[MS-OAUT]: OLE Automation Protocol

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Release: Friday, October 25, 2013

Revision Summary

Date	Revision History	Revision Class	Comments
12/18/2006	0.1		MCPP Milestone 2 Initial Availability
03/02/2007	1.0		MCPP Milestone 2
04/03/2007	1.1		Monthly release
05/11/2007	1.2		Monthly release
06/01/2007	1.2.1	Editorial	Revised and edited the technical content.
07/20/2007	2.0	Major	Updated and revised the technical content.
08/10/2007	2.0.1	Editorial	Revised and edited the technical content.
09/28/2007	2.1	Minor	Updated the technical content.
10/23/2007	3.0	Major	Updated and revised the technical content.
11/30/2007	4.0	Major	Updated and revised the technical content.
01/25/2008	5.0	Major	Updated and revised the technical content.
03/14/2008	6.0	Major	Updated and revised the technical content.
05/16/2008	7.0	Major	Updated and revised the technical content.
06/20/2008	8.0	Major	Updated and revised the technical content.
07/25/2008	8.1	Minor	Updated the technical content.
08/29/2008	8.1.1	Editorial	Revised and edited the technical content.
10/24/2008	8.2	Minor	Updated the technical content.
12/05/2008	8.3	Minor	Added Windows 7 Applicability.
01/16/2009	8.3.1	Editorial	Revised and edited the technical content.
02/27/2009	8.4	Minor	Updated the technical content.
04/10/2009	8.4.1	Editorial	Revised and edited the technical content.
05/22/2009	8.4.2	Editorial	Revised and edited the technical content.
07/02/2009	9.0	Major	Updated and revised the technical content.
08/14/2009	9.0.1	Editorial	Revised and edited the technical content.
09/25/2009	9.1	Minor	Updated the technical content.
11/06/2009	10.0	Major	Updated and revised the technical content.

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Date	Revision History	Revision Class	Comments
12/18/2009	11.0	Major	Updated and revised the technical content.
01/29/2010	11.0.1	Editorial	Revised and edited the technical content.
03/12/2010	12.0	Major	Updated and revised the technical content.
04/23/2010	12.0.1	Editorial	Revised and edited the technical content.
06/04/2010	12.0.2	Editorial	Revised and edited the technical content.
07/16/2010	12.0.2	No change	No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content.
08/27/2010	12.0.2	No change	No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content.
10/08/2010	12.0.2	No change	No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content.
11/19/2010	12.0.2	No change	No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content.
01/07/2011	13.0	Major	Significantly changed the technical content.
02/11/2011	13.0	No change	No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content.
03/25/2011	13.0	No change	No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content.
05/06/2011	13.0	No change	No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content.
06/17/2011	13.1	Minor	Clarified the meaning of the technical content.
09/23/2011	13.1	No change	No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content.
12/16/2011	14.0	Major	Significantly changed the technical content.
03/30/2012	14.0	No change	No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content.
07/12/2012	14.0	No change	No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content.
10/25/2012	14.0	No change	No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content.
01/31/2013	14.0	No change	No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content.
08/08/2013	15.0	Major	Significantly changed the technical content.

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11/14/2013	15.0	No change	No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content.

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Contents

	Introduction	
	1.1 Glossary	
	1.2 References	
	1.2.1 Normative References	
	1.2.2 Informative References	
	1.3 Overview	
	1.4 Relationship to Other Protocols	
	1.5 Prerequisites/Preconditions	
	1.6 Applicability Statement	
	1.7 Versioning and Capability Negotiation	
	1.8 Vendor-Extensible Fields	
	1.9 Standards Assignments	18
2	Messages	20
	2.1 Transport	
	2.2 Common Data Types	20
	2.2.1 BYTE	
	2.2.2 IID	20
	2.2.3 LPOLESTR	20
	2.2.4 REFIID	21
	2.2.5 REFGUID	21
	2.2.6 PSAFEARRAY, LPSAFEARRAY	21
	2.2.7 VARIANT Type Constants	
	2.2.8 SAFEARRAY Feature Constants	
	2.2.9 ADVFEATUREFLAGS Advanced Feature Flags	
	2.2.10 CALLCONV Calling Convention Constants	
	2.2.11 FUNCFLAGS Function Feature Constants	
	2.2.12 FUNCKIND Function Access Constants	
	2.2.13 IMPLTYPEFLAGS Feature Constants	
	2.2.14 INVOKEKIND Function Invocation Constants	
	2.2.15 PARAMFLAGS Parameter Feature Constants	
	2.2.16 TYPEFLAGS Type Feature Constants	
	2.2.17 TYPEKIND Type Kind Constants	35
	2.2.18 VARFLAGS Variable Feature Constants	
	2.2.19 VARKIND Variable Kind Constants	
	2.2.20 LIBFLAGS Type Library Feature Constants	
	2.2.21 SYSKIND System Pointer Size Constants2.2.22 DESCKIND Name Description Constants	
	2.2.22 DESCRIND Name Description Constants	
	2.2.23 D3TR	
	2.2.23.2 BSTR Type Definition	
	2.2.23.3 Mapping Between Presented and Transmitted BSTRs	
	2.2.24 CURRENCY	
	2.2.25 DATE	
	2.2.26 DECIMAL	
	2.2.27 VARIANT_BOOL	
	2.2.28 User-Defined Data Types and BRECORD	
	2.2.28.1 User-Defined Data Types	
	2.2.28.2 BRECORD	
	2.2.28.2.1 wireBRECORD	

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2.2.28.2.2 BRECORD	
2.2.29 VARIANT	
2.2.29.1 _wireVARIANT 43	
2.2.29.2 VARIANT	
2.2.30 SAFEARRAY	
2.2.30.1 SAFEARRAYBOUND 46	
2.2.30.2 SAFEARR_BSTR 46	
2.2.30.3 SAFEARR_UNKNOWN 46	
2.2.30.4 SAFEARR_DISPATCH 47	
2.2.30.5 SAFEARR_VARIANT 47	
2.2.30.6 SAFEARR_BRECORD 47	
2.2.30.7 SAFEARR_HAVEIID 48	
2.2.30.8 Scalar-Sized Arrays 48	
2.2.30.8.1 BYTE_SIZEDARR 48	
2.2.30.8.2 WORD_SIZEDARR 49	
2.2.30.8.3 DWORD_SIZEDARR 49)
2.2.30.8.4 HYPER_SIZEDARR)
2.2.30.9 SAFEARRAYUNION 50	
2.2.30.10 SAFEARRAY)
2.2.31 RecordInfoData	
2.2.32 DISPID	3
2.2.32.1 Reserved DISPIDs53	3
2.2.33 DISPPARAMS	
2.2.34 EXCEPINFO	
2.2.35 MEMBERID	
2.2.35.1 Reserved MEMBERIDS	
2.2.36 HREFTYPE	
2.2.37 TYPEDESC	
2.2.38 ARRAYDESC	
2.2.39 PARAMDESCEX	
2.2.40 PARAMDESC	
2.2.41 ELEMDESC	
2.2.42 FUNCDESC	
2.2.43 VARDESC	
2.2.44 TYPEATTR	
2.2.45 TLIBATTR	
2.2.46 CUSTDATAITEM	
2.2.47 CUSTDATA	
2.2.48 SCODE	
2.2.49 IDL Syntax Extensions	
2.2.49 TDE Syntax Extensions	r 7
2.2.49.1 Confidence Categories	,
2.2.49.1.1 Aggregatable Servers	
2.2.49.1.2 Connectable Servers	
2.2.49.2IDL Automation Scope682.2.49.3Automation-Compatible Types70	
2.2.49.4 Automation Interfaces	
2.2.49.4.1 Automation-Compatible Interfaces	
2.2.49.4.2 Dual Interfaces	ł
2.2.49.4.3 Dispinterface Interfaces	
2.2.49.5 Automation Members	ł
2.2.49.5.1 Interfaces Automation Members	
2.2.49.5.2 Bindable Properties75)

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	5.3 Dispinterfaces Automation Members	
	Automation Parameters	
	AIDL Interfaces and ODL Dispinterfaces	
	7.1 Property Equivalence	
2.2.49.3	7.2 Method Equivalence	78
2.2.49.8	Coclass Specifications	78
2.2.49.9	Module Specifications	80
	Referencing External Types	
	ing Handling	
2.2.50	String Equivalence	
2.2.50.1	Globalization	
	omation Hash Values	
	ComputeHash Method	
	ComputeHashDBCS Method	
2.2.51.3	MapDBChar Method	
	Locale Names	
2.2.51.5	Primary Lookup Tables	87
2.2.51.6	DBCS Substitution Tables	92
3 Protocol De	etails	95
	ion Server Details	
	ract Data Model	
	Pro	
	alization	
	age Processing Events and Sequencing Rules	
	Dispatch::GetTypeInfoCount (Opnum 3)	
3.1.4.1	DISDALCD''GELLVDETDIOCOUDE (UDDUUD 3)	90
3.1.4.2	Dispatch::GetTypeInfo (Opnum 4)	97
3.1.4.2 3.1.4.3	Dispatch::GetTypeInfo (Opnum 4) Dispatch::GetIDsOfNames (Opnum 5)	97 97
3.1.4.2 3.1.4.3 3.1.4.4	Dispatch::GetTypeInfo (Opnum 4) Dispatch::GetIDsOfNames (Opnum 5) Dispatch::Invoke (Opnum 6)	97 97 98
3.1.4.2 3.1.4.3 3.1.4.4 3.1.4.4	Dispatch::GetTypeInfo (Opnum 4) Dispatch::GetIDsOfNames (Opnum 5) Dispatch::Invoke (Opnum 6) 1 Invoke Consistency Checks	97 97 98 01
3.1.4.2 3.1.4.3 3.1.4.4 3.1.4.4 3.1.4.4	Dispatch::GetTypeInfo (Opnum 4) Dispatch::GetIDsOfNames (Opnum 5) Dispatch::Invoke (Opnum 6) 1 Invoke Consistency Checks 2 Invoke Argument-Parameter Mapping1	97 97 98 01
3.1.4.2 3.1.4.3 3.1.4.4 3.1.4.4 3.1.4.4	Dispatch::GetTypeInfo (Opnum 4) Dispatch::GetIDsOfNames (Opnum 5) Dispatch::Invoke (Opnum 6) 1 Invoke Consistency Checks 2 Invoke Argument-Parameter Mapping1	97 97 98 01
$\begin{array}{c} 3.1.4.2 \\ 3.1.4.3 \\ 3.1.4.4 \\ 3.1.4.4 \\ 3.1.4.4 \\ 3.1.4.4 \\ 3.1.4.4 \end{array}$	 Dispatch::GetTypeInfo (Opnum 4) Dispatch::GetIDsOfNames (Opnum 5) Dispatch::Invoke (Opnum 6) 1 Invoke Consistency Checks 2 Invoke Argument-Parameter Mapping 1 Handling Default Value and Optional Arguments 	97 97 98 01 01
$\begin{array}{c} 3.1.4.2 \\ 3.1.4.3 \\ 3.1.4.4 \\ 3.1.4.4 \\ 3.1.4.4 \\ 3.1.4.4 \\ 3.1.4.4 \\ 3.1.4.4 \\ 3.1.4.4 \end{array}$	 Dispatch::GetTypeInfo (Opnum 4) Dispatch::GetIDsOfNames (Opnum 5) Dispatch::Invoke (Opnum 6) 1 Invoke Consistency Checks 2 Invoke Argument-Parameter Mapping 1 Handling Default Value and Optional Arguments 1 Argument Coercion 	97 97 98 01 01 01
3.1.4.2 3.1.4.3 3.1.4.4 3.1.4.4 3.1.4.4 3.1.4.4 3.1.4.4 3.1.4.4 3.1.4.4 3.1.5 Time	Dispatch::GetTypeInfo (Opnum 4) Dispatch::GetIDsOfNames (Opnum 5) Dispatch::Invoke (Opnum 6) 1 Invoke Consistency Checks 2 Invoke Argument-Parameter Mapping 3 Handling Default Value and Optional Arguments 4 Argument Coercion 1 Events	97 97 98 01 01 01 02 02
3.1.4.2 3.1.4.3 3.1.4.4 3.1.4.4 3.1.4.4 3.1.4.4 3.1.4.4 3.1.4.4 3.1.5 Time 3.1.6 Othe	Dispatch::GetTypeInfo (Opnum 4) Dispatch::GetIDsOfNames (Opnum 5) Dispatch::Invoke (Opnum 6) 1 Invoke Consistency Checks 2 Invoke Argument-Parameter Mapping 3 Handling Default Value and Optional Arguments 14 Argument Coercion 15 Events 16 Torcal Events	97 97 98 01 01 01 02 02
3.1.4.2 3.1.4.3 3.1.4.4 3.1.4.4 3.1.4.4 3.1.4.4 3.1.4.4 3.1.5 Time 3.1.6 Othe 3.2 Automat	Dispatch::GetTypeInfo (Opnum 4) Dispatch::GetIDsOfNames (Opnum 5) Dispatch::Invoke (Opnum 6) 1 Invoke Consistency Checks 2 Invoke Argument-Parameter Mapping 3 Handling Default Value and Optional Arguments 14 Argument Coercion 15 Events 16 Invoke Interference 17 Invoke Argument Coercion 18 Invoke Interference 19 Invoke Interference 10 Invoke Interference 11 Invoke Interference 12 Invoke Argument-Parameter Mapping 13 Handling Default Value and Optional Arguments 14 Argument Coercion 15 Invoke Interference 16 Int Details 17 Interference 18 Interference 19 Interference 10 Interference 10 Interference 11 Interference 11 Interference 12 Interference 13 Interference 14 Interference 15 Interference 16 Interference 17 Interference 18 Interference 19 Interference 10 Interference 10 Interference	97 98 01 01 01 02 02 02
3.1.4.2 3.1.4.3 3.1.4.4 3.1.4.4 3.1.4.4 3.1.4.4 3.1.4.4 3.1.5 Time 3.1.6 Othe 3.2 Automat 3.2.1 Abst	Dispatch::GetTypeInfo (Opnum 4) Dispatch::GetIDsOfNames (Opnum 5) Dispatch::Invoke (Opnum 6) 1 Invoke Consistency Checks 2 Invoke Argument-Parameter Mapping 3 Handling Default Value and Optional Arguments 1 revents 1 revents 1 involue Interference 1 invoke Argument Coercion 1 argument Coercion	97 98 01 01 01 02 02 02 02
3.1.4.2 3.1.4.3 3.1.4.4 3.1.4.4 3.1.4.4 3.1.4.4 3.1.4.4 3.1.5 Time 3.1.6 Othe 3.2 Automat 3.2.1 Abst 3.2.2 Time	Dispatch::GetTypeInfo (Opnum 4) Dispatch::GetIDsOfNames (Opnum 5) Dispatch::Invoke (Opnum 6) 1 Invoke Consistency Checks 2 Invoke Argument-Parameter Mapping 3 Handling Default Value and Optional Arguments 1 Invoke Koercion 1 Invoke Coercion	97 98 01 01 02 02 02 02 02
3.1.4.2 3.1.4.3 3.1.4.4 3.1.4.4 3.1.4.4 3.1.4.4 3.1.5 Time 3.1.6 Othe 3.2 Automat 3.2.1 Abst 3.2.2 Time 3.2.3 Initia	Dispatch::GetTypeInfo (Opnum 4) Dispatch::GetIDsOfNames (Opnum 5) Dispatch::Invoke (Opnum 6) 1 Invoke Consistency Checks 2 Invoke Argument-Parameter Mapping 3 Handling Default Value and Optional Arguments 1 revents 1 revents 1 involution 1 ract Data Model 1 alization	97 98 01 01 01 02 02 02 02 02 02
3.1.4.2 3.1.4.3 3.1.4.4 3.1.4.4 3.1.4.4 3.1.4.4 3.1.5 Time 3.1.6 Othe 3.2 Automat 3.2.1 Abst 3.2.2 Time 3.2.3 Initia 3.2.4 Mess	Dispatch::GetTypeInfo (Opnum 4) Dispatch::GetIDsOfNames (Opnum 5) Dispatch::Invoke (Opnum 6) 1 Invoke Consistency Checks 2 Invoke Argument-Parameter Mapping 3 Handling Default Value and Optional Arguments 1 Invoke Service 1 Argument Coercion 1 revents 1 in Client Details 1 ract Data Model 1 ract Data Model 1 rage Processing and Sequencing Rules	97 98 01 01 02 02 02 02 02 02 02 02 02 02 02 03 03
3.1.4.2 3.1.4.3 3.1.4.4 3.1.4.4 3.1.4.4 3.1.4.4 3.1.5 Time 3.1.6 Othe 3.2 Automat 3.2.1 Abst 3.2.2 Time 3.2.3 Initia 3.2.4 Mess 3.2.5 Time	Dispatch::GetTypeInfo (Opnum 4) Dispatch::GetIDsOfNames (Opnum 5) Dispatch::Invoke (Opnum 6) 1 Invoke Consistency Checks 2 Invoke Argument-Parameter Mapping 3 Handling Default Value and Optional Arguments 1 Invoke Coercion 1 Argument Coercion 1 revents 1 in Client Details 1 ract Data Model 1 res 1 alization 1 sage Processing and Sequencing Rules	97 98 01 01 02 02 02 02 02 02 03 03 03
3.1.4.2 3.1.4.3 3.1.4.4 3.1.4.4 3.1.4.4 3.1.4.4 3.1.5 Time 3.1.6 Othe 3.2 Automat 3.2.1 Abst 3.2.2 Time 3.2.3 Initia 3.2.4 Mess 3.2.5 Time 3.2.6 Othe	Dispatch::GetTypeInfo (Opnum 4) Dispatch::GetIDsOfNames (Opnum 5) Dispatch::Invoke (Opnum 6) 1 Invoke Consistency Checks 2 Invoke Argument-Parameter Mapping 3 Handling Default Value and Optional Arguments 1 ar Events 1 cord Events 1 invoke Interference 1 arct Data Model 1 alization 1 age Processing and Sequencing Rules 1 ar Local Events 1 ar Events 1 arct Data Events 1 arct Data Model 1 arct Data Model <	97 98 01 01 02 02 02 02 02 03 03 03
3.1.4.2 3.1.4.3 3.1.4.4 3.1.4.4 3.1.4.4 3.1.4.4 3.1.5 Time 3.1.6 Othe 3.2 Automat 3.2.1 Abst 3.2.2 Time 3.2.3 Initia 3.2.4 Mess 3.2.5 Time 3.2.6 Othe 3.3 IEnumV	Dispatch::GetTypeInfo (Opnum 4) Dispatch::GetIDsOfNames (Opnum 5) Dispatch::Invoke (Opnum 6) 1 Invoke Consistency Checks 2 Invoke Argument-Parameter Mapping. 3 Handling Default Value and Optional Arguments. 1 Argument Coercion. 1 revents 1 rocal Events 1 ract Data Model 1 revents 1 ract Data Model 1 revents 1 revents 1 ract Data Model 1 revents 1 revents 1 ract Data Model 1 revents 1 revents 1 revents 1 ract Data Model 1 revents 1 r	97 98 01 01 02 02 02 02 02 02 03 03 03 03 03
3.1.4.2 3.1.4.3 3.1.4.4 3.1.4.4 3.1.4.4 3.1.4.4 3.1.4.4 3.1.5 Time 3.1.6 Othe 3.2 Automat 3.2.1 Abst 3.2.2 Time 3.2.3 Initia 3.2.4 Mess 3.2.5 Time 3.2.6 Othe 3.3 IEnumV 3.3.1 Abst	Dispatch::GetTypeInfo (Opnum 4) Dispatch::GetIDsOfNames (Opnum 5) Dispatch::Invoke (Opnum 6) 1 Invoke Consistency Checks 2 Invoke Argument-Parameter Mapping 3 Handling Default Value and Optional Arguments 1 Argument Coercion 1 revents 1 rocal Events 1 invoke 1 and Ing Default Value and Optional Arguments 1 and Ing Default Value and Optional Arguments 1 and Ing Default Value and Optional Arguments 1 argument Coercion 1 are Events 1 brocal Events 1 aract Data Model 1 and Sequencing Rules 1 ar Events 1 are Events <td>97 98 01 01 02 02 02 02 02 02 02 02 03 03 03 03 03 03</td>	97 98 01 01 02 02 02 02 02 02 02 02 03 03 03 03 03 03
3.1.4.2 3.1.4.3 3.1.4.4 3.1.4.4 3.1.4.4 3.1.4.4 3.1.4.4 3.1.5 Time 3.1.6 Othe 3.2 Automat 3.2.1 Abst 3.2.2 Time 3.2.3 Initia 3.2.4 Mess 3.2.5 Time 3.2.6 Othe 3.3 IEnumV 3.3.1 Abst	Dispatch::GetTypeInfo (Opnum 4) Dispatch::GetIDsOfNames (Opnum 5) Dispatch::Invoke (Opnum 6) 1 Invoke Consistency Checks 2 Invoke Argument-Parameter Mapping. 3 Handling Default Value and Optional Arguments. 1 Argument Coercion. 1 revents 1 rocal Events 1 ract Data Model 1 revents 1 ract Data Model 1 revents 1 revents 1 ract Data Model 1 revents 1 revents 1 ract Data Model 1 revents 1 revents 1 revents 1 ract Data Model 1 revents 1 r	97 98 01 01 02 02 02 02 02 02 02 02 03 03 03 03 03 03
3.1.4.2 3.1.4.3 3.1.4.4 3.1.4.4 3.1.4.4 3.1.4.4 3.1.4.4 3.1.5 Time 3.1.6 Othe 3.2 Automat 3.2.1 Abst 3.2.2 Time 3.2.3 Initia 3.2.4 Mess 3.2.5 Time 3.2.6 Othe 3.3 IEnumV/ 3.3.1 Abst 3.3.2 Time	Dispatch::GetTypeInfo (Opnum 4) Dispatch::GetIDsOfNames (Opnum 5) Dispatch::Invoke (Opnum 6) 1 Invoke Consistency Checks 2 Invoke Argument-Parameter Mapping 3 Handling Default Value and Optional Arguments 1 Argument Coercion 1 revents 1 rocal Events 1 invoke 1 and Ing Default Value and Optional Arguments 1 and Ing Default Value and Optional Arguments 1 and Ing Default Value and Optional Arguments 1 argument Coercion 1 are Events 1 brocal Events 1 aract Data Model 1 and Sequencing Rules 1 ar Events 1 are Events <td>97 98 01 01 02 02 02 02 02 02 02 02 02 02 03 03 03 03 03 03</td>	97 98 01 01 02 02 02 02 02 02 02 02 02 02 03 03 03 03 03 03
3.1.4.2 3.1.4.3 3.1.4.4 3.1.4.4 3.1.4.4 3.1.4.4 3.1.4.4 3.1.5 Time 3.1.6 Othe 3.2 Automat 3.2.1 Abst 3.2.2 Time 3.2.3 Initia 3.2.4 Mess 3.2.5 Time 3.2.6 Othe 3.3 IEnumV/ 3.3.1 Abst 3.3.2 Time 3.3.3 Initia	Dispatch::GetTypeInfo (Opnum 4) Dispatch::GetIDsOfNames (Opnum 5) Dispatch::Invoke (Opnum 6) 1 Invoke Consistency Checks 2 Invoke Argument-Parameter Mapping 3 Handling Default Value and Optional Arguments 1 Argument Coercion 1 revents 1 rocal Events 1 ract Data Model 1 alization 1 alization 1 are Events 1 are Events 1 are Events 1 and Sequencing Rules 1 are Local Events 1 are Total And Model 1 are Events 1 and Sequencing Rules 1 are Events 1 are	97 98 01 01 02 02 02 02 03 03 03 03 03 03 03
3.1.4.2 3.1.4.3 3.1.4.4 3.1.4.4 3.1.4.4 3.1.4.4 3.1.4.4 3.1.5 Time 3.1.6 Othe 3.2 Automat 3.2.1 Abst 3.2.2 Time 3.2.3 Initia 3.2.4 Mess 3.2.5 Time 3.2.6 Othe 3.3 IEnumV/ 3.3.1 Abst 3.3.2 Time 3.3.3 Initia 3.3.4 Mess	Dispatch::GetTypeInfo (Opnum 4)	97 98 01 01 02 02 02 02 02 02 03 03 03 03 03 03 03 04 04 04
3.1.4.2 3.1.4.3 3.1.4.4 3.1.4.4 3.1.4.4 3.1.4.4 3.1.4.4 3.1.5 Time 3.1.6 Othe 3.2 Automat 3.2.1 Abst 3.2.2 Time 3.2.3 Initia 3.2.4 Mess 3.2.5 Time 3.2.6 Othe 3.3 IEnumV/ 3.3.1 Abst 3.3.2 Time 3.3.3 Initia 3.3.4 Mess 3.3.4.1	Dispatch::GetTypeInfo (Opnum 4)	97 98 01 01 02 02 02 02 02 02 02 02 03 03 03 03 03 04 04 04 04
3.1.4.2 3.1.4.3 3.1.4.4 3.1.4.4 3.1.4.4 3.1.4.4 3.1.5 Time 3.1.6 Othe 3.2 Automat 3.2.1 Abst 3.2.2 Time 3.2.3 Initia 3.2.4 Mess 3.2.5 Time 3.2.6 Othe 3.3 IEnumV/ 3.3.1 Abst 3.3.2 Time 3.3.3 Initia 3.3.4 Mess 3.3.4.1 3.3.4.2	Dispatch::GetTypeInfo (Opnum 4) Dispatch::GetIDsOfNames (Opnum 5) Dispatch::Invoke (Opnum 6) 1 Invoke Consistency Checks 2 Invoke Argument-Parameter Mapping 3 Handling Default Value and Optional Arguments 1 Argument Coercion 1 re Events 1 rocal Events 1 ract Data Model 1 re zevents 1 re zevents 1 ract Data Model 1 re zevents 1 re zevents 1 ract Data Model 1 re zevents 1 re zevents 1 re zevents 1 ract Data Model 1 re zevents	97 98 01 01 02 02 02 02 02 02 02 02 02 03 03 03 03 03 04 04 04 04 04 04
3.1.4.2 3.1.4.3 3.1.4.4 3.1.4.4 3.1.4.4 3.1.4.4 3.1.5 Time 3.1.6 Othe 3.2 Automat 3.2.1 Abst 3.2.2 Time 3.2.3 Initia 3.2.4 Mess 3.2.5 Time 3.2.6 Othe 3.3 IEnumV/ 3.3.1 Abst 3.3.2 Time 3.3.3 Initia 3.3.4 Mess 3.3.4.1 3.3.4.2 3.3.4.3	Dispatch::GetTypeInfo (Opnum 4) Dispatch::GetIDsOfNames (Opnum 5) Dispatch::Invoke (Opnum 6) 1 Invoke Consistency Checks 2 Invoke Argument-Parameter Mapping 3 Handling Default Value and Optional Arguments 1 Argument Coercion 1 revents 1 rocal Events 1 ract Data Model 1 revents 1 revents 1 revents 1 ract Data Model 1 revents 1 revents 1 revents 1 revents 1 ract Data Model 1 revents 1 rege 2 revents 1 regee	97 98 01 01 02 02 02 02 02 02 02 02 02 02 03 03 03 03 03 03 03 04 04 04 04 04 05 06
3.1.4.2 3.1.4.3 3.1.4.4 3.1.4.4 3.1.4.4 3.1.4.4 3.1.5 Time 3.1.6 Othe 3.2 Automat 3.2.1 Abst 3.2.2 Time 3.2.3 Initia 3.2.4 Mess 3.2.5 Time 3.2.6 Othe 3.3 IEnumV/ 3.3.1 Abst 3.3.2 Time 3.3.3 Initia 3.3.4 Mess 3.3.4.1 3.3.4.3 3.3.4.4	Dispatch::GetTypeInfo (Opnum 4)	97 98 01 01 02 02 02 02 02 02 02 02 02 02 02 03 03 03 03 03 03 03 03 03 03 03 03 03
3.1.4.2 3.1.4.3 3.1.4.4 3.1.4.4 3.1.4.4 3.1.4.4 3.1.5 Time 3.1.6 Othe 3.2 Automat 3.2.1 Abst 3.2.2 Time 3.2.3 Initia 3.2.4 Mess 3.2.5 Time 3.2.6 Othe 3.3 IEnumV/ 3.3.1 Abst 3.3.2 Time 3.3.3 Initia 3.3.4 Mess 3.3.4.1 3.3.4.2 3.3.4.3 3.3.4.4 3.3.5 Time	Dispatch::GetTypeInfo (Opnum 4) Dispatch::GetIDsOfNames (Opnum 5) Dispatch::Invoke (Opnum 6) 1 Invoke Consistency Checks 2 Invoke Argument-Parameter Mapping 3 Handling Default Value and Optional Arguments 1 Argument Coercion 1 revents 1 rocal Events 1 ract Data Model 1 revents 1 revents 1 revents 1 ract Data Model 1 revents 1 revents 1 revents 1 revents 1 ract Data Model 1 revents 1 rege 2 revents 1 regee	97 98 01 01 02 02 02 02 02 02 02 02 02 02 02 03 03 03 03 03 03 03 04 04 04 04 04 05 06 06

Copyright © 2013 Microsoft Corporation.

3.4 IEnumVARIANT Client Details	
3.4.1 Abstract Data Model	107
3.4.2 Timers	107
3.4.3 Initialization	
3.4.4 Message Processing and Sequencing Rules	
3.4.5 Timer Events	
3.4.6 Other Local Events	107
3.5 ITypeComp Server Details	
3.5.1 Abstract Data Model	107
3.5.2 Timers	
3.5.3 Initialization	
3.5.4 Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules	
3.5.4.1 ITypeComp::Bind (Opnum 3)	
3.5.4.1.1 Binding Context	
3.5.4.1.1.1 Automation Type Library Binding Context	
3.5.4.1.1.2 Automation Type Description Binding Context	110
3.5.4.1.2 Types Returned with Bound Elements	
3.5.4.1.2.1 Types Returned with ITypeLib Members	
3.5.4.1.2.2 Types Returned with ITypeInfo Members	
3.5.4.2 ITypeComp::BindType (Opnum 4)	112
3.5.5 Timer Events	
3.5.6 Other Local Events	
3.6 ITypeComp Client Details	
3.6.1 Abstract Data Model	
3.6.2 Timers	
3.6.3 Initialization	
3.6.4 Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules	
3.6.5 Timer Events	
3.6.6 Other Local Events	
3.7 ITypeInfo Server Details	
3.7.1 Abstract Data Model	
3.7.1.1 Common Automation Type Description Elements	
3.7.1.2 TYPEKIND Dependent Automation Type Description Elements	
3.7.2 Timers	
3.7.3 Initialization	
3.7.4 Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules	
3.7.4.1 ITypeInfo::GetTypeAttr (Opnum 3)	
3.7.4.2 ITypeInfo::GetTypeComp (Opnum 4)	
3.7.4.3 ITypeInfo::GetFuncDesc (Opnum 5)	
3.7.4.4 ITypeInfo::GetVarDesc (Opnum 6)	
3.7.4.5 ITypeInfo::GetNames (Opnum 7) 3.7.4.6 ITypeInfo::GetRefTypeOfImplType (Opnum 8)	120
3.7.4.7 ITypeInfo::GetImplTypeFlags (Opnum 9)	
3.7.4.8 ITypeInfo::GetDocumentation (Opnum 12)	
3.7.4.9 ITypeInfo::GetDllEntry (Opnum 13)	
3.7.4.10 ITypeInfo::GetRefTypeInfo (Opnum 14)	
3.7.4.10 TrypeInfo::CreateInstance (Opnum 16)	
3.7.4.12 ITypeInfo::GetMops (Opnum 17)	
3.7.4.13 ITypeInfo::GetContainingTypeLib (Opnum 18)	
3.7.5 Timer Events	
3.7.6 Other Local Events	
3.8 ITypeInfo Client Details	
3.8.1 Abstract Data Model	

Copyright © 2013 Microsoft Corporation.

3.8.2 Timers127
3.8.3 Initialization127
3.8.4 Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules127
3.8.5 Timer Events
3.8.6 Other Local Events
3.9 ITypeInfo2 Server Details
3.9.1 Abstract Data Model
3.9.2 Timers
3.9.3 Initialization
3.9.4 Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules
3.9.4.2 ITypeInfo2::GetTypeFlags (Opnum 23)
3.9.4.3 ITypeInfo2::GetFuncIndexOfMemId (Opnum 24)131
3.9.4.4 ITypeInfo2::GetVarIndexOfMemId (Opnum 25)132
3.9.4.5 ITypeInfo2::GetCustData (Opnum 26)132
3.9.4.6 ITypeInfo2::GetFuncCustData (Opnum 27)133
3.9.4.7 ITypeInfo2::GetParamCustData (Opnum 28)134
3.9.4.8 ITypeInfo2::GetVarCustData (Opnum 29)134
3.9.4.9 ITypeInfo2::GetImplTypeCustData (Opnum 30)
3.9.4.10 ITypeInfo2::GetDocumentation2 (Opnum 31)
3.9.4.11 ITypeInfo2::GetAllCustData (Opnum 32)
3.9.4.12 ITypeInfo2::GetAllFuncCustData (Opnum 33)
3.9.4.13 ITypeInfo2::GetAllParamCustData (Opnum 34)
3.9.4.14 ITypeInfo2::GetAllVarCustData (Opnum 35)
3.9.4.15 ITypeInfo2::GetAllImplTypeCustData (Opnum 36)
3.9.5 Timer Events
3.9.6 Other Local Events
3.10 ITypeInfo2 Client Details
3.10.1 Abstract Data Model
3.10.2 Timers
3.10.3 Initialization140
3.10.4 Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules140
3.10.5 Timer Events140
3.10.6 Other Local Events140
3.11 ITypeLib Server Details141
3.11.1 Abstract Data Model141
3.11.2 Timers
3.11.3 Initialization142
3.11.4 Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules
3.11.4.1 ITypeLib::GetTypeInfoCount (Opnum 3)
3.11.4.2 ITypeLib::GetTypeInfo (Opnum 4)144
3.11.4.3 ITypeLib::GetTypeInfoType (Opnum 5)
3.11.4.4 ITypeLib::GetTypeInfoOfGuid (Opnum 6)145
3.11.4.5 ITypeLib::GetLibAttr (Opnum 7)
3.11.4.6 ITypeLib::GetTypeComp (Opnum 8)146
3.11.4.7 ITypeLib::GetDocumentation (Opnum 9)
3.11.4.8 ITypeLib::IsName (Opnum 10)
3.11.4.9 ITypeLib::FindName (Opnum 11)148
3.11.5 Timer Events
3.11.6 Other Local Events
3.12 ITypeLib Client Details
3.12.1 Abstract Data Model
3.12.2 Timers

Copyright © 2013 Microsoft Corporation.

3	.12.3 Initialization
3	.12.4 Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules
3	.12.5 Timer Events
-	.12.6 Other Local Events150
	3 ITypeLib2 Server Details150
-	.13.1 Abstract Data Model150
	.13.2 Timers
	.13.3 Initialization151
3	.13.4 Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules
	3.13.4.1 ITypeLib2::GetCustData (Opnum 13)151
	3.13.4.2 ITypeLib2::GetLibStatistics (Opnum 14)
	3.13.4.3 ITypeLib2::GetDocumentation2 (Opnum 15)152
-	3.13.4.4 ITypeLib2::GetAllCustData (Opnum 16)153
	.13.5 Timer Events
	.13.6 Other Local Events
	4 ITypeLib2 Client Details
	.14.1 Abstract Data Model
	.14.2 Timers
	.14.3 Initialization
	.14.4 Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules
-	.14.5 Timer Events
3	.14.6 Other Local Events154
4 D	rotocol Examples
	AIDL-ODL Property Equivalence
4.2	
4.3	•
4.4	
4.5	
4.6	
4.7	
	.7.1 IEnumVARIANT Next() Example
	.7.2 IEnumVARIANT Skip() Example
	.7.3 IEnumVARIANT Reset() Example
	.7.4 IEnumVARIANT Clone() Example
	Reading Type Information
	.8.1 Getting ITypeLib Implementations from Automation Server
4	.8.2 Enumerating on All Types in a Type Library164
4	.8.3 Enumerating on All Enumerations in a Type Library164
4	.8.4 Enumerating All Nonsource Interfaces in a Coclass
4	.8.5 Enumerating All Methods in an Interface165
4	.8.6 Retrieving Type Information
4	.8.7 Binding to a Member of a Default Nonsource Interface of an Appobject Coclass167
4	.8.8 Binding to a Member of a Partner Interface168
	-
5 S	ecurity
5.1	Security Considerations for Implementer169
	Security Considerations for Implementer169
5.1 5.2	Security Considerations for Implementer
5.1 5.2	Security Considerations for Implementer169
5.1 5.2 6 A	Security Considerations for Implementer
5.1 5.2 6 A 7 A	Security Considerations for Implementer
5.1 5.2 6 A 7 A	Security Considerations for Implementer

Copyright © 2013 Microsoft Corporation.

9	Change Tracking	199
10	Index	200

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1 Introduction

The OLE Automation Protocol uses **Distributed Component Object Model (DCOM)** as its transport layer. It provides support for an additional set of types, a late-bound calling mechanism, and type description and discovery. The late-bound calling mechanism is based on dispatch identifiers and a dispatching table that maps the identifiers to specific operations. The dispatch identifiers and the dispatching table are specified by using **IDL** extensions specified in this document. Type description and discovery are based on a set of IDL extensions and a set of interfaces that are implemented by type library and type description servers.

Sections 1.8, 2, and 3 of this specification are normative and can contain the terms MAY, SHOULD, MUST, MUST NOT, and SHOULD NOT as defined in RFC 2119. Sections 1.5 and 1.9 are also normative but cannot contain those terms. All other sections and examples in this specification are informative.

1.1 Glossary

The following terms are defined in [MS-GLOS]:

authentication level Authentication Service (AS) client class identifier (CLSID) Distributed Component Object Model (DCOM) dynamic endpoint endpoint globally unique identifier (GUID) interface Interface Definition Language (IDL) interface identifier (IID) language code identifier (LCID) Microsoft Interface Definition Language (MIDL) Network Data Representation (NDR) object object reference object remote procedure call (ORPC) OBJREF opnum property remote procedure call (RPC) **RPC** protocol sequence **RPC transfer syntax RPC transport** security provider server universally unique identifier (UUID) well-known endpoint

The following terms are specific to this document:

aggregatable server: A COM server that can be contained by another COM server and can allow its interfaces to be used as if they were defined by the containing server.

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol

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Release: Friday, October 25, 2013

- **automation client:** An application that can manipulate objects exposed by other applications, which are also called **automation servers**.
- **Automation Interface Definition Language (AIDL) interface:** An **automation interface** that is not defined with the syntax of properties and methods.
- automation interface: An interface that supports the OLE Automation Protocol.
- **automation scope:** An **IDL** scope that provides a context for **automation types** that are defined or referenced.
- automation scope family: A set of automation scopes that share the same GUID.
- **automation scope generation:** A set of **automation scopes** that belong to the same automation family and share the same version.
- **automation server:** An application that exposes its functionality through COM interfaces to other applications, which are also called **automation clients**.
- automation type browser: A COM client that uses automation type descriptions to examine the functionality provided by an automation type library or an automation server.
- **automation type description:** A **COM server** that describes and provides access to the members of a type that is defined or referenced in an **automation scope**.
- **automation type library:** A **COM server** that provides descriptions of the automationcompatible types that are defined or referenced in an **automation scope**.
- automation types: Types that support the OLE Automation Protocol.
- **bindable server:** A **server** that is able to notify a **client** whenever the value of a specified **property** is changed.
- **byref argument:** An argument to be modified by the invoked automation method. Such an argument is represented as a VARIANT with the VT_BYREF flag set.
- **coclass:** A component **object** (an association between a **class identifier (CLSID)** and a set of named implementations of IUnknown) that is defined using the **coclass** keyword.
- **COM server:** A **server** that provides access to a component **object** (an association between a **CLSID** and a set of named implementations of IUnknown).
- **connectable server:** A **server** that uses specified source **interfaces** to communicate with clients that implement those **interfaces**.

DCOM interface: An ORPC interface.

- **dispatch ID (DISPID):** A 32-bit signed integer used in **automation interfaces** to identify methods, properties, and arguments.
- **dispinterface:** An **automation interface** defined by using the **dispinterface** keyword or as part of a **dual interface**.

dual interface: An interface that can act either as a dispinterface or a DCOM interface.

named argument: An argument specified in a call both by its value and by its **DISPID**. **Named arguments** always follow positional arguments.

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 13 / 205

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- **ODL dispinterface:** An Object Description Language (ODL) **dispinterface** defined using the syntax of properties and methods.
- partner dispinterface: An automation type description that exposes the members of a dual interface as a dispinterface.
- partner interface: An automation type description that exposes the members of a dual interface as a DCOM interface.
- reference dispinterface: A dispinterface defined by referencing a DCOM interface.
- **source interface:** An **interface** that is defined by a **connectable server**, and implemented by a **client** to enable the **server** to initiate communication with the **client**.
- **user-defined type (UDT):** A group of related data items that is declared as one type of information in an **Interface Definition Language (IDL)** file.
- **MAY, SHOULD, MUST, SHOULD NOT, MUST NOT:** These terms (in all caps) are used as specified in [RFC2119]. All statements of optional behavior use either MAY, SHOULD, or SHOULD NOT.

1.2 References

References to Microsoft Open Specifications documentation do not include a publishing year because links are to the latest version of the documents, which are updated frequently. References to other documents include a publishing year when one is available.

A reference marked "(Archived)" means that the reference document was either retired and is no longer being maintained or was replaced with a new document that provides current implementation details. We archive our documents online [Windows Protocol].

1.2.1 Normative References

We conduct frequent surveys of the normative references to assure their continued availability. If you have any issue with finding a normative reference, please contact <u>dochelp@microsoft.com</u>. We will assist you in finding the relevant information. Please check the archive site, <u>http://msdn2.microsoft.com/en-us/library/E4BD6494-06AD-4aed-9823-445E921C9624</u>, as an additional source.

[C706] The Open Group, "DCE 1.1: Remote Procedure Call", C706, August 1997, https://www2.opengroup.org/ogsys/catalog/c706

[MS-DCOM] Microsoft Corporation, "Distributed Component Object Model (DCOM) Remote Protocol".

[MS-DTYP] Microsoft Corporation, "Windows Data Types".

[MS-ERREF] Microsoft Corporation, "Windows Error Codes".

[MS-RPCE] Microsoft Corporation, "Remote Procedure Call Protocol Extensions".

[MS-UCODEREF] Microsoft Corporation, "Windows Protocols Unicode Reference".

[RFC2119] Bradner, S., "Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels", BCP 14, RFC 2119, March 1997, <u>http://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc2119.txt</u>

[RFC4234] Crocker, D., Ed., and Overell, P., "Augmented BNF for Syntax Specifications: ABNF", RFC 4234, October 2005, <u>http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc4234.txt</u>

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 14 / 205

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1.2.2 Informative References

[MS-GLOS] Microsoft Corporation, "Windows Protocols Master Glossary".

[MSDN] Microsoft Corporation, "MSDN Home Page", <u>http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/default.aspx</u>

[MSDN-CALLCONV] Microsoft Corporation, "C++ Calling Conventions", http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/k2b2ssfy(VS.80).aspx

[MSDN-COM] Microsoft Corporation, "Component Object Model", <u>http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/aa286559.aspx</u>

[MSDN-ErrorHandling] Microsoft Corporation, "Win32 and Com Development Error Handling", http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms679320.aspx

[MSDN-SafeArrayAccessData] Microsoft Corporation, "SafeArrayAccessData", http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms221620.aspx

[MSDN-WinHelp] Microsoft Corporation, "WinHelp function", <u>http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms647953.aspx</u>

[SCODE] Microsoft Corporation, "SCODE", http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms527117.aspx

1.3 Overview

The OLE Automation Protocol extends the use of DCOM by providing support for marshaling an additional set of types (known as **automation types**) and by providing support for exposing COM components to **automation clients** (such as scripting engines) through a late-bound calling alternative to the traditional COM calls. Additionally, the OLE Automation Protocol specifies how a type browser can discover and interpret type information provided by a type description **server**.

The automation client and server can be present on the same machine, or on different machines connected by a network. Automation takes advantage of functionality provided by the Microsoft Component Object Model (for more information, see [MSDN-COM]) and the Microsoft Distributed Component Object Model (as specified in [MS-DCOM]) for creating, activating, and managing the lifetime of the objects exposed by an **automation server**.

To support late-bound calling, the OLE Automation Protocol specifies the following:

- How a server defines a set of automation methods that can be dispatched, based on a dispatch ID (DISPID).
- How the server provides a way to map a method name to the DISPID.
- How the server performs the late-bound call, based on the DISPID.

The automation methods are defined by using extensions to the **IDL** language specified in [C706] sections 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, and 14. These extensions provide the definition of **automation interfaces** containing automation methods and properties. Each IDL definition of an automation method and **property** can have a unique (per **interface**) integer value associated with it. This value is defined as a DISPID and is statically discoverable (from the IDL specification of the method), and dynamically discoverable (through a call to <u>IDispatch::GetIDsOfNames (section 3.1.4.3)</u>). This value is then used by automation clients to invoke the automation method, or to set or retrieve an automation property (through a call to IDispatch::Invoke).

To support this late-bound calling mechanism, Automation defines a set of types, <u>VARIANT (section</u> 2.2.29) being the most important of them. A VARIANT can be thought of as a discriminated union of

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 15 / 205

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all automation-supported types. The OLE Automation Protocol imposes the following restriction on the automation interfaces: All types of method arguments and properties can be stored as VARIANT structures.

The following illustration shows a generic automation call sequence:

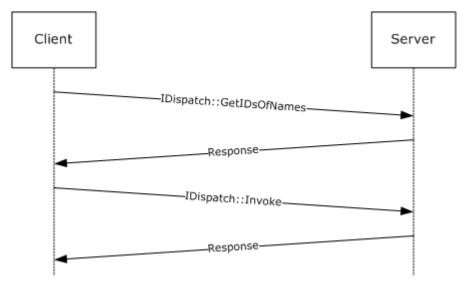


Figure 1: Generic Automation call

This automation call response can be optimized if the automation client knows the DISPIDs associated with an automation server's method at compile time, and forgoes the initial call to GetIDsOfNames:

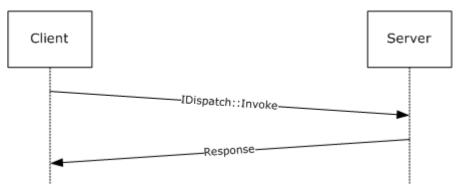


Figure 2: Optimized Automation call

To support type description and discovery, the OLE Automation Protocol specifies:

- How the automation server supports queries for type-description support.
- How to specify an extended set of capabilities and relationships using automation IDL extensions.
- How a server can provide access to the information specified in the IDL.

An automation server specifies that it provides type information by implementing **IDispatch::GetTypeInfoCount (section 3.1.4.1)**, and exposes access to the type description

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 16 / 205

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server that describes the server's **dispinterface** by implementing **<u>IDispatch::GetTypeInfo</u>** (section 3.1.4.2).

The following diagram illustrates a generic query for type information.

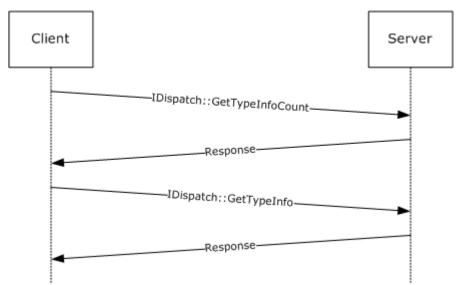


Figure 3: Generic query for type information

To support exposing type information related to **COM servers**, the OLE Automation Protocol specifies the set of types that are used to encapsulate semantic information associated with a COM server, with the interfaces it implements, and with the methods and properties defined on those interfaces (<u>TYPEATTR (section 2.2.44</u>), <u>FUNCDESC (section 2.2.42</u>), and <u>VARDESC (section 2.2.43</u>) being the most important), in addition to the set of interfaces that a server must implement to provide COM clients with access to the type information (ITypeInfo being the central one).

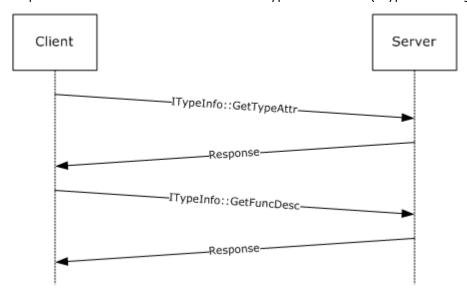


Figure 4: Generic query for type information related to COM servers

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol

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1.4 Relationship to Other Protocols

The OLE Automation Protocol uses the DCOM Remote Protocol, as specified in [MS-DCOM].

1.5 Prerequisites/Preconditions

The DCOM Remote Protocol, as specified in [MS-DCOM], must be installed on both the automation client and automation server.

1.6 Applicability Statement

The OLE Automation Protocol is useful for exposing application functionality to scripting languages and across a distributed environment.

Exposing COM objects as automation servers offers several benefits:

- Exposed objects from many applications are available in a single programming environment. Software implementers can choose from these objects to create solutions that span applications.
- Exposed objects are accessible from any scripting environment or programming tool that implements automation. Systems integrators are not limited to the programming language in which the objects were developed. Instead, they can choose the programming tool or scripting language that best suits their needs and capabilities.
- Object names can remain consistent across versions of an application and can conform automatically to the user's language.

1.7 Versioning and Capability Negotiation

Supported Transports: This protocol uses the DCOM Remote Protocol, as specified in [MS-DCOM], as its transport.

Protocol Version: This protocol comprises two DCOM interfaces: IDispatch and IEnumVARIANT, which are both version 0.0.

1.8 Vendor-Extensible Fields

This protocol uses HRESULTs, as specified in [MS-ERREF]. Vendors can choose their own values for this field as long as the C bit (0x20000000) is set, which indicates that it is a customer code.

This protocol uses Win32 error codes. These values are taken from the Windows error number space, as specified in [MS-ERREF]. Vendors SHOULD $\leq 1>$ reuse those values with their indicated meaning. Choosing any other value runs the risk of a collision.

This protocol uses DISPIDs, which are vendor-extensible. Vendors are free to choose their own values, as long as the method and property DISPIDs are strictly positive 32-bit values. For more information about DISPIDs, see section 2.2.32.

1.9 Standards Assignments

The following **GUIDs** are used by the OLE Automation Protocol.

Constant/value	Description
CLSID_RecordInfo	The OBJREF_CUSTOM unmarshaler CLSID for RecordInfoData

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 18 / 205

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Constant/value	Description
{0000002F-0000-0000-C000- 000000000046}	(section 2.2.31).
IID_IRecordInfo {0000002F-0000-0000-C000- 000000000046}	The value of the IID field of the pRecInfo OBJREF structure (see section 2.2.28.2.1).
IID_IDispatch {00020400-0000-0000-C000- 000000000046}	The GUID associated with the IDispatch interface (see section 3.1).
IID_ITypeComp {00020403-0000-0000-C000- 000000000046}	The GUID associated with the ITypeComp interface (see section 3.5).
IID_ITypeInfo {00020401-0000-0000-C000- 000000000046}	The GUID associated with the ITypeInfo interface (see section 3.7).
IID_ITypeInfo2 {00020412-0000-0000-C000- 000000000046}	The GUID associated with the ITypeInfo2 interface (see section 3.9).
IID_ITypeLib {00020402-0000-0000-C000- 000000000046}	The GUID associated with the ITypeLib interface (see section 3.11).
IID_ITypeLib2 {00020411-0000-0000-C000- 000000000046}	The GUID associated with the ITypeLib2 interface (see section 3.13).
IID_IUnknown {00000000-0000-0000-C000- 000000000046}	The GUID associated with the IUnknown interface.
IID_IEnumVARIANT {00020404-0000-0000-C000- 000000000046}	The GUID associated with the IEnumVARIANT interface (see section 3.3).
IID_NULL {00000000-0000-0000-0000- 00000000000	The GUID that identifies a NULL value (as specified in [C706] section <u>A1</u> nil UUID).

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2 Messages

The following sections specify how OLE Automation Protocol messages are encapsulated on the wire, common OLE Automation Protocol data types, and the IDL extensions that support late-bound calling.

2.1 Transport

This protocol uses **remote procedure call (RPC) dynamic endpoints** (as specified in [C706] sections 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, and 14) and the DCOM Remote Protocol, as specified in [MS-DCOM].

To access an interface, the **client** MUST request a DCOM connection to its well-known **object** UUID **endpoint** on the server, as specified in section 1.9.

The RPC version number for all interfaces MUST be 0.0.

2.2 Common Data Types

This protocol MUST indicate to the RPC runtime that it is to support the **Network Data Representation (NDR)** transfer syntax only, as specified in [C706] sections 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, and 14.

In addition to RPC base types and definitions specified in [C706] and [MS-DTYP], additional data types are defined in the following sections.

2.2.1 BYTE

A **BYTE** is an 8-bit, unsigned value that corresponds to a single octet in a network protocol.

This type is declared as follows:

typedef byte BYTE;

2.2.2 IID

The IID type specifies an interface identifier (IID).

A globally unique identifier (GUID), as specified in [MS-DTYP], section 2.3.4.

This type is declared as follows:

typedef GUID IID;

2.2.3 LPOLESTR

The following is the type definition for the **LPOLESTR** type.

This type is declared as follows:

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typedef [string] wchar t* LPOLESTR;

2.2.4 REFIID

The following is the type definition for the **REFIID** type.

This type is declared as follows:

typedef IID* REFIID;

2.2.5 REFGUID

The following is the type definition for the **REFGUID** type.

This type is declared as follows:

typedef GUID* REFGUID;

2.2.6 PSAFEARRAY, LPSAFEARRAY

Definitions for the **PSAFEARRAY** and **LPSAFEARRAY** types follow:

This type is declared as follows:

typedef [unique] SAFEARRAY* PSAFEARRAY, *LPSAFEARRAY;

2.2.7 VARIANT Type Constants

The **VARENUM** enumeration constants are used in the discriminant field, **vt**, of the VARIANT type specified in section 2.2.29.2. When present, the VT_BYREF flag MUST be in an OR relation with another value to specify the **byref argument** for the VARIANT. The VT_EMPTY and VT_NULL values MUST NOT be specified with the VT_BYREF bit flag.

