[MS-MQCN]:

Message Queuing (MSMQ): Directory Service Change Notification Protocol

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Revision Summary

Date	Revision History	Revision Class	Comments
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Table of Contents

1	Intro	duction	6
	1.1	Glossary	
	1.2	References	8
	1.2.1	Normative References	8
	1.2.2	Informative References	9
	1.3	Overview	9
	1.4	Relationship to Other Protocols	9
	1.5	Prerequisites/Preconditions	
	1.6	Applicability Statement	
	1.7	Versioning and Capability Negotiation	
	1.8	Vendor-Extensible Fields	
	1.9	Standards Assignments	
		-	
		ages1	
	2.1	Transport	
	2.2	Message Syntax	. 1
	2.2.1	GUID 1	. 1
	2.2.2		
	2.2	.2.1 PROPID Constants	1
	2.2.3	PROPVALUE	.2
	2.2	.3.1 VT_I2 1	.3
	2.2	.3.2 VT I4	
	2.2	.3.3 VT_BOOL 1	
	2.2	.3.4 VT_I1 1	
	2.2	.3.5 VT UI1	
	2.2	.3.6 VT_UI2	
		.3.7 VT UI4	
		.3.8 VT I8	
		.3.9 VT_UI8	
		.3.10 VT_LPWSTR	
		.3.11 VT BLOB	
		.3.12 VT CLSID	
		.3.13 VT_UI4 VT_VECTOR	
		.3.14 VT_CLSID VT_VECTOR	
		.3.15 VT_LPWSTR VT_VECTOR	
	2.2.4		
	2.2.5		
	2.2.6	· ·	
	2.3	Directory Service Schema Elements	20
3	Proto	ocol Details2	1
	3.1	Common Details	
	3.1.1	Abstract Data Model	
		.1.1 Shared Data Elements	
		.1.2 Data Elements Mapping	
		.1.1.2.1 Queue Manager Attributes Mapping	
		.1.3 Queue Attributes Mapping	
	3.1.2		
	3.1.2		
	3.1.4		13
	3.1.5		
	3.1.6		
	3.1.7	20.0. 2000. 2.0.00	
	3.2	MQCN Server Details	
	3.2.1	Abstract Data Model 2	23

	3.2.1.		
	3.2.1.		
	3.2.	1.2.1 Change Notification Queue	23
	3.2.2	Timers	24
	3.2.3	Initialization	24
	3.2.4	Higher-Layer Triggered Events	24
	3.2.5	Processing Events and Sequencing Rules	24
	3.2.5.	Processing a Change Notification Message Version 0x01	25
	3.2.5.		
	3.2.6	Timer Events	
	3.2.7	Other Local Events	28
	3.3 M	QCN Client Details	28
	3.3.1	Abstract Data Model	28
	3.3.1.	1 Shared Data Elements	29
	3.3.2	Timers	29
	3.3.3	Initialization	29
	3.3.4	Higher-Layer Triggered Events	
	3.3.4.		
	3.3.5	Processing Events and Sequencing Rules	30
	3.3.5.	, ,	
	3.3.5.		
	3.3.5.		
	3.3.6	Timer Events	
	3.3.7	Other Local Events	
_			
4		ol Examples	
	4.1 Ma	anagement Client Update Profile	34
5	Securit	V	36
		ecurity Considerations for Implementers	
		dex of Security Parameters	
		·	
5	Append	lix A: Product Behavior	37
7	Change	Tracking	40
2	Index		42

1 Introduction

This document specifies the Message Queuing (MSMQ): Directory Service Change Notification Protocol. **Queue managers** own and store objects that are also stored in the **directory service**. When an application makes changes to an object in the directory service, the MSMQ: Directory Service Change Notification Protocol is used by the **MSMQ Directory Service** or by the queue manager to notify the queue manager that owns the object that those changes have occurred. The types of notifications that can be performed by using this protocol include notifying a queue manager that a **queue** object has been created, changed, or deleted; and notifying a queue manager that its machine object has been changed. The MSMQ: Directory Service Change Notification Protocol is a queued protocol that uses **Microsoft Message Queuing (MSMQ)** as its transport infrastructure to send notifications wrapped within MSMQ **messages**.

Sections 1.8, 2, and 3 of this specification are normative and can contain the terms MAY, SHOULD, MUST, MUST NOT, and SHOULD NOT as defined in [RFC2119]. Sections 1.5 and 1.9 are also normative but do not contain those terms. All other sections and examples in this specification are informative.

1.1 Glossary

The following terms are specific to this document:

- Active Directory: A general-purpose network directory service. Active Directory also refers to the Windows implementation of a directory service. Active Directory stores information about a variety of objects in the network. Importantly, user accounts, computer accounts, groups, and all related credential information used by the Windows implementation of Kerberos are stored in Active Directory. Active Directory is either deployed as Active Directory Domain Services (AD DS) or Active Directory Lightweight Directory Services (AD LDS). [MS-ADTS] describes both forms. For more information, see [MS-AUTHSOD] section 1.1.1.5.2, Lightweight Directory Access Protocol (LDAP) versions 2 and 3, Kerberos, and DNS.
- **Augmented Backus-Naur Form (ABNF)**: A modified version of Backus-Naur Form (BNF), commonly used by Internet specifications. ABNF notation balances compactness and simplicity with reasonable representational power. ABNF differs from standard BNF in its definitions and uses of naming rules, repetition, alternatives, order-independence, and value ranges. For more information, see [RFC5234].
- **connected network**: A network of computers in which any two computers can communicate directly through a common transport protocol (for example, TCP/IP or SPX/IPX). A computer can belong to multiple connected networks.
- **directory service (DS)**: An entity that maintains a collection of objects. These objects can be remotely manipulated either by the Message Queuing (MSMQ): Directory Service Protocol, as specified in [MS-MQDS], or by the Lightweight Directory Access Protocol (v3), as specified in [RFC2251].
- domain controller (DC): The service, running on a server, that implements Active Directory, or the server hosting this service. The service hosts the data store for objects and interoperates with other DCs to ensure that a local change to an object replicates correctly across all DCs. When Active Directory is operating as Active Directory Domain Services (AD DS), the DC contains full NC replicas of the configuration naming context (config NC), schema naming context (schema NC), and one of the domain NCs in its forest. If the AD DS DC is a global catalog server (GC server), it contains partial NC replicas of the remaining domain NCs in its forest. For more information, see [MS-AUTHSOD] section 1.1.1.5.2 and [MS-ADTS]. When Active Directory is operating as Active Directory Lightweight Directory Services (AD LDS), several AD LDS DCs can run on one server. When Active Directory is operating as AD DS, only one AD DS DC can run on one server. However, several AD LDS DCs can coexist with one AD

- DS \mathbf{DC} on one server. The AD LDS \mathbf{DC} contains full NC replicas of the config NC and the schema NC in its forest.
- enterprise: A unit of administration of a network of MSMQ queue managers. An enterprise consists of an MSMQ Directory Service, one or more connected networks, and one or more MSMQ sites.
- **globally unique identifier (GUID)**: A term used interchangeably with universally unique identifier (UUID) in Microsoft protocol technical documents (TDs). Interchanging the usage of these terms does not imply or require a specific algorithm or mechanism to generate the value. Specifically, the use of this term does not imply or require that the algorithms described in [RFC4122] or [C706] must be used for generating the **GUID**. See also universally unique identifier (UUID).
- **little-endian**: Multiple-byte values that are byte-ordered with the least significant byte stored in the memory location with the lowest address.
- **message**: A data structure representing a unit of data transfer between distributed applications. A message has message properties, which may include message header properties, a message body property, and message trailer properties.
- **Microsoft Message Queuing (MSMQ)**: A communications service that provides asynchronous and reliable **message** passing between distributed applications. In **Message Queuing**, applications send **messages** to **queues** and consume **messages** from **queues**. The **queues** provide persistence of the **messages**, enabling the sending and receiving applications to operate asynchronously from one another.
- **MSMQ Directory Service**: A network directory service that provides directory information, including key distribution, to **MSMQ**. It initially shipped in the Windows NT 4.0 operating system Option Pack for Windows NT Server as part of **MSMQ**. This directory service predates and is superseded by **Active Directory (AD)**.
- **MSMQ management server**: A role played by an **MSMQ queue manager**. An **MSMQ management server** enables management applications to perform management and administrative operations on the Message Queuing System. The Management Server operations are specified in [MS-MQMR] and [MS-MQCN].
- **MSMQ queue manager**: An **MSMQ** service hosted on a machine that provides **queued** messaging services. **Queue managers** manage **queues** deployed on the local computer and provide asynchronous transfer of **messages** to **queues** located on other computers. A **queue manager** is identified by a **globally unique identifier (GUID)**.
- **MSMQ routing link**: A communication link between two sites. A routing link is represented by a routing link object in the directory service. Routing links may have associated link costs. Routing links with their associated costs can be used to compute lowest-cost routing paths for store-and-forward messaging.
- **MSMQ routing server**: A role played by an **MSMQ queue manager**. An MSMQ routing server implements store and forward messaging. A routing server may provide connectivity between different **connected networks** within a site or may provide session concentration between sites.
- **MSMQ site**: A network of computers, typically physically collocated, that have high connectivity as measured in terms of latency (low) and throughput (high). A site is represented by a site object in the directory service. An MSMQ site maps one-to-one with an **Active Directory** site when **Active Directory** provides directory services to **MSMQ**.
- **notification queue**: A private **Microsoft Message Queuing (MSMQ) queue** to which notifications are sent and from which notifications are received.

