[MS-RDPEDYC]: Remote Desktop Protocol: Dynamic Channel Virtual Channel Extension

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1 Introduction

The Remote Desktop Protocol: Dynamic Virtual Channel Extension is an extension and refinement of the **virtual channel** protocol, as specified in [MS-RDPBCGR]. It supports features such as classes of priority (that may be used to implement bandwidth allocation) and individually connected endpoints using **dynamic virtual channel (DVC) listeners**.

Sections 1.8, 2, and 3 of this specification are normative and can contain the terms MAY, SHOULD, MUST, MUST NOT, and SHOULD NOT as defined in RFC 2119. Sections 1.5 and 1.9 are also normative but cannot contain those terms. All other sections and examples in this specification are informative.

1.1 Glossary

The following terms are defined in [MS-GLOS]:

Windows-1252 character set

The following terms are specific to this document:

- ANSI character: An 8-bit Windows-1252 character set unit.
- data message (or message): Data exchanged between an application running on a terminal services (TS) server and a dynamic virtual channel (DVC) listeners running on a TS client. The maximum length of a data message is 2^32 1 bytes.
- **dynamic virtual channel (DVC):** A transport used for communication between an RDP client and server over a main data connection.
- **dynamic virtual channel (DVC) listener (or listener):** A named endpoint registered at the **TS** client during initialization of a **DVC**. **DVC listeners** are service providers to the applications that run on a **TS** server.
- **dynamic virtual channel (DVC) manager:** An application that runs on the **TS** servers and clients. They manage the initialization, creation, and closing of **DVCs**. They are responsible for maintaining established channels and for transferring **messages** between the applications on the **TS** servers and the **DVC listeners** that run on the **TS** clients.
- **priority class:** The priority of a group of channels. Channels of a higher priority class will typically be allotted a larger proportion of available bandwidth than those of a lower class.
- **static virtual channel:** The Remote Desktop Protocol: Dynamic Channel Virtual Channel Extension is designed to operate over static **virtual channels**, as specified in [MS-RDPBCGR], using the acronym DRDYNVC. The Remote Desktop Protocol (RDP) layer manages the creation, setup, and data transmission over the **virtual channel**.
- **terminal services (TS):** The capability to host multiple, simultaneous client sessions on Windows servers. Remote users establish a session on a machine, log in, and run applications on a server. The server transmits the graphical user interface (GUI) of the program to the client. The client then returns keyboard and mouse clicks to be processed by the server.
- **virtual channel:** A communication channel available in a **TS** server session between applications running at the server and applications running on the **TS** client.

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MAY, SHOULD, MUST, SHOULD NOT, MUST NOT: These terms (in all caps) are used as specified in [RFC2119]. All statements of optional behavior use either MAY, SHOULD, or SHOULD NOT.

1.2 References

References to Microsoft Open Specifications documentation do not include a publishing year because links are to the latest version of the documents, which are updated frequently. References to other documents include a publishing year when one is available.

A reference marked "(Archived)" means that the reference document was either retired and is no longer being maintained or was replaced with a new document that provides current implementation details. We archive our documents online [Windows Protocol].

1.2.1 Normative References

We conduct frequent surveys of the normative references to assure their continued availability. If you have any issue with finding a normative reference, please contact <u>dochelp@microsoft.com</u>. We will assist you in finding the relevant information.

[MS-DTYP] Microsoft Corporation, "<u>Windows Data Types</u>".

[MS-ERREF] Microsoft Corporation, "Windows Error Codes".

[MS-RDPBCGR] Microsoft Corporation, "<u>Remote Desktop Protocol: Basic Connectivity and Graphics</u> <u>Remoting</u>".

[RFC2119] Bradner, S., "Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels", BCP 14, RFC 2119, March 1997, <u>http://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc2119.txt</u>

1.2.2 Informative References

None.

1.3 Overview

The Remote Desktop Protocol: Dynamic Channel Virtual Channel Extension implements a generic connection-oriented communication channel on top of the virtual channel protocol. A **DVC** is established over an existing **static virtual channel**. A static virtual channel session is a typical client/server relationship.

A DVC consists of two endpoints logically connected over a network. One endpoint is an application running on a **terminal services (TS)** server, and the other endpoint is an application running on a TS client.

DVCs are created and maintained by **DVC managers**. There is a DVC manager running on both the TS server and the TS client. The DVC server manager is responsible for initializing the DVC environment and for creating individual DVCs. The DVC client manager is responsible for creating and maintaining connections to client-side DVC manager applications.

After the DVC managers are initialized, the DVC server manager can create individual DVCs. These channels are used to exchange **messages** between applications running on the TS server and DVC listeners running on the TS client. Sending and receiving messages is symmetrical between the client and server, and either side can initiate sending a message.

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1.3.1 Encapsulation of DVC Traffic

If a multitransport connection ([MS-RDPEMT] section 1.3) is associated with a given RDP connection, the DVC PDUs, specified in section 2.2, can be embedded inside either the dedicated DRDYNVC static virtual channel, or inside a Tunnel Data PDU ([MS-RDPEMT] section 2.2.2.3). If a multitransport connection is not present, then the DVC PDUs are encapsulated inside the dedicated DRDYNVC static virtual channel.

1.3.1.1 Encapsulation in the DRDYNVC Static Virtual Channel

The following diagram illustrates the wire-level encapsulation when a DVC is embedded inside the dedicated static virtual channel named DRDYNVC.

|--|

Figure 1: Static virtual channel objects

This is a Windows implementation detail and does not limit the definition and the description of the Remote Desktop Protocol: Dynamic Channel Virtual Channel Extension. Any transport that has similar characteristics can be used to support a DVC implementation. The Remote Desktop Protocol: Dynamic Channel Virtual Channel Extension makes use of the following features of a static virtual channel:

- Capability to indicate the reception of a complete message to the DVC handler.
- Capability to support a minimum message size that is sufficient for the complete reception of the PDUs used for version negotiation and channel open/close functionality.

1.3.1.2 Encapsulation in a Multitransport Tunnel Message

The following diagram illustrates the wire-level encapsulation when a DVC is embedded inside a multitransport connection tunnel ([MS-RDPEMT] sections 1.3 and 1.4).

RDP UDP	TLS or DTLS	MULTITRANSPORT	DYNVC_ HEADER	Dynamic VC
HEADER	HEADER	TUNNEL HEADER		Data

Figure 2: Encapsulation inside a multitransport connection tunnel

1.3.2 DVC Setup

The following diagram illustrates the sequence of operations involved in initializing the client and server environments.

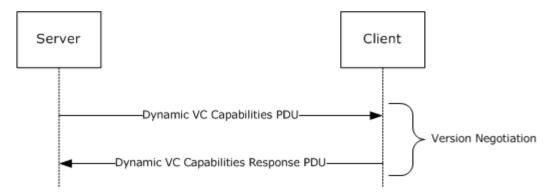


Figure 3: DVC initialization sequence

The initialization is performed immediately following the establishment of a static virtual channel session, as specified in [MS-RDPBCGR] section 1.3.3.

The initialization is performed once per connection. At startup and initialization, a DVC server manager performs a version negotiation with a DVC client manager over the existing static virtual channel.

The client and server initialize their environments by exchanging a capability message. The DVC server manager sends a capabilities protocol data unit (PDU) that indicates the maximum supported version level as well as any capability information that is relevant for the supported version. The capability information describes the features supported by the server.

The DVC client manager responds with a capabilities response PDU that states the maximum version level that it supports. The server should adjust the protocol features to match the client capabilities. After this negotiation, the DVC server manager and DVC client manager are ready to establish individual DVCs.

1.3.3 Message Flows

1.3.3.1 Opening a DVC

The following diagram illustrates the sequence of operations involved in the creation of a DVC.

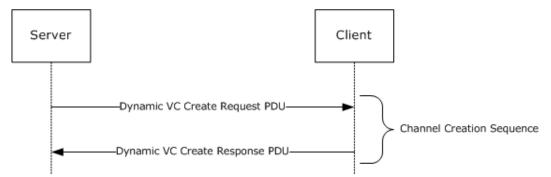


Figure 4: DVC open sequence

A DVC consists of two endpoints logically connected over a network. One endpoint is an application running on a TS server, and the other endpoint is an application running on a TS client. The

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applications running on the TS client are referred to as DVC listeners. These listeners are service providers to the applications running on the TS server.

Channels are established by the DVC managers exchanging Create Request and Create Response PDUs. Channels are created by a DVC server manager in response to a channel-create request by an application. When an application makes a request to a DVC server manager to create a channel, the server generates a channel identifier (that is, a unique number for the requested session), and sends this identifier (and the listener name the application is requesting a connection to) in a Create Request PDU to the DVC client manager. The DVC client manager locates the requested listener, and the listener creates a DVC using the **ChannelId**. The DVC client manager binds the endpoint to the **ChannelId**. The client then sends a Create Response message to the server indicating the endpoint creation status. If the creation is successful, the DVC server manager indicates to the application that the session is established and is ready for sending and receiving data. The client and server maintain the endpoints for the life of the channel.