The following values are also used in the discriminant field, **vt**, of the **TYPEDESC** structure specified in section 2.2.37.

The meaning of each VARIANT type constant is specified as follows. The Context column specifies the context in which each constant is used. A constant MUST NOT be used in a VARIANT unless it is specified with a "V". A constant MUST NOT be used in a SAFEARRAY unless it is specified with an "S". A constant MUST NOT be used in a TYPEDESC unless it is specified with a "T".

```
typedef enum tagVARENUM
{
    VT_EMPTY = 0x0000,
```

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VT NULL = 0×0001 , $VT_{12} = 0x0002,$ $VT_{14} = 0x0003,$ VT R4 = 0x0004, $VT_{R8} = 0x0005,$ VT CY = 0×0006 , $VT_DATE = 0x0007,$ VTBSTR = 0x0008, $VT_DISPATCH = 0 \times 0009$, VT ERROR = $0 \times 000 A$, VT BOOL = $0 \times 000B$, VT_VARIANT = 0x000C, $VT_UNKNOWN = 0 \times 000D$, VT_DECIMAL = 0x000E, VT_I1 = 0x0010, VT UI1 = 0×0011 , $VT_{UI2} = 0x0012$, $VT_{UI4} = 0 \times 0013$, $VT I8 = 0 \times 0014$, $VT UI8 = 0 \times 0015$, VT INT = 0×0016 , VT UINT = 0×0017 , VT VOID = 0x0018, VT_HRESULT = 0x0019, VT_PTR = 0x001A, VT SAFEARRAY = 0x001B, VT CARRAY = $0 \times 001C$, VT_USERDEFINED = 0x001D, VT_LPSTR = 0x001E, VT LPWSTR = 0x001F, VT RECORD = 0x0024, VT INT PTR = 0×0025 , VT UINT PTR = 0×0026 , VT ARRAY = 0×2000 , $VT_BYREF = 0x4000$ } VARENUM;

VT_EMPTY:

Context	Description
V	The type of the contained field is undefined. When this flag is specified, the VARIANT MUST NOT contain a data field. The VARIANT definition is specified in section <u>2.2.29.2</u> .

VT_NULL:

Context	Description
V	The type of the contained field is NULL. When this flag is specified, the VARIANT MUST NOT contain a data field. The VARIANT definition is specified in section $2.2.29.2$.

VT_12:

Context	Description
V, S, T	Either the specified type, or the type of the element or contained field MUST be a 2-byte

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol

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Context	Description
	signed integer.

VT_I4:

Context	Description
V, S, T	Either the specified type, or the type of the element or contained field MUST be a 4-byte signed integer.

VT_R4:

Context	Description
V, S, T	Either the specified type, or the type of the element or contained field MUST be a 4-byte IEEE floating-point number.

VT_R8:

C	Context	Description
N	/, S, T	Either the specified type, or the type of the element or contained field MUST be an 8- byte IEEE floating-point number.

VT_CY:

Context	Description
V, S, T	Either the specified type, or the type of the element or contained field MUST be CURRENCY (see section $\frac{2.2.24}{2.2.24}$).

VT_DATE:

Context	Description
V, S, T	Either the specified type, or the type of the element or contained field MUST be DATE (see section $2.2.25$).

VT_BSTR:

Context	Description
V, S, T	Either the specified type, or the type of the element or contained field MUST be BSTR (see section $2.2.23$).

VT_DISPATCH:

Context	Description
V, S, T	Either the specified type, or the type of the element or contained field MUST be a pointer to IDispatch (see section $3.1.4$).

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VT_ERROR:

Context	Description
V, S, T	Either the specified type, or the type of the element or contained field MUST be HRESULT.

VT_BOOL:

Context	Description
V, S, T	Either the specified type, or the type of the element or contained field MUST be VARIANT_BOOL (see section $2.2.27$).

VT_VARIANT:

С	ontext	Description
V	', S, T	Either the specified type, or the type of the element or contained field MUST be VARIANT (see section $2.2.29$). It MUST appear with the bit flag VT_BYREF.

VT_UNKNOWN:

Context	Description
V, S, T	Either the specified type, or the type of the element or contained field MUST be a pointer to IUnknown.

VT_DECIMAL:

Context	Description
V, S, T	Either the specified type, or the type of the element or contained field MUST be DECIMAL (see section $2.2.26$).

VT_I1:

Context	Description
V, S, T	Either the specified type, or the type of the element or contained field MUST be a 1-byte integer.

VT_UI1:

Context	Description
V, S, T	Either the specified type, or the type of the element or contained field MUST be a 1-byte unsigned integer.

VT_UI2:

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol

Context	Description
V, S, T	Either the specified type, or the type of the element or contained field MUST be a 2-byte unsigned integer.

VT_UI4:

Context	Description
V, S, T	Either the specified type, or the type of the element or contained field MUST be a 4-byte unsigned integer.

VT_18:

Context	Description
V, S, T	Either the specified type, or the type of the element or contained field MUST be an 8-byte signed integer.

VT_UI8:

Context	Description
V, S, T	Either the specified type, or the type of the element or contained field MUST be an 8-byte unsigned integer.

VT_INT:

Context	Description
V, S, T	Either the specified type, or the type of the element or contained field MUST be a 4-byte signed integer.

VT_UINT:

Context	Description
V, S, T	Either the specified type, or the type of the element or contained field MUST be a 4-byte unsigned integer.

VT_VOID:

Context	Description
Т	The specified type MUST be void.

VT_HRESULT:

Context	Description
Т	The specified type MUST be HRESULT.

VT_PTR:

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol

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Context	Description
Т	The specified type MUST be a unique pointer, as specified in [C706] section 4.2.20.2.

VT_SAFEARRAY:

Context	Description
Т	The specified type MUST be <u>SAFEARRAY (section 2.2.30)</u> .

VT_CARRAY:

Context	Description
Т	The specified type MUST be a fixed-size array.

VT_USERDEFINED:

Context	Description
Т	The specified type MUST be user defined.

VT_LPSTR:

Context	Description
Т	The specified type MUST be a NULL-terminated string, as specified in [C706] section 14.3.4.

VT_LPWSTR:

Context	Description
Т	The specified type MUST be a zero-terminated string of UNICODE characters, as specified in [C706], section 14.3.4.

VT_RECORD:

Context	Description
V, S	The type of the element or contained field MUST be a BRECORD (see section $2.2.28.2$).

VT_INT_PTR:

Context	Description
Т	The specified type MUST be either a 4-byte or an 8-byte signed integer. The size of the integer is platform specific and determines the system pointer size value, as specified in section $2.2.21$.

VT_UINT_PTR:

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 26 / 205

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Context	Description
Т	The specified type MUST be either a 4 byte or an 8 byte unsigned integer. The size of the integer is platform specific and determines the system pointer size value, as specified in section $2.2.21$.

VT_ARRAY:

Context	Description
V, S	The type of the element or contained field MUST be a SAFEARRAY (see section $2.2.30.10$).

VT_BYREF:

Context	Description
V, S	The type of the element or contained field MUST be a pointer to one of the types listed in the previous rows of this table. If present, this bit flag MUST appear in a VARIANT discriminant (see section $2.2.28$) with one of the previous flags.

2.2.8 SAFEARRAY Feature Constants

The **SF_TYPE** enumeration values are used in the discriminant field, **sfType**, of a **SAFEARRAYUNION** structure.

The SAFEARRAY feature constants are defined in the SF_TYPE enumeration.

```
typedef [v1_enum] enum tagSF_TYPE
{
   SF_ERROR = VT_ERROR,
   SF_I1 = VT_I1,
   SF_I2 = VT_I2,
   SF_I4 = VT_I4,
   SF_I8 = VT_I8,
   SF_BSTR = VT_BSTR,
   SF_UNKNOWN = VT_UNKNOWN,
   SF_DISPATCH = VT_DISPATCH,
   SF_VARIANT = VT_VARIANT,
   SF_RECORD = VT_RECORD,
   SF_HAVEIID = VT_UNKNOWN | 0x8000
} SF_TYPE;
```

SF_ERROR: This value means that the SAFEARRAY was incorrectly marshaled. The receiver MUST reject any call that has a SAFEARRAY argument with this flag specified, by raising an RPC_X_BAD_STUB_DATA RPC exception.

Hex value is 0x000000A.

Element marshaling size: N/A

SF_I1: The type of the elements contained in the SAFEARRAY MUST be a 1-byte integer.

Hex value is 0x0000010.

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 27 / 205

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Element marshaling size in bytes: 1

SF_I2: The type of the elements contained in the SAFEARRAY MUST be a 2-byte integer. Hex value is 0x00000002.

Element marshaling size in bytes: 2

SF_I4: The type of the elements contained in the SAFEARRAY MUST be a 4-byte integer.

Hex value is 0x0000003.

Element marshaling size in bytes: 4

Element marshaling size in bytes: 8

SF_I8: The type of the elements contained in the SAFEARRAY MUST be an 8-byte integer. Hex value is 0x00000014.

SF_BSTR: The type of the elements contained in the SAFEARRAY MUST be a BSTR.

Hex value is 0x0000008.

Element marshaling size in bytes: 4

SF_UNKNOWN: The type of the elements contained in the SAFEARRAY MUST be a pointer to IUnknown.

Hex value is 0x000000D.

Element marshaling size in bytes: 4

SF_DISPATCH: The type of the elements contained in the SAFEARRAY MUST be a pointer to IDispatch (see section 3.1.4).

Hex value is 0x0000009.

Element marshaling size in bytes: 4

SF_VARIANT: The type of the elements contained in the SAFEARRAY MUST be VARIANT.

Hex value is 0x000000C.

Element marshaling size in bytes: 16

SF_RECORD: The type of the elements contained in the SAFEARRAY is a **user-defined type** (**UDT**) (as defined in section 2.2.28.1.

Hex value is 0x0000024.

Element marshaling size in bytes: 4

SF_HAVEIID: The type of the elements contained in the SAFEARRAY MUST be an <u>MInterfacePointer</u>.

Hex value is 0x0000800D.

Element marshaling size in bytes: 4

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol

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2.2.9 ADVFEATUREFLAGS Advanced Feature Flags

The following values are used in the field **fFeatures** of a **SAFEARRAY** (section 2.2.30.10) data type.

```
typedef enum tagADVFEATUREFLAGS
{
  FADF_AUTO = 0x0001,
  FADF_STATIC = 0x0002,
  FADF_EMBEDDED = 0x0004,
  FADF_FIXEDSIZE = 0x0010,
  FADF_RECORD = 0x0020,
  FADF_HAVEIID = 0x0040,
  FADF_HAVEIID = 0x0100,
  FADF_DSTR = 0x0100,
  FADF_UNKNOWN = 0x0200,
  FADF_DISPATCH = 0x0400,
  FADF_VARIANT = 0x0800
} ADVFEATUREFLAGS;
```

- **FADF_AUTO:** MUST be set if the **SAFEARRAY** is allocated on the stack. This flag MUST be ignored on receipt.
- **FADF_STATIC:** MUST be set if the **SAFEARRAY** is statically allocated. This flag MUST be ignored on receipt.
- **FADF_EMBEDDED:** MUST be set if the **SAFEARRAY** is embedded in a structure. This flag MUST be ignored on receipt.
- **FADF_FIXEDSIZE:** MUST be set if the **SAFEARRAY** cannot be resized or reallocated. This flag MUST be ignored on receipt.
- **FADF_RECORD:** The <u>SAFEARRAY</u> MUST contain elements of a UDT (see section 2.2.28.1)
- FADF_HAVEIID: The SAFEARRAY MUST contain MInterfacePointers elements.
- **FADF_HAVEVARTYPE:** If this bit flag is set, the high word of the **cLocks** field of the **SAFEARRAY** MUST contain a VARIANT type constant that describes the type of the array's elements (see sections <u>2.2.7</u> and <u>2.2.30.10</u>).
- FADF_BSTR: The SAFEARRAY MUST contain an array of BSTR elements (see section 2.2.23).
- FADF_UNKNOWN: The SAFEARRAY MUST contain an array of pointers to IUnknown.
- **FADF_DISPATCH:** The **SAFEARRAY** MUST contain an array of pointers to IDispatch (see section <u>3.1.4</u>).
- FADF_VARIANT: The SAFEARRAY MUST contain an array of VARIANT instances.

2.2.10 CALLCONV Calling Convention Constants

The **CALLCONV** enumeration values are used in the **callconv** field of a FUNCDESC to identify the calling convention of a local method defined in the **automation type library** module, as specified in sections <u>2.2.42</u> and <u>2.2.49.9</u>.

The following calling convention constants are defined in the CALLCONV enumeration:

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 29 / 205

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```
typedef [v1_enum] enum tagCALLCONV
{
    CC_CDECL = 1,
    CC_PASCAL = 2,
    CC_STDCALL = 4
} CALLCONV;
```

CC_CDECL: MUST be set if the method was declared with the cdecl keyword.

CC_PASCAL: MUST be set if the method was declared with the pascal keyword.

CC_STDCALL: MUST be set if the method was declared with the stdcall keyword.

2.2.11 FUNCFLAGS Function Feature Constants

The **FUNCFLAGS** enumeration values are used in the **wFuncFlags** field of a FUNCDESC to identify features of a function, as specified in section 2.2.42.

The function feature constants are defined in the FUNCFLAGS enumeration.

```
typedef enum tagFUNCFLAGS
{
  FUNCFLAG_FRESTRICTED = 0x00000001,
  FUNCFLAG_FSOURCE = 0x00000002,
  FUNCFLAG_FBINDABLE = 0x00000004,
  FUNCFLAG_FREQUESTEDIT = 0x000000010,
  FUNCFLAG_FDEFAULTBIND = 0x00000020,
  FUNCFLAG_FDEFAULTBIND = 0x00000040,
  FUNCFLAG_FUSESGETLASTERROR = 0x00000080,
  FUNCFLAG_FDEFAULTCOLLELEM = 0x00000100,
  FUNCFLAG_FNONBROWSABLE = 0x00000400,
  FUNCFLAG_FREPLACEABLE = 0x00000800,
  FUNCFLAG_FIMMEDIATEBIND = 0x00001000
} FUNCFLAGS;
```

- **FUNCFLAG_FRESTRICTED:** MUST be set if the method or property was declared with the **[restricted]** attribute (as specified in section <u>2.2.49.5.1</u>).
- **FUNCFLAG_FSOURCE:** MUST be set if the method or property is a member of an interface declared with the **[source]** attribute (as specified in section <u>2.2.49.8</u>).
- **FUNCFLAG_FBINDABLE:** MUST be set if the property was declared with the **[bindable]** attribute (as specified in section 2.2.49.5.2).
- **FUNCFLAG_FREQUESTEDIT:** MUST be set if the property was declared with the [requestedit] attribute (as specified in section 2.2.49.5.2).
- **FUNCFLAG_FDISPLAYBIND:** MUST be set if the property was declared with the **[displaybind]** attribute (as specified in section <u>2.2.49.5.2</u>).
- **FUNCFLAG_FDEFAULTBIND:** MUST be set if the property was declared with the **[defaultbind]** attribute (as specified in section <u>2.2.49.5.2</u>).

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 30 / 205

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- **FUNCFLAG_FHIDDEN:** MUST be set if the method or property was declared with the **[hidden]** attribute (as specified in section 2.2.49.5.1).
- **FUNCFLAG_FUSESGETLASTERROR:** MUST be set if the method or property was declared with the **[usesgetlasterror]** attribute (as specified in section 2.2.49.9) and MUST be ignored on receipt.
- **FUNCFLAG_FDEFAULTCOLLELEM:** MUST be set if the method or property was declared with the **[defaultcollelem]** attribute (as specified in section 2.2.49.5.1).
- **FUNCFLAG_FUIDEFAULT:** MUST be set if the method or property was declared with the **[uidefault]** attribute (as specified in section <u>2.2.49.5.1</u>).
- **FUNCFLAG_FNONBROWSABLE:** MUST be set if the property was declared with the **[nonbrowsable]** attribute (as specified in section <u>2.2.49.5.1</u>).
- **FUNCFLAG_FREPLACEABLE:** MUST be set if the property was declared with the **[replaceable]** attribute (as specified in section 2.2.49.5.1). MUST be ignored on receipt.
- **FUNCFLAG_FIMMEDIATEBIND:** MUST be set if the property was declared with the **[immediatebind]** attribute (as specified in section <u>2.2.49.5.2</u>).

2.2.12 FUNCKIND Function Access Constants

The **FUNCKIND** enumeration values are used in the **funckind** field of a <u>FUNCDESC</u> to specify the way that a method is accessed, as specified in section 2.2.42.

The following function access constants are defined in the FUNCKIND enumeration.

```
typedef [v1_enum] enum tagFUNCKIND
{
  FUNC_PUREVIRTUAL = 0x00000001,
  FUNC_STATIC = 0x00000003,
  FUNC_DISPATCH = 0x00000004
} FUNCKIND;
```

- **FUNC_PUREVIRTUAL:** MUST be set if the method described by the **FUNCDESC** structure is a member of an interface whose associated TYPEKIND value is TKIND_INTERFACE (as specified in section 2.2.17).
- **FUNC_STATIC:** MUST be set if the method described by the **FUNCDESC** structure is a method member of the module defined with the **automation scope** (as specified in section 2.2.49.9).
- **FUNC_DISPATCH:** MUST be set if the method described by the **FUNCDESC** structure is a member of an interface whose associated TYPEKIND value is TKIND_DISPATCH (as specified in section 2.2.17). MUST NOT be set if the FUNC_PUREVIRTUAL flag is set.

2.2.13 IMPLTYPEFLAGS Feature Constants

The **IMPLTYPEFLAGS** enumeration values are stored in the pImplTypeFlags parameter of the **ITypeInfo::GetImplTypeFlags** method to specify the implementation features of a COM server, as specified in section <u>3.7.4.7</u>.

The following implementation type feature constants are defined in IMPLTYPEFLAGS.

typedef enum tagIMPLTYPEFLAGS

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 31 / 205

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```
{
   IMPLTYPEFLAG_FDEFAULT = 0x00000001,
   IMPLTYPEFLAG_FSOURCE = 0x00000002,
   IMPLTYPEFLAG_FRESTRICTED = 0x00000004,
   IMPLTYPEFLAG_FDEFAULTVTABLE = 0x00000008
} IMPLTYPEFLAGS;
```

- **IMPLTYPEFLAG_FDEFAULT:** MUST be set if the interface was declared with the **[default]** attribute (as specified in section 2.2.49.8).
- **IMPLTYPEFLAG_FSOURCE:** MUST be set if the interface was declared with the **[source]** or **[defaultvtable]** attributes (as specified in section 2.2.49.8).
- **IMPLTYPEFLAG_FRESTRICTED:** MUST be set if the interface was declared with the **[restricted]** attribute (as specified in section 2.2.49.8).

IMPLTYPEFLAG_FDEFAULTVTABLE: MUST be set if the interface was declared with the **[defaultvtable]** attribute (as specified in section 2.2.49.8).

2.2.14 INVOKEKIND Function Invocation Constants

The **INVOKEKIND** enumeration values are used in the **invkind** field of a <u>FUNCDESC (section</u> <u>2.2.42)</u> to specify the way that a method is invoked using <u>IDispatch::Invoke (section 3.1.4.4)</u>. They are also used in the <u>ITypeInfo2::GetFuncIndexOfMemId</u>, <u>ITypeInfo::GetDilEntry</u> and <u>ITypeComp::Bind</u> methods to distinguish between properties and property accessor methods that have the same <u>MEMBERID (section 2.2.35)</u> but are invoked differently.

Fields and parameters that contain function invocation constants MUST contain a single **INVOKEKIND** value, and MUST NOT contain bitwise combinations of multiple **INVOKEKIND** values.

The function invocation constants are defined in the **INVOKEKIND** enumeration.

```
typedef [v1_enum] enum tagINVOKEKIND
{
    INVOKE_FUNC = 0x00000001,
    INVOKE_PROPERTYGET = 0x00000002,
    INVOKE_PROPERTYPUT = 0x00000004,
    INVOKE_PROPERTYPUTREF = 0x0000008
} INVOKEKIND;
```

- **INVOKE_FUNC:** MUST be set if the type member is a method declared without the **[propget]**, **[propput]**, or **[propputref]** attributes, or to specify that a client method request MUST NOT return a property.
- **INVOKE_PROPERTYGET:** MUST be set if the type member is a property declared with the **[propget]** attribute (as specified in section 2.2.49.5.1), or to specify that a client method request MUST NOT return anything but an **ODL dispinterface** property (as specified in section 2.2.49.5.3) or a property declared with the **[propget]** attribute.
- **INVOKE_PROPERTYPUT:** MUST be set if the type member is a property declared with the **[propput]** attribute (as specified in section 2.2.49.5.1), or to specify that a client method request MUST NOT return anything but a property declared with the **[propput]** attribute.

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 32 / 205

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INVOKE_PROPERTYPUTREF: MUST be set if the type member is a property declared with the **[propputref]** attribute (as specified in section 2.2.49.5.1), or to specify that a client method request MUST NOT return anything but a property declared with the **[propputref]** attribute.

2.2.15 PARAMFLAGS Parameter Feature Constants

The **PARAMFLAGS** enumeration values are used in the **wParamFlags** field of a **PARAMFLAGS** to identify the features of a method parameter, as specified in section <u>2.2.40</u>.

The following table specifies the meaning of each parameter feature constant.

```
typedef enum tagPARAMFLAGS
{
    PARAMFLAG_NONE = 0x0000000,
    PARAMFLAG_FIN = 0x00000001,
    PARAMFLAG_FOUT = 0x00000002,
    PARAMFLAG_FLCID = 0x00000004,
    PARAMFLAG_FRETVAL = 0x00000008,
    PARAMFLAG_FOPT = 0x00000010,
    PARAMFLAG_FHASDEFAULT = 0x00000020,
    PARAMFLAG_FHASCUSTDATA = 0x00000040
} PARAMFLAG;
```

PARAMFLAG_NONE: The behavior of the parameter is not specified.

- **PARAMFLAG_FIN:** MUST be set if the parameter was declared by using the [in] attribute (for more information, see section 2.2.49.6).
- **PARAMFLAG_FOUT:** MUST be set if the parameter was declared by using the [out] attribute (for more information, see section <u>2.2.49.5</u>).
- **PARAMFLAG_FLCID:** MUST be set if the parameter was declared by using the [lcid] attribute (for more information, see section 2.2.49.6).
- **PARAMFLAG_FRETVAL:** MUST be set if the parameter was declared by using the [retval] attribute (for more information, see section 2.2.49.6).
- **PARAMFLAG_FOPT:** MUST be set if the parameter was declared by using the [optional] attribute (for more information, see section <u>2.2.49.6</u>). MUST be set if the PARAMFLAG_FHASDEFAULT flag is set.
- **PARAMFLAG_FHASDEFAULT:** MUST be set if the parameter was declared by using the [defaultvalue] attribute (for more information, see section <u>2.2.49.6</u>).
- **PARAMFLAG_FHASCUSTDATA:** MAY<2> be set if the parameter was declared by using the [custom] attribute (for more information, see section 2.2.49.2).

2.2.16 TYPEFLAGS Type Feature Constants

The **TYPEFLAGS** enumeration values are used in the **wTypeFlags** field of a TYPEATTR to specify the features of a type, as specified in section <u>2.2.44</u>. They also are used in the *pTypeFlags* parameter of the **ITypeInfo2::GetTypeFlags** method.

The function invocation constants are defined in the TYPEFLAGS enumeration.

typedef enum tagTYPEFLAGS

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 33 / 205

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```
{
  TYPEFLAG_FAPPOBJECT = 0x00000001,
  TYPEFLAG_FCANCREATE = 0x00000002,
  TYPEFLAG_FLICENSED = 0x00000004,
  TYPEFLAG_FPREDECLID = 0x00000008,
  TYPEFLAG_FNIDDEN = 0x00000010,
  TYPEFLAG_FCONTROL = 0x00000020,
  TYPEFLAG_FDUAL = 0x00000040,
  TYPEFLAG_FOLEAUTOMATION = 0x00000100,
  TYPEFLAG_FRESTRICTED = 0x00000200,
  TYPEFLAG_FRESTRICTED = 0x00000200,
  TYPEFLAG_FRESTRICTED = 0x00000400,
  TYPEFLAG_FREPLACEABLE = 0x00000800,
  TYPEFLAG_FDISPATCHABLE = 0x00001000,
  TYPEFLAG_FPROXY = 0x00004000
```

- } TYPEFLAGS;
- **TYPEFLAG_FAPPOBJECT:** MUST be set if the type was declared with the **[appobject]** attribute (see section 2.2.49.8).
- **TYPEFLAG_FCANCREATE:** MUST NOT be set if the type was declared with the **[noncreatable]** attribute (see section 2.2.49.8). Otherwise, MUST be set.
- **TYPEFLAG_FLICENSED:** MUST be set if the type was declared with the **[licensed]** attribute (see section 2.2.49.8).
- **TYPEFLAG_FPREDECLID:** MUST be set if the type was declared with the **[predeclid]** or **[appobject]** attributes (see section 2.2.49.8).
- **TYPEFLAG_FHIDDEN:** MUST be set if the type was declared with the **[hidden]** attribute (see section 2.2.49.8).
- **TYPEFLAG_FCONTROL:** MUST be set if the type was declared with the **[control]** attribute (see section 2.2.49.8).
- **TYPEFLAG_FDUAL:** MUST be set if the type was declared with the **[dual]** attribute (see section <u>2.2.49.4.2</u>).
- **TYPEFLAG_FNONEXTENSIBLE:** MUST be set if the type was declared with the **[nonextensible]** attribute (see section <u>2.2.49.4</u>).
- **TYPEFLAG_FOLEAUTOMATION:** MUST be set if the type is a **DCOM interface** that was declared with the **[oleautomation]** or **[dual]** attributes (see section <u>2.2.49.4</u>). MUST NOT be set if the type is a dispinterface.
- **TYPEFLAG_FRESTRICTED:** MUST be set if the type was declared with the **[restricted]** attribute (see section 2.2.49.5.1).
- **TYPEFLAG_FAGGREGATABLE:** MUST be set if the type was declared with the **[aggregatable]** attribute (see section 2.2.49.8).
- **TYPEFLAG_FREPLACEABLE:** MUST be set if the type contains a member that was declared with the **[replaceable]** attribute (see section 2.2.49.5.1). MUST be ignored on receipt.
- **TYPEFLAG_FDISPATCHABLE:** MUST be set if the type derives from IDispatch, either directly or indirectly. MUST be set if the type is a dispinterface or **dual interface**<<u>3></u> (see section <u>2.2.49.4.2</u>).

34 / 205

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TYPEFLAG_FPROXY: MUST be set if the type was declared with the **[proxy]** attribute (see section 2.2.49.4). MUST be ignored on receipt.

2.2.17 TYPEKIND Type Kind Constants

The **TYPEKIND** enumeration values are used in the **typekind** field of a TYPEATTR to specify the features of a type, as specified in section 2.2.44. They are also used in the *pTypeKind* parameter of the **ITypeInfo2::GetTypeKind** method, as specified in section 3.9.4.1.

The type kind constants are defined in the **TYPEKIND** enumeration.

```
typedef [v1_enum] enum tagTYPEKIND
{
   TKIND_ENUM = 0x00000000,
   TKIND_RECORD = 0x00000001,
   TKIND_MODULE = 0x00000002,
   TKIND_INTERFACE = 0x00000003,
   TKIND_DISPATCH = 0x00000004,
   TKIND_COCLASS = 0x00000005,
   TKIND_ALIAS = 0x00000006,
   TKIND_UNION = 0x0000007
} TYPEKIND;
```

- **TKIND_ENUM:** MUST be used if the type is an enumeration that was defined with the **typedef** and **enum** keywords.
- **TKIND_RECORD:** MUST be used if the type is a structure that was defined with the **typedef** and **struct** keywords.
- **TKIND_MODULE:** MUST be used if the type is a module that was defined with the **module** keyword.
- **TKIND_INTERFACE:** MUST be used if the type is a DCOM interface that was defined with the **interface** keyword.
- **TKIND_DISPATCH:** MUST be used if the type is a dispinterface that was defined with either the **dispinterface** keyword or the **interface** keyword with the **[dual]** attribute.
- **TKIND_COCLASS:** MUST be used if the type is a COM server that was defined with the **coclass** keyword.
- **TKIND_ALIAS:** MUST be used if the type is an alias for a predefined type that was defined with the **typedef** keyword and added to the automation scope by using the **[public]** attribute as specified in section 2.2.49.3.
- **TKIND_UNION:** MUST be used if the type is a union that was defined with the **typedef** and **union** keywords.

2.2.18 VARFLAGS Variable Feature Constants

The **VARFLAGS** enumeration values are used in the **wVarFlags** field of a <u>VARDESC</u> to specify the features of a field, constant, or ODL dispinterface property, as specified in section <u>2.2.43</u>.

The variable feature constants are defined in the VARFLAGS enumeration.

typedef enum tagVARFLAGS

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol

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```
{
    VARFLAG_FREADONLY = 0x00000001,
    VARFLAG_FSOURCE = 0x00000002,
    VARFLAG_FBINDABLE = 0x00000004,
    VARFLAG_FDISPLAYBIND = 0x00000008,
    VARFLAG_FDEFAULTBIND = 0x00000020,
    VARFLAG_FDEFAULTBIND = 0x0000004,
    VARFLAG_FDEFAULTCOLLELEM = 0x00000100,
    VARFLAG_FNONBROWSABLE = 0x00000400,
    VARFLAG_FREPLACEABLE = 0x00000400,
    VARFLAG_FIMMEDIATEBIND = 0x00001000
} VARFLAG_FIMMEDIATEBIND = 0x00000100
```

- **VARFLAG_FREADONLY:** MUST be set if the variable is an ODL dispinterface property that was declared with the [readonly] attribute (see section 2.2.49.5.3).
- **VARFLAG_FSOURCE:** MUST be set if the variable is a property member of an ODL interface that was declared with the [source] attribute (see section <u>2.2.49.8</u>).
- **VARFLAG_FBINDABLE:** MUST be set if the variable is an ODL dispinterface property that was declared with the [bindable] attribute (see section <u>2.2.49.5.2</u>).
- **VARFLAG_FREQUESTEDIT:** MUST be set if the variable is an ODL dispinterface property that was declared with the [requestedit] attribute (see section <u>2.2.49.5.2</u>).
- **VARFLAG_FDISPLAYBIND:** MUST be set if the variable is an ODL dispinterface property that was declared with the [displaybind] attribute (see section <u>2.2.49.5.2</u>).
- **VARFLAG_FDEFAULTBIND:** MUST be set if the variable is an ODL dispinterface property that was declared with the [defaultbind] attribute (see section 2.2.49.5.2).
- **VARFLAG_FHIDDEN:** MUST be set if the variable is a member of a type that was declared with the [hidden] attribute (see section <u>2.2.49.5.1</u>).
- **VARFLAG_FRESTRICTED:** MUST be set if the variable is a member of a type that was declared with the [restricted] attribute (see section 2.2.49.5.1).
- **VARFLAG_FDEFAULTCOLLELEM:** MUST be set if the variable is an ODL dispinterface property that was declared with the [defaultcollelem] attribute (see section <u>2.2.49.5.1</u>).
- **VARFLAG_FUIDEFAULT:** MUST be set if the variable is an ODL dispinterface property that was declared with the [uidefault] attribute (see section <u>2.2.49.5.1</u>).
- **VARFLAG_FNONBROWSABLE:** MUST be set if the variable is an ODL dispinterface property that was declared with the [nonbrowsable] attribute (see section <u>2.2.49.5.1</u>).
- **VARFLAG_FREPLACEABLE:** MUST be set if the variable is an ODL dispinterface property that was declared with the [replaceable] attribute (see section <u>2.2.49.5.1</u>). MUST be ignored on receipt.
- **VARFLAG_FIMMEDIATEBIND:** MUST be set if the variable is an ODL dispinterface property that was declared with the [immediatebind] attribute (see section <u>2.2.49.5.2</u>).

36 / 205

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2.2.19 VARKIND Variable Kind Constants

The **VARKIND** enumeration values are used in the **varkind** field of a <u>VARDESC</u> to specify the kind of element that is described by the **VARDESC**, as specified in section 2.2.43.

The variable kind constants are defined in the VARKIND enumeration:

```
typedef [v1_enum] enum tagVARKIND
{
    VAR_PERINSTANCE = 0x00000000,
    VAR_STATIC = 0x00000001,
    VAR_CONST = 0x00000002,
    VAR_DISPATCH = 0x00000003
} VARKIND;
```

VAR_PERINSTANCE: MUST be used if the **VARDESC** describes a member of a structure or union.

VAR_STATIC: MUST be used if the **VARDESC** describes an appobject **coclass** (see section <u>2.2.49.8</u>).

VAR_CONST: MUST be used if the VARDESC describes a member of a module or enumeration.

VAR_DISPATCH: MUST be used if the VARDESC describes an ODL dispinterface property (see section <u>2.2.49.5.3</u>).

2.2.20 LIBFLAGS Type Library Feature Constants

The **LIBFLAGS** enumeration values are used in the **wLibFlags** field of a TLIBATTR to specify the features of the automation scope of an ITypeLib server, as specified in section 2.2.45.

The Type library feature constants are defined in the LIBFLAGS enumeration.

```
typedef [v1_enum] enum tagLIBFLAGS
{
  LIBFLAG_FRESTRICTED = 0x00000001,
  LIBFLAG_FCONTROL = 0x00000002,
  LIBFLAG_FHIDDEN = 0x00000004,
  LIBFLAG_FHASDISKIMAGE = 0x00000008
} LIBFLAGS;
```

LIBFLAG_FRESTRICTED: MUST be set if the automation scope was declared with the **[restricted]** attribute (as specified in section <u>2.2.49.2</u>).

LIBFLAG_FCONTROL: MUST be set if the automation scope was declared with the **[control]** attribute (as specified in section <u>2.2.49.2</u>).

LIBFLAG_FHIDDEN: MUST be set if the automation scope was declared with the **[hidden]** attribute (as specified in section 2.2.49.2).

LIBFLAG_FHASDISKIMAGE: MAY be set <4> and MUST be ignored on receipt.

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 37 / 205

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2.2.21 SYSKIND System Pointer Size Constants

SYSKIND are used in the **syskind** field of a **<u>TLIBATTR</u>** to specify the system pointer size value, as specified in section <u>2.2.45</u>.

The system pointer size constants are defined in the SYSKIND enumeration.

```
typedef [v1_enum] enum tagSYSKIND
{
   SYS_WIN32 = 0x00000001,
   SYS_WIN64 = 0x0000003
} SYSKIND;
```

SYS_WIN32: MUST be set if the automation type library uses 32 bits for pointer-sized values.

SYS_WIN64: MUST be set if the automation type library uses 64 bits for pointer-sized values.

2.2.22 DESCKIND Name Description Constants

The **DESCKIND Name Description Constants** enumeration values are used by the **ITypeComp::Bind** method to indicate the kind of element to which a name has been bound, as specified in section <u>3.5.4.1</u>.

The name description constants are defined in the DESCKIND enumeration.

```
typedef [v1_enum] enum tagDESCKIND
{
    DESCKIND_NONE = 0x00000000,
    DESCKIND_FUNCDESC = 0x00000001,
    DESCKIND_VARDESC = 0x00000002,
    DESCKIND_TYPECOMP = 0x00000003,
    DESCKIND_IMPLICITAPPOBJ = 0x0000004
} DESCKIND;
```

DESCKIND_NONE: MUST be set if there is no element bound to the name.

DESCKIND_FUNCDESC: MUST be set if the name is bound to a method or property accessor method. MUST NOT be set if the name is bound to an <u>ODL dispinterface</u> property.

DESCKIND_VARDESC: MUST be set if the name is bound to a data element or <u>ODL</u> <u>dispinterface</u> property.

DESCKIND_TYPECOMP: MUST be set if the name is bound to an enumeration or module.

DESCKIND_IMPLICITAPPOBJ: MUST be set if the name is bound to an appobject coclass (see section 2.2.49.8) or a member of its default nonsource interface (also see 2.2.49.8).

2.2.23 BSTR

BSTR is an OLE automation type for transferring length-prefixed strings, either Unicode or ANSI, as well as length-prefixed binary data.

The **BSTR** type defined in this section specifies the wire representation of a length-prefixed data block whose memory representation is specified in [MS-DTYP] section 2.2.5. To clarify, the memory

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 38 / 205

```
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```

specification will be referred to as the presented **BSTR**, and the wire specification will be referred to as the transmitted **BSTR**.

For any document referencing both [MS-DTYP] and [MS-OAUT], specifying **BSTR** in a wire representation context MUST be considered as a reference to the transmitted **BSTR** type, while specifying **BSTR** in a memory representation context MUST be considered as a reference to the presented **BSTR** type ([MS-DTYP] section 2.2.5). Reflecting the terminology used for presented **BSTRs**, a **NULL BSTR**, or NULL transmitted **BSTR**, is defined as the wire representation of a NULL presented BSTR; and an empty **BSTR**, or empty transmitted **BSTR**, is defined as the wire representation of a zero-length presented **BSTR**. Preserving this distinction in the wire representation enables clients and servers to distinguish between NULL presented **BSTRs** and zero-length presented **BSTRs**, and thus associate possibly different, application-specific semantics to these two values.

2.2.23.1 FLAGGED_WORD_BLOB

The FLAGGED_WORD_BLOB structure defines a type for transferring length-prefixed data.

```
typedef struct _FLAGGED_WORD_BLOB {
    unsigned long cBytes;
    unsigned long clSize;
    [size_is(clSize)] unsigned short asData[];
} FLAGGED WORD BLOB;
```

cBytes: MUST be the size, in bytes, of the **asData** array.

Note A value of 0xFFFFFFF MUST be considered as representing a null BSTR.

clSize: MUST be the total number of unsigned shorts in the asData array. This value MUST be half the value of **cBytes**, rounded up, unless this is a null **BSTR**. In the latter case, a value of 0 MUST be used.

asData: An array of unsigned shorts. If clSize is 0, asData MUST not contain any elements.

Data of this type MUST be marshaled as specified in [C706], section 14, with the exception that it MUST be marshaled by using a little-endian data representation regardless of the data representation format label. For more information, see [C706] section 14.2.5.

2.2.23.2 BSTR Type Definition

BSTR Type Definition is an OLE Automation type for transferring length-prefixed data.

This type is declared as follows:

typedef [unique] FLAGGED WORD BLOB* BSTR;

A null transmitted **BSTR** is a pointer to a FLAGGED_WORD_BLOB whose **cBytes** field MUST equal 0xFFFFFFF, **clSize** field MUST equal 0, and **asData** MUST NOT contain any elements. An empty transmitted BSTR is a pointer to a **FLAGGED WORD BLOB** whose **cBytes** and **clSize** fields MUST both equal 0, and **asData** MUST NOT contain any elements.

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 39 / 205

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2.2.23.3 Mapping Between Presented and Transmitted BSTRs

The mapping from the memory representation of a **<u>BSTR</u>** to the wire representation MUST be performed by setting the fields of **FLAGGED_WORD_BLOB** referred by the transmitted **BSTR** as specified below:

cBytes: MUST be set to the value of the presented **BSTR**'s length prefix, or 0xFFFFFFF for a NULL presented **BSTR**.

clSize: MUST be half the value of cBytes rounded up, or 0 for a NULL presented BSTR.

asData: MUST contain exactly **clSize** elements, and MUST be filled from the contents of the data pointed to by the presented **BSTR**.

The mapping from the transmitted **BSTR** to the presented **BSTR** MUST be performed as follows:

- The length prefix MUST be set to the value of the cBytes field of the transmitted BSTR's FLAGGED_WORD_BLOB.
- The data pointed to by the presented BSTR MUST be set to the contents of the asData field of the transmitted BSTR's FLAGGED_WORD_BLOB.

2.2.24 CURRENCY

The **CURRENCY** type specifies currency information. It is represented as an 8-byte integer, scaled by 10,000, to give a fixed-point number with 15 digits to the left of the decimal point, and four digits to the right. This representation provides a range of 922337203685477.5807 to – 922337203685477.5808. For example, \$5.25 is stored as the value 52500.

```
typedef struct tagCY {
    __int64 int64;
} CURRENCY;
```

2.2.25 DATE

The **DATE** structure is a type that specifies date and time information. It is represented as an 8-byte floating-point number.

This type is declared as follows:

typedef double DATE;

The date information is represented by whole-number increments, starting with December 30, 1899 midnight as time zero. The time information is represented by the fraction of a day since the preceding midnight. For example, 6:00 A.M. on January 4, 1900 would be represented by the value 5.25 (5 and 1/4 of a day past December 30, 1899).

2.2.26 DECIMAL

The **DECIMAL** structure specifies a sign and scale for a number. Decimal variables are represented as 96-bit unsigned integers that are scaled by a variable power of 10.

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol

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Release: Friday, October 25, 2013

40 / 205

```
typedef struct tagDEC {
  WORD wReserved;
  BYTE scale;
  BYTE sign;
  ULONG Hi32;
  ULONGLONG Lo64;
} DECIMAL;
```

wReserved: MUST be set to 0 and MUST be ignored by the recipient.

scale: MUST be the power of 10 by which to divide the 96-bit integer represented by Hi32 * 2^{64} + Lo64. The value MUST be in the range of 0 to 28, inclusive.

Value	Meaning
0 — 28	Order of magnitude of the decimal number.

sign: MUST equal one of the following values.

Value	Meaning
0	The decimal contains a positive value.
0×80	The decimal contains a negative value.

Hi32: MUST be the high 32 bits of the 96-bit integer that is scaled and signed to represent the final DECIMAL value.

Lo64: MUST be the low 64 bits of the 96-bit integer that is scaled and signed to represent the final DECIMAL value.

2.2.27 VARIANT_BOOL

The VARIANT_BOOL type specifies Boolean values.

This type is declared as follows:

typedef short VARIANT BOOL;

The values MUST be defined as:

Value	Meaning
VARIANT_TRUE 0xFFFF	MUST indicate a Boolean value of TRUE.
VARIANT_FALSE 0x0000	MUST indicate a Boolean value of FALSE.

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 41 / 205

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2.2.28 User-Defined Data Types and BRECORD

2.2.28.1 User-Defined Data Types

The OLE Automation Protocol supports the specification of UDTs, in the form of structures of related data elements. The data elements MUST consist of scalar and OLE automation types. The structure is considered to be a single type and is referred to as a UDT.

In the IDL, a UDT MUST be identified by the uuid attribute (see section 2.2.49.2). The GUID from this attribute MUST uniquely identify the UDT.

A UDT MUST be specified or referenced from an automation scope (see section 2.2.49.2). For more information about the wire representation of the UDT, see sections 2.2.31 and 2.2.49.2.

2.2.28.2 BRECORD

A BRECORD is the type used for the representation of UDTs on the wire.

2.2.28.2.1 _wireBRECORD

The **_wireBRECORD** structure is the wire representation of a collection of UDTs of the same type. This representation MUST be used when the UDTs appear inside a **SAFEARRAY (section 2.2.30.10)** or inside a **VARIANT (section 2.2.29.2)**. Otherwise, the UDTs MUST be NDR-marshaled as specified by their IDL. For more information, see [C706] section 14.

```
typedef struct _wireBRECORD {
  ULONG fFlags;
  ULONG clSize;
  MInterfacePointer* pRecInfo;
  [size_is(clSize)] byte* pRecord;
} wireBRECORDStr;
```

fFlags: MUST be 0 if pRecord is NULL. Otherwise, the value MUST be 1.

- **clSize:** MUST be 0 if **pRecord** is NULL. Otherwise, the value MUST equal the size (in bytes) of the UDTs contained in **pRecord**, plus 4 bytes to account for the prefix contained in **pRecord**.
- **pRecInfo:** MUST specify an MInterfacePointer that MUST contain an OBJREF_CUSTOM with a CLSID field set to CLSID_RecordInfo (<u>1.9</u>) and a pObjectData field that MUST contain a RecordInfoData binary large object (BLOB) (<u>2.2.31</u>). The iid field of the OBJREF portion of the structure MUST be set to IID_IRecordInfo (<u>1.9</u>). An implementation MAY use this value as the IID of a local-only interface.<<u>5></u>
- **pRecord:** MUST be NULL if there are no UDTs. Otherwise, the value MUST contain the NDRmarshaled representation of the UDTs, prefixed by a 4-byte unsigned integer that specifies the size, in bytes. This integer MUST equal the value of **clSize**.

Data of this type MUST be marshaled as specified in [C706] section 14, with the exception that the fields **fFlags**, **clSize**, and the 4-byte prefix in **pRecord** MUST be marshaled by using a little-endian data representation, regardless of the data representation format label. For more information, see [C706] section 14.2.5.

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 42 / 205

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2.2.28.2.2 BRECORD

The following is the type definition for the BRECORD type.

This type is declared as follows:

```
typedef [unique] struct wireBRECORD* BRECORD;
```

2.2.29 VARIANT

VARIANT is a container for a union that can hold many types of data.

2.2.29.1 _wireVARIANT

The **_wireVARIANT** is a container for a union that in turn contains scalar and OLE Automation data types.

```
typedef struct _wireVARIANT {
 DWORD clSize;
 DWORD rpcReserved;
 USHORT vt;
 USHORT wReserved1;
 USHORT wReserved2;
 USHORT wReserved3;
 [switch_type(ULONG), switch is(vt)]
   union {
    [case(VT I8)]
     LONGLONG llVal;
    [case(VT I4)]
     LONG lVal;
    [case(VT UI1)]
     BYTE bVal;
    [case(VT I2)]
     SHORT iVal;
    [case(VT_R4)]
     FLOAT fltVal;
    [case(VT R8)]
     DOUBLE dblVal;
    [case(VT BOOL)]
     VARIANT_BOOL boolVal;
    [case(VT ERROR)]
     HRESULT scode;
    [case(VT CY)]
     CURRENCY cyVal;
    [case(VT_DATE)]
     DATE date;
    [case(VT BSTR)]
     BSTR bstrVal;
    [case(VT UNKNOWN)]
     IUnknown* punkVal;
    [case(VT DISPATCH)]
     IDispatch* pdispVal;
    [case(VT ARRAY)]
     PSAFEARRAY parray;
    [case(VT RECORD, VT RECORD|VT BYREF)]
```

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol

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BRECORD brecVal; [case(VT_UI1|VT_BYREF)]

BYTE* pbVal; [case(VT_I2|VT_BYREF)] SHORT* piVal; [case(VT I4|VT BYREF)] LONG* plVal; [case(VT_I8|VT_BYREF)] LONGLONG* pllVal; [case(VT R4|VT BYREF)] FLOAT* pfltVal; [case(VT_R8|VT_BYREF)] DOUBLE* pdblVal; [case(VT_BOOL|VT_BYREF)] VARIANT BOOL* pboolVal; [case(VT ERROR|VT BYREF)] HRESULT* pscode; [case(VT_CY|VT_BYREF)] CURRENCY* pcyVal; [case(VT DATE|VT BYREF)]

DATE* pdate;

[case(VT I1)] CHAR cVal; [case(VT UI2)] USHORT uiVal; [case(VT_UI4)] ULONG ulVal; [case(VT UI8)] ULONGLONG ullVal; [case(VT INT)] INT intVal; [case(VT UINT)] UINT uintVal; [case(VT DECIMAL)] DECIMAL decVal; [case(VT I1|VT BYREF)] CHAR* pcVal; [case(VT UI2|VT BYREF)] USHORT* puiVal; [case(VT_UI4|VT_BYREF)] ULONG* pulVal; [case(VT UI8|VT BYREF)] ULONGLONG* pullVal; [case(VT INT|VT BYREF)] INT* pintVal; [case(VT UINT|VT BYREF)] UINT* puintVal;

[case(VT BSTR|VT BYREF)] BSTR* pbstrVal;

[case(VT_UNKNOWN|VT_BYREF)] IUnknown** ppunkVal; [case(VT DISPATCH|VT BYREF)] IDispatch** ppdispVal; [case(VT ARRAY|VT BYREF)] PSAFEARRAY* pparray; [case(VT_VARIANT|VT_BYREF)] VARIANT* pvarVal;

[MS-OAUT] - v20131025 **OLE Automation Protocol**

[case(VT DECIMAL|VT BYREF)] DECIMAL* pdecVal;

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44 / 205

```
[case(VT_EMPTY)]
;
[case(VT_NULL)]
;
} _varUnion;
} wireVARIANTStr;
```

clSize: MUST be set to the size, in quad words (64 bits), of the structure.

rpcReserved: MUST be set to 0 and MUST be ignored by the recipient.

vt: MUST be set to one of the values specified with a "V" in the Context column of the table in section <u>2.2.7</u>.

wReserved1: MAY be set to 0 and MUST be ignored by the recipient.<6>

wReserved2: MAY be set to 0 and MUST be ignored by the recipient.

wReserved3: MAY be set to 0 and MUST be ignored by the recipient.<8>

_varUnion: MUST contain an instance of the type, according to the value in the vt field.

Data of this type MUST be marshaled as specified in [C706] section 14, with the following additional restrictions.

- All fields except _varUnion MUST be marshaled using a little-endian data representation, regardless of the data representation format label. For more information, see [C706] section 14.2.5.
- If the vt field has the flag VT_ARRAY set, then _varUnion MUST be marshaled according to 2.2.30.
- If the vt field has the flags VT_UNKNOWN or VT_DISPATCH set, then _varUnion MUST be marshaled according to [MS-DCOM] section 1.3.2.
- If the vt field has the flag VT_RECORD set, then _varUnion field MUST be marshaled according to <u>2.2.28</u>.
- If the vt field has the flag VT_BSTR set, then _varUnion MUST be marshaled according to 2.2.23.
- If none of the preceding flags is specified in the **vt** field, the **_varUnion** field MUST be marshaled by using a little-endian data representation, regardless of the data representation format label.

2.2.29.2 VARIANT

The **VARIANT** type is defined as follows. Also, the definitions of the VARIANT data type provided in this section correspond to the wire formats of these data types. $\leq 9 >$

This type is declared as follows:

```
typedef [unique] struct wireVARIANT* VARIANT;
```

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2.2.30 SAFEARRAY

A SAFEARRAY specifies a multidimensional array of OLE Automation types.

2.2.30.1 SAFEARRAYBOUND

The **SAFEARRAYBOUND** structure specifies the bounds of one dimension of a **SAFEARRAY**.

```
typedef struct tagSAFEARRAYBOUND {
  ULONG cElements;
  LONG llbound;
} SAFEARRAYBOUND,
*LPSAFEARRAYBOUND;
```

cElements: MUST be set to the number of elements in the current dimension. MUST be nonzero.

ILbound: MUST be set to the lower bound of the current dimension.

Data of this type MUST be marshaled as specified in [C706] section 14, except that it MUST be marshaled by using a little-endian data representation, regardless of the data representation format label. For more information, see [C706] section 14.2.5.

2.2.30.2 SAFEARR_BSTR

The **SAFEARR_BSTR** structure specifies an array of BSTRs (see section 2.2.23).

```
typedef struct _wireSAFEARR_BSTR {
  ULONG Size;
  [size_is(Size), ref] BSTR* aBstr;
} SAFEARR BSTR;
```

Size: MUST be set to the total number of elements in the array.

aBstr: MUST be an array of BSTRs (see section 2.2.23).

Data of this type MUST be marshaled as specified in [C706] section 14, with the exception that it MUST be marshaled by using a little-endian data representation, regardless of the data representation format label. For more information, see [C706] section 14.2.5.

2.2.30.3 SAFEARR_UNKNOWN

The **SAFEARR_UNKNOWN** structure specifies an array of MInterfacePointers elements (see [MS-DCOM] section 2.2.14) whose IPID is IID_IUnknown (see section <u>1.9</u>).

```
typedef struct _wireSAFEARR_UNKNOWN {
  ULONG Size;
  [size_is(Size), ref] IUnknown** apUnknown;
} SAFEARR_UNKNOWN;
```

Size: MUST be set to the total number of elements in the array.

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apUnknown: MUST be an array of MInterfacePointer (see [MS-DCOM], section 2.2.1.10). The iid field in the **OBJREF** MUST be IID_IUnknown (see section <u>1.9</u>).

The **Size** field of this type MUST be marshaled as specified in [C706] section 14, with the exception that it MUST be marshaled by using a little-endian data representation, regardless of the data representation format label. For more information, see [C706] section 14.2.5.

2.2.30.4 SAFEARR_DISPATCH

The **SAFEARR_DISPATCH** structure specifies an array of MInterfacePointer elements (see <u>MS-DCOM</u>] section 2.2.14) whose IPID is IID_IDispatch (see section <u>1.9</u>).

```
typedef struct _wireSAFEARR_DISPATCH {
  ULONG Size;
  [size_is(Size), ref] IDispatch** apDispatch;
} SAFEARR DISPATCH;
```

Size: MUST be set to the total number of elements in the array.

apDispatch: MUST be an array of MInterfacePointer elements (see [MS-DCOM] section 2.2.14). The **iid** field in the OBJREF MUST be IID_IDispatch (see section <u>1.9</u>).

The **Size** field of this type MUST be marshaled as specified in [C706] section 14, with the exception that it MUST be marshaled by using a little-endian data representation, regardless of the data representation format label. For more information, see [C706] section 14.2.5.

2.2.30.5 SAFEARR_VARIANT

The **SAFEARR_VARIANT** structure specifies an array of **VARIANT** types.

```
typedef struct _wireSAFEARR_VARIANT {
  ULONG Size;
  [size_is(Size), ref] VARIANT* aVariant;
} SAFEARR VARIANT;
```

Size: MUST be set to the total number of elements in the array. MUST be nonzero.

aVariant: MUST be an array of VARIANT types. For more information, see section 2.2.29.2.

The **Size** field of this type MUST be marshaled as specified in [C706] section 14, with the exception that it MUST be marshaled by using a little-endian data representation, regardless of the data representation format label. For more information, see [C706] section 14.2.5.

2.2.30.6 SAFEARR_BRECORD

The SAFEARR_BRECORD structure specifies an array of UDTs.

