008 | 1.3.4 | Editorial | Editorial Update. |
| 1/16/2009 | 1.4 | Minor | Clarified the meaning of the technical content. |
| 2/27/2009 | 1.4.1 | Editorial | Changed language and formatting in the technical content. |
| 4/10/2009 | 1.4.2 | Editorial | Changed language and formatting in the technical content. |
| 5/22/2009 | 2.0 | Major | Updated and revised the technical content. |
| 7/2/2009 | 3.0 | Major | Updated and revised the technical content. |
| 8/14/2009 | 4.0 | Major | Updated and revised the technical content. |
| 9/25/2009 | 4.1 | Minor | Clarified the meaning of the technical content. |
| 11/6/2009 | 5.0 | Major | Updated and revised the technical content. |
| 12/18/2009 | 6.0 | Major | Updated and revised the technical content. |
| 1/29/2010 | 6.1 | Minor | Clarified the meaning of the technical content. |
| 3/12/2010 | 6.1.1 | Editorial | Changed language and formatting in the technical content. |
| 4/23/2010 | 6.1.2 | Editorial | Changed language and formatting in the technical content. |
| 6/4/2010 | 6.1.3 | Editorial | Changed language and formatting in the technical content. |
| 7/16/2010 | 6.1.3 | None | No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content. |
| 8/27/2010 | 6.1.3 | None | No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content. |
| 10/8/2010 | 6.1.3 | None | No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content. |
| 11/19/2010 | 6.1.3 | None | No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the |

| Date | Revision History | Revision Class | Comments |
|------------|---------------------|-------------------|--|
| | | | technical content. |
| 1/7/2011 | 6.1.3 | None | No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content. |
| 2/11/2011 | 7.0 | Major | Updated and revised the technical content. |
| 3/25/2011 | 7.0 | None | No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content. |
| 5/6/2011 | 7.0 | None | No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content. |
| 6/17/2011 | 7.1 | Minor | Clarified the meaning of the technical content. |
| 9/23/2011 | 7.1 | None | No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content. |
| 12/16/2011 | 8.0 | Major | Updated and revised the technical content. |
| 3/30/2012 | 8.0 | None | No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content. |
| 7/12/2012 | 8.0 | None | No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content. |
| 10/25/2012 | 8.0 | None | No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content. |
| 1/31/2013 | 8.0 | None | No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content. |
| 8/8/2013 | 8.0 | None | No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content. |
| 11/14/2013 | 8.0 | None | No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content. |
| 2/13/2014 | 8.0 | None | No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content. |
| 5/15/2014 | 8.0 | None | No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content. |
| 6/30/2015 | 9.0 | Major | Significantly changed the technical content. |

Table of Contents

| 1 Introdu | uction | 6 |
|------------------|---|----------|
| 1.1 Gl | lossary | 6 |
| 1.2 Re | eferences | |
| 1.2.1 | Normative References | |
| 1.2.2 | Informative References | |
| 1.3 Ov | verview | |
| 1.3.1 | Purpose of Device Redirection Extensions | |
| 1.3.2 | Protocol Initialization | |
| | elationship to Other Protocols | |
| | erequisites/Preconditions | |
| 1.6 Ap | oplicability Statement | 8 |
| | ersioning and Capability Negotiation | |
| | endor-Extensible Fields | |
| | andards Assignments | |
| 2 Messag | jes | 9 |
| 2.1 Tr | ansport | 9 |
| | essage Syntax | 9 |
| 2.2.1 | Common Data Types | |
| 2.2.2 | Port Redirection Messages | |
| 2.2.2. | | |
| 2.2.2. | | |
| 2.2.2. | | |
| 2.2.2. | | |
| 2.2.2. | | |
| 2.2.2. | | 10 |
| 2.2.2. | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | |
| 2.2.2. 2.2.2. | | |
| 2.2.2. | | |
| 2.2.2. | | |
| | | |
| | bl Details | |
| | ommon Details | |
| 3.1.1 | Abstract Data Model | |
| 3.1.2 | Timers | |
| 3.1.3 | Initialization | |
| 3.1.4 | Higher-Layer Triggered Events | |
| 3.1.5 3.1.6 | Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules 1 Timer Events 1 | L4 ⊥⊿ |
| 3.1.7 | Other Local Events | |
| | ient Details | |
| 3.2.1 | Abstract Data Model | • • |
| 3.2.2 | Timers | |
| 3.2.3 | Initialization | |
| 3.2.4 | Higher-Layer Triggered Events 1 | |
| 3.2.5 | Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules 1 | 5 |
| 3.2.5. | | |
| | 5.1.1 Sending a Client Device List Announce Request Message | |
| | 5.1.2 Processing a Server Create Request Message | |
| 3.2. | 5.1.3 Processing a Server Close Request Message 1 | |
| 3.2. | 5.1.4 Processing a Server Read Request Message 1 | 15 |
| 3.2. | 5.1.5 Processing a Server Write Request Message 1 | |
| | 5.1.6 Processing a Server Device Control Request Message 1 | |
| 3.2. | 5.1.7 Sending a Create Response Message 1 | 6 |

| | 3 | .2.5.1.8 | Sending a Close Response Message | 1 | 17 |
|---|-------|-------------|--|---|----|
| | 3 | .2.5.1.9 | Sending a Read Response Message | | |
| | 3 | .2.5.1.10 | Sending a Write Response Message | 1 | 17 |
| | 3 | .2.5.1.11 | Sending a Device Control Response Message | 1 | 18 |
| | 3.2.6 | Timer l | Events | 1 | 18 |
| | 3.2.7 | Other I | _ocal Events | 1 | 18 |
| 3 | 3.3 | | ails | | |
| | 3.3.1 | Abstra | ct Data Model | 1 | 19 |
| | 3.3.2 | | | | |
| | 3.3.3 | | zation | | |
| | 3.3.4 | Higher | -Layer Triggered Events | 1 | 19 |
| | 3.3.5 | | ge Processing Events and Sequencing Rules | | |
| | | | rt Redirection Messages | | |
| | | .3.5.1.1 | Processing a Client Device List Announce Request Message | | |
| | | .3.5.1.2 | Sending a Server Create Request Message | | |
| | | .3.5.1.3 | Sending a Server Close Request Message | | |
| | | .3.5.1.4 | Sending a Server Write Request Message | | |
| | | .3.5.1.5 | Sending a Server Read Request Message | | |
| | - | .3.5.1.6 | Sending a Server Device Control Request Message | | |
| | - | .3.5.1.7 | Processing a Client Create Response Message | | |
| | | .3.5.1.8 | Processing a Client Close Response Message | | |
| | - | .3.5.1.9 | Processing a Client Write Response Message | | |
| | - | .3.5.1.10 | Processing a Client Read Response Message | | |
| | • | .3.5.1.11 | Processing a Client Device Control Response Message | | |
| | 3.3.6 | | Events | | |
| | 3.3.7 | Other I | _ocal Events | 2 | 20 |
| 4 | Proto | ocol Exami | oles | | 21 |
| | .1 | | ection Annotations | | |
| 2 | .2 | | ate Request Example | | |
| 2 | .3 | | te Response Example | | |
| 2 | .4 | | ons Examples | | |
| _ | ~ | • | | | |
| | | rity | | 2 | 26 |
| _ | 5.1 | | onsiderations for Implementers | | |
| | 5.2 | Index of Se | ecurity Parameters | 2 | 26 |
| 6 | Appe | ndix A: Pr | oduct Behavior | 2 | 27 |
| 7 | Chan | ge Trackir | ıg | 2 | 29 |
| 8 | Inde | x | | 3 | 31 |

1 Introduction

This document specifies the Remote Desktop Protocol: Serial and Parallel Port Virtual Channel Extension. This protocol is used to redirect serial and parallel ports from a **terminal client** to the **terminal server**. This allows the **server** to access **client** ports as if the connected devices were local to the server.

