[MS-NMFMB]: .NET Message Framing MSMQ Binding Protocol

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Revision Summary

Date	Revision History	Revision Class	Comments
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08/08/2013	2.1	Minor	Clarified the meaning of the technical content.

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1 Introduction

This document specifies the .NET Message Framing MSMQ Binding Protocol, as well as a collection of Web service policy assertions that define behavior for the interaction with a Web service entity. This set of policy assertions pertains to an endpoint using the .NET Message Framing MSMQ Binding Protocol as the transport. This document does not define any specific Web service endpoints or message exchanges.

Sections 1.8, 2, and 3 of this specification are normative and can contain the terms MAY, SHOULD, MUST, MUST NOT, and SHOULD NOT as defined in RFC 2119. Sections 1.5 and 1.9 are also normative but cannot contain those terms. All other sections and examples in this specification are informative.

1.1 Glossary

The following terms are defined in [MS-GLOS]:

.Net Framework
certificate
endpoint
Hypertext Transfer Protocol (HTTP)
IPv4 address in string format
NTLM
SOAP
SOAP message
Web services
Web Services Description Language (WSDL)
X.509
XML
XML namespace
XML schema (XSD)

The following terms are defined in <a>[MC-NMF]:

Envelope Record initiator receiver

The following terms are defined in <a>[MS-MQMQ]:

format name

The following terms are specific to this document:

best effort: Indicates that the Message Queuing System makes a best effort to meet the specified message delivery assurance, but does not raise an error if the delivery assurance is not met.

express message: A volatile message that does not persist through queue manager restarts. These messages provide best-effort, at-most-once delivery assurance.

MSMQ Session: An **MSMQ Session** is an instance of this protocol operating over a Simplex Mode, as defined in [MC-NMF]. This allows the initiator to send multiple messages in one MSMQ **Message**.

policy assertion: A policy assertion represents an individual requirement, capability, or other property of a behavior, as defined in <a href="https://www.wsc.edu.go.new.go.ne

recoverable message: A message that persists through queue manager restarts. These messages provide best-effort, at-most-once delivery assurance.

MAY, SHOULD, MUST, SHOULD NOT, MUST NOT: These terms (in all caps) are used as described in [RFC2119]. All statements of optional behavior use either MAY, SHOULD, or SHOULD NOT.

1.2 References

References to Microsoft Open Specifications documentation do not include a publishing year because links are to the latest version of the documents, which are updated frequently. References to other documents include a publishing year when one is available.

A reference marked "(Archived)" means that the reference document was either retired and is no longer being maintained or was replaced with a new document that provides current implementation details. We archive our documents online [Windows Protocol].

1.2.1 Normative References

We conduct frequent surveys of the normative references to assure their continued availability. If you have any issue with finding a normative reference, please contact dochelp@microsoft.com. We will assist you in finding the relevant information. Please check the archive site, http://msdn2.microsoft.com/en-us/library/E4BD6494-06AD-4aed-9823-445E921C9624, as an additional source.

[MC-MQSRM] Microsoft Corporation, "Message Queuing (MSMQ): SOAP Reliable Messaging Protocol (SRMP)".

[MC-NMF] Microsoft Corporation, ".NET Message Framing Protocol".

[MS-DTYP] Microsoft Corporation, "Windows Data Types".

[MS-MQDMPR] Microsoft Corporation, "Message Queuing (MSMQ): Common Data Model and Processing Rules".

[MS-MQMQ] Microsoft Corporation, "Message Queuing (MSMQ): Data Structures".

[MS-MOOB] Microsoft Corporation, "Message Queuing (MSMO); Message Queuing Binary Protocol".

[MS-WSPOL] Microsoft Corporation, "Web Services: Policy Assertions and WSDL Extensions".

[RFC2119] Bradner, S., "Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels", BCP 14, RFC 2119, March 1997, http://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc2119.txt

[RFC3280] Housley, R., Polk, W., Ford, W., and Solo, D., "Internet X.509 Public Key Infrastructure Certificate and Certificate Revocation List (CRL) Profile", RFC 3280, April 2002, http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc3280.txt

[RFC3986] Berners-Lee, T., Fielding, R., and Masinter, L., "Uniform Resource Identifier (URI): Generic Syntax", STD 66, RFC 3986, January 2005, http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc3986.txt

[SOAP1.1] Box, D., Ehnebuske, D., Kakivaya, G., et al., "Simple Object Access Protocol (SOAP) 1.1", May 2000, http://www.w3.org/TR/2000/NOTE-SOAP-20000508/

[SOAP1.2-1/2007] Gudgin, M., Hadley, M., Mendelsohn, N., et al., "SOAP Version 1.2 Part 1: Messaging Framework (Second Edition) ", W3C Recommendation 27, April 2007, http://www.w3.org/TR/2007/REC-soap12-part1-20070427/

[WSDL] Christensen, E., Curbera, F., Meredith, G., and Weerawarana, S., "Web Services Description Language (WSDL) 1.1", W3C Note, March 2001, http://www.w3.org/TR/2001/NOTE-wsdl-20010315

[WS-Policy] Siddharth, B., Box, D., Chappell, D., et al., "Web Services Policy 1.2 - Framework (WS-Policy)", April 2006, http://www.w3.org/Submission/2006/SUBM-WS-Policy-20060425/

[XMLNS] Bray, T., Hollander, D., Layman, A., et al., Eds., "Namespaces in XML 1.0 (Third Edition)", W3C Recommendation, December 2009, http://www.w3.org/TR/2009/REC-xml-names-20091208/

1.2.2 Informative References

[MS-GLOS] Microsoft Corporation, "Windows Protocols Master Glossary".