- public queue: An application-defined message queue that is registered in the MSMQ Directory **Service**. A public queue may be deployed at any **queue manager**.
- queue: An object that holds messages passed between applications or messages passed between Message Queuing and applications. In general, applications can send messages to queues and read **messages** from queues.
- queue manager (QM): A message queuing service that manages queues deployed on a computer. A queue manager may also provide asynchronous transfer of messages to queues deployed on other queue managers.

Unicode character: Unless otherwise specified, a 16-bit UTF-16 code unit.

- Unicode string: A Unicode 8-bit string is an ordered sequence of 8-bit units, a Unicode 16-bit string is an ordered sequence of 16-bit code units, and a Unicode 32-bit string is an ordered sequence of 32-bit code units. In some cases, it may be acceptable not to terminate with a terminating null character. Unless otherwise specified, all Unicode strings follow the UTF-16LE encoding scheme with no Byte Order Mark (BOM).
- workgroup mode: A Message Queuing deployment mode in which the clients and servers operate without using a Directory Service. In this mode, features pertaining to message security, efficient routing, queue discovery, distribution lists, and aliases are not available. See also Directory-Integrated mode.
- MAY, SHOULD, MUST, SHOULD NOT, MUST NOT: These terms (in all caps) are used as defined in [RFC2119]. All statements of optional behavior use either MAY, SHOULD, or SHOULD NOT.

1.2 References

Links to a document in the Microsoft Open Specifications library point to the correct section in the most recently published version of the referenced document. However, because individual documents in the library are not updated at the same time, the section numbers in the documents may not match. You can confirm the correct section numbering by checking the Errata.

1.2.1 Normative References

We conduct frequent surveys of the normative references to assure their continued availability. If you have any issue with finding a normative reference, please contact dochelp@microsoft.com. We will assist you in finding the relevant information.

[MS-ADTS] Microsoft Corporation, "Active Directory Technical Specification".

[MS-DTYP] Microsoft Corporation, "Windows Data Types".

[MS-MQBR] Microsoft Corporation, "Message Queuing (MSMQ): Binary Reliable Message Routing Algorithm".

[MS-MQDMPR] Microsoft Corporation, "Message Queuing (MSMQ): Common Data Model and Processing Rules".

[MS-MQDSSM] Microsoft Corporation, "Message Queuing (MSMQ): Directory Service Schema Mapping".

[MS-MODS] Microsoft Corporation, "Message Queuing (MSMQ): Directory Service Protocol".

[MS-MOMO] Microsoft Corporation, "Message Queuing (MSMO): Data Structures".

[MS-MQQB] Microsoft Corporation, "Message Queuing (MSMO): Message Queuing Binary Protocol".

[RFC1321] Rivest, R., "The MD5 Message-Digest Algorithm", RFC 1321, April 1992, http://www.ietf.org/rfc/1321.txt

[RFC2119] Bradner, S., "Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels", BCP 14, RFC 2119, March 1997, http://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc2119.txt

[RFC3110] Eastlake III, D., "RSA/SHA-1 SIGs and RSA KEYs in the Domain Name System (DNS)", RFC 3110, May 2001, http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc3110.txt

1.2.2 Informative References

[MS-MQOD] Microsoft Corporation, "Message Queuing Protocols Overview".

1.3 Overview

Microsoft Message Queuing (MSMQ) is a communications service that provides asynchronous and reliable message passing between client applications running on different hosts. In MSMQ, clients send application messages to queues and consume application messages from queues. The queue provides persistence of the messages, enabling them to survive across application restarts, and allowing the sending and receiving client applications to send and receive messages asynchronously from each other

Queues are typically hosted by a communications service called a queue manager. By hosting the queue manager in a separate service from the client applications, applications can communicate (even if they never execute at the same time) by exchanging messages via a queue hosted by the queue manager.

Because MSMQ involves message passing between nodes, a directory service can be useful to MSMQ services in several ways. First, a directory service can provide network topology information that the MSMQ services can use to route messages between nodes. Second, a directory service can be used as a key distribution mechanism for security services used by MSMQ to secure messages and to authenticate clients. Third, a directory service can provide clients with discovery capabilities, allowing clients to discover the queues available within the network. Finally, a directory service can contain collections of directory objects representing **enterprises**, **MSMQ sites**, **routing links**, machines, users, queues, **connected networks**, and deleted objects.

In MSMQ, queue and machine objects can be created, changed, and deleted in a directory service. As a result, the internal state of the queue manager that is the owner of these objects is left out of sync. In MSMQ, a queue manager is notified when one of its owned objects is changed in a directory service.

The MSMQ: Directory Service Change Notification Protocol defines a mechanism used by the MSMQ Directory Service or a queue manager to notify a queue manager of changes to its owned objects. The types of notifications that can be performed by using this protocol include notifying a queue manager that a queue object has been created, changed, or deleted; and notifying a queue manager that its machine object has been changed.

1.4 Relationship to Other Protocols

Release: June 30, 2015

The MSMQ: Directory Service Change Notification Protocol is a queued protocol that uses the Microsoft Message Queuing (MSMQ): Message Queuing Binary Protocol [MS-MQQB] as its transport protocol.

The MSMQ: Directory Service Change Notification Protocol uses shared state and processing rules defined in [MS-MQDMPR].

1.5 Prerequisites/Preconditions

It is assumed that the protocol client has obtained the name of a server computer that supports this protocol and the name of the **notification queue** hosted on the server before this protocol is invoked. How a client acquires this information is not addressed in this specification and is typically part of the interaction between the client application and the queue manager API.

It is assumed that the protocol client has access to a private encryption key used to decrypt messages. A private key is typically stored in a secure location on the local client machine.

1.6 Applicability Statement

The server side of this protocol is applicable for implementation by a queue manager providing Microsoft Message Queuing (MSMQ) communication services to clients. The client side of this protocol is applicable for implementation by client libraries providing message queue managers to applications by directory service or by a queue manager delegating requests on behalf of a client. <1> This protocol is applicable to scenarios where a queue manager that is the owner of public queue objects or a machine object needs to be notified when these objects are changed in a directory service or on another queue manager on behalf of a client. <2> This protocol is not applicable to objects that are not stored in a directory service, such as private queues. This protocol is not applicable for distributed applications that require notification messages within a predefined amount of time. Notification messages are sent and, once received, the destination queue manager schedules act on them at specific time intervals. <3>

1.7 Versioning and Capability Negotiation

This document covers versioning issues in the following areas:

- Supported Transports: This protocol is implemented on top of MSMQ, as specified in section 2.1. It relies on MSMQ message sending and receiving mechanisms to send and receive notifications as messages.
- Capability Negotiation: This protocol has explicit capability negotiation that depends on the version
 of the notification message. There are two notification message versions. Version 1 is for
 messages sent by an MSMQ Directory Service, and version 2 is for messages sent by a queue
 manager.

1.8 Vendor-Extensible Fields

This protocol does not define any vendor-extensible fields.

1.9 Standards Assignments

This section specifies standard parameters within the context of MSMQ.

Parameter	Value	Reference		
NOTIFY_QUEUE_PRIVATE	PRIVATE= <queue guid="" manager="">\3</queue>	None.		

2 Messages

2.1 Transport

Notifications are sent within messages that are transported as MSMQ messages over the Message Queuing (MSMQ): Message Queuing Binary Protocol [MS-MQQB].

2.2 Message Syntax

The following table summarizes the types and messages defined in this specification.

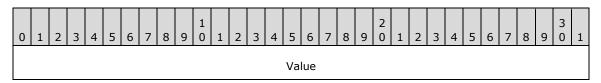
Message or type	Description
GUID	globally unique identifier (GUID).
PROPID	Property identifier.
PROPVALUE	Property value.
Change Notification Message	Payload of a notification message.
Notification Body	Body of a notification. Used by a queue manager.
Notification Update	Alternative body notification. Used by a directory service.

2.2.1 **GUID**

This specification uses a globally unique identifier (GUID). This information is as specified in [MS-DTYP] section 2.3.4.

2.2.2 PROPID

Notification messages may carry an array of property identifiers (a unique PROPID value). The associated property values are specified in a related array of property values.



Value (4 bytes): A ULONG that specifies the identification of a property. This field MUST be filled with a valid property identifier, as specified in [MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.

2.2.2.1 PROPID Constants

This section contains a list of **PROPID** constants.

PROPID Constant								
PROPID_Q_ADS_PATH ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.1.24)	126							
PROPID_Q_AUTHENTICATE ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.1.11)	111							

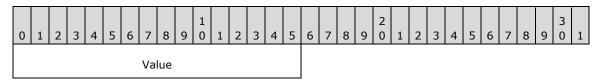
PROPID Constant	Value
PROPID_Q_BASEPRIORITY ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.1.6)	106
PROPID_Q_CREATE_TIME ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.1.9)	109
PROPID_Q_INSTANCE ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.1.1)	101
PROPID_Q_JOURNAL ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.1.4)	104
PROPID_Q_JOURNAL_QUOTA ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.1.7)	107
PROPID_Q_LABEL ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.1.8)	108
PROPID_Q_MODIFY_TIME ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.1.10)	110
PROPID_Q_MULTICAST_ADDRESS ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.1.23)	125
PROPID_Q_PATHNAME ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.1.22)	103
PROPID_Q_PRIV_LEVEL ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.1.12)	112
PROPID_Q_SCOPE ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.1.14)	114
PROPID_Q_QMID ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.1.15)	115
PROPID_Q_QUOTA ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.1.5)	105
PROPID_Q_SECURITY ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.1.25)	1101
PROPID_Q_TRANSACTION ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.1.13)	113
PROPID_Q_TYPE ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.1.2)	102
PROPID_QM_CNS ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.2.6)	207
PROPID_QM_FOREIGN ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.2.18)	219
PROPID_QM_JOURNAL_QUOTA ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.2.14)	215
PROPID_QM_SITE_ID ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.2.1)	201
PROPID_QM_MACHINE_ID ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.2.2)	202
PROPID_QM_ADDRESS ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.2.5)	206
PROPID_QM_QUOTA ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.2.10)	214
PROPID_QM_MACHINE_TYPE ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.2.15)	216
PROPID_QM_MODIFY_TIME ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.2.17)	218
PROPID_QM_OS ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.2.19)	220
PROPID_QM_SECURITY ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.2.31)	1201
PROPID_D_SCOPE ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.13.3)	1403
PROPID_D_OBJTYPE ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.13.4)	1404

2.2.3 PROPVALUE

This section contains block diagrams for property values related to PROPVARIANT ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.2.12) types. A PROPVARIANT type is determined by the PROPID. [MS-MQMQ] section 2.3 specifies the PROPVARIANT type for each PROPID. All numeric values within the block diagrams MUST be formatted in **little-endian** byte order. Values in an array are simply concatenated with no padding.