Sections 1.8, 2, and 3 of this specification are normative and can contain the terms MAY, SHOULD, MUST, MUST NOT, and SHOULD NOT as defined in [RFC2119]. Sections 1.5 and 1.9 are also normative but do not contain those terms. All other sections and examples in this specification are informative.

1.1 Glossary

The following terms are specific to this document:

- client: A computer on which the remote procedure call (RPC) client is executing.
- **device control**: Driver-specific operations that can be performed on various drivers. Each DeviceIOControl is associated with an operation code (called IoCode) and optionally input and output buffers. Device drivers depending on the IoCode take various actions on the input and output buffers
- **pseudo device**: A virtual device object created by the server to represent a remote device attached to the remote (or client) machine. Applications and drivers on the server interact with this pseudo/virtual device and the server forwards requests to the remote device. Responses from the remote device are returned to the pseudo device, which then forwards them to the applications or drivers interacting with the device. Examples of pseudo devices include the pseudo port device, pseudo printer device, pseudo drive device, pseudo smartcard device, pseudo PnP device, and so on.
- **remote device**: A device that is attached to a remote (or **client**) machine, in contrast to a device physically attached to a machine.
- server: A computer on which the remote procedure call (RPC) server is executing.
- **terminal client**: A **client** of a **terminal server**. A terminal client program that runs on the **client** machine.

terminal server: A computer on which terminal services is running.

MAY, SHOULD, MUST, SHOULD NOT, MUST NOT: These terms (in all caps) are used as defined in [RFC2119]. All statements of optional behavior use either MAY, SHOULD, or SHOULD NOT.

1.2 References

Links to a document in the Microsoft Open Specifications library point to the correct section in the most recently published version of the referenced document. However, because individual documents in the library are not updated at the same time, the section numbers in the documents may not match. You can confirm the correct section numbering by checking the Errata.

1.2.1 Normative References

We conduct frequent surveys of the normative references to assure their continued availability. If you have any issue with finding a normative reference, please contact <u>dochelp@microsoft.com</u>. We will assist you in finding the relevant information.

[MS-ERREF] Microsoft Corporation, "Windows Error Codes".

[MS-RDPBCGR] Microsoft Corporation, "<u>Remote Desktop Protocol: Basic Connectivity and Graphics</u> <u>Remoting</u>".

[MS-RDPEFS] Microsoft Corporation, "<u>Remote Desktop Protocol: File System Virtual Channel</u> <u>Extension</u>".

[MS-SMB2] Microsoft Corporation, "Server Message Block (SMB) Protocol Versions 2 and 3".

[RFC2119] Bradner, S., "Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels", BCP 14, RFC 2119, March 1997, <u>http://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc2119.txt</u>

1.2.2 Informative References

[MSDN-DeviceTypes] Microsoft Corporation, "Specifying Device Types", <u>https://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ff563821.aspx</u>

[MSDN-IoCtlCodes] Microsoft Corporation, "Defining I/O Control Codes", http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ff543023.aspx

[MSDN-Ntddpar] Microsoft Corporation, "Ntddpar.h", <u>http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/cc308431.aspx</u>

[MSDN-Ntddser] Microsoft Corporation, "Ntddser.h", http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/cc308432.aspx

[MSDN-PORTS] Microsoft Corporation, "Serial and Parallel ports", <u>http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/bb870477.aspx</u>

[MSFT-WDDK] Microsoft Corporation, "Windows Driver Kit Version 7.1.0", http://www.microsoft.com/en-us/download/details.aspx?displaylang=en&id=11800

1.3 Overview

The Remote Desktop Protocol: Serial and Parallel Port Virtual Channel Extension specifies the communication used to enable the redirection of serial and parallel ports (ports for short) between a terminal client and a terminal server. By redirecting ports from the terminal client to the terminal server, applications running on a server machine can access the **remote devices** attached to those ports.

1.3.1 Purpose of Device Redirection Extensions

This extension enables the redirection of serial and parallel port devices attached to the terminal client. With the redirection, such devices can then be accessed by the applications running on the server.

1.3.2 Protocol Initialization

This extension can be considered as a subprotocol within the Remote Desktop Protocol: File System Virtual Channel Extension as specified in [MS-RDPEFS]. It follows the initialization of the Remote Desktop Protocol: File System Virtual Channel Extension to enable port redirection.

1.4 Relationship to Other Protocols

This extension can be considered as a subprotocol within Remote Desktop Protocol: File System Virtual Channel Extension as specified in [MS-RDPEFS]. This extension extends the Remote Desktop Protocol: File System Virtual Channel Extension to enable port redirection.

1.5 Prerequisites/Preconditions

The Remote Desktop Protocol: Serial and Parallel Port Virtual Channel Extension operates only after the Remote Desktop Protocol: File System Virtual Channel Extension transport, as specified in [MS-RDPEFS], is fully established.

1.6 Applicability Statement

The Remote Desktop Protocol: Serial and Parallel Port Virtual Channel Extension is designed to be run within the context of a Remote Desktop Protocol virtual channel established between a client and server. This protocol extension is applicable when applications running on the terminal server need to access the ports physically located on a client machine.

1.7 Versioning and Capability Negotiation

This extension relies on the Remote Desktop Protocol: File System Virtual Channel Extension, as specified in [MS-RDPEFS], to perform basic versioning and capability negotiation.

1.8 Vendor-Extensible Fields

This protocol uses NTSTATUS values, as defined in [MS-ERREF] section 2.3. Vendors are free to choose their own values for this field, as long as the C bit (0x20000000) is set, indicating it is a customer code.

1.9 Standards Assignments

The Remote Desktop Protocol: Serial and Parallel Port Virtual Channel Extension contains no standards assignments.

2 Messages

Because this is a subprotocol of Remote Desktop Protocol: File System Virtual Channel Extension, as specified in [MS-RDPEFS], this extension shares messages and common data types already specified in [MS-RDPEFS]. This section describes the messages and data types used by Remote Desktop Protocol: Serial and Parallel Port Virtual Channel Extension.

2.1 Transport

All messages MUST be transported over an established Remote Desktop Protocol device extensions channel (as specified in <u>[MS-RDPEFS]</u> section 2.1).

2.2 Message Syntax

The following sections contain Remote Desktop Protocol: Serial and Parallel Port Virtual Channel Extension message syntax.

2.2.1 Common Data Types

Port redirection uses common data types specified in [MS-RDPEFS] section 2.

2.2.2 Port Redirection Messages

This protocol does not define any specific messages. It uses a subset of the messages specified in [MS-RDPEFS] section 2. The messages in the following sections are used by this protocol.

2.2.2.1 Client Device List Announce Request

This message is described in [MS-RDPEFS] section 2.2.2.9. The port redirection client generates the elements of type DEVICE_ANNOUNCE (as specified in [MS-RDPEFS] section 2.2.1.3) for the port devices it wants to redirect.

| 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 1 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 2 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 3 0 | 1 |
|---|----------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|--------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|--------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|--------|---|
| | DeviceAnnounceHeader | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

DeviceAnnounceHeader (4 bytes): For each redirected port a DEVICE_ANNOUNCE header (as specified in [MS-RDPEFS] section 2.2.1.3) is generated by the client port redirection extension.

The header fields are initialized as follows:

- DeviceType: Identifies the device. This value MUST be set to RDPDR_DTYP_PARALLEL for parallel ports and RDPDR_DTYP_SERIAL for serial ports.
- **DeviceId**: A unique ID that identifies the announced device. The **DeviceId** field follows the semantics described in [MS-RDPEFS] section 2.2.1.3.
- PreferredDosName: This field follows the semantic described in [MS-RDPEFS] section 2.2.1.3. It describes the name of the port device as it appears on the client. This protocol does not enforce any semantic limitations on port naming. Client and server implementations determine the port naming convention.
- DeviceDataLength: Number of bytes in the DeviceData field. For port devices, this value is set to 0.

Note The Client Drive Device List Remove message is not supported by the MS-RDPESP protocol.