When a multitransport connection ([MS-RDPEMT] section 1.3) is negotiated for a given RDP connection, the DVC server manager can establish a particular DVC from one of the connected transports (TCP, UDP-R, or UDP-L) based on preferences specified by the application endpoint. For example, an application can request that the DVC be encapsulated in a TCP transport for a feature that requires full-reliability but can be latency-tolerant, such as printer redirection. An application can also request that the DVC be encapsulated in a UDP-L transport for a feature that is loss-tolerant but latency-sensitive, such as audio output redirection.

The server DVC manager sends the Create Request PDU over the selected transport, and the client responds by sending the Create Response PDU back to the server over the same transport.

1.3.3.2 Sending and Receiving Data

The maximum size of a message that a sender can pass to a DVC manager is 2^{32-1} bytes (see section 3.1.5.2.3). The Remote Desktop Protocol: Dynamic Virtual Channel Extension specifies a maximum PDU size of 1,600 bytes. A data PDU consists of a header and message data. The DVC manager is responsible for fragmenting and reassembling large messages. This is provided as a service to the sender and receiver.

The sending and receiving of messages is symmetrical between the client and server, and either side can initiate sending a message. Depending on the size of the message being sent, there are two different message sequences for sending and receiving data, as illustrated in the following diagram.

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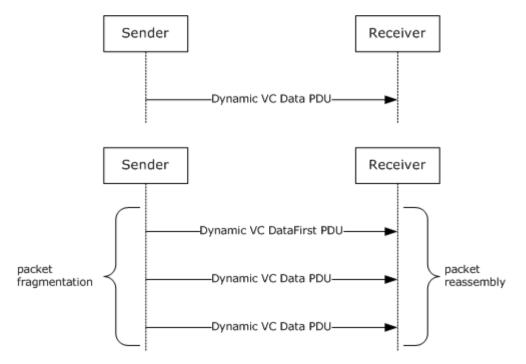


Figure 5: Send data sequence via DVC PDUs

1.3.3.2.1 Sending Data

If the sender makes a request to send a message that has a data size of no more than 1590 bytes, then a single PDU is sent that contains the message and a header with the **Cmd** field set to indicate that the PDU type is Data.

If the sender makes a request to send a message that has a data size of more than 1590 bytes, then the DVC manager fragments the message into blocks and may send multiple PDUs. The first PDU contains the first fragment of message data and a header with the **Cmd** field set to indicate that the PDU type is Data First and the **Length** field set to the total length of the message the sender is sending. Subsequent PDUs of type Data are sent until the entire message is transmitted.

The receiver does not acknowledge receipt of the data.

1.3.3.2.2 Receiving Data

If a message has been fragmented, the first data PDU received will be of type Data First. If the message has not been fragmented, the first and only PDU for this message will be of type Data.

When a DVC manager receives a Data First PDU, it saves the message data and continues receiving Data PDUs until all the data is received. The DVC manager then reassembles the data and passes the data to the receiver associated with this channel.

When a DVC manager receives a Data PDU that has not been preceded by a Data First PDU, it passes the message data directly to the receiver without any additional processing.

The DVC manager does not acknowledge receipt of the data.

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1.3.3.3 Closing a DVC

Either an application running on the TS server or a listener running on the TS client can request that a channel be closed. The following diagram illustrates the sequence of operations involved in closing a DVC.

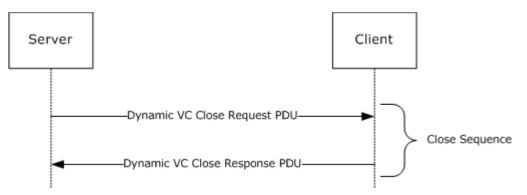


Figure 6: DVC close sequence

When the DVC server manager initiates closing a channel, it sends a Close Request PDU that specifies the **ChannelId** to the DVC client manager. The client responds with a Close Response PDU that specifies the **ChannelId**.

When a client initiates a channel-close, it sends an unsolicited Close Response PDU that specifies the **ChannelId** to the server. The server does not respond to the Client Close Response PDU.

1.4 Relationship to Other Protocols

The Remote Desktop Protocol: Dynamic Virtual Channel Extension is embedded in a static virtual channel transport, as specified in [MS-RDPBCGR].

1.5 Prerequisites/Preconditions

The Remote Desktop Protocol: Dynamic Virtual Channel Extension operates only after the static virtual channel transport (as specified in <u>[MS-RDPBCGR]</u>) is fully established. If the static virtual channel transport is terminated, no other communication over the Remote Desktop Protocol: Dynamic Virtual Channel Extension occurs.

1.6 Applicability Statement

The Remote Desktop Protocol: Dynamic Virtual Channel Extension is designed to be run within the context of an RDP virtual channel established between a client and a server. The Remote Desktop Protocol: Dynamic Virtual Channel Extension is applicable when creating applications such as Plug and Play device redirection and media infrastructure layer composition engine commands.

1.7 Versioning and Capability Negotiation

The version of the Remote Desktop Protocol: Dynamic Channel Virtual Channel Extension is negotiated by a DVC client manager in response to a Capabilities PDU sent by a DVC server manager. The server indicates the maximum capability it supports, and the client responds with a Capabilities Response PDU that indicates the maximum capability that it can support.

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There are two versions of the Remote Desktop Protocol: Dynamic Channel Virtual Channel Extension.

- Version 1: The first version of the protocol consists of initialization, closing, and the sending of data over DVCs.
- Version 2: The second version introduced the capability to specify priority classes for virtual channels in order to allocate different bandwidth to different classes of virtual channels.

Implementations can support either version 1 or both version 1 and version 2 of the protocol. The negotiation of the protocol between the server and the client is described in section 2.2.1.

1.8 Vendor-Extensible Fields

This protocol uses NTSTATUS values as defined in [MS-ERREF] section 2.3. Vendors are free to choose their own values for this field, as long as the C bit (0x20000000) is set, indicating it is a customer code.

1.9 Standards Assignments

The Remote Desktop Protocol: Dynamic Virtual Channel Extension does not use any standards assignments.

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2 Messages

The following sections specify how Remote Desktop Protocol: Dynamic Virtual Channel Extension messages are encapsulated on the wire and common data types.

This protocol references commonly used data types as defined in [MS-DTYP].

2.1 Transport

Remote Desktop Protocol: Dynamic Virtual Channel Extension messages are passed between a DVC manager on a server and a DVC manager on a client, and are transmitted over one of the following underlying transport mechanisms:

- A static virtual channel (<u>[MS-RDPBCGR]</u> sections <u>1.3.3</u> and <u>2.2.6</u>), where the name of the channel is the **ANSI character** string "DRDYNVC" and bulk compression is enabled.
- A lossy or reliable UDP multitransport connection ([MS-RDPEMT] sections 1.3 and 2.2.2.3).

The Remote Desktop Protocol: Dynamic Virtual Channel Extension does not establish any transport connections.

2.2 Message Syntax

The Remote Desktop Protocol: Dynamic Virtual Channel Extension consists of the following five types of messages exchanged between the server and the client.

- Capability Negotiation message
- Channel Open message
- Channel DataFirst message
- Channel Data message
- Channel Close message

Each PDU has the same 1-byte header with the **optionalFields** field following it. The **cbChId** and **Cmd** fields are common to all PDUs. The data following the PDU header depends on the type of the message and is addressed in the following sections.

0	1	2	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
	Cmd Sp cbChI optionalFields (variable)																															

Cmd (4 bits): Indicates the PDU type and MUST be set to one of the following values.

Value	Meaning
0x01	The message contained in the optionalFields field is a Create Request PDU (section

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Value	Meaning
	2.2.2.1) or a Create Response PDU (section 2.2.2.2).
0x02	The message contained in the optionalFields field is a <u>Data First PDU (section 2.2.3.1)</u> .
0x03	The message contained in the optionalFields field is a <u>Data PDU (section 2.2.3.2)</u> .
0x04	The message contained in the optionalFields field is a <u>Close Request PDU (section 2.2.4)</u> or a Close Response PDU (section 2.2.4).
0x05	The message contained in the optionalFields field is a <u>Capability Request PDU (section</u> 2.2.1.1) or a <u>Capabilities Response PDU (section 2.2.1.2)</u> .

Sp (2 bits): The value and meaning depend on the **Cmd** field.

cbChId (2 bits): Indicates the length of the ChannelId field.

Value	Meaning
0×00	The ChannelId is 1 byte wide.
0x01	The ChannelId is 2 bytes wide.
0x02	The ChannelId is 4 bytes wide.
0x03	The ChannelId is 4 bytes wide.

optionalFields (variable): The data following the message header depends on the type of the message and is addressed in the following sections.

2.2.1 Initializing DVCs

Capabilities PDUs are exchanged to negotiate the version level of the Remote Desktop Protocol: Dynamic Channel Virtual Channel Extension that is supported. Three different Capabilities PDUs are used to negotiate version-level support.