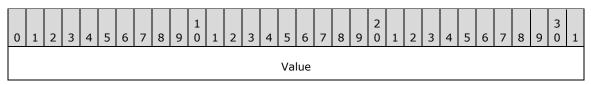
2.2.3.1 VT_I2

The value of a VT_I2 type property MUST be a 2-byte signed integer. It MUST be formatted in little-endian byte order.



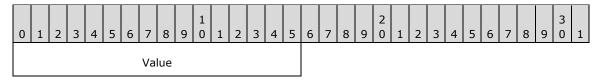
2.2.3.2 VT_I4

The value of a VT_I4 type property MUST be a 4-byte signed integer. It MUST be formatted in little-endian byte order.



2.2.3.3 VT_BOOL

The value of a VT_BOOL type property MUST be a 16-bit value. It MUST be formatted in little-endian byte order.

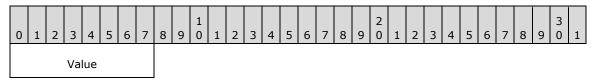


Value (2 bytes): The values MUST be defined as follows.

Value	Meaning
VARIANT_TRUE 0xFFFF	MUST indicate a Boolean value of true.
VARIANT_FALSE 0x0000	MUST indicate a Boolean value of false.

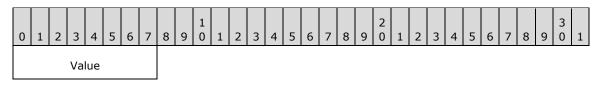
2.2.3.4 VT_I1

The value of a VT_I1 type property MUST be a 1-byte signed integer.



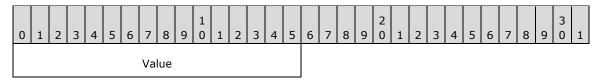
2.2.3.5 VT_UI1

The value of a VT_UI1 type property MUST be a 1-byte unsigned integer.



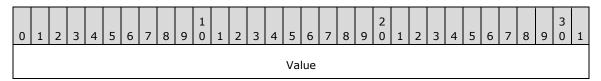
2.2.3.6 VT_UI2

The value of a VT_UI2 type property MUST be a 2-byte unsigned integer. It MUST be formatted in little-endian byte order.



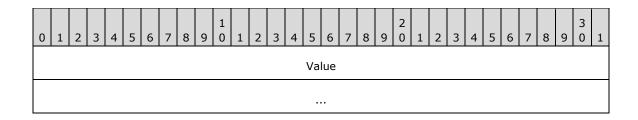
2.2.3.7 VT_UI4

The value of a VT_UI4 type property MUST be a 4-byte unsigned integer. It MUST be formatted in little-endian byte order.



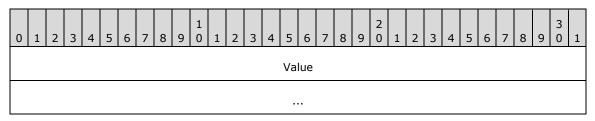
2.2.3.8 VT_I8

The value of a VT_I8 type property MUST be an 8-byte signed integer. It MUST be formatted in little-endian byte order.



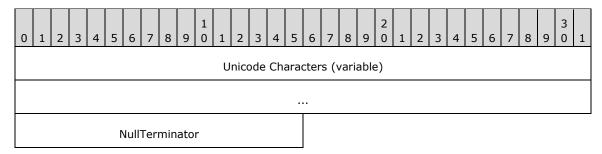
2.2.3.9 VT_UI8

The value of a VT_UI8 type property MUST be an 8-byte unsigned integer. It MUST be formatted in little-endian byte order.



2.2.3.10 VT_LPWSTR

The value of a VT_LPWSTR type property MUST be a null-terminated string of 16-bit **Unicode characters**.

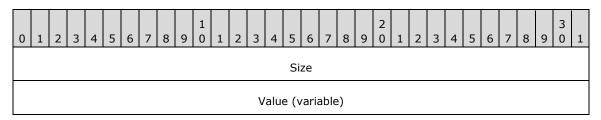


Unicode Characters (variable): Contains a variable-length array of Unicode characters. Each array element MUST be set to a 16-bit Unicode character.

NullTerminator (2 bytes): Contains a Unicode character. This field MUST be set to a value of 0x0000.

2.2.3.11 VT_BLOB

The value of a VT_BLOB property MUST be a counted array of unsigned bytes.



...

Size (4 bytes): A ULONG that specifies the size of the array or vector of values. This field MUST be formatted in little-endian byte order.

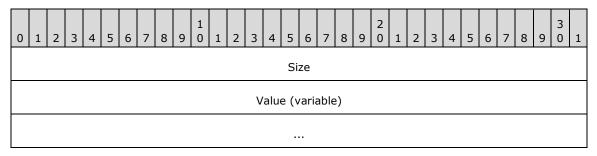
Value (variable): Contains an array of unsigned bytes. This field MUST be set to an array of length **Size**, and each element MUST be an unsigned byte.

2.2.3.12 VT_CLSID

The value of a VT_CLSID type property MUST be a **GUID** ([MS-DTYP] section 2.3.4.2) value.

2.2.3.13 VT_UI4 | VT_VECTOR

The value of a VT_UI4 | VT_VECTOR type property MUST be an array of VT_UI4 type property values.

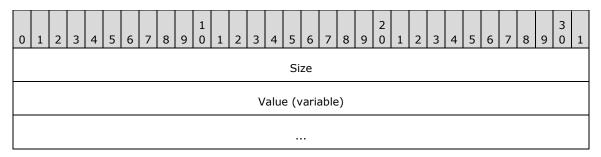


Size (4 bytes): A ULONG that specifies the size of the array or vector of values. This field MUST be formatted in little-endian byte order.

Value (variable): MUST be filled with an array of property values of VT_UI4 type. The number of values MUST be equal to the **Size** field value.

2.2.3.14 VT_CLSID | VT_VECTOR

The value of a VT_CLSID | VT_VECTOR type property MUST be an array of $\underline{\text{VT CLSID}}$ type property values.

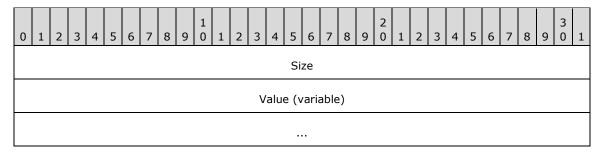


Size (4 bytes): A ULONG that specifies the size of the array or vector of values; MUST be formatted in little-endian byte order.

Value (variable): MUST be filled with an array of property values of VT_CLSID type. The number of values MUST be equal to the **Size** field value.

2.2.3.15 VT_LPWSTR | VT_VECTOR

The value of a VT_LPWSTR | VT_VECTOR type property MUST be an array of VT_LPWSTR type property values.



Size (4 bytes): A ULONG that specifies the size of the array or vector of values; MUST be formatted in little-endian byte order.

Value (variable): MUST be filled with an array of property values of VT LPWSTR type. The number of values MUST be equal to the **Size** field value.

2.2.4 Change Notification Message

A Change Notification Message is used to encapsulate a single change Notification Body (section 2.2.5) sent by a gueue manager or several change Notification Updates (section 2.2.6) sent by a directory service. A change notification represents a change on either a queue or a machine object within a directory service.



Version (1 byte): A UCHAR containing the version of the notification message. This field MUST be set to the value 0x01 for messages sent by an MSMQ Directory Service and to the value 0x02 for messages sent by an MSMQ queue manager.<5>

Value	Meaning
0x01	Message sent by an MSMQ Directory Service.
0x02	Message sent by an MSMQ queue manager.

NumberOfUpdateNotifications (1 byte): A UCHAR that contains the number of update notifications. This field MUST be set to the number of update notifications contained in the **Data** field. If the **Version** field is set to 0x02, this field MUST be set to 0x01.

Data (variable): A variable-length UCHAR array. The content of this field varies depending on the **Version** field. If the **Version** field is set to 0x01, this field contains a sequence of Notification Updates (section 2.2.6). If the **Version** field is set to 0x02, this field contains a single Notification Body (section 2.2.5). There is no padding between **Notification Updates**.

2.2.5 Notification Body

A Notification Body is used to encapsulate a change notification that indicates a change either on a queue or a machine object within a directory service. The change is expressed as a notification event that indicates one of the following events: creation of a queue object, change on a queue object, deletion of a queue object, or change on a machine object. A Notification Body is used by a queue manager to send a change notification message to the queue manager that is the owner of the modified object. This format does not include the changed data. The recipient queue manager MUST read the data from the directory service, as specified in section 3.2.5.2; therefore, queue managers do not have to be trusted.