[MS-MQOD] Microsoft Corporation, "Message Queuing Protocols Overview".

1.3 Overview

The .Net Message Framing MSMQ Binding Protocol specifies how the mechanism described in [MC-NMF] for framing messages over any transport protocol can be applied over Message Queue (MSMQ). This protocol specification also includes how to indicate the use of .NET Message Framing over MSMQ as a **SOAP** transport in **Web Services Description Language (WSDL)**. Finally, the protocol details how the protocol behavior changes if any of the set of policy assertions (as defined in section 1.1 of [MS-WSPOL]) are set on an **endpoint**. This document specifies the following policy assertions:

MSMQ Best-Effort

The MSMQ Best-Effort policy assertion indicates that a **Web service** endpoint requires messages to be delivered in a best-effort manner, which does not guarantee that the message will be delivered only one time.

MSMQ Session

The MSMQ Session policy assertion indicates that a Web service endpoint requires multiple **envelope records** to be sent within a single message.

MSMQ Volatile

The MSMQ Volatile policy assertion indicates that a Web service endpoint requires the use of express messages; otherwise, **recoverable messages** MUST be used.

MSMQ Authenticated

The MSMQ Authenticated policy assertion indicates that a Web service endpoint requires MSMQ messages to be authenticated, as described in section 3.1.5.8.3 of [MS-MQQB].

MSMQ Windows Domain

The MSMQ Windows Domain policy assertion indicates that a Web service endpoint requires authentication to be performed using the sender's security identifier (SID), as defined in MS-DTYP section 2.4.2. If this policy assertion is not set, the service endpoint requires authentication to be performed using **X.509 certificates** [RFC3280].

These assertions are used to ensure the client is using the Web service through the binding as intended.

The .Net Message Framing MSMQ Binding Protocol makes use of MSMQ protocols to set the proper message attributes in order to conform with policy assertions set by the Web service.

1.4 Relationship to Other Protocols

This protocol uses events defined in Message Queuing (MSMQ): Common Data Model and Processing Rules [MS-MODMPR] to transfer messages between the client and the destination endpoint.

This protocol uses MSMQ as the transport to send envelope records, as specified in section 2.2.4 of [MC-NMF].

1.5 Prerequisites/Preconditions

The .NET Message Framing MSMQ Binding Protocol requires that both the **initiator** and **receiver** satisfy all preconditions stated in section <u>2.4</u> of [MS-MQOD]. The **Queue**, as defined in section <u>3.1.1.2</u> of [MS-MQDMPR], is used for communication exists and is accessible by both the sender and receiver.

1.6 Applicability Statement

The .NET Message Framing MSMQ Binding Protocol is applicable in scenarios where an initiator and a receiver require a communication mechanism to send and receive envelope records [MC-NMF] over MSMQ. This is the case if the WSDL file contains a soap binding element with a transport value of "http://schemas.microsoft.com/soap/msmq" as specified in section 2.1.

1.7 Versioning and Capability Negotiation

This protocol requires .NET Message Framing Protocol version 1.0 [MC-NMF]. When this protocol is implemented by using SOAP, it requires the use of SOAP version 1.1 [SOAP1.1] or SOAP version 1.2 [SOAP1.2-1/2007].

This protocol does not support capability negotiation.

1.8 Vendor-Extensible Fields

None.

1.9 Standards Assignments

None.

2 Messages

The following sections specify the message transport and the common data types of the .Net Message Framing MSMQ Binding Protocol.

2.1 Transport

The .NET Message Framing MSMQ Binding Protocol requires MSMQ.

An endpoint that uses the .NET Message Framing MSMQ Binding Protocol with [SOAP1.2-1/2007] MUST specify the value of the transport attribute of the <soap12:binding> element [WSDL] to be "http://schemas.microsoft.com/soap/msmq".

An endpoint that uses the .NET Message Framing MSMQ Binding Protocol with [SOAP1.1] MUST specify the value of the transport attribute of the <soap:binding> element [WSDL] to be "http://schemas.microsoft.com/soap/msmq".

2.2 Common Message Syntax

2.2.1 Namespaces

This specification defines and references various **XML** namespaces using the mechanisms specified in [XMLNS]. Although this specification associates a specific XML namespace prefix for each XML namespace that is used, the choice of any particular XML namespace prefix is implementation-specific and is not significant for interoperability.