```
typedef struct _wireSAFEARR_BRECORD {
  ULONG Size;
  [size_is(Size), ref] BRECORD* aRecord;
} SAFEARR BRECORD;
```

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 47 / 205

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Size: The number of BRECORD elements in the aRecord array. This MUST be set to 1.

aRecord: MUST be the collection of UDTs as specified in BRECORD (see section 2.2.28.2).

The **Size** field of this type MUST be marshaled as specified in [C706] section 14, with the exception that it MUST be marshaled by using a little-endian data representation, regardless of the data representation format label. For more information, see [C706] section 14.2.5.

2.2.30.7 SAFEARR_HAVEIID

The **SAFEARR_HAVEIID** structure defines an array of MInterfacePointers (see [MS-DCOM] section 2.2.14

```
typedef struct _wireSAFEARR_HAVEIID {
  ULONG Size;
  [size_is(Size), ref] IUnknown** apUnknown;
  IID iid;
} SAFEARR HAVEIID;
```

Size: MUST be set to the total number of elements in the array. This MUST be nonzero.

apUnknown: MUST be an array of MInterfacePointer elements. The OBJREF **iid** field MUST be the same as the value of the **iid**.

iid: MUST specify the **IID** of each of the elements in the SAFEARRAY.

The **Size** and **iid** fields of this type MUST be marshaled as specified in [C706] section 14, with the exception that it MUST be marshaled by using a little-endian data representation, regardless of the data representation format label. For more information, see [C706] section 14.2.5.

2.2.30.8 Scalar-Sized Arrays

The following four types represent byte-sized, short-sized, long-sized, and hyper-sized arrays.

2.2.30.8.1 BYTE_SIZEDARR

The **BYTE_SIZEDARR** structure specifies a BYTE array.

```
typedef struct _BYTE_SIZEDARR {
  unsigned long clSize;
  [size_is(clSize)] byte* pData;
} BYTE_SIZEDARR;
```

clSize: MUST be set to the total number of elements in the array. This MUST be nonzero.

pData: MUST be an array of BYTEs.

Data of this type MUST be marshaled as specified in [C706] section 14, with the exception that it MUST be marshaled by using a little-endian data representation, regardless of the data representation format label. For more information, see [C706] section 14.2.5.

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 48 / 205

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2.2.30.8.2 WORD_SIZEDARR

The **WORD_SIZEDARR** structure defines an array of unsigned 16-bit integers.

```
typedef struct _SHORT_SIZEDARR {
  unsigned long clSize;
  [size_is(clSize)] unsigned short* pData;
} WORD SIZEDARR;
```

clSize: MUST be set to the total number of elements in the array. This MUST be nonzero.

pData: MUST be an array of WORD elements.

Data of this type MUST be marshaled as specified in [C706] section 14, with the exception that it MUST be marshaled by using a little-endian data representation, regardless of the data representation format label. For more information, see [C706] section 14.2.5.

2.2.30.8.3 DWORD_SIZEDARR

The DWORD_SIZEDARR structure defines an array of unsigned 32-bit integers.

```
typedef struct _LONG_SIZEDARR {
    unsigned long clSize;
    [size_is(clSize)] unsigned long* pData;
} DWORD_SIZEDARR;
```

clSize: MUST be set to the number of elements within the array. This MUST be nonzero.

pData: MUST be an array of DWORD elements.

Data of this type MUST be marshaled as specified in [C706] section 14, with the exception that it MUST be marshaled by using a little-endian data representation, regardless of the data representation format label. For more information, see [C706] section 14.2.5.

2.2.30.8.4 HYPER_SIZEDARR

The **HYPER_SIZEDARR** structure defines an array of 64-bit integers.

```
typedef struct _HYPER_SIZEDARR {
  unsigned long clSize;
  [size_is(clSize)] hyper* pData;
} HYPER_SIZEDARR;
```

clSize: MUST be set to the total number of elements in the array. This MUST be nonzero.

pData: MUST be an array of hyper elements.

Data of this type MUST be marshaled as specified in [C706] section 14, with the exception that it MUST be marshaled by using a little-endian data representation, regardless of the data representation format label. For more information, see [C706] section 14.2.5.

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2.2.30.9 SAFEARRAYUNION

The **SAFEARRAYUNION** union defines the mapping between the discriminant value and the contained array data.

```
typedef
union _wireSAFEARRAY_UNION switch(unsigned long sfType) u {
  case SF_BSTR : SAFEARR_BSTR BstrStr;
  case SF_UNKNOWN : SAFEARR_UNKNOWN UnknownStr;
  case SF_DISPATCH : SAFEARR_DISPATCH DispatchStr;
  case SF_VARIANT : SAFEARR_VARIANT VariantStr;
  case SF_RECORD : SAFEARR_BRECORD RecordStr;
  case SF_HAVEIID : SAFEARR_HAVEIID HaveIidStr;
  case SF_I1 : BYTE_SIZEDARR ByteStr;
  case SF_I2 : WORD_SIZEDARR WordStr;
  case SF_I4 : DWORD_SIZEDARR LongStr;
  case SF_I8 : HYPER_SIZEDARR HyperStr;
} SAFEARRAYUNION;
```

_wireSAFEARRAY_UNION: MUST contain an instance of the type, according to the value of the union discriminant.

The **sfType** field MUST be marshaled as specified in [C706] section 14, with the exception that it MUST be marshaled by using a little-endian data representation, regardless of the data representation format label. For more information, see [C706] section 14.2.5.

2.2.30.10 SAFEARRAY

The **SAFEARRAY** structure defines a multidimensional array of OLE automation types. The definitions of SAFEARRAY data types provided in this section correspond to the wire formats of these data types. $\leq 10 >$

```
typedef[unique]
   struct _wireSAFEARRAY {
   USHORT cDims;
   USHORT fFeatures;
   ULONG cbElements;
   ULONG cLocks;
   SAFEARRAYUNION uArrayStructs;
   [size_is(cDims)] SAFEARRAYBOUND rgsabound[];
} *SAFEARRAY;
```

cDims: MUST be set to the number of dimensions of the array. cDims MUST NOT be set to 0.

fFeatures: MUST be set to a combination of the bit flags specified in section 2.2.9.

cbElements: MUST be set to the size, in bytes, of an element in the **SAFEARRAY**, as specified in the table in section 2.2.8.

cLocks: If the **fFeatures** field contains FADF_HAVEVARTYPE (see section 2.2.9), the **cLocks** field MUST contain a <u>VARIANT (section 2.2.7)</u> type constant in its high word that specifies the type of the elements in the array. Otherwise, the high word of the **cLocks** field MUST be set to 0.

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 50 / 205

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The low word of the **cLocks** field MAY $\leq 11>$ be set to an implementation-specific value, and MUST be ignored on receipt.

uArrayStructs: MUST be a <u>SAFEARRAYUNION (section 2.2.30.9)</u>.

rgsabound: MUST contain an array of bounds, specifying the shape of the array. This array MUST be represented in reverse order. That is, for an array [0:5][0:2][0:10], the bounds would be represented as (10, 0), (2, 0), (5, 0).

The following consistency statements MUST hold, where **sfType** is the discriminant field in the **SAFEARRAYUNION** data member.

If sfType equals	fFeatures MUST be set to
SF_HAVEIID	FADF_UNKNOWN FADF_HAVEIID or FADF_DISPATCH FADF_HAVEIID
SF_BSTR	FADF_BSTR or FADF_BSTR FADF_HAVEVARTYPE
SF_UNKNOWN	FADF_UNKNOWN or FADF_UNKNOWN FADF_HAVEVARTYPE or FADF_UNKNOWN FADF_HAVEIID
SF_DISPATCH	FADF_DISPATCH or FADF_DISPATCH FADF_HAVEVARTYPE or FADF_DISPATCH FADF_HAVEIID
SF_VARIANT	FADF_VARIANT or FADF_VARIANT FADF_HAVEVARTYPE
SF_RECORD	FADF_RECORD

If **fFeatures** field specifies FADF_HAVEVARTYPE, the following additional statements MUST hold, where **vt** is the high word of the **cLocks** field.

If vt (the high word of cLocks) equals	sfType MUST be set to
VT_I1 VT_UI1	SF_I1
VT_I2 VT_UI2 VT_BOOL	SF_I2
VT_ERROR VT_I4 VT_UI4 VT_R4 VT_INT VT_UINT	SF_I4
VT_I8	SF_I8

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 51 / 205

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If vt (the high word of cLocks) equals	sfType MUST be set to
VT_UI8	
VT_R8	
VT_CY	
VT_DATE	
VT_BSTR	SF_BSTR
VT_VARIANT	SF_VARIANT
VT_UNKNOWN	SF_UNKNOWN or SF_HAVEIID
VT_DISPATCH	SF_DISPATCH or SF_HAVEIID
VT_RECORD	SF_RECORD

In addition, the type of **vt** MUST NOT equal VT_DECIMAL.

If any of the consistency checks fail, the protocol implementation SHOULD<12>

Data of this type MUST be marshaled as specified in [C706] section 14, with the exception that it MUST be marshaled by using a little-endian data representation, regardless of the data representation format label. For more information, see [C706] section 14.2.5.

2.2.31 RecordInfoData

This structure specifies information that is needed to identify the definition of a UDT, such as the GUID and version of the automation scope that defines the UDT, and the GUID of the type itself.

```
typedef struct tagRecordInfo {
  GUID libraryGuid;
  DWORD verMajor;
  GUID recGuid;
  DWORD verMinor;
  DWORD Lcid;
} RecordInfo;
```

libraryGuid: MUST be set to a GUID that identifies the IDL automation scope of the UDT (see section 2.2.49.2).

verMajor: MUST be set to the major version of the UDT automation scope (see section <u>2.2.49.2</u>).

recGuid: MUST be set to the GUID of the UDT.

- **verMinor:** MUST be set to the minor version of the UDT's automation scope (see section <u>2.2.49.2</u>).
- Lcid: MUST be set to the locale ID of the UDT's automation scope (see section 2.2.49.2).

RecordInfoData structures allow a client and a server to fully specify the identity of the UDT type being marshaled in the containing <u>BRECORD (section 2.2.28.2)</u>. The client and the server MUST be able to reference the same type definition, by sharing through an unspecified mechanism a consistent view of the IDL automation scope of the UDT.<<u><13></u>

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[[]MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol

Data of this type MUST be marshaled as specified in [C706] section 14, with the exception that it MUST be marshaled by using a little-endian data representation, regardless of the data representation format label. For more information, see [C706] section 14.2.5.

2.2.32 DISPID

The **DISPID** is used by **<u>IDispatch::Invoke</u>** to identify methods, properties, and **named arguments**.

This type is declared as follows:

typedef LONG DISPID;

The DISPID values associated with methods, properties, and named arguments are retrieved as specified in section 3.1.4.3.

2.2.32.1 Reserved DISPIDs

The following DISPIDs are defined by the OLE Automation Protocol. These DISPIDs are reserved and are meant to provide common, well-known DISPIDs associated with methods that have similar semantics across all automation server implementations. When an automation server needs to provide access to methods or properties that have specific semantics that map to one from the set below, they SHOULD use the DISPIDs specified in the following table.

Constant/value	Description
DISPID_VALUE 0	This MUST designate the default member for the object. The default member is the member that best represents the automation server.
DISPID_UNKNOWN -1	The value MUST be returned by GetIDsOfNames (see section $3.1.4.3$) to indicate that a member or parameter name was not found.
DISPID_PROPERTYPUT -3	This MUST designate the parameter that receives the value of an assignment in a DISPATCH PROPERTYPUT or DISPATCH PROPERTYPUTREF invocation (see section $3.1.4.4$).
DISPID_NEWENUM -4	This MUST designate the DISPID associated with a _NewEnum method that MUST have the following signature.
	HRESULT _NewEnum([out,retval] IEnumVARIANT** ppenum); OR:
	HRESULT _NewEnum([out,retval] IUnknown** ppenum);
	For more information about IEnumVARIANT, see section <u>3.3</u> .

2.2.33 DISPPARAMS

The **DISPPARAMS** structure is used by the Invoke method (see section 3.1.4.4) to contain the arguments passed to a method or property.

```
typedef struct tagDISPPARAMS {
  [size is(cArgs)] VARIANT* rgvarg;
```

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 53 / 205

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```
[size_is(cNamedArgs)] DISPID* rgdispidNamedArgs;
UINT cArgs;
UINT cNamedArgs;
} DISPPARAMS;
```

rgvarg: MUST be the array of arguments passed to the method or property call.

rgdispidNamedArgs: MUST be the array of DISPIDs corresponding to the named arguments (see section <u>3.1.4.4</u>).

cArgs: MUST equal the number of arguments passed to the method.

cNamedArgs: MUST equal the number of named arguments passed to the method. This value MUST be less than or equal to the value of **cArgs**.

The arguments passed in **DISPPARAMS** MUST be stored as specified in section <u>3.1.4.4.2</u>.

2.2.34 EXCEPINFO

The **EXCEPINFO** structure is filled in by an automation server to describe an exception that occurred during a call to Invoke (as specified in section 3.1.4.4). If no exception occurred, the server MUST set both wCode and scode to 0.

```
typedef struct tagEXCEPINFO {
  WORD wCode;
  WORD wReserved;
  BSTR bstrSource;
  BSTR bstrDescription;
  BSTR bstrHelpFile;
  DWORD dwHelpContext;
  ULONG_PTR pvReserved;
  ULONG_PTR pfnDeferredFillIn;
  HRESULT scode;
} EXCEPINFO;
```

wCode: An implementation-specific<u><14></u> value that identifies an error.

Value	Meaning
0	The value MUST be zero for either of the following conditions:
	This field does not contain an error code.
	 The value in the scode field is nonzero.
1000 < <i>value</i>	Implementation-specific error values MUST be greater than 1000.

wReserved: MUST be set to 0, and MUST be ignored on receipt.

bstrSource: MUST<u><15></u> be set to an implementation-specific string that identifies the source of the exception.

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 54 / 205

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bstrDescription: MUST<<u>16></u> be set to an implementation-specific string, or to a NULL BSTR if no description is available.

bstrHelpFile: MUST<17> be set to an implementation-specific string, or to a NULL BSTR if no help is available.

dwHelpContext: MUST<<u>18></u> be set to an implementation-specific integer. If **bstrHelpFile** is NULL, this field MUST be set to 0, and MUST be ignored on receipt.

pvReserved: MUST be set to NULL, and MUST be ignored on receipt.

pfnDeferredFillIn: MAY be set to NULL, and MUST be ignored on receipt. <19>

scode: MUST be set to a failure HRESULT that describes the error, or to 0 to indicate that it does not contain an error code. If **wCode** is nonzero, this field MUST be set to 0.

2.2.35 MEMBERID

A **MEMBERID** is a 32-bit value that identifies a data or method member of a type.

This type is declared as follows:

typedef DISPID MEMBERID;

The **MEMBERID** of an IDispatch interface MUST be the same as its DISPID.

A type MUST NOT have more than one member with the same **MEMBERID**, unless the members are accessor methods for the same property. Property accessor methods with the same name and **MEMBERID** MUST specify different **INVOKEKIND** constant values, as specified in section 2.2.14.

2.2.35.1 Reserved MEMBERIDs

The following <u>MEMBERIDs</u> are defined by the OLE Automation Protocol. These **MEMBERIDs** are reserved and are meant to provide common, well-known **MEMBERIDs** that are associated with methods that have similar semantics across all automation server implementations. When an automation server needs to provide **MEMBERID** references that have specific semantics that map to one from the set below, they MUST use the **MEMBERIDs** specified in the following table.

Constant/value	Description
MEMBERID_NIL -1	This MUST designate the containing type in a context where it is also possible to refer to elements in its method or data member tables.
MEMBERID_DEFAULTINST -2	This MUST designate an appobject coclass in a context where it is also possible to refer to members of its default nonsource interface (as specified in $\frac{2.2.49.8}{1.000}$).

2.2.36 HREFTYPE

An **HREFTYPE** is a 32-bit value that an automation type library server uses as a handle to associate a type that is defined or referenced in its automation scope with an instance of an **automation type description** server.

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 55 / 205

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This type is declared as follows:

typedef DWORD HREFTYPE;

2.2.37 TYPEDESC

The **TYPEDESC** structure is used in the **ARRAYDESC**, **ELEMDESC**, and **TYPEATTR** structures to identify and describe the type of a data member, the return type of a method, or the type of a method parameter.

```
typedef struct tagTYPEDESC {
  [switch_type(USHORT), switch_is(vt)]
  union {
    [case(VT_PTR, VT_SAFEARRAY)]
    struct tagTYPEDESC* lptdesc;
    [case(VT_CARRAY)]
    struct tagARRAYDESC* lpadesc;
    [case(VT_USERDEFINED)]
    HREFTYPE hreftype;
    [default] ;
  } _tdUnion;
  USHORT vt;
} TYPEDESC;
```

_tdUnion: MUST contain an instance of the type, according to the **<u>VARENUM</u>** value provided in the **vt** field.

Iptdesc: MUST refer to a **TYPEDESC** that specifies the element type. If the **ELEMDESC** is contained in a <u>VARDESC</u> that describes an appobject coclass, the **TYPEDESC** MUST specify the type of the coclass.

Ipadesc: MUST refer to an **ARRAYDESC** that describes a fixed-length array.

hreftype: MUST be set to an HREFTYPE that identifies the UDT (see section 2.2.28).

vt: MUST be set to one of the values that are specified as available to a **TYPEDESC** and identified with a "T" in the Context column of the table in <u>2.2.7</u>. MUST be set to VT_PTR if the **ELEMDESC** is contained in a **VARDESC** that describes an appobject coclass, as specified in section <u>2.2.49.8</u>.

2.2.38 ARRAYDESC

The **ARRAYDESC** structure is used in a **<u>TYPEDESC</u>** structure to specify the dimensions of an array and the type of its elements.

```
typedef struct tagARRAYDESC {
  TYPEDESC tdescElem;
  USHORT cDims;
  [size_is(cDims)] SAFEARRAYBOUND rgbounds[];
} ARRAYDESC;
```

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 56 / 205

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tdescElem: MUST contain a **TYPEDESC** that specifies the type of the elements in the array as specified in section 2.2.37.

cDims: MUST be set to the number of dimensions in the array.

rgbounds: MUST refer to a **SAFEARRAYBOUND** that specifies the maximum index value for each dimension of the array, as specified in section 2.2.30.1.

2.2.39 PARAMDESCEX

The **PARAMDESCEX** structure is used in a **PARAMDESC** (section 2.2.40) structure to specify information about the default value of a parameter.

```
typedef struct tagPARAMDESCEX {
  ULONG cBytes;
  VARIANT varDefaultValue;
} PARAMDESCEX;
```

cBytes: MUST be set to an implementation-specific value.<a>

varDefaultValue: MUST contain a VARIANT that specifies the default value of the parameter.

2.2.40 PARAMDESC

The **PARAMDESC** structure is used in an **<u>ELEMDESC</u>** (section 2.2.41) structure to specify the features of a method parameter.

```
typedef struct tagPARAMDESC {
    PARAMDESCEX* pparamdescex;
    USHORT wParamFlags;
} PARAMDESC;
```

pparamdescex: MUST refer to a **PARAMDESCEX** structure that specifies the default value of the parameter if the PARAMFLAG_FHASDEFAULT flag is set in the **wParamFlags** field. MUST be set to NULL otherwise.

wParamFlags: MUST be set to a combination of the <u>PARAMFLAG (section 2.2.15)</u> bit flags if the **PARAMDESC** belongs to an element of the lprgelemdescParam array in a <u>FUNCDESC</u> (section 2.2.42) structure. MUST be set to 0 otherwise.

2.2.41 ELEMDESC

The **ELEMDESC** structure is used in the <u>FUNCDESC (section 2.2.42)</u> and <u>VARDESC (section 2.2.43)</u> structures to describe a member of a structure, a parameter, or the return value of a method.

```
typedef struct tagELEMDESC {
  TYPEDESC tdesc;
  PARAMDESC paramdesc;
} ELEMDESC;
```

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 57 / 205

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tdesc: MUST contain a <u>TYPEDESC (section 2.2.37)</u> that describes the element, parameter, or return value.

paramdesc: MUST contain a **PARAMDESC** that has the values as specified in section 2.2.40, if the **ELEMDESC** is a member of the lprgelemdescParam array in a **FUNCDESC** (section 2.2.42) structure. Otherwise, it MUST contain a **PARAMDESC** that has the data fields pparamdescex and wParamFlags set to NULL and 0 respectively.

2.2.42 FUNCDESC

The **FUNCDESC** structure is used by an <u>ITypeComp server</u> or <u>ITypeInfo server</u> to describe a method, as specified in sections <u>3.5.4.1</u> and <u>3.7.4.3</u>.

```
typedef struct tagFUNCDESC {
   MEMBERID memid;
   [size_is(cReserved2)] SCODE* lReserved1;
   [size_is(cParams)] ELEMDESC* lprgelemdescParam;
   FUNCKIND funckind;
   INVOKEKIND invkind;
   CALLCONV callconv;
   SHORT cParams;
   SHORT cParamsOpt;
   SHORT oVft;
   SHORT cReserved2;
   ELEMDESC elemdescFunc;
   WORD wFuncFlags;
} FUNCDESC,
   *LPFUNCDESC;
```

memid: MUST be set to the MEMBERID (section 2.2.35) of the method.

- IReserved1: MUST be set to 0 and ignored on receipt. An HRESULT value is closely related, or identical to an <u>SCODE</u>.
- **IprgelemdescParam:** MUST refer to an array of **<u>ELEMDESC</u>** that contains one entry for each element in the method's parameter table.

The lprgelemdescParam array MUST NOT include parameters that are declared with the [lcid] or [retval] attributes if the value of funckind is FUNC_DISPATCH (as specified in section 3.1.4.4.2).

funckind: MUST be set to one of the values of the FUNCKIND (section 2.2.12) enumeration.

invkind: MUST be set to one of the values of the <u>INVOKEKIND (section 2.2.14)</u> enumeration.

callconv: MUST be set to one of the values of the <u>CALLCONV (section 2.2.10)</u> enumeration.

cParams: MUST be set to the length of the lprgelemdescParam array.

cParamsOpt: SHOULD be set to the number of optional VARIANT parameters<<u>21></u>. MUST be set to -1 if the method was declared with the [vararg] attribute. Otherwise, MUST be set to 0.

oVft: MUST be set to either 0 or to the **opnum** of the interface method multiplied by the system pointer size value (as specified in sections <u>2.2.44</u> and <u>3.11.1</u>).

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 58 / 205

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cReserved2: MUST be set to 0, and ignored on receipt.

elemdescFunc: MUST contain an **ELEMDESC** that specifies the return type of the method, as specified in section <u>2.2.41</u>.

wFuncFlags: MUST be set to a combination of the <u>FUNCFLAGS</u> bit flags (as specified in section <u>2.2.11</u>), or set to 0.

2.2.43 VARDESC

The **VARDESC** structure is used by an <u>ITypeInfo server</u> or <u>ITypeComp server</u> to describe a data member, constant, or ODL dispinterface property, as specified in sections <u>3.5.4.1</u> and <u>3.7.4.4</u>.

```
typedef struct tagVARDESC {
   MEMBERID memid;
   LPOLESTR lpstrReserved;
   [switch_type(VARKIND), switch_is(varkind)]
    union {
      [case(VAR_PERINSTANCE, VAR_DISPATCH, VAR_STATIC)]
      ULONG oInst;
      [case(VAR_CONST)]
      VARIANT* lpVarValue;
   } _vdUnion;
   ELEMDESC elemdescVar;
   WORD wVarFlags;
   VARKIND varkind;
} VARDESC,
 *LPVARDESC;
```

memid: MUST be set to the <u>MEMBERID (section 2.2.35)</u> of the data member, the constant, or the ODL dispinterface property. MUST be set to MEMBERID_DEFAULTINST if the VARDESC describes an appobject coclass, as specified in section <u>2.2.49.8</u>

IpstrReserved: MUST be set to NULL, and MUST be ignored by the recipient.

_vdUnion: MUST be set to an instance of the type, according to the value in the varkind field.

oInst:

- VAR_PERINSTANCE: MUST be set to an implementation-specific value<22>
- VAR_DISPATCH: MUST be set to 0.
- VAR_STATIC: MUST be set to 0.

IpVarValue: MUST be set to a reference to a <u>VARIANT</u> that specifies the value of the constant.

elemdescVar: MUST contain an **ELEMDESC** that describes the data member, constant, or ODL dispinterface property and its type, as specified in section <u>2.2.41</u>.

wVarFlags: MUST be set to a combination of the <u>VARFLAGS</u> bit flags (as specified in <u>2.2.18</u>), or set to 0. MUST be set to 0 if the VARDESC describes an appobject coclass, as specified in section <u>2.2.49.8</u>.

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 59 / 205

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varkind: MUST be set to a value of the <u>VARKIND</u> enumeration. MUST be set to VAR_STATIC if the **VARDESC** describes an appobject coclass, as specified in section <u>2.2.49.8</u>.

2.2.44 TYPEATTR

The **TYPEATTR** structure is used by an <u>ITypeInfo server</u> to describe a type, as specified in section <u>3.7.4.1</u>.

```
typedef struct tagTYPEATTR {
 GUID guid;
 LCID lcid;
 DWORD dwReserved1;
 DWORD dwReserved2;
 DWORD dwReserved3:
 LPOLESTR lpstrReserved4;
 ULONG cbSizeInstance;
 TYPEKIND typeKind;
 WORD cFuncs;
 WORD cVars;
 WORD cImplTypes;
 WORD cbSizeVft;
 WORD cbAlignment;
 WORD wTypeFlags;
 WORD wMajorVerNum;
 WORD wMinorVerNum:
 TYPEDESC tdescAlias;
 DWORD dwReserved5;
 WORD dwReserved6;
} TYPEATTR,
*LPTYPEATTR;
```

- **guid:** MUST be set to the GUID that is associated with the type, or to IID_NULL, if the type was not declared with the [uuid] attribute (see section <u>2.2.49.2</u>).
- Icid: MUST be set to the locale ID of the type's member names and documentation strings (see section <u>2.2.49.2</u>).
- **dwReserved1:** MUST be set to 0, and MUST be ignored on receipt.

dwReserved2: MUST be set to -1, and MUST be ignored on receipt.

dwReserved3: MUST be set to -1, and MUST be ignored on receipt.

IpstrReserved4: MUST be set to NULL, and MUST be ignored on receipt.

cbSizeInstance: MUST be set to a value that is specified by the value of typekind.

Value of typekind	Value of cbSizeInstance
TKIND_COCLASS	MUST be set to the system pointer size (see section $3.7.1.2$).
TKIND_DISPATCH	MUST be set to the system pointer size (see section $3.7.1.2$).
TKIND_INTERFACE	MUST be set to the system pointer size (see section $3.7.1.2$).

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol

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Value of typekind	Value of cbSizeInstance
TKIND_MODULE	MUST be set to 2.
TKIND_ENUM	MUST be set to an implementation-specific value $\leq 23 >$ that specifies the size of an integer.
TKIND_UNION	MUST be set to an implementation-specific value $\leq 24 >$ that specifies the size of its largest element.
TKIND_RECORD	MUST be set to an implementation-specific value $\leq 25 >$ that specifies the size in bytes, of the structure.
TKIND_ALIAS	MUST be set to an implementation-specific value $\leq 26 \geq$ that specifies the size, in bytes, of the predefined type for which this type is an alias.

typeKind: MUST be set to a value of the <u>**TYPEKIND**</u> enumeration, as specified in section 2.2.17.

cFuncs: MUST be set to a value specified by the value of **typekind**.

Value of typekind	Value of cfuncs
TKIND_COCLASS	MUST be set to 0.
TKIND_DISPATCH	MUST be set to the number of elements in the dispatch method table, as specified in section $3.7.1.2$.
TKIND_INTERFACE	MUST be set to the number of elements in the method table, as specified in section $3.7.1.2$.
TKIND_MODULE	MUST be set to the number of elements in the method table, as specified in section $3.7.1.2$.
TKIND_ENUM	MUST be set to 0.
TKIND_UNION	MUST be set to 0.
TKIND_RECORD	MUST be set to 0.
TKIND_ALIAS	MUST be set to 0.

cVars: MUST be set to the number of elements in the data member table, as specified in section 3.7.1.2.

cImplTypes: MUST be set to the number of elements in the interface table, as specified in section <u>3.7.1.2</u>.

cbSizeVft: MUST be set to a value specified by the value of **typekind**.

Value of typekind	Value of cbSizeVft
TKIND_COCLASS	MUST be set to 0.
TKIND_DISPATCH	MUST be set to the system pointer size value (see section $2.2.45$) multiplied

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 61 / 205

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Value of typekind	Value of cbSizeVft
	by seven.
TKIND_INTERFACE	MUST be set to the system pointer size value multiplied by the number of methods that are defined by the interface and all its inherited interfaces.
TKIND_MODULE	MUST be set to 0.
TKIND_ENUM	MUST be set to 0.
TKIND_UNION	MUST be set to 0.
TKIND_RECORD	MUST be set to 0.
TKIND_ALIAS	MUST be set to 0.

cbAlignment: MUST be set to 0 or to an implementation-specific positive value.<27>

- **wTypeFlags:** MUST be either a combination of the <u>TYPEFLAGS</u> bit flags that are specified in section <u>2.2.16</u>, or 0.
- **wMajorVerNum:** MUST be set to the major version number of the automation scope that is associated with the ITypeLib server, as specified in section <u>2.2.49.2</u>.
- **wMinorVerNum:** MUST be set to the minor version number of the automation scope that is associated with the ITypeLib server, as specified in section <u>2.2.49.2</u>.
- **tdescAlias:** MUST contain a <u>TYPEDESC (section 2.2.37)</u> that describes the predefined type for which this type is an alias, if **typekind** is set to TKIND_ALIAS. Otherwise, MUST contain a **TYPEDESC** with the **vt** field set to VT_EMPTY.

dwReserved5: MUST be set to 0, and MUST be ignored on receipt.

dwReserved6: MUST be set to 0, and MUST be ignored on receipt.

2.2.45 TLIBATTR

The **TLIBATTR** structure is used to specify the attributes of an <u>ITypeLib server</u>, as specified in section 3.11.4.

```
typedef struct tagTLIBATTR {
  GUID guid;
  LCID lcid;
  SYSKIND syskind;
  unsigned short wMajorVerNum;
  unsigned short wMinorVerNum;
  unsigned short wLibFlags;
} TLIBATTR,
 *LPTLIBATTR;
```

guid: MUST be set to the GUID of the automation scope that is associated with the ITypeLib server, as specified in section <u>2.2.49.1</u>.

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 62 / 205

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Icid: MUST be set to the **LCID** of the automation scope that is associated with the ITypeLib server, as specified in section <u>2.2.49.1</u>.

syskind: MUST be set to a value of the <u>SYSKIND</u> enumeration, as specified in section <u>2.2.21</u>.

The value of syskind specifies the system pointer-size value. If syskind is SYS_WIN32, the system pointer-size value is 4. If syskind is SYS_WIN64, the system pointer-size value is 8.

The system pointer-size value MUST be the size, in bytes, of the VT_INT_PTR and VT_UINT_PTR type variables created by the server (see section 2.2.7). It is used as a multiplier in the **oVft** field of a **FUNCDESC** (see section 2.2.42) and in the **cbSizeVft** field of a **TYPEATTR** (see section 2.2.44).

- **wMajorVerNum:** MUST be set to the major version number of the automation scope that is associated with the ITypeLib server, as specified in section <u>2.2.49.2</u>.
- **wMinorVerNum:** MUST be set to the minor version number of the automation scope that is associated with the ITypeLib server, as specified in section <u>2.2.49.2</u>.
- **wLibFlags:** MUST be either a combination of the LIBFLAGS bit flags (as specified in section 2.2.20) or 0.

2.2.46 CUSTDATAITEM

The **CUSTDATAITEM** structure is used in a <u>CUSTDATA</u> structure to store custom data items, as specified in section <u>2.2.47</u>.

```
typedef struct tagCUSTDATAITEM {
  GUID guid;
  VARIANT varValue;
} CUSTDATAITEM;
```

guid: MUST be set to the GUID associated with the custom data item that uses the [custom] attribute, as specified in section <u>2.2.49.5.1</u>.

varValue: MUST be set to the value of the custom data item.

2.2.47 CUSTDATA

The **CUSTDATA** structure is used by an <u>ITypeInfo2 server</u> or <u>ITypeLib2 server</u> to retrieve custom data items, as specified in sections <u>3.9.4</u> and <u>3.13.4</u>.

```
typedef struct tagCUSTDATA {
   DWORD cCustData;
   [size_is(cCustData)] CUSTDATAITEM* prgCustData;
} CUSTDATA;
```

cCustData: MUST be set to the number of custom data items in prgCustData.

prgCustData: MUST refer to an array of <u>CUSTDATAITEM</u> structures that contain custom data items, as specified in section <u>2.2.46</u>.

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 63 / 205

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2.2.48 SCODE

The **SCODE** data type is a 32-bit status value that is used to describe an error or warning.

This type is declared as follows:

typedef LONG SCODE;

On 32-bit platforms, the **SCODE** data type is the same as the **<u>HRESULT</u>** data type. On 16-bit platforms, an **SCODE** value is used to generate an **HRESULT** value.

For more information, see [SCODE].

2.2.49 IDL Syntax Extensions

Automation provides a number of IDL extensions that support a seamless integration of automation servers with generic automation clients, scripting languages, and various development environments.<a><28> A client that uses automation type descriptions to examine the functionality provided by an automation type library or an automation server is an **automation type browser**.

This section specifies the automation types and the IDL attributes and statements that have an impact on the wire communication between an automation client and server. It also specifies the attributes and statements that allow a client to discover rich type information regarding the automation servers that it is calling.

The areas covered are:

- COM server categories and behaviors that can be described by the IDL extensions: aggregatable servers, connectable servers, and bindable servers.
- Automation-compatible types, which are relevant to marshaling the arguments as part of the call to IDispatch::Invoke (see section <u>3.1.4.4</u>).
- Automation library scope, which provides context for marshaling UDTs (see sections <u>2.2.28</u> and <u>2.2.31</u>).
- Automation DISPIDs, which provide the information needed for performing an automation call through IDispatch::Invoke (see section <u>3.1.4.4</u>).
- Automation attributes and statements that specify a rich set of type information regarding an automation server (see sections <u>3.5</u> through <u>3.14</u>).

The extensions to the IDL that are specified by the OLE Automation Protocol are derived from the now-obsolete Object Definition Language (ODL). The extensions take the following forms.

- A set of attributes that specify additional semantic meaning for the language element they decorate: version, lcid, oleautomation, dual, id, propget, propput, propputref, readonly, defaultvalue, optional, vararg, and retval.
- A set of statements that allow for additional information to be specified, or for an alternative way to define language elements. The statements are introduced by the following keywords: library, dispinterface, methods, and properties.

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 64 / 205

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- A set of attributes that specify a rich group of properties of interest to the automation client: control, source, default, defaultvtable, bindable, defaultbind, immediatebind, displaybind, requestedit, public, uidefault, restricted, hidden, nonbrowsable, helpcontext, helpfile, helpstring, helpstringcontext, helpstringdll, appobject, predeclid, aggregatable, defaultcollelem, licensed, proxy, noncreatable, nonextensible, custom, and replaceable.
- A statement that allows specifying an automation server coclass.

Extensions to the IDL syntax that support the OLE Automation Protocol are specified by using the Augmented Backus-Naur Form (ABNF) notation, as specified in [RFC4234] section 2.2.

The DCE 1.1: Remote Procedure Call, as specified in [C706], specifies the syntax for IDL by using an extended BNF notation. The following table specifies the DCE 1.1: Remote Procedure Call (as specified in [C706]), the production names referenced later, and the corresponding ABNF name as it will be used in this specification.

DCE 1.1: Remote Procedure Call production name	Equivalent ABNF production name
<uuid_rep></uuid_rep>	uuid-rep
<integer_const_exp></integer_const_exp>	integer-const-exp
<param_attribute></param_attribute>	param-attribute
<const_exp></const_exp>	const-exp
<type_attribute></type_attribute>	type-attribute
<param_attribute></param_attribute>	param-attribute
<operation_attributes></operation_attributes>	operation-attributes
<op_declarator></op_declarator>	op-declarator
<interface_attribute></interface_attribute>	interface-attribute
<interface_attributes></interface_attributes>	interface-attributes
<interface></interface>	interface
<import></import>	import
<export></export>	export
<string></string>	string
<param_declarators></param_declarators>	param-declarators

In addition, the productions use LWSP as the linear whitespace production rpcidl-defined for any production defined in [C706] section 4, and "kw-KEYWORD" as the production for the case-sensitive keyword **KEYWORD**:

```
kw-aggregatable = %d97.103.103.114.101.103.97.116.97.98.108.101
kw-appobject = %d97.112.112.111.98.106.101.99.116
kw-bindable = %d98.105.110.100.97.98.108.101
kw-boolean = %d98.111.111.108.101.97.110
kw-BSTR = %d66.83.84.82
kw-cdecl = %d99.100.101.99.108
```

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol

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Release: Friday, October 25, 2013

65 / 205

```
kw-char = %d99.104.97.114
kw-coclass = %d99.111.99.108.97.115.115
kw-const = %d99.111.110.115.116
kw-control = %d99.111.110.116.114.111.108
kw-CURRENCY = %d67.85.82.82.69.78.67.89
kw-custom = %d99.117.115.116.111.109
kw-DATE = %d68.65.84.69
kw-Decimal = %d68.101.99.105.109.97.108
kw-default = %d100.101.102.97.117.108.116
kw-defaultbind = %d100.101.102.97.117.108.116.98.105.110.100
kw-defaultcollelem =
    %d100.101.102.97.117.108.116.99.111.108.108.101.108.101.109
kw-defaultvalue =
    %d100.101.102.97.117.108.116.118.97.108.117.101
kw-defaultvtable =
    %d100.101.102.97.117.108.116.118.116.97.98.108.101
kw-dispinterface =
    %d100.105.115.112.105.110.116.101.114.102.97.99.101
kw-displaybind =
   %d100.105.115.112.108.97.121.98.105.110.100
kw-dllname = %d100.108.108.110.97.109.101
kw-double = %d100.111.117.98.108.101
kw-dual = %d100.117.97.108
kw-entry = %d101.110.116.114.121
kw-float = %d102.108.111.97.116
kw-helpcontext = %d104.101.108.112.99.111.110.116.101.120.116
kw-helpfile = %d104.101.108.112.102.105.108.101
kw-helpstring = %d104.101.108.112.115.116.114.105.110.103
kw-helpstringcontext =
   %d104.101.108.112.115.116.114.105.110.103.99.111.110.116.101.120.116
kw-helpstringdll =
    %d104.101.108.112.115.116.114.105.110.103.100.108.108
kw-hidden = %d104.105.100.100.101.110
kw-id = %d105.100
kw-immediatebind =
   %d105.109.109.101.100.105.97.116.101.98.105.110.100
kw-importlib = %d105.109.112.111.114.116.108.105.98
kw-int = %d105.110.116
kw-interface = %d105.110.116.101.114.102.97.99.101
kw-lcid = %d108.99.105.100
kw-library = %d108.105.98.114.97.114.121
kw-licensed = %d108.105.99.101.110.115.101.100
kw-long = %d108.111.110.103
kw-methods = %d109.101.116.104.111.100.115
kw-module = %d109.111.100.117.108.101
kw-nonbrowsable = %d110.111.110.98.114.111.119.115.97.98.108.101
kw-noncreatable = %d110.111.110.99.114.101.97.116.97.98.108.101
kw-nonextensible =
    %d110.111.110.101.120.116.101.110.115.105.98.108.101
kw-oleautomation =
   %d111.108.101.97.117.116.111.109.97.116.105.111.110
kw-optional = %d111.112.116.105.111.110.97.108
kw-pascal = %d112.97.115.99.97.108
kw-predeclid = %d112.114.101.100.101.99.108.105.100
kw-properties = %d112.114.111.112.101.114.116.105.101.115
kw-propget = %d112.114.111.112.103.101.116
kw-propput = %d112.114.111.112.112.117.116
kw-propputref = %d112.114.111.112.112.117.116.114.101.102
kw-proxy = %d112.114.111.120.121
```

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol

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Release: Friday, October 25, 2013

66 / 205

```
kw-public = %d112.117.98.108.105.99
kw-readonly = %d114.101.97.100.111.110.108.121
kw-replaceable = %d114.101.112.108.97.99.101.97.98.108.101
kw-requestedit = %d114.101.113.117.101.115.116.101.100.105.116
kw-restricted = %d114.101.115.116.114.105.99.116.101.100
kw-retval = %d114.101.116.118.97.108
kw-SAFEARRAY = %d83.65.70.69.65.82.82.65.89
kw-SCODE = %d83.67.79.68.69
kw-short = %d115.104.111.114.116
kw-source = %d115.111.117.114.99.101
kw-static = %d115.116.97.116.105.99
kw-stdcall = %d115.116.100.99.97.108.108
kw-uidefault = %d117.105.100.101.102.97.117.108.116
kw-unsigned = %d117.110.115.105.103.110.101.100
kw-uuid = %d117.117.105.100
kw-usesgetlasterror =
 %d117.115.101.115.103.101.116.108.97.115.116.101.114.114.111.114
kw-vararg = %d118.97.114.97.114.103
kw-version = %d118.101.114.115.105.111.110
```

For the full ABNF specification of the extensions provided in this section, see Appendix C.

2.2.49.1 COM Server Categories

The following are particular COM server categories that can be specified using the automation IDL extensions described in this section. Clients can use automation type description interfaces to identify servers that advertise their capabilities and to communicate with them according to the categories they publicly support.

2.2.49.1.1 Aggregatable Servers

An aggregatable server is a COM server that can be contained by another COM server and that allows its interfaces to be used as if they were defined by the containing server.

2.2.49.1.2 Connectable Servers

A **connectable server** is a COM server that enables bidirectional communication with clients. Server-initiated communication MAY be specified using source interfaces (as specified in section 2.2.49.8) or bindable properties (as specified in section 2.2.49.1.3).

The automation IDL extensions allow a connectable server to define source interfaces for communicating with clients. If the server does not define source interfaces, server-initiated communication is limited to notifications related to bindable properties.

A connectable server provides the following functionality: <29>

- Identifies itself as a connectable server.
- Enables its clients to enumerate its available source interfaces.
- Enables its clients to register and unregister a client-implemented interface with any of its available source interfaces.
- Enables its clients to enumerate the registered connections for each available source interface.

67 / 205

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[[]MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol

A client of the connectable server MUST implement one or more of the source interfaces that are specified by the server.

A connectable server MUST have one or more interfaces that are declared with the [source] attribute (as specified in section 2.2.49.8) or one or more properties that are declared with the [bindable] attribute (as specified in section 2.2.49.5.2).

2.2.49.1.3 Bindable Servers

A **bindable server** extends the functionality of a connectable server. It associates clients with bindable properties and notifies the clients whenever the value of the property is changed.

A bindable server provides the same functionality as a connectable server (see section $\frac{2.2.49.1.2}{2.2.49.5.2}$) and MUST have one or more properties declared with the [bindable] attribute (see section $\frac{2.2.49.5.2}{2.2.49.5.2}$).

A client for a bindable server MUST provide the following functionality: <30>

- The client MUST receive notifications that the value of the associated property has changed.
- The client MUST specify whether it provides the functionality to determine whether a property
 value can be changed. If it does provide this functionality, it either grants or denies permission to
 change the value of the property upon request.

When the value of a bindable property is changed, the server notifies each registered client that the value of the property was changed.

2.2.49.2 IDL Automation Scope

An IDL automation scope is defined by the **library** keyword, as in the following.

```
oa-scope =
    oa-library-header LWSP "{" oa-library-body "}" LWSP [";"]
oa-library-header =
     "[" LWSP library-attributes LWSP "]"
         LWSP kw-library LWSP Identifier
oa-library-body = *oa-library-declarator
library-attributes =
    library-attribute *( "," LWSP library-attribute LWSP )
library-attribute = uuid-attr /
           version-attr /
           lcid-attr /
            help-attr /
            custom-attr /
            kw-control /
            kw-hidden /
            kw-restricted
uuid-attr = kw-uuid LWSP "(" LWSP uuid-rep LWSP ")"
version-attr =
    kw-version LWSP "(" LWSP 1*DIGIT *( "." 1*DIGIT ) LWSP ")"
lcid-attr = kw-lcid LWSP "(" LWSP integer-const-exp LWSP ")"
help-attr = helpcontext-attr /
           helpfile-attr /
            helpstring-attr /
            helpstringcontext-attr /
```

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol

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Release: Friday, October 25, 2013

68 / 205

```
helpstringdll-attr
helpcontext-attr =
    kw-helpcontext LWSP "(" LWSP integer-const-exp LWSP ")"
helpfile-attr = kw-helpfile LWSP "(" LWSP string LWSP ")"
helpstring-attr = kw-helpstring LWSP "(" LWSP string LWSP ")"
helpstringcontext-attr = kw-helpstringcontext LWSP "("
          LWSP integer-const-exp LWSP ")"
helpstringdll-attr = kw-helpstringdll LWSP "(" LWSP string LWSP ")"
custom-attr = kw-custom LWSP
           "(" uuid-rep LWSP "," LWSP const-exp LWSP ")"
oa-library-declarator = interface /
      import /
      export /
      oa-importlib /
      oa-module /
      oa-dispinterface /
      oa-coclass
```

oa-scope: Specifies a new automation scope. There MUST be, at most, one automation scope defined in an IDL file.

uuid-attr: Specifies a GUID that MUST identify the automation scope. This attribute MUST be present in the library scope.

version-attr: Specifies the version of the automation scope. If this attribute is not specified, a version of 0.0 MUST be assumed for the automation scope. Otherwise, it MUST contain a major version that MUST be a decimal number between 0 and 65535 inclusive. If the minor version is missing, it MUST be treated as 0. Otherwise, it MUST be a decimal number between 0 and 65535 inclusive.

Icid-attr: Specifies the locale ID of the automation scope. If this attribute is not specified, the locale ID of 0x0409 MUST be used for the automation scope. Otherwise, this value MUST resolve to a valid locale ID.

The combination (<guid>, <vMajor>, <vMinor>, <lcidValue>) MUST uniquely identify an automation scope.

The <guid> value is the main component of the automation scope identity. Scopes with identical <guid> values MUST belong to the same **automation scope family**.

The <vMajor> and <vMinor> values MUST be used to specify different versions of an automation scope. automation scopes from the same automation scope family that also share the same version numbers MUST belong to the same **automation scope generation**.

The <lcidValue> MUST be used to define multiple automation scopes within an automation scope generation. Two such automation scopes MUST define the same automation interfaces, and the

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 69 / 205

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interfaces MUST differ only in the names that are used for methods, properties, and parameter names (see sections 2.2.49.5 and 2.2.49.6). The equivalent names from the two automation scopes MUST map to the same DISPIDs. This enables an automation server to define multiple mappings from method/property names to a determined set of DISPIDs, with one mapping for each supported locale ID.

helpcontext-attr: Specifies an implementation-specific integer. $\leq 31 \geq$ The value of this attribute MUST be a 32-bit integer. When used on nonlibrary elements, the language element it decorates MUST belong to an automation scope that is declared with the helpfile attribute.

helpfile-attr: Specifies an implementation-specific string.<32>

helpstring-attr: Specifies an implementation-specific string.<33>

helpstringcontext-attr: Specifies an implementation-specific integer. $\leq 34 \geq$ The value of this attribute MUST be a 32-bit integer.

helpstringdll-attr: Specifies an implementation-specific string.<35>

uuid-attr: Specifies a GUID that MUST identify the type. Any Automation-compatible constructed types (enums, structs, or unions) that are not declared with a specifying GUID cannot be retrieved by using ITypeLib::GetTypeInfoOfGuid.

kw-control: Specifies that all COM servers in the automation scope are visual controls. A type browser client may limit the visibility of elements that have this attribute.

kw-hidden: Specifies that the automation scope elements are not intended to be displayed to users. Type browser clients SHOULD NOT expose the functionality of elements with this attribute.

kw-restricted: Specifies that the element is not intended to be used under all conditions. Type browser clients MAY<u><36></u> place restrictions on the visibility or usability of elements that have this attribute. Elements that have the **[restricted]** attribute MUST NOT also have the **[default]** attribute.

help-attr: Specifies information associated with language elements that can be retrieved by using ITypeLib::GetDocumentation or ITypeInfo::GetDocumentation (as specified in section <u>3.11.4.7</u>).

custom-attr: Specifies that the attribute is user-defined, and that its meaning depends on its associated GUID.

Custom attributes are optional. If there is more than one custom attribute decorating an automation scope, each one MUST have a different identifying GUID.

The constant value associated with a [custom] attribute MUST be a value that can be stored in a _wireVARIANT, as specified in section 2.2.29.2.

2.2.49.3 Automation-Compatible Types

The OLE Automation Protocol restricts the types of parameters that can be used in the definition of an automation interface (see section 2.2.49.4).

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 70 / 205

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```
oa-type-spec = oa-base-type-spec /
   oa-safearray-type-spec /
   oa-ptr-type-spec /
   Identifier
oa-base-type-spec = oa-base-nondecimal-type-spec / kw-Decimal
oa-base-nondecimal-type-spec = kw-boolean /
   [kw-unsigned] LWSP kw-char /
   [kw-unsigned] LWSP kw-short /
   [kw-unsigned] LWSP kw-int /
   [kw-unsigned] LWSP kw-long /
   kw-double /
   kw-float /
kw-BSTR /
   kw-CURRENCY /
   kw-DATE /
   kw-SCODE
oa-safearray-type-spec =
   kw-SAFEARRAY "(" oa-base-nondecimal-type-spec ")" /
   kw-SAFEARRAY "(" oa-ptr-type-spec ")" /
   kw-SAFEARRAY "(" Identifier ")"
oa-ptr-type-spec = oa-base-nondecimal-type-spec "*" /
   oa-safearray-type-spec "*" /
   Identifier "*"
```

In the preceding productions, <Identifier> MUST be a type that is defined as an enumeration type, a UDT, or an automation-compatible interface (see section 2.2.49.4.1 for details).

The restriction that defines the automation-compatible types is that they MUST be representable as a field in a **VARIANT** (section 2.2.29.2).

The following table specifies the mapping between the IDL keyword and the associated VARIANT type constant (see section 2.2.7) that MUST < 37 > be used when storing the type in a VARIANT. These are the only types that are legal in an automation-compatible interface (see section 2.2.49.4.1).

Type keyword	VARIANT type constant
boolean	VT_BOOL
unsigned char	VT_UI1
char	VT_I1
double	VT_R8
float	VT_R4
unsigned int	VT_UI4
int	VT_I4

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol

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Type keyword	VARIANT type constant
unsigned long	VT_UI4
long	VT_I4
unsigned short	VT_UI2
short	VT_I2
BSTR	VT_BSTR
CURRENCY	VT_CY
VARIANT	VT_BYREF VT_VARIANT
DATE	VT_DATE
Decimal	VT_DECIMAL
SCODE	VT_ERROR
HRESULT	VT_ERROR
typedef enum myenum	VT_I4
typedef struct myUDT	VT_RECORD or VT_BYREF VT_RECORD
interface IDispatch*	VT_DISPATCH
interface IUnknown*	VT_UNKNOWN
dispinterface Typename*	VT_DISPATCH
[oleautomation] interface Typename*	VT_UNKNOWN
SAFEARRAY(Typename)	VT_ARRAY
Typename*	VT_BYREF the variant type associated with Typename
[dual] interface Typename*	VT_DISPATCH

The methods of an **Automation Interface Definition Language (AIDL) interface** MUST return an HRESULT or SCODE. The methods and properties of an ODL dispinterface MUST return only the types that are specified in the previous table. Otherwise, an automation interface MUST use types from the previous table. See <u>AIDL Interfaces and ODL Dispinterfaces (section 2.2.49.7)</u> for more information.

uuid-attr: Specifies a GUID that MUST identify the type. Any automation-compatible constructed types (enums, structs, or unions) that are not declared with a specifying GUID cannot be retrieved using **ITypeLib::GetTypeInfoOfGuid (section 3.11.4.4)**.

help-attr: Specifies information associated with the type that can be retrieved using <u>ITypeLib::GetDocumentation (section 3.11.4.7)</u> or <u>ITypeInfo::GetDocumentation (section 3.7.4.8)</u>.

kw-public: Specifies that the element is an alias declared with the typedef keyword and explicitly included in an automation scope.

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol

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Release: Friday, October 25, 2013

72 / 205

kw-restricted: Specifies that the element is not intended to be used under all conditions. Type browser clients MAY<u><38></u> place restrictions on the visibility or usability of elements that have this attribute. Elements with the **[restricted]** attribute MUST NOT also have the **[default]** attribute.

kw-hidden: Specifies that the type is not intended to be displayed to users. Type browser clients SHOULD NOT expose the functionality of elements that have this attribute.

2.2.49.4 Automation Interfaces

The OLE Automation Protocol allows interfaces to specify two degrees of Automation support:

- Automation-compatible interfaces are interfaces whose methods use only automation-compatible types.
- automation interfaces are interfaces that define an automation behavior. That is, servers that
 implement the automation interfaces MUST provide access to the automation functionality
 through an implementation of IDispatch (see section <u>3.1.4</u>).

In order for an interface to be used as an automation-compatible type (see section 2.2.49.3), it MUST be defined as an automation-compatible interface.

All automation interfaces MUST be Automation-compatible.

The following attributes apply to interfaces defined in an automation scope:

```
interface-attribute = rpcidl-defined /
    kw-nonextensible /
    kw-proxy /
    attr-oleautomation /
    attr-dual /
    custom-attr
```

kw-nonextensible: Specifies that an interface or dispinterface implements IDispatch, but includes only the properties and methods listed in the interface description. Interfaces and dispinterfaces with this attribute MUST NOT be extended with additional members at run time.

kw-proxy: Specifies an implementation-specific local behavior of the interface $\leq 39 >$. This attribute has no effect across the wire.

2.2.49.4.1 Automation-Compatible Interfaces

To define an interface as an automation-compatible interface, the **oleautomation** attribute MUST be specified when defining the interface.

The following production extends the <interface_attribute> production from [C706]:

attr-oleautomation = kw-oleautomation

An automation-compatible interface MUST be derived from IDispatch or IUnknown, MUST have the [**oleautomation** attribute, and all of its methods MUST have only automation-compatible parameters and return types.

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 73 / 205

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2.2.49.4.2 Dual Interfaces

A dual interface is an automation interface that allows a server to expose its functionality both to automation clients and to regular DCOM clients. A dual interface MUST derive from IDispatch (see section 3.1.4), and be Automation compatible (that is, its methods MUST have only automation-compatible parameters and return values).

To define an interface as a dual interface, the **dual** attribute MUST be specified when defining the interface.

The following production extends the <interface_attribute> production from [C706]:

```
attr-dual = kw-dual
```

2.2.49.4.3 Dispinterface Interfaces

A dispinterface is an automation interface that specifies the properties and methods (see section 2.2.49.5) that the IDispatch implementation of the automation server MUST implement.

A dispinterface is specified as:

```
oa-dispinterface =
    oa-dispinterface LWSP "{" LWSP oa-dispintf-body LWSP "}"
oa-dispintf-header = "[" interface-attributes "]"
    LWSP kw-dispinterface LWSP Identifier
oa-dispintf-body = oa-itf-ref / oa-odl-body
oa-itf-ref = kw-interface LWSP Identifier LWSP ";"
```

A dispinterface defined using the <oa-itf-ref> production is a **reference dispinterface**. The interface referenced from the <oa-itf-ref> production (its "referenced interface") MUST be an automation-compatible interface.

The **oleautomation** attribute MUST NOT be used on dispinterfaces.

2.2.49.5 Automation Members

Any automation interface defines one or more automation members, either methods or properties. Methods and properties are specified differently, depending on whether they are defined in a dispinterface, in a dual interface, or in a regular interface.

2.2.49.5.1 Interfaces Automation Members

An interface defined as "dual", or an interface referenced from the <oa-itf-ref> production, defines the automation members by extending the <op_declarator> production from [C706] with a new set of attributes:

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 74 / 205

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```
kw-nonbrowsable /
kw-replaceable /
kw-restricted /
kw-uidefault /
kw-hidden /
oa-bindable-attr /
readonly-attr /
help-attr /
custom-attr
```

If the **id** attribute exists, it MUST represent the DISPID that any client MUST pass in as the dispIdMember argument in calls to IDispatch::Invoke (see section 3.1.4.4) to execute the automation method identified by this value.