- <Notification>
- <Event>Event</Event>
- <ObjectGuid>ObjectGuid</ObjectGuid>
- <DomainController>DirectoryServiceServer/DomainController>
- </Notification>

Event

Specifies the notification event for a queue or a machine object on which changes were made within a domain controller (DC). This MUST be set to 1, 2, 3, or 4. A value of 1 indicates creation of a queue object. A value of 2 indicates change on a queue object; a value of 3 indicates deletion of a queue object. A value of 4 indicates change on a machine object.

ObjectGuid

Specifies the object that was modified within the DC. This MUST be set to the GUID of the modified object that MUST be either a queue or a machine object.

DirectoryServiceServer

Specifies the name of the Directory Service server through which the queue or the machine object was modified in the directory.

Notification body MUST be set to a Unicode string in the format specified by the following Augmented Backus-Naur Form (ABNF) rule.

```
NotificationBody =
                      "<Notification>"
                      "<Event>"event"</Event>"
                      "<ObjectGuid>"object-guid"</ObjectGuid >"
                      "<DomainController>"
                        DirectoryServiceServer
                      "</DomainController>"
                      "</Notification>"
                = "1" / "2" / "3" / "4"
event.
                  ;where "1": create queue, "2": change queue,
                  ;"3": delete queue, "4": change machine
                = 8HEXDIG"-"4HEXDIG"-"4HEXDIG"-"12HEXDIG
object-quid
                  ; A GUID of the form XXXXXXXX-XXXX-XXXX-XXXXXXXXXXXXXX
DirectoryServiceServer = 1*256(VCHAR)
                   ; A directory service name.
HEXDIG
                 = DIGIT / "A" / "B" / "C" / "D" / "E" / "F"
DIGIT
                 = %x30-39
                    ; 0-9
VCHAR
                 = %x21-7E
```

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2.2.6 Notification Update

A **Notification Update** is used to encapsulate a change notification that indicates a change either on a queue or a machine object within a directory service. The change is expressed as a notification event that indicates one of the following events: creation of a queue object, change on a queue object, deletion of a queue object, or change on a machine object. A Notification Update is used by a directory service to send change notification messages to the queue manager that is the owner of the modified objects.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3	1
Command Used											Guio	d			PathName (variable)																
	GuidIdentifier (16 bytes, optional)																														
												Gu	ıidM	1ast	erI	d (1	16 t	yte	s)												
												ı	Res	erv	ed	(24	byt	es)													
	NumberOfProperties PropertyId (variable)																														
	PropertyValue (variable)																														
												FI	ope	i Ly V	vail	1C (vai	iaul	د)												
	···																														

Command (1 byte): A UCHAR that indicates the change notification operation, which can be create, change, or delete. This field MUST be set to 0x00, 0x01, or 0x02, where:

Value	Meaning
0x00	Indicates creation.
0x01	Indicates change.
0x02	Indicates deletion.

UseGuid (1 byte): A UCHAR that indicates whether a **Notification Update** uses the **PathName** or the **GuidIdentifier** field. This field MUST be set to 0x01 to indicate that the **GuidIdentifier** field is being used. Otherwise, this field MUST be set to 0x00 to indicate that the **PathName** field is being used.

Value	Meaning
0x00	The PathName field is being used.
0x01	The GuidIdentifier field is being used.

PathName (variable): Indicates the path of the object that was modified in the directory service. MUST be a null-terminated Unicode string, and MUST follow the rules specified in PROPID_Q_PATHNAME ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.1.3). This field MUST NOT be present if the **UseGuid** field is set to 0x01. Instead, the **GuidIdentifier** field MUST be set with a value.

GuidIdentifier (16 bytes): Indicates the GUID of the object that was modified in the directory service. This field MUST be present if the **UseGuid** field is set to 0x01.

GuidMasterId (16 bytes): Indicates the GUID of the directory server that originated the change **Notification Update**.

Reserved (24 bytes): A 24-byte array of UCHAR reserved for future use. MAY be set to all 0x00 bytes by the client, and MUST be ignored by the server.

NumberOfProperties (1 byte): A UCHAR that indicates the number of properties that are included as part of this **Notification Update**.

PropertyId (variable): An array of PROPID that contains a collection of property IDs that are part of this **Notification Update**. These properties refer either to informative data or to changed data related to the changed object. The number of elements MUST be equal to the value of the **NumberOfProperties** field.

PropertyValue (variable): Contains a collection of property values that are part of this **Notification Update**. These instances contain either informative data or modified data related to the changed object. The number of property values MUST be equal to the value of the **NumberOfProperties** field. The format of each property value depends on the variant type, which is determined by the corresponding property ID. Section <u>2.2.3</u> lists the formats for the variant types. Sections <u>2.2.3.1</u> through <u>2.2.3.15</u> define the types for each property ID.

2.3 Directory Service Schema Elements

This protocol uses ADM elements specified in section 3.1.1. A subset of these elements can be published in a directory. This protocol SHOULD \leq 6 \geq access the directory using the algorithm specified in [MS-MQDSSM] and using LDAP [MS-ADTS]. The Directory Service schema elements for ADM elements published in the directory are defined in [MS-MQDSSM] section 2.4.<7>

3 Protocol Details

3.1 Common Details

3.1.1 Abstract Data Model

This conceptual model is common to both servers and clients of this protocol. The abstract data model, which is specific to either the server or client side of this protocol, is described in MQCN Server Details (section 3.2) and MQCN Client Details (section 3.3), respectively.

This section describes a conceptual model of possible data organization that an implementation maintains to participate in this protocol. The described organization is provided to facilitate the explanation of how the protocol behaves. This document does not mandate that implementations adhere to this model as long as their external behavior is consistent with that described in this document.

The abstract data model for this protocol comprises abstract data model (ADM) elements that are private to this protocol and others that are shared between multiple MSMQ protocols that are collocated at a common queue manager. The shared abstract data model is defined in [MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1, and the relationship between this protocol, a queue manager, and other protocols that share a common queue manager is described in [MS-MQOD].

Section 3.1.1.1 references the ADM elements from the shared data model that are manipulated by this protocol.

Section 3.1.1.2 describes the mapping between property identifiers and attributes of ADM elements.

3.1.1.1 Shared Data Elements

The server and client side of this protocol manipulate the following ADM elements from the shared abstract data model defined in [MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.

QueueManager: [MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.1.

Queue: [MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.2.

Message: [MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.12.

3.1.1.2 Data Elements Mapping

This section describes the mapping between property identifiers and attributes of abstract data models elements.

3.1.1.2.1 Queue Manager Attributes Mapping

The following section specifies the mapping between property identifiers and the ADM attributes of a **QueueManager** ([MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.1) ADM element.

QueueManager.Identifier: Defined in PROPID_QM_MACHINE_ID ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.2.2).

QueueManager.ForeignSystem: Defined in PROPID_QM_FOREIGN ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.2.18).

QueueManager.QueueManagerQuota: Defined in PROPID_QM_QUOTA ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.2.10).

```
QueueManager.JournalQuota: Defined in PROPID_QM_JOURNAL_QUOTA ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.2.14).
```

QueueManager.Security: Defined in PROPID_QM_SECURITY ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.2.31).

QueueManager.ConnectedNetworkIdentifierList: Defined in PROPID_QM_CNS ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.2.6).

QueueManager.QueueManagerVersion: Defined in PROPID_QM_MACHINE_TYPE ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.2.15).

QueueManager.OperatingSystemType: Defined in PROPID_QM_OS ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.2.19).

3.1.1.3 Queue Attributes Mapping

The ADM attributes of a **Queue** ([MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.2) ADM element map to their respective property identifiers as follows.

Queue.Identifier: PROPID Q INSTANCE ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.1.1).

Queue.Type: PROPID_Q_TYPE ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.1.2).

Queue.BasePriority: PROPID_Q_BASEPRIORITY ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.1.6).

Queue.Journaling: PROPID_Q_JOURNAL ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.1.4).

Queue.Quota: PROPID_Q_QUOTA ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.1.5).

Queue.JournalQuota: PROPID_Q_JOURNAL_QUOTA ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.1.7).

Queue.CreateTime: PROPID_Q_CREATE_TIME ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.1.9).

Queue.ModifyTime: PROPID_Q_MODIFY_TIME ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.1.10).

Queue.Security: PROPID Q SECURITY ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.1.25).

Queue.Pathname: PROPID_Q_PATHNAME ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.1.22).

Queue.Label: PROPID_Q_LABEL ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.1.8).

Queue.Authentication: PROPID_Q_AUTHENTICATE ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.1.11).

Queue.PrivacyLevel: PROPID Q PRIV LEVEL ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.1.12).

Queue.Transactional: PROPID_Q_TRANSACTION ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.1.13).

Queue.MulticastAddress: PROPID_Q_MULTICAST_ADDRESS ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.1.23).

Queue.DirectoryPath: PROPID_Q_ADS_PATH ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.1.24).

Queue.Scope: PROPID_Q_SCOPE ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.1.14).

3.1.2 Timers

There are no common timers.

3.1.3 Initialization

There is no common initialization.

3.1.4 Higher-Layer Triggered Events

There are no common higher-layer triggered events.

3.1.5 Processing Events and Sequencing Rules

There are no common message processing events and sequencing rules.

3.1.6 Timer Events

There are no common timer events.

3.1.7 Other Local Events

There are no other local events.