Prefix	Namespace URI	Reference
msmq	http://schemas.microsoft.com/ws/06/2004/mspolicy/msmq	This specification
soap	http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/soap	[WSDL]
soap12	http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/soap12/	[WSDL]
wsdl	http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/	[WSDL]
wsp	http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/policy	[WS-Policy]

2.2.2 Messages

This specification does not define any messages.

2.2.3 Elements

The following sections contain the **XML schema** description for the policy assertions defined in this document and the schema for the transport that this protocol operates on. The following elements are policy assertions and belong to the wsp:Policy tag, as described in [WS-Policy].

2.2.3.1 MSMQ Best-Effort

<msmq:BestEffort
 xmlns:msmq="http://schemas.microsoft.com/ws/06/2004/mspolicy/msmq" />

The following describes the content model of the <MsmqBestEffort> element.

/msmq:BestEffort: A Web service endpoint with MSMQ best-effort policy assertion MUST NOT transfer messages as part of a transaction which ensures exactly once guarantee. The client and service instead MUST make a best effort attempt to deliver messages.

2.2.3.2 MSMQ Session

```
<msmq:Session
xmlns:msmq="http://schemas.microsoft.com/ws/06/2004/mspolicy/msmq" />
```

The following describes the content model of the <MsmqSession> element.

/msmq:Session: A Web service endpoint with the MSMQ session policy assertion MUST require the initiator to create a connection with the service in which numerous messages are sent within a single MSMQ Message.

2.2.3.3 MSMQ Volatile

```
<msmq:Volatile
   xmlns:msmq="http://schemas.microsoft.com/ws/06/2004/mspolicy/msmq" />
```

The following describes the content model of the <MsmqVolatile> element.

/msmq:Volatile: A Web service endpoint with MSMQ volatile policy assertion MUST require the client to send express messages.

2.2.3.4 MSMQ Authenticated

```
<msmq:Authenticated
   xmlns:msmq="http://schemas.microsoft.com/ws/06/2004/mspolicy/msmq" />
```

The following describes the content model of the <MsmqAuthenticated> element.

/msmq:Authenticated: A Web service endpoint with MSMQ authenticated policy assertion MUST require MSMQ messages sent on the transport to be authenticated.

2.2.3.5 MSMQ Windows Domain

```
<msmq:WindowsDomain
   xmlns:msmq="http://schemas.microsoft.com/ws/06/2004/mspolicy/msmq" />
```

The following describes the content model of the <MsmqWindowsDomain> element.

/msmq:WindowsDomain: This assertion only applies to policies which also include the MSMQ Authenticated policy assertion. A Web service endpoint with MSMQ Windows Domain policy assertion MUST authenticate the user using Windows logon authentication; otherwise, if this assertion is not set, they MUST authenticate the user using X.509 certificates.

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3 Protocol Details

A node can participate in this protocol in one of two roles: initiator or receiver. An initiator begins the process by opening and delivering messages to a queue that the receiver is monitoring. MSMQ is used as the lower-level protocol transport for performing the .NET Message Framing Protocol [MC-NMF].

3.1 Common Details

3.1.1 Abstract Data Model

3.1.1.1 NetMsmqMessage

A **NetMsmqMessage** is a structure that encapsulates the data placed into a **Message.Body**, as defined in section 3.1.1.12 of [MS-MQDMPR]. It contains the following attributes:

Preamble: A preamble message as defined in section <u>2.2.6</u> of the .NET Message Framing Protocol [MC-NMF].

EnvelopeRecords: A single or multiple envelope record as defined in section <u>2.2.4</u> of the .NET Message Framing Protocol [MC-NMF].

EndRecord: An end record as specified in section <u>2.2.3.9</u> of the .NET Message Framing Protocol [MC-NMF].

3.1.1.2 net.msmq URI

A **net.msmq URI** is a URI that satisfies the following constraints:

- The scheme component of the URI MUST be net.msmq.
- The URI MUST be a hierarchical URI.
- The authority component of the URI MUST be specified.
- The authority component of the URI MUST NOT include user information.
- The URI MUST NOT include the guery URI component.
- The URI MUST NOT include the fragment URI component.

3.1.1.3 MQPCO

An **MQPCO** is a configuration object as defined in section 3.1.3 of [MC-NMF], but with the following constraints:

- The protocol version, section 2.2.3.1 [MC-NMF], specified by the MQPCO MUST be 1.0.
- If the MSMQ Session policy assertion described in section 2.2.3.2 is set, then the communication mode, section 2.2.3.2 [MC-NMF], MUST be Simplex.
- Otherwise, the communication mode MUST be Singleton Sized.
- The Via URI, section <u>2.2.3.3</u> of [MC-NMF], specified by the MQPCO MUST be a **net.msmq URI** as specified in <u>3.1.1.2</u>.

3.1.2 Timers

None.

3.1.3 Initialization

A MQPCO with an uninitialized transport is made available to the protocol as part of a higher-layer triggered event.

3.1.4 Higher-Layer Triggered Events

None.

3.1.5 Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules

None.

3.1.6 Timer Events

None.