- <u>DYNVC CAPS VERSION1 (section 2.2.1.1.1)</u> PDU is sent by a DVC server manager to indicate it supports version 1 of the protocol.
- <u>DYNVC CAPS VERSION2 (section 2.2.1.1.2)</u> PDU is sent by a DVC server manager to indicate it supports version 2 of the protocol.
- <u>DYNVC CAPS VERSION3 (section 2.2.1.1.3)</u> PDU is sent by a DVC server manager to indicate it supports version 3 of the protocol.
- <u>DYNVC CAPS RSP (section 2.2.1.2)</u> PDU is sent by a DVC client manager to acknowledge the version level it supports.

A DVC server manager initializes a DVC environment by sending a DYNVC_CAPS_VERSION1 (section 2.2.1.1.1), a DYNVC_CAPS_VERSION2 (section 2.2.1.1.2), or a DYNVC_CAPS_VERSION3 (section 2.2.1.1.3) PDU to the DVC client manager to indicate the highest version level supported by the server. The client MUST respond with a DYNVC_CAPS_RSP (section 2.2.1.2) PDU that indicates the highest version level supported by the client.

The DVC server manager MUST send a Capabilities message prior to creating a DVC and wait for a response from the client. This happens just once; if capability exchange has already been

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completed, the channel creation continues. The DVC client manager MUST reply with a DYNVC_CAPS_RSP (section 2.2.1.2) PDU as soon as it receives the server request.

2.2.1.1 DVC Capabilities Request PDU

2.2.1.1.1 Version 1 (DYNVC_CAPS_VERSION1)

The DYNVC_CAPS_VERSION1 PDU is sent by the DVC server manager to indicate that it supports version 1 of the Remote Desktop Protocol: Dynamic Channel Virtual Channel Extension. $\leq 1 >$

c)	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
	Cmd Sp cbChI Pad d													,	Vers	sion	l															

Cmd (4 bits): MUST be set to 0x05 (Capabilities).

Sp (2 bits): Unused. SHOULD be initialized to 0x00.

cbChId (2 bits): Unused. MUST be set to 0x00.

Pad (1 byte): An 8-bit unsigned integer. Unused. MUST be set to 0x00.

Version (2 bytes): A 16-bit unsigned integer. MUST be set to 0x0001.

2.2.1.1.2 Version 2 (DYNVC_CAPS_VERSION2)

The DYNVC_CAPS_VERSION2 PDU is sent by the DVC server manager to indicate that it supports version 2 of the Remote Desktop Protocol: Dynamic Virtual Channel Extension. <3>

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
Cmd Sp cbChI Pad Version																															
						Prior	ityC	harç	ge0												F	rior	ityO	Chai	ge1	1					
						Prior	ityC	harç	ge2												P	rior	ityO	Chai	ge	3					

Cmd (4 bits): MUST be set to 0x05 (Capabilities).

Sp (2 bits): Unused. SHOULD be set to 0x00. <4>

cbChId (2 bits): Unused. MUST be set to 0x00.

Pad (1 byte): An 8-bit unsigned integer. Unused. MUST be set to 0x00.

Version (2 bytes): A 16-bit unsigned integer. MUST be set to 0x0002.

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PriorityCharge0 (2 bytes): A 16-bit unsigned integer. Specifies the amount of bandwidth that is allotted for each **priority class**, in accordance with the following algorithm.

PriorityCharge1 (2 bytes): A 16-bit unsigned integer. Specifies the amount of bandwidth that is allotted for each priority class, in accordance with the following algorithm.

PriorityCharge2 (2 bytes): A 16-bit unsigned integer. Specifies the amount of bandwidth that is allotted for each priority class, in accordance with the following algorithm.

PriorityCharge3 (2 bytes): A 16-bit unsigned integer. Specifies the amount of bandwidth that is allotted for each priority class, in accordance with the following algorithm.

The **PriorityCharge** fields determine how much bandwidth is allocated for each priority class. The percentage is calculated using the following formula.

```
Base = PriorityCharge0 * PriorityCharge1 *
    PriorityCharge2 * PriorityCharge3 /
    (PriorityCharge1 * PriorityCharge2 *
    PriorityCharge3 + PriorityCharge0 *
    PriorityCharge0 * PriorityCharge3 +
    PriorityCharge0 * PriorityCharge1 * PriorityCharge3 +
    PriorityCharge0 * PriorityCharge1 *
    PriorityCharge2)
BandwidthPriority1 = Base / PriorityCharge1
BandwidthPriority2 = Base / PriorityCharge2
BandwidthPriority3 = Base / PriorityCharge3
```

Where BandwidthPriorityX is a number between 0 and 1, and the total sum of all BandwidthPriorityX values is equal to 1. If PriorityChargeX is set to 0, the priority formula is not used and the data is sent immediately; remaining bandwidth is shared among channels with non-zero PriorityChargeX values, as described in the formula.

To calculate priority charges from given priorities the formula is as follows.

```
PriorityCharge0 = 65536 / (BandwidthPriority0 * 100)
PriorityCharge1 = 65536 / (BandwidthPriority1 * 100)
PriorityCharge2 = 65536 / (BandwidthPriority2 * 100)
PriorityCharge3 = 65536 / (BandwidthPriority3 * 100)
```

Where BandwidthPriorityX is a number between 0 and 1, and the total sum of all BandwidthPriorityX values is equal to 1.

For example, to have distribution for priority 0 to 3 be 70%, 20%, 7%, and 3%, the priority charges numbers are as follows.

PriorityCharge0 = 65536 / (0.70*100) = 936 PriorityCharge1 = 65536 / (0.20*100) = 3276 PriorityCharge2 = 65536 / (0.07*100) = 9362 PriorityCharge3 = 65536 / (0.03*100) = 21845

Calculating the priority from priority charges, as follows.