3.2 MQCN Server Details

3.2.1 Abstract Data Model

This section describes a conceptual model of possible data organization that an implementation maintains to participate in this protocol. The described organization is provided to facilitate the explanation of how the protocol behaves. This document does not mandate that implementations adhere to this model as long as their external behavior is consistent with that described in this document.

The abstract data model for this protocol comprises ADM elements that are private to this protocol and others that are shared between multiple MSMQ protocols that are collocated at a common queue manager. The shared abstract data model is defined in [MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1, and the relationship between this protocol, a queue manager, and other protocols that share a queue manager is described in [MS-MQOD].

Section 3.2.1.1 references the ADM elements from the shared data model that are manipulated by this protocol.

Section 3.2.1.2 describes the ADM elements that are specific to the server side of this protocol.

3.2.1.1 Shared Data Elements

The server side of this protocol manipulates the shared ADM elements listed in section 3.1.1.1.

3.2.1.2 Local Data Elements

In addition to the shared ADM elements, the server side of this protocol manipulates the Change Notification Queue (section 3.2.1.2.1) ADM element.

3.2.1.2.1 Change Notification Queue

The **Change Notification Queue** ADM element represents a local private notification queue. The following ABNF rule specifies the queue name format.

```
QueuePathName = (Computer "\private$\notify_queue$")

Computer = 1*256(VCHAR); computer where the queue manager resides

VCHAR = 8x21-7E
```

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3.2.2 Timers

None.

3.2.3 Initialization

The implementation of this protocol SHOULD $\leq 8 \geq$ open the local private change notification queue. This queue MUST be opened by raising an Open Queue ([MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.7.1.5) event with the following arguments:

- iFormatName := NOTIFY_QUEUE_PRIVATE as defined in section <u>1.9</u>.
- iRequiredAccess := ReceiveAccess.
- iSharedMode := DenyNone.

This event returns *rStatus* and *rOpenQueueDescriptor*. If *rStatus* is MQ_OK, the value of *rOpenQueueDescriptor* is stored for reuse when dequeuing messages from this queue. Otherwise, if *rStatus* is different than MQ_OK, this protocol cannot work correctly.

After the change notification queue is open, the implementation MUST start a loop for the lifetime of the server side of this protocol for dequeuing and processing change notification messages:

- Raise the Dequeue Message ([MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.7.1.10) event with the following arguments:
 - iQueueDesc := The OpenQueueDescriptor ([MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.16) ADM element instance referenced by rOpenQueueDescriptor returned by the Open Queue event that opened the change notification queue.

This event returns rMessage, a reference to the **Message** ([MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.12) ADM element instance that was dequeued.

3.2.4 Higher-Layer Triggered Events

None.

3.2.5 Processing Events and Sequencing Rules

The server MUST initialize the local private change notification queue as specified in section 3.2.3. When a Dequeue Message ([MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.7.1.10) event is raised, the server MUST process the returned *rMessage* as follows:

- Let NotificationMessage be initialized to rMessage.Body parsed as a <u>Change Notification</u> Message (section 2.2.4).
- Verify the value of the NotificationMessage. Version field, and:
 - If the value of the *NotificationMessage*.**Version** field is 0x01, the *NotificationMessage*.**Data** field MUST be interpreted as an array of instances of <u>Notification Update</u> (section 2.2.6). The number of instances is determined by the value of the *NotificationMessage*.**NumberOfUpdateNotifications** field. For receiving a change notification message version 0x01, see section 3.2.5.1.
 - Otherwise, if the value of the NotificationMessage.Version field is 0x02, the NotificationMessage.Data field MUST be interpreted as an instance of Notification Body (section 2.2.5). For receiving a change notification message version 0x02, see section 3.2.5.2.

After a notification message is processed, another Dequeue Message event MUST be generated as specified in section 3.2.3. This process is repeated for the lifetime of the gueue manager.

3.2.5.1 Processing a Change Notification Message Version 0x01

For a Change Notification Message (section 2.2.4) with a **Version** field set to 0x01, NotificationMessage. Data is an array of Notification Updates (section 2.2.6). For each Notification **Update** in the array, the server MUST update the state of the queue or queue manager object referenced by the **PathName** field or the **GuidIdentifier** field.

To process the update, the server MUST perform the following steps for each **Notification Update** in the array:

- The queue manager MUST verify that the change notification **Message** ([MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.12) ADM element instance *rMessage* was authenticated, according to the following rules:
 - If rMessage.SenderIdentifierType does not equal QueueManagerIdentifier, the server MUST disregard the **Change Notification Message** and perform no further processing.
 - If rMessage. Authentication Level has a value of 0x0 (None), the server MUST disregard the Change Notification Message and perform no further processing.
- The object type (either a queue object or a queue manager object) in a **Notification Update** MUST be determined according to the following rules:
 - If the **Command** field is set to 0x00 (created) or 0x01 (updated), the server MUST perform the following actions:
 - If the value of **PropertyId[0]** is greater than 1,000, the object type MUST be set to (PropertyId[0] - 1,000) / 100.
 - If the value of **PropertyId[0]** is less than or equal to 1,000, the object type MUST be set to PropertyId[0] / 100.
 - If the object type does not equal 1 (a queue object) or 2 (a queue manager object), the server MUST disregard the Change Notification Message and perform no further processing.
- Once the object type is identified, the following actions MUST be performed:
 - If the **Command** field equals 0x00 (created) and object type is 1 (a queue object), the following processing rules MUST be performed:
 - Let newQueue be a new Queue ([MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.2) ADM element instance.
 - Raise a Set Queue Defaults ([MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.7.1.33) event with the following arguments:
 - iQueue := newQueue
 - Set the following ADM attributes on the **Queue** ADM element instance newQueue:
 - Type := PropertyValue[IndexOf(PROPID Q TYPE)]
 - Identifier := PropertyValue[IndexOf(PROPID_Q_INSTANCE)]
 - BasePriority := PropertyValue[IndexOf(PROPID_Q_BASEPRIORITY)]
 - Journaling := PropertyValue[IndexOf(PROPID Q JOURNAL)]
 - Quota := PropertyValue[IndexOf(PROPID_Q_QUOTA)]

- JournalQuota := PropertyValue[IndexOf(PROPID Q JOURNAL QUOTA)]
- CreateTime := PropertyValue[IndexOf(PROPID Q CREATE TIME)]
- ModifyTime := PropertyValue[IndexOf(PROPID_Q_MODIFY_TIME)]
- Security := PropertyValue[IndexOf(PROPID_Q_SECURITY)]
- PathName := PropertyValue[IndexOf(PROPID_Q_PATHNAME)]
- Label := PropertyValue[IndexOf(PROPID_Q_LABEL)]
- Authentication := PropertyValue [IndexOf(PROPID_Q_AUTHENTICATE)]
- PrivacyLevel := PropertyValue [IndexOf(PROPID_Q_PRIV_LEVEL)]
- Transactional := PropertyValue [IndexOf(PROPID_Q_TRANSACTION)]
- Scope := PropertyValue [IndexOf(PROPID_Q_SCOPE)]
- Raise a Create Queue ([MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.7.1.3) event with the following arguments:
 - iQueue := newQueue.
 - iSkipDirectory := True.
- If the **Command** field equals 0x01 (updated) and object type is 1 (a queue object), the following processing rules MUST be performed:
 - Update the corresponding ADM attributes in the Queue ADM element instance in the QueueCollection ADM attribute of the local QueueManager ([MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.1) ADM element instance with the following values:
 - BasePriority := PropertyValue[IndexOf(PROPID_Q_BASEPRIORITY)]
 - Journal := PropertyValue[IndexOf(PROPID_Q_JOURNAL)]
 - Quota := PropertyValue[IndexOf(PROPID_Q_QUOTA)]
 - JournalQuota := PropertyValue[IndexOf(PROPID_Q_JOURNAL_QUOTA)]
 - Security := PropertyValue[IndexOf(PROPID_Q_SECURITY)]
 - Authentication := PropertyValue[IndexOf(PROPID O AUTHENTICATE)]
 - PrivacyLevel := PropertyValue[IndexOf(PROPID_Q_PRIV_LEVEL)]

All other PROPIDs are not used, and they MUST be ignored.

- If the **Command** field equals 0x01 (updated) and object type is 2 (a queue manager object), the following processing rules MUST be performed:
 - Update the following ADM attributes of the local QueueManager ADM element instance with the following values:
 - QueueManagerQuota := PropertyValue[IndexOf(PROPID_QM_QUOTA)]
 - JournalQuota := PropertyValue[IndexOf(PROPID_QM_JOURNAL_QUOTA)]
 - Security := PropertyValue[IndexOf(PROPID_QM_SECURITY)]

All other PROPIDs are not used, and they MUST be ignored.

- If the Command field equals 0x02 (deleted), the object type MUST be set to the value of PropertyValue[1]. If the object type does not equal MQDS_QUEUE, the server MUST disregard the Change Notification Message and perform no further processing; otherwise, the following processing rules MUST be performed:
 - Raise a Delete Queue ([MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.7.1.4) event with the following arguments:
 - iQueue := A reference to the Queue ADM element instance from the QueueCollection ADM attribute of the local QueueManager ADM element instance whose identifier is equal to the GuidIdentifier field.
 - *iSkipDirectory* := **True**.

Section <u>3.2.1</u> specifies the abstract data model that can be used as a reference to maintain data specific to **Queue** and **QueueManager** ADM element instances in a queue manager that implements this protocol.