3.1.7 Other Local Events

3.1.7.1 Construct Direct Format Name

This event MUST be generated with the following argument:

• *iVia*: A URI, as specified in [RFC3986].

Return Values:

• rFormatName: The constructed format name.

The protocol MUST construct a direct format name as specified in section <u>2.1.2</u> for <u>[MS-MQMQ]</u>, as follows:

- Initialize **rFormat** to "DIRECT=".
- If the host section as defined in section 3.2.2 of [RFC3986], of the Via URI is localhost:
 - Append "OS:" to rFormat.
- Otherwise:
 - If the host section of the Via URI is an **IPv4 address in string format**:
 - Append "TCP:" to rFormat.
 - Otherwise:
 - Append "OS:" to rFormat.
 - Append the host portion of the Via URI to **rFormat**.
- Append "\" to rFormat.
- Append the relative path of the URI as defined in section 3.3 of [RFC3986] to rFormat.

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• Set rFormatName to rFormat.

3.1.7.2 Construct Public Format Name

This event MUST be generated with the following argument:

• *iVia*: A URI as specified in [RFC3986].

Return Values:

- rReturnStatus: A status code signifying the success or failure of the raised [MS-MQDMPR] events.
- **rFormatName**: The constructed format name.

The protocol MUST construct a public format name as specified in section 2.1.3 of [MS-MQMQ], as follows:

- Initialize rPathName to iVia.
- Remove the "net.msmq://" prefix from rPathName to create a path name
- Generate a Read Directory event as specified in section <u>3.1.7.1.20</u> of [MS-MQDMPR], with the following arguments.
 - iDirectoryObjectType = "Queue"
 - *iFilter* = An array of the following attribute-filter expressions:
 - Queue.Pathname EQUALS rPathName
 - *iAttributeList* : = An array of the following queue attributes:
 - Queue.Identifier
- Set rReturnStatus to rStatus.
- If the **rStatus** returned by the Read Directory event is not set to Success:
 - Set rReturnStatus equal to rStatus.
- Set *queueIdentifier* to the Queue.Identifier of the returned queue object.
- Set *rFormat* to the following string where *queueIdentifier* is replaced by its value:
 - "PUBLIC="queueIdentifier
- Set rFormatName to rFormat.

3.1.7.3 Construct SRMP Format Name

This event MUST be generated with the following argument:

- *iVia* : A URI, as specified in [RFC3986].
- iSecureSrmp: A boolean value, indicating whether the transport will use "https" or "http".

Return Values:

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• *rFormatName* : The constructed format name.

The initiator MUST construct a direct format name as specified in section 2.1.2 for [MS-MQMQ], as follows:

- Initialize *rFormat* to "DIRECT=".
- If *iSecureSrmp* is set to true:
 - Append "https://" to rFormat.
- Otherwise:
 - Append "http://" to rFormat.
- Append the host portion of iVia to rFormat.
- If the port number of the iVia URI is set:
 - Append the port number to *rFormat*.
- Append "/msmq/" to rFormat.
- Append the relative Path of the URI as defined in section 3.3 of [RFC3986] to rFormat.
- Set rFormatName to rFormat.

3.2 Initiator Details

The initiator MUST use the binding and policy assertions enforced by the Web service in the WSDL to properly construct a valid MQPCO as specified in section 3.1.1.2. To communicate with the receiver the initiator MUST send an MSMQ **Message** [MS-MQDMPR] with a **NetMsmqMessage** in the **Message.Body** to an opened queue.

3.2.1 Abstract Data Model

3.2.1.1 SendQueue

SendQueue is an **OpenQueueDescriptor** as defined in section 3.1.1.16 of [MS-MQDMPR]. The initiator MUST maintain an instance of this element referred to as **rSendQueue**.

3.2.1.2 SendNetMsmqMessage

SendNetMsmqMessage is a NetMsmqMessage structure as defined in section <u>3.1.1.1</u>. The initiator MUST maintain an instance of this element referred to as **rNetMsmqMessage**.

3.2.1.3 UseActiveDirectory

UseActiveDirectory is a user-configurable element that changes how the protocol constructs a format name. This element MUST be enabled for authentication to be performed as specified in section <u>3.2.5.1</u>. The initiator MUST maintain an instance of this element referred to as **rUseActiveDirectory**.

Valid values for this element are:

• **True** = Use Public format names, as specified in section 2.1.3 of [MS-MQMQ].

• **False** = Use Direct Format Names as specified in section 2.1.2 of [MS-MQMQ].

3.2.1.4 QueueTransferProtocol

QueueTransferProtocol is a user-configurable element that allows messages to be delivered using the Message Queuing (MSMQ): SOAP Reliable Messaging Protocol (SRMP) [MC-MQSRM]. The initiator MUST maintain an instance of this element referred to as **rQueueTransferProtocol**.

Valid values for this element are:

- Native = Use native MSMQ protocols.
- **SRMP** = Use SRMP [MC-MQSRM] over **HTTP**.
- SecureSRMP = Use SRMP [MC-MQSRM] over HTTPS.