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```
Base = 936 * 3276 * 9362 * 21845 /
   (3276 * 9362 * 21845 + 936 * 9362 *
   21845 + 936 * 3276 * 21845 + 936 *
   3276 * 9362) = 655
BandwidthPriority1 = 655/936 = 70%
BandwidthPriority1 = 655/3276 = 20%
BandwidthPriority2 = 655/9362 = 7%
BandwidthPriority3 = 655/21845 = 3%
```

2.2.1.1.3 Version 3 (DYNVC_CAPS_VERSION3)

The DYNVC_CAPS_VERSION3 PDU is sent by the DVC server manager to indicate that it supports version 3 of the Remote Desktop Protocol: Dynamic Virtual Channel Extension. $\leq 5 \geq$

0	1		,	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	З	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	З	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
														-																		
Cmd Sp cbChI Pad Version																																
							Prior	rityCl	harç	ge0												F	rior	rityO	Chai	rge1	1					
							Prior	rityC	harç	ge2												F	rior	rityO	Chai	rge3	3					

Cmd (4 bits): MUST be set to 0x05 (Capabilities).

Sp (2 bits): Unused. SHOULD be set to 0x00.<6>

cbChId (2 bits): Unused. MUST be set to 0x00.

Pad (1 byte): An 8-bit unsigned integer. Unused. MUST be set to 0x00.

Version (2 bytes): A 16-bit unsigned integer. MUST be set to 0x0003.

- **PriorityCharge0 (2 bytes):** A 16-bit unsigned integer. Specifies the amount of bandwidth that is allotted for each priority class, in accordance with the algorithm specified in section <u>2.2.1.1.2</u>.
- **PriorityCharge1 (2 bytes):** A 16-bit unsigned integer. Specifies the amount of bandwidth that is allotted for each priority class, in accordance with the algorithm specified in section <u>2.2.1.1.2</u>.
- **PriorityCharge2 (2 bytes):** A 16-bit unsigned integer. Specifies the amount of bandwidth that is allotted for each priority class, in accordance with the algorithm specified in section <u>2.2.1.1.2</u>.

PriorityCharge3 (2 bytes): A 16-bit unsigned integer. Specifies the amount of bandwidth that is allotted for each priority class, in accordance with the algorithm specified in section <u>2.2.1.1.2</u>.

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2.2.1.2 DVC Capabilities Response PDU (DYNVC_CAPS_RSP)

The DYNVC_CAPS_RSP (section 2.2.1.2) PDU is sent by the DVC client manager to the DVC server manager acknowledging the version level capabilities supported.

C)	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
		Cn	nd		S	бр		ChI 1				Pa	ad										,	Ver	sion	I						

Cmd (4 bits): MUST be set to 0x05 (Capabilities).

Sp (2 bits): Unused. MUST be set to 0x00.

cbChId (2 bits): Unused. MUST be set to 0x00.

Pad (1 byte): An 8-bit unsigned integer. Unused. MUST be set to 0x00.

Version (2 bytes): A 16-bit unsigned integer that indicates the protocol version level supported; MUST be set to the version level supported.

Value	Meaning
0x0001	Version level one is supported.
0x0002	Version level two is supported.
0x0003	Version level three is supported.

2.2.2 Opening a DVC

The DVC server manager initiates opening a DVC by exchanging Create PDUs with a DVC client manager. The server sends a <u>DYNVC CREATE REQ (section 2.2.2.1)</u> PDU to the client, and the client responds with a <u>DYNVC CREATE RSP (section 2.2.2.2)</u> PDU that indicates the status of the client endpoint creation.

2.2.2.1 DVC Create Request PDU (DYNVC_CREATE_REQ)

The DYNVC_CREATE_REQ (section 2.2.2.1) PDU is sent by the DVC server manager to the DVC client manager to request that a channel be opened.

C		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
	0 1 2 3 4 3 0 1 2 3 4 3 0 1 2 3 4 3 0 1 2 3 4 3 0 1 2 3 4 3 0 1 2 3 4 3 0 1 2 3 4 3 0 1 2 3 4 3 0 1 2 3 4 3 0 1 2 3 4 3 0 1 2 3 4 3 0 1 2 3 4 3 0 1																															
													Ch	ann	elNa	ame	e (v	aria	ble)												

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Cmd (4 bits): MUST be set to 0x01 (Create).

Pri (2 bits): Version 1 of the Remote Desktop Protocol: Dynamic Virtual Channel Extension (as specified in section 2.2.1.1.1) does not support priority classes. The client SHOULD ignore this field.

In version 2 of the Remote Desktop Protocol: Dynamic Virtual Channel Extension, this field specifies the priority class for the channel that is being created, with the **Pri** field values 0, 1, 2, and 3 corresponding to PriorityCharge0, PriorityCharge1, PriorityCharge2, and PriorityCharge3, as specified in section <u>2.2.1.1.2</u>. The method of determining priority class is the same for both client to server data and server to client data.

Value	Meaning
0×00	The ChannelId field length is 1 byte.
0x01	The ChannelId field length is 2 bytes.
0x02	The ChannelId field length is 4 bytes.
0x03	Invalid value.

cbChId (2 bits): Indicates the length of the ChannelId field.

ChannelId (variable): A variable-length 8-bit, 16-bit, or 32-bit unsigned integer. This is a server-generated identifier for the channel being created. The DVC server manager MUST ensure that this number is unique within a static virtual channel connection.

ChannelName (variable): A null-terminated ANSI encoded character string. The name of the listener on the TS client with which the TS server application is requesting that a channel be opened.

2.2.2.2 DVC Create Response PDU (DYNVC_CREATE_RSP)

The DYNVC_CREATE_RSP (section 2.2.2.2) PDU is sent by the DVC client manager to indicate the status of the client DVC create operation.

0	1	2	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
	Cmd Sp cbChI ChannelId (variable)																															
														С	reat	tion	Stat	tus														

Cmd (4 bits): MUST be set to 0x01 (Create).

Sp (2 bits): Unused. SHOULD be initialized to 0x00.

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cbChId (2 bits): Indicates the length of the ChannelId field.

Value	Meaning
0x00	The ChannelId field length is 1 byte.
0x01	The ChannelId field length is 2 bytes.
0x02	The ChannelId field length is 4 bytes.
0x03	Invalid value.

ChannelId (variable): A variable length 8-bit, 16-bit, or 32-bit unsigned integer. Set to the value of the **ChannelId** in the <u>DYNVC CREATE REQ (section 2.2.2.1)</u> PDU.

CreationStatus (4 bytes): A 32-bit, signed integer that specifies the HRESULT code that indicates success or failure of the client DVC creation. HRESULT codes are specified in [MS-ERREF] section 2.1. A zero or positive value indicates success; a negative value indicates failure.

2.2.3 Sending and Receiving Data

The maximum size of a message that a sender can pass to a DVC manager is 2^32-1 bytes. The Remote Desktop Protocol: Dynamic Virtual Channel Extension specifies a maximum PDU size of 1,600 bytes. A data PDU consists of a header and message data. When a message that has a data size exceeding 1590 bytes is required to be sent by a DVC manager, the message MUST be sent using a <u>DYNVC_DATA_FIRST (section 2.2.3.1)</u> structure, followed by an optional sequence of <u>DYNVC_DATA (section 2.2.3.2)</u> structures.

For an overview of sending and receiving data, see section 1.3.3.2.

2.2.3.1 DVC Data First PDU (DYNVC_DATA_FIRST)

The DYNVC_DATA_FIRST (section 2.2.3.1) PDU is used to send the first block of data of a fragmented message. It MUST be the first PDU sent when a message has been fragmented. The total length, in bytes, of the message to be sent is indicated in the **Length** field, and the data field contains the first block of the fragmented data.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
	Cr	nd		Le	en		ChI d										Cha	anne	elId	(va	iriat	ole)									
d															Le	engi	th (vari	able	e)											
																	[Data	a (v	aria	ble)									

Cmd (4 bits): This field MUST be set to 0x02 (Data First).

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Len (2 bits): Indicates the length of the Length field.

Value	Meaning
0×0	Length field length is 1 byte.
0×1	Length field length is 2 bytes.
0x2	Length field length is 4 bytes.
0x3	Invalid value; MUST NOT be used.

cbChId (2 bits): Indicates the length of the ChannelId field.

Value	Meaning
0x0	ChannelId field length is 1 byte.
0x1	ChannelId field length is 2 bytes.
0x2	ChannelId field length is 4 bytes.
0x3	Invalid value.

ChannelId (variable): A variable-length 8-bit, 16-bit, or 32-bit unsigned integer. Set to the value of the **ChannelId** associated with the DVC on which the PDU is being sent.

Length (variable): A variable length 8-bit, 16-bit, or 32-bit unsigned integer. Set to total length of the message to be sent.

- **Data (variable):** An array of bytes. The first block of data of a fragmented message. Message data is sent as 8-bit unsigned integers. The DVC header size is defined as the sum of the sizes of the **Cmd**, **Len**, **cbChId**, **ChannelId** and **Length** fields. The length of the data in the **Data** field is determined as follows:
 - If the sum of the DVC header size and the value specified by the **Length** field is less than 1,600 bytes, then the actual data length equals the value specified by the **Length** field.
 - If the sum of the DVC header size and the value specified by the **Length** field is equal to or larger than 1,600 bytes, then the actual data length equals 1,600 bytes minus the DVC header size.

2.2.3.2 DVC Data PDU (DYNVC_DATA)

The DYNVC_DATA (section 2.2.3.2) PDU is used to send both single messages and blocks of fragmented messages.

A single DYNVC_DATA (section 2.2.3.2) PDU is used to send a message when the total length of the message data is less than or equal to 1,590 bytes.

Multiple DYNVC_DATA (section 2.2.3.2) PDUs are used to send messages that have been fragmented and are sent subsequent to a <u>DYNVC_DATA_FIRST (section 2.2.3.1)</u> PDU. DYNVC_DATA (section 2.2.3.2) PDUs are sent until the entire fragmented message has been sent.

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0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
	Cmd Sp cbChI ChannelId (variable)																														
													D	ata	(va	riab	le)														

Cmd (4 bits): MUST be set to 0x03 (Data).

Sp (2 bits): Unused. SHOULD be initialized to 0x00. <7>

cbChId (2 bits): Indicates the length of the ChannelId field.

Value	Meaning						
0×00	ChannelId field length is 1 byte.						
0x01	ChannelId field length is 2 bytes.						
0x02	ChannelId field length is 4 bytes.						
0x03	Invalid value.						

- **ChannelId (variable):** A variable-length 8-bit, 16-bit, or 32-bit unsigned integer. Set to the value of the **ChannelId** associated with the DVC upon which the PDU is being sent.
- **Data (variable):** An array of bytes. Message data is sent as 8-bit unsigned integers. The maximum size of the array is 1,600 minus the length of the DYNVC_DATA header in bytes. The actual size of this field is the length of the packet after reassembly, as described in [MS-RDPBCGR] section 3.1.5.2.2.1, minus the space taken for **Cmd**, **Sp**, **cbChId**, and **ChannelId** fields.

2.2.4 Closing a DVC (DYNVC_CLOSE)

A DYNVC_CLOSE (section 2.2.4) PDU is sent by either a DVC server manager or a DVC client manager to close a DVC. A DYNVC_CLOSE (section 2.2.4) PDU is used for both a close request and a close response.

C		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
	Cmd Sp cbChI ChannelId (variable)																															

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Cmd (4 bits): MUST be set to 0x04. (Close)

Sp (2 bits): Unused. SHOULD be initialized to 0x00.

Value	Meaning						
0x00	ChannelId field length is 1 byte.						
0x01	ChannelId field length is 2 bytes.						
0x02	ChannelId field length is 4 bytes.						
0x03	Invalid value.						

cbChId (2 bits): Indicates the length of the **ChannelId** field.

ChannelId (variable): A variable length 8-bit, 16-bit, or 32-bit unsigned integer. Set to the value of the **ChannelId** associated with the DVC that is being closed.

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3 Protocol Details

The following sections specify details of the Remote Desktop Protocol: Dynamic Virtual Channel Extension, including common, client, and server abstract data models and message processing rules.

3.1 Common Details

The following diagram illustrates the states and transitions of this protocol.

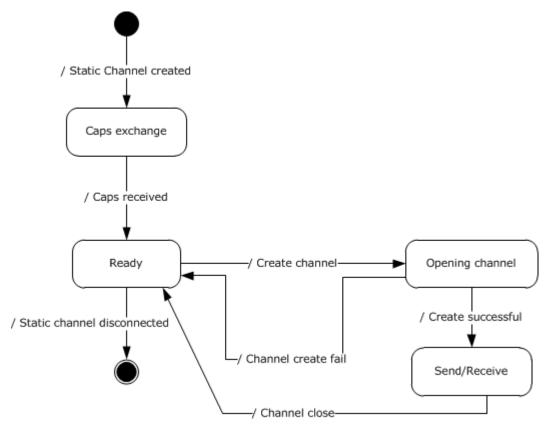


Figure 7: State diagram

- **Static channel created event:** This event signals that the static channel is available to send and receive data, as described in [MS-RDPBCGR] section 3.1.5.2.
- **Caps exchange state:** In this state, the client and the server exchange capabilities, as described in section 2.2.1.
- **Caps received event:** After the capabilities have been received by both sides, the protocol is ready to open dynamic channels.
- **Ready state:** In this state, the protocol can open new channels, as described in <u>2.2.2</u>. For each new channel it will enter new state.
- **Create channel event:** Signifies that the server is requesting a new channel, as described in section <u>2.2.2</u>.

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Opening channel state: In this state, the server awaits a DVC Create Response PDU, as described in section <u>2.2.2.2</u>.

Channel create fail event: The response indicated failure, the channel is closed.

Create success event: The channel is ready to send and receive data.

Send/Receive state: The dynamic channel is ready to send and process incoming data. See below for detailed data processing state diagram.

Channel close event: Close the channel because either the client or the server have sent Closing a DVC packet, as described in section <u>2.2.4</u>.

Static channel disconnected event: This event signifies that the connection between the client and the server is broken and, at this point, the protocol terminates.

The following diagram illustrates data processing while a channel is in the Send/Receive state.

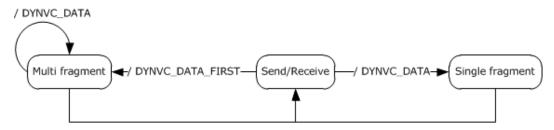


Figure 8: Data processing while a channel is in Send/Receive state

There are basically two substates:

Multi fragment state: This state starts with DYNVC_DATA_FIRST packet and then multiple DYNVC_DATA packets until the amount of data received is equal to the **Length** field of this packet.

Single fragment: Only a single DYNVC_DATA packet is received.

These reassembly rules are described in more detail in section 3.1.5.2.3.

3.1.1 Abstract Data Model

This section describes a conceptual model of possible data organization that an implementation maintains to participate in this protocol. The organization is provided to explain how the protocol behaves. This document does not mandate that implementations adhere to this model, as long as their external behavior is consistent with that described in this document.

- ChannelId: A unique ID that the server generates and sends in a <u>DVC Create Request PDU</u> (section 2.2.2.1). The ChannelId is valid until the server or client issues a Closing a DVC PDU (as specified in section 2.2.4); afterwards, the ChannelId value can be reused in another DVC Create Request PDU.
- **Listener:** A logical object identified by its name which consists of a string of ANSI encoded characters. The server uses the listener name to initiate channel connection by using a DVC Create Request PDU. The client maintains a list of active listeners and uses that list to send a <u>DVC Create Response PDU (section 2.2.2.2)</u>. The client MAY change the list at any time without notifying the server. Changing the list content MUST NOT result in any change in the existing DVC state.

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Priority Class: This field identifies how much bandwidth needs to be allocated for a particular class of channels. The bandwidth used by all channels with the same **Priority Class** MUST have a predetermined allocation, as described in section 2.2.1.1.2. **Priority Class** of value 0 will use the bandwidth calculated from PriorityCharge0, Priority Class of 1 will use PriorityCharge2, and so on.

Version: The number exchanged between clients in DVC Capabilities Request/Response packets, see section <u>2.2.1.1</u>. It is used by both sides to determine what features the protocol supports as described in section <u>3.2.3.1</u>.

3.1.2 Timers

No common timers are used.

3.1.3 Initialization

The TS server DVC manager begins the initialization sequence immediately following the establishment of a static virtual channel session, as specified in [MS-RDPBCGR] section 3.1.5.2. A TS server DVC manager and a TS client DVC manager exchange Capabilities PDUs as described in section 2.2.1 and initialize themselves to the version level negotiated. Individual DVCs are created by the DVC server manager exchanging the DVC Create Request/Response, as described in section 2.2.2, with the DVC client manager only after the Capabilities PDUs have been exchanged.

3.1.4 Higher-Layer Triggered Events

There are no common events specified for the Remote Desktop Protocol: Dynamic Virtual Channel Extension.

3.1.5 Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules

Sending and receiving messages is symmetrical between the DVC server manager and the DVC client manager. After the server creates a DVC, applications running on either the server or the client can initiate sending a message. The PDUs and the sending sequence are the same regardless of who initiates sending the message.

Messages are sent and received using two different PDUs depending on the total length of the message being sent.

- DYNVC DATA FIRST (section 2.2.3.1)
- DYNVC DATA (section 2.2.3.2)

The maximum message size that an application can pass to a DVC manager for sending to a receiver at one time is 2^32-1 bytes. The Remote Desktop Protocol: Dynamic Virtual Channel Extension specifies a maximum PDU size of 1,600 bytes. A data PDU consists of a header and message data. Large messages are fragmented by the sending DVC manager and reassembled by the receiving DVC manager. This is provided as a service to the requesting application.