2.2.2.2 Server Create Request (DR_PORT_CREATE_REQ)

This message is sent by the server to open an instance of the port device. The packet for this message is specified in [MS-RDPEFS] section 2.2.1.4.1 (DR_CREATE_REQ). The **DeviceId** of the **DeviceIoRequest** field in the DR_CREATE_REQ packet MUST match the **DeviceId** value that is sent in the <u>Client Device List Announce Request</u> packet.

The **PathLength** field of the DR_CREATE_REQ packet MUST be set to 0x00000000. This automatically results in setting the packet **Path** field to empty.

Some of the parameters that are passed with this request (**DesiredAccess**, **AllocationSize**, **FileAttributes**, **SharedAccess**, **Disposition** and **CreateOptions**) are treated as opaque by this protocol. The interpretation of these parameters is determined by the client-side driver. The various possible values are specified in [MS-SMB2] section 2.2.13.

2.2.2.3 Server Close Request (DR_PORT_CLOSE_REQ)

This message is sent from the server to close the previously-opened device instance. The packet is specified in [MS-RDPEFS] section 2.2.1.4.2 (DR_CLOSE_REQ).

2.2.2.4 Server Read Request (DR_PORT_READ_REQ)

This message is sent from the server to read data from the port device instance. The packet is specified in [MS-RDPEFS] section 2.2.1.4.3 (DR_READ_REQ).

The **Offset** field in this request MUST be set to 0.

Zero-length request semantics: The protocol allows the client and server to request or to complete read/write operations with the **Length** field set to zero. The behavior of these requests and their interpretation is determined by the server application and the client driver.

2.2.2.5 Server Write Request (DR_PORT_WRITE_REQ)

This message is sent from the server to write data to the port device instance. The packet is specified in [MS-RDPEFS] section 2.2.1.4.4 (DR_WRITE_REQ).

The **Offset** field in this request MUST be set to 0.

Zero-length request semantics: The protocol allows the client and server to request or to complete read/write operations with the **Length** field set to zero. The behavior of these requests and their interpretation is determined by the server application and the client driver.

2.2.2.6 Server Device Control Request (DR_PORT_CONTROL_REQ)

This message is sent by the server to request a **device control** operation. The packet is specified in [MS-RDPEFS] section 2.2.1.4.5 (DR_CONTROL_REQ).

The possible values for the **IoControlCode** member and the corresponding Input and Output buffers applicable to parallel and serial ports are as defined in [MSFT-WDDK], and in [MSDN-PORTS].

Serial and Parallel IOCTL handles applicable to this protocol:

| Name | Value |
|----------------------------|------------|
| IOCTL_SERIAL_SET_BAUD_RATE | 0x001B0004 |

| Name | Value |
|-------------------------------|------------|
| IOCTL_SERIAL_GET_BAUD_RATE | 0x001B0050 |
| IOCTL_SERIAL_SET_LINE_CONTROL | 0x001B000C |
| IOCTL_SERIAL_GET_LINE_CONTROL | 0x001B0054 |
| IOCTL_SERIAL_SET_TIMEOUTS | 0x001B001C |
| IOCTL_SERIAL_GET_TIMEOUTS | 0x001B0020 |
| IOCTL_SERIAL_SET_CHARS | 0x001B0058 |
| IOCTL_SERIAL_GET_CHARS | 0x001B005C |
| IOCTL_SERIAL_SET_DTR | 0x001B0024 |
| IOCTL_SERIAL_CLR_DTR | 0x001B0028 |
| IOCTL_SERIAL_RESET_DEVICE | 0x001B002C |
| IOCTL_SERIAL_SET_RTS | 0x001B0030 |
| IOCTL_SERIAL_CLR_RTS | 0x001B0034 |
| IOCTL_SERIAL_SET_XOFF | 0x001B0038 |
| IOCTL_SERIAL_SET_XON | 0x001B003C |
| IOCTL_SERIAL_SET_BREAK_ON | 0x001B0010 |
| IOCTL_SERIAL_SET_BREAK_OFF | 0x001B0014 |
| IOCTL_SERIAL_SET_QUEUE_SIZE | 0x001B0008 |
| IOCTL_SERIAL_GET_WAIT_MASK | 0x001B0040 |
| IOCTL_SERIAL_SET_WAIT_MASK | 0x001B0044 |
| IOCTL_SERIAL_WAIT_ON_MASK | 0x001B0048 |
| IOCTL_SERIAL_IMMEDIATE_CHAR | 0x001B0018 |
| IOCTL_SERIAL_PURGE | 0x001B004C |
| IOCTL_SERIAL_GET_HANDFLOW | 0x001B0060 |
| IOCTL_SERIAL_SET_HANDFLOW | 0x001B0064 |
| IOCTL_SERIAL_GET_MODEMSTATUS | 0x001B0068 |
| IOCTL_SERIAL_GET_DTRRTS | 0x001B0078 |
| IOCTL_SERIAL_GET_COMMSTATUS | 0x001B006C |
| IOCTL_SERIAL_GET_PROPERTIES | 0x001B0074 |
| IOCTL_SERIAL_XOFF_COUNTER | 0x001B0070 |
| IOCTL_SERIAL_LSRMST_INSERT | 0x001B007C |
| IOCTL_SERIAL_CONFIG_SIZE | 0x001B0080 |
| IOCTL_SERIAL_GET_STATS | 0x001B008C |

| Name | Value |
|--------------------------------|------------|
| IOCTL_SERIAL_CLEAR_STATS | 0x001B0090 |
| IOCTL_SERIAL_GET_MODEM_CONTROL | 0x001B0094 |
| IOCTL_SERIAL_SET_MODEM_CONTROL | 0x001B0098 |
| IOCTL_SERIAL_SET_FIFO_CONTROL | 0x001B009C |
| IOCTL_PAR_QUERY_INFORMATION | 0x00160004 |
| IOCTL_PAR_SET_INFORMATION | 0x00160008 |
| IOCTL_PAR_QUERY_DEVICE_ID | 0x0016000C |
| IOCTL_PAR_QUERY_DEVICE_ID_SIZE | 0x00160010 |
| IOCTL_IEEE1284_GET_MODE | 0x00160014 |
| IOCTL_IEEE1284_NEGOTIATE | 0x00160018 |
| IOCTL_PAR_SET_WRITE_ADDRESS | 0x0016001C |
| IOCTL_PAR_SET_READ_ADDRESS | 0x00160020 |
| IOCTL_PAR_GET_DEVICE_CAPS | 0x00160024 |
| IOCTL_PAR_GET_DEFAULT_MODES | 0x00160028 |
| IOCTL_PAR_QUERY_RAW_DEVICE_ID | 0x00160030 |
| IOCTL_PAR_IS_PORT_FREE | 0x00160054 |

2.2.2.7 Client Create Response (DR_PORT_CREATE_RSP)

The client responds with this message to notify the server about the result of the server create request (section <u>2.2.2.2</u>). This message is specified in <u>[MS-RDPEFS]</u> section 2.2.1.5.1 (DR_CREATE_RSP).

2.2.2.8 Client Close Response (DR_PORT_CLOSE_RSP)

The client responds with this message to notify the server about the result of the server close request (section <u>2.2.2.3</u>). This message is specified in [MS-RDPEFS] section 2.2.1.5.2 (DR_CLOSE_RSP).

2.2.2.9 Client Read Response (DR_PORT_READ_RSP)

The client responds with this message to notify the server about the result of server read request (section 2.2.2.4). This message is specified in [MS-RDPEFS] section 2.2.1.5.3 (DR_READ_RSP).

2.2.2.10 Client Write Response (DR_PORT_WRITE_RSP)

The client responds with this message to notify the server about the result of the server write request (section <u>2.2.2.5</u>). This message is specified in [MS-RDPEFS] section 2.2.1.5.4 (DR_WRITE_RSP).

2.2.2.11 Client Device Control Response (DR_PORT_CONTROL_RSP)

The client responds with this message to notify the server about the result of the server device control request (2.2.2.6). This message is specified in [MS-RDPEFS] section 2.2.1.5.5 (DR_CONTROL_RSP).