3.2.1.5 Message

Message is defined in section 3.1.1.12 of [MS-MQDMPR]. The initiator MUST maintain an instance of this element referred to as rMsmgMessage.

3.2.1.6 Transaction

Transaction is defined in section 3.1.1.14 of [MS-MQDMPR]. The initiator MUST maintain an instance of this element referred to as **rTransaction**.

3.2.2 Timers

None.

3.2.3 Initialization

None.

3.2.4 Higher-Layer Triggered Events

3.2.4.1 Initialize Session

The initiator MUST open a queue by performing the following:

- Raising the Open Queue for Send event as specified in section 3.2.7.1 with the following parameters set:
 - *iUseActiveDirectory* set to **rUseActiveDirectory**.
 - *iQueueTransferProtocol* set to **rQueueTransferProtocol**.
- If the returned **rReturnStatus** is not equal to MQ_OK (0x0000000), then an error MUST be propagated to the higher layer, and no further processing done.
- Set rSendQueue to the returned rOpenQueue .

The initiator MUST set **rMsmqMessage** equal to NULL.

3.2.4.2 Send Message

The initiator MUST perform the following steps.

- If rMsmqMessage is equal to NULL:
 - Construct an MSMQ Message as specified in section 3.2.5.1 with the following parameters:
 - *iQueueTransferProtocol* set to **rQueueTransferProtocol**.
 - Set *rMsmqMessage* equal to **rReturnMsmqMessage**.
 - Set *rTransaction* equal to the returned **rReturnTransaction**.
 - Construct a Preamble Message, referred to as rPreamble using the logic described in section 3.2.4.2 of [MC-NMF].
 - Set rNetMsmqMessage.Preamble to **rPreamble**.
- Append the envelope record passed from the higher level protocol to rNetMsmqMessage.EnvelopeRecords.
- If the MSMQ Session policy assertion described in section 2.2.3.2 is not set:
 - Set *rMsmqMessage.Body* to **rNetMsmqMessage**.
 - Deliver rMsmqMessage by raising the Enqueue Message event from section 3.1.7.1.9 of [MS-MQDMPR] with the following parameters:
 - *iQueue* set to **rSendQueue**, the opened queue from section <u>3.2.4.1</u>.
 - iMessage set to rMsmqMessage.
 - *iTransaction* set to **rTransaction**.
 - If the returned **rStatus**, is not equal to MQ_OK (0x0000000), then an error MUST be propagated to the higher layer.
 - Set rMsmqMessage equal to NULL.

3.2.4.3 Session Close

If the MSMQ Session policy assertion described in section $\underline{2.2.3.2}$ is set, the initiator MUST deliver the envelope records together as one MSMQ **Message** by performing the following:

- If rMsmqMessage is not equal to NULL:
 - Construct an end record, referred to as rEndRecord, using the logic described in section 3.2.4.5 of [MC-NMF].
 - Set *rNetMsmqMessage.EndRecord* equal to **rEndRecord**.
 - Set *rMsmqMessage*. Body to **rNetMsmqMessage**.
 - Raise the Enqueue Message event from section <u>3.1.7.1.9</u> of <u>[MS-MQDMPR]</u> with the following parameters:
 - iQueue set to rSendQueue, the opened queue from section 3.2.4.1.

- *iMessage* set to **rMsmqMessage**.
- *iTransaction* set to **rTransaction**.
- If the returned **rStatus** is not equal to MQ_OK (0x0000000), then an error MUST be propagated to the higher layer, and no further processing done.

The initiator MUST also close the queue by performing the following:

- Raise the Close Queue event from section <u>3.1.7.1.6</u> of [MS-MQDMPR], with the following parameters:
 - *iQueueDesc* set to **rSendQueue**.
- If the returned **rStatus**, is not equal to MQ_OK (0x0000000), then an error MUST be propagated to the higher layer, and no further processing done.

3.2.5 Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules

3.2.5.1 Constructing an MSMQ Message

This event MUST be generated with the following arguments:

• *iQueueTransferProtocol*: A **QueueTransferProtocol** value.

Return Values:

- rReturnMsmqMessage: An MSMQ Message.
- rReturnTransaction: An MSMQ Transaction.

The initiator MUST construct a **Message** as defined in section 3.1.1.12 of [MS-MQDMPR]. The **Message** MUST be constructed as specified in the following sections.

The initiator MUST set specific properties on a **Message**, depending on the policy assertions that were set as follows:

- If the Best-Effort policy assertion described in 2.2.3.1 is not set:
 - Raise the Create Transaction event, as specified in section <u>3.1.7.1.8</u> Create Transaction of [MS-MQDMPR], with the following parameters:
 - iTransactionIdentifier set to a unique transaction identifier GUID, as specified in [MS-DTYP], (section 2.3.4).
 - Set rReturnTransaction equal to rTransaction.
- Otherwise:
 - Set rReturnTransaction equal to NULL
- If the Volatile policy assertion described in section 2.2.3.3 is set:
 - Set Message.DeliveryGuarantee to Express for volatile messages
- Otherwise, if the Volatile policy assertion is not set:
 - Set **Message.DeliveryGuarantee** to **Recoverable** for durable messages.