Data transmitted over an unreliable channel MUST NOT be fragmented because an unreliable channel cannot guarantee that there will be no dropped or out-of-order sequence packets. In terms of the transports described in section 2.1, static virtual channels and UDP-R multitransport connections provide reliable data transportation, while UDP-L multitransport connections are unreliable and MUST NOT transport fragmented data.

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3.1.5.1 Sending Data

3.1.5.1.1 DVC Data First (DYNVC_DATA_FIRST)

When the length of the message data being sent exceeds 1,590 bytes, the <u>DYNVC DATA FIRST</u> (section 2.2.3.1) PDU is sent as the first data PDU. The **Length** field is set to the total length of the message, and the **Data** field contains the first block of fragmented data. Subsequent <u>DYNVC DATA</u> (section 2.2.3.2) PDUs are sent until all the data has been sent.

3.1.5.1.2 DVC Data (DYNVC_DATA)

The <u>DYNVC</u> DATA (section 2.2.3.2) PDU is used to send data when the total length of the PDU message plus the PDU header exceeds 1,600 bytes or the length of the message data being sent is less than 1,590 bytes. In the case where the total length of the PDU message plus the PDU header exceeds 1,600 bytes, the DYNVC_DATA_FIRST (2.2.3.1) PDU is sent as the first data PDU, followed by DYNVC_DATA (2.2.3.2) PDUs until all the data has been sent.

3.1.5.2 Receiving Data

Data transmitted over an unreliable channel MUST NOT be fragmented, because an unreliable channel cannot guarantee that there will be no dropped or out-of-order sequence packets. In terms of the transports described in section 2.1, static virtual channels and UDP-R multitransport connections provide reliable data transportation, while UDP-L multitransport connections are unreliable and MUST NOT transport fragmented data.

3.1.5.2.1 DVC Data First (DYNVC_DATA_FIRST)

When the DVC manager receives a PDU, it checks the **Cmd** field to determine the type of PDU that has been sent. If the **Cmd** field is set to 0x02, the PDU type is <u>DYNVC DATA FIRST (section</u> 2.2.3.1). The **Length** field indicates the total length of the message that is being sent, and the data field contains the first block of the fragmented message. The DVC manager stores the data and reads the next data PDU.

3.1.5.2.2 DVC Data (DYNVC_DATA)

When the DVC manager receives a PDU, it checks the **Cmd** field to determine the type of PDU that has been sent. If the **Cmd** field is set to 0x03, the PDU type is <u>DYNVC DATA (section 2.2.3.2)</u>. This PDU is used to send blocks of fragmented messages or one complete nonfragmented message.

If a DYNVC_DATA (section 2.2.3.2) PDU is preceded by a <u>DYNVC_DATA_FIRST (section 2.2.3.1)</u> PDU, the receiver stores this data with the previously received data and continues to receive DYNVC_DATA (section 2.2.3.2) PDUs until the entire message has been received. The DVC manager reassembles the fragmented data and passes a complete message to the receiver.

If a DYNVC_DATA (section 2.2.3.2) PDU is not preceded by a DYNVC_DATA_FIRST (section 2.2.3.1) PDU, the receiver passes the message in the **Data** field directly to the receiver without further processing.

3.1.5.2.3 Reassembly of Fragmented Virtual Channel Data

The DVC message can span multiple DVC data packets. If a transmission sequence starts with DYNVC_DATA_FIRST (section 2.2.3.1), this indicates a multiple-data packet transmission, with the total length of the data indicated by the Length field of DYNVC_DATA_FIRST packet.

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The data arrives in multiple consecutive DYNVC_DATA (section 2.2.3.2) packets until the total length of the message is received. At this point the message can be processed.

If a transmission sequence starts with DYNVC_DATA packet, then the DVC data message does not span multiple DVC packets and the data can be processed immediately.

3.1.5.2.4 Processing Packet Errors

When an unrecognized or malformed packet is received by the server or the client, the implementation MUST terminate the static virtual channel connection. This action MUST be taken for any unrecognized message or field values.

If a packet is received with a length shorter than the expected length, the implementation MUST terminate the static virtual channel connection.

Out-of-sequence packets, or the receipt of multiples of packets that are supposed to be received only once, MUST terminate the static virtual channel connection.

3.1.6 Timer Events

There are no common timer events.

3.1.7 Other Local Events

There are no local events specified for the Remote Desktop Protocol: Dynamic Virtual Channel Extension.

3.2 Client Details

3.2.1 Abstract Data Model

The abstract data model is specified in section 3.1.1.

3.2.2 Timers

There are no client timers.

3.2.3 Initialization

3.2.3.1 DVC Client Manager Initialization

The Remote Desktop Protocol: Dynamic Virtual Channel Extension encompasses two version levels. The server specifies priority charges in Version 2 (as described in section 2.2.1.1.2); no such priority charges are specified in Version 1. If the client supports channel priorities it MUST set the **Version** field of <u>DYNVC CAPS RSP (section 2.2.1.2)</u> to 2.

Capabilities PDUs are exchanged to negotiate the version level of the Remote Desktop Protocol: Dynamic Virtual Channel Extension that is supported. Three different Capabilities PDUs are used to negotiate version level support.

- <u>DYNVC_CAPS_VERSION1 (section 2.2.1.1.1)</u> PDU is sent by a server to indicate it supports version 1 of this protocol.
- DYNVC_CAPS_VERSION2 (section 2.2.1.1.2) PDU is sent by a server to indicate it supports version 2 of this protocol.

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- <u>DYNVC CAPS VERSION3 (section 2.2.1.1.3)</u> PDU is sent by a server to indicate it supports version 3 of this protocol.
- DYNVC_CAPS_RSP (section 2.2.1.2) PDU is sent by a client to acknowledge the version level it supports.

A Capabilities PDU has the Cmd field set to 0x05.

When a DVC client manager receives a Capabilities Request, it checks the **Version** field to determine what protocol version level the DVC server manager is requesting support for. The client MUST respond with a DYNVC_CAPS_RSP (section 2.2.1.2) PDU indicating the highest version level supported by the client.

3.2.3.1.1 Version Level 1 (DYNVC_CAPS_VERSION1)

A <u>DYNVC CAPS VERSION1 (section 2.2.1.1.1)</u> PDU has the **Version** field set to 0x01.

3.2.3.1.2 Version Level 2 (DYNVC_CAPS_VERSION2)

A <u>DYNVC CAPS VERSION2</u> PDU has the **Version** field set to 0x02.

A DYNVC_CAPS_VERSION2 (section 2.2.1.1.2) PDU specifies a message priority class. The client SHOULD use this information to allocate bandwidth for each priority class for the data that it sends to the server. Section 2.2.1.1.2 specifies how bandwidth is allocated based on the priority class.

3.2.3.1.3 Version Level 3 (DYNVC_CAPS_VERSION3)

A DYNVC_CAPS_VERSION3 PDU has the **Version** field set to 0x03.

A DYNVC_CAPS_VERSION3 (section 2.2.1.1.3) PDU specifies a message priority class. The client SHOULD use this information to allocate bandwidth for each priority class for the data that it sends to the server. Section 2.2.1.1.2 specifies how bandwidth is allocated based on the priority class.

3.2.3.1.4 Capabilities Response (DYNVC_CAPS_RSP)

If a client receives a <u>DYNVC CAPS VERSION1 (section 2.2.1.1.1)</u>, a <u>DYNVC CAPS VERSION2</u> (section 2.2.1.1.2), or a <u>DYNVC CAPS VERSION3 (section 2.2.1.1.3)</u> PDU from the server, it MUST reply with a <u>Capabilities Response PDU (section 2.2.1.2)</u>.

3.2.3.2 DVC Initialization

3.2.3.2.1 DVC Create Response (DYNVC_CREATE_RSP)

When a DVC client manager receives a <u>DYNVC_CREATE_REQ (section 2.2.2.1)</u> PDU from the DVC server manager, it uses the listener name and **ChannelId** to create a named channel. The DVC client manager uses the listener name to locate a listener on the TS client that has advertised itself as being available to accept connections. A client-side listener is created that associates the **ChannelId** with the specified listener. After the channel is created, the listener name is no longer used and all data is sent referencing the **ChannelId**.

The client maintains this channel for the life of the connection.

The client responds to the server with a <u>DYNVC CREATE RSP (section 2.2.2.2)</u> PDU indicating the channel creation status. Any positive or zero value indicates success. A negative value indicates failure.

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3.2.4 Higher-Layer Triggered Events

Channel Close Request: Sent by a listener to the DVC client manager requesting that a DVC be closed.

Send-Data Request: A message passed to the DVC client manager for sending data over a DVC.

3.2.5 Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules

3.2.5.1 Sending and Receiving Data

Sending and receiving messages is symmetrical between the DVC server manager and the DVC client manager. After the server creates a DVC, applications running on either the server or the client can initiate sending a message. The PDUs and the sending sequence are the same regardless of who initiates sending the message. The sending and receiving of data is specified in section <u>3.1.5</u>.

3.2.5.2 Closing a DVC (DYNVC_CLOSE)

A channel can be closed by either a DVC client manager or a DVC server manager. A <u>DYNVC CLOSE</u> (section 2.2.4) PDU is used for both a close request and a close response.

When a DVC client manager receives a DYNVC_CLOSE (section 2.2.4) PDU, the client MAY respond with a DYNVC_CLOSE (section 2.2.4) PDU specifying the **ChannelId**.

When a client initiates a channel-close, it sends an unsolicited DYNVC_CLOSE (section 2.2.4) PDU specifying the **ChannelId** to the server. The server does not respond to the DYNVC_CLOSE (section 2.2.4) PDU.

Upon closing a channel, the client SHOULD remove the **ChannelId** from the list of active **ChannelIds**.

3.2.6 Timer Events

There are no client timer events.

3.2.7 Other Local Events

There are no other local events used by the client.

3.3 Server Details

3.3.1 Abstract Data Model

The abstract data model is specified in section 3.1.1.

3.3.2 Timers

The DVC server manager sets a timer when it is initializing a DVC. The timer is set to expire 10 seconds after the server sends a Capabilities Request to the DVC client manager. The server sends either a <u>DYNVC CAPS VERSION1 (section 2.2.1.1.1)</u>, a <u>DYNVC CAPS VERSION2 (section 2.2.1.1.2)</u>, or a <u>DYNVC CAPS VERSION3 (section 2.2.1.1.3)</u> PDU, depending on the protocol version level it supports. If the client does not respond to the Capabilities Request within 10 seconds, the server fails the creation of the DVC.

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3.3.3 Initialization

Before protocol operation can commence, the static virtual channel MUST be established using the parameters specified in section 2.1.

3.3.3.1 DVC Server Manager Initialization

The DVC managers on the TS server and the TS client initialize themselves by exchanging Capabilities PDUs to negotiate the version level of the Remote Desktop Protocol: Dynamic Virtual Channel Extension that is supported. Three different Capabilities PDUs are used to negotiate version level support:

- <u>DYNVC CAPS VERSION1 (section 2.2.1.1.1)</u> PDU is sent by a server to indicate it supports version 1 of this protocol.
- <u>DYNVC CAPS VERSION2 (section 2.2.1.1.2)</u> PDU is sent by a server to indicate it supports version 2 of this protocol.
- <u>DYNVC CAPS VERSION3 (section 2.2.1.1.3)</u> PDU is sent by a server to indicate it supports version 3 of this protocol.
- <u>DYNVC CAPS RSP (section 2.2.1.2)</u> PDU is sent by a client to acknowledge the version level it supports.

A Capabilities PDU has the **Cmd** field set to 0x05.

Immediately following the establishment of a static virtual channel session, as specified in [MS-RDPBCGR], the DVC server manager begins the initialization sequence. The DVC server manager sets a 10-second timer and sends a DYNVC_CAPS_VERSION1 (section 2.2.1.1.1), a DYNVC_CAPS_VERSION2 (section 2.2.1.1.2), or a DYNVC_CAPS_VERSION3 (section 2.2.1.1.3) PDU to the DVC client manager to indicate its highest version level supported. The DVC client manager MUST respond with a DYNVC_CAPS_RSP (section 2.2.1.2) PDU indicating the highest version level supported by the client. If the client does not respond to a Capabilities Request PDU before the 10second timer expires, the server fails the creation of the DVC.

The DVC server manager MUST adjust to the version level supported by the DVC client manager.

3.3.3.1.1 Version Level 1 (DYNVC_CAPS_VERSION1)

A <u>DYNVC</u> CAPS VERSION1 (section 2.2.1.1.1) PDU is sent to indicate that the highest protocol version level that the DVC server manager supports is version level 1. For PDU initialization see section <u>Version Level 1 (DYNVC CAPS VERSION1) (section 3.2.3.1.1)</u>.

3.3.3.1.2 Version Level 2 (DYNVC_CAPS_VERSION2)

A <u>DYNVC CAPS VERSION2 (section 2.2.1.1.2)</u> PDU is sent to indicate that the highest protocol version level the DVC server manager supports is version level 2. For PDU initialization see section <u>Version Level 2 (DYNVC CAPS VERSION2) (section 3.2.3.1.2)</u>.

3.3.3.1.3 Version Level 3 (DYNVC_CAPS_VERSION3)

A <u>DYNVC</u> CAPS VERSION3 (section 2.2.1.1.3) PDU is sent to indicate that the highest protocol version level the DVC server manager supports is version level 3. For PDU initialization, see <u>Version</u> Level 3 (DYNVC CAPS VERSION3) (section 3.2.3.1.3).

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3.3.3.1.4 Capabilities Response (DYNVC_CAPS_RSP)

The <u>DYNVC CAPS RSP (section 2.2.1.2)</u> PDU is sent by the DVC client manager to indicate the protocol version level it supports.

The version level supported is indicated by the value of the **Version** field. If the client doesn't respond with a Capabilities Response packet within 10 seconds, the server MUST NOT make any further attempts to send a DVC Create Request packet.

3.3.3.2 DVC Initialization

A DVC server manager initializes a channel by exchanging Create PDUs with a DVC client manager.

Two different Create PDUs are used to open a channel:

- DYNVC CREATE REQ (section 2.2.2.1)
- DYNVC CREATE RSP (section 2.2.2.2)

A DVC server manager creates a channel in response to a request by an application running on the TS server to create a channel to a listener running on the TS client. The server creates a channel for the requesting application using a listener name. The server sends the **ChannelId** and the listener name to the DVC client manager. A version 2 server also sends the channel priority to the DVC client manager. The server maintains this **ChannelId** for the life of the channel.

The DVC client manager responds to the DVC server manager with a DYNVC_CREATE_RSP (section 2.2.2.2) PDU indicating the channel creation status. Any positive or zero value indicates success. A negative value indicates failure.

The listener name is only used at channel initialization. After the channel is initialized, all data is sent referencing the **ChannelId**.

The Channel ID MUST be unique within a static virtual channel session.

There is no processing specified by the Remote Desktop Protocol: Dynamic Virtual Channel Extension for a priority class.

3.3.4 Higher-Layer Triggered Events

- Static virtual channel created: Immediately upon creation of a static virtual channel, as specified in [MS-RDPBCGR], the DVC server manager begins the initialization sequence.
- Channel creation request: Sent by an application to the DVC server manager requesting the creation of a DVC with a listener running on a TS client.
- Channel close request: Sent by an application to the DVC server manager requesting the closure of a DVC.
- Send-Data request: A message passed to the DVC server manager for sending data over a DVC.

3.3.5 Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules

3.3.5.1 Sending and Receiving Data

Sending and receiving messages is symmetrical between the DVC server manager and the DVC client manager. After the server creates a DVC, applications running on either the server or the

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client can initiate sending a message. The PDUs and the sending sequence are the same regardless of who initiates sending the message. The sending and receiving of data is specified in section 3.1.5.

3.3.5.2 Closing a DVC (DYNVC_CLOSE)

The closure of a channel can be requested by either an application running on the TS server or a listener running on the TS client. A <u>DYNVC CLOSE (section 2.2.4)</u> PDU is used for both a close request and a close response.

The DVC server manager sends a DYNVC_CLOSE (section 2.2.4) PDU (specifying the **ChannelId** to close) to the DVC client manager. The client replies with a DYNVC_CLOSE (section 2.2.4) PDU.

When a DVC client manager initiates a channel-close, it sends an unsolicited DYNVC_CLOSE (section 2.2.4) PDU specifying the **ChannelId** to the server. The server does not respond to the DYNVC_CLOSE (section 2.2.4) PDU.

Upon closing the channel, the DVC server manager MAY reuse the **ChannelId** in the next <u>DVC</u> <u>Create Request PDU (section 2.2.2.1)</u>.

3.3.6 Timer Events

There are no timer events used by the Remote Desktop Protocol: Dynamic Virtual Channel Extension.

3.3.7 Other Local Events

There are no other local events.

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4 Protocol Examples

The following sections describe several operations as used in common scenarios to illustrate the function of the Remote Desktop Protocol: Dynamic Virtual Channel Extension Specification.

4.1 Annotated Initializing DVCs

4.1.1 DVC Capabilities Request (Version2) PDU

The following is an annotated sample of the DYNVC CAPS VERSION2 PDU (section 2.2.1.1.2).