3 Protocol Details

The following sections specify protocol details, including abstract data models and message processing rules.

3.1 Common Details

3.1.1 Abstract Data Model

This section describes a conceptual model of possible data organization that an implementation maintains to participate in this protocol. The organization is provided to explain how the protocol behaves. This document does not mandate that implementations adhere to this model as long as their external behavior is consistent with that described in this document.

The Remote Desktop Protocol: Serial and Parallel Port Virtual Channel Extension follows the abstract data model specified in [MS-RDPEFS] section 3.1.1.

3.1.2 Timers

There are no common timers.

3.1.3 Initialization

The Remote Desktop Protocol: File System Virtual Channel Extension MUST be initialized before the ports can be redirected. This initialization is complete when the client sends the Client Core Capability Response, as specified in [MS-RDPEFS] section 2.2.2.8.

3.1.4 Higher-Layer Triggered Events

IO requests are generated in response to IO calls that the server applications make on the redirected device. Otherwise, no higher-layer triggered events are used.

3.1.5 Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules

The common message processing events and rules that are described in [MS-RDPEFS] section 3.1.5 apply to this protocol. For client-specific and server-specific message processing, see sections 3.2.5 and 3.3.5.

3.1.6 Timer Events

No common timer events are used.

3.1.7 Other Local Events

There are no common local events.

3.2 Client Details

3.2.1 Abstract Data Model

The abstract data model is specified in section 3.1.1.

3.2.2 Timers

No timers are used.

3.2.3 Initialization

Initialization is specified in section 3.1.3.

3.2.4 Higher-Layer Triggered Events

No client higher-layer triggered events are used.

3.2.5 Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules

3.2.5.1 Port Redirection Messages

3.2.5.1.1 Sending a Client Device List Announce Request Message

After Remote Desktop Protocol: File System Virtual Channel Extension finishes initialization by sending a Client Core Capability Response message, as specified in [MS-RDPEFS] section 2.2.2.8, the client sends a DR_CORE_DEVICELIST_ANNOUNCE_REQ message to the server along with information for various devices, as specified in [MS-RDPEFS] section 2.2.2.9. The device type is set to RDPDR_TYP_SERIAL for serial port type devices and RDPDR_TYP_PARALLEL for parallel ports. The port extension prepares the port devices information that goes into this packet. The port-specific structure is specified in section 2.2.2.1.

The port redirection extension enumerates the local serial and parallel ports that need to be redirected. It MUST set the appropriate **PreferredDosName** fields, generate unique IDs for the devices, set the appropriate device types, and let the Remote Desktop Protocol: File System Virtual Channel Extension send the information over to the server.

The **DeviceId** field generated in this message is used to refer to this port in subsequent messages.

3.2.5.1.2 Processing a Server Create Request Message

After receiving the create request, the client SHOULD open and prepare the port for IO operations. The opened instance of the port is maintained by the client as a **FileId** field of the DR_DEVICE_IOREQUEST message, as specified in [MS-RDPEFS] section 2.2.1.4. This ID is used to refer to subsequent IO operations on the port instance. After the create request processing is complete, the client responds with a create response message (section <u>3.2.5.1.7</u>).

3.2.5.1.3 Processing a Server Close Request Message

The **DeviceId** and **FileId** fields of DR_DEVICE_IOREQUEST (as specified in <u>[MS-RDPEFS]</u> section 2.2.1.4) identify the previously-opened instance of the port to operate on.

After receiving the close request, the client MUST close the previously opened port instance. It MUST also cancel pending IO operations, if any, on the port. The client MUST respond with close response message (section 3.2.5.1.8).

3.2.5.1.4 Processing a Server Read Request Message

The **DeviceId** and **FileId** fields of DR_DEVICE_IOREQUEST (as specified in <u>[MS-RDPEFS]</u> section 2.2.1.4) identify the previously opened instance of the port to operate on.

The **Length** and **Offset** fields of DR_READ_REQ (as specified in [MS-RDPEFS] section 2.2.1.4.3) identify the length and offset values requested by the server for this operation.

If the **Offset** field is not set to 0, the value MUST be ignored.

The client MUST perform the read operation on the instance of the port accordingly. After the read operation is complete, the client MUST send a read response message (section 3.2.5.1.9) to let the server know about the result of the operation.

The semantics of read requests are determined by the client-side driver. The protocol allows partial read results. The result of the read operations, including the data read, is passed to the server and is considered opaque to the protocol.

3.2.5.1.5 Processing a Server Write Request Message

The **DeviceId** and **FileId** fields of DR_DEVICE_IOREQUEST (as specified in <u>[MS-RDPEFS]</u> section 2.2.1.4) identify the previously opened instance of the port to operate on.

The **Length** and **WriteData** fields of DR_WRITE_REQ (as specified in [MS-RDPEFS] section 2.2.1.4.4) identify the parameters for the write operation. The **Offset** field is ignored.

The client MUST perform the write operation on the instance of the port accordingly. After the operation is complete, the client MUST send response message DR_WRITE_RSP (as specified in [MS-RDPEFS] section 2.2.1.5.4) to let the server know about the result of the operation.

3.2.5.1.6 Processing a Server Device Control Request Message

The **DeviceId** and **FileId** fields of DR_DEVICE_IOREQUEST (as specified in <u>[MS-RDPEFS]</u> section 2.2.1.4) identify the previously-opened instance of the port to operate on.

The **OutputBufferLength**, **InputBufferLength**, **IoControlCode** and **InputBuffer** fields of DR_CONTROL_REQ (as specified in [MS-RDPEFS] section 2.2.1.4.5) identify the parameters for the device control operation.

The client MUST perform the device control operation specified by the **IoControlCode** field on the instance of the port accordingly. After the operation is complete, the client MUST send a Device Control Response message (section <u>3.2.5.1.11</u>) to notify the server about the result of the operation.<<u><2></u>

3.2.5.1.7 Sending a Create Response Message

This message is sent in response to the server create request (section 3.2.5.1.2).

The client MUST fill out various fields of DR_CREATE_RSP (as specified in [MS-RDPEFS] section 2.2.1.5.1) as follows:

For the RDPDR_HEADER header:

- The **Component** field MUST be set to RDPDR_CTYP_CORE.
- The **PacketId** field MUST be set to PAKID_CORE_DEVICE_IOCOMPLETION.

For the DR_DEVICE_IOCOMPLETION header:

- The **DeviceId** field MUST be set to match the corresponding **DeviceId** field from the IO request.
- The **CompletionId** field MUST be set to match the **CompletionId** field from the corresponding IO request (section 3.2.5.1.2).

 The **IoStatus** field MUST be set to the NTSTATUS indicating the result of the operation. NTSTATUS codes are specified in [MS-ERREF] section 2.3.

After completing the create request, the client MUST set the **FileId** field to a unique **FileId** value to identify the instance of the port. This **FileId** field is used in subsequent IO operations to refer to the port instance.

The **Information** field MUST be set to 0.

3.2.5.1.8 Sending a Close Response Message

This message is sent in response to the server close request (3.2.5.1.3).

The client MUST fill out the various members of DR_CLOSE_RSP (as specified in [MS-RDPEFS] section 2.2.1.5.2) as follows:

For the RDPDR_HEADER:

- The **Component** field MUST be set to RDPDR_CTYP_CORE.
- The **PacketId** field MUST be set to PAKID_CORE_DEVICE_IOCOMPLETION.

For the DR_DEVICE_IOCOMPLETION:

- The **DeviceId** field MUST be set to match the corresponding **DeviceId** field from the IO request.
- The **CompletionId** field MUST be set to match the **CompletionId** field from the corresponding IO request (section 3.2.5.1.3).
- The **IoStatus** field MUST be set to the NTSTATUS value indicating the result of the operation.

3.2.5.1.9 Sending a Read Response Message

This message is sent in response to the server read request (3.2.5.1.4).