- If the Authenticated policy assertion described in section 2.2.3.5 is set:
 - Set Message.PrivacyLevel to Enhanced.
 - Set Message.EncryptionAlgorithm to RC4.
 - Set Message.HashAlgorithm to SHA1.
 - If iQueueTransferProtocol is set to SRMP or SecureSRMP:
 - Set Message.AuthenticationLevel to XmlSig.
 - Otherwise:
 - Set Message.AuthenticationLevel to Sig30.
 - If the Windows Domain policy assertion described in section 2.2.3.5 is set:
 - Set Message.SenderIdentifierType to Sid, as specified in [MS-MQDMPR], (section 2).
 - Otherwise:
 - Set Message.SenderIdentifierType to None.
 - Set Message.SenderCertificate to a user-provided X.509 certificate as described in [RFC3280].
- Otherwise, if the Authenticated policy assertion is not set:
 - Set Message.SenderIdentifierType to None.
 - Set Message.AuthenticationLevel to None.
- Set rReturnMsmqMessage to the constructed Message.

3.2.6 Timer Events

None.

3.2.7 Other Local Events

3.2.7.1 Open Queue for Send

This event MUST be generated with the following arguments:

- *iUseActiveDirectory*: A **UseActiveDirectory** value.
- *iQueueTransferProtocol*: A **QueueTransferProtocol** value.

Return Values:

- **rOpenQueue**: An OpenQueueDescriptor value for the opened queue.
- rReturnStatus: A status code signifying the success or failure of the raised [MS-MQDMPR] events.

The initiator MUST open the queue corresponding to the endpoint specified in the service's WSDL, which also corresponds to the **MQPCO** Via record, referred to as *rVia*. This MUST be performed before any messages are sent. To do so, the initiator MUST perform the following:

- Construct a format name, referred to as rFormat as follows:
 - If iQueueTransferProtocol is set to SRMP
 - Raise the Construct SRMP Format Name Event, as specified in section 3.1.7.3 with the following properties set:
 - iVia: Set to rVia.
 - *iSecureSrmp*: Set to false.
 - Set *rFormat* to the returned **rFormatName**.
 - If iQueueTransferProtocol is set to SecureSRMP
 - Raise the Construct SRMP Format Name Event, as specified in section 3.1.7.3 with the following properties set:
 - iVia: Set to rVia.
 - *iSecureSrmp*: Set to true.
 - Set *rFormat* to the returned **rFormatName**.
 - If iQueueTransferProtocol is set to Native
 - If iUseActiveDirectory is set to true:
 - Raise the Construct Public Format Name event, as specified in section 3.1.7.2 with the following properties set:
 - *iVia*: Set to **rVia**.
 - If the returned **rReturnStatus** from the Construct Public Format Name event, is not equal to MQ_OK (0x00000000), then set **rReturnStatus** to the same value, and perform no further processing.
 - Set *rFormat* to the returned **rFormatName**.
 - Otherwise, if iUseActiveDirectory is set to false:
 - Raise the Construct Direct Format Name event, as specified in section 3.1.7.1 with the following properties set:
 - iVia: Set to rVia.
 - Set *rFormat* to the returned **rFormatName**.
- Generate an Open Queue event as specified in section <u>3.1.7.1.5</u> of [MS-MQDMPR], with the following properties set:
 - *iFormatName*: Set to **rFormat**.
 - iRequiredAccess: Set to QueueAccessType.SendAccess.

- iSharedMode: Set to QueueShareMode.DenyNone, as specified in section 3.1.1.17 of [MS-MQDMPR].
- Set *rOpenQueue* to the returned **rOpenQueueDescriptor**.
- Set *rReturnStatus* to the returned **rStatus**.

3.3 Receiver Details

The receiver listens on the queue discovered at the path name introduced in section 2.2.3.6. The receiver MUST open a queue at this address and process the messages as described in the following sections.

3.3.1 Abstract Data Model

3.3.1.1 ReceiveQueue

ReceiveQueue is an **OpenQueueDescriptor** as defined in section <u>3.1.1.16</u> of <u>[MS-MQDMPR]</u>. The receiver MUST maintain an instance of this element referred to as **rReceiveQueue**.

3.3.2 Timers

None.

3.3.3 Initialization

None.

3.3.4 Higher-Layer Triggered Events

3.3.4.1 Initialize Session

The receiver MUST open a queue by performing the following:

- Raising the Open Queue for Receive event, as specified in section 3.3.7.1.
- Set rReceiveQueue to the returned rOpenQueue.