An operation that specifies any of the **propget**, **propput**, or **propputref** attributes MUST be a property accessor method. Two operations with the same property name MUST have the same DISPID; one of them MUST have the **propget** attribute; the other MUST have either the **propput** or **propputref** attribute.

If the attributes **propget**, **propput**, or **propputref** exist for a method, a client MUST set the values DISPATCH_PROPERTYGET, DISPATCH_PROPERTYPUT, or DISPATCH_PROPERTYPUTREF, respectively, into the wFlags argument in calls to IDispatch::Invoke (see section 3.1.4.4) to disambiguate between the put and get semantics. The disambiguation is needed because the DISPID identifies only the property to be accessed, not the operation to be executed.

kw-vararg: Specifies that the final parameter of the method MUST be a SAFEARRAY containing VARIANTs or a pointer to a SAFEARRAY containing VARIANTs. This parameter MUST NOT be used on an ODL dispinterface property or on a property accessor method. For further specifications on handling "vararg" arguments, see section 3.1.4.4.3.

kw-defaultcollelem: Specifies that a property is available for compiler-specific optimizations $\leq 40 >$. The **[defaultcollelem]** attribute refers to the property as a whole, and MUST be applied to both get and set accessor methods, if they exist. A type SHOULD NOT contain more than one property with this attribute $\leq 41 >$.

kw-nonbrowsable: Specifies that a property is not always safe to evaluate. The attribute MUST be specified only for property accessor methods or properties. Type browser clients SHOULD display the name of the property to users, but MUST NOT call the property's get accessor in order to display its contents.

kw-replaceable: This attribute SHOULD NOT be used <42>.

kw-restricted: Specifies that the element is not intended to be used under all conditions, as specified in section 2.2.49.3.

kw-uidefault: Specifies that the element is intended to be used to represent its containing type to users. Type browser clients MUST display an element with this attribute whenever only one member of a type can be displayed. A type MUST NOT contain more than one element with this attribute.

2.2.49.5.2 Bindable Properties

Bindable attributes are applied only to property accessor methods and properties.

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 75 / 205

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kw-bindable: Specifies that the property can act as a bindable server (see section 2.2.49.1.3). The bindable attribute refers to the property as a whole, and is applied to both get and set accessor methods, if they exist.

If the server is capable of distinguishing between temporary and permanent states when the value of a property is changed (see the following entry for the immediatebind attribute), the server MUST call clients that are bound to the property, each time the value of the property is permanently changed. If the server is incapable of distinguishing between temporary and permanent states, the server MUST call clients that are bound to the property each time the value of the property is changed.

kw-immediatebind: Specifies that, if the server is capable of distinguishing between intermediate and final states when the value of a property is changed, $\leq 43 \geq$ the server MUST call clients that are bound to the property each time the value of the property is temporarily or permanently changed. Properties that have the immediatebind attribute MUST also have the bindable attribute.

kw-defaultbind: Specifies that the property acts as the default bindable server for clients that bind to objects rather than to properties. Properties with the defaultbind attribute MUST also have the bindable attribute.

kw-displaybind: Specifies that Type browser clients MUST indicate to users that the property is bindable. Properties with the displaybind attribute MUST also have the bindable attribute.

kw-requestedit: Specifies that the server calls clients that are bound to the property before the property value is changed, in order to determine whether the change can be allowed. The server must not change the value of the property if any client specifies that the property cannot be changed. Properties with the requestedit attribute MUST also have the bindable attribute.

2.2.49.5.3 Dispinterfaces Automation Members

When defining a dispinterface, the automation members can also be declared by using a split properties/methods syntax:

```
oa-odl-body =
    kw-properties LWSP ":" LWSP *oa-odl-prop LWSP
    kw-methods LWSP ":" LWSP *oa-odl-method
oa-odl-prop =
    *( operation-attributes ) LWSP oa-type-spec LWSP
    Identifier LWSP ";"
    oa-odl-method = op-declarator
readonly-attr = kw-readonly
```

The **readonly** attribute, if present, MUST be specified only in the context of an oa-odl-prop production. If this attribute is specified for a property, the client MUST NOT set either DISPATCH_PROPERTYPUT or DISPATCH_PROPERTYPUTREF into the wFlags argument in calls to IDispatch::Invoke (see section <u>3.1.4.4</u>).

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol

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The automation properties MUST specify automation-compatible types. The automation methods MUST have return types that are automation-compatible, as well as parameters that MUST be automation-compatible.

2.2.49.6 Automation Parameters

The OLE Automation Protocol provides a number of attributes, specified in this section, that extend the IDL syntax specified by the <param-attribute> production from [C706] chapter 4. When these attributes are used, they specify how the client MUST pack the arguments when calling **IDispatch::Invoke (section 3.1.4.4)**.

The automation extensions to IDL expand the definition for the <param_attribute> production in [C706]:

```
param-attribute = rpcidl-defined /
  kw-defaultvalue LWSP "(" LWSP integer-const-exp LWSP ")" /
  kw-optional /
  kw-lcid /
  kw-retval/
  custom-attr
```

The **defaultvalue** attribute is valid only if the parameter is a scalar type, an enum, or a <u>BSTR</u> (section 2.2.23). The expression specified with **defaultvalue** MUST be a constant, or an expression resolving to a constant, that can be represented by a VARIANT. The **defaultvalue** attribute MUST NOT be used on a parameter of a method declared with the **vararg** attribute.

The **optional** attribute is valid only if the parameter is of type VARIANT or VARIANT*. The **optional** attribute MUST NOT be used on a parameter of a method declared with the **vararg** attribute. For information on handling **optional** arguments, see section <u>3.1.4.4.3</u>.

When applied to a parameter, the **lcid** attribute lets you pass a locale identifier to a function. A function MUST have at most one [lcid] parameter, which MUST be [in] only, and MUST have a type of LONG.

The **retval** attribute designates the parameter that receives the return value of an interface member that describes a method or get property. The attribute MUST appear on the last parameter of a method that has the **propget** attribute. The parameter MUST have the **[out]** attribute, and MUST be a pointer type.

The following parameter ordering (from left to right) MUST be respected when defining an automation-compatible method.

- 1. Required parameters (parameters that do not have the **defaultvalue** or **optional** attributes)
- 2. Parameters with the defaultvalue attribute, if any
- 3. Parameters with the optional attribute, if any
- 4. Icid parameter, if present
- 5. retval parameter, if present

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2.2.49.7 AIDL Interfaces and ODL Dispinterfaces

An ODL dispinterface is a dispinterface whose properties and methods are specified using the two keywords: "properties" and "methods", as specified in <u>2.2.49.5.3</u>. All other automation interfaces (that is, dual interfaces and reference dispinterfaces) are AIDL interfaces.

This section explains how the methods defined in an AIDL interface map to properties and methods in an equivalent conceptual ODL dispinterface.

The conceptual signature of an ODL operation (a method call, or setting or retrieving a property) determines how an automation client MUST call <u>IDispatch::Invoke</u> (see section <u>3.1.4.4</u>): how it MUST pack the arguments in *pDispParams* and *rgVarRef*, as well as how *pVarResult* and *pExcepInfo* MUST be filled in on return (see section <u>3.1.4.4.2</u>):

- The conceptual ODL arguments MUST be packed in *pDispParams* and *rgVarRef*.
- The conceptual return value MUST be returned in *pVarResult*.
- The actual HRESULT of an AIDL method MUST be set in pExcepInfo->scode.

2.2.49.7.1 Property Equivalence

Any AIDL interface method that has the "propget", "propput", or "propputref" method MUST map to a conceptual ODL property. If only a "propget" method exists for the property, it MUST map to a "readonly" conceptual ODL property.

- For an example illustrating this, see section <u>4.1</u>.
- AIDL supports the definition of indexed properties, which MUST NOT be expressed as ODL properties.

2.2.49.7.2 Method Equivalence

Any AIDL method that does not have any parameters with the **lcid** or **retval** attributes MUST map to an ODL method with the same argument types, and a void return type.

An AIDL method with a parameter with the **lcid** attribute MUST map to an ODL method that is equivalent to the AIDL method with the *lcid* parameter removed.

An AIDL method that has a parameter with the **retval** attribute MUST map to an ODL method whose return type is the type of the *retval* parameter, with one level of indirection removed. The argument types of the ODL method MUST correspond to the arguments in the AIDL method, with the *retval* parameter and any *lcid* parameter removed.

For an example illustrating this, see section 4.2.

2.2.49.8 Coclass Specifications

The automation IDL extensions allow a COM server to expose a rich set of attributes and behaviors, as specified below.

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 78 / 205

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```
oa-coclass-attrs = oa-coclass-attr *( LWSP ","LWSP oa-coclass-attr)
oa-coclass-attr = uuid-attr /
                 help-attr /
                  version-attr /
                  custom-attr /
                  kw-aggregatable /
                  kw-appobject /
                  kw-control /
                  kw-hidden /
                  kw-licensed /
                  kw-noncreatable /
                  kw-predeclid
oa-coclass-body = *( oa-coclass-itf-decl )
oa-coclass-itf-decl = [ "[" LWSP oa-cid-attrs LWSP "]" LWSP ]
     ( kw-interface / kw-dispinterface ) LWSP Identifier
                                                 LWSP ";"
oa-cid-attrs = oa-cid-attr *( LWSP "," LWSP oa-cid-attr )
oa-cid-attr = kw-source /
                  kw-default /
                  kw-defaultvtable /
                  kw-restricted
```

A coclass statement MUST specify a UUID using the uuid-attr production. The other attributes in the oa-coclass-attrs production are optional.

kw-aggregatable: Specifies that the COM server is aggregatable (see section 2.2.49.1.1).

kw-appobject: Specifies that the coclass is an "appobject coclass" and that its members MUST be included in the binding context of the automation type library (see section <u>3.5.4.1.1</u>). It also specifies that ITypeInfo::CreateInstance MUST NOT create more than one instance of the coclass, and MUST return a reference to an existing instance of the coclass if one has already been created.

kw-control: Specifies that the COM server it describes is a visual control and is not intended to be used in a nonvisual environment. When applied to an automation scope, it specifies that all COM servers in the scope are visual controls. A Type browser client MAY limit the visibility of elements with this attribute $\leq 44 >$.

kw-hidden: Specifies that the coclass element is not intended to be displayed to users. Type browser clients SHOULD NOT expose the functionality of elements with this attribute $\leq 45 >$.

kw-licensed: Specifies that the COM server is licensed, and can be instantiated only by using a license-aware object creation method $\leq 46 \geq$. Calls to any object creation method requesting an object of this type MUST fail if the creation method cannot validate licensing requirements at run time.

kw-noncreatable: Specifies that the coclass can be instantiated only by using a custom object creation method. Calls to any generic object creation method, including ITypeInfo::CreateInstance (as specified in section 3.7.4.11), that request an object of this type MUST fail<47>.

kw-predeclid: Specifies that ITypeInfo::CreateInstance MUST NOT create more than one instance of the coclass, and MUST return a reference to an existing instance of the coclass if one has already been created.

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 79 / 205

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kw-default: Specifies that the interface or dispinterface it decorates is a default interface, and can be used in a context where it is not specified by name. Elements with the default attribute MUST NOT also have the [restricted] attribute.

An interface with the [default] attribute and without the [source] attribute is a "default nonsource interface" and defines the binding context of its coclass. Clients, such as macro languages, that can refer to only one interface per coclass MUST use this interface. A coclass MUST NOT contain more than one default nonsource interface.

An interface with both the [default] and [source] attributes behaves as specified by the [source] and [defaultvtable] sections that follow.

kw-source: Specifies that the interface is a source interface for the COM server described by the oacoclass production. Such a COM server is a connectable server (as specified in section 2.2.49.1.2). The interface MUST be implemented by a client in order to receive events raised by the connectable server.

When combined with the [default] attribute, this attribute specifies that the interface is the default source interface for clients that can refer to only one source interface per coclass. A coclass MUST NOT contain more than one interface with both the [source] and [default] attributes.

kw-defaultvtable: Specifies that the interface is the default source DCOM interface for clients that can refer to only one source DCOM interface per coclass. Interfaces with this attribute MUST also have the [source] attribute. A coclass MUST NOT contain more than one interface with the [defaultvtable] attribute.

An interface that is declared with the [dual], [source], [default], and [defaultvtable] attributes MUST be both the default dispinterface and the default DCOM interface of its coclass.

kw-restricted: Specifies that the element is not intended to be used under all conditions, as specified in section 2.2.49.3.

2.2.49.9 Module Specifications

The module statement is provided as a means to define non-enum symbolic constants.

```
oa-module = [ "[" LWSP oa-module-attrs LWSP "]" LWSP ]
           kw-module LWSP Identifier LWSP
           "{" oa-module-body "}"
oa-module-attrs = oa-module-attr *(LWSP "," LWSP oa-module-attr )
oa-module-attr = uuid-attr /
           version-attr /
           help-attr /
           kw-dllname LWSP "(" LWSP string LWSP ")" /
           kw-hidden
oa-module-body = *( oa-const-stmt / oa-mmethod-stmt )
oa-const-stmt = [ "[" LWSP *(help-attr) LWSP "]" LWSP ]
                 ( kw-const / kw-static ) LWSP
                oa-base-type-spec LWSP Identifier LWSP
                 "=" LWSP const-exp LWSP ";"
oa-mmethod-stmt = [ "[" LWSP oa-mmethod-attrs LWSP "]" LWSP ]
             oa-type-spec LWSP [ oa-mmethod-cc LWSP ]
             Identifier LWSP param-declarators LWSP ";"
oa-mmethod-attrs = oa-mmethod-attr *( LWSP "," LWSP oa-mmethod-attr )
```

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol

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- **kw-usesgetlasterror:** Specifies that the module method supports an implementation-specific local error handling method<u><48></u>.
- **kw-vararg:** Specifies that the final parameter of the method MUST be of type SAFEARRAY(VARIANT) or SAFEARRAY(VARIANT)*. This attribute MUST NOT be used on an ODL dispinterface property or on a property accessor method. For information on handling **vararg** arguments, see section <u>3.1.4.4.3</u>.
- **oa-mmethod-cc:** Specifies an implementation-specific local calling convention for the method<49>.

The statements within the scope of the module statement define constant symbols with the specified type and values, and static entry points in the module are specified by the string argument of the **dliname** attribute.

All oa-mmethod-stmt productions MUST have an entry attribute specified. If oa-entry-id is a string, this is a named entry point. If oa-entry-id is an integer, the entry point is defined by an ordinal.

2.2.49.10 Referencing External Types

The automation IDL extensions allow elements defined inside an automation scope to reference types defined in an external automation type library. This is done through the use of the importlib statement:

oa-importlib = kw-importlib LWSP "(" LWSP string LWSP ")" LWSP ";"

The string specified in the importlib statement is an implementation-specific string $\leq 50 >$ that MUST allow an automation type library to locate the definitions of referenced types that are defined in another automation type library.

2.2.50 String Handling

The following sections specify the ways in which strings are compared and stored in the **<u>ITypeComp::Bind</u>**, **<u>ITypeComp::BindType</u>**, **<u>ITypeLib::IsName</u>**, and **<u>ITypeLib::FindName</u>** methods.

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 81 / 205

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2.2.50.1 String Equivalence

The OLE Automation Protocol interfaces MUST treat two strings as equivalent when a comparison of their values with the CompareString method (see [MS-UCODEREF] section 1) returns CSTR_EQUAL.

All automation string comparisons MUST conform to the behavior of the CompareString method with the following bit flags set in its *dwCmpFlags* parameter:

- NORM_IGNORECASE
- NORM_IGNOREWIDTH
- NORM_IGNOREKANATYPE

2.2.50.2 Globalization

The OLE Automation Protocol interfaces MUST use the WideCharToMultiByte method (as specified in [MS-UCODEREF] section 2) to preprocess strings before they are compared or stored.

Automation string preprocessing MUST conform to the behavior of the WideCharToMultiByte method with the following parameter values:

- CodePage: CP_ACP (zero the current system Windows ANSI code page)
- dwFlags: zero or NULL
- IpDefaultChar: zero or NULL
- IpUsedDefaultChar: zero or NULL

2.2.51 Automation Hash Values

An automation hash value is a numeric representation of a string that is used by an automation server to perform implementation-specific optimizations <51> in methods that reference types and type members by name.

Implementation of the hash function is optional. An automation hash value of zero MAY be used to represent any string <52>. If an automation hash value is nonzero, it MUST be computed from the specified string after it is preprocessed, as specified in section <u>2.2.50.2</u>, using a hash algorithm that MUST be consistent with the pseudocode specified in this section.

The values of [out] parameters returned by automation server methods MUST be the same for both zero and matching nonzero automation hash values.

2.2.51.1 ComputeHash Method

The ComputeHash algorithm requires two externally specified values:

- 1. A string of no more than 255 characters, converted to the ANSI code page as specified in <u>2.2.50.2</u>.
- 2. A language code identifier (LCID) that specifies the locale ID associated with the string.

The ComputeHash method uses the named constants defined in the <u>LocaleNames (section 2.2.51.4)</u> and <u>PrimaryLookupTables (section 2.2.51.5)</u> sections.

Use alternative hash function if the locale ID uses DBCS-encoded strings.

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SET PrimaryLocale to the bitwise AND of LocaleID and 0x000003FF IF PrimaryLocale is LocaleChinese OR PrimaryLocale is LocaleJapanese OR PrimaryLocale is LocaleKorean THEN CALL ComputeHashDBCS WITH LocaleID, Name RETURNING HashValue RETURN HashValue as a 32-bit unsigned integer ENDIF COMMENT Set LookupTable and Encoding Mask based on Locale ID. CASE LocaleID OF LocaleRussian: SET LookupTable to Eur_English_1251 SET EncodingMask to 0x00300000 LocaleGreek: SET LookupTable to WGreek SET EncodingMask to 0x00800000 LocaleIceland: SET LookupTable to WIceland SET EncodingMask to 0x00900000 LocaleTurkish: SET LookupTable to WTurkish SET EncodingMask to 0x00A00000 LocaleNorway: SET LookupTable to WNorwegian SET EncodingMask to 0x00B00000 LocaleIreland: SET LookupTable to WEngIreland SET EncodingMask to 0x00C00000 LocaleHebrew: SET LookupTable to WHebrew SET EncodingMask to 0x00E00000 LocaleCzech: SET LookupTable to Eur English 1250 SET EncodingMask to 0x00200000 LocaleHungary: SET LookupTable to Eur English 1250 SET EncodingMask to 0x00200000 LocalePoland: SET LookupTable to Eur_English_1250 SET EncodingMask to 0x00200000 LocaleSlovak: SET LookupTable to Eur English 1250 SET EncodingMask to 0x00200000 OTHERS: IF LocaleID is LocaleFarsi OR the lower byte of LocaleID is SecondaryLocaleArabic THEN SET LookupTable to WArabic SET EncodingMask to 0x00D00000 ELSE SET LookupTable to US English 1252 SET EncodingMask to 0x00100000 ENDIF ENDCASE SET HashAccumulator to 0x0DEADBEE COMMENT Step through the characters in the string, multiplying the accumulator by 37 at each step and adding a value specified by the value of the character. FOR each Character in Name COMPUTE HashAccumulator as HashAccumulator multiplied by 37,

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Release: Friday, October 25, 2013

```
allowing unsigned 32 bit overflows
COMPUTE HashAcculumator as LookupTable (Character) added to
HashAccumulator, allowing unsigned 32 bit overflows
END FOR
COMPUTE HashAccumulator as the remainder when HashAccumulator is
divided by 0x0001003F
COMPUTE HashAccumulator as the bitwise AND of HashAccumulator and
0x0000FFFF
COMPUTE HashAccumulator as the bitwise OR of HashAccumulator and
EncodingMask
RETURN HashAccumulator as a 32-bit unsigned integer
```

2.2.51.2 ComputeHashDBCS Method

The DBCS implementation of the hash algorithm uses the default lookup table for all locales.

The ComputeHashDBCS method uses the named constants defined in the <u>LocaleNames (section</u> 2.2.51.4), <u>PrimaryLookupTables (section 2.2.51.5)</u>, and <u>DBCS Substitution Tables (section 2.2.51.6)</u> sections.

Set the substitution table and the character range boundaries based on the locale ID and define the character ranges that contain two-byte characters. The Korean and Chinese character tables have two-byte characters only within a single range of character values, so the second range is empty.

```
SET LookupTable to US English 1252
SET PrimaryLocale to the Logical AND of LocaleID and 0x000003FF
COMMENT This method MUST only be called when PrimaryLocale
        is LocaleJapanese, LocaleKorean, or LocaleChinese.
CASE PrimaryLocale OF
   LocaleJapanese: SET SubstitutionTable to WJapanese
                    SET EncodingMask to 0x00400000
                    SET LowerRangeStart to 0x80
                     SET LowerRangeEnd to 0xA0
                    SET UpperRangeStart to 0xE0
                    SET UpperRangeEnd to 0xFF
                    SET SubstitutionTable to WKorean
   LocaleKorean:
                    SET EncodingMask to 0x00500000
                     SET LowerRangeStart to 0x81
                     SET LowerRangeEnd to 0xFE
                    SET UpperRangeStart to 0xFE
                    SET UpperRangeEnd to 0xFE
   LocaleChinese:
                    SET UpperRangeStart to 0xFE
                     SET UpperRangeEnd to 0xFE
     SET SecondaryLocale to the lower 16 bits of LocaleID
     COMPUTE SecondaryLocale AS SecondaryLocale divided by 1024
```

 $\label{eq:linear} {\tt IF SecondaryLocale is SecondaryLocaleChineseTraditional} \\$

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 84 / 205

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```
OR SecondaryLocale is SecondaryLocaleChineseHongKong THEN
         SET SubstitutionTable to WChineseTraditional
           SET EncodingMask to 0x00700000
         SET LowerRangeStart to 0x81
         SET LowerRangeEnd to 0xFE
      ELSE
         SET SubstitutionTable to WChineseSimplified
           SET EncodingMask to 0x00600000
         SET LowerRangeStart to 0xA1
         SET LowerRangeEnd to 0xFE
        ENDIF
ENDCASE
COMMENT Initialize hash accumulator with a predefined value.
COMMENT Initialize byte index and loop flag.
SET HashAccumulator to 0x0DEADBEE
SET ByteIndex to refer to the first byte in Name
SET ByteInName to the value of the byte indexed by ByteIndex
SET Break to False
COMMENT Step through the characters in the string, multiplying
           the accumulator by 37 at each step and adding a value
           specified by the value of the character.
REPEAT
   COMMENT Store the current byte or exit the loop.
   IF the value of ByteInName is zero THEN
       SET Break to True
   ELSE
       SET TempChar to the value of ByteInName
   ENDIF
   COMMENT Increment the byte index. If the previous byte
             was the first byte of a DBCS two-byte character,
             compute the DBCS character value and increment
             the byte index again.
    IF Break is False THEN
        INCREMENT ByteIndex to refer to the next byte in Name
        SET ByteInName to
            the value of the byte indexed by ByteIndex
        IF (TempChar >= LowerRangeStart AND
               TempChar <= LowerRangeEnd)</pre>
            OR (TempChar >= UpperRangeStart AND
                     TempChar <= UpperRangeEnd) THEN
            COMMENT If the second byte of the DBCS character
                         is zero, ignore the character and
                         exit the loop.
            IF the value of ByteInName is zero THEN
               SET Break to True
            ELSE
```

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```
COMPUTE TempChar as TempChar
                              multiplied by 256
                COMPUTE TempChar as the value of ByteInName
                             added to TempChar
                INCREMENT ByteIndex to refer
                            to the next byte in Name
                SET ByteInName to the value of the byte
                    indexed by ByteIndex
            ENDIF
        ENDIF
   ENDIF
   IF Break is False THEN
        COMMENT If the character has an upper byte, replace
            its value with the appropriate value from a
            Locale-specified substitution table.
        COMMENT If the upper byte is nonzero after substitution,
            update the hash accumulator using its value.
        IF TempChar > 255
            CALL MapDBChar
               WITH TempChar, SubstitutionTable
               RETURNING TempChar
            SET HighByte to the upper byte of TempChar
            IF HighByte is not 0
                COMPUTE HashAccumulator as HashAccumulator
                      multiplied by 37, allowing unsigned 32 bit
                       overflows
                COMPUTE HashAcculumator as LookupTable
                       (HighByte) added to HashAccumulator,
                        allowing unsigned 32 bit overflows
            ENDIF
        ENDIF
        COMMENT Update the hash accumulator using the value of
                a one-byte character or the lower byte of a
                two-byte character.
        SET LowByte to the lower byte of TempChar
        COMPUTE HashAccumulator as HashAccumulator
              multiplied by 37, allowing unsigned
               32 bit overflows
        COMPUTE HashAcculumator as LookupTable
              (LowByte) added to HashAccumulator, allowing
              unsigned 32 bit overflows
   ENDIF
UNTIL Break is True
COMPUTE HashAccumulator as the remainder when HashAccumulator is
   divided by 0x0001003F
COMPUTE HashAccumulator as the bitwise AND of HashAccumulator and
   0x0000FFFF
COMPUTE HashAccumulator as the bitwise OR of HashAccumulator and
```

EncodingMask

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RETURN HashAccumulator as a 32-bit unsigned integer

2.2.51.3 MapDBChar Method

Loop through the table, returning a substitution character if a match is found. If no match is found, return the original character.

```
FOR each Row in SubstitutionTable
IF Row (0) is TempChar THEN
RETURN Row (1)
END IF
END FOR
RETURN TempChar
```

2.2.51.4 Locale Names

```
SET LocaleRussian to 0x0419
SET LocaleGreek to 0x0408
SET LocaleIceland to 0x040f
SET LocaleTurkish to 0x041f
SET LocaleNorway to 0x0814
SET LocaleIreland to 0x1809
SET LocaleHebrew to 0x040d
SET LocaleCzech to 0x0405
SET LocaleHungary to 0x040e
SET LocalePoland to 0x0415
SET LocaleSlovak to 0x041b
SET LocaleFarsi to 0x0429
SET LocaleChinese to 0x04
SET LocaleJapanese to 0x11
SET LocaleKorean to 0x12
SET SecondaryLocaleChineseTraditional to 0x01
SET SecondaryLocaleChineseHongKong to 0x03
SET SecondaryLocaleArabic to 0x01
```

2.2.51.5 Primary Lookup Tables

```
SET US_English_1252 (256) to
0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15,
16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31,
32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 0,
48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63,
64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79,
80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 86, 88, 85, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95,
96, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79,
80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 86, 88, 85, 90, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127,
127, 127, 130, 70, 132, 133, 134, 135, 127, 137, 83, 139, 140, 127,
127, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 150, 152, 153, 83, 155, 140, 127,
127, 85,
```

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160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 65, 171, 172, 150, 174, 175, 176, 177, 50, 51, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 49, 79, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 65, 65, 65, 65, 65, 65, 65, 67, 69, 69, 69, 69, 73, 73, 73, 73, 68, 78, 79, 79, 79, 79, 79, 215, 79, 85, 85, 85, 85, 85, 222, 223, 65, 65, 65, 65, 65, 65, 65, 67, 69, 69, 69, 69, 73, 73, 73, 73, 68, 78, 79, 79, 79, 79, 79, 247, 79, 85, 85, 85, 85, 85, 222, 85 SET Eur 1250 (256) to 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 0, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127. 127, 127, 130, 127, 132, 133, 134, 135, 127, 137, 83, 139, 83, 84, 90, 90, 127, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 150, 127, 153, 83, 155, 83, 84, 90, 90, 160, 127, 162, 76, 164, 65, 166, 167, 168, 169, 83, 171, 172, 150, 174. 90. 176, 177, 178, 76, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 65, 83, 187, 76, 189, 76, 90, 82, 65, 65, 65, 65, 76, 67, 67, 67, 69, 69, 69, 69, 73, 73, 68, 208, 78, 78, 79, 79, 79, 79, 215, 82, 85, 85, 85, 85, 89, 84, 223, 82, 65, 65, 65, 65, 76, 67, 67, 67, 69, 69, 69, 69, 73, 73, 68, 208, 78, 78, 79, 79, 79, 79, 247, 82, 85, 85, 85, 85, 89, 84, 255 SET Eur English 1251 (256) to 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, $32,\ 33,\ 34,\ 35,\ 36,\ 37,\ 38,\ 39,\ 40,\ 41,\ 42,\ 43,\ 44,\ 45,\ 46,\ 0,$ 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 127, 127, 130, 70, 132, 133, 134, 135, 127, 137, 83, 139, 140, 127, 127, 127, 127, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 150, 152, 153, 83, 155, 140, 127, 127, 89, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 65, 171, 172, 150, 174, 175, 176, 177, 50, 51, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 49, 79, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 65, 65, 65, 65, 65, 65, 198, 67, 69, 69, 69, 69, 73, 73, 73, 73, 208, 78, 79, 79, 79, 79, 79, 215, 79, 85, 85, 85, 85, 89, 222, 223. 65, 65, 65, 65, 65, 65, 198, 67, 69, 69, 69, 69, 73, 73, 73, 73, 208, 78, 79, 79, 79, 79, 79, 247, 79, 85, 85, 85, 85, 89, 222, 89 SET WGreek (256) to 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31,

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32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 123, 124, 125, 126, Ο, 0, 0, 130, 70, 132, 133, 134, 135, 0, 137, 0, 139, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 45, 45, 0, 153, 0, 155, 0, 0, 0, 0, 9, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 0, 171, 172, 45, 174, 45, 176, 177, 50, 51, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 186, 162, 194, 195, 196, 184, 198, 185, 200, 186, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 188, 208, 209, 0, 211, 212, 190, 214, 215, 216, 191, 186, 190, 162, 184, 185, 186, 190, 162, 194, 195, 196, 184, 198, 185, 200, 186, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 188, 208, 209, 211, 211, 212, 190, 214, 215, 216, 191, 186, 190, 188, 190, 191, 0 SET WIceland (256) to 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 123, 124, 125, 126, Ο, 0, 0, 130, 70, 132, 133, 134, 135, 0, 137, 83, 139, 140, 0, 0, Ο, 0, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 45, 45, 152, 153, 83, 155, 140, 0, 0, 89, 9, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 65, 171, 172, 45, 174, 175, 176, 177, 50, 51, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 49, 79, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 65, 193, 65, 65, 65, 65, 198, 67, 69, 201, 69, 69, 73, 205, 73, 73, 208, 78, 79, 211, 79, 79, 214, 215, 214, 85, 218, 85, 85, 221, 222, 223, 65, 193, 65, 65, 65, 65, 198, 67, 69, 201, 69, 69, 73, 205, 73, 73, 208, 78, 79, 211, 79, 79, 214, 247, 214, 85, 218, 85, 85, 221, 222, 89 SET WTurkish (256) to 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 123, 124, 125, 126, Ο,

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0, 0, 130, 70, 132, 133, 134, 135, 0, 137, 83, 139, 140, 0, 0, Ο, 0, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 45, 45, 152, 153, 83, 155, 140, 0, 0, 89, 9, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 65, 171, 172, 45, 174, 175, 176, 177, 50, 51, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 49, 79, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 65, 65, 65, 65, 65, 65, 198, 199, 69, 69, 69, 69, 73, 73, 73, 73, 208, 78, 79, 79, 79, 79, 214, 215, 79, 85, 85, 85, 220, 221, 222, 223. 65, 65, 65, 65, 65, 65, 198, 199, 69, 69, 69, 69, 73, 73, 73, 73, 208, 78, 79, 79, 79, 79, 214, 247, 79, 85, 85, 85, 220, 221, 222, 89 SET WNorwegian (256) to 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 123, 124, 125, 126, Ο, 0, 0, 130, 70, 132, 133, 134, 135, 0, 137, 83, 139, 140, 0, 0, Ο, 0, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 45, 45, 152, 153, 83, 155, 140, 0, 0, 89, 9, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 65, 171, 172, 45, 174, 175, 176, 177, 50, 51, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 49, 79, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 65, 65, 65, 65, 196, 197, 196, 67, 69, 69, 69, 69, 73, 73, 73, 73, 68, 78, 79, 79, 79, 79, 214, 215, 214, 85, 85, 85, 89, 89, 222, 223. 65, 65, 65, 65, 196, 197, 196, 67, 69, 69, 69, 69, 73, 73, 73, 73, 68, 78, 79, 79, 79, 79, 214, 247, 214, 85, 85, 85, 89, 89, 222, 89 SET WIreland (256) to 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 123, 124, 125, 126, Ο, 0, 0, 130, 70, 132, 133, 134, 135, 0, 137, 83, 139, 140, 0, 0, Ο, 0, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 45, 45, 152, 153, 83, 155, 140, 0, 0, 89, 9, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 65, 171, 172, 45, 174, 175, 176, 177, 50, 51, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 49, 79, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191,

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65, 65, 65, 65, 65, 65, 198, 67, 69, 69, 69, 69, 73, 73, 73, 73, 208, 78, 79, 79, 79, 79, 79, 215, 79, 85, 85, 85, 85, 89, 222, 223. 65, 65, 65, 65, 65, 65, 198, 67, 69, 69, 69, 69, 73, 73, 73, 73, 208, 78, 79, 79, 79, 79, 79, 247, 79, 85, 85, 85, 85, 89, 222, 89 SET WArabic (256) to 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 70, 132, 133, 134, 135, 94, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 140, 157, 0, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 50, 51, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 49, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 193, 193, 193, 193, 199, 200, 201, 201, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 0, 221, 222, 223, 65, 225, 65, 227, 228, 229, 230, 67, 69, 69, 69, 69, 236, 236, 73, 73, 240, 241, 242, 243, 79, 245, 246, 247, 248, 85, 250, 85, 85, 0, 0, 255 SET WHebrew (256) to 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 70, 132, 133, 134, 135, 94, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 50, 51, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 49, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 234, 236, 237, 237, 239, 239, 241, 242, 243, 243, 245, 245, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 0, 0, 255

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2.2.51.6 DBCS Substitution Tables

SET WJapanese (235)(2) to (0x815C, 0x815C), (0x815B, 0x815B), (0x829F, 0x00A7), (0x82A0, 0x00B1), (0x82A1, 0x00A8), (0x82A2, 0x00B2), (0x82A3, 0x00A9), (0x82A4, 0x00B3), (0x82A5, 0x00AA), (0x82A6, 0x00B4), (0x82A7, 0x00AB), (0x82A8, 0x00B5), (0x82A9, 0x00B6), (0x82AA, 0xB6DE), (0x82AB, 0x00B7), (0x82AC, 0xB7DE), (0x82AD, 0x00B8), (0x82AE, 0xB8DE), (0x82AF, 0x00B9), (0x82B0, 0xB9DE), (0x82B1, 0x00BA), (0x82B2, 0xBADE), (0x82B3, 0x00BB), (0x82B4, 0xBBDE), (0x82B5, 0x00BC), (0x82B6, 0xBCDE), (0x82B7, 0x00BD), (0x82B8, 0xBDDE), (0x82B9, 0x00BE), (0x82BA, 0xBEDE), (0x82BB, 0x00BF), (0x82BC, 0xBFDE), (0x82BD, 0x00C0), (0x82BE, 0xC0DE), (0x82BF, 0x00C1), (0x82C0, 0xC1DE), (0x82C1, 0x00AF), (0x82C2, 0x00C2), (0x82C3, 0xC2DE), (0x82C4, 0x00C3), (0x82C5, 0xC3DE), (0x82C6, 0x00C4), (0x82C7, 0xC4DE), (0x82C8, 0x00C5), (0x82C9, 0x00C6), (0x82CA, 0x00C7), (0x82CB, 0x00C8), (0x82CC, 0x00C9), (0x82CD, 0x00CA), (0x82CE, 0xCADE), (0x82CF, 0xCADF), (0x82D0, 0x00CB), (0x82D1, 0xCBDE), (0x82D2, 0xCBDF), (0x82D3, 0x00CC), (0x82D4, 0xCCDE), (0x82D5, 0xCCDF), (0x82D6, 0x00CD), (0x82D7, 0xCDDE), (0x82D8, 0xCDDF), (0x82D9, 0x00CE), (0x82DA, 0xCEDE), (0x82DB, 0xCEDF), (0x82DC, 0x00CF), (0x82DD, 0x00D0), (0x82DE, 0x00D1), (0x82DF, 0x00D2), (0x82E0, 0x00D3), (0x82E1, 0x00AC), (0x82E2, 0x00D4), (0x82E3, 0x00AD), (0x82E4, 0x00D5), (0x82E5, 0x00AE), (0x82E6, 0x00D6), (0x82E7, 0x00D7), (0x82E8, 0x00D8), (0x82E9, 0x00D9), (0x82EA, 0x00DA), (0x82EB, 0x00DB), (0x82EC, 0x838E), (0x82ED, 0x00DC), (0x82EE, 0x8390), (0x82EF, 0x8391), (0x82F0, 0x00A6), (0x82F1, 0x00DD), (0x8340, 0x00A7), (0x8341, 0x00B1), (0x8342, 0x00A8), (0x8343, 0x00B2), (0x8344, 0x00A9), (0x8345, 0x00B3), (0x8346, 0x00AA), (0x8347, 0x00B4), (0x8348, 0x00AB), (0x8349, 0x00B5), (0x834A, 0x00B6), (0x834B, 0xB6DE), (0x834C, 0x00B7), (0x834D, 0xB7DE), (0x834E, 0x00B8), (0x834F, 0xB8DE), (0x8350, 0x00B9), (0x8351, 0xB9DE), (0x8352, 0x00BA),

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol

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(0x8353, 0xBADE), (0x8354, 0x00BB), (0x8355, 0xBBDE), (0x8356, 0x00BC), (0x8357, 0xBCDE), (0x8358, 0x00BD), (0x8359, 0xBDDE), (0x835A, 0x00BE), (0x835B, 0xBEDE), (0x835C, 0x00BF), (0x835D, 0xBFDE), (0x835E, 0x00C0), (0x835F, 0xC0DE), (0x8360, 0x00C1), (0x8361, 0xC1DE), (0x8362, 0x00AF), (0x8363, 0x00C2), (0x8364, 0xC2DE), (0x8365, 0x00C3), (0x8366, 0xC3DE), (0x8367, 0x00C4), (0x8368, 0xC4DE), (0x8369, 0x00C5), (0x836A, 0x00C6), (0x836B, 0x00C7), (0x836C, 0x00C8), (0x836D, 0x00C9), (0x836E, 0x00CA), (0x836F, 0xCADE), (0x8370, 0xCADF), (0x8371, 0x00CB), (0x8372, 0xCBDE), (0x8373, 0xCBDF), (0x8374, 0x00CC), (0x8375, 0xCCDE), (0x8376, 0xCCDF), (0x8377, 0x00CD), (0x8378, 0xCDDE), (0x8379, 0xCDDF), (0x837A, 0x00CE), (0x837B, 0xCEDE), (0x837C, 0xCEDF), (0x837D, 0x00CF), (0x837E, 0x00D0), (0x8380, 0x00D1), (0x8381, 0x00D2), (0x8382, 0x00D3), (0x8383, 0x00AC), (0x8384, 0x00D4), (0x8385, 0x00AD), (0x8386, 0x00D5), (0x8387, 0x00AE), (0x8388, 0x00D6), (0x8389, 0x00D7), (0x838A, 0x00D8), (0x838B, 0x00D9), (0x838C, 0x00DA), (0x838D, 0x00DB), (0x838E, 0x838E), (0x838F, 0x00DC), (0x8390, 0x8390), (0x8391, 0x8391), (0x8392, 0x00A6), (0x8393, 0x00DD), (0x8394, 0xB3DE), (0x8395, 0x8395), (0x8396, 0x8396), (0x824F, 0x30), (0x8250, 0x31), (0x8251, 0x32), (0x8252, 0x33), (0x8253, 0x34), (0x8254, 0x35), (0x8255, 0x36), (0x8256, 0x37), (0x8257, 0x38), (0x8258, 0x39), (0x8260, 0x41), (0x8261, 0x42), (0x8262, 0x43), (0x8263, 0x44), (0x8264, 0x45), (0x8265, 0x46), (0x8266, 0x47), (0x8267, 0x48), (0x8268, 0x49), (0x8269, 0x4A), (0x826A, 0x4B), (0x826B, 0x4C), (0x826C, 0x4D), (0x826D, 0x4E), (0x826E, 0x4F), (0x826F, 0x50), (0x8270, 0x51), (0x8271, 0x52), (0x8272, 0x53), (0x8273, 0x54), (0x8274, 0x55), (0x8275, 0x56), (0x8276, 0x57), (0x8277, 0x58), (0x8278, 0x59), (0x8279, 0x5A), (0x8151, 0x5F), (0x8281, 0x61), (0x8282, 0x62), (0x8283, 0x63), (0x8284, 0x64), (0x8285, 0x65), (0x8286, 0x66), (0x8287, 0x67), (0x8288, 0x68), (0x8289, 0x69), (0x828A, 0x6A), (0x828B, 0x6B), (0x828C, 0x6C), (0x828D, 0x6D), (0x828E, 0x6E), (0x828F, 0x6F), (0x8290, 0x70), (0x8291, 0x71), (0x8292, 0x72), (0x8293, 0x73), (0x8294, 0x74), (0x8295, 0x75), (0x8296, 0x76), (0x8297, 0x77), (0x8298, 0x78), (0x8299, 0x79), (0x829A, 0x7A) SET WKorean (64)(2) to (0xA3B0, 0x30), (0xA3B1, 0x31), (0xA3B2, 0x32), (0xA3B3, 0x33), (0xA3B4, 0x34), (0xA3B5, 0x35), (0xA3B6, 0x36), (0xA3B7, 0x37), (0xA3B8, 0x38), (0xA3B9, 0x39), (0xA3C1, 0x41), (0xA3C2, 0x42), (0xA3C3, 0x43), (0xA3C4, 0x44), (0xA3C5, 0x45), (0xA3C6, 0x46), (0xA3C7, 0x47), (0xA3C8, 0x48), (0xA3C9, 0x49), (0xA3CA, 0x4A), (0xA3CB, 0x4B), (0xA3CC, 0x4C), (0xA3CD, 0x4D), (0xA3CE, 0x4E), (0xA3CF, 0x4F), (0xA3D0, 0x50), (0xA3D1, 0x51), (0xA3D2, 0x52),

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol

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(0xA3D3, 0x53), (0xA3D4, 0x54), (0xA3D5, 0x55), (0xA3D6, 0x56), (0xA3D7, 0x57), (0xA3D8, 0x58), (0xA3D9, 0x59), (0xA3DA, 0x5A), (0xA3DF, 0x5F), (0xA3E1, 0x61), (0xA3E2, 0x62), (0xA3E3, 0x63), (0xA3E4, 0x64), (0xA3E5, 0x65), (0xA3E6, 0x66), (0xA3E7, 0x67), (OxA3E8, Ox68), (OxA3E9, Ox69), (OxA3EA, Ox6A), (OxA3EB, Ox6B), (0xA3EC, 0x6C), (0xA3ED, 0x6D), (0xA3EE, 0x6E), (0xA3EF, 0x6F), (0xA3F0, 0x70), (0xA3F1, 0x71), (0xA3F2, 0x72), (0xA3F3, 0x73), (0xA3F4, 0x74), (0xA3F5, 0x75), (0xA3F6, 0x76), (0xA3F7, 0x77), (0xA3F8, 0x78), (0xA3F9, 0x79), (0xA3FA, 0x7A) SET WChineseTraditional (64)(2) to (0xA2AF, 0x30), (0xA2B0, 0x31), (0xA2B1, 0x32), (0xA2B2, 0x33), (0xA2B3, 0x34), (0xA2B4, 0x35), (0xA2B5, 0x36), (0xA2B6, 0x37), (0xA2B7, 0x38), (0xA2B8, 0x39), (0xA2CF, 0x41), (0xA2D0, 0x42), (0xA2D1, 0x43), (0xA2D2, 0x44), (0xA2D3, 0x45), (0xA2D4, 0x46), (0xA2D5, 0x47), (0xA2D6, 0x48), (0xA2D7, 0x49), (0xA2D8, 0x4A), (0xA2D9, 0x4B), (0xA2DA, 0x4C), (0xA2DB, 0x4D), (0xA2DC, 0x4E), (0xA2DD, 0x4F), (0xA2DE, 0x50), (0xA2DF, 0x51), (0xA2E0, 0x52), (0xA2E1, 0x53), (0xA2E2, 0x54), (0xA2E3, 0x55), (0xA2E4, 0x56), (0xA2E5, 0x57), (0xA2E6, 0x58), (0xA2E7, 0x59), (0xA2E8, 0x5A), (0xA1C5, 0x5F), (0xA2E9, 0x61), (0xA2EA, 0x62), (0xA2EB, 0x63), (0xA2EC, 0x64), (0xA2ED, 0x65), (0xA2EE, 0x66), (0xA2EF, 0x67), (0xA2F0, 0x68), (0xA2F1, 0x69), (0xA2F2, 0x6A), (0xA2F3, 0x6B), (0xA2F4, 0x6C), (0xA2F5, 0x6D), (0xA2F6, 0x6E), (0xA2F7, 0x6F), (0xA2F8, 0x70), (0xA2F9, 0x71), (0xA2FA, 0x72), (0xA2FB, 0x73), (0xA2FC, 0x74), (0xA2FD, 0x75), (0xA2FE, 0x76), (0xA340, 0x77), (0xA341, 0x78), (0xA342, 0x79), (0xA343, 0x7A) SET WChineseSimplified (64)(2) to (0xA3B0, 0x30), (0xA3B1, 0x31), (0xA3B2, 0x32), (0xA3B3, 0x33), (0xA3B4, 0x34), (0xA3B5, 0x35), (0xA3B6, 0x36), (0xA3B7, 0x37), (0xA3B8, 0x38), (0xA3B9, 0x39), (0xA3C1, 0x41), (0xA3C2, 0x42), (0xA3C3, 0x43), (0xA3C4, 0x44), (0xA3C5, 0x45), (0xA3C6, 0x46), (0xA3C7, 0x47), (0xA3C8, 0x48), (0xA3C9, 0x49), (0xA3CA, 0x4A), (0xA3CB, 0x4B), (0xA3CC, 0x4C), (0xA3CD, 0x4D), (0xA3CE, 0x4E), (0xA3CF, 0x4F), (0xA3D0, 0x50), (0xA3D1, 0x51), (0xA3D2, 0x52), (0xA3D3, 0x53), (0xA3D4, 0x54), (0xA3D5, 0x55), (0xA3D6, 0x56), (0xA3D7, 0x57), (0xA3D8, 0x58), (0xA3D9, 0x59), (0xA3DA, 0x5A), (0xA3DF, 0x5F), (0xA3E1, 0x61), (0xA3E2, 0x62), (0xA3E3, 0x63), (0xA3E4, 0x64), (0xA3E5, 0x65), (0xA3E6, 0x66), (0xA3E7, 0x67), (0xA3E8, 0x68), (0xA3E9, 0x69), (0xA3EA, 0x6A), (0xA3EB, 0x6B), (0xA3EC, 0x6C), (0xA3ED, 0x6D), (0xA3EE, 0x6E), (0xA3EF, 0x6F), (0xA3F0, 0x70), (0xA3F1, 0x71), (0xA3F2, 0x72), (0xA3F3, 0x73), (0xA3F4, 0x74), (0xA3F5, 0x75), (0xA3F6, 0x76), (0xA3F7, 0x77), (0xA3F8, 0x78), (0xA3F9, 0x79), (0xA3FA, 0x7A)

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol

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3 Protocol Details

The following sections specify OLE Automation Protocol details, including abstract data models, interface method syntax, and message processing rules.

3.1 Automation Server Details

An automation server is any COM server that exposes access to its functionality through an implementation of IDispatch. This automation interface can be either an oleautomation interface or a "dual" interface; but, for the server to qualify as an automation server, its clients need to be able to access its functionality through calls to **IDispatch::Invoke (section 3.1.4.4)**.

The distinguishing characteristic of IDispatch is that clients do not need to have specific type information regarding the way the automation server exposes its functionality. Rather, clients can use a looser approach in which they provide a name for the method that they need to call, and then provide the arguments to be passed to this method in a format that allows for both named arguments and more loosely typed arguments.

3.1.1 Abstract Data Model

This section describes a conceptual model of possible data organization that an implementation maintains to participate in this protocol. The described organization is provided to explain how the protocol behaves. This specification does not mandate that implementations adhere to this model as long as their external behavior is consistent with the behavior described in this specification.

The automation server needs to maintain a direct and consistent mapping for the DISPIDs that it recognizes for specific name requests. This mapping is permanent if, and only if, the method definition in the IDL file is marked with the id attribute (as specified in section 2.2.49.5) or if the server documents the mapping in the component documentation. If the preceding conditions are not satisfied, the automation server MAY<53> generate the mapping on the fly, but it maintains it for the extent of its own lifetime.

The automation server maintains a dispatch mapping table that contains a list of mapping entries for each supported locale ID. Automation clients calling servers that do not have their DISPIDs specified in the IDL and that also do not have their DISPIDs specified in the server documentation cannot assume that the mapping is permanent and always query for the current mapping.

Each mapping entry contains:

- A list of names that identify the method or property and the named parameters that the server supports for it.
- A corresponding list of DISPIDs.

Note The preceding conceptual data can be implemented by using a variety of techniques. Any data structure that stores this conceptual data may be used in the implementation.

3.1.2 Timers

None.

3.1.3 Initialization

The server MUST initialize its dispatch mapping tables.

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol

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3.1.4 Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules

This is an overview of the four methods used by the **IDispatch interface**. The names and opnums of each method follow, as well as a simple description of the method.

IDispatch derives from the IUnknown interface. IDispatch servers MUST implement the methods that are defined in IUnknown, in the order in which and with the opnums with which they are specified, in <u>[MS-DCOM] Appendix A</u>.

Methods in RPC Opnum Order

Method	Description
<u>GetTypeInfoCount</u>	The GetTypeInfoCount method specifies whether the automation server provides type description information. Opnum: 3
<u>GetTypeInfo</u>	The GetTypeInfo method provides access to the type description information that is exposed by the automation server. Opnum: 4
<u>GetIDsOfNames</u>	The GetIDsOfNames method maps a single member name (method or property name), and an optional set of argument names, to a corresponding set of integer DISPIDs, which can be used on subsequent calls to <u>IDispatch::Invoke</u> . Opnum: 5
<u>Invoke</u>	The Invoke method provides access to properties and methods that are exposed by the automation server. Opnum: 6

All methods MUST NOT throw exceptions. All return values use the NTSTATUS numbering space; in particular, a value of 0x00000000 indicates success, and any other return value indicates an error. All error values are specified in [MS-ERREF] and MUST be treated the same, unless specified otherwise.

3.1.4.1 IDispatch::GetTypeInfoCount (Opnum 3)

The **GetTypeInfoCount** method specifies whether the automation server provides Type description information.

```
HRESULT GetTypeInfoCount(
   [out] UINT* pctinfo
);
```

pctinfo: MUST be set to 0 if the automation server does not provide Type description information. Otherwise, it MUST be set to 1.

Return Values: The method MUST return information in an **HRESULT** data structure, defined in [MS-ERREF] section 2.1. The severity bit in the structure identifies the following conditions:

- If the severity bit is set to 0, the method completed successfully.
- If the severity bit is set to 1, the method failed and encountered a fatal error.

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 96 / 205

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3.1.4.2 IDispatch::GetTypeInfo (Opnum 4)

The **GetTypeInfo** method provides access to the Type description information exposed by the automation server.

```
HRESULT GetTypeInfo(
  [in] UINT iTInfo,
  [in] LCID lcid,
  [out] ITypeInfo** ppTInfo
);
```

iTInfo: MUST be 0.

Icid: MUST equal the locale ID for the Type description information to be retrieved.

ppTInfo: MUST be set to reference an instance of an <u>ITypeInfo server</u> that corresponds to the default nonsource interface of the coclass implementing IDispatch (see section 2.2.49.8). MUST refer to the **partner dispinterface** if the default nonsource interface is a dual interface. MUST be set to NULL if the coclass does not specify a default nonsource interface.

Return Values: The method MUST return information in an **HRESULT** data structure, defined in [MS-ERREF] section 2.1. The severity bit in the structure identifies the following conditions:

- If the severity bit is set to 0, the method completed successfully.
- If the severity bit is set to 1 and the entire <u>HRESULT</u> DWORD does not match the value in the following table, a fatal failure occurred.
- If the severity bit is set to 1 and the entire HRESULT DWORD matches the value in the following table, a failure occurred.

Return value/code	Description
0x8002000B DISP_E_BADINDEX	SHOULD be returned when the value of the passed in iTInfo argument was not 0. See [MS-ERREF].

3.1.4.3 IDispatch::GetIDsOfNames (Opnum 5)

The **GetIDsOfNames** method maps a single member (method or property) name, and an optional set of argument names, to a corresponding set of integer DISPIDs, which can be used on subsequent calls to <u>IDispatch::Invoke</u>.