The client MUST fill out the various members of DR_READ_RSP (as specified in [MS-RDPEFS] section 2.2.1.5.3) as follows:

For the RDPDR_HEADER:

- The **Component** field MUST be set to RDPDR_CTYP_CORE.
- The **PacketId** field MUST be set to PAKID_CORE_DEVICE_IOCOMPLETION.

For the DR_DEVICE_IOCOMPLETION:

- The **DeviceId** field MUST be set to match the corresponding **DeviceId** field from the IO request.
- The **CompletionId** field MUST be set to match the **CompletionId** from the corresponding IO request (section 3.2.5.1.4).
- The **IoStatus** field MUST be set to the NTSTATUS value indicating the result of the operation.

The client prepares a reply message with the result of the read operation. The client populates the **Length** field with the number of bytes read. The actual data read follows the **Length** field. The **Length** field MAY be less than the requested length; however, the **Length** field MUST NOT be greater than requested length. These partial read requests are supported by the server.

3.2.5.1.10 Sending a Write Response Message

This message is sent in response to the server write request (section 3.2.5.1.5).

The client MUST fill out the various members of DR_WRITE_RSP (as specified in [MS-RDPEFS] section 2.2.1.5.4) as follows:

For the RDPDR_HEADER:

- The **Component** field MUST be set to RDPDR_CTYP_CORE.
- The **PacketId** field MUST be set to PAKID_CORE_DEVICE_IOCOMPLETION.

For the DR_DEVICE_IOCOMPLETION:

- The **DeviceId** field MUST be set to match the corresponding **DeviceId** field from the IO request.
- The **CompletionId** field MUST be set to match the **CompletionId** field from the corresponding IO request (section 3.2.5.1.5).
- The **IoStatus** field MUST be set to the NTSTATUS indicating the result of the operation.
- The **Padding** field is unused and MUST be ignored by the server.

The client prepares a reply message with the result of the write operation. The client populates the **Length** field with the number of bytes written.

3.2.5.1.11 Sending a Device Control Response Message

This message is sent in response to the server device control request (section 3.2.5.1.6).

The client MUST fill out the various members of DR_CONTROL_RSP (as specified in [MS-RDPEFS] section 2.2.1.5.5) as follows:

For the RDPDR_HEADER:

- The **Component** field MUST be set to RDPDR_CTYP_CORE.
- The **PacketId** field MUST be set to PAKID_CORE_DEVICE_IOCOMPLETION.

For the DR_DEVICE_IOCOMPLETION:

- The **DeviceId** field MUST be set to match the corresponding **DeviceId** field from the IO request.
- The **CompletionId** field MUST be set to match the **CompletionId** field from the corresponding IO request (section 3.2.5.1.6).
- The **IoStatus** field MUST be set to the NTSTATUS indicating the result of the operation.

The client prepares a reply message with the result of the device control operation. The client populates the **OutputBufferLength** field with the number of bytes returned by the device control operation. The actual data returned, if any, follows the packet.

3.2.6 Timer Events

There are no timer events.

3.2.7 Other Local Events

There are no other local events.

3.3 Server Details

3.3.1 Abstract Data Model

The abstract data model is specified in section 3.1.1.

3.3.2 Timers

There are no timers used.

3.3.3 Initialization

Initialization is specified in section 3.1.3.

3.3.4 Higher-Layer Triggered Events

All IO requests are originated by the applications making IO calls on the redirected device. Otherwise, no other higher-layer triggered events are used.

3.3.5 Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules

3.3.5.1 Port Redirection Messages

3.3.5.1.1 Processing a Client Device List Announce Request Message

After receiving the Client Device List Announce Request message (section 2.2.2.1) for each device on the announce list, the server MUST create a **pseudo port device** that emulates the client device. The server MUST maintain the association of the **DeviceId** value obtained from the client with such a pseudo device.

3.3.5.1.2 Sending a Server Create Request Message

The server sends this message when any server application opens the pseudo port device. The server passes all the create parameters obtained from the application request over to the client for actual processing.

3.3.5.1.3 Sending a Server Close Request Message

The server sends this message to the client in response to the server application requesting the close operation on the pseudo port device for actual processing.

3.3.5.1.4 Sending a Server Write Request Message

The server sends this message to the client in response to the server application requesting the write operation on the pseudo port device for actual processing.

3.3.5.1.5 Sending a Server Read Request Message

The server sends this message to the client in response to the server application requesting the read operation on the pseudo port device for actual processing.

3.3.5.1.6 Sending a Server Device Control Request Message

The server sends this message to the client in response to the server application requesting the device control operation on the pseudo port device for actual processing.

3.3.5.1.7 Processing a Client Create Response Message

After receiving the create response, the server responds to the application that initiated the create operation (section 3.3.5.1.1). The server MUST maintain an association between the **FileId** returned by the client and the file handle returned to the application. For any subsequent IO operations on the file handle, the server SHOULD send the IO to the client for completion using the same **FileId** field.

3.3.5.1.8 Processing a Client Close Response Message

The server responds to the application with the result of the close response received from the client.

3.3.5.1.9 Processing a Client Write Response Message

The server forwards the result of the write response to the application that requested the write operation.

3.3.5.1.10 Processing a Client Read Response Message

The server forwards the result of the read response to the application that initiated the read operation.

3.3.5.1.11 Processing a Client Device Control Response Message

The server forwards the result of the device control response to the application that initiated the operation.

3.3.6 Timer Events

There are no timer events.

3.3.7 Other Local Events

There are no other local events.

4 Protocol Examples

4.1 Port Redirection Annotations

After the Remote Desktop Protocol: Serial and Parallel Port Virtual Channel Extension finishes its initialization, the client sends the client device list announce message to the server. Information about the ports to be redirected is contained within the message.

The following sequence shows a COM2 port being sent to the server for redirection.

| Channel Name = RDPDR, 28, Client t | o server |
|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 00000000 72 44 41 44 01 00 00 00 0 | 1 00 00 00 01 00 00 00 |
| 00000010 43 4f 4d 32 00 00 00 00 0 | 0 00 00 00 |
| | |
| 72 44 -> RDPDR C | TYP CORE $= 0x4472$ |
| 41 44 -> PAKID C | ORE DEVICELIST ANNOUNCE = 0x4441 |
| 01 00 00 00 -> DeviceC | ount = 0x0000001 |
| 01 00 00 00 -> DeviceT | ype (RDPDR DTYP SERIAL) = 0x00000001 |
| 01 00 00 00 -> DeviceI | d = 0x0000001 |
| 43 4f 4d 32 00 00 00 00 -> Preferr | edDosName(8 characters) = "COM2" |
| 00 00 00 00 -> DeviceD | ataLength = 0x0000000 |

The following sequence shows an LPT1 port being sent for redirection. In this example, the Device Announce packet contains three devices. This example only annotates the header and LPT1 Device portion from this packet.

| Channel Name = RDPDR, 264, C | | |
|--|--|----------------------------|
| | 0 00 04 00 00 00 04 00 00 00 | |
| | 0 00 50 00 00 00 10 00 00 00 | |
| | 00 00 1c 00 00 00 1c 00 00 00 | |
| | 70 00 6f 00 6c 00 6c 00 6f 00 | |
| 00000040 20 00 50 00 2d 00 3 | | |
| 00000050 41 00 70 00 6f 00 6 | | |
| | 30 00 30 00 00 00 04 00 00 00 Le 33 00 00 00 00 74 00 00 00 | |
| 00000070 03 00 00 00 50 52 4 | | |
| |)0 00 43 00 61 00 6e 00 6f 00 | |
| | 75 00 62 00 62 00 62 00 60 00 65 00 | |
| | 74 00 20 00 42 00 4a 00 2d 00 | |
| 000000c0 33 00 30 00 00 00 4 | | |
| | 52 00 62 00 6c 00 65 00 2d 00 | |
| | 20 00 42 00 4a 00 2d 00 33 00 | |
| | 0 00 02 00 00 00 4c 50 54 31 | |
| 00000100 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 0 | 00 00 | |
| 72 44 -> R | RDPDR CTYP CORE | = 0x4472 |
| 41 44 -> F | PAKID CORE DEVICELIST ANNOUNCE | = 0x4441 |
| 03 00 00 00 -> E | DeviceCount | $= 0 \times 00000003$ |
| 04 00 00 -> D | DeviceType (RDPDR_DTYP_PRINT) | $= 0 \times 00000004$ |
| | DeviceId | $= 0 \times 0 0 0 0 0 0 4$ |
| | PreferredDosName (8 characters) | |
| | DeviceDataLength | $= 0 \times 00000050$ |
| 10 00 00 00 -> F | <pre>Flags(RDPDR_PRINTER_ANNOUNCE_F1</pre> | |
| | | $= 0 \times 00000010$ |
| | CodePage | $= 0 \times 00000000$ |
| | PnPNameLen | $= 0 \times 00000000$ |
| |)riverNameLen | = 0x000001c |
| | PrintNameLen (28 bytes) | = 0x000001c |
| | CachedFieldsLen | $= 0 \times 00000000$ |
| 41 00 70 00 6f 00 6c 00 6c 00 6f 00 20 00 50 00 | | |
| 0C 00 01 00 20 00 30 00 | | |