```
00000000 58 00 02 00 33 33 11 11 3d 0a a7 04
                                                       X...33..=...
58 -> Header bitmask fields
0 - ---
1 - | DYNVC CAPS VERSION2::Cmd = Capabilities (5)
0 -
1 - --/
1 - --\ DYNVC CAPS VERSION2::Sp = 2
0 - --/
0 - --\ DYNVC CAPS VERSION2::cbChId = 0
0 - --/
00 -> Pad
02 00 -> DYNVC CAPS VERSION2::Version = 0x0002 = 2
33 33 -> DYNVC CAPS VERSION2::PriorityCharge0 = 0x3333 = 13107 (~5%)
11 11 -> DYNVC CAPS VERSION2::PriorityCharge1 = 0x1111 = 4369 (~15%)
3d 0a -> DYNVC CAPS VERSION2::PriorityCharge2 = 0x0a3d = 2621 (~25%)
a7 04 -> DYNVC CAPS VERSION2::PriorityCharge3 = 0x04a7 = 1191 (~55%)
```

4.1.2 DVC Capabilities Response PDU

The following is an annotated sample of the DYNVC CAPS RSP PDU (section 2.2.1.2).

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4.2 Annotated Opening a DVC

4.2.1 DVC Create Request PDU

The following is an annotated sample of the DYNVC CREATE REQ PDU (section 2.2.2.1).