```
HRESULT GetIDsOfNames(
   [in] REFIID riid,
   [in, size_is(cNames)] LPOLESTR* rgszNames,
   [in, range(0,16384)] UINT cNames,
   [in] LCID lcid,
   [out, size_is(cNames)] DISPID* rgDispId
);
```

riid: MUST equal IID_NULL (see section 1.9).

rgszNames: MUST be the array of strings to be mapped. The first string in the array MUST specify the name of a method or property that is supported by the server. Any additional

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 97 / 205

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strings MUST contain the names of all arguments for the method or property that is specified by the value in the first string. The mapping MUST be case-insensitive.

cNames: MUST equal the count of names to be mapped, and MUST<54> be between 0 and 16384.

Icid: MUST equal the locale ID in which to interpret the names.

- **rgDispId:** MUST be an array of DISPIDs that are filled in by the server. Each DISPID corresponds, by position, to one of the names passed in *rgszNames*.
- **Return Values:** The method MUST return information in an HRESULT data structure, as defined in [MS-ERREF] section 2.1. The severity bit in the structure identifies the following conditions:
 - If the severity bit is set to 0, the method completed successfully.
 - If the severity bit is set to 1 and the entire HRESULT DWORD does not match a value in the following table, a fatal failure occurred.
 - If the severity bit is set to 1 and the entire HRESULT DWORD matches a value in the following table, a failure occurred.

Return value/code	Description
0x80020006 DISP_E_UNKNOWNNAME	One or more names were not known. The returned array of DISPIDs MUST contain at least one DISPID_UNKNOWN, and there MUST be one DISPID_UNKNOWN for each entry that corresponds to an unknown name. See [MS-ERREF].
0x80020001 DISP_E_UNKNOWNINTERFACE	The interface identifier passed in riid is not IID_NULL. See [MS-ERREF].

Exceptions Thrown: No exceptions are thrown from this method except those that are thrown by the underlying RPC Protocol specified in [MS-RPCE].

When **GetIDsOfNames** is called with more than one name, the first name (rgszNames[0]) corresponds to the member name, and subsequent names correspond to the names of member parameters.

The same name may map to different DISPIDs, depending on context. For example, a name may have a DISPID when it is used as: a member name with a particular interface, a different ID as a member of a different interface, and a different mapping for each time it appears as a parameter.

The implementation of GetIDsOfNames MUST be case-insensitive.

An implementation of the OLE Automation Protocol MAY $\leq 55 \geq$ choose to implement a mapping for the parameter names that map to the index of the parameter in the member parameter list.

3.1.4.4 IDispatch::Invoke (Opnum 6)

The **Invoke** method provides access to properties and methods exposed by the automation server.

```
HRESULT Invoke(
  [in] DISPID dispIdMember,
  [in] REFIID riid,
  [in] LCID lcid,
  [in] DWORD dwFlags,
```

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 98 / 205

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```
[in] DISPPARAMS* pDispParams,
[out] VARIANT* pVarResult,
[out] EXCEPINFO* pExcepInfo,
[out] UINT* pArgErr,
[in] UINT cVarRef,
[in, size_is(cVarRef)] UINT* rgVarRefIdx,
[in, out, size_is(cVarRef)] VARIANT* rgVarRef
);
```

dispIdMember: MUST equal the DISPID of the method or property to call.

riid: MUST equal IID_NULL (see section 1.9).

Icid: MUST equal a locale ID supported by the automation server. This value SHOULD be used by the automation server if any of the arguments are strings whose meaning is dependent on a specific locale ID. If no such strings are present in the arguments the server SHOULD ignore this value.

dwFlags: MUST be a combination of the bit flags specified in the following table.

Note The value MUST specify one and only one of the following bit flags: DISPATCH_METHOD, DISPATCH_PROPERTYGET, DISPATCH_PROPERTYPUT, or DISPATCH_PROPERTYPUTREF.

Value	Meaning
DISPATCH_METHOD 0x00000001	The member is invoked as a method.
DISPATCH_PROPERTYGET 0x00000002	The member is retrieved as a property or data member.
DISPATCH_PROPERTYPUT 0x00000004	The member is changed as a property or data member.
DISPATCH_PROPERTYPUTREF 0x00000008	The member is changed by a reference assignment, rather than by a value assignment. This flag is valid only when the property accepts a reference to an object.
DISPATCH_zeroVarResult 0x00020000	MUST specify that the client is not interested in the actual pVarResult [out] argument. On return the <i>pVarResult</i> argument MUST point to a VT_EMPTY variant, with all reserved fields set to 0.
DISPATCH_zeroExcepInfo 0x00040000	MUST specify that the client is not interested in the actual pExcepInfo [out] argument. On return <i>pExcepInfo</i> MUST point to an EXCEPINFO structure, with all scalar fields set to 0 and all BSTR fields set to NULL.
DISPATCH_zeroArgErr 0x00080000	MUST specify that the client is not interested in the actual pArgErr [out] argument. On return, <i>pArgErr</i> MUST be set to 0.

pDispParams: MUST point to a **DISPPARAMS** structure that defines the arguments passed to the method. Arguments MUST be stored in pDispParams->rgvarg in reverse order, so that the first argument is the one with the highest index in the array. Byref arguments MUST be marked in this array as VT_EMPTY entries, and stored in *rgVarRef* instead. For more information, see section 2.2.33.

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 99 / 205

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pVarResult: MUST point to a VARIANT that will be filled with the result of the method or property call.

pExcepInfo: If this value is not null and the return value is DISP_E_EXCEPTION, this structure MUST be filled by the automation server. Otherwise, it MUST specify a 0 value for the **scode** and **wCode** fields, and it MUST be ignored on receipt.

pArgErr: If this value is not null and the return value is DISP_E_TYPEMISMATCH or DISP_E_PARAMNOTFOUND, this argument MUST equal the index (within pDispParams->rgvarg) of the first argument that has an error. Otherwise, it MUST be ignored on receipt.

cVarRef: MUST equal the number of byref arguments passed in *pDispParams*.

rgVarRefIdx: MUST contain an array of *cVarRef* unsigned integers that holds the indices of the byref arguments marked as VT_EMPTY entries in pDispParams->rgvarg.

rgVarRef: MUST contain the byref arguments as set by the client at the time of the call, and by the server on successful return from the call. Arguments in this array MUST also be stored in reverse order, so that the first byref argument has the highest index in the array.

Return Values: The method MUST return information in an HRESULT data structure, defined in [MS-ERREF] section 2.1. The severity bit in the structure identifies the following conditions:

- If the severity bit is set to 0, the method completed successfully.
- If the severity bit is set to 1 and the entire HRESULT DWORD does not match a value in the following table, a fatal failure occurred.

Return value/code	Description
0x80020009 DISP_E_EXCEPTION	The application needs to raise an exception. In this case, the structure passed in <i>pExcepInfo</i> MUST be filled in with a nonzero error code. See [MS-ERREF].
0x80020004 DISP_E_PARAMNOTFOUND	One of the parameter DISPIDs does not correspond to a parameter on the method. In this case, pArgErr MUST be set to the first argument that contains the error. See [MS-ERREF].
0x80020005 DISP_E_TYPEMISMATCH	One or more of the arguments could not be coerced into the type of the corresponding formal parameter. The index within rgvarg of the first parameter with the incorrect type MUST be returned in the pArgErr parameter. For more information, see section 3.1.4.4.4 and [MS-ERREF].
0x8002000E DISP_E_BADPARAMCOUNT	The number of elements provided to DISPPARAMS is different from the number of arguments accepted by the method or property. See [MS-ERREF].
0x80020008 DISP_E_BADVARTYPE	One of the arguments in rgvarg is not a valid variant type. See [MS-ERREF].
0x80020003 DISP_E_MEMBERNOTFOUND	The requested member does not exist, or the call to Invoke tried to set the value of a read-only property. See [MS-ERREF].
0x80020007	At least one named argument was provided for methods with a

 If the severity bit is set to 1 and the entire HRESULT DWORD matches a value in the following table, a failure occurred.

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 100 / 205

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Return value/code	Description
DISP_E_NONAMEDARGS	vararg parameter (see section $3.1.4.4.3$), for which named arguments are illegal. See [MS-ERREF].
0x8002000A DISP_E_OVERFLOW	One of the arguments in rgvarg could not be coerced to the type of its corresponding formal parameter. See [MS-ERREF].
0x80020001 DISP_E_UNKNOWNINTERFACE	The interface identifier passed in riid is not IID_NULL. See [MS-ERREF].
0x8002000F DISP_E_PARAMNOTOPTIONAL	A required parameter was omitted. See [MS-ERREF].

Exceptions Thrown: No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC Protocol, as specified in [MS-RPCE].

3.1.4.4.1 Invoke Consistency Checks

The following conditions MUST hold:

- If pDispParams->cNamedArgs is nonzero, rgdispidNamedArgs MUST contain the DISPIDs corresponding to the named arguments that are recognized by the server in the context of the current method or property (identified by the dispIdMember argument passed to Invoke).
- The last cArgs-cNamedArgs VARIANT values from rgvargs correspond to the positional arguments passed to the method.
- There are no VT_BYREF variant values in rgvargs.
- All variant values in rgVarRef have the VT_BYREF bit flag set.
- Each VARIANT contained within the pDispParams->rgvarg array, whose index corresponds to an entry in *rgVarRefIdx*, is set to VT_EMPTY.

3.1.4.4.2 Invoke Argument-Parameter Mapping

The two arrays of VARIANTs that appear in this method, pDispParams->rgvarg and *rgVarRef*, are two halves of the same whole.

The first array, pDispParams->rgvarg, MUST contain only the [in] argument values, whose updates do not need to be reflected on the client side. The second array, rgVarRef, MUST contains all the [in, out] or [out] arguments, passed by reference, which need to update client-side state upon return. The elements in this array MUST be mapped to positional or named arguments through *rgVarRefIdx*.

In addition, any parameters that have the lcid or retval attributes MUST NOT be packed in the pDispParams->rgvarg or *rgVarRef*. Instead the "lcid" argument MUST be used to specify the third argument (lcid) to **IDispatch::Invoke**. Also, the "retval" argument MUST be set from the sixth argument (pVarResult) to **IDispatch::Invoke**.

3.1.4.4.3 Handling Default Value and Optional Arguments

For any arguments that the automation client does not semantically need to specify that correspond to *defaultvalue* parameters, the automation client $MUST \le 56 >$ use the value specified in the **defaultvalue** attribute.

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol

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Release: Friday, October 25, 2013

For any arguments that the automation client does not semantically need to specify, that correspond to optional parameters, the automation client MUST use the "optional argument marker". The "optional argument marker" is a **VARIANT** value with the **discriminant** field set to VT_ERROR and the **scode** field set to DISP_E_PARAMNOTFOUND.

A method with the **vararg** attribute does not specify optional arguments by position. To pass arguments that do not correspond to positional arguments, the automation client MUST create a one-dimensional <u>SAFEARRAY</u> of **VARIANTs** whose length is the number of additional arguments, package the values of the arguments as **VARIANTs** in the SAFEARRAY, and pass the SAFEARRAY as the first argument in *pDispParams*. The automation client MUST pass an empty SAFEARRAY as the final argument of a **vararg** method if it does not need to specify any optional arguments.

3.1.4.4.4 Argument Coercion

The automation server MAY \leq 57 \geq attempt to convert the arguments passed in pDispParams to the expected types of the formal parameters of the method or property that is called. If no possible coercion exists, the server MUST return DISP_E_TYPEMISMATCH.

3.1.5 Timer Events

None.

3.1.6 Other Local Events

None.

3.2 Automation Client Details

3.2.1 Abstract Data Model

This section describes a conceptual model of possible data organization that an implementation maintains to participate in this protocol. The described organization is provided to explain how the protocol behaves. This specification does not mandate that implementations adhere to this model as long as their external behavior is consistent with the behavior described in this specification.

For every locale ID that an automation client is using, it MUST maintain a dispatch mapping table that contains a list of mapping entries.

Each mapping entry MUST contain:

- The list of names that identify the method or property, and the named parameters that the client intends to use for calls to those operations.
- A corresponding list of DISPIDs.

Note The preceding conceptual data can be implemented by using a variety of techniques. Any data structure that stores this conceptual data may be used in the implementation.

3.2.2 Timers

None.

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 102 / 205

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3.2.3 Initialization

If the client caches the mapping between the automation server's member names and the corresponding DISPIDs, the client MUST initialize the cache at this time.

3.2.4 Message Processing and Sequencing Rules

If the client does not have prior knowledge of the server's DISPIDs, it MUST call **IDispatch::GetIDsOfNames (section 3.1.4.3)** before calling **IDispatch::Invoke (section 3.1.4.4)**. The client MUST call **GetIDsOfNames** at least once for each automation member (see section 2.2.49.5) that it needs to call.

The sequence of events in this case MUST be as follows:

- The automation client calls **IDispatch::GetIDsOfNames** to obtain the mapping between the automation member name and any of its named arguments, and their corresponding DISPIDs (see section <u>2.2.32</u>).
- The automation client potentially caches this mapping in the dispatch mapping table that corresponds to the locale ID value it specified.
- The automation client invokes the operation by using **IDispatch::Invoke** one or more times.

If the client uses the DISPIDs retrieved at compile time (from the documentation of the automation server, or from the IDL that describes the Automation interface), there are no sequencing rules.

3.2.5 Timer Events

None.

3.2.6 Other Local Events

None.

3.3 IEnumVARIANT Server Details

By implementing the IEnumVARIANT interface, a server provides a method for enumerating a collection of variants, including heterogeneous collections of objects. This interface SHOULD be implemented by COM servers that expose collections of objects.

An automation server SHOULD expose this functionality by implementing a _NewEnum method with a DISPID of DISPID_NEWENUM, as specified in section 2.2.32.1.

IEnumVARIANT MUST NOT impose restrictions on the semantics associated with the collection it manages.

3.3.1 Abstract Data Model

An <u>IEnumVARIANT server</u> MUST maintain a sequence of elements and the current position in the enumeration:

- Static servers: MUST maintain a static sequence of elements throughout its lifetime, and the current position in the sequence.
- Semi-static servers: MUST maintain a static sequence of elements, and the current position in the sequence. The sequence MUST be updated upon the call to Reset.

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 103 / 205

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• Dynamic servers: MUST maintain the current position in the sequence and server-specific state that allows it to dynamically retrieve the next elements requested by a client.

3.3.2 Timers

None.

3.3.3 Initialization

The server MUST initialize the current position. A static and semi-static server MUST initialize the sequence of elements it manages.

3.3.4 Message Processing and Sequencing Rules

This is an overview of the four methods that are used by the <u>IEnumVARIANT</u> interface. The names and opnums of each method are given as follows, as well as a simple description of the method.

The IEnumVARIANT derives from the IUnknown interface. IEnumVARIANT servers MUST implement the methods defined in IUnknown in the order and with the opnums with which they are specified in [MS-DCOM] Appendix A.

Method	Description
<u>Next</u>	The IEnumVARIANT::Next method returns the requested items that are next in the enumeration sequence. Opnum: 3
<u>Skip</u>	The IEnumVARIANT::Skip method skips over the requested number of elements in the enumeration sequence. Opnum: 4
<u>Reset</u>	The IEnumVARIANT::Reset method resets the enumeration sequence to the beginning. Opnum: 5
<u>Clone</u>	The IEnumVARIANT::Clone method creates a copy of the current state of the enumeration. Opnum: 6

Methods in RPC Opnum Order

All methods MUST NOT throw exceptions. All return values use the NTSTATUS numbering space; in particular, a value of 0x00000000 indicates success, and any other return value indicates an error. All error values are specified in [MS-ERREF] and MUST be treated the same unless specified otherwise.

3.3.4.1 IEnumVARIANT::Next (Opnum 3)

The **IEnumVARIANT::Next** method returns up to the number of requested items that occur next in the enumeration sequence.

```
HRESULT Next(
  [in] ULONG celt,
  [out, size_is(celt), length_is(*pCeltFetched)]
   VARIANT* rgVar,
  [out] ULONG* pCeltFetched
```

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 104 / 205

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);

celt: MUST be set to the maximum number of elements to return. The value MUST NOT be 0.

rgVar: MUST be set to an array of elements that are returned from the enumeration sequence.

- **pCeltFetched:** MUST be set to the number of elements successfully returned. This number MUST be equal to the value in *celt*, unless the end of the enumeration sequence is encountered.
- **Return Values:** The method MUST return the information in an **HRESULT** data structure, which is defined in [MS-ERREF] section 2.1. The severity bit in the structure identifies the following conditions:
 - If the severity bit is set to 0, the method completed successfully.
 - If the severity bit is set to 1, the method failed and encountered a fatal error.

A static or semistatic IEnumVARIANT server MUST retrieve the next *celt* elements from the sequence and fill in *rgVar* up to the *celt* elements or up to the remaining number of elements that are not yet enumerated.

A dynamic server MUST use its server-specific state to retrieve the next elements.

In all cases, the server MUST:

- Set *pCeltFetched* with the number retrieved.
- Update the current position in the sequence.
- Return a status of 1 (S_FALSE) if *pCeltFetched* is not equal to *celt*.

3.3.4.2 IEnumVARIANT::Skip (Opnum 4)

The **IEnumVARIANT::Skip** method skips over the requested number of elements in the enumeration sequence.

```
HRESULT Skip(
   [in] ULONG celt
);
```

celt: MUST be set to the maximum number of elements to skip over.

Return Values: The method MUST return information in an **HRESULT** data structure, defined in [MS-ERREF] section 2.1. The severity bit in the structure identifies the following conditions:

- If the severity bit is set to 0, the method completed successfully.
- If the severity bit is set to 1, the method failed and encountered a fatal error.

A static or semi-static <u>IEnumVARIANT server</u> MUST update the current position in the sequence by either celt elements, or the number of elements remaining, whichever is smaller.

A dynamic server MUST use its server-specific state to affect the dynamic collection it manages, and MUST update the current position in the sequence by either celt elements, or the number of elements remaining, whichever is smaller.

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 105 / 205

```
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```

In all cases, the server MUST return 1 (S_FALSE), if the current position was updated by less than celt elements.

3.3.4.3 IEnumVARIANT::Reset (Opnum 5)

The IEnumVARIANT::Reset method resets the enumeration sequence to the beginning.

HRESULT Reset();

This method has no parameters.

Return Values: The method MUST return information in an **HRESULT** data structure, defined in [MS-ERREF] section 2.1. The severity bit in the structure identifies the following conditions:

- If the severity bit is set to 0, the method completed successfully.
- If the severity bit is set to 1, the method failed and encountered a fatal error.

A static server MUST reset its current position in the sequence.

A semi-static or dynamic server MUST update the sequence of elements it maintains and MUST reset the current position in the sequence to the beginning.

3.3.4.4 IEnumVARIANT::Clone (Opnum 6)

The **IEnumVARIANT::Clone** method creates a copy of the current state of the enumeration.

```
HRESULT Clone(
  [out] IEnumVARIANT** ppEnum
);
```

ppEnum: MUST be set to an instance of the enumeration.

Return Values: The method MUST return information in an **HRESULT** data structure, defined in [MS-ERREF] section 2.1. The severity bit in the structure identifies the following conditions:

- If the severity bit is set to 0, the method completed successfully.
- If the severity bit is set to 1, the method failed and encountered a fatal error.

The server MUST create a new COM server that implements IEnumVARIANT. The state of the newly created IEnumVARIANT server MUST be set according to the type of the current server:

- If the original server is a static or semi-static server, the state of the new COM server MUST be based on the current state of the enumeration.
- If the original server is a dynamic server, the state of the new COM server MUST be based on the current state of the underlying collection, and the current position in the sequence.

3.3.5 Timer Events

None.

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 106 / 205

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3.3.6 Other Local Events

None.

3.4 IEnumVARIANT Client Details

An IEnumVARIANT client iterates over the elements of a collection managed by an <u>IEnumVARIANT</u> server.

3.4.1 Abstract Data Model

None.

3.4.2 Timers

None.

3.4.3 Initialization

None.

3.4.4 Message Processing and Sequencing Rules

An <u>IEnumVARIANT client</u> MUST retrieve an instance of the server by:

- Some DCOM server-specific method.
- Calling _NewEnum (see section <u>2.2.32.1</u>) on an automation server.

The client MUST call **IEnumVARIANT::Next** to enumerate over the elements of the collection.

The client MUST call **<u>IEnumVARIANT::Skip</u>** if it needs to omit collection elements from the enumeration.

The client MUST call **IEnumVARIANT::Reset** if it needs to restart the enumeration.

The client MUST call **<u>IEnumVARIANT::Clone</u>** if it needs to save the current state of the enumeration.

3.4.5 Timer Events

None.

3.4.6 Other Local Events

None.

3.5 ITypeComp Server Details

The ITypeComp interface defines methods that map names to types and type members.

3.5.1 Abstract Data Model

This section describes a conceptual model of possible data organization that an implementation maintains to participate in this protocol. The described organization is provided to facilitate the

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol

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explanation of how the protocol behaves. This specification does not mandate that implementations adhere to this model so long as their external behavior is consistent with the behavior described in this specification.

An <u>ITypeComp server</u> MUST maintain a "binding server" reference to either an <u>ITypeLib server</u> or an <u>ITypeInfo server</u>. The binding context of the ITypeComp server (see section <u>3.5.4.1.1</u>) MUST be the same as the binding context of the binding server.

The reference to an ITypeLib server or ITypeInfo server MUST be permanent over the lifetime of the ITypeComp server.

3.5.2 Timers

None.

3.5.3 Initialization

The server MUST initialize its <u>ITypeLib</u> or <u>ITypeInfo</u> reference and maintain the reference over its lifetime. The ITypeLib or ITypeInfo instance referenced by the <u>ITypeComp server</u> MUST be initialized as specified in section <u>3.11.3</u> or section <u>3.7.3</u>.

3.5.4 Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules

This is an overview of the two methods that are used by the <u>ITypeComp</u> interface. The names and opnums of each method are given as follows, in addition to simple descriptions of the methods.

ITypeComp derives from the IUnknown interface. ITypeComp servers MUST implement the methods that are defined in IUnknown, in the order in which and with the opnums with which they are specified in [MS-DCOM] Appendix A.

Methods in RPC Opnum Order

Method	Description
<u>Bind</u>	The Bind method retrieves a type member whose name corresponds to a specified string. Opnum: 3
<u>BindType</u>	The BindType method retrieves a reference to an Automation type description whose name corresponds to a specified string. Opnum: 4

All methods MUST NOT throw exceptions. All return values use the NTSTATUS numbering space; in particular, a value of 0x00000000 indicates success, and any other return value indicates an error. All error values are specified in [MS-ERREF] and MUST be treated the same, unless specified otherwise.

3.5.4.1 ITypeComp::Bind (Opnum 3)

The **Bind** method retrieves automation type description server instances and related structures that provide access to a method, property or data member whose name corresponds to a specified string.

```
HRESULT Bind(
[in] LPOLESTR szName,
[in] ULONG lHashVal,
```

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 108 / 205

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```
[in] WORD wFlags,
[out] ITypeInfo** ppTInfo,
[out] DESCKIND* pDescKind,
[out] LPFUNCDESC* ppFuncDesc,
[out] LPVARDESC* ppVarDesc,
[out] ITypeComp** ppTypeComp,
[out] DWORD* pReserved
);
```

szName: MUST be set to a string.

- **IHashVal:** MUST be set to the hash value that corresponds to the value of *szName* (as specified in section 2.2.51) or 0. Whether 0 or a computed hash value is specified for this argument, the server MUST return the same values in *ppTInfo*, *pDescKind*, *ppFuncDesc*, *ppVarDesc*, and *ppTypeComp*.
- **wFlags:** MUST be set to a value of the **<u>INVOKEKIND</u>** enumeration, as specified in section 2.2.14</u>, or 0.
- **ppTInfo:** MUST be set to a reference to the <u>ITypeInfo server</u> instance that corresponds to the element whose name matches the value of *szName* or NULL, as specified in sections <u>3.5.4.1.2</u> and <u>2.2.50</u>. MUST be set to NULL if *szName* does not match the name of any element in the binding context (see section <u>3.5.4.1.1</u>).

pDescKind: MUST be set to one of the following values of the <u>DESCKIND enumeration</u> (section 2.2.22):

- MUST be set to DESCKIND_FUNCDESC if the values of *szName* and *wFlags* specify a method or property accessor method in the binding context of the <u>ITypeComp server</u>.
- MUST be set to DESCKIND_VARDESC if the values of *szName* and *wFlags* specify a data member of an enumeration, module, or ODL dispinterface in the binding context of the ITypeComp server, or if the binding server is an <u>ITypeLib server</u> and *szName* specifies the name of an appobject coclass in the binding context of the ITypeComp server.
- MUST be set to DESCKIND_TYPECOMP if the value of *szName* specifies an enumeration or module in the binding context of the ITypeComp server.
- MUST be set to DESCKIND_IMPLICITAPPOBJ if the binding server is an ITypeLib server, the value of *szName* specifies an element in the binding context of an appobject coclass, and the appobject coclass is in the binding context of the ITypeComp server.
- Otherwise, MUST be set to DESCKIND_NONE.
- **ppFuncDesc:** MUST be set to a FUNCDESC that describes the method or property whose name matches the value of *szName*, if *pDescKind* is DESCKIND_FUNCDESC. Otherwise, MUST be set to NULL.

ppVarDesc: MUST be set to a value that is specified by the value of *pDescKind*.

- DESCKIND_VARDESC: MUST be set to a VARDESC that describes a data member of an enumeration, module, or ODL dispinterface if the name of the data member matches szName.
- DESCKIND_IMPLICITAPPOBJ: MUST be set to a VARDESC that describes the appobject coclass whose binding context contains a member whose name matches *szName*.

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 109 / 205

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- DESCKIND_FUNCDESC, DESCKIND_TYPECOMP, DESCKIND_NONE: MUST be set to NULL.
- **ppTypeComp:** MUST be set to a reference to an ITypeComp server instance that provides access to the binding context of the bound element, if *pDescKind* is DESCKIND_TYPECOMP or DESCKIND_IMPLICITAPPOBJ. Otherwise, MUST be set to NULL.

pReserved: MUST be set to 0.

- **Return Values:** The method MUST return information in an HRESULT data structure, which is defined in [MS-ERREF] section 2.1. The severity bit in the structure identifies the following conditions:
 - If the severity bit is set to 0, the method completed successfully.
 - If the severity bit is set to 1 and the entire HRESULT DWORD does not match a value in the following table, a fatal failure occurred.
 - If the severity bit is set to 1 and the entire HRESULT DWORD matches a value in the following table, a failure occurred.

Return value/code	Description
0x8002802C TYPE_E_AMBIGUOUSNAME	The values of <i>szName</i> and <i>wFlags</i> match more than one element in the binding context. See [MS-ERREF].
0x80028CA0 TYPE_E_TYPEMISMATCH	The value of <i>szName</i> matched a single element in the binding context, but the INVOKEKIND value that is associated with that element did not match the value of <i>wFlags</i> . See [MS-ERREF].

3.5.4.1.1 Binding Context

The binding context of <u>ITypeComp server</u> is determined by its associated Automation type library or Automation type description server. The binding context defines the set of members and members of inherited types that can be referenced by name.

3.5.4.1.1.1 Automation Type Library Binding Context

The binding context of an Automation type library MUST consist of the following elements:

- The names of all enum types of the module, if present, and of all appobject coclass types.
- The data members of each enumeration member of its type information table.
- The data and method members of the module member of its type information table, if there is one.
- The binding context of each coclass defined in the Automation scope, if the coclass was declared with the **[appobject]** attribute (an appobject coclass).

3.5.4.1.1.2 Automation Type Description Binding Context

The binding context of an Automation type description MUST be specified by its associated TYPEKIND value.

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 110 / 205

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TYPEKIND value	Binding context
TKIND_ENUM, TKIND_RECORD, TKIND_UNION	The binding context MUST consist of the members of the data member table.
TKIND_MODULE	The binding context MUST consist of the members of the method and data member tables.
TKIND_COCLASS	The binding context MUST consist of the binding context of the default nonsource interface in the interface table (see section 2.2.49.8). A coclass whose interface table does not include an interface declared with the [default] attribute and without the [source] attribute (that is, a "default nonsource interface") MUST have an empty binding context.
TKIND_DISPATCH	The binding context MUST consist of the members of the dispatch method and data member tables. The binding context of an ODL dispinterface also includes the members of the method tables of IDispatch and IUnknown.
TKIND_INTERFACE	The binding context MUST consist of the members of the method table, plus the members of the binding context specified by the entry in the interface table (if present).
TKIND_ALIAS	The binding context MUST be empty.

3.5.4.1.2 Types Returned with Bound Elements

The following rules specify the <u>ITypeInfo server</u> instance that is returned with each element in the binding context whose name matches a specified string according to the string-matching criteria specified in section <u>2.2.50</u>.

3.5.4.1.2.1 Types Returned with ITypeLib Members

The <u>ITypeInfo server</u> returned with a member of an automation type library MUST be specified by the kind of element whose name was matched.

- MUST be the ITypeInfo server instance that represents an enumeration, if the matched element
 was a member of the enumeration's data member table.
- MUST be the ITypeInfo server instance that represents the module declared with the automation type library, if the matched element was a member of the module's method or data member tables.
- MUST be the ITypeInfo server instance that represents the coclass, if the matched element was an appobject coclass with a default nonsource interface or a member of its default nonsource interface.
- MUST be NULL, if the matched element was an enumeration or the module declared with the automation type library.

3.5.4.1.2.2 Types Returned with ITypeInfo Members

The <u>ITypeInfo server</u> reference returned with a member of an automation type description MUST be specified by its associated TYPEKIND value.

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 111 / 205

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TYPEKIND value	Returned type
TKIND_ENUM, TKIND_RECORD, TKIND_UNION, TKIND_MODULE:	MUST be the ITypeInfo server instance whose corresponding Bind method was called.
TKIND_COCLASS	MUST be the ITypeInfo server instance that would be returned by the Bind method associated with its default nonsource interface.
TKIND_DISPATCH	MUST be the ITypeInfo server instance that represents IDispatch, if the ITypeInfo server instance whose corresponding Bind method was called represents an ODL dispinterface, and the bound element is a method member of IDispatch or IUnknown.
	MUST be the ITypeInfo server instance whose corresponding Bind method was called in all other cases.
TKIND_INTERFACE	MUST be the ITypeInfo server whose method table contains the matching element.
TKIND_ALIAS:	MUST be NULL.

3.5.4.2 ITypeComp::BindType (Opnum 4)

The **BindType** method retrieves a reference to an automation type description whose name corresponds to a specified string.

```
HRESULT BindType(
  [in] LPOLESTR szName,
  [in] ULONG lHashVal,
  [out] ITypeInfo** ppTInfo
);
```

szName: MUST be set to a string.

IHashVal: MUST be the hash value associated with the value of *szName* as specified in section 2.2.51, or 0. The server MUST return the same values in *ppTInfo* in either case.

ppTInfo: MUST be set to a reference to an <u>ITypeInfo server</u> instance, or NULL.

If the <u>ITypeComp server</u> is associated with an <u>ITypeLib server</u>, *ppTInfo* MUST specify a type defined in its automation scope whose name matches the value of *szName* according to the string-matching criteria specified in section <u>2.2.50</u>, or be set to NULL if no such type exists.

MUST be set to NULL if the ITypeComp server is associated with an ITypeInfo server.

Return Values: The method MUST return information in an **HRESULT** data structure, defined in [MS-ERREF] section 2.1. The severity bit in the structure identifies the following conditions:

- If the severity bit is set to 0, the method completed successfully.
- If the severity bit is set to 1, the method failed and encountered a fatal error.

3.5.5 Timer Events

None.

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 112 / 205

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3.5.6 Other Local Events

None.

3.6 ITypeComp Client Details

3.6.1 Abstract Data Model

None.

3.6.2 Timers

None.

3.6.3 Initialization

None.

3.6.4 Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules

To retrieve a reference to an <u>ITypeComp server</u>, a client MUST call <u>ITypeLib::GetTypeComp</u> (section 3.11.4.6), <u>ITypeInfo::GetTypeComp (section 3.7.4.2)</u>, or <u>ITypeComp::Bind</u> (section 3.5.4.1).

The protocol specifies no additional sequencing rules.

3.6.5 Timer Events

None.

3.6.6 Other Local Events

None.

3.7 ITypeInfo Server Details

An automation type description server is a COM server that provides access to an automation type through an implementation of ITypeInfo.

3.7.1 Abstract Data Model

This section describes a conceptual model of possible data organization that an implementation maintains to participate in this protocol. The described organization is provided to explain how the protocol behaves. This specification does not mandate that implementations adhere to this model so long as their external behavior is consistent with that described in this specification.

An automation type description server provides a concrete representation of a type element that has been defined or referenced in an automation scope. An automation type description can describe the following type elements: an enumeration, a data-only structure, a union, a typedef alias, an interface, a dispinterface, a module, or a COM server.

3.7.1.1 Common Automation Type Description Elements

Every automation type description server maintains the following data elements:

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 113 / 205

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- The name of the type.
- A <u>TYPEKIND</u> value that specifies the type that the automation type description describes, as specified in section <u>2.2.17</u>.
- A value or structure that specifies the attributes declared with the type in the IDL, as specified in section 2.2.49.
- A value that specifies the size, in bytes, of an instance of the type.
- A reference to the automation type library that contains the automation type description in its type information table.
- A reference to an <u>ITypeComp server</u> whose binding context (see section <u>3.5.4.1.1</u>) is specified by the members of the automation type description.
- A set of implementation-specific documentation values. <<u>58></u>

An automation type description can include the following tables of member elements, as specified in the remainder of this topic.

A method table specifies the methods that are defined by an interface. Each element of a method table includes the following:

- The name of the method.
- The **MEMBERID** of the method.
- A value or structure that specifies the attributes declared with the method in the IDL (as specified in section 2.2.49) and other method information, as specified in section 2.2.42.
- An **ELEMDESC** that specifies the return type of the method.
- A parameter table (see below) that specifies the parameters declared with the method in the IDL, as specified in section <u>2.2.49.5</u>.

A data member table describes data-only members of the type. Each element of a data member table includes the following:

- The name of the data member.
- The **MEMBERID** of the data member.
- A value or structure that specifies the attributes declared with the data member in the IDL (as specified in section <u>2.2.49.5</u>) and other data member information, as specified in section <u>2.2.43</u>.
- An **ELEMDESC** that specifies the type of the data member.

An interface table contains references to interfaces and dispinterfaces. Each element of an interface table includes the following:

- The HREFTYPE of the referenced interface or dispinterface.
- A reference to the automation type description of the interface or dispinterface.
- A value or structure that specifies the attributes declared with the interface reference in the IDL (as specified in section 2.2.49.8) and other information, as specified in section 2.2.13.

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 114 / 205

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A parameter table contains references to method parameters. The order of the elements in the parameter table follows the parameter ordering criteria specified in section 2.2.49.6. Each element of a parameter table includes the following:

- The name of the parameter.
- An **ELEMDESC** that specifies the type of the parameter.
- A value or structure that specifies the attributes declared with the parameter in the IDL (as specified in section 2.2.49.6) and other data member information, as specified in section 2.2.40.

3.7.1.2 **TYPEKIND** Dependent Automation Type Description Elements

Every automation type description maintains the following data elements specified by its **TYPEKIND** value.

TYPEKIND value	Type description elements
TKIND_ENUM	A data member table that specifies the values defined by the enumeration.
TKIND_RECORD and TKIND_UNION	A data member table that specifies the fields of the structure or union.
TKIND_INTERFACE	A method table that specifies the method members of the interface. An interface table that specifies the interfaces inherited by the described interface. A reference to the partner dispinterface if the described type is a dual interface (see section 2.2.49.4.2).
TKIND_DISPATCH	A method table that specifies the method members defined by the dispinterface. If the type is an ODL dispinterface, the method table includes the elements defined with the "methods" keyword. If the type is a partner dispinterface, the method table includes the methods defined by the dual interface. If the type is a reference dispinterface, the method table is empty.
	A "dispatch" method table that specifies the method members available through <u>ITypeComp::Bind</u> . If the type is an ODL dispinterface, the dispatch method table includes the elements defined with the "methods" keyword. If the type is a reference dispinterface, the dispatch method table includes all members defined by its referenced DCOM interface and its base interfaces (including IUnknown), and includes separate entries for property accessor methods with the same <u>MEMBERID</u> (see 2.2.35). If the type is a partner dispinterface, the dispatch method table includes all members defined by the dual interface or its base interfaces (including IUnknown), and includes separate entries for property accessor methods with the same MEMBERID (see section 2.2.35).
	A data member table that specifies the data members defined by the dispinterface and available through IDispatch::Invoke . If the type is an ODL dispinterface, the data member table includes the elements defined with the properties keyword. Otherwise, it is empty.
	An interface table that specifies a single interface. If the type is an ODL dispinterface or a partner dispinterface, the specified interface is IDispatch. If the type is a reference dispinterface, the specified interface is its referenced DCOM interface (see section $2.2.49.4.3$.)
	A reference to the partner interface if the described type is a dual interface (see section <u>2.2.49.4.2</u>).
TKIND_COCLASS	An interface table that specifies the interfaces and dispinterfaces defined or referenced by the coclass.

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 115 / 205

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TYPEKIND value	Type description elements
TKIND_MODULE	A method table that specifies the local-only methods defined by the module. A data member table that specifies the symbolic constants and static variables defined by the module (see section $2.2.49.9$).
TKIND_ALIAS	A reference to the <u>TYPEDESC</u> that specifies the predefined type of the alias.

3.7.2 Timers

None.

3.7.3 Initialization

The server MUST initialize its name, **<u>TYPEKIND</u>**, automation type library reference, and <u>ITypeComp</u> server reference, and specify the size of an instance of the type in bytes. These values MUST NOT change over the server's lifetime.

The server MUST initialize the representation of the IDL attributes declared with the type and its implementation-specific documentation values. The attribute representation and documentation values MUST NOT change over the server's lifetime.

The server MUST initialize the following elements according to its TYPEKIND value, as specified in the first paragraph of this section:

- Data member table
- Method tables (including parameter tables)
- Interface table
- Partner interface reference or partner dispinterface reference
- Alias type reference

These tables and references MUST NOT change over the server's lifetime.

3.7.4 Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules

The ITypeInfo interface derives from the IUnknown interface. <u>ITypeInfo servers</u> MUST implement the methods that are defined in IUnknown in the order in which, and with the opnums with which, they are specified in <u>[MS-DCOM]</u> <u>Appendix A</u>.

Methods in RPC Opnum Order

Method	Description
<u>GetTypeAttr</u>	The GetTypeAttr method retrieves a TYPEATTR structure that contains information about the type described by the ITypeInfo server. Opnum: 3
<u>GetTypeComp</u>	The GetTypeComp method retrieves a reference to the <u>ITypeComp server</u> instance associated with the ITypeInfo server. Opnum: 4

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 116 / 205

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Method	Description
<u>GetFuncDesc</u>	The GetFuncDesc method retrieves a FUNCDESC structure that contains information about a member of the ITypeInfo server's method or dispatch method table. Opnum: 5
<u>GetVarDesc</u>	The GetVarDesc method retrieves a VARDESC structure that contains information about a member of the ITypeInfo server's data member table. Opnum: 6
<u>GetNames</u>	The GetNames method retrieves the data member name, or the method and parameter names associated with a specified MEMBERID. Opnum: 7
<u>GetRefTypeOfImplType</u>	The GetRefTypeOfImpIType method retrieves the HREFTYPE corresponding to the automation type description of an interface that is inherited, implemented, or referenced by the ITypeInfo server. Opnum: 8
<u>GetImplTypeFlags</u>	The GetImpITypeFlags method retrieves the IMPLTYPEFLAGS values associated with an interface member of a coclass. Opnum: 9
Opnum10NotUsedOnWire	Reserved for local use. Opnum: 10
Opnum11NotUsedOnWire	Reserved for local use. Opnum: 11
GetDocumentation	The GetDocumentation method retrieves the documentation resources associated with a type member. Opnum: 12
<u>GetDIIEntry</u>	The GetDIIEntry method retrieves values associated with a local-only method defined in a module. Opnum: 13
<u>GetRefTypeInfo</u>	The GetRefTypeInfo method retrieves an automation type description that describes a type that is inherited or referenced by the ITypeInfo server. Opnum: 14
Opnum15NotUsedOnWire	Reserved for local use. Opnum: 15
<u>CreateInstance</u>	The CreateInstance method creates a new instance of a type that describes a COM server (coclass). Opnum: 16
<u>GetMops</u>	The GetMops method has no effect when called across the wire. Opnum: 17
GetContainingTypeLib	The GetContainingTypeLib method retrieves the <u>ITypeLib server</u> instance whose type information table contains the ITypeInfo instance, and the

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 117 / 205

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Method	Description
	index of the ITypeInfo instance within the type information table. Opnum: 18
Opnum19NotUsedOnWire	Reserved for local use. Opnum: 19
Opnum20NotUsedOnWire	Reserved for local use. Opnum: 20
Opnum21NotUsedOnWire	Reserved for local use. Opnum: 21

In the preceding table, the term "Reserved for local use" means that the client MUST NOT send the opnum, and the server behavior is undefined because it does not affect interoperability.

All methods MUST NOT throw exceptions. All return values use the NTSTATUS numbering space; in particular, a value of 0x00000000 indicates success, and any other return value indicates an error. All error values are specified in [MS-ERREF] and MUST be treated the same, unless specified otherwise.

3.7.4.1 ITypeInfo::GetTypeAttr (Opnum 3)

The **GetTypeAttr** method retrieves a **<u>TYPEATTR</u>** structure that contains information about the type described by the <u>ITypeInfo server</u>.

```
HRESULT GetTypeAttr(
  [out] LPTYPEATTR* ppTypeAttr,
  [out] DWORD* pReserved
);
```

ppTypeAttr: MUST be set to a TYPEATTR structure whose data values describe the type associated with the ITypeInfo server, as specified in section <u>2.2.44</u>.

pReserved: MUST be set to 0 and ignored on receipt.

Return Values: The method MUST return information in an **HRESULT** data structure, defined in [MS-ERREF] section 2.1. The severity bit in the structure identifies the following conditions:

- If the severity bit is set to 0, the method completed successfully.
- If the severity bit is set to 1, the method failed and encountered a fatal error.

3.7.4.2 ITypeInfo::GetTypeComp (Opnum 4)

The **GetTypeComp** method retrieves a reference to the <u>ITypeComp server</u> instance associated with the <u>ITypeInfo server</u>.

```
HRESULT GetTypeComp(
  [out] ITypeComp** ppTComp
);
```

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 118 / 205

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ppTComp: MUST be set to a reference to the ITypeComp server instance associated with the ITypeInfo server (see section <u>3.5</u>).

Return Values: The method MUST return information in an **HRESULT** data structure, defined in [MS-ERREF] section 2.1. The severity bit in the structure identifies the following conditions:

- If the severity bit is set to 0, the method completed successfully.
- If the sevierty bit is set to 1, the method failed and encountered a fatal error.

3.7.4.3 ITypeInfo::GetFuncDesc (Opnum 5)

The **GetFuncDesc** method retrieves a **<u>FUNCDESC</u>** structure that contains information about a member of the <u>ITypeInfo server's</u> method or dispatch method table.

```
HRESULT GetFuncDesc(
  [in] UINT index,
  [out] LPFUNCDESC* ppFuncDesc,
  [out] DWORD* pReserved
);
```

- index: MUST equal the ordinal position in the method table (if the type describes a DCOM interface or module) or the dispatch method table (if the type describes a dispinterface) of the method whose description is to be returned. The value of index MUST be less than the value of the cFuncs field in the <u>TYPEATTR (section 2.2.44)</u> structure returned by the <u>GetTypeAttr (section 3.7.4.1)</u> method.
- **ppFuncDesc:** MUST be set to a **FUNCDESC** structure (see section 2.2.42) that contains the data values associated with the specified member of the method or dispatch method table, or NULL if no such member exists.

pReserved: MUST be set to 0 and ignored on receipt.

Return Values: The method MUST return information in an HRESULT data structure, defined in [MS-ERREF] section 2.1. The severity bit in the structure identifies the following conditions:

- If the severity bit is set to 0, the method completed successfully.
- If the severity bit is set to 1 and the entire HRESULT DWORD does not match a value in the following table, a fatal failure occurred.
- If the severity bit is set to 1 and the entire HRESULT DWORD matches a value in the following table, a failure occurred.

Return value/code	Description
0x8002802B TYPE_E_ELEMENTNOTFOUND	The value of <i>index</i> did not specify the ordinal position of an element in the method table.

3.7.4.4 ITypeInfo::GetVarDesc (Opnum 6)

The **GetVarDesc** method retrieves a <u>VARDESC</u> structure that contains information about a member of the <u>ITypeInfo server's</u> data member table.

HRESULT GetVarDesc(

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 119 / 205

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```
[in] UINT index,
[out] LPVARDESC* ppVarDesc,
[out] DWORD* pReserved
```

);

- index: MUST equal the data member table index value of the data member whose description is to be returned. The value of index MUST be less than the value of the cVars field in the <u>TYPEATTR</u> structure returned by the GetTypeAttr method, as specified in <u>3.7.4.1</u> and <u>2.2.44</u>.
- **ppVarDesc:** MUST be set to a **VARDESC** structure (see section <u>2.2.43</u>) that contains the data values associated with the specified member of the data member table, or NULL if no such member exists.

pReserved: MUST be set to 0 and ignored on receipt.

Return Values: The method MUST return information in an HRESULT data structure, defined in [MS-ERREF] section 2.1. The severity bit in the structure identifies the following conditions:

- If the severity bit is set to 0, the method completed successfully.
- If the severity bit is set to 1 and the entire HRESULT DWORD does not match a value in the following table, a fatal failure occurred.
- If the severity bit is set to 1 and the entire HRESULT DWORD matches a value in the following table, a failure occurred.

Return value/code	Description
0x8002802B TYPE_E_ELEMENTNOTFOUND	The value of <i>index</i> and <i>invKind</i> did not specify the ordinal position of an element in the method table. See [MS-ERREF].

3.7.4.5 ITypeInfo::GetNames (Opnum 7)

The **GetNames** method retrieves the data member name or the method and parameter names associated with a specified <u>MEMBERID</u>.

```
HRESULT GetNames(
  [in] MEMBERID memid,
  [out, size_is(cMaxNames), length_is(*pcNames)]
  BSTR* rgBstrNames,
  [in] UINT cMaxNames,
  [out] UINT* pcNames
);
```

memid: MUST be a MEMBERID (section 2.2.35).

rgBstrNames: MUST be set to an array of <u>BSTR</u>. If *pcNames* is 0, *rgBstrNames* MUST be NULL.

cMaxNames: MUST specify the maximum length of the *rgBstrNames* array that the client can accept.

pcNames: MUST be set to the length of the *rgBstrNames* array.

Return Values: The method MUST return information in an HRESULT data structure, defined in [MS-ERREF] section 2.1. The severity bit in the structure identifies the following conditions:

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 120 / 205

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- If the severity bit is set to 0, the method completed successfully.
- If the severity bit is set to 1 and the entire HRESULT DWORD does not match a value in the following table, a fatal failure occurred.
- If the severity bit is set to 1 and the entire HRESULT DWORD matches a value in the following table, a failure occurred.

Return value/code	Description
0x8002802B TYPE_E_ELEMENTNOTFOUND	The value of memid did not specify the MEMBERID of a member of the type. See [MS-ERREF].

If the *memid* field corresponds to multiple property accessor methods, the contents of *rgBstrNames* MUST correspond to the [propget] property accessor.

If the <u>ITypeInfo server</u> represents an appobject coclass (see section <u>2.2.49.8</u>) and *memid* is MEMBERID_DEFAULTINST, the first element of *rgBstrNames* MUST be set to the name of the coclass.

In all other cases, the first element of *rgBstrNames* MUST be set to the name of the method or data element in the binding context of the ITypeInfo server that corresponds to the value of *memid*.

If *memid* specifies a method or property accessor method, the remaining elements of *rgBstrNames* MUST be set to the names of entries in its parameter table, in the order in which they are stored in the parameter table.

If *memid* specifies a put or putref property, the *rgBstrNames* array MUST NOT include the name of the [retval] parameter. If *memid* specifies a member of a dispinterface, the *rgBstrNames* array MUST NOT include the names of [lcid] or [retval] parameters (see section <u>3.1.4.4</u>). In all other cases, the *rgBstrNames* array MUST include all members of the parameter table.

3.7.4.6 ITypeInfo::GetRefTypeOfImplType (Opnum 8)

The **GetRefTypeOfImplType** method retrieves the <u>HREFTYPE</u> corresponding to the automation type description of an interface that is inherited, implemented, or referenced by the <u>ITypeInfo</u> <u>server</u>.

```
HRESULT GetRefTypeOfImplType(
   [in] UINT index,
   [out] HREFTYPE* pRefType
);
```

index: MUST be a nonnegative integer, or -1.

If the ITypeInfo server describes a dual interface (see sections 2.2.49.4.2 and 3.7.1), the value of index MUST be 0 or -1.

If the ITypeInfo server describes a coclass, the value of index MUST be nonnegative and less than the value of the *cImplTypes* field in the **<u>TYPEATTR (section 2.2.44)</u>** structure returned by the **<u>GetTypeAttr (section 3.7.4.1)</u>** method.

For all other ITypeInfo servers, the value of index MUST be 0.

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 121 / 205

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pRefType: MUST be set to one of the following values, if index is -1 or specifies an interface table entry.

If the ITypeInfo server describes a dual interface and index is -1, *pRefType* is specified by the **TYPEKIND** value associated with the ITypeInfo server (see section 2.2.44):

- TKIND_DISPATCH: MUST be set to the **HREFTYPE** of the partner interface.
- TKIND_INTERFACE: MUST be set to the **HREFTYPE** of the partner dispinterface.

In all other cases, *pRefType* is specified by the interface table member whose ordinal position is specified by index:

 If the interface table member is a dual interface and the ITypeInfo server describes a DCOM interface or partner interface, *pRefType* MUST be the **HREFTYPE** of the partner interface of the interface table member.

Note This is the only case where an OLE Automation Protocol interface method returns a partner interface by default.

- If the interface table member is a dual interface and the ITypeInfo server describes a coclass, *pRefType* MUST be the **HREFTYPE** of the partner dispinterface of the interface table member.
- MUST be set to the **HREFTYPE** of the interface table member in all other cases.

Return Values: The method MUST return information in an HRESULT data structure, defined in [MS-ERREF] section 2.1. The severity bit in the structure identifies the following conditions:

- If the severity bit is set to 0, the method completed successfully.
- If the severity bit is set to 1 and the entire HRESULT DWORD does not match a value in the following table, a fatal failure occurred.
- If the severity bit is set to 1 and the entire HRESULT DWORD matches a value in the following table, a failure occurred.

Return value/code	Description
0x8002802B TYPE_E_ELEMENTNOTFOUND	The value of index did not specify the ordinal position of an element in the interface table, or the value of index was -1 and the type was not a dual interface. See [MS-ERREF].

3.7.4.7 ITypeInfo::GetImplTypeFlags (Opnum 9)

The **GetImplTypeFlags** method retrieves the **<u>IMPLTYPEFLAGS values</u>** associated with an interface member of a coclass.

```
HRESULT GetImplTypeFlags(
   [in] UINT index,
   [out] INT* pImplTypeFlags
);
```

index: MUST be the ordinal position in the coclass interface table of the interface whose associated IMPLTYPEFLAGS values are to be returned.

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 122 / 205

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pImplTypeFlags: MUST be set to either a combination of the **IMPLTYPEFLAGS feature constants** specified in section <u>2.2.13</u>, or 0.

Return Values: The method MUST return information in an HRESULT data structure, defined in [MS-ERREF] section 2.1. The severity bit in the structure identifies the following conditions:

- If the severity bit is set to 0, the method completed successfully.
- If the severity bit is set to 1 and the entire HRESULT DWORD does not match a value in the following table, a fatal failure occurred.
- If the severity bit is set to 1 and the entire HRESULT DWORD matches a value in the following table, a failure occurred.

Return value/code	Description
0x8002802B TYPE_E_ELEMENTNOTFOUND	The value of index did not specify the ordinal position of an element in the interface table. See [MS-ERREF].

3.7.4.8 ITypeInfo::GetDocumentation (Opnum 12)

The **GetDocumentation** method retrieves the documentation resources associated with a type member.