| 2d | 00 | 31 | 00 | 32 | 00 | 30 | 00 | | | | |
|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----------------------------------|----|--------------------------|
| 30 | 00 | 00 | 00 | | | | | -> | DriverName (28 bytes) | = | "Apollo P-1200" |
| 41 | 00 | 70 | 00 | 6f | 00 | 6c | 00 | 6c | 00 6f 00 20 00 50 00 | | |
| 2d | 00 | 31 | 00 | 32 | 00 | 30 | 00 | 30 | 00 00 00 | | |
| | | | | | | | | -> | PrintName (28 bytes) | = | "Apollo P-1200" |
| 04 | 00 | 00 | 00 | | | | | -> | DeviceType (RDPDR DTYP PRINT) | = | 0x0000004 |
| 03 | 00 | 00 | 00 | | | | | -> | DeviceId | = | 0x0000003 |
| 50 | 52 | 4e | 33 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | -> | PreferredDosName (8 characters) | = | "PRN3" |
| 74 | 00 | 00 | 00 | | | | | -> | DeviceDataLength | = | 0x0000074 |
| 12 | 00 | 00 | 00 | | | | | -> | Flags (RDPDR PRINTER ANNOUNCE FLA | ΑG | XPSFORMAT |
| | | | | | | | | | RDPDR PRINTER ANNOUNCE FLA | AG | DEFAULTPRINTER) |
| | | | | | | | | | | = | 0x0000012 |
| 00 | 00 | 00 | 0 | | | | | -> | CodePage | = | 0x0000000 |
| 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | | | | | | | = | 0x0000000 |
| 2e | 00 | 00 | 00 | | | | | -> | DriverNameLen | = | 0x000002e |
| 2e | 00 | 00 | 00 | | | | | -> | PrintNameLen | = | 0x000002e |
| 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | | | | | -> | CachedFieldsLen | = | 0x0000000 |
| | 00 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 6e | 00 | 20 | 00 | 42 | 00 | 75 | 00 | | | | |
| | 00 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2d | 00 | 4a | 00 | 65 | 00 | 74 | 00 | | | | |
| | 00 | | | | | 2d | 00 | | | | |
| 33 | 00 | 30 | 00 | 00 | 00 | | | -> | DriverName (46 bytes) | = | "Canon Bubble-Jet BJ-30" |
| | 00 | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 00 | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 00 | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 00 | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 00 | | | | | 2d | 00 | | | | |
| | 00 | | | 00 | | | | | PrintName (46 bytes) | | |
| | 00 | | | | | | | | DeviceType (RDPDR_DTYP_PARALLEL) | | |
| | 00 | | | | | | | | DeviceId | | = 0x0000002 |
| | | | | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | | PreferredDosName (8 characters) | | = "LPT1" |
| 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | | | | | -> | DeviceDataLength | - | = 0x0000000 |

4.2 Server Create Request Example

The server sends a request to create an instance of the port. The following sequence captures such a request.

RDPDR, 56, Server to client 00000000 72 44 52 49 01 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 01 00 00 00 00000010 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 80 00 10 00 00 00 00 00 00000030 60 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 72 44 -> RDPDR CTYP CORE $= 0 \times 4472$ 52 49 -> PAKID CORE DEVICE IOREQUEST = 0x4952 01 00 00 00 -> DeviceId $= 0 \times 00000001$ 00 00 00 00 -> FileId $= 0 \times 00000000$ 01 00 00 00 -> CompletionId $= 0 \times 00000001$ 00 00 00 00 -> MajorFunction(IRP_MJ_CREATE) = 0x0000000 -> Majorrunceion ... = 0x00000000 -> MinorFunction = 0x00000000 = 0x00100080 00 00 00 00 -> DesiredAccess

 80
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 10
 00
 -> DesiredAccess
 0x00100000

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 80 00 10 00 -> CreateOptions $= 0 \times 00000001 \\ = 0 \times 000000060$ 01 00 00 00 60 00 00 00 -> CreateOptions 00 00 00 00 -> PathLength $= 0 \times 0000000$

4.3 Client Create Response Example

The client responds with the following response. This establishes a **FileId** value that is used subsequently for the IO operations.

RDPDR, 21, Client to server 00000000 72 44 43 49 02 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00000010 01 00 00 00 00 72 44 -> RDPDR CTYP CORE $= 0 \times 4472$ -> RDPDK_CITE_CONL -> PAKID CORE DEVICE IOCOMPLETION = 0x4943 - 0x0000 43 49
 02
 00
 00
 00
 -> DeviceId
 = 0x00000001

 00
 00
 00
 -> CompletionId
 = 0x00000001

 00
 00
 00
 -> NTSTATUS
 = 0x00000000
 00 00 00 00 -> NTSTATUS $= 0 \times 00000000$ 01 00 00 00 -> FileId $= 0 \times 00000001$ 00 -> Information $= 0 \times 00$

4.4 IO Operations Examples

The server on behalf of the application sends IO operations on the **FieldId**. The following message sequences illustrate the packets for read, write, and device control operations.

Server read request (DR_PORT_READ_REQ)

| 72 | 44 | | | -> RDPDR CTYP CORE | = | 0x44 | 472 | | |
|----|----|----|----|----------------------------------|----|------|-----|------|----|
| 52 | 49 | | | -> PAKID CORE DEVICE IOREQUEST | = | 0x4 | 952 | | |
| 02 | 00 | 00 | 00 | -> DeviceId | = | 0x0 | 000 | 0002 | 2 |
| 02 | 00 | 00 | 00 | -> FileId | = | 0x0 | 000 | 0002 | 2 |
| 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | -> CompletionId | = | 0x0 | 000 | 0000 |) |
| 03 | 00 | 00 | 00 | -> MajorFunction (IRP_MJ_READ) | = | 0x0 | 000 | 0003 | 3 |
| 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | -> MinorFunction | = | 0x0 | 000 | 0000 |) |
| 08 | 02 | 00 | 00 | -> Length | = | 0x0 | 000 | 208 | 3 |
| 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 00 00 00 | | | | | |
| | | | | -> Offset | | | | | |
| 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 | 00 | 00 0 | 00 | 00 | 00 |
| | | | | -> Padding (20 bytes) | | | | | |

Server write request (DR_PORT_WRITE_REQ)

 00
 00
 00
 -> CompletionId
 =
 0x00000000

 04
 00
 00
 00
 -> MajorFunction (IRP_MJ_WRITE)
 =
 0x00000004

 00
 00
 00
 00
 -> MinorFunction
 =
 0x00000000

[MS-RDPESP] - v20150630 Remote Desktop Protocol: Serial and Parallel Port Virtual Channel Extension Copyright © 2015 Microsoft Corporation Release: June 30, 2015

Server device control request (DR_PORT_CONTROL_REQ)

RDPDR, 56, Server to client 00000000 72 44 52 49 02 00 00 00 02 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00000030 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 72 44 -> RDPDR CTYP CORE $= 0 \times 4472$ -> PAKID_CORE_DEVICE_IOREQUEST 52 49 = 0x495202 00 00 00 -> DeviceId $= 0 \times 00000002$ 02 00 00 00 -> FileId $= 0 \times 00000002$ 00 00 00 00 -> CompletionId $= 0 \times 00000000$ OE 00 00 00 -> MajorFunction (IRP_MJ_DEVICE_CONTROL) = 0x0000000E 04 00 00 00 -> OutputBufferLength 00 00 00 00 -> MinorFunction $= 0 \times 00000000$ $= 0 \times 00000004$ 00 00 00 00 -> InputBufferLength $= 0 \times 00000000$ 50 00 1b 00 -> IoControlCode $= 0 \times 001 B 0050$ -> Padding (20 bytes)

The following packets show the typical responses from the client for these requests.