3.3.4.2 Receive Message

The receiver MUST receive the MSMQ **Message**, referred to as **rMsmqMessage**, by performing the following:

- Raise the Dequeue Message event as specified in section 3.1.7.1.10 of Message Queuing (MSMQ)
 Common Data Model and Processing Rules [MS-MQDMPR].
 - Set iQueueDesc to rReceiveQueue.
 - Set *iTimeout* to the amount of time to wait for message arrival in seconds.
 - Set iCursor to NULL.
 - If the Best-Effort policy assertion described in 2.2.3.1 is not set:
 - Raise the Create Transaction event, as specified in section <u>3.1.7.1.8</u> Create Transaction of [MS-MQDMPR], with the following parameters:

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- *iTransactionIdentifier* set to a unique transaction identifier GUID.
- Set iTransaction to rTransaction.
- If the returned **rStatus** is set to MQ_OK (0x0000000), then assign the returned **rMessage** to **rMsmqMessage**.
- Otherwise, an error MUST be propagated to the higher layer, and no further processing done.
 - An error MUST be propagated to the higher layer, and no further processing done.

After the MSMQ **Message** has been received from the MSMQ protocol the receiver MUST do the following:

- Assign rMsmqMessage.Body to a NetMsmqMessage, referred to as rNetMsmqMessage.
- Perform the steps for verifying the Preamble Message as specified in section <u>3.3.4.2</u> of <u>[MC-NMF]</u>, on **rNetMsmqMessage.Preamble**.
- Read and propagate the envelope record in rNetMsmqMessage. EnvelopeRecords to a higher layer as specified in section 3.3.4.4 of [MC-NMF].

3.3.4.3 Session Close

The receiver MUST also close the queue by performing the following:

- Raise the Close Queue event from section <u>3.1.7.1.6</u> of <u>[MS-MQDMPR]</u>, with the following parameters:
 - *iQueueDesc* set to **rReceiveQueue**.
- If the returned **rStatus**, is not equal to MQ_OK (0x00000000), then an error MUST be propagated to the higher layer, and no further processing done.

3.3.5 Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules

None.

3.3.6 Timer Events

None.

3.3.7 Other Local Events

3.3.7.1 Open Queue for Receive

This event is raised without any arguments supplied.

Return Values:

- **rOpenQueue**: An OpenQueueDescriptor value for the opened queue.
- rReturnStatus: A status code signifying the success or failure of the raised [MS-MQDMPR] events.

The receiver MUST open the queue corresponding to the endpoint specified in the service's WSDL, which also corresponds to the **MQPCO** Via record, referred to as **rVia**. This MUST be performed before any messages are received. The receiver MUST perform the following:

- Construct a format name, referred to as **rFormat** as follows:
 - Raise the Construct Direct Format Name event, as specified in section 3.1.7.1 with the following properties set:
 - iVia: Set to rVia.
 - Set **rFormat** to the returned **rFormatName**.
- Generate an Open Queue event as specified in section 3.1.7.1.5 of [MS-MQDMPR], with the following properties set:
 - *iFormatName*: Set to **rFormat**.
 - *iRequiredAccess*: Set to **QueueAccessType.SendAccess**, as specified in section <u>3.1.1.17</u> of [MS-MQDMPR].
 - *iSharedMode*: Set to **QueueShareMode.DenyNone**, as specified in section <u>3.1.1.17</u> of [MS-MQDMPR].
- Set rOpenQueue to the returned rOpenQueueDescriptor.
- Set **rReturnStatus** to the returned **rStatus**.

4 Protocol Examples

The following packet capture shows the message payload of the Preamble message sent out while using the .NET Message Framing MSMQ Binding Protocol. The specifics of network transport are excluded from this example.

Raw Message

```
00 01 00 01 04 02 2B 6E .....+n
65 74 2E 6D 73 6D 71 3A et.msmq:
2F 2F 6C 6F 63 61 6C 68 //localh
6F 73 74 2F 70 72 69 76 ost/priv
61 74 65 2F 74 72 61 6E ate/tran
73 61 63 74 69 6F 6E 61 sactiona
6C 71 03 07
```

Parsed Message

5 Security

5.1 Security Considerations for Implementers

None.

5.2 Index of Security Parameters

None.

6 Appendix A: Full WSDL

For ease of implementation the full WSDL with schemas is provided in the following section.