```
HRESULT GetDocumentation(
  [in] MEMBERID memid,
  [in] DWORD refPtrFlags,
  [out] BSTR* pBstrName,
  [out] BSTR* pBstrDocString,
  [out] DWORD* pdwHelpContext,
  [out] BSTR* pBstrHelpFile
);
```

memid: MUST be either the <u>MEMBERID</u> of a method or data member in the binding context of the <u>ITypeInfo server</u> (see section <u>3.5.4.1.1</u>), or MEMBERID_NIL (see section <u>2.2.35.1</u>).

refPtrFlags: MUST be a combination of the bit flags specified in the following table, or 0.

Value	Meaning
TYPEINFO_NameArg 0x00000001	MUST specify that the client is interested in the actual <i>pBstrName</i> [out] argument.
TYPEINFO_DocStringArg 0x00000002	MUST specify that the client is interested in the actual <i>pBstrDocString</i> [out] argument.
TYPEINFO_HelpContextArg 0x00000004	MUST specify that the client is interested in the actual <i>pdwHelpContext</i> [out] argument.
TYPEINFO_HelpFileArg 0x00000008	MUST specify that the client is interested in the actual <i>pBstrHelpFile</i> [out] argument.

pBstrName: If the TYPEINFO_NameArg bit flag is set in *refPtrFlags,pBstrName* MUST be set to a <u>BSTR</u> that contains the name of the type or specified type member. Othernwise, *pBstrName* MUST be set to a NULL BSTR.

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 123 / 205

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- **pBstrDocString:** MUST be set to the documentation string that was associated with the type or specified type member using the [helpstring] attribute (see section 2.2.49.2), if the TYPEINFO_DocStringArg bit flag is set in *refPtrFlags*. MAY be set to an implementation-specific string<59> if no [helpstring] attribute is specified. MUST be set to a NULL BSTR otherwise.
- **pdwHelpContext:** MUST be set to the value that was associated with the type or specified type member using the [helpcontext] attribute (see section <u>2.2.49.2</u>), if the TYPEINFO HelpContextArg bit flag is set in *refPtrFlags*. MUST be set to 0 otherwise.
- **pBstrHelpFile:** MUST be set to the documentation string that was associated with the type or specified type member using the [helpfile] attribute (see section 2.2.49.2), if the TYPEINFO_HelpFileArg bit flag is set in *refPtrFlags*. MUST be set to a NULL BSTR otherwise.
- **Return Values:** The method MUST return information in an **HRESULT** data structure, defined in [MS-ERREF] section 2.1. The severity bit in the structure identifies the following conditions:
 - If the severity bit is set to 0, the method completed successfully.
 - If the severity bit is set to 1, the method failed and encountered a fatal error.

If *memid* is MEMBERID_NIL, the values of *pBstrName*, *pBstrDocString*, *pdwHelpContext*, and *pBstrHelpFile* MUST correspond to the attributes declared with the type, as specified in section 2.2.49.3. Otherwise, they MUST correspond to the attributes declared with the specified member of the type.

3.7.4.9 ITypeInfo::GetDllEntry (Opnum 13)

The **GetDilEntry** method retrieves values associated with a local-only method defined in a module.

```
HRESULT GetDllEntry(
  [in] MEMBERID memid,
  [in] INVOKEKIND invKind,
  [in] DWORD refPtrFlags,
  [out] BSTR* pBstrDllName,
  [out] BSTR* pBstrName,
  [out] WORD* pwOrdinal
);
```

memid: MUST be the <u>MEMBERID</u> of a method member of the module defined in the automation type library.

invKind: MUST be a value of the **INVOKEKIND** (section 2.2.14) enumeration that specifies a single property accessor method, if *memid* corresponds to a property with multiple accessors.

refPtrFlags: MUST be a combination of the bit flags specified in the following table, or 0.

Value	Meaning
TYPEINFO_DLLNameArg 0x00000001	MUST specify that the client is interested in the actual <i>pBstrDllName</i> [out] argument.
TYPEINFO_NameArg 0x00000002	MUST specify that the client is interested in the actual <i>pBstrName</i> [out] argument.
TYPEINFO_OrdinalArg 0x00000004	MUST specify that the client is interested in the actual <i>pwOrdinal</i> [out] argument.

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 124 / 205

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- **pBstrDllName:** MUST be set to the value associated with the method using the [dllname] attribute (see section 2.2.49.9) if the TYPEINFO_DllNameArg bit flag is set in *refPtrFlags*. MUST be set to a NULL BSTR otherwise.
- **pBstrName:** MUST be set to the value associated with the method using the [entry] attribute (see section 2.2.49.9), if the associated value is a string and the TYPEINFO_NameArg bit flag is set in *refPtrFlags*. MUST be set to a NULL BSTR otherwise.
- **pwOrdinal:** MUST be set to the value associated with the method using the [entry] attribute (see section 2.2.49.9), if the associated value is an integer and the TYPEINFO_OrdinalArg bit flag is set in *refPtrFlags*. MUST be set to 0 otherwise.
- **Return Values:** The method MUST return information in an HRESULT data structure, defined in [MS-ERREF] section 2.1. The severity bit in the structure identifies the following conditions:
 - If the severity bit is set to 0, the method completed successfully.
 - If the severity bit is set to 1 and the entire HRESULT DWORD does not match a value in the following table, a fatal failure occurred.

following table, a failure occurred.	
Return value/code	Description

If the severity bit is set to 1 and the entire HRESULT DWORD matches a value in the

Return value/coue	Description
0x800288BD TYPE_E_BADMODULEKIND	The type is not a module. See [MS-ERREF].
0x8002802C TYPE_E_AMBIGUOUSNAME	The values of <i>memid</i> and <i>invKind</i> match more than one element in the binding context. See [MS-ERREF].
0x8002802B TYPE_E_ELEMENTNOTFOUND	The value of <i>memid</i> and <i>invKind</i> did not specify the ordinal position of an element in the interface table, or the type is not a coclass. See [MS-ERREF].

3.7.4.10 ITypeInfo::GetRefTypeInfo (Opnum 14)

The **GetRefTypeInfo** method retrieves an automation type description that describes a type that is inherited, implemented, or referenced by the <u>ITypeInfo server</u>.

```
HRESULT GetRefTypeInfo(
  [in] HREFTYPE hRefType,
  [out] ITypeInfo** ppTInfo
);
```

hRefType: MUST be an <u>HREFTYPE (section 2.2.36)</u> that has been provided by the ITypeInfo server instance whose **GetRefTypeInfo** method is being called.

ppTInfo: MUST be set to a reference to an ITypeInfo server instance that provides an automation type description of the inherited or referenced interface, or NULL if *hRefType* does not specify an available interface.

Return Values: The method MUST return information in an **HRESULT** data structure, defined in [MS-ERREF] section 2.1. The severity bit in the structure identifies the following conditions:

If the severity bit is set to 0, the method completed successfully.

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 125 / 205

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• If the severity bit is set to 1, the method failed and encountered a fatal error.

3.7.4.11 ITypeInfo::CreateInstance (Opnum 16)

The **CreateInstance** method creates a new instance of a type that describes a COM server (coclass).

```
HRESULT CreateInstance(
   [in] REFIID riid,
   [out, iid_is(riid)] IUnknown** ppvObj
);
```

riid: MUST be an IID.

ppvObj: MUST be set to reference an existing instance of the coclass described by the <u>ITypeInfo</u> <u>server</u>, if the coclass was declared with the [predeclid] or [appobject] attributes and an instance of the coclass exists. MUST be set to NULL if the coclass was declared with the [noncreatable] attribute. Otherwise, MUST be set to a new instance of the coclass described by the ITypeInfo server or NULL if the class cannot be instantiated.

Return Values: The method MUST return information in an HRESULT data structure, defined in [MS-ERREF] section 2.1. The severity bit in the structure identifies the following conditions:

- If the severity bit is set to 0, the method completed successfully.
- If the severity bit is set to 1 and the entire HRESULT DWORD does not match a value in the following table, a fatal failure occurred.
- If the severity bit is set to 1 and the entire HRESULT DWORD matches a value in the following table, a failure occurred.

Return value/code	Description
0x80000004 TYPE_E_NOINTERFACE	The value of riid did not specify a known type. See [MS-ERREF].
0x800288BD TYPE_E_BADMODULEKIND	The ITypeInfo server specified a non-coclass type. See [MS-ERREF].

3.7.4.12 ITypeInfo::GetMops (Opnum 17)

The **GetMops** method has no effect when called across the wire.

```
HRESULT GetMops(
   [in] MEMBERID memid,
   [out] BSTR* pBstrMops
);
```

memid: MUST be a nonzero MEMBERID.

pBstrMops: MUST be set to a NULL BSTR.

Return Values: The method MUST return information in an **HRESULT** data structure, defined in [MS-ERREF] section 2.1. The severity bit in the structure identifies the following conditions:

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 126 / 205

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- If the severity bit is set to 0, the method completed successfully.
- If the severity bit is set to 1, the method failed and encountered a fatal error.

3.7.4.13 ITypeInfo::GetContainingTypeLib (Opnum 18)

The **GetContainingTypeLib** method retrieves the <u>ITypeLib server</u> instance whose type information table contains the ITypeInfo instance, and the index of the ITypeInfo instance within the type information table.

```
HRESULT GetContainingTypeLib(
   [out] ITypeLib** ppTLib,
   [out] UINT* pIndex
);
```

ppTLib: MUST be set to a reference to an ITypeLib server instance (see section <u>3.11</u>).

pIndex: MUST be set to the index value of the current automation type description within the type information table (see section <u>3.11.1</u>).

Return Values: The method MUST return information in an **HRESULT** data structure, defined in [MS-ERREF] section 2.1. The severity bit in the structure identifies the following conditions:

- If the severity bit is set to 0, the method completed successfully.
- If the severity bit is set to 1, the method failed and encountered a fatal error.

3.7.5 Timer Events

None.

3.7.6 Other Local Events

None.

3.8 ITypeInfo Client Details

3.8.1 Abstract Data Model

None.

3.8.2 Timers

None.

3.8.3 Initialization

None.

3.8.4 Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules

To retrieve a reference to an <u>ITypeInfo server</u>, a client MUST do one of the following:

 If the client holds a reference to an automation server IDispatch implementation, it can call <u>IDispatch::GetTypeInfo</u> (see section <u>3.1.4.2</u>)

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol

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Release: Friday, October 25, 2013

127 / 205

- If the client holds a reference to an <u>ITypeComp server</u>, it can call <u>ITypeComp::Bind</u> (see section <u>3.5.4.1</u>) or <u>ITypeComp::BindType</u> (see section <u>3.5.4.2</u>)
- If the client holds a reference to another ITypeInfo server, it can call <u>ITypeInfo::GetRefTypeInfo</u> (see section <u>3.7.4.10</u>)
- If the client holds a reference to an <u>ITypeLib server</u>, it can call <u>ITypeLib::GetTypeInfo</u> (see section <u>3.11.4.2</u>), <u>ITypeLib::GetTypeInfoOfGuid</u> (see section <u>3.11.4.4</u>), or <u>ITypeLib::FindName</u> (see section <u>3.11.4.9</u>)

A client MUST call **<u>ITypeInfo::GetTypeAttr (section 3.7.4.1)</u>** to retrieve the essential characteristics of the type. To iterate over the data and method members of the type, the client MUST use the data retrieved in <u>**TYPEATTR</u>** and then call <u>**ITypeInfo::GetVarDesc (section 3.7.4.4)**</u> and <u>**ITypeInfo::GetFuncDesc (section 3.7.4.3)**</u>.</u>

To discover inheritance relationships for interfaces or the set of nonsource and source interfaces supported by a coclass, a client MUST enumerate the referenced types of an ITypeInfo server using **ITypeInfo::GetRefTypeOfImplType (section 3.7.4.6)** and **ITypeInfo::GetRefTypeInfo** (section 3.7.4.10).

To retrieve string information related to the ITypeInfo server, the client MUST call **ITypeInfo::GetDocumentation (section 3.7.4.8)** or **ITypeInfo::GetNames (section 3.7.4.5)**.

3.8.5 Timer Events

None.

3.8.6 Other Local Events

None.

3.9 ITypeInfo2 Server Details

An ITypeInfo2 server MUST extend the functionality of <u>ITypeInfo</u>. The main extension present in ITypeInfo2 is the support it provides for custom attributes as well as support for reverse mapping between the MEMBERID of one of its members and its index in the corresponding member table.

3.9.1 Abstract Data Model

An <u>ITypeInfo2 server (section 3.9)</u> MUST implement the data model of an <u>ITypeInfo server (section 3.7)</u>.

The automation type library reference maintained by an ITypeInfo2 server MUST refer to a server that implements <u>ITypeLib2</u>.

An ITypeInfo2 server MUST maintain a collection of custom data items for the type, as well as a collection of custom data items for each element in its method table, data member table, interface table, and parameter tables.

Each entry in a custom data item collection corresponds to a custom data item that was declared with the named element in the IDL, as specified by the **custom-attr** production throughout section <u>2.2.49</u>. For each custom data item, the server MUST maintain the mapping between the GUID and the value of the custom data item.

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 128 / 205

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The data value of all custom data items MUST be a value that can be stored in a <u>wireVARIANT</u> (section 2.2.29.1).

The custom data item mappings maintained by an ITypeInfo2 server MUST be permanent.

3.9.2 Timers

None.

3.9.3 Initialization

The server MUST initialize all data objects that are required of an <u>ITypeInfo server</u>, as specified in section 3.7.3.

The server MUST initialize its collection of custom data items. The collection MUST NOT change over the server's lifetime.

3.9.4 Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules

The **<u>ITypeInfo2</u>** interface derives from the **<u>ITypeInfo</u>** interface. ITypeInfo2 servers MUST implement the methods defined in ITypeInfo in the order in which, and with the opnums with which, they are specified in section <u>3.7.4</u>.

Method	Description
<u>GetTypeKind</u>	The GetTypeKind method returns the TYPEKIND value that is associated with the automation type description. Opnum: 22
<u>GetTypeFlags</u>	The GetTypeFlags method returns the TYPEFLAGS value that is associated with the automation type description. Opnum: 23
<u>GetFuncIndexOfMemId</u>	The GetFuncIndexOfMemId method retrieves the location of an element in the data member table, given the associated MEMBERID of the element. Opnum: 24
<u>GetVarIndexOfMemId</u>	The GetVarIndexOfMemId method retrieves the location of an element in the data member table, given the associated MEMBERID of the element. Opnum: 25
<u>GetCustData</u>	The GetCustData method retrieves the value of a custom data item that is associated with the type. Opnum: 26
<u>GetFuncCustData</u>	The GetFuncCustData method retrieves the value of a custom data item that is associated with the specified method. Opnum: 27
<u>GetParamCustData</u>	The GetParamCustData method retrieves the value of a custom data item that is associated with the specified method parameter. Opnum: 28

Methods in RPC Opnum Order

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 129 / 205

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Method	Description
<u>GetVarCustData</u>	The GetVarCustData method retrieves the value of a custom data item that is associated with the specified data member. Opnum: 29
<u>GetImplTypeCustData</u>	The GetImplTypeCustData method retrieves the value of a custom data item that is associated with the specified interface. Opnum: 30
GetDocumentation2	The GetDocumentation2 method retrieves the values that are associated with a type member. Opnum: 31
<u>GetAllCustData</u>	The GetAllCustData method retrieves all the custom data items that are associated with the automation type description. Opnum: 32
<u>GetAllFuncCustData</u>	The GetAllFuncCustData method retrieves all the custom data items that are associated with the specified method. Opnum: 33
<u>GetAllParamCustData</u>	The GetAllParamCustData method retrieves all the custom data items that are associated with the specified method parameter. Opnum: 34
<u>GetAllVarCustData</u>	The GetAllVarCustData method retrieves all the custom data items that are associated with the specified data member. Opnum: 35
<u>GetAllImplTypeCustData</u>	The GetAllImplTypeCustData method retrieves all the custom data items that are associated with the specified interface. Opnum: 36

All methods MUST NOT throw exceptions. All return values use the NTSTATUS numbering space; in particular, a value of 0x00000000 indicates success, and any other return value indicates an error. All error values are specified in [MS-ERREF] and MUST be treated the same, unless specified otherwise.

3.9.4.1 ITypeInfo2::GetTypeKind (Opnum 22)

The **GetTypeKind** method returns the TYPEKIND value associated with the automation type description.

```
HRESULT GetTypeKind(
   [out] TYPEKIND* pTypeKind
);
```

pTypeKind: MUST be set to the TYPEKIND value associated with the automation type description, as specified in section 2.2.17.

Return Values: The method MUST return information in an **HRESULT** data structure, defined in [MS-ERREF] section 2.1. The severity bit in the structure identifies the following conditions:

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 130 / 205

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- If the severity bit is set to 0, the method completed successfully.
- If the severity bit is set to 1, the method failed and encountered a fatal error.

3.9.4.2 ITypeInfo2::GetTypeFlags (Opnum 23)

The **GetTypeFlags** method returns the TYPEFLAGS value associated with the automation type description.

```
HRESULT GetTypeFlags(
   [out] ULONG* pTypeFlags
);
```

pTypeFlags: MUST be set either to a combination of the TYPEFLAGS type feature constants specified in section 2.2.16, or to 0.

Return Values: The method MUST return information in an **HRESULT** data structure, defined in [MS-ERREF] section 2.1. The severity bit in the structure identifies the following conditions:

- If the severity bit is set to 0, the method completed successfully.
- If the severity bit is set to 1, the method failed and encountered a fatal error.

3.9.4.3 ITypeInfo2::GetFuncIndexOfMemId (Opnum 24)

The **GetFuncIndexOfMemId** method retrieves the location of an element in the data member table, given its associated MEMBERID.

```
HRESULT GetFuncIndexOfMemId(
   [in] MEMBERID memid,
   [in] INVOKEKIND invKind,
   [out] UINT* pFuncIndex
);
```

memid: MUST be a MEMBERID, as specified in section 2.2.35.

invKind: MUST be set to one of the values of the INVOKEKIND enumeration (as specified in section 2.2.14) or to 0.

pFuncIndex: MUST be set to the ordinal position in the method table of the element specified by the values of memid and invKind as described below, or to -1 if no such element exists.

If invKind is not 0, the specified element is the one whose MEMBERID matches the value of memid, and whose associated INVOKEKIND constant (see **FUNCDESC**) matches the value of invKind.

If invKind is 0, the specified element is the one with the lowest ordinal position in the method table whose MEMBERID matches the value of memid.

Return Values: The method MUST return information in an HRESULT data structure, defined in [MS-ERREF] section 2.1. The severity bit in the structure identifies the following conditions:

• If the severity bit is set to 0, the method completed successfully.

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 131 / 205

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- If the severity bit is set to 1 and the entire HRESULT DWORD does not match a value in the following table, a fatal failure occurred.
- If the severity bit is set to 1 and the entire HRESULT DWORD matches a value in the following table, a failure occurred.

Return value/code	Description
0x8002802B TYPE_E_ELEMENTNOTFOUND	The values of <i>memid</i> and <i>invKind</i> did not specify a member of the type. See [MS-ERREF].

3.9.4.4 ITypeInfo2::GetVarIndexOfMemId (Opnum 25)

The **GetVarIndexOfMemId** method retrieves the location of an element in the data member table by using the associated MEMBERID of the element.

The method is received by the server in an RPC_REQUEST packet.

```
HRESULT GetVarIndexOfMemId(
   [in] MEMBERID memid,
   [out] UINT* pVarIndex
);
```

memid: MUST be a MEMBERID, as specified in section 2.2.35. MUST NOT be MEMBERID_NIL.

- **pVarIndex:** MUST be set to the ordinal position in the data member table of the element whose MEMBERID is specified by memid, if such an element exists. If the method returns a failure code, the value MUST be ignored on receipt.
- **Return Values:** The method MUST return information in an HRESULT data structure that is defined in [MS-ERREF] section 2.1. The severity bit in the structure identifies the following conditions:
 - If the severity bit is set to 0, the method completed successfully.
 - If the severity bit is set to 1 and the entire HRESULT DWORD does not match a value in the following table, a fatal failure occurred.
 - If the severity bit is set to 1 and the entire HRESULT DWORD matches a value in the following table, a failure occurred.

Return value/code	Description
0x8002802B TYPE_E_ELEMENTNOTFOUND	The value of <i>memid</i> did not specify a member of the type. See [MS-ERREF].

3.9.4.5 ITypeInfo2::GetCustData (Opnum 26)

The **GetCustData** method retrieves the value of a custom data item associated with the type.

```
HRESULT GetCustData(
  [in] REFGUID guid,
  [out] VARIANT* pVarVal
```

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 132 / 205

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guid: MUST be a GUID associated with the custom data item.

- **pVarVal:** MUST be set to the value associated with the GUID using the [custom] attribute (as specified in section 2.2.49.3), or VT_EMPTY if the type does not have a value associated with the GUID.
- **Return Values:** The method MUST return information in an **HRESULT** data structure, defined in [MS-ERREF] section 2.1. The severity bit in the structure identifies the following conditions:
 - If the severity bit is set to 0, the method completed successfully.
 - If the severity bit is set to 1, the method failed and encountered a fatal error.

3.9.4.6 ITypeInfo2::GetFuncCustData (Opnum 27)

The **GetFuncCustData** method retrieves the value of a custom data item associated with the specified method.

```
HRESULT GetFuncCustData(
   [in] UINT index,
   [in] REFGUID guid,
   [out] VARIANT* pVarVal
);
```

- **index:** MUST specify an ordinal position in the method table and MUST be less than the value of the **cFuncs** field in the **<u>TYPEATTR</u>** structure of the associated type, as specified in sections 2.2.44 and 3.7.4.1.
- **guid:** MUST be the GUID associated with the custom data item using the [custom] attribute, as specified in section 2.2.49.5.1.
- **pVarVal:** MUST be set to the value of the custom data item, or VT_EMPTY if *index* and *guid* do not specify a custom data item.
- **Return Values:** The method MUST return information in an HRESULT data structure, defined in [MS-ERREF] section 2.1. The severity bit in the structure identifies the following conditions:
 - If the severity bit is set to 0, the method completed successfully.
 - If the severity bit is set to 1 and the entire HRESULT DWORD does not match a value in the following table, a fatal failure occurred.
 - If the severity bit is set to 1 and the entire HRESULT DWORD matches a value in the following table, a failure occurred.

Return value/code	Description
0x8002802B TYPE_E_ELEMENTNOTFOUND	The value of <i>index</i> did not specify the ordinal position of an element in the method table. See [MS-ERREF].

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 133 / 205

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3.9.4.7 ITypeInfo2::GetParamCustData (Opnum 28)

The **GetParamCustData** method retrieves the value of a custom data item associated with the specified method parameter.

```
HRESULT GetParamCustData(
   [in] UINT indexFunc,
   [in] UINT indexParam,
   [in] REFGUID guid,
   [out] VARIANT* pVarVal
);
```

- **indexFunc:** MUST specify an ordinal position in the method table and MUST be less than the value of the **cFuncs** field in the TYPEATTR structure of the associated type, as specified in sections 2.2.44 and 3.7.4.1.
- **indexParam:** MUST specify an ordinal position in the parameter table of the method specified by *indexFunc*. The value of *indexParam* MUST be less than the value of the **cParams** field in the **FUNCDESC** structure of the associated method, as specified in sections 2.2.42 and 3.7.4.3.
- **guid:** MUST be the GUID associated with the custom data item using the [custom] attribute, as specified in section 2.2.49.6.
- **pVarVal:** MUST be set to the value of the custom data item, or to VT_EMPTY if the parameter does not have an associated custom data item.
- **Return Values:** The method MUST return information in an HRESULT data structure, defined in [MS-ERREF] section 2.1. The severity bit in the structure identifies the following conditions:
 - If the severity bit is set to 0, the method completed successfully.
 - If the severity bit is set to 1 and the entire HRESULT DWORD does not match a value in the following table, a fatal failure occurred.
 - If the severity bit is set to 1 and the entire HRESULT DWORD matches a value in the following table, a failure occurred.

Return value/code	Description
0x8002802B TYPE_E_ELEMENTNOTFOUND	The value of <i>indexFunc</i> did not specify the ordinal position of an element in the interface table, or the value of <i>indexParam</i> did not specify the ordinal position of an element in the method's parameter table. See [MS-ERREF].

3.9.4.8 ITypeInfo2::GetVarCustData (Opnum 29)

The **GetVarCustData** method retrieves the value of a custom data item associated with the specified data member.

```
HRESULT GetVarCustData(
   [in] UINT index,
   [in] REFGUID guid,
   [out] VARIANT* pVarVal
);
```

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 134 / 205

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- **index:** MUST specify an ordinal position in the data member table and MUST be less than the value of the **cVars** field in the TYPEATTR structure of the associated type, as specified in sections 2.2.44 and 3.7.4.1.
- **guid:** MUST be the GUID associated with the custom data item using the [custom] attribute, as specified in section 2.2.49.5.
- **pVarVal:** MUST be set to the value of the custom data item, or to VT_EMPTY if the type does not have a value associated with the GUID.
- **Return Values:** The method MUST return information in an HRESULT data structure, defined in [MS-ERREF] section 2.1. The severity bit in the structure identifies the following conditions:
 - If the severity bit is set to 0, the method completed successfully.
 - If the severity bit is set to 1 and the entire HRESULT DWORD does not match a value in the following table, a fatal failure occurred.
 - If the severity bit is set to 1 and the entire HRESULT DWORD matches a value in the following table, a failure occurred.

Return value/code	Description
0x8002802B TYPE_E_ELEMENTNOTFOUND	The value of <i>index</i> did not specify the ordinal position of an element in the data member table. See [MS-ERREF].

3.9.4.9 ITypeInfo2::GetImplTypeCustData (Opnum 30)

The **GetImpITypeCustData** method retrieves the value of a custom data item associated with the specified interface member of a coclass.

```
HRESULT GetImplTypeCustData(
   [in] UINT index,
   [in] REFGUID guid,
   [out] VARIANT* pVarVal
);
```

- **index:** MUST specify an ordinal position in the interface table and MUST be less than the value of the cImplTypes field in the TYPEATTR structure of the associated type, as specified in sections 2.2.44 and 3.7.4.1.
- **guid:** MUST be the GUID associated with the custom data item using the [custom] attribute, as specified in section <u>2.2.49.8</u>.
- **pVarVal:** MUST be set to the value of the custom data item, or to VT_EMPTY if the type does not have a value associated with the GUID.

Return Values: The method MUST return information in an HRESULT data structure, defined in [MS-ERREF] section 2.1. The severity bit in the structure identifies the following conditions:

- If the severity bit is set to 0, the method completed successfully.
- If the severity bit is set to 1 and the entire HRESULT DWORD does not match a value in the following table, a fatal failure occurred.

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 135 / 205

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• If the severity bit is set to 1 and the entire HRESULT DWORD matches a value in the following table, a failure occurred.

Return value/code	Description
0x8002802B TYPE_E_ELEMENTNOTFOUND	The value of <i>index</i> did not specify the ordinal position of an element in the interface table, or the type is not a coclass. See [MS-ERREF].

3.9.4.10 ITypeInfo2::GetDocumentation2 (Opnum 31)

The **GetDocumentation2** method retrieves values associated with a type member.

```
HRESULT GetDocumentation2(
  [in] MEMBERID memid,
  [in] LCID lcid,
  [in] DWORD refPtrFlags,
  [out] BSTR* pbstrHelpString,
  [out] DWORD* pdwHelpStringContext,
  [out] BSTR* pbstrHelpStringDll
);
```

memid: MUST be the MEMBERID of a member of the type (as specified in section 2.2.35), or MEMBERID_NIL.

If *memid* is MEMBERID_NIL, the values of *pBstrHelpString*, *pdwHelpStringContext*, and *pBstrHelpStringDll* MUST correspond to the attributes declared with the type as specified in 2.2.49.3. Otherwise, they MUST correspond to the attributes declared with the specified member of the type.

Icid: MUST be the Locale ID associated with the specified type member.

refPtrFlags: MUST be 0, or a combination of the bit flags specified in the following table.

Value	Meaning
TYPEINFO_HelpStringArg 0x00000001	MUST specify that the client is interested in the actual <i>pBstrHelpString</i> [out] argument.
TYPEINFO_HelpStringContextArg 0x00000002	MUST specify that the client is interested in the actual <i>pdwHelpStringContext</i> [out] argument.
TYPEINFO_HelpStringDllArg 0x00000004	MUST specify that the client is interested in the actual <i>pBstrHelpStringDll</i> [out] argument.

- **pbstrHelpString:** If the TYPEINFO_HelpStringContextArg and TYPEINFO_HelpStringDllArg bit flags are set in *refPtrFlags*, *pbstrHelpString* MUST be set to an implementation-specific BSTR<60>. Otherwise, MUST be set to a NULL BSTR.
- **pdwHelpStringContext:** MUST be set to the value that was associated with the specified type or type member using the [helpstringcontext] attribute (see <u>IDL Automation Scope</u>) if the TYPEINFO_HelpStringContextArg bit flag is set in *refPtrFlags*. MUST be set to 0 otherwise.
- **pbstrHelpStringDll:** MUST be set to the documentation string that was associated with the specified type or type member using the [helpstringdll] attribute (see IDL Automation Scope)

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 136 / 205

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if the TYPEINFO_HelpStringDllArg bit flag is set in *refPtrFlags*. MUST be set to a NULL BSTR otherwise.

Return Values: The method MUST return information in an **HRESULT** data structure, defined in [MS-ERREF] section 2.1. The severity bit in the structure identifies the following conditions:

- If the severity bit is set to 0, the method completed successfully.
- If the severity bit is set to 1, the method failed and encountered a fatal error.

3.9.4.11 ITypeInfo2::GetAllCustData (Opnum 32)

The **GetAllCustData** method retrieves all the custom data items associated with the automation type description.

```
HRESULT GetAllCustData(
   [out] CUSTDATA* pCustData
);
```

pCustData: MUST be set to a CUSTDATA structure that contains an array of custom data items, as specified in section 2.2.47. The structure's **cCustData** field MUST be set to 0 and its **prgCustData** field set to NULL, if there are no custom data items associated with the automation type description.

Return Values: The method MUST return information in an **HRESULT** data structure, defined in [MS-ERREF] section 2.1. The severity bit in the structure identifies the following conditions:

- If the severity bit is set to 0, the method completed successfully.
- If the severity bit is set to 1, the method failed and encountered a fatal error.

3.9.4.12 ITypeInfo2::GetAllFuncCustData (Opnum 33)

The **GetAllFuncCustData** method retrieves all of the custom data items associated with the specified method.

```
HRESULT GetAllFuncCustData(
   [in] UINT index,
   [out] CUSTDATA* pCustData
);
```

index: MUST specify an ordinal position in the method table and MUST be less than the value of the cFuncs field in the TYPEATTR structure of the associated type, as specified in sections 2.2.44 and 3.7.4.1.

pCustData: MUST be set to a CUSTDATA structure that contains an array of custom data items, as specified in section <u>2.2.49.5.1</u>. The structure's **cCustData** field MUST be set to 0 and its **prgCustData** field set to NULL, if there are no custom data items associated with the method.

Return Values: The method MUST return information in an HRESULT data structure, defined in [MS-ERREF] section 2.1. The severity bit in the structure identifies the following conditions:

• If the severity bit is set to 0, the method completed successfully.

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 137 / 205

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- If the severity bit is set to 1 and the entire HRESULT DWORD does not match a value in the following table, a fatal failure occurred.
- If the severity bit is set to 1 and the entire HRESULT DWORD matches a value in the following table, a failure occurred.

Return value/code	Description
0x8002802B TYPE_E_ELEMENTNOTFOUND	The value of <i>index</i> did not specify the ordinal position of an element in the data member table. See [MS-ERREF].

3.9.4.13 ITypeInfo2::GetAllParamCustData (Opnum 34)

The **GetAllParamCustData** method retrieves all of the custom data items associated with the specified parameter.

```
HRESULT GetAllParamCustData(
   [in] UINT indexFunc,
   [in] UINT indexParam,
   [out] CUSTDATA* pCustData
);
```

- **indexFunc:** MUST specify an ordinal position in the method table and MUST be less than the value of the **cFuncs** field in the TYPEATTR structure of the associated type, as specified in sections 2.2.44 and 3.7.4.1.
- **indexParam:** MUST specify an ordinal position in the parameter table of the method specified by *indexFunc*. The value of *indexParam* MUST be less than the value of the **cParams** field in the FUNCDESC structure of the associated method, as specified in sections 2.2.42 and 3.7.4.3.
- **pCustData:** MUST be set to a CUSTDATA structure that contains an array of custom data items, as specified in section 2.2.49.6. The structure's **cCustData** field MUST be set to 0 and its **prgCustData** field set to NULL, if there are no custom data items associated with the parameter.
- **Return Values:** The method MUST return information in an HRESULT data structure, defined in [MS-ERREF] section 2.1. The severity bit in the structure identifies the following conditions:
 - If the severity bit is set to 0, the method completed successfully.
 - If the severity bit is set to 1 and the entire HRESULT DWORD does not match a value in the following table, a fatal failure occurred.
 - If the severity bit is set to 1 and the entire HRESULT DWORD matches a value in the following table, a failure occurred.

Return value/code	Description
0x8002802B TYPE_E_ELEMENTNOTFOUND	The value of <i>indexFunc</i> did not specify the ordinal position of an element in the method table, or the value of <i>indexParam</i> did not specify the ordinal position of an element in the parameter table.

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 138 / 205

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3.9.4.14 ITypeInfo2::GetAllVarCustData (Opnum 35)

The **GetAllVarCustData** method retrieves all of the custom data items associated with the specified data member.

```
HRESULT GetAllVarCustData(
   [in] UINT index,
   [out] CUSTDATA* pCustData
);
```

- **index:** MUST specify an ordinal position in the data member table and MUST be less than the value of the **cVars** field in the TYPEATTR structure of the associated type, as specified in sections 2.2.44 and 3.7.4.1.
- **pCustData:** MUST be set to a CUSTDATA structure that contains an array of custom data items, as specified in section 2.2.49.5. The structure's **cCustData** field MUST be set to 0 and its **prgCustData** field set to NULL, if there are no custom data items associated with the data member.
- **Return Values:** The method MUST return information in an HRESULT data structure, defined in [MS-ERREF] section 2.1. The severity bit in the structure identifies the following conditions:
 - If the severity bit is set to 0, the method completed successfully.
 - If the severity bit is set to 1 and the entire HRESULT DWORD does not match a value in the following table, a fatal failure occurred.
 - If the severity bit is set to 1 and the entire HRESULT DWORD matches a value in the following table, a failure occurred.

Return value/code	Description
0x8002802B TYPE_E_ELEMENTNOTFOUND	The value of <i>index</i> did not specify the ordinal position of an element in the data member table. See [MS-ERREF].

3.9.4.15 ITypeInfo2::GetAllImplTypeCustData (Opnum 36)

The **GetAllImplTypeCustData** method retrieves all of the custom data items associated with the specified data member.

```
HRESULT GetAllImplTypeCustData(
   [in] UINT index,
   [out] CUSTDATA* pCustData
);
```

- **index:** MUST specify an ordinal position in the interface table and MUST be less than the value of the **cImplTypes** field in the TYPEATTR structure of the associated type, as specified in sections 2.2.44 and 3.7.4.1.
- **pCustData:** MUST be set to a CUSTDATA structure that contains an array of custom data items, as specified in section 2.2.49.8. The structure's **cCustData** field MUST be set to 0 and its **prgCustData** field set to NULL if there are no custom data items associated with the interface.

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 139 / 205

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Return Values: The method MUST return information in an HRESULT data structure, defined in [MS-ERREF] section 2.1. The severity bit in the structure identifies the following conditions:

- If the severity bit is set to 0, the method completed successfully.
- If the severity bit is set to 1 and the entire HRESULT DWORD does not match a value in the following table, a fatal failure occurred.
- If the severity bit is set to 1 and the entire HRESULT DWORD matches a value in the following table, a failure occurred.

Return value/code	Description
0x8002802B TYPE_E_ELEMENTNOTFOUND	The value of <i>index</i> did not specify the ordinal position of an element in the interface table, or the type is not a coclass. See [MS-ERREF].

3.9.5 Timer Events

None.

3.9.6 Other Local Events

None.

3.10 ITypeInfo2 Client Details

3.10.1 Abstract Data Model

None.

3.10.2 Timers

None.

3.10.3 Initialization

None.

3.10.4 Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules

To retrieve a reference to an <u>ITypeInfo2 server</u>, the client MUST first retrieve a reference to an <u>ITypeInfo server</u> (as specified in section <u>3.7.4</u>), and then call IUnknown::QueryInterface and request IID_ITypeInfo2.

The protocol specifies no additional sequencing rules.

3.10.5 Timer Events

None.

3.10.6 Other Local Events

None.

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 140 / 205

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3.11 ITypeLib Server Details

An automation type library server is a COM server that provides access to a collection of automation type descriptions through an implementation of ITypeLib.

The types described in an automation type library are defined or referenced in a single <u>IDL</u> <u>Automation scope (section 2.2.49.2)</u>.

3.11.1 Abstract Data Model

This section describes a conceptual model of possible data organization that an implementation maintains to participate in this protocol. The described organization is provided to explain how the protocol behaves. This specification does not mandate that implementations adhere to this model, as long as their external behavior is consistent with the behavior described in this specification.

An automation type library server provides a concrete representation of an IDL automation scope.

Every automation type library server MUST maintain the following data elements:

- A string that MUST specify the name of the type library.
- A value or structure that MUST specify the attributes declared with the type library in the IDL, as specified in section 2.2.49.2.
- A type information table (see below) that contains a list of automation type description mapping entries for types that are defined in the automation scope.
- A type reference table (see below) that contains a list of mappings between HREFTYPE values and automation type descriptions.
- A library reference table (see below) that contains a list of mappings between strings, as specified by importlib statements (see section 2.2.49.10) and automation type libraries.
- A reference to an <u>ITypeComp</u> server whose binding context (see section <u>3.5.4.1.1</u>) is specified by the members of the automation type library.
- A system pointer size value that specifies the size of a pointer within the data structures used by the automation type descriptions in its type information table. This value is determined when the server is initialized, and is not specified as part of the IDL automation scope.

Each entry in the type information table MUST correspond to a type that is defined or referenced in the automation scope. The entry that corresponds to a dual interface MUST be its partner dispinterface. Each entry MUST contain:

- An ordinal value. The ordinal position of automation type descriptions within the type information table MUST be permanent.
- A GUID. The GUID MUST be the GUID specified in the automation scope defining the type, or IID_NULL if no GUID is specified. The mapping between a GUID and an automation type description MUST be permanent and MUST be consistent among all servers that represent automation scopes within the same automation scope family.
- A string. The mapping between a type name and an automation type description MUST be permanent and MUST be consistent among all servers that represent automation scopes with the same LCID in the same automation scope family.

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 141 / 205

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The type reference table MUST contain one entry for each type defined or referenced in the automation scope.

Each element of the type reference table MUST include the following:

- An HREFTYPE.
- A reference to the automation type description object corresponding to the HREFTYPE.
- A reference to an entry in the library reference table (see below) if the automation type description corresponds to a type that is defined by another automation type library.

The library reference table MUST contain one entry for each external automation type library that defines types that are referenced by members of the type reference table.

Each element of the library reference table MUST include the following:

- A string specified by an importlib statement (see section 2.2.49.10).
- A reference to the automation type library instance that corresponds to the specified string.

3.11.2 Timers

None.

3.11.3 Initialization

The server MUST initialize its name and <u>ITypeComp server</u> reference, and specify the system pointer size value. These values MUST NOT change over the server's lifetime.

The server MUST initialize its type information table, type reference table, and library reference table. The tables MUST NOT change over the server's lifetime.

The server MUST initialize the representation of the attributes declared with its <u>IDL Automation</u> <u>scope</u>. The attribute representation MUST NOT change over the server's lifetime.

3.11.4 Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules

ITypeLib derives from the IUnknown interface. ITypeLib servers MUST implement the methods that are defined in IUnknown, in the order in which, and with the opnums with which, they are specified in [MS-DCOM] Appendix A.

Method	Description
<u>GetTypeInfoCount</u>	The GetTypeInfoCount method provides the number of automation type descriptions in the type information table. Opnum: 3
<u>GetTypeInfo</u>	The GetTypeInfo method retrieves the automation type description that has the specified ordinal position within the type information table. Opnum: 4
GetTypeInfoType	The GetTypeInfoType method retrieves the <u>TYPEKIND</u> value that is associated with an automation type description.

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 142 / 205

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Method	Description
	Opnum: 5
<u>GetTypeInfoOfGuid</u>	The GetTypeInfoOfGuid method retrieves the automation type description with the specified GUID from the server's type information table. Opnum: 6
<u>GetLibAttr</u>	The GetLibAttr method retrieves a structure that contains the attributes that are declared with the type library. Opnum: 7
<u>GetTypeComp</u>	The GetTypeComp method retrieves a reference to the <u>ITypeComp server</u> instance that is associated with the <u>ITypeLib server</u> . Opnum: 8
<u>GetDocumentation</u>	The GetDocumentation method retrieves the documentation resources that are associated with the automation type library. Opnum: 9
<u>IsName</u>	The IsName method indicates whether the specified string matches the name of a type or type member that is contained in the automation type library or its binding context. Opnum: 10
FindName	The FindName method retrieves references to types or type members that are contained in the automation type library and whose names match a specified string. Opnum: 11
Opnum12NotUsedOnWire	This method is reserved for local use. Opnum: 12

In the preceding table, the term "Reserved for local use" means that the client MUST NOT send the opnum, and the server behavior is undefined because it does not affect interoperability.

All methods MUST NOT throw exceptions. All return values use the NTSTATUS numbering space; in particular, a value of 0x00000000 indicates success, and any other return value indicates an error. All error values are specified in [MS-ERREF] and MUST be treated the same, unless specified otherwise.

3.11.4.1 ITypeLib::GetTypeInfoCount (Opnum 3)

The **GetTypeInfoCount** method provides the number of automation type descriptions in the type information table.

```
HRESULT GetTypeInfoCount(
  [out] UINT* pcTInfo
);
```

pcTInfo: MUST be set to the number of automation type descriptions contained in the type information table of the automation type library.

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 143 / 205

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Return Values: The method MUST return information in an **HRESULT** data structure, defined in [MS-ERREF] section 2.1. The severity bit in the structure identifies the following conditions:

- If the severity bit is set to 0, the method completed successfully.
- If the severity bit is set to 1, the method failed and encountered a fatal error.

3.11.4.2 ITypeLib::GetTypeInfo (Opnum 4)

The **GetTypeInfo** method retrieves the automation type description that has the specified ordinal position within the type information table.

```
HRESULT GetTypeInfo(
  [in] UINT index,
  [out] ITypeInfo** ppTInfo
);
```

- **index:** MUST equal the ordinal position of the specified automation type description within the type information table.
- **ppTInfo:** MUST be set to a reference to the <u>ITypeInfo server</u> instance (see section <u>3.7</u>) with the specified position in the type information table, or to NULL if the value of index is greater than or equal to the number of automation type descriptions in the type information table.

MUST refer to the partner dispinterface if index specifies a <u>dual interface</u>. To retrieve the ITypeInfo server that corresponds to the partner interface, the client MUST call the <u>**GetRefTypeOfImplType**</u> and <u>**GetRefTypeInfo**</u> methods of the ITypeInfo instance that correspond to the partner dispinterface, as specified in sections <u>3.7.4.6</u> and <u>3.7.4.10</u>.

- **Return Values:** The method MUST return information in an **HRESULT** data structure, defined in [MS-ERREF] section 2.1. The severity bit in the structure identifies the following conditions:
 - If the severity bit is set to 0, the method completed successfully.
 - If the severity bit is set to 1 and the entire **HRESULT** DWORD does not match a value in the following table, a fatal failure occurred.
 - If the severity bit is set to 1 and the entire HRESULT DWORD matches a value in the following table, a failure occurred.

Return value/code	Description
0x8002802B TYPE_E_ELEMENTNOTFOUND	The value of <i>index</i> did not specify the ordinal position of an element in the type information table. See [MS-ERREF].

3.11.4.3 ITypeLib::GetTypeInfoType (Opnum 5)

The **GetTypeInfoType** method retrieves the **<u>TYPEKIND</u>** value associated with an automation type description.

```
HRESULT GetTypeInfoType(
   [in] UINT index,
   [out] TYPEKIND* pTKind
);
```

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 144 / 205

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index: MUST equal the ordinal position of the specified automation type description within the type information table.

pTKind: MUST be set to the **TYPEKIND** value associated with the type description, as specified in 2.2.17.

Return Values: The method MUST return information in an **HRESULT** data structure, defined in [MS-ERREF] section 2.1. The severity bit in the structure identifies the following conditions:

- If the severity bit is set to 0, the method completed successfully.
- If the severity bit is set to 1 and the entire HRESULT DWORD does not match a value in the following table, a fatal failure occurred.
- If the severity bit is set to 1 and the entire HRESULT DWORD matches a value in the following table, a failure occurred.

Return value/code	Description	
0x8002802B TYPE_E_ELEMENTNOTFOUND	The value of <i>index</i> did not specify the ordinal position of an element in the type information table. See [MS-ERREF].	

3.11.4.4 ITypeLib::GetTypeInfoOfGuid (Opnum 6)

The **GetTypeInfoOfGuid** method retrieves the automation type description with the specified GUID from the server's type information table.

```
HRESULT GetTypeInfoOfGuid(
   [in] REFGUID guid,
   [out] ITypeInfo** ppTInfo
);
```

guid: MUST be a GUID.

- **ppTInfo:** MUST be set to an <u>ITypeInfo server</u> instance that represents the automation type description associated with the specified GUID in the type information table (see section <u>3.7</u>) or to NULL. MUST be NULL if the value of *guid* is IID_NULL, or is not associated with an automation type description.
- **Return Values:** The method MUST return information in an **HRESULT** data structure, defined in [MS-ERREF] section 2.1. The severity bit in the structure identifies the following conditions:
 - If the severity bit is set to 0, the method completed successfully.
 - If the severity bit is set to 1 and the entire HRESULT DWORD does not match a value in the following table, a fatal failure occurred.
 - If the severity bit is set to 1 and the entire HRESULT DWORD matches a value in the following table, a failure occurred.

Return value/code	Description
0x8002802B TYPE_E_ELEMENTNOTFOUND	The value of <i>guid</i> did not correspond to any entry in the Type information table, or the value of <i>guid</i> was IID_NULL. See [MS-ERREF].

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 145 / 205

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3.11.4.5 ITypeLib::GetLibAttr (Opnum 7)

The **GetLibAttr** method retrieves a structure that contains the attributes declared with the Type library.

```
HRESULT GetLibAttr(
  [out] LPTLIBATTR* ppTLibAttr,
  [out] DWORD* pReserved
);
```

ppTLibAttr: MUST be set to a <u>TLIBATTR (section 2.2.45)</u> structure that specifies the attributes declared with the Type library.

pReserved: MUST be set to 0 and ignored on receipt.

Return Values: The method MUST return information in an **HRESULT** data structure, defined in [MS-ERREF] section 2.1. The severity bit in the structure identifies the following conditions:

- If the severity bit is set to 0, the method completed successfully.
- If the severity bit is set to 1, the method failed and encountered a fatal error.

3.11.4.6 ITypeLib::GetTypeComp (Opnum 8)

The **GetTypeComp** method retrieves a reference to the <u>ITypeComp server</u> instance associated with the <u>ITypeLib server</u>.

```
HRESULT GetTypeComp(
   [out] ITypeComp** ppTComp
);
```

ppTComp: MUST be set to a reference to the ITypeComp server instance associated with the automation type library, or to NULL if the automation type library does not have an associated ITypeComp server instance.

Return Values: The method MUST return information in an **HRESULT** data structure, defined in [MS-ERREF] section 2.1. The severity bit in the structure identifies the following conditions:

- If the severity bit is set to 0, the method completed successfully.
- If the severity bit is set to 1, the method failed and encountered a fatal error.

3.11.4.7 ITypeLib::GetDocumentation (Opnum 9)

The **GetDocumentation** method retrieves the documentation resources associated with the automation type library.

```
HRESULT GetDocumentation(
  [in] INT index,
  [in] DWORD refPtrFlags,
  [out] BSTR* pBstrName,
  [out] BSTR* pBstrDocString,
  [out] DWORD* pdwHelpContext,
  [out] BSTR* pBstrHelpFile
```

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 146 / 205

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index: MUST equal the ordinal position of an automation type description in the type information table, or -1. If index is -1, the values of *pBstrName*, *pBstrDocString*, *pdwHelpContext*, and *pBstrHelpFile* MUST correspond to the attributes declared with the Type library, as specified in section 2.2.49.2. Otherwise, they MUST correspond to the attributes declared with the specified type.

Value	Meaning	
TYPELIB_NameArg 0x00000001	MUST specify that the client is interested in the actual <i>pBstrName</i> [out] argument.	
TYPELIB_DocStringArg 0x00000002	MUST specify that the client is interested in the actual <i>pBstrDocString</i> [out] argument.	
TYPELIB_HelpContextArg 0x00000004	MUST specify that the client is interested in the actual <i>pdwHelpContext</i> [out] argument.	
TYPELIB_HelpFileArg 0x0000008	MUST specify that the client is interested in the actual <i>pBstrHelpFile</i> [out] argument.	

refPtrFlags: MUST be a combination of 0, or the bit flags specified in the following table.

- **pBstrName:** MUST be set to a BSTR that contains the name of the specified type or Type library if the TYPELIB_NameArg bit flag is set in *refPtrFlags*. MUST be set to a NULL BSTR otherwise.
- **pBstrDocString:** MUST be set to the documentation string that was associated with the specified type or Type library using the [helpstring] attribute (see section 2.2.49.2), if the TYPELIB_DocStringArg bit flag is set in *refPtrFlags*. MAY be set to an implementation-specific string<61> if no [helpstring] attribute is specified. MUST be set to a NULL BSTR otherwise.
- **pdwHelpContext:** MUST be set to the value that was associated with the specified type or Type library using the [helpcontext] attribute (see section <u>2.2.49.2</u>), if the TYPELIB_HelpContextArg bit flag is set in *refPtrFlags*. MUST be set to 0 otherwise.
- **pBstrHelpFile:** MUST be set to the documentation string that was associated with the specified type or Type library using the [helpfile] attribute (see section 2.2.49.2), if the TYPELIB_HelpFileArg bit flag is set in *refPtrFlags*. MUST be set to a NULL BSTR otherwise.
- **Return Values:** The method MUST return information in an HRESULT data structure, defined in [MS-ERREF] section 2.1. The severity bit in the structure identifies the following conditions:
 - If the severity bit is set to 0, the method completed successfully.
 - If the severity bit is set to 1 and the entire **HRESULT** DWORD does not match a value in the following table, a fatal failure occurred.
 - If the severity bit is set to 1 and the entire **HRESULT** DWORD matches a value in the following table, a failure occurred.

Return value/code	Description	
0x8002802B TYPE_E_ELEMENTNOTFOUND	The value of <i>index</i> was not -1 and did not specify the ordinal position of an element in the type information table. See [MS-	

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 147 / 205

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Release: Friday, October 25, 2013

);

Return value/code	Description
	ERREF].

3.11.4.8 ITypeLib::IsName (Opnum 10)

The **IsName** method indicates whether the specified string matches the name of a type or type member that is contained in the automation type library or its binding context.

```
HRESULT IsName(
   [in] LPOLESTR szNameBuf,
   [in] ULONG lHashVal,
   [out] BOOL* pfName,
   [out] BSTR* pBstrNameInLibrary
);
```

- szNameBuf: MUST be set to a string to be tested if it matches the name of a type or type member.
- **IHashVal:** MUST be either the hash value that corresponds to the value of *szNameBuf* (as specified in section 2.2.51) or 0.
- **pfName:** MUST be set to TRUE if the specified string matches the name of a type or member that is contained in the automation type library (see section <u>3.11.4.9</u>) or its binding context (see section <u>3.5.4.1.1.1</u>) according to the string-matching criteria, as specified in section <u>2.2.50</u>. Otherwise, MUST be set to FALSE.
- **pBstrNameInLibrary:** MUST be set to a string whose value matches the value of *szNameBuf* according to the string-matching rules (as specified in section 2.2.50), if *pfName* is TRUE. MUST be set to a NULL BSTR if *pfName* is FALSE.
- **Return Values:** The method MUST return the information in an **HRESULT** data structure, which is defined in [MS-ERREF] section 2.1. The severity bit in the structure identifies the following conditions:
 - If the severity bit is set to 0, the method completed successfully.
 - If the severity bit is set to 1, the method failed and encountered a fatal error.

3.11.4.9 ITypeLib::FindName (Opnum 11)

The **FindName** method retrieves references to types, or type members, contained in the automation type library whose names match a specified string.