Client read response (DR_PORT_READ_RSP)

RDPDR, 540, Client to server 00000000 72 44 43 49 02 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00000010 08 02 00 00 29 00 00 00 c4 00 7a 00 4c 4f 43 41 ... 72 44 -> RDPDR CTYP CORE = 0x447243 49 -> PAKID CORE DEVICE IOCOMPLETION = 0x4943 02 00 00 00 -> DeviceId $= 0 \times 00000001$ 00 00 00 00 -> CompletionId $= 0 \times 00000001$ 00 00 00 00 -> NTSTATUS $= 0 \times 00000000$ 08 02 00 00 -> Length $= 0 \times 00000208$ 29 00 ... -> ReadData (520 bytes)

Client write response (DR_PORT_WRITE_RSP)

 RDPDR, 21, send

 00000000
 72
 44
 43
 49
 01
 00
 00
 00
 00
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| 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | -> | NTSTATUS |
|-----|----|----|----|----|----------|
| 8 0 | 02 | 00 | 00 | -> | Length |
| 00 | | | | -> | Padding |

 $= 0 \times 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0$

Client device control response (DR_PORT_CONTROL_RSP)

 RDPDR, 24, send

 00000000 72 44 43 49 02 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00

 00000010 04 00 00 80 25 00 00

 72 44
 -> RDPDR CTYP CORE
 = 0x4472

 43 49
 -> PAKID_CORE_DEVICE_IOCOMPLETION
 = 0x4943

 02 00 00 00
 -> DeviceId
 = 0x0000000

 00 00 00
 -> CompletionId
 = 0x0000000

 00 00 00
 -> IoStatus
 = 0x0000000

 04 00 00 00
 -> OutputBufferLength
 = 0x0000004

 80 25 00 00
 -> OutputBuffer
 = 0x00002580

Finally, the server calls a close request to close the port instance.

Server close request (DR_PORT_CLOSE_REQ)

RDPDR, 56, Server to client 00000000 72 44 52 49 01 00 00 00 01 00 00 01 00 00 00 00 00000030 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 72 44 -> RDPDR CTYP CORE $= 0 \times 4472$

 72
 44
 -> RDPDR_CTYP_CORE
 = 0x4472

 52
 49
 -> PAKID_CORE_DEVICE_IOREQUEST
 = 0x4952

 01 00 00 00 -> DeviceId _____ $= 0 \times 00000001$ 01 00 00 00 -> FileId $= 0 \times 00000001$ $\begin{array}{rcl} 01 & 00 & 00 & 00 & -> & FileIa \\ 01 & 00 & 00 & 00 & -> & CompletionId \\ \end{array} = 0x00000001 \\ \end{array}$ 02 00 00 00 -> MajorFunction (IRP_MJ_CLOSE) = 0x00000002 00 00 00 00 -> MinorFunction = 0x0000000 00 00 ... -> Padding (32 bytes)

After closing the local port instance, the client responds with this message.

Client close response (DR_PORT_CLOSE_RSP)

 RDPDR, 20, Client to server

 00000000 72 44 43 49 02 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00

 00000010 00 00 00

 72 44
 -> RDPDR_CTYP_CORE
 = 0x4472

 43 49
 -> PAKID_CORE_DEVICE_IOCOMPLETION
 = 0x4943

 02 00 00 00
 -> DeviceId
 = 0x0000001

 00 00 00
 -> CompletionId
 = 0x0000001

 00 00 00 00
 -> NTSTATUS
 = 0x00000000

 00 00 00 00
 -> Padding
 = 0x0000000

5 Security

5.1 Security Considerations for Implementers

There are no security considerations for Remote Desktop Protocol: Serial and Parallel Port Virtual Channel Extension messages because all static virtual channel traffic is secured by the underlying Remote Desktop Protocol core protocol. The implemented security-related mechanisms are specified in [MS-RDPBCGR] section 5.

5.2 Index of Security Parameters

There are no security parameters in Remote Desktop Protocol: Serial and Parallel Port Virtual Channel Extension.

6 Appendix A: Product Behavior

The information in this specification is applicable to the following Microsoft products or supplemental software. References to product versions include released service packs.

- Windows 2000 operating system
- Windows XP operating system
- Windows Server 2003 operating system
- Windows Vista operating system
- Windows Server 2008 operating system
- Windows 7 operating system
- Windows Server 2008 R2 operating system
- Windows 8 operating system
- Windows Server 2012 operating system
- Windows 8.1 operating system
- Windows Server 2012 R2 operating system
- Windows 10 operating system
- Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview operating system

Exceptions, if any, are noted below. If a service pack or Quick Fix Engineering (QFE) number appears with the product version, behavior changed in that service pack or QFE. The new behavior also applies to subsequent service packs of the product unless otherwise specified. If a product edition appears with the product version, behavior is different in that product edition.

Unless otherwise specified, any statement of optional behavior in this specification that is prescribed using the terms SHOULD or SHOULD NOT implies product behavior in accordance with the SHOULD or SHOULD NOT prescription. Unless otherwise specified, the term MAY implies that the product does not follow the prescription.

<<u>1> Section 2.2.2.1</u>: The Windows server implementation uses symbolic link names with standard naming conventions, in order to ensure compatibility with most Windows applications and drivers that access ports.

For serial ports, Windows assigns a symbolic link name that uses the standard naming convention "COM<n>", where <n> is the COM port number.

For parallel ports, Windows assigns a symbolic link name that uses the standard naming convention "LPT<n>", where <n> is the LPT port number.

For more information on port naming conventions, see [MSDN-PORTS].

<2> Section 3.2.5.1.6: Windows Implementations use IOCTL constants for **IoControlCode** values. The content and values of the IOCTLs are opaque to the protocol. On the server side, the data contained in an IOCTL is simply packaged and sent to the client side. For maximum compatibility between the different versions of the Windows operating system, the client implementation only singles out critical IOCTLs and invokes the applicable Win32 port API. The other IOCTLS are passed directly to the client-side driver, and the processing of this value depends on the drivers installed on the client side. The values and parameters for these IOCTLS can be found in [MSFT-WDDK] and in [MSDN-PORTS].

The parameters of the device request/response are mapped to the IOCTL as described in [MSDN-PORTS] as follows:

- If an IOCTL requires input, then the AssociatedIrp.SystemBuffer is set to the content of InputBuffer field and the InputBufferSize field is assigned to Parameters.DeviceIoControl.InputBufferLength.
- If an IOCTL requires output, then the Parameters.DeviceIoControl.OutputBufferLength MUST be filled with the value of **OutputBufferLength** of the request. The **OutputBuffer** field in the response contains the data from AssociatedIrp.SystemBuffer, and the **OutputBufferLength** in the response is set to the returned value in the **Information** field of the I/O Status Block.
- The **IoStatus** field of the response contains the returned NTSTATUS code from the IOCTL.

For more information about parallel and serial device codes and the related IO structures, see [MSDN-Ntddpar] and [MSDN-Ntddser].

For more information about device type values, see [MSDN-DeviceTypes].

For more information about I/O control codes and the CTL_CODE macro, see [MSDN-IoCtlCodes].