3.2.5.2 Processing a Change Notification Message Version 0x02

For a <u>Change Notification Message</u> (section 2.2.4) with a **Version** field set to 0x02, *NotificationMessage*.**Data** is a <u>Notification Body</u> (section 2.2.5). The server MUST update the state of the queue or machine object referenced by the GUID contained in **ObjectGuid**. If the value contained in **Event** indicates creation or update, the queue manager MUST request information from the directory service specified within **DomainController** for the updating process, as specified in [MS-MQDMPR].

The following actions MUST be performed upon the reception of a notification message:

- If Event is set to 1 (create queue), the following processing rules MUST be performed:
 - Raise a Read Directory ([MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.7.1.20) event with the following arguments:
 - iDirectoryObjectType := "Queue".
 - iFilter := "Identifier" EQUALS ObjectGuid
 - iAttributeList := {"Type", "Identifier", "BasePriority", "Journal", "Quota", "JournalQuota", "CreateTime", "ModifyTime", "Security", "Pathname", "Label", "Authentication", "PrivacyLevel", "Transactional", "MulticastAddress", "DirectoryPath"}
 - Raise a Create Oueue ([MS-MODMPR] section 3.1.7.1.3) event with the following arguments:
 - *iQueue* := A copy of the **Queue** ([MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.2) ADM element instance returned by the Read Directory event.
 - iSkipDirectory := True.
- If Event is set to 2 (change queue), the following processing rules MUST be performed:
 - Raise a Read Directory event with the following arguments:
 - iDirectoryObjectType := "Queue".
 - iFilter := "Identifier" EQUALS ObjectGuid
 - iAttributeList := {"Type", "Identifier", "BasePriority", "Journal", "Quota", "JournalQuota", "CreateTime", "ModifyTime", "Security", "Pathname", "Label", "Authentication", "PrivacyLevel", "Transactional", "MulticastAddress", "DirectoryPath"}

- Update the corresponding Queue ADM element instance in the QueueCollection ADM attribute of the local QueueManager ([MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.1) ADM element instance with the Queue ADM element instance returned by the Read Directory event.
- If Event is set to 3 (delete queue), the following processing rules MUST be performed:
 - Raise a Delete Queue ([MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.7.1.4) event with the following arguments:
 - iQueue := A reference to the Queue ADM element instance rQueue in the QueueCollection ADM attribute of the local QueueManager ADM element instance, where rQueue.Identifier is equal to ObjectGuid.
 - iSkipDirectory := True.
- If Event is set to 4 (change queue manager), the following processing rules MUST be performed:
 - Raise a Read Directory event with the following arguments:
 - iDirectoryObjectType := "QueueManager".
 - *iFilter* := "Identifier" EQUALS **ObjectGuid**
 - iAttributeList := {"QueueManagerQuota", "JournalQuota", "Security"}
 - Update the local QueueManager ADM element instance with the QueueManager ADM element instance returned by the Read Directory event.

Section <u>3.2.1</u> describes the abstract model that can be used as a reference to maintain data specific to the **Queue** and **QueueManager** ADM elements in a queue manager that implements this protocol.

3.2.6 Timer Events

There are no timer events.

3.2.7 Other Local Events

There are no other local events.

3.3 MQCN Client Details

3.3.1 Abstract Data Model

This section describes a conceptual model of possible data organization that an implementation maintains to participate in this protocol. The described organization is provided to facilitate the explanation of how the protocol behaves. This document does not mandate that implementations adhere to this model as long as their external behavior is consistent with that described in this document.

The abstract data model for this protocol comprises abstract data model (ADM) elements that are private to this protocol and others that are shared between multiple MSMQ protocols that are collocated at a common queue manager. The shared abstract data model is defined in [MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1, and the relationship between this protocol, a queue manager, and other protocols that share a common queue manager is described in [MS-MQOD].

Section <u>3.3.1.1</u> references the ADM elements from the shared abstract data model that are manipulated by this protocol.

3.3.1.1 Shared Data Elements

The server side of this protocol manipulates the shared ADM elements listed in section 3.1.1.1. In addition, this protocol manipulates the following ADM elements from the shared abstract data model defined in [MS-MODMPR] section 3.1.1.

OutgoingQueue: ([MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.3).

3.3.2 Timers

None.

3.3.3 Initialization

The implementation of the client side of MOCN SHOULD open the **OutgoingQueue** ADM element to send change notification messages. This gueue MUST be opened by raising an Open Queue (IMS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.7.1.5) event with the following arguments:

- *iFormatName* := **OutgoingQueue** with the following ADM attribute values:
 - **DestinationFormatName** := NOTIFY_QUEUE_PRIVATE as defined in section <u>1.9</u>.
 - **NextHops** := Empty string.
- *iRequiredAccess* := **SendAccess**.
- *iSharedMode* := **DenyNone**.

This event returns rStatus and rOpenQueueDescriptor. If rStatus is MQ OK, the value of rOpenQueueDescriptor is assigned to openNotifyQueueDescriptor to be used when enqueuing messages to this queue; otherwise, this protocol cannot work correctly.

3.3.4 Higher-Layer Triggered Events

The operation of this protocol is initiated and subsequently driven by the following higher-layer triggered event:

Send Change Notification (section 3.3.4.1).

3.3.4.1 Send Change Notification

This event MUST be generated with the following arguments:

- iOperation: An enumeration identifying the subject of the notification. Valid values are QueueCreation, QueueUpdate, QueueDeletion, and QueueManagerUpdate.
- iDirectoryObject: A reference to a Queue ([MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.2) ADM element instance or a QueueManager ([MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.1) ADM element instance.

Return Values:

None.

The following actions MUST be performed to process this event:

- Prepare a Change Notification Message (section 2.2.4) with a Version field value of 0x01 or 0x02.<9>
 - For a **Version** field value of 0x02, use the rules specified in section 3.3.5.1.

- For a Version field value of 0x01, use the rules specified in section 3.3.5.2.
- Send the prepared Change Notification Message following the rules specified in section 3.3.5.3.

3.3.5 Processing Events and Sequencing Rules

3.3.5.1 Preparing a Change Notification Message Version 0x02

The queue manager MUST create a <u>Change Notification Message (section 2.2.4)</u> containing a Notification Body (section 2.2.5).

The **Notification Body** MUST be set to a Unicode string in the format specified by the ABNF rule in section 2.2.5. The **Event** token MUST contain 1 to indicate that a queue object was created; or 2 to indicate that a queue object was changed; or 3 to indicate that a queue object was deleted; or 4 to indicate that a machine object was changed. The **ObjectGuid** token MUST contain the GUID of the queue or the machine object that was changed. The **DomainController** token MUST contain the directory service name where the queue or a machine object was changed.

The **Change Notification Message** MUST be created as follows: The **Version** field MUST be set to 0x02. The **NumberOfUpdateNotifications** field MUST be set to 0x01 to indicate that there is only one update notification in the notification message. A queue manager MUST send only one notification message at a time. The **Data** field MUST be filled with the **Notification Body** instance created as specified in this section.

Finally, the **Change Notification Message** MUST be included within a **Message** ([MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.12) ADM element instance and MUST be sent through MSMQ to the destination queue manager, as specified in section 3.3.5.3.

3.3.5.2 Preparing a Change Notification Message Version 0x01

The directory service MUST create a <u>Change Notification Message (section 2.2.4)</u> that includes Notification Updates (section 2.2.6) as follows:

- The **Command** field MUST be set to 0x00 to indicate that a queue object was created in the directory service; or it MUST be set to 0x01 to indicate that a queue or machine object was updated; or it MUST be set to 0x02 to indicate that a queue object was deleted.
- The UseGuid field MUST be set to 0x00 if the Command field is set to 0x00 to indicate that the PathName field is being used. For other values of the Command field, the UseGuid field MUST be set to 0x01 to indicate that the GuidIdentifier field is being used.
- The **PathName** field MUST be set to a null-terminated value if the **UseGuid** field is set to 0x00 and MUST be omitted if the **UseGuid** field is set to 0x01.
- If the **UseGuid** field is set to 0x01, the **GuidIdentifier** field MUST be set to the GUID of either the queue object or the machine object that was changed.
- The **GuidMasterId** field MUST be set to the GUID of the directory service that originated the change notification message.
- The NumberOfProperties field MUST be set to the number of properties contained within each Notification Update.
- The **PropertyId** array field MUST be filled with property identifiers, and its number of elements MUST be equal to the **NumberOfProperties** field. The set of property identifiers varies as follows:
 - If the Command field is set to 0x00 (created) and the created object is a queue object, the following property identifiers MUST be included within the PropertyId array field in any order:

- PROPID_Q_TYPE (<u>[MS-MQMQ]</u> section 2.3.1.2)
- PROPID_Q_INSTANCE ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.1.1)
- PROPID_Q_BASEPRIORITY ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.1.6)
- PROPID_Q_JOURNAL ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.1.4)
- PROPID Q QUOTA ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.1.5)
- PROPID_Q_JOURNAL_QUOTA ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.1.7)
- PROPID_Q_CREATE_TIME ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.1.9)
- PROPID_Q_MODIFY_TIME ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.1.10
- PROPID_Q_SCOPE ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.1.14)
- PROPID_Q_SECURITY ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.1.25)
- PROPID_Q_PATHNAME ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.1.3)
- PROPID_Q_LABEL ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.1.8)
- PROPID_Q_AUTHENTICATE ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.1.11)
- PROPID_Q_PRIV_LEVEL ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.1.12)
- PROPID_Q_TRANSACTION ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.1.13)
- This property MUST NOT be included. The receiving queue manager MUST ignore this property if received:
- PROPID_Q_ADS_PATH ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.1.24)
- If the **Command** field is set to 0x01 (updated) and the modified object is a queue object, the following property MUST be included within the **PropertyId** array field:
 - PROPID Q QMID ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.1.15)
 - The rest of the **PropertyId** array field MUST be filled with the identifiers of the properties that were modified for the queue object specified in the **GuidIdentifier** field.
 - These properties can be modified:
 - PROPID_Q_JOURNAL ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.1.4)
 - PROPID_Q_QUOTA
 - PROPID Q BASEPRIORITY
 - PROPID_Q_JOURNAL_QUOTA
 - PROPID Q SECURITY
 - PROPID_Q_AUTHENTICATE
 - PROPID_Q_PRIV_LEVEL
- If the **Command** field is set to 0x01 (updated) and the modified object is a machine object, the following properties MUST be included within the **PropertyId** array field in any order:
 - PROPID_QM_MACHINE_ID ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.2.2)