```
00000000 10 03 74 65 73 74 64 76 63 00 ..testdvc.

10 -> Header bitmask fields

0 - --\

0 - | DYNVC_CREATE_REQ::Cmd = Create (1)

0 - |

1 - --/

0 - --\ DYNVC_CREATE_REQ::Pri = 0

0 - --/

0 - --\ DYNVC_CREATE_REQ::cbChId = 0

0 - --/

03 -> DYNVC_CREATE_REQ::ChannelId

74 65 73 74 64 76 63 00 -> DYNVC_CREATE_REQ::ChannelName = "testdvc" (null-terminated character string)
```

4.2.2 DVC Create Response PDU

The following is an annotated sample of the DYNVC CREATE RSP PDU (section 2.2.2.2).

```
00000000 10 03 00 00 00 00 .....
10 -> Header bitmask fields
0 - --\
0 - | DYNVC_CREATE_RSP::Cmd = Create (1)
0 - |
1 - --/
0 - --\ DYNVC_CREATE_RSP::Sp = 0
0 - --/
0 - --\ DYNVC_CREATE_RSP::cbChId = 0
0 - --/
03 -> DYNVC_CREATE_RSP::ChannelId
00 00 00 00 -> DYNVC CREATE RSP::CreationStatus = 0x0000000
```

4.3 Annotated Sending and Receiving Data

4.3.1 DVC Data First PDU

The following is an annotated sample of the <u>DYNVC DATA FIRST PDU (section 2.2.3.1)</u>.

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00000030	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71		qqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqq
00000040	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	qqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqq
00000050	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	dddddddddddddd
00000060	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	qqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqq
00000070	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	qqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqq
00000080	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	dddddddddddddd
00000090	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	dddddddddddddd
000000a0	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	dddddddddddddd
000000b0	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	qqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqq
000000c0	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	dddddddddddddd
000000d0	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	qqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqq
000000e0	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	qqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqq
000000f0	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	qqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqq
00000100	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	qqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqq
00000110	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	qqqqqqqqqqqqqqqq
00000120	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	qqqqqqqqqqqqqqqq
00000130	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	qqqqqqqqqqqqqqqq
00000140	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	qqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqq
00000150	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	qqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqq
00000160	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	qqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqq
00000170	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	qqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqq
00000180	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	qqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqq
00000190	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	qqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqq
000001a0	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	aaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaa
000001b0	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	qqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqq
000001c0	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	qqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqq
000001d0	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	qqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqq
000001e0	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	ddddddddddddddd
000001f0	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	qqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqq
00000200	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	dddddddddddddddd
00000210	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	999999999999999999999999
00000220	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	999999999999999999999999
00000220	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	99999999999999999999999
00000230	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	99999999999999999999999
00000250	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	9999999999999999999999999
00000250	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	9999999999999999999999
00000200	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	99999999999999999999999
00000270	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	
00000200	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	ddddddddddddddd
00000230	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	qqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqq
000002a0	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	qqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqq
000002b0	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	qqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqq
000002200 000002d0	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	999999999999999999
000002a0	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71		999999999999999999
	. –	. –	. –	. –	. –	. –	. –	. –	. –	. –	. –	. –	. –	. –	. –	71	ddddddddddddddd ddddddddddddd
00000300		71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71		71						dddddddddddddd
00000310			71														ddddddddddddddd
00000320			71	71	71	71		71									ddddddddddddddd
	. –	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71		71		/1	dddddddddddddd
00000340		71	71	71	71		71	71									ddddddddddddddd
00000350	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71			qqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqq
00000360	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71		71							qqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqq
00000370			71			71											qqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqq
00000380	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71		71							dddddddddddddd
00000390	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	/1	/1	/1	/1	dddddddddddddd
000003a0	71	71	71		71												999999999999999999999999999999999999999
000003b0		71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71		71			dddddddddddddd
000003c0		71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71				71		71	71	dddddddddddddd
000003d0	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	୶ଵ୶୶୶୶୶୶୶୶୶୶୶

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```
24 -> Header bitmask fields
```

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4.3.2 DVC Data PDU

The following is an annotated sample of the <u>DYNVC DATA PDU (section 2.2.3.2)</u>.