```
HRESULT FindName(
  [in] LPOLESTR szNameBuf,
  [in] ULONG lHashVal,
  [out, size_is(*pcFound), length_is(*pcFound)]
   ITypeInfo** ppTInfo,
  [out, size_is(*pcFound), length_is(*pcFound)]
   MEMBERID* rgMemId,
  [in, out] USHORT* pcFound,
  [out] BSTR* pBstrNameInLibrary
);
```

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol

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szNameBuf: MUST be a string.

- **IHashVal:** MUST be either the hash value corresponding to the value of *szNameBuf* (as specified in section 2.2.51), or 0.
- **ppTInfo:** MUST be set to an array of references to ITypeInfo server instances (see section <u>3.7.4</u>). Each entry of *ppTInfo* MUST correspond to a type whose name matches the value of *szNameBuf* according to the string matching criteria (as specified in section <u>2.2.50</u>) or that contains a member whose name matches the value of *szNameBuf*.

The array MUST be empty if there are no types or method or data members of types defined in the automation scope whose names match the value of *szNameBuf*. Otherwise, the array MUST contain one entry for each named nonparameter element defined in the automation scope whose name matches *szNameBuf*. The array MAY contain entries for matching types or type members that are referenced, but not defined in the automation scope. <u><62></u>

If *szNameBuf* matches the name of a dual interface or one of its members, the corresponding entry in *ppTInfo* MUST refer to the partner dispinterface and MUST NOT refer to the partner interface.

The length of the array MUST NOT be greater than the value of *pcFound* set by the client.

- **rgMemId:** MUST be set to an array of <u>MEMBERIDs</u> (see section 2.2.35) corresponding to the ITypeInfo instances in the *ppTInfo* array. For each entry in the *ppTInfo* array, the corresponding value in the *rgMemId* array MUST specify the MEMBERID of the type member whose name matches the value of *szNameBuf*, or MEMBERID_NIL to specify that the name of the type matches the value of *szNameBuf*.
- **pcFound:** The client MUST set *pcFound* to the maximum number of matches that can be returned. The server MUST set *pcFound* to the number of elements in the *ppTInfo* and *rgMemId* arrays.
- **pBstrNameInLibrary:** MUST be set to a string whose value matches the value of *szNameBuf* according to the string-matching rules (as specified in section 2.2.50), if the *ppTInfo* array is not empty. MUST be set to a NULL BSTR otherwise.
- **Return Values:** The method MUST return information in an **HRESULT** data structure, defined in [MS-ERREF] section 2.1. The severity bit in the structure identifies the following conditions:
 - If the severity bit is set to 0, the method completed successfully.
 - If the severity bit is set to 1, the method failed and encountered a fatal error.

3.11.5 Timer Events

None.

3.11.6 Other Local Events

None.

3.12 ITypeLib Client Details

3.12.1 Abstract Data Model

None.

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3.12.2 Timers

None.

3.12.3 Initialization

None.

3.12.4 Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules

A client MUST retrieve a reference to an <u>ITypeLib server</u> by calling <u>ITypeInfo::GetContainingTypeLib</u>.

To iterate over the server's collection of <u>ITypeInfo server</u> references, a client MUST first call <u>ITypeLib::GetTypeInfoCount</u> to retrieve the count, and then call <u>ITypeLib::GetTypeInfo</u>, repeatedly for each index value between 0 and one less than the count previously retrieved.

To retrieve an ITypeInfo reference, given the UUID associated with the type, the client MUST call **ITypeLib::GetTypeInfoOfGuid**.

To retrieve all the ITypeInfo references associated with a string, the client MUST call **ITypeLib::FindName**.

3.12.5 Timer Events

None.

3.12.6 Other Local Events

None.

3.13 ITypeLib2 Server Details

An ITypeLib2 server MUST extend the functionality of <u>ITypeLib</u>. The main extension present in ITypeLib2 is the support it provides for custom attributes.

3.13.1 Abstract Data Model

An <u>ITypeLib2 server</u> MUST implement the data model of an <u>ITypeLib</u> server, as specified in <u>3.11</u>.

An ITypeLib2 server MUST maintain a collection of the custom data items that were declared with the library keyword in the IDL, as specified in section 2.2.49.2. For each custom data item, the server MUST maintain the following mapping:

• The mapping between the GUID and the value of the custom data item.

The data value of a custom data item MUST be a value that can be stored in a _wireVARIANT, as specified in 2.2.29.1.

The custom data item mappings maintained by an ITypeLib2 server MUST be permanent.

3.13.2 Timers

None.

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 150 / 205

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3.13.3 Initialization

The server MUST initialize all data objects that are required of an <u>ITypeLib</u> server, as specified in section <u>3.11.3</u>.

The server MUST initialize its collection of custom data items. The collection MUST NOT change over the server's lifetime.

3.13.4 Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules

<u>ITypeLib2</u> derives from the <u>ITypeLib</u> interface. ITypeLib2 servers MUST implement the opnums with which they are specified in section 3.11.4.

Method	Description	
<u>GetCustData</u>	The GetCustData method retrieves the value of a custom data item that is associated with the automation type library. Opnum: 13	
<u>GetLibStatistics</u>	The GetLibStatistics method returns statistics about the unique names in the automation type library. Opnum: 14	
GetDocumentation2	The GetDocumentation2 method retrieves the values that are associated with the automation type library. Opnum: 15	
<u>GetAllCustData</u>	The GetAllCustData method retrieves the values of all custom data items that are associated with the automation type library. Opnum: 16	

Methods in RPC Opnum Order

All methods MUST NOT throw exceptions. All return values use the NTSTATUS numbering space; in particular, a value of 0x00000000 indicates success, and any other return value indicates an error. All error values are specified in [MS-ERREF] and MUST be treated the same, unless specified otherwise.

3.13.4.1 ITypeLib2::GetCustData (Opnum 13)

The **GetCustData** method retrieves the value of a custom data item associated with the automation type library.

```
HRESULT GetCustData(
  [in] REFGUID guid,
  [out] VARIANT* pVarVal
);
```

guid: MUST be the GUID associated with the custom data item using the [custom] attribute, as specified in section 2.2.49.2.

pVarVal: MUST be set to the value of the custom data item, or <u>VT_EMPTY</u> if there is no custom data item associated with the specified GUID.

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 151 / 205

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Return Values: The method MUST return information in an **HRESULT** data structure, defined in [MS-ERREF] section 2.1. The severity bit in the structure identifies the following conditions:

- If the severity bit is set to 0, the method completed successfully.
- If the severity bit is set to 1, the method failed and encountered a fatal error.

3.13.4.2 ITypeLib2::GetLibStatistics (Opnum 14)

The **GetLibStatistics** method returns statistics about the unique names in the automation type library.

```
HRESULT GetLibStatistics(
  [out] ULONG* pcUniqueNames,
  [out] ULONG* pcchUniqueNames
);
```

pcUniqueNames: MUST be set to the number of unique names in the Type library.

- **pcchUniqueNames:** MUST be set to the total length, in characters, of the unique names in the library.
- **Return Values:** The method MUST return information in an **HRESULT** data structure, defined in [MS-ERREF] section 2.1. The severity bit in the structure identifies the following conditions:
 - If the severity bit is set to 0, the method completed successfully.
 - If the severity bit is set to 1, the method failed and encountered a fatal error.

3.13.4.3 ITypeLib2::GetDocumentation2 (Opnum 15)

The **GetDocumentation2** method retrieves values associated with the automation type library.

```
HRESULT GetDocumentation2(
  [in] INT index,
  [in] LCID lcid,
  [in] DWORD refPtrFlags,
  [out] BSTR* pbstrHelpString,
  [out] DWORD* pdwHelpStringContext,
  [out] BSTR* pbstrHelpStringDll
);
```

index: MUST be equal to the index of an automation type description or to -1. If index is -1, the values of *pBstrHelpString*, *pdwHelpStringContext*, and *pBstrHelpStringDll* MUST correspond to the attributes declared with the Type library as specified in section 2.2.49.3. Otherwise, they MUST correspond to the attributes declared with the specified type.

Icid: MUST be the locale ID of the specified type or type library.

refPtrFlags: MUST be 0, or a combination of the bit flags specified in the following table.

Value	Meaning	
TYPELIB_HelpStringArg 0x00000001	MUST specify that the client is interested in the actual <i>pBstrHelpString</i> [out] argument.	

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 152 / 205

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Value	Meaning	
TYPELIB_HelpContextArg 0x00000002	MUST specify that the client is interested in the actual <i>pdwHelpStringContext</i> [out] argument.	
TYPELIB_HelpFileArg 0x00000004	MUST specify that the client is interested in the actual <i>pBstrHelpStringDll</i> [out] argument.	

- **pbstrHelpString:** MUST be set to an implementation-specific <u>BSTR</u> type<u><63></u> if the TYPELIB_HelpStringArg bit flag is set in *refPtrFlags*. MUST be set to a NULL BSTR otherwise.
- **pdwHelpStringContext:** MUST be set to the value that was associated with the specified type or type library using the [helpstringcontext] attribute (see section 2.2.49.2) if the TYPELIB_HelpContextArg bit flag is set in *refPtrFlags*. MUST be set to 0 otherwise.
- **pbstrHelpStringDII:** MUST be set to the documentation string that was associated with the specified type or type library using the [helpstringdll] attribute (see section 2.2.49.2) if the TYPELIB_HelpFileArg bit flag is set in *refPtrFlags*. MUST be set to a NULL BSTR otherwise.

Return Values: The method MUST return information in an **HRESULT** data structure, defined in [MS-ERREF] section 2.1. The severity bit in the structure identifies the following conditions:

- If the severity bit is set to 0, the method completed successfully.
- If the severity bit is set to 1, the method failed and encountered a fatal error.

3.13.4.4 ITypeLib2::GetAllCustData (Opnum 16)

The **GetAllCustData** method retrieves the values of all custom data items associated with the automation type library.

```
HRESULT GetAllCustData(
   [out] CUSTDATA* pCustData
);
```

- **pCustData:** MUST be set to a <u>CUSTDATA</u> structure that contains an array of custom data items, as specified in section 2.2.47. The structure's **cCustData** field MUST be set to 0 and its **prgCustData** field set to NULL if there are no custom data items associated with the automation type library.
- **Return Values:** The method MUST return information in an **HRESULT** data structure, defined in [MS-ERREF] section 2.1. The severity bit in the structure identifies the following conditions:
 - If the severity bit is set to 0, the method completed successfully.
 - If the severity bit is set to 1, the method failed and encountered a fatal error.

3.13.5 Timer Events

None.

3.13.6 Other Local Events

None.

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 153 / 205

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3.14 ITypeLib2 Client Details

3.14.1 Abstract Data Model

None.

3.14.2 Timers

None.

3.14.3 Initialization

None.

3.14.4 Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules

To retrieve a reference to an <u>ITypeLib2 server</u>, the client MUST first retrieve a reference to an <u>ITypeLib server</u> (as specified in section <u>3.12.4</u>), and then call IUnknown::QueryInterface requesting IID_ITypeLib2.

The protocol specifies no additional sequencing rules.

3.14.5 Timer Events

None.

3.14.6 Other Local Events

None.

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4 Protocol Examples

The following sections describe several operations as used in common scenarios to illustrate the function of the OLE Automation Protocol.

4.1 AIDL-ODL Property Equivalence

This example shows how to map AIDL operations to their conceptual ODL equivalents.

For example, a property specified in AIDL as follows:

[id(1), propget] HRESULT prop1 ([out, retval] BSTR* bstr);

... is equivalent to:

[id(1), readonly] BSTR prop1;

Or, the following two methods specified in AIDL as:

```
[id(2), propget] HRESULT prop2 ( [out, retval] BSTR* bstr );
[id(2), propput] HRESULT prop2 ( [in] BSTR bstr );
```

... are equivalent to a:

[id(2)] BSTR prop2;

4.2 AIDL-ODL Method Equivalence

This example shows how to map an AIDL method to its conceptual ODL equivalent.

For example, a method specified in AIDL as follows:

```
[id(3)] HRESULT func1 ( [in] int n, [in] BSTR ticker,
[lcid] DWORD lcid,
[out, retval] CURRENCY* cy);
```

... is equivalent to:

[id(3)] CURRENCY func1 ([in] int n, [in] BSTR ticker);

4.3 Invoke Argument Parameter Mapping

This example shows how automation method arguments map to **IDispatch::Invoke** arguments.

Consider a method that conceptually takes the following arguments.

test(vPos0, vPosByRef1, vPos2, vNamed3, vNamedByRef4);

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The call to the server must be structured as in the following figure.

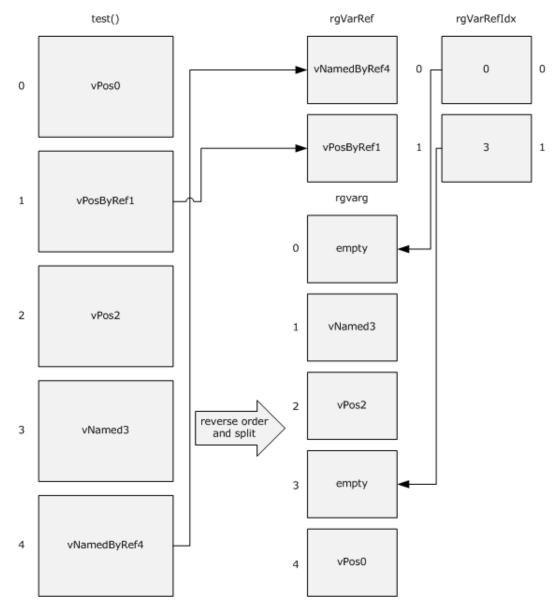


Figure 5: Call to server

4.4 Getting the Value of a Property

This example shows a sequence of messages between an automation client and a server to get the value of a property.

 The client calls the <u>GetIDsOfNames</u> method on the server for a property named test. The server returns the DISPID (see section <u>2.2.32</u>) of the property in the pointer passed by the client.

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 156 / 205

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2. The client calls the **Invoke** method on the server by using the DISPID returned from the server. Other parameters may be filled as shown in the following diagram. The property value is returned by the server in pVarResult. If an exception occurs during execution, or if there is an error in the arguments passed to **Invoke**, it is indicated in pExcepInfo or in pArgErr, accordingly (see section <u>3.1.4.4</u>).

lient		Serv
riid IID_NULL	GetIDsOfNames() rgszNames[0] "test" 1	Lcid LOCALE_USER_DEFAULT
	RETURNS DSPID for opera	ition 'test'
	Invoke()	
DISPATCH_METHOD		•
dwflags		
rgvarg(0)	vt=VT_EMPTY]
rgvarg(1)	vt=VT_ERROR scode=DISP_E_PARAMNOTFOUND	1 cVarRef
cArgs	2	
cNamedArgs	0	vt=VT_14 VT_BYREF
rgdispidNamedArgs	NULL	rgVarRef[0]
	pDispParams	
	Returns: The server updates the –or fills in the exception info or upd argument number which cau:	rgVarRefIdx[0] BYREF argument lates pArgErr with sed the error

Figure 6: Getting the value of a property

Note For brevity, the **Invoke** method's *dispid*, *riid*, and *lcid* parameters are not shown.

4.5 Setting the Value of a Property

This example shows a sequence of messages between an automation client and a server to set the value of a property.

- 1. The client calls the <u>GetIDsOfName</u> method on the server for a property named test. The server returns the DISPID (see section <u>2.2.32</u>) of the property in the pointer passed by the client.
- 2. The client calls the <u>Invoke</u> method on the server by using the DISPID returned from the server. The client passes the value of the property in the first VARIANT in rgVarg that is a member of

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 157 / 205

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pDispParams (see section 2.2.33). The remaining members of pDispParams must be filled as shown in the following diagram. On the server side, if an exception occurs during execution, or if there is an error in the arguments passed to **Invoke**, it is indicated in pExcepInfo or in pArgErr, accordingly (see section 3.1.4.4).

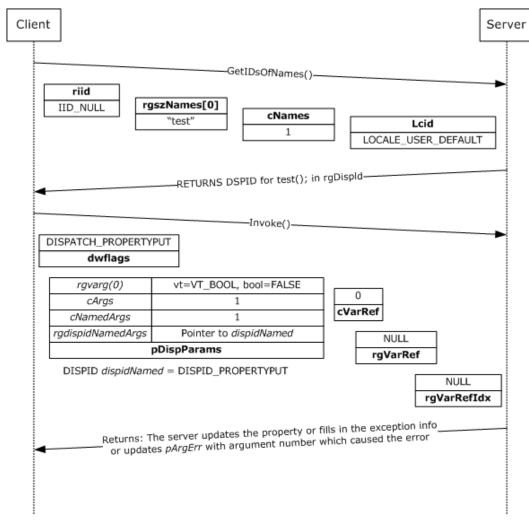


Figure 7: Setting the value of a property

Note For brevity, the **Invoke** method's *dispid*, *riid*, and *lcid* parameters are not shown.

4.6 Calling a Method with Byref and Optional Arguments

This example shows a sequence of messages between an automation client and a server to call a method with a byref and an optional argument. The signature of the function is:

HRESULT test ([in, optional] VARIANT A, [in, out, optional] VARIANT *B);

1. The client calls the **GetIDsOfName** method on the server for the method named test. The server returns the <u>DISPID (section 2.2.32)</u> in the pointer passed by the client.

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 158 / 205

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- 2. The client calls the <u>Invoke</u> method, filling the parameters as shown in the following figure. In the following example, the client is not passing any value for the first optional argument; thus, the VARIANT in rgVarg[1] must have the field vt set to VT_ERROR and scode set to DISP_E_PARAMNOTFOUND. rgVarg[0] has the vt field set to VT_EMPTY. rgVarRef[0] is a VARIANT with the VT_BYREF bit flag set.
- 3. On return from Invoke, rgVarRef[0] with the server-updated value is passed back to the client.

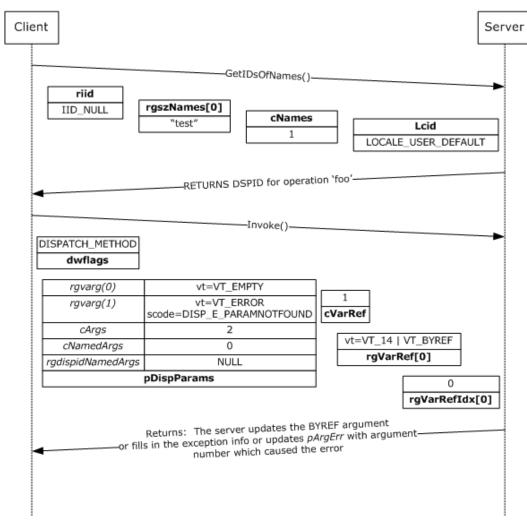


Figure 8: Calling a method with Byref and optional arguments

Note For brevity, the **Invoke** method's *dispid*, *riid*, and *lcid* parameters are not shown.

4.7 IEnumVARIANT Example

An application implementer may choose to implement IEnumVARIANT to expose a collection of homogeneous or heterogeneous data. Depending on the requirements of the application and the nature of the data exposed, the implementer may choose to implement the collection either as a static, semi-static, or dynamic server.

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 159 / 205

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If the application exposes a rarely changing collection (such as the set of students that are enrolled in a specific class), it may choose to do so by exposing a static <u>IEnumVARIANT server</u>.

If the application exposes data that may change more frequently, but that is meant to be read-only (such as statistics on a set of currently running processes), it may choose to do so by exposing a semi-static IEnumVARIANT server.

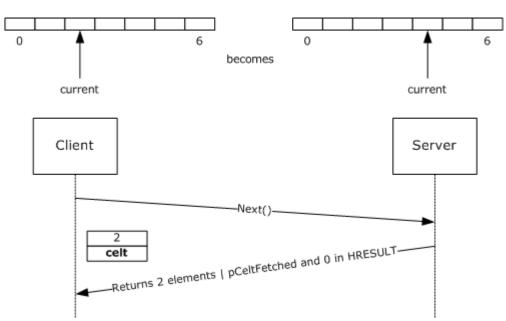
If the application exposes data that changes frequently and that should be as current as possible (such as the set of files from a folder), it may choose to do so by exposing a dynamic IEnumVARIANT server.

In all the examples that follow, the client may use either the _NewEnum method or the QueryInterface method on the automation server object to get the IEnumVARIANT implementation.

In the examples, an array is maintained as a collection by the server, and the variable current shows the first position in the enumeration that has not yet been returned to the client (see section 3.3.1).

4.7.1 IEnumVARIANT Next() Example

The following diagram illustrates a call to IEnumVARIANT::Next for a server that manages a collection of seven elements. Before the call, the current position is 2. The call to Next(), requesting two elements, causes the current position to be updated to 4, and results in the return by the server to the client of elements with indices 2 and 3. The server also indicates that it filled two elements by setting *pCeltFetched to 2, and returning 0 as the HRESULT.



Server state changes after call

Figure 9: Call to IEnumVARIANT::Next

The following diagram illustrates a call to IEnumVARIANT::Next for a server that manages a collection of seven elements. Before the call, the current position is 3. The call to Next(), requesting seven elements, causes the current position to be updated to 7, and results in the return by the

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 160 / 205

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server to the client of elements with indices 3, 4, 5, and 6. The server also indicates that it filled only four elements by setting pCeltFetched to 4, and returning 1 as the HRESULT.

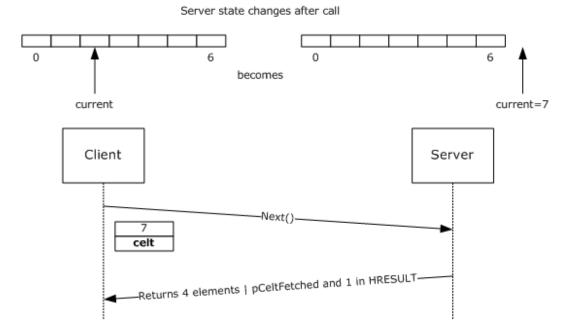
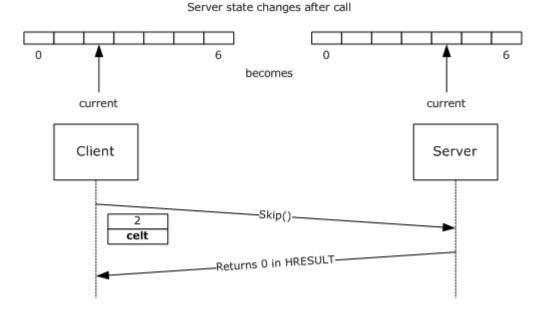


Figure 10: Call to IEnumVARIANT::Next

4.7.2 IEnumVARIANT Skip() Example

The following diagram illustrates a call to IEnumVARIANT::Skip for a server that manages a collection of seven elements. Before the call, the current position is 2. The call to Skip(), requesting that two elements be skipped, causes the current position to be updated to 4.



[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol

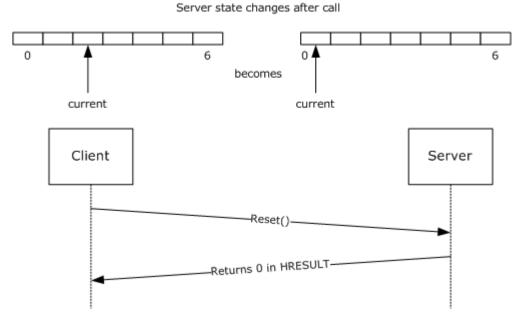
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Figure 11: Call to IEnumVARIANT::Skip

4.7.3 IEnumVARIANT Reset() Example

The following diagram illustrates a call to IEnumVARIANT::Reset for a server that manages a collection of seven elements. Before the call, the current position is 2. The call to Reset() causes the current position to be updated to 0.





4.7.4 IEnumVARIANT Clone() Example

The following diagram illustrates a call to IEnumVARIANT::Clone for a server that manages a collection of seven elements. Before the call, the current position is 2. The call to Clone() causes a new IEnumVARIANT server to be created. The new server manages a copy of the collection of seven elements, and its current position is set to 2. An **object reference** to the new IEnumVARIANT server is returned to the client.

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 162 / 205

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Server state changes after call

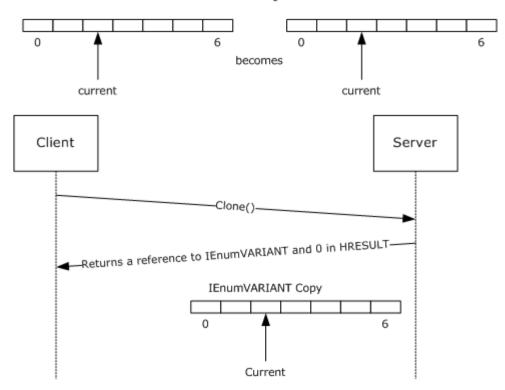


Figure 13: Call to IEnumVARIANT::Clone

4.8 Reading Type Information

The type information exposed by an automation server can be read by an automation client using the ITypeLib and ITypeInfo interfaces. The examples that follow show common scenarios.

4.8.1 Getting ITypeLib Implementations from Automation Server

Assuming that the automation client already has an IDispatch pointer from the automation server, the following pseudocode shows how to get the ITypeLib implementation.

```
INPUT: IDispatch pointer from the Automation Server
CALL IDispatch::GetTypeInfoCount and OBTAIN pcTInfo
COMMENT see Section 3.1.4.1 for information on pcTInfo
IF pcTInfo = 0 THEN
        PRINT Automation Server does not support type information for this object
ELSE
        CALL IDispatch::GetTypeInfo with correct LocaleID and OBTAIN ITypeInfo pointer
        CALL ITypeInfo::GetContainingTypeLib and OBTAIN ITypeLib pointer
ENDIF
```

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 163 / 205

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4.8.2 Enumerating on All Types in a Type Library

Building on the <u>previous example</u>, it is assumed that the automation client has the ITypeLib implementation of the automation server. The following pseudocode illustrates how to get type information for all types defined in the type library.

```
INPUT: Reference to the ITypeLib server corresponding to the Automation Server
CALL ITypeLib::GetTypeInfoCount and OBTAIN pcTInfo
COMMENT see Section 3.11.4.1 for information on pcTInfo
FOR X = 0 to pctInfo -1
CALL ITypeLib::GetTypeInfo with X and OBTAIN ITypeInfo pointer
END FOR
```

4.8.3 Enumerating on All Enumerations in a Type Library

This example illustrates how to get all enumerations in a type library, and the value represented by each member within the enumeration.

```
INPUT: Reference to the ITypeLib server corresponding to the Automation Server
CALL ITypeLib::GetTypeInfoCount and OBTAIN pcTInfo
COMMENT see Section 3.11.4.1 for information on pcTInfo
FOR X = 0 to pctInfo -1
   CALL ITypeLib::GetTypeInfoType with X and OBTAIN pTKind
   COMMENT see Section 3.11.4.3 for more information on pTKind
   IF ptKind = TYPEKIND::TKIND ENUM THEN
        CALL ITypeLib::GetTypeInfo with X and OBTAIN ITypeInfo pointer
        CALL ITypeInfo::GetDocumentation (MEMBERID NIL, 1, &BstrName, NULL, NULL, NULL)
        PRINT Name of the Enumeration is BstrName
        CALL ITypeInfo::GetTypeAttr and OBTAIN TYPEATTR pointer
        FOR Y = 0 to TYPEATTR::cVars -1
            ITypeInfo::GetVarDesc with Y and OBTAIN VARDESC pointer
            CALL ITypeInfo::GetDocumentation(VARDESC::memid, 1, &BstrName, NULL, NULL,
                NULT.)
            COMMENT BstrName will contain the name of the enumeration member
            PRINT BstrName =
            SET Z to the constant value from VARDESC::lpvarValue
            COMMENT On most platforms the constant value for enumerations would be in
                    VARDESC::lpvarValue::intVal
            PRINT Z
       END FOR
   END IF
END FOR
```

4.8.4 Enumerating All Nonsource Interfaces in a Coclass

This example illustrates the identification of all coclasses in an automation server type library, and the interfaces implemented by the coclasses.

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol

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```
INPUT: Reference to the ITypeLib server corresponding to the Automation Server
COMMENT See example in Section 4.8.1 for getting ITypeLib pointer
CALL ITypeLib::GetTypeInfoCount and OBTAIN pcTInfo
COMMENT see Section 3.11.4.1 for information on pcTInfo
FOR X = 0 to pctInfo -1
   CALL ITypeLib::GetTypeInfoType with X and OBTAIN pTKind
   COMMENT See Section 3.11.4.3 for more information on pTKind
   IF pTKind = TYPEKIND::TKIND COCLASS THEN
        CALL ITypeLib::GetDocumentation(X, 1, &BstrName, NULL, NULL, NULL)
        PRINT Name of the CoClass is BstrName
        CALL ITypeLib::GetTypeInfo with X and OBTAIN ITypeInfo pointer
        CALL ITypeInfo::GetTypeAttr and OBTAIN TYPEATTR pointer
        FOR Y = 0 to TYPEATTR::cImplTypes -1
            ITypeInfo::GetRefTypeOfImplType with Y and OBTAIN HREFTYPE
            COMMENT HREFTYPE is a handle to the implemented interface
            ITypeInfo::GetRefTypeInfo with HREFTYPE and OBTAIN pInterfaceTypeInfo
            COMMENT pInterfaceTypeInfo is a ITypeInfo pointer for interface implemented
                   by this CoClass
            CALL pInterfaceTypeInfo::GetDocumentation(MEMBERID NIL, 1, &BstrName, NULL,
                NULL, NULL)
            PRINT Interface implemented is BstrName
        END FOR
   END TF
END FOR
```

4.8.5 Enumerating All Methods in an Interface

This example pseudocode shows how to enumerate on all the methods declared in an interface. It assumes that the automation client has already obtained the IDispatch pointer from the automation server.

```
INPUT: IDispatch pointer from the automation server
CALL IDispatch::GetTypeInfoCount and OBTAIN pcTInfo
COMMENT see Section 3.1.4.1 for information on pcTInfo
IF pcTInfo = 0 THEN
   PRINT Automation Server does not support type information for this object
ELSE
   CALL IDispatch::GetTypeInfo with correct LocaleID and OBTAIN ITypeInfo pointer
   CALL ITypeInfo::GetDocumentation(MEMBERID NIL, 1, &BstrName, NULL,
        NULL, NULL)
   PRINT Name of the Interface is BstrName
   CALL ITypeInfo::GetTypeAttr and OBTAIN TYPEATTR pointer
   FOR X = 0 to TYPEATTR::cFuncs -1
        CALL ITypeInfo::GetFuncDesc with X and OBTAIN FUNCDESC pointer
        CALL ITypeInfo::GetNames with FUNCDESC::memid and appropriate values for
            rgBstrNames, cMaxNames and pcNames
        COMMENT see Section 3.7.4.5 for more information regarding the parameters
               to ITypeinfo::GetNames
        IF pcNames > 0 THEN
            PRINT Name of the method is rgBstrNames[0]
            PRINT Parameters to above method are following
```

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 165 / 205

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```
FOR Y = 1 to pcNames -1
PRINT rgBstrNames[Y]
END FOR
END IF
END FOR
ENDIF
```

4.8.6 Retrieving Type Information

This example shows how to retrieve type information for method parameters or members of a struct, a union, or an enumeration given a **TYPEDESC (section 2.2.37)** structure. A **TYPEDESC** can be obtained from an **ELEMDESC** structure, which is a member of **VARDESC** or **FUNCDESC**.

```
COMMENT This is a recursive procedure and is called PrintTypeDesc.
INPUT: TYPEDESC pointer and reference to ITypeInfo server in the binding context
OUTPUT: Prints type described by the TYPEDESC
CASE TYPEDESC::vt OF
   VT PTR:
             CALL PrintTypeDesc with TYPEDESC:: lptdesc and ITypeInfo pointer
             PRINT *
   VT SAFEARRAY:
             PRINT SAFEARRAY OF
             CALL PrintTypeDesc with TYPEDESC:: lptdesc and ITypeInfo pointer
   VT CARRAY:
             CALL PrintTypeDesc with TYPEDESC::lpadesc::tdescElem and ITypeInfo pointer
             COMMENT see Section 2.2.31 for more information on TYPEDESC::lpadesc
             FOR X = 0 to TYPEDESC::lpadesc::cDims -1
                PRINT [
                PRINT TYPEDESC::lpadesc::rgbounds[X].lLbound
                PRINT &
                 SET Y to TYPEDESC::lpadesc::rgbounds[X].lLbound +
                         TYPEDESC::lpadesc::rgbounds[X].cElements -1
                 PRINT Y
                 PRINT ]
             END FOR
   VT USERDEFINED:
             CALL ITypeInfo::GetRefTypeInfo with TYPEDESC::hreftype and OBTAIN
                 pCustomTypeInfo which of type ITypeInfo pointer
             CALL pCustomTypeInfo::GetDocumentation(MEMBERID NIL, 1, &BstrName, NULL,
                 NULL, NULL)
             PRINT BstrName
   VT I2: PRINT short
   VT_I4: PRINT int
   VT R4: PRINT float
   VT R8: PRINT double
   VT CY: PRINT CY
   VT DATE: PRINT DATE
   VT BSTR: PRINT BSTR
   VT_DECIMAL: PRINT DECIMAL
```

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```
VT DISPATCH: PRINT IDispatch
VT ERROR: PRINT SCODE
VT BOOL: PRINT VARIANT BOOL
VT VARIANT: PRINT VARIANT
VT UNKNOWN: PRINT IUnknown
VT UI1: PRINT BYTE
VT I1: PRINT char
VT UI2: PRINT unsigned short
VT UI4: PRINT unsigned long
VT I8: PRINT int64
VT UI8: PRINT unsigned int64
VT INT: PRINT int
VT UINT: PRINT unsigned int
VT HRESULT: PRINT HRESULT
VT VOID: PRINT void
VT LPSTR: PRINT char *
VT LPWSTR: PRINT wchar *
OTHERS: PRINT Error
```

```
ENDCASE
```

4.8.7 Binding to a Member of a Default Nonsource Interface of an Appobject Coclass

This example shows how to bind to a member of a default nonsource interface of an appobject class.

The sample first tries to bind against the name by using the ITypeComp that corresponds to the automation type library. The sample then uses the ITypeInfo reference thus retrieved, corresponding to the coclass definition, to bind against the name again, retrieving the ITypeInfo server that contains the name in its binding context and the element description (a FUNCDESC or a VARDESC) that corresponds to the name passed in.

```
INPUT: A reference to an ITypeLib server and the name of the
        member to bind against
OUTPUT: A reference to the ITypeInfo server corresponding to the
        interface containing the member
CALL ITypeLib::GetTypeComp with pTypeLib and OBTAIN ITypeComp
  pointer pTLComp
CALL ITypeComp::Bind with pTLComp and name and OBTAIN ITypeInfo
  pointer pTIAppObj and DESCKIND value dk1
COMMENT If the name was a member of a default nonsource interface
        on an appobject coclass the Bind operation will return
        the coclass ITypeInfo, DESCKIND IMPLICITAPPOBJ, and a
        VAR STATIC VARDESC
IF dk1 = DESCKIND IMPLICITAPPOBJ THEN
  CALL ITypeInfo::GetTypeComp with pTIAppObj
     and OBTAIN ITypeComp pointer pAppObjComp
  COMMENT The Bind operation below will return the default
        interface ITypeInfo, DESCKIND VARDESC or DESCKIND FUNCDESC,
        and a corresponding VARDESC or FUNCDESC
```

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 167 / 205

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```
CALL ITypeComp::Bind with pAppObjComp and name
and OBTAIN ITypeInfo pointer pTIDefItf and DESCKIND value dk2
```

END IF

4.8.8 Binding to a Member of a Partner Interface

This example shows how to bind to a member of a partner dispinterface given a reference to an ITypeInfo server corresponding to a partner dispinterface.

The sample first retrieves the ITypeInfo reference corresponding to the partner interface by using the special value –1 as an argument to **ITypeInfo::GetRefTypeOfImpleType**. Next, the sample uses the ITypeInfo reference to complete a bind operation on the specified member name.

```
INPUT: A reference to an ITypeInfo server, and a name of a member
OUTPUT: A reference to the corresponding partner interface ITypeInfo server and the FUNCDESC
that describes the named member
COMMENT pass -1 to GetRefTypeOfImplType to retrieve the HREFTYPE
        Corresponding to the partner interface
CALL ITypeInfo::GetRefTypeOfImplType with pTIDispPartner and -1
        and OBTAIN HREFTYPE value hrefItfPartner
CALL ITypeInfo::GetRefTypeInfo with pTIDispPartner and hrefItfPartner
        and OBTAIN ITypeInfo pointer pTIItfPartner
        and OBTAIN ITypeComp with pTIItfPartner
        and OBTAIN ITypeComp pointer pItfPartnercomp
COMMENT The Bind operation below will return the ITypeInfo pointer
        corresponding to the interface in the inheritance hierarchy
        that defines "name"
```

```
CALL ITypeComp::Bind with pItfPartnerComp and name
and OBTAIN ITypeInfo pointer pTIBindRes and FUNCDESC struct fd
```

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 168 / 205

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5 Security

The following sections specify security considerations for implementers of the OLE Automation Protocol.

5.1 Security Considerations for Implementer

There are no security considerations for this protocol.

5.2 Index of Security Parameters

There are no protocol-specific security parameters.

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6 Appendix A: Full IDL

For ease of implementation, the full IDL is provided where "ms-dcom.idl" is the IDL specified in [MS-DCOM] Appendix A.

```
import "ms-dtyp.idl";
import "ms-dcom.idl";
// Begin: Extra definitions
// Use the next line in any IDL file that imports ms-oaut.idl
// that makes use of SAFEARRAYs.
\ensuremath{//} It is needed to bypass special assumptions MIDL compiler makes
// about the SAFEARRAY type in windows environment.
// #define SAFEARRAY(type) SAFEARRAY
// basic type aliases
typedef byte BYTE;
typedef LONG SCODE;
typedef IID *REFIID;
typedef GUID *REFGUID;
typedef [string] wchar t *LPOLESTR;
typedef [string] const wchar t *LPCOLESTR;
typedef [public] unsigned int3264 ULONG PTR, *PULONG PTR;
typedef void *PVOID, *LPVOID;
// forward declarations
interface IDispatch;
interface ITypeLib;
interface ITypeInfo;
typedef [unique] SAFEARRAY * PSAFEARRAY, *LPSAFEARRAY;
typedef [unique] struct wireVARIANT * VARIANT;
// End: Extra definitions
typedef enum tagVARENUM
{
     VT_EMPTY = 0x0000,
VT_NULL = 0x0001,
VT_I2 = 0x0002,

      VT_IOLL
      = 0x0001,

      VT_I2
      = 0x0002,

      VT_I4
      = 0x0003,

      VT_R4
      = 0x0004,

      VT_R8
      = 0x0005,

      VT_CY
      = 0x0006,

      VT_DATE
      = 0x0007,

      VT_BSTR
      = 0x0008,

      VT_DISPATCH
      = 0x0008,

      VT_BOOL
      = 0x0000,

      VT_VARIANT
      = 0x0000,

      VT_DECIMAL
      = 0x0000,

      VT_UI1
      = 0x0010,

      VT_U12
      = 0x0012,

      VT_U14
      = 0x0013,

      VT_I8
      = 0x0014,

      VT_I2
```

[MS-OAUT] - v20131025 **OLE Automation Protocol**

VT I8

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 $= 0 \times 0014$,

```
      VT_UI8
      = 0x0015,

      VT_INT
      = 0x0016,

      VT_UINT
      = 0x0017,

      VT_VOID
      = 0x0018,

      VT_HRESULT
      = 0x0014,

      VT_PTR
      = 0x0018,

      VT_CARRAY
      = 0x0010,

      VT_USEPDEFINED
      = 0x0010,

         VT USERDEFINED = 0x001D,

      VT_USERDEFINED
      = 0x001D,

      VT_LPSTR
      = 0x001E,

      VT_LPWSTR
      = 0x001F,

      VT_RECORD
      = 0x0024,

      VT_INT_PTR
      = 0x0025,

      VT_UINT_PTR
      = 0x0026,

      VT_ARRAY
      = 0x2000,

      VT_BYREF
      = 0x4000

} VARENUM;
typedef enum tagADVFEATUREFLAGS
{
        FADF_AUTO = 0 \times 0001,
FADF_STATIC = 0 \times 0002,
        FADF EMBEDDED = 0 \times 0004,
         FADF FIXEDSIZE = 0x0010,
        FADF_RECORD = 0 \times 0020,
FADF_HAVEIID = 0 \times 0040,
        FADF_HAVEVARTYPE = 0x0080,
FADF_BSTR = 0x0100,
         FADF_UNKNOWN = 0 \times 0200,
         FADF DISPATCH = 0 \times 0400,
         FADE VARIANT = 0 \times 0800
} ADVFEATUREFLAGS;
typedef [v1 enum] enum tagSF TYPE {

      edet
      [V1_enum]
      enum
      cagsr

      SF_ERROR
      =
      VT_ERROR,

      SF_I1
      =
      VT_I1,

      SF_I2
      =
      VT_I2,

      SF_I4
      =
      VT_I4,

      SF_I8
      =
      VT_I8,

      SF_BSTR
      =
      VT_BSTR,

         SF UNKNOWN = VT UNKNOWN,
         SF DISPATCH = VT DISPATCH,
         SF VARIANT = VT VARIANT,
         SF RECORD = VT RECORD,
         SF HAVEIID = VT UNKNOWN | 0x8000
} SF TYPE;
typedef [v1 enum] enum tagCALLCONV {
         CC CDECL = 1,
         CC PASCAL = 2,
         CC STDCALL = 4
} CALLCONV;
typedef enum tagFUNCFLAGS {
        FUNCFLAG_FRESTRICTED = 1,
                                                                        = 0x2,
        FUNCFLAG_FSOURCE
FUNCFLAG_FBINDABLE
        FUNCFLAG_FSURCE0.1.2,FUNCFLAG_FBINDABLE= 0x4,FUNCFLAG_FREQUESTEDIT= 0x8,FUNCFLAG FDISPLAYBIND= 0x10,
```

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```
FUNCFLAG FUSESGETLASTERROR = 0 \times 80,
    FUNCFLAG_FDEFAULTCOLLELEM = 0x100,
    FUNCFLAG_FUIDEFAULT= 0x200,FUNCFLAG_FNONBROWSABLE= 0x400,FUNCFLAG_FREPLACEABLE= 0x800,
    FUNCFLAG_FIMMEDIATEBIND = 0x1000
} FUNCFLAGS;
typedef [v1 enum] enum tagFUNCKIND {
    FUNC_PUREVIRTUAL = 1,
    FUNC_STATIC = 3,
FUNC_DISPATCH = 4
} FUNCKIND;
typedef enum tagIMPLTYPEFLAGS {
    \label{eq:implitive} \begin{split} \text{IMPLTYPEFLAG}\_\text{FDEFAULT} &= 0 \times 1 \,, \\ \text{IMPLTYPEFLAG}\_\text{FSOURCE} &= 0 \times 2 \,, \end{split}
    IMPLTYPEFLAG FRESTRICTED = 0 \times 4,
    IMPLTYPEFLAG FDEFAULTVTABLE = 0x8
} IMPLTYPEFLAGS;
typedef [v1_enum] enum tagINVOKEKIND {
    INVOKE_FUNC = 0x1,
INVOKE_PROPERTYGET = 0x2,
INVOKE_PROPERTYPUT = 0x4,
    INVOKE PROPERTYPUTREF = 0x8
} INVOKEKIND;
typedef enum tagPARAMFLAGS {
    PARAMFLAG_NONE = 0,
    PARAMFLAG FIN
                                = 0 \times 1
    PARAMFLAG_F'IN= 0x1,PARAMFLAG_FOUT= 0x2,PARAMFLAG_FLCID= 0x4,PARAMFLAG_FRETVAL= 0x8,PARAMFLAG_FOPT= 0x10,
    PARAMFLAG_FHASDEFAULT = 0x20,
    PARAMFLAG_FHASCUSTDATA = 0x40
} PARAMFLAGS;
typedef enum tagTYPEFLAGS {
    TYPEFLAG FAPPOBJECT = 0x1,
    TYPEFLAG_FCANCREATE = 0 \times 2,
    TYPEFLAG_FLICENSED = 0 \times 4,
    TYPEFLAG\_FPREDECLID = 0x8,
    TYPEFLAG_FHIDDEN= 0x10,TYPEFLAG_FCONTROL= 0x20,TYPEFLAG_FDUAL= 0x40,
    TYPEFLAG FNONEXTENSIBLE = 0 \times 80,
    TYPEFLAG_FOLEAUTOMATION = 0 \times 100,
    TYPEFLAG FRESTRICTED = 0 \times 200,
    TYPEFLAG FAGGREGATABLE = 0 \times 400,
    TYPEFLAG FREPLACEABLE = 0 \times 800,
    TYPEFLAG_FDISPATCHABLE = 0x1000,
    TYPEFLAG FPROXY = 0x4000
} TYPEFLAGS;
typedef [v1 enum] enum tagTYPEKIND {
```

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```
TKIND ENUM = 0,
     TKIND RECORD,
     TKIND MODULE,
     TKIND_INTERFACE,
     TKIND DISPATCH,
     TKIND COCLASS,
     TKIND_ALIAS,
     TKIND UNION
} TYPEKIND;
typedef enum tagVARFLAGS {
    VARFLAG_FREADONLY = 0x1,
    VARFLAG_FREADONLI- 0X1,VARFLAG_FSOURCE= 0x2,VARFLAG_FBINDABLE= 0x4,VARFLAG_FREQUESTEDIT= 0x8,VARFLAG_FDISPLAYBIND= 0x10,VARFLAG_FDEFAULTBIND= 0x20,VARFLAG_FHIDDEN= 0x40,VARFLAG_REDEFD= 0x80
    VARFLAG_FHIDDEN = 0x40,
VARFLAG_FRESTRICTED = 0x80,
    VARFLAG_FDEFAULTCOLLELEM = 0x100,
    VARFLAG_FUIDEFAULT= 0x200,VARFLAG_FNONBROWSABLE= 0x400,VARFLAG_FREPLACEABLE= 0x800,VARFLAG_FIMMEDIATEBIND= 0x1000
} VARFLAGS;
typedef [v1 enum] enum tagVARKIND {
     VAR PERINSTANCE,
     VAR_STATIC,
     VAR CONST,
     VAR DISPATCH
} VARKIND;
typedef [v1 enum] enum tagLIBFLAGS {
    LIBFLAG_FRESTRICTED = 0 \times 01,
     LIBFLAG_FCONTROL = 0 \times 02,
     LIBFLAG FHIDDEN = 0 \times 04,
     LIBFLAG FHASDISKIMAGE = 0 \times 08
} LIBFLAGS;
typedef [v1 enum] enum tagSYSKIND {
     SYS WIN32 = 1,
     SYS WIN64 = 3
} SYSKIND;
typedef [v1 enum] enum tagDESCKIND {
     DESCKIND_NONE = 0,
    DESCKIND_FUNCDESC = 1,
DESCKIND_VARDESC = 2,
DESCKIND_TYPECOMP = 3,
     DESCKIND IMPLICITAPPOBJ = 4
} DESCKIND;
typedef struct FLAGGED WORD BLOB {
     unsigned long cBytes;
     unsigned long clSize;
     [size is(clSize)] unsigned short asData[];
} FLAGGED WORD BLOB;
```

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```
typedef [unique] FLAGGED WORD BLOB* BSTR;
typedef struct tagCY {
   int64 int64;
} CURRENCY;
typedef double DATE;
typedef struct tagDEC {
  WORD wReserved;
   BYTE scale;
   BYTE sign;
   ULONG Hi32;
   ULONGLONG Lo64;
} DECIMAL;
typedef short VARIANT_BOOL;
#define VARIANT_TRUE ((VARIANT_BOOL)0xfff)
#define VARIANT FALSE ((VARIANT BOOL)0)
typedef struct wireBRECORD {
   ULONG fFlags;
   ULONG clSize;
   MInterfacePointer * pRecInfo;
    [size is(clSize)] byte* pRecord;
} wireBRECORDStr;
typedef [unique] struct _wireBRECORD* BRECORD;
typedef struct wireVARIANT {
   DWORD clSize;
   DWORD rpcReserved;
   USHORT vt;
   USHORT wReserved1;
   USHORT wReserved2;
   USHORT wReserved3;
    [switch type(ULONG), switch is(vt)] union {
        [case(VT I8)]
         LONGLONG llVal;
        [case(VT I4)]
         LONG lVal;
        [case(VT UI1)]
         BYTE bVal;
        [case(VT I2)]
         SHORT iVal;
        [case(VT R4)]
         FLOAT fltVal;
        [case(VT R8)]
         DOUBLE dblVal;
        [case(VT BOOL)]
         VARIANT BOOL boolVal;
        [case(VT ERROR)]
         HRESULT scode;
        [case(VT_CY)]
         CURRENCY cyVal;
        [case(VT DATE)]
         DATE date;
        [case(VT BSTR)]
```

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```
BSTR bstrVal;
[case(VT_UNKNOWN)]
 IUnknown* punkVal;
[case(VT DISPATCH)]
 IDispatch* pdispVal;
[case(VT ARRAY)]
 PSAFEARRAY parray;
[case(VT_RECORD, VT_RECORD|VT_BYREF)]
 BRECORD brecVal;
[case(VT UI1|VT BYREF)]
 BYTE* pbVal;
[case(VT_I2|VT_BYREF)]
 SHORT* piVal;
[case(VT_I4|VT_BYREF)]
 LONG* plVal;
[case(VT I8|VT BYREF)]
 LONGLONG* pllVal;
[case(VT R4|VT BYREF)]
 FLOAT* pfltVal;
[case(VT R8|VT BYREF)]
 DOUBLE* pdblVal;
[case(VT BOOL|VT BYREF)]
 VARIANT BOOL* pboolVal;
[case(VT_ERROR|VT_BYREF)]
 HRESULT* pscode;
[case(VT CY|VT BYREF)]
 CURRENCY* pcyVal;
[case(VT DATE|VT BYREF)]
 DATE* pdate;
[case(VT_BSTR|VT_BYREF)]
 BSTR* pbstrVal;
[case(VT UNKNOWN|VT BYREF)]
 IUnknown** ppunkVal;
[case(VT DISPATCH|VT BYREF)]
 IDispatch** ppdispVal;
[case(VT_ARRAY|VT_BYREF)]
 PSAFEARRAY* pparray;
[case(VT VARIANT|VT BYREF)]
 VARIANT* pvarVal;
[case(VT I1)]
 CHAR cVal;
[case(VT UI2)]
 USHORT uiVal;
[case(VT UI4)]
 ULONG ulVal;
[case(VT UI8)]
 ULONGLONG ullVal;
[case(VT INT)]
 INT intVal;
[case(VT_UINT)]
 UINT uintVal;
[case(VT DECIMAL)]
 DECIMAL decVal;
[case(VT I1|VT BYREF)]
 CHAR* pcVal;
[case(VT UI2|VT BYREF)]
 USHORT* puiVal;
[case(VT_UI4|VT_BYREF)]
 ULONG* pulVal;
```

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```
[case(VT UI8|VT BYREF)]
         ULONGLONG* pullVal;
        [case(VT INT|VT BYREF)]
         INT* pintVal;
        [case(VT UINT|VT BYREF)]
         UINT* puintVal;
        [case(VT_DECIMAL|VT_BYREF)]
         DECIMAL* pdecVal;
        [case(VT EMPTY)]
         /* nothing */ ;
        [case(VT NULL)]
         /* nothing */ ;
    } varUnion;
} wireVARIANTStr;
typedef struct tagSAFEARRAYBOUND {
   ULONG cElements;
   LONG llbound;
} SAFEARRAYBOUND,
*LPSAFEARRAYBOUND;
typedef struct wireSAFEARR BSTR {
   ULONG Size;
    [size_is(Size), ref] BSTR* aBstr;
SAFEARR_BSTR;
typedef struct _wireSAFEARR_UNKNOWN {
   ULONG Size;
   [size_is(Size), ref] IUnknown** apUnknown;
SAFEARR_UNKNOWN;
typedef struct _wireSAFEARR_DISPATCH {
   ULONG Size;
    [size is(Size), ref] IDispatch** apDispatch;
} SAFEARR DISPATCH;
typedef struct _wireSAFEARR_VARIANT {
   ULONG Size;
    [size is(Size), ref] VARIANT* aVariant;
} SAFEARR VARIANT;
typedef struct _wireSAFEARR_BRECORD {
   ULONG Size;
   [size is(Size), ref] BRECORD* aRecord;
} SAFEARR BRECORD;
typedef struct _wireSAFEARR_HAVEIID {
   ULONG Size;
   [size is(Size), ref] IUnknown** apUnknown;
   IID iid;
} SAFEARR HAVEIID;
typedef struct BYTE SIZEDARR {
   unsigned long clSize;
    [size_is(clSize)] byte* pData;
} BYTE SIZEDARR;
typedef struct _SHORT_SIZEDARR {
   unsigned long clSize;
```

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```
[size is(clSize)] unsigned short* pData;
} WORD SIZEDARR;
typedef struct _LONG_SIZEDARR {
     unsigned long clSize;
     [size is(clSize)] unsigned long* pData;
} DWORD SIZEDARR;
typedef struct _HYPER_SIZEDARR {
     unsigned long clSize;
     [size is(clSize)] hyper* pData;
} HYPER SIZEDARR;
typedef union _wireSAFEARRAY_UNION
     switch(unsigned long sfType) u {
    case SF_BSTR: SAFEARR_BSTR BStrStr;
case SF_UNKNOWN: SAFEARR_UNKNOWN UnknownStr;
case SF_UNKNOWN: SAFEARR_UNKNOWN UnknownStr;
case SF_USPATCH: SAFEARR_DISPATCH DispatchStr;
case SF_VARIANT: SAFEARR_VARIANT VariantStr;
case SF_RECORD: SAFEARR_BRECORD RecordStr;
     case SF HAVEIID: SAFEARR HAVEIID HaveIidStr;
case SF_I1: BYTE_SIZEDARR ByteStr;
case SF_I2: WORD_SIZEDARR WordStr;
case SF_I4: DWORD_SIZEDARR LongStr;
case SF_I8: HYPER_SIZEDARR HyperStr;
} SAFEARRAYUNION;
typedef
[unique]
struct _wireSAFEARRAY {
    USHORT cDims;
     USHORT fFeatures;
     ULONG cbElements;
     ULONG cLocks;
     SAFEARRAYUNION uArrayStructs;
     [size is(cDims)] SAFEARRAYBOUND rgsabound[];
*SAFEARRAY;
typedef struct tagRecordInfo {
     GUID libraryGuid;
     DWORD verMajor;
     GUID recGuid;
     DWORD verMinor;
     DWORD Lcid;
} RecordInfo;
typedef LONG DISPID;
typedef struct tagDISPPARAMS {
     [size is(cArgs)] VARIANT* rgvarg;
     [size is(cNamedArgs)] DISPID* rgdispidNamedArgs;
     UINT cArgs;
     UINT cNamedArgs;
} DISPPARAMS;
typedef struct tagEXCEPINFO {
     WORD wCode;
     WORD wReserved;
     BSTR bstrSource;
```

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```
BSTR bstrDescription;
    BSTR bstrHelpFile;
    DWORD dwHelpContext;
    ULONG PTR pvReserved;
    ULONG PTR pfnDeferredFillIn;
    HRESULT scode;
} EXCEPINFO;
typedef DISPID MEMBERID;
typedef DWORD HREFTYPE;
typedef struct tagTYPEDESC {
    [switch_type(USHORT), switch_is(vt)] union {
        [case(VT_PTR, VT_SAFEARRAY)] struct tagTYPEDESC * lptdesc;
        [case(VT CARRAY)] struct tagARRAYDESC * lpadesc;
        [case(VT_USERDEFINED)] HREFTYPE hreftype;
        [default]
                  ;
    } _tdUnion;
    USHORT vt;
} TYPEDESC;
typedef struct tagARRAYDESC {
    TYPEDESC tdescElem;
    USHORT cDims;
    [size is(cDims)] SAFEARRAYBOUND rgbounds[];
} ARRAYDESC;
typedef struct tagPARAMDESCEX {
   ULONG cBytes;
    VARIANT varDefaultValue;
} PARAMDESCEX;
typedef struct tagPARAMDESC {
   PARAMDESCEX *pparamdescex;
    USHORT wParamFlags;
} PARAMDESC;
typedef struct tagELEMDESC {
   TYPEDESC tdesc;
    PARAMDESC paramdesc;
} ELEMDESC;
typedef struct tagFUNCDESC {
   MEMBERID memid;
    [size is(cReserved2)] SCODE * lReserved1;
    [size_is(cParams)] ELEMDESC * lprgelemdescParam;
    FUNCKIND funckind;
    INVOKEKIND invkind;
    CALLCONV callconv;
    SHORT cParams;
    SHORT cParamsOpt;
    SHORT oVft;
    SHORT cReserved2;
   ELEMDESC elemdescFunc;
    WORD wFuncFlags;
} FUNCDESC, *LPFUNCDESC;
typedef struct tagVARDESC {
```