7 Change Tracking

This section identifies changes that were made to this document since the last release. Changes are classified as New, Major, Minor, Editorial, or No change.

The revision class **New** means that a new document is being released.

The revision class **Major** means that the technical content in the document was significantly revised. Major changes affect protocol interoperability or implementation. Examples of major changes are:

- A document revision that incorporates changes to interoperability requirements or functionality.
- The removal of a document from the documentation set.

The revision class **Minor** means that the meaning of the technical content was clarified. Minor changes do not affect protocol interoperability or implementation. Examples of minor changes are updates to clarify ambiguity at the sentence, paragraph, or table level.

The revision class **Editorial** means that the formatting in the technical content was changed. Editorial changes apply to grammatical, formatting, and style issues.

The revision class **No change** means that no new technical changes were introduced. Minor editorial and formatting changes may have been made, but the technical content of the document is identical to the last released version.

Major and minor changes can be described further using the following change types:

- New content added.
- Content updated.
- Content removed.
- New product behavior note added.
- Product behavior note updated.
- Product behavior note removed.
- New protocol syntax added.
- Protocol syntax updated.
- Protocol syntax removed.
- New content added due to protocol revision.
- Content updated due to protocol revision.
- Content removed due to protocol revision.
- New protocol syntax added due to protocol revision.
- Protocol syntax updated due to protocol revision.
- Protocol syntax removed due to protocol revision.
- Obsolete document removed.

Editorial changes are always classified with the change type **Editorially updated**.

Some important terms used in the change type descriptions are defined as follows:

- **Protocol syntax** refers to data elements (such as packets, structures, enumerations, and methods) as well as interfaces.
- **Protocol revision** refers to changes made to a protocol that affect the bits that are sent over the wire.

The changes made to this document are listed in the following table. For more information, please contact <u>dochelp@microsoft.com</u>.

| Section | Tracking number (if applicable) and description | Major change (Y or N) | Change type |
|--|---|-----------------------------|---|
| 1.2.1 Normative References | 72210 : Replaced the reference [MSFT- W2KDDK] with [MSFT-WDDK]. | Y | Content update. |
| 2.2.2.6 Server Device Control Request (DR_PORT_CONTROL_REQ) | 72210 : Updated the value of IOCTL_SERIAL_GET_COMMSTATUS IOCTL handles to 0x001B006C and updated the reference [MSFT-W2KDDK] to [MSFT-WDDK]. | Y | Content update. |
| 3.2.5.1.6 Processing a Server Device Control Request Message | 72210 : Replaced the reference [MSFT- W2KDDK] with [MSFT-WDDK]. | Y | Product behavior note updated. |
| <u>6</u> Appendix A: Product Behavior | Added Windows 10 to applicability list. | Y | Content update. |

8 Index

Α

Abstract data model client (section 3.1.1 14, section 3.2.1 14) server (section 3.1.1 14, section 3.3.1 19) Applicability 8

С

Capability negotiation 8 Change tracking 29 Client abstract data model (section 3.1.1 14, section <u>3.2.1</u> 14) close response DR PORT CLOSE RSP 12 create response DR PORT CREATE RSP 12 create response example 23 device control response DR PORT CONTROL RSP 13 device list announce request 15 higher-layer triggered events (section 3.1.4 14, section 3.2.4 15) initialization (section 3.1.3 14, section 3.2.3 15) local events (section 3.1.7 14, section 3.2.7 18) message processing (section 3.1.5 14, section 3.2.5 15) other local events 18 read response DR PORT READ RSP 12 sequencing rules (section 3.1.5 14, section 3.2.5 15) timer events (section 3.1.6 14, section 3.2.6 18) timers (section 3.1.2 14, section 3.2.2 15) write response DR PORT WRITE RSP 12 Client Device List Announce Request packet 9 Close response 17 Common data types 9 Common Data Types message 9 Create response 16

D

Data model - abstract client (section 3.1.1 14, section 3.2.1 14) server (section 3.1.1 14, section 3.3.1 19) Device control response 18 Device redirection extensions - purpose 7 DR PORT CLOSE REQ 10 DR PORT CLOSE RSP 12 DR PORT CONTROL REQ 10 DR PORT CONTROL RSP 13 DR PORT CREATE REQ 10 DR PORT CREATE REP 12 DR PORT READ REQ 10 DR PORT READ RSP 12 DR PORT READ RSP 12 DR PORT WRITE REQ 10 DR PORT WRITE REP 12

Е

Examples <u>client - create response</u> 23 <u>IO operations</u> 23 <u>port redirection annotations</u> 21 <u>server - create request</u> 22

F

Fields - vendor-extensible 8

G

Glossary 6

Н

Higher-layer triggered events client (<u>section 3.1.4</u> 14, <u>section 3.2.4</u> 15) server (<u>section 3.1.4</u> 14, <u>section 3.3.4</u> 19)

Ι

Implementer - security considerations 26 Index of security parameters 26 Informative references 7 Initialization client (section 3.1.3 14, section 3.2.3 15) overview 7 server (section 3.1.3 14, section 3.3.3 19) Introduction 6 IO operations examples 23

L

Local events client (<u>section 3.1.7</u> 14, <u>section 3.2.7</u> 18) server (<u>section 3.1.7</u> 14, <u>section 3.3.7</u> 20)

Μ

Message processing client (<u>section 3.1.5</u> 14, <u>section 3.2.5</u> 15) server (<u>section 3.1.5</u> 14, <u>section 3.3.5</u> 19) Messages <u>Common Data Types</u> 9

[MS-RDPESP] - v20150630 Remote Desktop Protocol: Serial and Parallel Port Virtual Channel Extension Copyright © 2015 Microsoft Corporation Release: June 30, 2015 data types 9 overview 9 Port Redirection Messages 9 syntax 9 transport 9

Ν

Normative references 6

0

Other local events client 18 server 20 Overview - messages 9 Overview (synopsis) 7

Ρ

Parameters - security index 26 Port close response 20 Port create response 20 Port device announce 19 Port device control response 20 Port instance close request 19 Port instance create request 19 Port instance device control request 19 Port instance read request 19 Port instance write request 19 Port read response 20 Port redirection annotations 21 Port redirection messages (section 2.2.2 9, section 3.2.5.1 15, section 3.3.5.1 19) Port Redirection Messages message 9 Port write response 20 Preconditions 8 Prerequisites 8 Product behavior 27 Protocol Details overview 14

R

Read response 17 References 6 informative 7 normative 6 Relationship to other protocols 7

S

Security implementer considerations 26 parameter index 26 Sequencing rules client (section 3.1.5 14, section 3.2.5 15) server (section 3.1.5 14, section 3.3.5 19) Server abstract data model (section 3.1.1 14, section 3.3.1 19) close request 15 close request DR PORT CLOSE REQ 10 create request 15 create request DR PORT CREATE REQ 10 create request example 22 device control request 16 device control request DR PORT CONTROL REQ 10 higher-layer triggered events (section 3.1.4 14, section 3.3.4 19) initialization (section 3.1.3 14, section 3.3.3 19) local events (section 3.1.7 14, section 3.3.7 20) message processing (section 3.1.5 14, section 3.3.5 19) other local events 20 read request 15 read request DR PORT READ REO 10 sequencing rules (section 3.1.5 14, section 3.3.5 19) timer events (section 3.1.6 14, section 3.3.6 20) timers (section 3.1.2 14, section 3.3.2 19) write request 16 write request DR PORT WRITE REQ 10 Standards assignments 8 Syntax 9

т

Timer events client (section 3.1.6 14, section 3.2.6 18) server (section 3.1.6 14, section 3.3.6 20) Timers client (section 3.1.2 14, section 3.2.2 15) server (section 3.1.2 14, section 3.3.2 19) Tracking changes 29 Transport 9 Triggered events - higher-layer client (section 3.1.4 14, section 3.2.4 15) server (section 3.1.4 14, section 3.3.4 19)

V

Vendor-extensible fields 8 Versioning 8

W

Write response 17