6.1 .Net Message Framing MSMQ Binding Protocol WSDL and Policy Assertions

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<wsdl:definitions name="OrderProcessorService"</pre>
                  targetNamespace="http://tempuri.org/"
                  xmlns:wsdl="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/"
                  xmlns:wsa10="http://www.w3.org/2005/08/addressing"
                  xmlns:wsx="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/mex"
                  xmlns:soap12="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/soap12/"
                  xmlns:wsu="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-
wssecurity-utility-1.0.xsd"
                  xmlns:wsp="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/policy"
                  xmlns:wsap="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/addressing/policy"
                  xmlns:msc="http://schemas.microsoft.com/ws/2005/12/wsdl/contract"
                  xmlns:wsa="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/addressing"
                  xmlns:wsam="http://www.w3.org/2007/05/addressing/metadata"
                  xmlns:wsaw="http://www.w3.org/2006/05/addressing/wsdl"
                  xmlns:tns="http://tempuri.org/"
                  xmlns:soap="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/soap/"
                  xmlns:i0="http://Microsoft.ServiceModel.Samples"
                  xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
                  xmlns:soapenc="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/encoding/"
                  xmlns:msmq="http://schemas.microsoft.com/ws/06/2004/mspolicy/msmq">
  <wsp:Policy wsu:Id="NetMsmqBinding IOrderProcessor policy">
    <wsp:ExactlyOne>
      <wsp:All>
       <!-- omitted elements -->
        <msmq:MsmqVolatile />
        <msmq:MsmqBestEffort />
        <msmq:MsmqSession />
       <msmq:Authenticated />
        <msmq:WindowsDomain />
        <!-- omitted elements -->
      </wsp:All>
   </wsp:ExactlyOne>
  </wsp:Policy>
  <!-- omitted elements -->
  <wsdl:binding name="NetMsmqBinding_IOrderProcessor" type="i0:IOrderProcessor">
   <wsp:PolicyReference URI="#NetMsmqBinding IOrderProcessor policy"/>
   <soap12:binding transport="http://schemas.microsoft.com/soap/msmg"/>
   <wsdl:operation name="SubmitPurchaseOrder">
      <soap12:operation</pre>
soapAction="http://SampleNamespace/IOrderProcessor/SubmitPurchaseOrder" style="document"/>
      <wsdl:input>
        <soap12:body use="literal"/>
      </wsdl:input>
   </wsdl:operation>
  </wsdl:binding>
  <wsdl:service name="OrderProcessorService">
    <wsdl:port name="NetMsmqBinding IOrderProcessor"</pre>
binding="tns:NetMsmqBinding_IOrderProcessor">
      <soap12:address location="net.msmq://localhost/private/testq"/>
      <wsa10:EndpointReference>
        <wsa10:Address>net.msmq://localhost/private/testq</wsa10:Address>
```

</wsal0:EndpointReference>
</wsdl:port>
</wsdl:service>
</wsdl:definitions>

7 Appendix B: Product Behavior

This document specifies version-specific details in the Microsoft .NET Framework. For information about which versions of .NET Framework are available in each released Windows product or as supplemental software, see .NET Framework.

The information in this specification is applicable to the following Microsoft products or supplemental software. References to product versions include released service packs:

- Microsoft .NET Framework 3.0
- Microsoft .NET Framework 3.5
- Microsoft .NET Framework 4.0
- Microsoft .NET Framework 4.5

Exceptions, if any, are noted below. If a service pack or Quick Fix Engineering (QFE) number appears with the product version, behavior changed in that service pack or QFE. The new behavior also applies to subsequent service packs of the product unless otherwise specified. If a product edition appears with the product version, behavior is different in that product edition.

Unless otherwise specified, any statement of optional behavior in this specification that is prescribed using the terms SHOULD or SHOULD NOT implies product behavior in accordance with the SHOULD or SHOULD NOT prescription. Unless otherwise specified, the term MAY implies that the product does not follow the prescription.

8 Change Tracking

This section identifies changes that were made to the [MS-NMFMB] protocol document between the January 2013 and August 2013 releases. Changes are classified as New, Major, Minor, Editorial, or No change.

The revision class **New** means that a new document is being released.

The revision class **Major** means that the technical content in the document was significantly revised. Major changes affect protocol interoperability or implementation. Examples of major changes are:

- A document revision that incorporates changes to interoperability requirements or functionality.
- An extensive rewrite, addition, or deletion of major portions of content.
- The removal of a document from the documentation set.
- Changes made for template compliance.

The revision class **Minor** means that the meaning of the technical content was clarified. Minor changes do not affect protocol interoperability or implementation. Examples of minor changes are updates to clarify ambiguity at the sentence, paragraph, or table level.

The revision class **Editorial** means that the language and formatting in the technical content was changed. Editorial changes apply to grammatical, formatting, and style issues.

The revision class **No change** means that no new technical or language changes were introduced. The technical content of the document is identical to the last released version, but minor editorial and formatting changes, as well as updates to the header and footer information, and to the revision summary, may have been made.

Major and minor changes can be described further using the following change types:

- New content added.
- Content updated.
- Content removed.
- New product behavior note added.
- Product behavior note updated.
- Product behavior note removed.
- New protocol syntax added.
- Protocol syntax updated.
- Protocol syntax removed.
- New content added due to protocol revision.
- Content updated due to protocol revision.
- Content removed due to protocol revision.
- New protocol syntax added due to protocol revision.

- Protocol syntax updated due to protocol revision.
- Protocol syntax removed due to protocol revision.
- New content added for template compliance.
- Content updated for template compliance.
- Content removed for template compliance.
- Obsolete document removed.

Editorial changes are always classified with the change type Editorially updated.

Some important terms used in the change type descriptions are defined as follows:

- **Protocol syntax** refers to data elements (such as packets, structures, enumerations, and methods) as well as interfaces.
- Protocol revision refers to changes made to a protocol that affect the bits that are sent over the wire.

The changes made to this document are listed in the following table. For more information, please contact protocol@microsoft.com.

Section	Tracking number (if applicable) and description	Major change (Y or N)	Change type
1.1 Glossary	Added local definitions of "best effort", "express message", and "recoverable message".	N	Content updated.

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