0000000 34	4 03	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	4.qqqqqqqqqqqqqqq
00000000 32		71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71		
00000010 7		71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71		99999999999999999
																999999999999999999999999999999999999999
00000030 71		71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71			999999999999999999999999999999999999999
00000040 71		71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71		qqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqq
00000050 71		71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71		dddddddddddddd
00000060 71		71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71		qqqqqqqqqqqqqqqq
00000070 71		71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71		qqqqqqqqqqqqqqqq
00000080 71		71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	dddddddddddddd
00000090 71	1 71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	୶ଵଵଵଵଵଵଵଵଵଵ
000000a0 71		71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	qqqqqqqqqqqqqqqq
000000b0 71	1 71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	qqqqqqqqqqqqqqqq
000000c0 71	1 71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	qqqqqqqqqqqqqqqq
000000d0 71	1 71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	qqqqqqqqqqqqqqqq
000000e0 71	1 71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	ववववववववववववववव
000000f0 71	1 71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	qqqqqqqqqqqqqqqq
00000100 71	1 71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71		qqqqqqqqqqqqqqqq
00000110 71	1 71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71		qqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqq
00000120 71	1 71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71		99999999999999999
00000130 73	1 71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71		99999999999999999
00000140 73	1 71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71		999999999999999999
00000150 71		71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71		ddddddddddddddd
00000160 71		71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71		71	71		99999999999999999999999
00000170 71		71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71		999999999999999999999999999999999999999
00000180 71		71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71		9999999999999999999999
00000190 71		71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	. –			
00000130 71 000001a0 71		71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71		999999999999999999
000001a0 7		71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71		99999999999999999
		71	71	71	. –	71	71	71	71	71	71	71				99999999999999999
		. –	. –	• =	71	. –	• =	. –	• =	. –	. –		71	71		999999999999999999999999999999999999999
000001d0 71		71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71		999999999999999999999999999999999999999
000001e0 71		71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71		999999999999999999999999999999999999999
000001f0 71		71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71				999999999999999999999999999999999999999
00000200 71		71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71		qqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqq
00000210 71		71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71		dddddddddddddd
00000220 71		71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71					dddddddddddddd
00000230 71		71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71		dddddddddddddd
00000240 71		71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71		qqqqqqqqqqqqqqqq
00000250 71	1 71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	qqqqqqqqqqqqqqq
00000260 71	1 71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	qqqqqqqqqqqqqqqq
00000270 71	1 71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	qqqqqqqqqqqqqqq
00000280 71	1 71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	qqqqqqqqqqqqqqqq
00000290 71	1 71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	qqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqq
000002a0 71	1 71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	qqqqqqqqqqqqqqqq
000002b0 71	1 71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	qqqqqqqqqqqqqqqq
000002c0 71	1 71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	qqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqq
000002d0 71	1 71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	qqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqq
000002e0 71																qqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqq
000002f0 71	1 71															qqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqq
00000300 7	1 71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	qqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqq
00000310 7	1 71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	9999999999999999999999
00000320 7	1 71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	99999999999999999999999
																9999999999999999999999
																9999999999999999999999
																999999999999999999999999999999999999999
																999999999999999999999999999999999999999
00000300 /.	± /⊥	/ 1	/ ⊥	/ ⊥	1 1	/ ⊥	/ ⊥	1 1	/ ⊥	/ ⊥	/ ⊥	/ ⊥	/ ⊥	/ ⊥	/ ⊥	4444444444444444

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34 -> Header bitmask fields

```
0 - --\
0 -  | DYNVC_DATA::Cmd = Data (3)
1 -  |
1 - --/
0 - --\ DYNVC_DATA::Sp = 1
1 - --/
0 - --\ DYNVC_DATA::cbChId = 0
0 - --/
03 -> DYNVC DATA::ChannelId = 0x3
```

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71 71 -> DYNVC DATA::Data = (1600 - 2) bytes of actual payload

The last packet in the sequence for the remaining data: DYNVC_DATA PDU (section 2.2.3.2).

4.4 Annotated Closing a DVC

4.4.1 DVC Close PDU

The following is an annotated sample of the DYNVC CLOSE PDU (section 2.2.4).

0.

```
00000000 40 03
40 -> Header bitmask fields
0 - --\
1 -  | DYNVC_CLOSE::Cmd = Close (4)
0 -  |
0 -  --/
0 -  --/
0 -  --/
0 -  --/
0 -  --/
0 -  --/
0 -  --/
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```

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5 Security

The following sections specify security considerations for implementers of the Remote Desktop Protocol: Dynamic Virtual Channel Extension.

5.1 Security Considerations for Implementers

There are no security considerations for Remote Desktop Protocol: Dynamic Virtual Channel Extension messages because all static virtual channel traffic is secured by the underlying RDP core protocol. For an overview of the implemented security-related mechanisms, see [MS-RDPBCGR] section 5.

5.2 Index of Security Parameters

There are no security parameters in the Remote Desktop Protocol: Dynamic Virtual Channel Extension.

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6 Appendix A: Product Behavior

The information in this specification is applicable to the following Microsoft products or supplemental software. References to product versions include released service packs:

- Windows Vista operating system
- Windows Server 2008 operating system
- Windows 7 operating system
- Windows Server 2008 R2 operating system
- Windows 8 operating system
- Windows Server 2012 operating system
- Windows 8.1 operating system
- Windows Server 2012 R2 operating system

Exceptions, if any, are noted below. If a service pack or Quick Fix Engineering (QFE) number appears with the product version, behavior changed in that service pack or QFE. The new behavior also applies to subsequent service packs of the product unless otherwise specified. If a product edition appears with the product version, behavior is different in that product edition.

Unless otherwise specified, any statement of optional behavior in this specification that is prescribed using the terms SHOULD or SHOULD NOT implies product behavior in accordance with the SHOULD or SHOULD NOT prescription. Unless otherwise specified, the term MAY implies that the product does not follow the prescription.

<1> Section 2.2.1.1.1: The DYNVC_CAPS_VERSION1 PDU is supported only in Windows Vista.

<2> Section 2.2.1.1.1: Windows implementations initialize **Sp** to 0x02.

<4> Section 2.2.1.1.2: Windows implementations initialize Sp to 0x02.

<5> Section 2.2.1.1.3: The DYNVC_CAPS_VERSION3 PDU is supported in Windows 8, Windows Server 2012, Windows 8.1, and Windows Server 2012 R2.

<6> Section 2.2.1.1.3: Windows implementations initialize Sp to 0x02.

<7> Section 2.2.3.2: Windows implementations do not initialize this field. As a result, its value is random.

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7 Change Tracking

This section identifies changes that were made to the [MS-RDPEDYC] protocol document between the November 2013 and February 2014 releases. Changes are classified as New, Major, Minor, Editorial, or No change.

The revision class **New** means that a new document is being released.

The revision class **Major** means that the technical content in the document was significantly revised. Major changes affect protocol interoperability or implementation. Examples of major changes are:

- A document revision that incorporates changes to interoperability requirements or functionality.
- The removal of a document from the documentation set.

The revision class **Minor** means that the meaning of the technical content was clarified. Minor changes do not affect protocol interoperability or implementation. Examples of minor changes are updates to clarify ambiguity at the sentence, paragraph, or table level.

The revision class **Editorial** means that the formatting in the technical content was changed. Editorial changes apply to grammatical, formatting, and style issues.

The revision class **No change** means that no new technical changes were introduced. Minor editorial and formatting changes may have been made, but the technical content of the document is identical to the last released version.

Major and minor changes can be described further using the following change types:

- New content added.
- Content updated.
- Content removed.
- New product behavior note added.
- Product behavior note updated.
- Product behavior note removed.
- New protocol syntax added.
- Protocol syntax updated.
- Protocol syntax removed.
- New content added due to protocol revision.
- Content updated due to protocol revision.
- Content removed due to protocol revision.
- New protocol syntax added due to protocol revision.
- Protocol syntax updated due to protocol revision.
- Protocol syntax removed due to protocol revision.

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• Obsolete document removed.

Editorial changes are always classified with the change type **Editorially updated.**

Some important terms used in the change type descriptions are defined as follows:

- Protocol syntax refers to data elements (such as packets, structures, enumerations, and methods) as well as interfaces.
- Protocol revision refers to changes made to a protocol that affect the bits that are sent over the wire.

The changes made to this document are listed in the following table. For more information, please contact <u>dochelp@microsoft.com</u>.

Section	Tracking number (if applicable) and description	Major change (Y or N)	Change type
3.1.5.1.2 DVC Data (DYNVC_DATA)	69300 Updated behavior of the DYNVC_DATA PDU.	Y	Content updated.

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