- PROPID QM FOREIGN ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.2.18)
- The rest of the **PropertyId** array field MUST be filled with the identifiers of the properties
 that were modified for the machine object specified in the **GuidIdentifier** field.
- These properties can be modified:
- PROPID_QM_QUOTA ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.2.10)
- PROPID_QM_JOURNAL_QUOTA ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.2.14)
- PROPID_QM_SECURITY ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.2.36)
- The following properties can be included but are ignored on the Server side of this protocol.
 - PROPID_QM_ADDRESS ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.2.5)
 - PROPID_QM_CNS ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.2.6
 - PROPID_QM_MACHINE_TYPE ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.2.15)
 - PROPID_QM_OS ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.2.19)
- If the Command field is set to 0x02 (deleted) and the modified object is a queue object, the PropertyId array field MUST be filled as follows:
 - PropertyId[0] = PROPID_D_SCOPE ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.13.3)
 - PropertyId[1] = PROPID_D_OBJTYPE ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.13.4)
- Each PropertyValue array field element MUST be filled according to the rules specified in this document and in [MS-MQMQ] for the value of the corresponding PropertyId array field element. In addition, the following PropertyValue array field elements MUST be set according to the following rules:
 - If the **Command** field is set to 0x02 (deleted) and the modified object is a queue object, the **PropertyValue** array field elements MUST be filled as follows:
 - PropertyValue[0] = MQDS_ENTERPRISESCOPE ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.13.3)
 - PropertyValue[1] = MODS QUEUE ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.13.4)

The **Change Notification Message** MUST be created as follows. The **Version** field MUST be set to 0x01. The **NumberOfUpdateNotifications** field MUST be set to the number of **Notification Update** instances to be included in the **Data** field. A directory service can send more than one notification message at a time. The **Data** field MUST be filled with the **Notification Update** instances that MUST be created as specified in this section.

Finally, the **Change Notification Message** MUST be included within a **Message** ([MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.12) ADM element instance and MUST be sent through MSMQ to the destination queue manager, as specified in section 3.3.5.3.

3.3.5.3 Sending a Change Notification Message

The <u>Change Notification Message (section 2.2.4)</u> MUST be sent within a **Message** (<u>[MS-MQDMPR]</u> section 3.1.1.12) ADM element instance through MSMQ to the destination queue manager. This section specifies the values that MUST be set that are specific to notification messages.

The sender MUST perform the following actions to process this event:

- Create a **Message** ADM element instance *rMessage* with the following ADM attributes:
 - TimeToReachQueue := 300 seconds
 - DeliveryGuarantee := Express
 - Class := Normal
 - HashAlgorithm := the default value required by the MSMQ version.
 - AuthenticationLevel := Sig20<13>
 - The sender MUST create a buffer of bytes of the size of the Change Notification Message plus 1. This additional byte is unused and MUST NOT affect the behavior of this protocol. The Change Notification Message MUST be included at the beginning of the created buffer, which MUST be assigned to rMessage.Body.
 - If the **Version** field of the **Change Notification Message** is 0x01, the sender MUST perform the following actions:
 - Set rMessage.SenderIdentifier to the Identifier ADM attribute of the QueueManager ADM element instance referenced by the iDirectoryObject input argument to the <u>Send</u> <u>Change Notification (section 3.3.4.1)</u> event.
 - Set rMessage.SenderIdentifierType to QueueManagerIdentifier.
- Once *rMessage* is prepared, the implementation of this protocol MUST generate an Enqueue Message ([MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.7.1.9) event with the following arguments:
 - iQueue := openNotifyQueueDescriptor.QueueReference, where openNotifyQueueDescriptor references the OpenQueueDescriptor ([MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.16) ADM element instance created during the initialization phase in section 3.3.3.
 - *iMessage* := *rMessage*

3.3.6 Timer Events

None.

3.3.7 Other Local Events

None.

Protocol Examples

4.1 Management Client Update Profile

This example describes how an application can create a **public queue** on a remote queue manager. The application profile consists of the MSMO Directory Service and two MSMO management servers. Both MSMO management servers can access the MSMO Directory Service. The following steps show how an application can create a public queue on a remote machine.

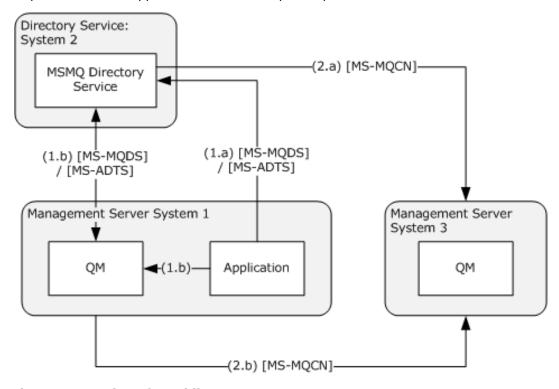


Figure 1: Creation of a public queue on a remote queue manager

- 1. An application on System 1 requests that a public queue be created on System 3. Microsoft Message Queuing (MSMQ) first notifies the MSMQ Directory Service and updates it by creating a queue object. This update can happen in two ways:
 - This request can be made directly through the MSMO runtime. This communication is facilitated over the Message Queuing (MSMQ): Directory Service Protocol [MS-MQDS] for MSMO Version 1 and over **Active Directory**, as specified in [MS-ADTS], for MSMO Version 2, onward.
 - If the runtime is unable to create the object, the request is handed to the local queue manager. In this case, the queue manager on System 1 updates the MSMQ Directory Service using the Message Queuing (MSMQ): Directory Service Protocol or Active Directory.
- 2. The actual creation of the public queue is handled via the queue manager on System 3. The queue manager is notified via the Message Queuing (MSMQ): Directory Service Change Notification Protocol; however, the initiation of this protocol depends on the version of MSMO and the directory service.
 - If MSMQ Version 1.0 directory service is running, the MSMQ Directory Service informs the queue manager via the MSMQ: Directory Service Change Notification Protocol, as shown in arrow 2.a.

•	If Active Directory is used, the queue manager on System 1 informs the queue manager System 3 via the MSMQ: Directory Service Change Notification Protocol, as shown in a 2.b.	er on rrow
		35 / 43

5 Security

5.1 Security Considerations for Implementers

This protocol MAY allow denial-of-service (DoS) attacks to the server. An implementation of this protocol SHOULD develop mechanisms to prevent such attacks. One of these mechanisms MAY be to process notifications only every few minutes. <14>

5.2 Index of Security Parameters

None.

6 Appendix A: Product Behavior

The information in this specification is applicable to the following Microsoft products or supplemental software. References to product versions include released service packs.

Note: Some of the information in this section is subject to change because it applies to an unreleased, preliminary version of the Windows Server operating system, and thus may differ from the final version of the server software when released. All behavior notes that pertain to the unreleased, preliminary version of the Windows Server operating system contain specific references to Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview as an aid to the reader.

- Windows NT operating system
- Windows 2000 operating system
- Windows XP operating system
- Windows Server 2003 operating system
- Windows Vista operating system
- Windows Server 2008 operating system
- Windows 7 operating system
- Windows Server 2008 R2 operating system
- Windows 8 operating system
- Windows Server 2012 operating system
- Windows 8.1 operating system
- Windows Server 2012 R2 operating system
- Windows 10 operating system
- Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview operating system

Exceptions, if any, are noted below. If a service pack or Quick Fix Engineering (QFE) number appears with the product version, behavior changed in that service pack or QFE. The new behavior also applies to subsequent service packs of the product unless otherwise specified. If a product edition appears with the product version, behavior is different in that product edition.

Unless otherwise specified, any statement of optional behavior in this specification that is prescribed using the terms SHOULD or SHOULD NOT implies product behavior in accordance with the SHOULD or SHOULD NOT prescription. Unless otherwise specified, the term MAY implies that the product does not follow the prescription.

<1> Section 1.6: On Windows NT and Windows 2000, the MSMQ Directory Service notifies the destination queue manager via the MSMQ: Directory Service Change Notification Protocol. Otherwise, on Windows XP, Windows Server 2003, Windows Vista, Windows Server 2008, Windows 7, Windows Server 2008 R2 operating system, Windows 8, Windows Server 2012, Windows 8.1, Windows Server 2012 R2, Windows 10, and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview, the local queue manager notifies the destination queue manager via the MSMQ: Directory Service Change Notification Protocol. If an MSMQ routing server is enabled, the path that the message takes between the local queue manager and the destination queue manager can be altered, as indicated in [MS-MQBR].

<2> Section 1.6: On Windows NT and Windows 2000, the MSMQ Directory Service notifies the destination queue manager via the MSMQ: Directory Service Change Notification Protocol. Otherwise,

on Windows XP, Windows Server 2003, Windows Vista, Windows Server 2008, Windows 7, Windows Server 2008 R2, Windows 8, Windows Server 2012, Windows 8.1, Windows Server 2012 R2, Windows 10, and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview, the local queue manager notifies the destination queue manager via the MSMQ: Directory Service Change Notification Protocol. If an MSMQ routing server is enabled, the path that the message takes between the local queue manager and the destination queue manager can be altered, as indicated in [MS-MQBR].