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```
MEMBERID memid;
    LPOLESTR lpstrReserved;
    [switch type(VARKIND), switch is(varkind)] union {
        [case(VAR PERINSTANCE, VAR DISPATCH, VAR STATIC)] ULONG oInst;
        [case(VAR CONST)] VARIANT * lpvarValue;
      vdUnion;
    }
    ELEMDESC elemdescVar;
    WORD wVarFlags;
    VARKIND varkind;
} VARDESC, *LPVARDESC;
typedef struct tagTYPEATTR {
   GUID guid;
   LCID lcid;
    DWORD dwReserved1;
    DWORD dwReserved2;
   DWORD dwReserved3;
   LPOLESTR lpstrReserved4;
   ULONG cbSizeInstance;
   TYPEKIND typekind;
   WORD cFuncs;
   WORD cVars;
   WORD cImplTypes;
    WORD cbSizeVft;
    WORD cbAlignment;
    WORD wTypeFlags;
    WORD wMajorVerNum;
    WORD wMinorVerNum;
    TYPEDESC tdescAlias;
    DWORD dwReserved5;
    WORD wReserved6;
} TYPEATTR, *LPTYPEATTR;
typedef struct tagTLIBATTR {
   GUID guid;
    LCID lcid;
    SYSKIND syskind;
    unsigned short wMajorVerNum;
    unsigned short wMinorVerNum;
    unsigned short wLibFlags;
} TLIBATTR, *LPTLIBATTR;
typedef struct tagCUSTDATAITEM {
   GUID guid;
    VARIANT varValue;
} CUSTDATAITEM;
typedef struct tagCUSTDATA {
   DWORD cCustData;
    [size is(cCustData)] CUSTDATAITEM * prgCustData;
} CUSTDATA;
ſ
    object,
    uuid(00020400-0000-0000-C000-00000000046),
    pointer_default(unique)
]
interface IDispatch : IUnknown
{
```

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```
typedef [unique] IDispatch * LPDISPATCH;
    HRESULT GetTypeInfoCount(
      [out] UINT * pctinfo
    );
    HRESULT GetTypeInfo(
        [in] UINT iTInfo,
        [in] LCID lcid,
        [out] ITypeInfo ** ppTInfo
    );
    HRESULT GetIDsOfNames(
        [in] REFIID riid,
        [in, size_is(cNames)] LPOLESTR * rgszNames,
        [in, range(0, 16384)] UINT cNames,
        [in] LCID lcid,
        [out, size_is(cNames)] DISPID * rgDispId
    );
    HRESULT Invoke(
        [in] DISPID dispIdMember,
        [in] REFIID riid,
        [in] LCID lcid,
        [in] DWORD dwFlags,
        [in] DISPPARAMS * pDispParams,
        [out] VARIANT * pVarResult,
        [out] EXCEPINFO * pExcepInfo,
        [out] UINT * pArgErr,
        [in] UINT cVarRef,
        [in, size is(cVarRef)] UINT * rgVarRefIdx,
        [in, out, size is(cVarRef)] VARIANT * rgVarRef
    );
    const DWORD DISPATCH METHOD
                                    = 0 \times 00000001;
                                         = 0 \times 00000002;
    const DWORD DISPATCH_PROPERTYGET
   const DWORD DISPATCH_PROPERTYGET = 0x000000002;
const DWORD DISPATCH_PROPERTYPUT = 0x00000004;
    const DWORD DISPATCH PROPERTYPUTREF = 0x00000008;
    const DWORD DISPATCH zeroVarResult = 0x00020000;
    const DWORD DISPATCH zeroExcepInfo = 0x00040000;
   const DISPID DISPID VALUE = 0;
    const DISPID DISPID UNKNOWN = -1;
    const DISPID DISPID_PROPERTYPUT = -3;
    const DISPID DISPID NEWENUM = -4;
    object,
    uuid(00020404-0000-0000-C000-00000000046),
    pointer default(unique)
interface IEnumVARIANT : IUnknown
    HRESULT Next(
        [in] ULONG celt,
        [out, size is(celt), length is(*pCeltFetched)]
            VARIANT * rgVar,
```

}

[

1

{

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```
[out] ULONG * pCeltFetched
   );
    HRESULT Skip(
        [in] ULONG celt
    );
    HRESULT Reset();
    HRESULT Clone (
        [out] IEnumVARIANT ** ppEnum
    );
}
[
    object,
    uuid(00020403-0000-0000-C000-00000000046),
    pointer_default(unique)
]
interface ITypeComp : IUnknown
{
    HRESULT Bind(
       [in] LPOLESTR szName,
        [in] ULONG lHashVal,
        [in] WORD wFlags,
        [out] ITypeInfo ** ppTInfo,
        [out] DESCKIND * pDescKind,
        [out] LPFUNCDESC * ppFuncDesc,
        [out] LPVARDESC * ppVarDesc,
        [out] ITypeComp ** ppTypeComp,
        [out] DWORD * pReserved
   );
    HRESULT BindType(
        [in] LPOLESTR szName,
        [in] ULONG lHashVal,
        [out] ITypeInfo ** ppTInfo
    );
}
[
    object,
    uuid(00020401-0000-0000-C000-00000000046),
    pointer default(unique)
]
interface ITypeInfo : IUnknown
{
    HRESULT GetTypeAttr(
        [out] LPTYPEATTR * ppTypeAttr,
        [out] DWORD * pReserved
   );
    HRESULT GetTypeComp(
        [out] ITypeComp ** ppTComp
    );
    HRESULT GetFuncDesc(
       [in] UINT index,
        [out] LPFUNCDESC * ppFuncDesc,
```

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```
[out] DWORD * pReserved
);
HRESULT GetVarDesc(
    [in] UINT index,
    [out] LPVARDESC * ppVarDesc,
    [out] DWORD * pReserved
);
HRESULT GetNames (
    [in] MEMBERID memid,
    [out,size_is(cMaxNames),length_is(*pcNames)]
       BSTR * rgBstrNames,
    [in] UINT cMaxNames,
    [out] UINT * pcNames
);
HRESULT GetRefTypeOfImplType(
    [in] UINT index,
    [out] HREFTYPE * pRefType
);
HRESULT GetImplTypeFlags(
    [in] UINT index,
    [out] INT * pImplTypeFlags
);
HRESULT Opnum10NotUsedOnWire(
    void
);
HRESULT Opnum11NotUsedOnWire(
    void
);
HRESULT GetDocumentation(
    [in] MEMBERID memid,
    [in] DWORD refPtrFlags,
    [out] BSTR * pBstrName,
[out] BSTR * pBstrDocString,
    [out] DWORD * pdwHelpContext,
    [out] BSTR * pBstrHelpFile
);
HRESULT GetDllEntry(
    [in] MEMBERID memid,
    [in] INVOKEKIND invKind,
[in] DWORD refPtrFlags,
    [out] BSTR * pBstrDllName,
    [out] BSTR * pBstrName,
    [out] WORD * pwOrdinal
);
HRESULT GetRefTypeInfo(
    [in] HREFTYPE hRefType,
    [out] ITypeInfo ** ppTInfo
);
```

```
HRESULT Opnum15NotUsedOnWire(
```

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```
void
   );
   HRESULT CreateInstance(
        [in] REFIID riid,
        [out, iid is(riid)] IUnknown ** ppvObj
   );
   HRESULT GetMops(
       [in] MEMBERID memid,
        [out] BSTR * pBstrMops
   );
   HRESULT GetContainingTypeLib(
       [out] ITypeLib ** ppTLib,
        [out] UINT * pIndex
   );
   HRESULT Opnum19NotUsedOnWire(
       void
   );
   HRESULT Opnum20NotUsedOnWire(
       void
   );
   HRESULT Opnum21NotUsedOnWire(
       void
   );
[
   object,
   uuid(00020412-0000-0000-C000-00000000046),
   pointer_default(unique)
interface ITypeInfo2 : ITypeInfo
{
   HRESULT GetTypeKind(
       [out] TYPEKIND * pTypeKind
   );
   HRESULT GetTypeFlags(
       [out] ULONG * pTypeFlags
   );
   HRESULT GetFuncIndexOfMemId(
        [in] MEMBERID memid,
        [in] INVOKEKIND invKind,
        [out] UINT * pFuncIndex
   );
   HRESULT GetVarIndexOfMemId(
        [in] MEMBERID memid,
        [out] UINT * pVarIndex
   );
   HRESULT GetCustData(
```

```
[in] REFGUID guid,
```

}

]

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```
[out] VARIANT * pVarVal
);
HRESULT GetFuncCustData(
    [in] UINT index,
    [in] REFGUID guid,
    [out] VARIANT * pVarVal
);
HRESULT GetParamCustData(
    [in] UINT indexFunc,
    [in] UINT indexParam,
    [in] REFGUID guid,
    [out] VARIANT * pVarVal
);
HRESULT GetVarCustData(
    [in] UINT index,
    [in] REFGUID guid,
    [out] VARIANT * pVarVal
);
HRESULT GetImplTypeCustData(
    [in] UINT index,
    [in] REFGUID guid,
    [out] VARIANT * pVarVal
);
HRESULT GetDocumentation2(
    [in] MEMBERID memid,
    [in] LCID lcid,
    [in] DWORD refPtrFlags,
    [out] BSTR *pbstrHelpString,
    [out] DWORD *pdwHelpStringContext,
    [out] BSTR *pbstrHelpStringDll
);
HRESULT GetAllCustData(
    [out] CUSTDATA * pCustData
);
HRESULT GetAllFuncCustData(
    [in] UINT index,
    [out] CUSTDATA * pCustData
);
HRESULT GetAllParamCustData(
    [in] UINT indexFunc,
    [in] UINT indexParam,
    [out] CUSTDATA * pCustData
);
HRESULT GetAllVarCustData(
    [in] UINT index,
    [out] CUSTDATA * pCustData
);
HRESULT GetAllImplTypeCustData(
    [in] UINT index,
```

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```
[out] CUSTDATA * pCustData
   );
}
[
   object,
   uuid(00020402-0000-0000-C000-00000000046),
   pointer_default(unique)
1
interface ITypeLib : IUnknown
{
   HRESULT GetTypeInfoCount(
       [out] UINT * pcTInfo
   );
   HRESULT GetTypeInfo(
        [in] UINT index,
        [out] ITypeInfo ** ppTInfo
   );
   HRESULT GetTypeInfoType(
       [in] UINT index,
        [out] TYPEKIND * pTKind
   );
   HRESULT GetTypeInfoOfGuid(
        [in] REFGUID guid,
        [out] ITypeInfo ** ppTInfo
   );
   HRESULT GetLibAttr(
        [out] LPTLIBATTR * ppTLibAttr,
        [out] DWORD * pReserved
   );
   HRESULT GetTypeComp(
        [out] ITypeComp ** ppTComp
   );
   HRESULT GetDocumentation(
       [in] INT index,
        [in] DWORD refPtrFlags,
       [out] BSTR * pBstrName,
       [out] BSTR * pBstrDocString,
       [out] DWORD * pdwHelpContext,
        [out] BSTR * pBstrHelpFile
   );
   HRESULT IsName(
        [in] LPOLESTR szNameBuf,
        [in] ULONG lHashVal,
        [out] BOOL * pfName,
        [out] BSTR * pBstrNameInLibrary
   );
   HRESULT FindName(
        [in] LPOLESTR szNameBuf,
        [in] ULONG lHashVal,
        [out, size is (*pcFound), length is (*pcFound)] ITypeInfo **ppTInfo,
```

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```
[out, size is (*pcFound), length is (*pcFound)] MEMBERID * rgMemId,
        [in, out] USHORT * pcFound,
        [out] BSTR * pBstrNameInLibrary
   );
    HRESULT Opnum12NotUsedOnWire(
       void
   );
}
[
    object,
   uuid(00020411-0000-0000-C000-00000000046),
   pointer_default(unique)
1
interface ITypeLib2 : ITypeLib
{
    HRESULT GetCustData(
       [in] REFGUID guid,
        [out] VARIANT * pVarVal
    );
    HRESULT GetLibStatistics(
       [out] ULONG * pcUniqueNames,
        [out] ULONG * pcchUniqueNames
   );
    HRESULT GetDocumentation2(
       [in] INT index,
        [in] LCID lcid,
        [in] DWORD refPtrFlags,
        [out] BSTR *pbstrHelpString,
        [out] DWORD *pdwHelpStringContext,
        [out] BSTR *pbstrHelpStringDll
   );
    HRESULT GetAllCustData(
        [out] CUSTDATA * pCustData
   );
}
```

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7 Appendix B: Product Behavior

The information in this specification is applicable to the following Microsoft products or supplemental software. References to product versions include released service packs:

- Windows NT operating system
- Windows 2000 operating system
- Windows XP operating system
- Windows Server 2003 operating system
- Windows Vista operating system
- Windows Server 2008 operating system
- Windows 7 operating system
- Windows Server 2008 R2 operating system
- Windows 8 operating system
- Windows Server 2012 operating system
- Windows 8.1 operating system
- Windows Server 2012 R2 operating system

Exceptions, if any, are noted below. If a service pack or Quick Fix Engineering (QFE) number appears with the product version, behavior changed in that service pack or QFE. The new behavior also applies to subsequent service packs of the product unless otherwise specified. If a product edition appears with the product version, behavior is different in that product edition.

Unless otherwise specified, any statement of optional behavior in this specification that is prescribed using the terms SHOULD or SHOULD NOT implies product behavior in accordance with the SHOULD or SHOULD NOT prescription. Unless otherwise specified, the term MAY implies that the product does not follow the prescription.

<1> Section 1.8: Windows uses only Windows Errors Codes, as specified in [MS-ERREF].

<2> Section 2.2.15: For type libraries that are generated by means of the Microsoft Interface Definition Language (MIDL), a parameter that has the [custom] attribute does not specify PARAMFLAG_FHASCUSTDATA. For type libraries that are generated by means of *MkTypLib*, a parameter that has the [custom] attribute always specifies PARAMFLAG_FHASCUSTDATA.

<3> Section 2.2.16: The TYPEFLAG_FDISPATCHABLE flag value is computed based on the presence of IDispatch. It is never set directly.

<5> Section 2.2.28.2.1: Windows uses IID_IRecordInfo as the IID of a local-only interface.

<6> Section 2.2.29.1: wReserved1 is not set to 0 by Windows automation clients.

<7> Section 2.2.29.1: wReserved2 is not set to 0 by Windows automation clients.

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 187 / 205

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<8> Section 2.2.29.1: wReserved3 is not set to 0 by Windows automation clients.

<9> Section 2.2.29.2: Windows uses these data type names when defining the local Windows VARIANT data types, and another set of data types whose names are prefixed by "_wire", such as _wireVARIANT, to define the wire formats for these data types. Because the local Windows data types are not used on the network, the protocol specification uses the original data type names such as "VARIANT" when specifying wire format data type definitions for VARIANT data types".

<10> Section 2.2.30.10: Windows uses these data type names when defining the local Windows SAFEARRAY data types, and another set of data types whose names are prefixed by "_wire", such as _wireSAFEARRAY, to define the wire formats for these data types. Because the local Windows data types are not used on the network, the protocol specification uses the original data type names such as "SAFEARRAY" when specifying wire format data type definitions for SAFEARRAY data types.

<<u>11> Section 2.2.30.10</u>: The low word of **cLocks** represents the number of times the **SAFEARRAY** was "locked" using the SafeArrayAccessData API. For more information, see [MSDN-SafeArrayAccessData].

<12> Section 2.2.30.10: The consistency checks are enforced in Windows XP SP2, Windows Server 2003 with SP1, Windows Vista, Windows Server 2008 R2, Windows 8, Windows Server 2012, Windows 8.1, and Windows Server 2012 R2. If any of the consistency checks fails, the protocol implementation raises an RPC_X_BAD_STUB_DATA exception.

<<u>13> Section 2.2.31</u>: On Windows platforms, the type library that defines the UDT must be registered on both the client and the server.

<14> Section 2.2.34: The wCode field is always set to 0.

<<u>15> Section 2.2.34</u>: The **bstrSource** field is set to a textual, human-readable name of the source of the exception, typically the application name of the server.

<<u>16> Section 2.2.34</u>: The Windows implementation of the protocol uses any value passed to it by higher-layer software.

<<u>17> Section 2.2.34:</u> bstrHelpFile may be set to the fully qualified path name of a Help file with more information about the error.

<<u>18> Section 2.2.34:</u> dwHelpContext may be set to a help context ID. For more information, see [MSDN-WinHelp].

<19> Section 2.2.34: pfnDeferredFillIn may be non-NULL when the automation server implementing IDispatch sets it to a non-NULL value. This function is meant to defer the need to fill in the rest of the structure until the client actually requests it. This value is bound to the server process address space. When the client and the server are not hosted in the same process, this value must be ignored.

<20> Section 2.2.39: The value, in bytes, of **cBytes** is the in-memory size of the **PARAMDESCEX** structure.

<<u>21> Section 2.2.42:</u> If a MIDL-generated type library has an [lcid] parameter following the [optional] parameters, cParamsOpt is set to 0. To count the optional parameters specified by the method, iterate through the members of the lprgelemdescParam array and evaluate the paramdesc.wParamFlags bit flags of each element. Each optional parameter must have the PARAMFLAG_FOPT bit flag set.

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 188 / 205

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<22> Section 2.2.43: For a per-instance field, _vdUnion specifies the offset of the field in memory relative to the starting address of the structure, or 0 if the <u>VARDESC</u> describes a member of a union.

<23> Section 2.2.44: The sizes of data-only types in Windows are specified in [MSDN]. The size of a structure is specified in [MSDN].

<24> Section 2.2.44: The sizes of data-only types in Windows are specified in [MSDN]. The size of a structure is specified in [MSDN].

<25> Section 2.2.44: The sizes of data-only types in Windows are specified in [MSDN]. The size of a structure is specified in [MSDN].

<26> Section 2.2.44: The sizes of data-only types in Windows are specified in [MSDN]. The size of a structure is specified in [MSDN].

<27> Section 2.2.44: Windows does not use the value of the cbAlignment field. Windows sets this value to the required byte alignment for an instance of the type, as in the following table.

Value	Meaning
0	Specifies alignment with a 64-KB boundary.
1	Specifies byte alignment.
2	Specifies word alignment.
4	Specifies dword alignment.

<28> Section 2.2.49: There are two Windows compilers that process IDL specifications that contain automation definitions: mktyplib.exe and midl.exe. Mktyplib.exe has been deprecated and should not be used. Mktyplib accepts only a subset of the following specified syntax and keywords, while midl.exe accepts all of them. The OLE Automation Protocol supports the entire range.

<29> Section 2.2.49.1.2: Connectable servers implement the following interfaces: IConnectionPointContainer, IConnectionPoint, IEnumConnectionPoints, and IEnumConnections described in [MSDN-COM].

<30> Section 2.2.49.1.3: Clients implement IPropertyNotifySink::OnChanged to handle calls from bindable server properties that are compiled with the [bindable] attribute and IPropertyNotifySink::OnRequestEdit to handle calls from properties that are declared with the [requestedit] attribute. Both methods identify each property by its DISPID. The proposed replacement value is not available to IPropertyNotifySink::OnRequestEdit; so its use is limited to determining whether the existing value can be changed. The value cannot be used for data validation.

<31> Section 2.2.49.2: The value of the [helpcontext] attribute specifies a 32-bit context identifier that is used to associate the library, type, or type member with a topic in the Help file.

<32> Section 2.2.49.2: The value of the [helpfile] attribute specifies the fully qualified name of the Help file that is used by all types in the type library.

<a>3> Section 2.2.49.2: The value of the [helpstring] attribute provides a description of the element to which it is applied.

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 189 / 205

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<34> Section 2.2.49.2: The value of the [helpstringcontext] attribute specifies a 32-bit identifier that is used to associate the library, type, or type member with a string resource in the DLL specified by the [helpstringdll] attribute.

<35> Section 2.2.49.2: The value of the **[helpstringdll]** attribute specifies the fully qualified name of a dynamic link library that contains localized Help resources.

<36> Section 2.2.49.2: Windows uses the [restricted] attribute to indicate that an interface or dispinterface should not be available to macro languages. For libraries and modules, it is a visibility attribute with the same meaning as the [hidden] attribute: do not display to users.

<37> Section 2.2.49.3: There are two Windows compilers that process IDL specifications that contain automation definitions: mktyplib.exe and midl.exe. Mktyplib.exe has been deprecated and should not be used anymore. Mktyplib accepts only a subset of the types specified earlier in this section, while midl.exe accepts all of them. The OLE Automation Protocol supports the entire range.

<38> Section 2.2.49.3: Windows uses the [restricted] attribute to indicate that an interface or dispinterface should not be available to macro languages. For libraries and modules, it is a visibility attribute with the same meaning as the [hidden] attribute: do not display to users.

<39> Section 2.2.49.4: Windows uses the [proxy] attribute to specify that the code for marshaling the interface data is external to the type library.

<40> Section 2.2.49.5.1: Windows uses the [defaultcollelem] attribute to enable Visual Basicspecific optimizations, some of which treat the property as the default collection of the coclass that contains it. In cases where the application of the attribute is inconsistent (such as coclasses with multiple [defaultcollelem] assignments or an assignment to a property that returns objects that are not enumerable), some or all of the optimizations are not performed, and the attribute is ignored.

<41> Section 2.2.49.5.1: MIDL does not enforce a restriction on the number of properties with the [defaultcollelem] attribute, but some Visual Basic–specific optimizations are not applied if a type has more than one property.

<42> Section 2.2.49.5.1: Windows type libraries do not use the **replaceable** attribute.

<43> Section 2.2.49.5.2: Windows uses the [immediatebind] attribute to distinguish between controls such as check boxes (in which the bound data source is updated every time the control state changes), and list boxes (in which the bound data source is updated only when the control is saved or loses focus).

<44> Section 2.2.49.8: Windows type browsers distinguish between COM components that explicitly support a windowed user interface and components that do not. Non-visual type browsers do not display components with the **control** attribute to users.

<45> Section 2.2.49.8: By default, Windows type browsers do not display elements with the hidden attribute to users.

<46> Section 2.2.49.8: Coclasses defined with the [licensed] attribute can be instantiated using only the IClassFactory2 interface.

<47> Section 2.2.49.8: Coclasses defined with the [noncreatable] attribute cannot be instantiated using IClassFactory::CreateInstance, CoCreateInstance, or OleCreate.

<48> Section 2.2.49.9: The FUNCFLAG_FUSESGETLASTERROR bit flag indicates that the method was declared with the **[usesgetlasterror]** attribute and supports the **GetLastError** method (see

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 190 / 205

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[MSDN-ErrorHandling]). The **GetLastError** method is local-only and this flag has no effect on the wire.

<49> Section 2.2.49.9: The cdecl, stdcall, and pascal calling conventions are specified in [MSDN-CALLCONV].

<<u><50> Section 2.2.49.10</u>: The string specified in an importlib statement specifies the fully qualified name of a compiled type library (*.tlb) file.

<51> Section 2.2.51: Windows uses the hash value to quickly reject names that do not correspond to any entities defined in the automation type library.

<52> Section 2.2.51: If the hash value is zero, Windows computes a new hash value before evaluating the name.

< Section 3.1.1: Windows automation servers can generate the mappings on the fly according to the requirements of the application.

<54> Section 3.1.4.3: The range restriction is not present for Windows NT, Windows 2000, Windows XP, or Windows Server 2003.

<55> Section 3.1.4.3: The default implementation of Automation performs this mapping; however, any automation server can override this behavior by providing its own implementation for IDispatch::GetIDsOfNames.

<56> Section 3.1.4.4.3: Windows automation clients use the value specified in the *defaultvalue* parameter.

<57> Section 3.1.4.4.4: The default Automation implementation does attempt to convert the actual arguments to the formal parameters' type, as declared in the IDL of the method or property. If no such conversion exists, the default Automation implementation returns DISP_E_TYPEMISMATCH. However, any automation server can choose to implement <u>IDispatch::Invoke</u> and exhibit different behavior

<58> Section 3.7.1.1: The implementation-specific documentation values correspond to the values declared with the [helpstring], [helpcontext], and [helpfile] attributes. If the server also implements ITypeInfo2, the documentation values include the values declared with the [helpstringcontext] and [helpstringdll] attributes.

<59> Section 3.7.4.8: If the library, type, or type member was declared without the [helpstring] attribute and the Type information server implements <u>ITypeInfo2</u>, the <u>GetDocumentation</u> method attempts to return the localized value specified by the *pBstrHelpString* parameter of <u>ITypeInfo2::GetDocumentation2</u>, using an LCID of 0.

<60> Section 3.9.4.10: pbstrHelpString is set to the value of the string resource that is contained in the DLL specified by pBstrHelpStringDll and that is associated with the resource handle specified by pdwHelpStringContext and LocaleID specified by lcid, or is set to NULL if no such resource exists.

<<u><61> Section 3.11.4.7:</u> If the library or type was declared without the [helpstring] attribute and the Type library server implements ITypeLib2, the <u>GetDocumentation</u> method attempts to return the localized value specified by the *pBstrHelpString* parameter of <u>ITypeLib2::GetDocumentation2</u>, using an LCID of 0.

<62> Section 3.11.4.9: Matching members of the binding member table of a reference dispinterface that are defined outside the automation scope are included in the *ppTInfo* and *rgMemId* arrays if the automation scope includes at least two named non-parameter elements whose names match *szNameBuf*.

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol 191 / 205

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<63> Section 3.13.4.3: pBstrHelpString is set to the value of the string resource contained in the DLL specified by pBstrHelpStringDll and associated with the resource handle specified by pdwHelpStringContext and LocaleID specified by *lcid*, or NULL if no such resource exists.

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol

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8 Appendix C: Full ABNF

```
start-rule =
      *( interface / import / export / oa-scope / oa-dispinterface )
; Automation scope
oa-scope = oa-library-header LWSP "{" oa-library-body "}" LWSP [";"]
oa-library-header =
    "[" LWSP library-attributes LWSP "]" LWSP kw-library LWSP
    Identifier
oa-library-body = *oa-library-declarator
library-attributes =
   library-attribute *( "," LWSP library-attribute LWSP )
library-attribute = uuid-attr /
   version-attr /
   lcid-attr /
   help-attr /
   custom-attr /
   kw-control /
   kw-hidden /
    kw-restricted
uuid-attr = kw-uuid LWSP "(" LWSP uuid-rep LWSP ")"
version-attr =
    kw-version LWSP "(" LWSP 1*DIGIT *( "." 1*DIGIT ) LWSP ")"
lcid-attr = kw-lcid LWSP "(" LWSP integer-const-exp LWSP ")"
help-attr = helpcontext-attr /
   helpfile-attr /
   helpstring-attr /
    helpstringcontext-attr /
   helpstringdll-attr
helpcontext-attr =
   kw-helpcontext LWSP "(" LWSP integer-const-exp LWSP ")"
helpfile-attr = kw-helpfile LWSP "(" LWSP string LWSP ")"
helpstring-attr = kw-helpstring LWSP "(" LWSP string LWSP ")"
helpstringcontext-attr =
    kw-helpstringcontext LWSP "(" LWSP integer-const-exp LWSP ")"
helpstringdll-attr = kw-helpstringdll LWSP "(" LWSP string LWSP ")"
custom-attr =
    kw-custom LWSP "(" uuid-rep LWSP "," LWSP const-exp LWSP ")"
oa-library-declarator = interface /
   import /
   export /
   oa-importlib /
   oa-module /
   oa-dispinterface /
    oa-coclass
type-attribute = rpcidl-defined /
    uuid-attr /
   help-attr /
    custom-attr /
```

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol

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```
kw-public /
    kw-restricted
; Automation Compatible Types
oa-type-spec = oa-base-type-spec /
    oa-safearray-type-spec /
    oa-ptr-type-spec /
    Identifier
oa-base-type-spec = oa-base-nondecimal-type-spec / kw-Decimal
oa-base-nondecimal-type-spec = kw-boolean /
    [kw-unsigned] LWSP kw-char /
    [kw-unsigned] LWSP kw-short /
    [kw-unsigned] LWSP kw-int /
    [kw-unsigned] LWSP kw-long /
    kw-double /
    kw-float /
    kw-BSTR /
    kw-CURRENCY /
    kw-DATE /
   kw-SCODE
oa-safearray-type-spec =
    kw-SAFEARRAY "(" oa-base-nondecimal-type-spec ")" /
    kw-SAFEARRAY "(" oa-ptr-type-spec ")" /
    kw-SAFEARRAY "(" Identifier ")"
oa-ptr-type-spec = oa-base-nondecimal-type-spec "*" /
    oa-safearray-type-spec "*" /
    Identifier "*"
; Automation Interfaces
interface-attribute = rpcidl-defined /
   attr-oleautomation /
   attr-dual /
    kw-nonextensible /
    kw-proxy /
    custom-attr
attr-oleautomation = kw-oleautomation
attr-dual = kw-dual
oa-dispinterface =
   oa-dispitf-header LWSP "{" LWSP oa-dispitf-body LWSP "}"
oa-dispitf-header = "[" interface-attributes "]"
   LWSP kw-dispinterface LWSP Identifier
oa-dispitf-body = oa-itf-ref / oa-odl-body
oa-itf-ref = kw-interface LWSP Identifier LWSP ";"
; Automation Members
operation-attribute = rpcidl-defined /
    kw-id LWSP "(" LWSP integer-const-exp LWSP ")" /
    kw-propget /
    kw-propput /
    kw-propputref /
    kw-vararg /
    kw-defaultcollelem /
    kw-nonbrowsable /
```

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```
kw-replaceable /
   kw-restricted /
   kw-uidefault /
   kw-hidden /
   oa-bindable-attr /
   readonly-attr /
   help-attr /
   custom-attr
oa-bindable-attr = kw-bindable /
   kw-immediatebind /
   kw-defaultbind /
   kw-displaybind /
   kw-requestedit
oa-odl-body =
   kw-properties LWSP ":" LWSP *oa-odl-prop LWSP
   kw-methods LWSP ":" LWSP *oa-odl-method
oa-odl-prop =
   *( operation-attributes ) LWSP oa-type-spec LWSP
   Identifier LWSP ";"
oa-odl-method = op-declarator
readonly-attr = kw-readonly
; Automation Parameters
param-attribute = rpcidl-defined /
   kw-defaultvalue LWSP "(" LWSP const-exp LWSP ")" /
   kw-optional /
   kw-lcid /
   kw-retval /
   custom-attr
oa-coclass = "[" LWSP oa-coclass-attrs LWSP "]" LWSP
      kw-coclass LWSP Identifier
      LWSP "{" LWSP oa-coclass-body LWSP "}"
oa-coclass-attrs = oa-coclass-attr *( LWSP "," LWSP
                  oa-coclass-attr)
oa-coclass-attr = uuid-attr /
   help-attr /
   version-attr /
   custom-attr /
   kw-aggregatable /
   kw-appobject /
   kw-control /
   kw-hidden /
   kw-licensed /
   kw-noncreatable /
   kw-predeclid
oa-coclass-body = *( oa-coclass-itf-decl )
oa-coclass-itf-decl = [ "[" LWSP oa-cid-attrs LWSP "]" LWSP ]
      ( kw-interface / kw-dispinterface ) LWSP Identifier LWSP ";"
oa-cid-attrs = oa-cid-attr *( LWSP "," LWSP oa-cid-attr )
oa-cid-attr = kw-source /
   kw-default /
   kw-defaultvtable /
   kw-restricted
```

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```
oa-module = [ "[" LWSP oa-module-attrs LWSP "]" LWSP ]
      kw-module LWSP Identifier LWSP
      "{" oa-module-body "}"
oa-module-attrs = oa-module-attr *( LWSP "," LWSP oa-module-attr )
oa-module-attr = uuid-attr /
   version-attr /
   help-attr /
   kw-dllname LWSP "(" LWSP string LWSP ")" /
   kw-hidden
oa-module-body = *( oa-const-stmt / oa-mmethod-stmt )
oa-const-stmt = [ "[" LWSP *( help-attr ) LWSP "]" LWSP ]
      ( kw-const / kw-static ) LWSP
      oa-base-type-spec LWSP Identifier LWSP
      "=" LWSP const-exp LWSP ";"
oa-mmethod-stmt = [ "[" LWSP oa-mmethod-attrs LWSP "]" LWSP ]
      oa-type-spec LWSP [ oa-mmethod-cc LWSP ]
      Identifier LWSP param-declarators LWSP ";"
oa-mmethod-attrs = oa-mmethod-attr *( LWSP "," LWSP oa-mmethod-attr )
oa-mmethod-attr =
   kw-entry LWSP "(" LWSP oa-entry-id LWSP ")" /
   kw-propget /
   kw-propput /
   kw-propputref /
   kw-usesgetlasterror /
   kw-vararg /
   help-attr
oa-entry-id = string / integer-const-exp
oa-mmethod-cc = kw-cdecl /
   kw-stdcall /
   kw-pascal
oa-importlib = kw-importlib LWSP "(" LWSP string LWSP ")" LWSP ";"
; Automation keywords: case sensitive
kw-aggregatable = %d97.103.103.114.101.103.97.116.97.98.108.101
kw-appobject = %d97.112.112.111.98.106.101.99.116
kw-bindable = %d98.105.110.100.97.98.108.101
kw-boolean = %d98.111.111.108.101.97.110
kw-BSTR = %d66.83.84.82
kw-cdecl = %d99.100.101.99.108
kw-char = %d99.104.97.114
kw-coclass = %d99.111.99.108.97.115.115
kw-const = %d99.111.110.115.116
kw-control = %d99.111.110.116.114.111.108
kw-CURRENCY = %d67.85.82.82.69.78.67.89
kw-custom = %d99.117.115.116.111.109
kw-DATE = %d68.65.84.69
kw-Decimal = %d68.101.99.105.109.97.108
kw-default = %d100.101.102.97.117.108.116
kw-defaultbind = %d100.101.102.97.117.108.116.98.105.110.100
kw-defaultcollelem =
    %d100.101.102.97.117.108.116.99.111.108.108.101.108.101.109
kw-defaultvalue =
    %d100.101.102.97.117.108.116.118.97.108.117.101
kw-defaultvtable =
```

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```
%d100.101.102.97.117.108.116.118.116.97.98.108.101
kw-dispinterface =
   $d100.105.115.112.105.110.116.101.114.102.97.99.101
kw-displaybind =
    %d100.105.115.112.108.97.121.98.105.110.100
kw-dllname = %d100.108.108.110.97.109.101
kw-double = %d100.111.117.98.108.101
kw-dual = %d100.117.97.108
kw-entry = %d101.110.116.114.121
kw-float = %d102.108.111.97.116
kw-helpcontext = %d104.101.108.112.99.111.110.116.101.120.116
kw-helpfile = %d104.101.108.112.102.105.108.101
kw-helpstring = %d104.101.108.112.115.116.114.105.110.103
kw-helpstringcontext =
   %d104.101.108.112.115.116.114.105.110.103.99.111.110.116.101.120.116
kw-helpstringdll =
    %d104.101.108.112.115.116.114.105.110.103.100.108.108
kw-hidden = %d104.105.100.100.101.110
kw-id = %d105.100
kw-immediatebind =
   %d105.109.109.101.100.105.97.116.101.98.105.110.100
kw-importlib = %d105.109.112.111.114.116.108.105.98
kw-int = %d105.110.116
kw-interface = %d105.110.116.101.114.102.97.99.101
kw-lcid = %d108.99.105.100
kw-library = %d108.105.98.114.97.114.121
kw-licensed = %d108.105.99.101.110.115.101.100
kw-long = %d108.111.110.103
kw-methods = %d109.101.116.104.111.100.115
kw-module = %d109.111.100.117.108.101
kw-nonbrowsable = %d110.111.110.98.114.111.119.115.97.98.108.101
kw-noncreatable = %d110.111.110.99.114.101.97.116.97.98.108.101
kw-nonextensible =
    %d110.111.110.101.120.116.101.110.115.105.98.108.101
kw-oleautomation =
    %d111.108.101.97.117.116.111.109.97.116.105.111.110
kw-optional = %d111.112.116.105.111.110.97.108
kw-pascal = %d112.97.115.99.97.108
kw-predeclid = %d112.114.101.100.101.99.108.105.100
kw-properties = %d112.114.111.112.101.114.116.105.101.115
kw-propget = %d112.114.111.112.103.101.116
kw-propput = %d112.114.111.112.112.117.116
kw-propputref = %d112.114.111.112.112.117.116.114.101.102
kw-proxy = %d112.114.111.120.121
kw-public = %d112.117.98.108.105.99
kw-readonly = %d114.101.97.100.111.110.108.121
kw-replaceable = %d114.101.112.108.97.99.101.97.98.108.101
kw-requestedit = %d114.101.113.117.101.115.116.101.100.105.116
kw-restricted = %d114.101.115.116.114.105.99.116.101.100
kw-retval = %d114.101.116.118.97.108
kw-SAFEARRAY = %d83.65.70.69.65.82.82.65.89
kw-SCODE = %d83.67.79.68.69
kw-short = %d115.104.111.114.116
kw-source = %d115.111.117.114.99.101
kw-static = %d115.116.97.116.105.99
kw-stdcall = %d115.116.100.99.97.108.108
kw-uidefault = %d117.105.100.101.102.97.117.108.116
kw-unsigned = %d117.110.115.105.103.110.101.100
kw-uuid = %d117.117.105.100
```

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```
kw-usesgetlasterror =
 %d117.115.101.115.103.101.116.108.97.115.116.101.114.114.111.114
kw-vararg = %d118.97.114.97.114.103
kw-version = %d118.101.114.115.105.111.110
; Rules defined in the [C706] IDL specification
uuid-rep = rpcidl-defined
string = rpcidl-defined
const-exp = rpcidl-defined
integer-const-exp = rpcidl-defined
operation-attributes = rpcidl-defined
op-declarator = rpcidl-defined
interface-attributes = rpcidl-defined
interface = rpcidl-defined
import = rpcidl-defined
export = rpcidl-defined
param-declarators = rpcidl-defined
Identifier = rpcidl-defined
rpcidl-defined = "already defined"
;Tokens
; The ABNF Core rules
ALPHA = %x41-5A / %x61-7A; A-Z / a-z
BIT = "0" / "1"
CHAR = % \times 01 - 7F
   ; any 7-bit US-ASCII character,
    ; excluding NUL
CR = %x0D
   ; carriage return
CRLF = CR LF
   ; Internet standard newline
CTL = % x00 - 1F / % x7F
   ; controls
DIGIT = %x30-39
    ; 0-9
DQUOTE = %x22
   ; " (Double Quote)
HEXDIG = DIGIT / "A" / "B" / "C" / "D" / "E" / "F"
HTAB = % \times 09
   ; horizontal tab
LF = %x0A
   ; linefeed
LWSP = *(WSP / CRLF WSP)
   ; linear white space (past newline)
OCTET = % x00 - FF
   ; 8 bits of data
SP = %x20
VCHAR = %x21-7E
   ; visible (printing) characters
WSP = SP / HTAB
   ; white space
```

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9 Change Tracking

No table of changes is available. The document is either new or has had no changes since its last release.

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10 Index

A

ABNF 193 Abstract data model automation client 102 automation server 95 IEnumVARIANT client 107 **IEnumVARIANT server** 103 ITypeComp client 113 ITypeComp server 107 ITypeInfo client 127 ITypeInfo server common Automation type description elements 113 overview 113 **TYPEKIND-dependent Automation type** description elements 115 ITypeInfo2 client 140 ITypeInfo2 server 128 ITypeLib client 149 ITypeLib server 141 ITypeLib2 client 154 ITypeLib2 server 150 ADVFEATUREFLAGS enumeration 29 Aggregatable servers 67 AIDL interfaces 78 AIDL-ODL equivalence examples method 155 property 155 Applicability 18 Argument coercion - IDispatch::Invoke 102 Argument-parameter mapping - IDispatch::Invoke 101 ARRAYDESC structure 56 Automation hash values 82 interfaces 73 members 74 parameters 77 scope 68 Automation client abstract data model 102 initialization 103 local events 103 message processing 103 sequencing rules 103 timer events 103 timers 102 Automation server abstract data model 95 initialization 95 local events 102 message processing 96 overview 95 sequencing rules 96 timer events 102 timers 95 Automation type description binding context 110 Automation type description elements

common 113 <u>TYPEKIND-dependent</u> 115 <u>Automation type library binding context</u> 110 Automation-compatible <u>interfaces</u> 73 <u>types</u> 70

В

Bind method 108 **Bindable properties** 75 Bindable servers 68 Binding context - ITypeComp::Bind Automation type description 110 Automation type library 110 overview 110 BindType method 112 **BNF** 193 Bound elements - types returned with -ITypeComp::Bind ITypeInfo members 111 ITypeLib members 111 overview 111 BRECORD 42 BSTR 38 Byref 158 BYTE SIZEDARR structure 48

С

CALLCONV enumeration 29 Calling method example 158 Capability negotiation 18 Change tracking 199 Client - automation abstract data model 102 initialization 103 local events 103 message processing 103 sequencing rules 103 timer events 103 timers 102 Client - IEnumVARIANT abstract data model 107 initialization 107 local events 107 message processing 107 overview 107 sequencing rules 107 timer events 107 timers 107 Client - ITypeComp abstract data model 113 initialization 113 local events 113 message processing 113 sequencing rules 113 timer events 113 timers 113

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol

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Client - ITypeInfo abstract data model 127 initialization 127 local events 128 message processing 127 sequencing rules 127 timer events 128 <u>timers</u> 127 Client - ITypeInfo2 abstract data model 140 initialization 140 local events 140 message processing 140 sequencing rules 140 timer events 140 timers 140 Client - ITypeLib abstract data model 149 initialization 150 local events 150 message processing 150 sequencing rules 150 timer events 150 timers 150 Client - ITypeLib2 abstract data model 154 initialization 154 local events 154 message processing 154 sequencing rules 154 timer events 154 <u>timers</u> 154 Clone method 106 CLSID RecordInfo 18 Coclass specifications 78 COM server categories 67 ComputeHash method 82 ComputeHashDBCS method 84 Connectable servers 67 Consistency checks - IDispatch::Invoke 101 CreateInstance method 126 CURRENCY structure 40 CUSTDATA structure 63 CUSTDATAITEM structure 63

D

Data model - abstract <u>automation client</u> 102 <u>automation server</u> 95 <u>IEnumVARIANT client</u> 107 <u>IEnumVARIANT server</u> 103 <u>ITypeComp client</u> 113 <u>ITypeComp server</u> 107 <u>ITypeInfo client</u> 127 ITypeInfo server <u>common Automation type description elements</u> 113 <u>overview</u> 113 <u>TYPEKIND-dependent Automation type</u> <u>description elements</u> 115 <u>ITypeInfo2 client</u> 140

ITypeInfo2 server 128 ITypeLib client 149 ITypeLib server 141 ITypeLib2 client 154 ITypeLib2 server 150 Data types overview 20 user-defined 42 DBCS substitution tables 92 DECIMAL structure 40 Default value - IDispatch::Invoke 101 **DESCKIND enumeration 38** DISPID 53 DISPID NEWENUM 53 **DISPID PROPERTYPUT 53** DISPID UNKNOWN 53 DISPID VALUE 53 **Dispinterface interfaces 74 Dispinterfaces automation members 76** DISPPARAMS structure 53 **Dual interfaces 74** DWORD SIZEDARR structure 49

Е

ELEMDESC structure 57 Equivalence method 78 property 78 Examples AIDL-ODL method equivalence 155 AIDL-ODL property equivalence 155 calling method - Byref 158 calling method - optional arguments 158 getting property value 156 IEnumVARIANT Clone() 162 IEnumVARIANT Next() 160 IEnumVARIANT overview 159 IEnumVARIANT Reset() 162 IEnumVARIANT Skip() 161 invoke argument parameter mapping 155 overview 155 setting property value 157 **EXCEPINFO structure 54**

F

Fields - vendor-extensible 18 FindName method 148 FLAGGED WORD BLOB structure 39 Full ABNF 193 Full BNF 193 Full IDL 170 FUNCDESC structure 58 FUNCFLAGS enumeration 30 FUNCKIND enumeration 31

G

GetAllCustData method (<u>section 3.9.4.11</u> 137, <u>section 3.13.4.4</u> 153) <u>GetAllFuncCustData method</u> 137

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol

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Release: Friday, October 25, 2013

GetAllImplTypeCustData method 139 GetAllParamCustData method 138 GetAllVarCustData method 139 GetContainingTypeLib method 127 GetCustData method (section 3.9.4.5 132, section <u>3.13.4.1</u> 151) GetDllEntry method 124 GetDocumentation method (section 3.7.4.8 123, section 3.11.4.7 146) GetDocumentation2 method (section 3.9.4.10 136, section 3.13.4.3 152) GetFuncCustData method 133 GetFuncDesc method 119 GetFuncIndexOfMemId method 131 GetIDsOfNames method 97 GetImplTypeCustData method 135 GetImplTypeFlags method 122 GetLibAttr method 146 GetLibStatistics method 152 GetMops method 126 GetNames method 120 GetParamCustData method 134 GetRefTypeInfo method 125 GetRefTypeOfImplType method 121 GetTypeAttr method 118 GetTypeComp method (section 3.7.4.2 118, section 3.11.4.6 146) GetTypeFlags method 131 GetTypeInfo method (section 3.1.4.2 97, section 3.11.4.2 144) GetTypeInfoCount method (section 3.1.4.1 96, section 3.11.4.1 143) GetTypeInfoOfGuid method 145 GetTypeInfoType method 144 GetTypeKind method 130 GetVarCustData method 134 GetVarDesc method 119 GetVarIndexOfMemId method 132 Globalization 82 Glossary 12

Н

HYPER SIZEDARR structure 49

Ι

IDL 170 IDL Automation scope 68 IDL syntax extensions 64 IEnumVARIANT client abstract data model 107 initialization 107 local events 107 message processing 107 overview 107 sequencing rules 107 timer events 107 IEnumVARIANT example - overview 159 IEnumVARIANT server abstract data model 103

initialization 104 local events 107 message processing 104 overview 103 sequencing rules 104 timer events 106 timers 104 IID IDispatch 18 **IID IEnumVARIANT 18** IID IRecordInfo 18 IID ITypeComp 18 IID ITypeInfo 18 IID ITypeInfo2 18 IID ITypeLib 18 IID ITypeLib2 18 IID IUnknown 18 IID NULL 18 Implementer - security considerations 169 **IMPLTYPEFLAGS** enumeration 31 Index of security parameters 169 Informative references 15 Initialization automation client 103 automation server 95 IEnumVARIANT client 107 IEnumVARIANT server 104 ITypeComp client 113 ITypeComp server 108 ITypeInfo client 127 ITypeInfo server 116 ITypeInfo2 client 140 ITypeInfo2 server 129 ITypeLib client 150 ITypeLib server 142 ITypeLib2 client 154 ITypeLib2 server 151 interfaces automation members 74 Introduction 12 Invoke argument parameter mapping example 155 Invoke method 98 **INVOKEKIND** enumeration 32 IsName method 148 ITypeComp client abstract data model 113 initialization 113 local events 113 message processing 113 sequencing rules 113 timer events 113 timers 113 ITypeComp server abstract data model 107 initialization 108 local events 113 message processing 108 overview 107 sequencing rules 108 timer events 112 timers 108 ITypeInfo client abstract data model 127

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol

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Release: Friday, October 25, 2013

initialization 127 local events 128 message processing 127 sequencing rules 127 timer events 128 timers 127 ITypeInfo members - types returned with 111 ITypeInfo server abstract data model common Automation type description elements 113 overview 113 TYPEKIND-dependent Automation type description elements 115 initialization 116 local events 127 message processing 116 overview 113 sequencing rules 116 timer events 127 timers 116 ITypeInfo2 client abstract data model 140 initialization 140 local events 140 message processing 140 sequencing rules 140 timer events 140 timers 140 ITypeInfo2 server abstract data model 128 initialization 129 local events 140 message processing 129 overview 128 sequencing rules 129 timer events 140 timers 129 ITypeLib client abstract data model 149 initialization 150 local events 150 message processing 150 sequencing rules 150 timer events 150 timers 150 ITypeLib members - types returned with 111 ITypeLib server abstract data model 141 initialization 142 local events 149 message processing 142 overview 141 sequencing rules 142 timer events 149 timers 142 ITypeLib2 client abstract data model 154 initialization 154 local events 154 message processing 154

sequencing rules 154 timer events 154 timers 154 ITypeLib2 server abstract data model 150 initialization 151 local events 153 message processing 151 sequencing rules 151 timer events 153 timers 150

L

LIBFLAGS enumeration 37 Local events automation client 103 automation server 102 IEnumVARIANT client 107 IEnumVARIANT server 107 ITypeComp client 113 ITypeComp server 113 ITypeInfo client 128 ITypeInfo server 127 ITypeInfo2 client 140 ITypeInfo2 server 140 ITypeLib client 150 ITypeLib server 149 ITypeLib2 client 154 ITypeLib2 server 153 Locale names 87 LPFUNCDESC 58 LPSAFEARRAYBOUND 46 LPTLIBATTR 62 LPTYPEATTR 60 **LPVARDESC 59**

Μ

MapDBChar method 87 MEMBERID DEFAULTINST 55 MEMBERID NIL 55 Message processing automation client 103 automation server 96 IEnumVARIANT client 107 IEnumVARIANT server 104 ITypeComp client 113 ITypeComp server 108 ITypeInfo client 127 ITypeInfo server 116 ITypeInfo2 client 140 ITypeInfo2 server 129 ITypeLib client 150 ITypeLib server 142 ITypeLib2 client 154 ITypeLib2 server 151 Messages data types common 20 user-defined 42 overview 20

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol

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Release: Friday, October 25, 2013

transport 20 Method calling example 158 Method equivalence 78 Module specifications 80

Ν

<u>Next method</u> 104 <u>Normative references</u> 14

0

ODL dispinterfaces 78 Optional arguments - IDispatch::Invoke 101 Overview 15

Ρ

PARAMDESC structure 57 PARAMDESCEX structure 57 Parameters - security index 169 PARAMFLAGS enumeration 33 Preconditions 18 Prerequisites 18 Primary lookup tables 87 Product behavior 187 Property equivalence 78 Property value example getting 156 setting 157 Protocol details 95

R

Reading type information examples binding to a member of a default nonsource interface of an appobject coclass 167 binding to a member of a partner interface 168 enumerating all methods in an interface 165 enumerating all nonsource interfaces in a coclass 164 enumerating on all enumerations in a typelibrary 164 enumerating on all types in a typelibrary 164 getting ITypeLib implementations from automation server 163 overview 163 retrieving type information 166 RecordInfo structure 52 References informative 15 normative 14 Referencing external types 81 Relationship to other protocols 18 Reset method 106

S

SAFEARR BRECORD structure 47 SAFEARR BSTR structure 46 SAFEARR DISPATCH structure 47 SAFEARR HAVEIID structure 48 SAFEARR UNKNOWN structure 46 SAFEARR VARIANT structure 47 SAFEARRAY 46 SAFEARRAY structure 50 SAFEARRAYBOUND structure 46 Scalar-sized arrays 48 Security implementer considerations 169 overview 169 parameter index 169 Sequencing rules automation client 103 automation server 96 IEnumVARIANT client 107 **IEnumVARIANT server 104** ITypeComp client 113 ITypeComp server 108 ITypeInfo client 127 ITypeInfo server 116 ITypeInfo2 client 140 ITypeInfo2 server 129 ITypeLib client 150 ITypeLib server 142 ITypeLib2 client 154 ITypeLib2 server 151 Server - automation abstract data model 95 initialization 95 local events 102 message processing 96 overview 95 sequencing rules 96 timer events 102 timers 95 Server - IEnumVARIANT abstract data model 103 initialization 104 local events 107 message processing 104 overview 103 sequencing rules 104 timer events 106 timers 104 Server - ITypeComp abstract data model 107 initialization 108 local events 113 message processing 108 overview 107 sequencing rules 108 timer events 112 <u>timers</u> 108 Server - ITypeInfo abstract data model common Automation type description elements 113 overview 113 **TYPEKIND-dependent Automation type** description elements 115 initialization 116 local events 127

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol

Copyright © 2013 Microsoft Corporation.

Release: Friday, October 25, 2013

message processing 116 overview 113 sequencing rules 116 timer events 127 timers 116 Server - ITypeInfo2 abstract data model 128 initialization 129 local events 140 message processing 129 overview 128 sequencing rules 129 timer events 140 <u>timers</u> 129 Server - ITypeLib abstract data model 141 initialization 142 local events 149 message processing 142 overview 141 sequencing rules 142 timer events 149 timers 142 Server - ITypeLib2 abstract data model 150 initialization 151 local events 153 message processing 151 sequencing rules 151 timer events 153 timers 150 SF TYPE enumeration 27 Skip method 105 Standards assignments 18 String equivalence 82 String handling 81 SYSKIND enumeration 38

Т

Timer events automation client 103 automation server 102 **IEnumVARIANT client 107** IEnumVARIANT server 106 ITypeComp client 113 ITypeComp server 112 ITypeInfo client 128 ITypeInfo server 127 ITypeInfo2 client 140 ITypeInfo2 server 140 ITypeLib client 150 ITypeLib server 149 ITypeLib2 client 154 ITypeLib2 server 153 Timers automation client 102 automation server 95 IEnumVARIANT client 107 IEnumVARIANT server 104

[MS-OAUT] — v20131025 OLE Automation Protocol

ITypeComp client 113 ITypeComp server 108

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Release: Friday, October 25, 2013

ITypeInfo client 127 ITypeInfo server 116 ITypeInfo2 client 140 ITypeInfo2 server 129 ITypeLib client 150 ITypeLib server 142 ITypeLib2 client 154 ITypeLib2 server 150 **TLIBATTR structure 62** Tracking changes 199 Transport - message 20 TYPEATTR structure 60 TYPEDESC structure 56 **TYPEFLAGS** enumeration 33 **TYPEKIND** enumeration 35 Types returned with bound elements -ITypeComp::Bind ITypeInfo members 111 ITypeLib members 111 overview 111

U

User-defined data types 42

۷

VARDESC structure 59 VARENUM enumeration 21 VARFLAGS enumeration 35 VARIANT 43 VARKIND enumeration 37 Vendor-extensible fields 18 Versioning 18

W

wireBRECORDStr structure 42 wireVARIANTStr structure 43 WORD SIZEDARR structure 49