<3> Section 1.6: On Windows NT and Windows 2000, queue managers process notification messages as soon as they arrive. In contrast, on Windows XP, Windows Server 2003, Windows Vista, Windows Server 2008, Windows 7, Windows Server 2008 R2, Windows 8, Windows Server 2012, Windows 8.1, Windows Server 2012 R2, Windows 10, and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview, notification messages are delayed by up to 15 minutes to prevent denial-of-service attacks. If the last change notification message was processed more than 14 minutes ago, the queue manager sets a timer for one minute and waits for additional change notification messages to arrive. If the last change notification message was processed 14 or less minutes ago, the timer is set for the remainder of the 15 minutes instead of one minute. When the timer expires, the queue manager processes all received change notification messages. If 100 or more change notification messages arrive while the queue manager is waiting for the timer to expire, it ignores the messages and instead updates the state of all the public queue objects that it owns with the state of those objects that is stored in the directory service (as described in section 3.2.5.2 for a change queue event) when the timer expires.

<4> Section 1.7: On Windows NT and Windows 2000, queue managers process messages only from the directory service. Other messages are ignored. On Windows XP, Windows Server 2003, Windows Vista, Windows Server 2008, Windows 7, Windows Server 2008 R2, Windows 8, Windows Server 2012, Windows 8.1, Windows Server 2012 R2, Windows 10, and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview, queue managers process messages either from the directory service or from queue managers. Other messages are ignored.

<5> Section 2.2.4: On Windows NT and Windows 2000, the MSMQ Directory Service notifies the destination queue manager via the MSMQ: Directory Service Change Notification Protocol. Otherwise, on Windows XP, Windows Server 2003, Windows Vista, Windows Server 2008, Windows 7, Windows Server 2008 R2, Windows 8, Windows Server 2012, Windows 8.1, Windows Server 2012 R2, Windows 10, and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview, the local queue manager notifies the destination queue manager via the MSMQ: Directory Service Change Notification Protocol. If an MSMQ routing server is enabled, the path that the message takes between the local queue manager and the destination queue manager can be altered, as indicated in [MS-MQBR].

<a><s> Section 2.3: For Windows NT and Windows 2000, this protocol uses the Message Queuing (MSMQ): Directory Service Protocol [MS-MQDS].

<7> Section 2.3: For the Message Queuing (MSMQ): Directory Service Protocol [MS-MQDS], the Directory Service schema elements are described in [MS-MQDS] sections 2.2.10 and 3.1.4.21.1 through 3.1.4.21.4.

<8> Section 3.2.3: On Windows Vista, Windows Server 2008, Windows 7, Windows Server 2008 R2, Windows 8, Windows Server 2012, Windows 8.1, Windows Server 2012 R2, Windows 10, and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview, when a queue manager is running in workgroup mode, the notification queue is not created, and the protocol is not initialized.

<9> Section 3.3.4.1: On Windows NT and Windows 2000, the MSMQ Directory Service notifies the destination queue manager via the MSMQ: Directory Service Change Notification Protocol. Otherwise, on Windows XP, Windows Server 2003, Windows Vista, Windows Server 2008, Windows 7, Windows Server 2008 R2, Windows 8, Windows Server 2012, Windows 8.1, Windows Server 2012 R2, Windows 10, and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview, the local queue manager notifies the destination queue manager via the MSMQ: Directory Service Change Notification Protocol. If an MSMQ routing server is enabled, the path that the message takes between the local queue manager and the destination queue manager can be altered, as described in the Binary Reliable Message Routing Algorithm [MS-MQBR].

<10> Section 3.3.5.1: On all Windows versions, if a message is received and the value of the **Event** token is not 1, 2, 3, or 4, the message is ignored.

<11> Section 3.3.5.2: For a Change Notification Message (section 2.2.4) with a **Version** field set to 0x01, the Windows implementation of the Client side of MQCN sends additional properties that are ignored by the Server side of MQCN. This action is performed because the Windows implementation takes the data structure used in the directory service and passes it as is, without removing the additional or unnecessary properties.

<12> Section 3.3.5.3: MSMQ versions 1 and 2 use MD5, as specified in [RFC1321]; versions 2 and 4 use SHA1, as specified in [RFC3110].

<13> Section 3.3.5.3: MSMQ version 1 sets this value to Sig10.

<14> Section 5.1: On Windows NT and Windows 2000, queue managers process notification messages as soon as they arrive. In contrast, on Windows XP, Windows Server 2003, Windows Vista, Windows Server 2008, Windows 7, Windows Server 2008 R2, Windows 8, Windows Server 2012, Windows 8.1, Windows Server 2012 R2, Windows 10, and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview, notification messages are delayed by up to 15 minutes to prevent denial-of-service attacks. If the last change notification message was processed more than 14 minutes ago, the queue manager sets a timer for 1 minute and waits for additional change notification messages to arrive. When the timer expires, the queue manager processes all received change notification messages and clears the timer. If 100 or more change notification messages arrive while the queue manager is waiting for the timer to expire, it ignores the messages and instead refreshes all public queues when the timer expires. If the last change notification message was processed 14 or fewer minutes ago, the timer is set for the remainder of the 15 minutes instead of 1 minute.

7 Change Tracking

This section identifies changes that were made to this document since the last release. Changes are classified as New, Major, Minor, Editorial, or No change.

The revision class **New** means that a new document is being released.

The revision class **Major** means that the technical content in the document was significantly revised. Major changes affect protocol interoperability or implementation. Examples of major changes are:

- A document revision that incorporates changes to interoperability requirements or functionality.
- The removal of a document from the documentation set.

The revision class **Minor** means that the meaning of the technical content was clarified. Minor changes do not affect protocol interoperability or implementation. Examples of minor changes are updates to clarify ambiguity at the sentence, paragraph, or table level.

The revision class **Editorial** means that the formatting in the technical content was changed. Editorial changes apply to grammatical, formatting, and style issues.

The revision class **No change** means that no new technical changes were introduced. Minor editorial and formatting changes may have been made, but the technical content of the document is identical to the last released version.

Major and minor changes can be described further using the following change types:

- New content added.
- Content updated.
- Content removed.
- New product behavior note added.
- Product behavior note updated.
- Product behavior note removed.
- New protocol syntax added.
- Protocol syntax updated.
- Protocol syntax removed.
- New content added due to protocol revision.
- Content updated due to protocol revision.
- Content removed due to protocol revision.
- New protocol syntax added due to protocol revision.
- Protocol syntax updated due to protocol revision.
- Protocol syntax removed due to protocol revision.
- Obsolete document removed.

Release: June 30, 2015

Editorial changes are always classified with the change type **Editorially updated**.

Some important terms used in the change type descriptions are defined as follows:

- **Protocol syntax** refers to data elements (such as packets, structures, enumerations, and methods) as well as interfaces.
- **Protocol revision** refers to changes made to a protocol that affect the bits that are sent over the wire.

The changes made to this document are listed in the following table. For more information, please contact dochelp@microsoft.com.

Section	Tracking number (if applicable) and description	Major change (Y or N)	Change type
6 Appendix A: Product Behavior	Added Windows 10 to applicability list.	Υ	Content update.
6 Appendix A: Product Behavior	Updated the product behavior notes to include the Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview operating system.	Υ	Product behavior note updated.

8 Index

A	Glossary 6 GUID 11
Abstract data model client (section 3.1.1 21, section 3.3.1 28)	GUID message 11
server 23 local data elements 23 overview (section 3.1.1 21, section 3.2.1 23)	Н
shared data elements 23 Applicability 10	Higher-layer triggered events <u>client</u> 29 <u>server</u> 24
c	
	I
Capability negotiation 10 Change Notification Message message 17 Change tracking 40 Client abstract data model (section 3.1.1 21, section	Implementer - security considerations 36 Index of security parameters 36 Informative references 9 Initialization
3.3.1 28) higher-layer triggered events 29 initialization 29 local events 33 message processing (section 3.1.5 23, section	client 29 server 24 Introduction 6
3.3.5 30) other local events 33 sequencing rules (section 3.1.5 23, section 3.3.5	L
30) timer events 33 timers 29	Local data elements - server 23 Local events client 33 server 28
D	
	М
Data elements mapping 21 Data model - abstract client (section 3.1.1 21, section 3.3.1 28) server 23 local data elements 23 overview (section 3.1.1 21, section 3.2.1 23) shared data elements 23	Management client update profile example 34 Mapping data elements 21 queue attributes 22 queue manager attributes 21 Message processing
<u>Directory service schema elements</u> 20	client (section 3.1.5 23, section 3.3.5 30) server (section 3.1.5 23, section 3.2.5 24)
Elements - directory service schema 20	Messages <u>Change Notification Message</u> 17 <u>GUID</u> 11 <u>Notification Body</u> 17 Notification Update 18
Example - management client update profile 34 F	PROPID 11 PROPVALUE 12 syntax GUID 11
<u>Fields - vendor-extensible</u> 10	notification body 17 overview 11 PROPVALUE 12 transport 11
G	N
	N

Normative references 8 Notification body 17 Notification Body message 17 Notification Update message 18 Notification Header packet 17 Notification Update packet 18 O Other local events client 33 server 28 Overview (synopsis) 9	local events 28 message processing (section 3.1.5 23, section 3.2.5 24) other local events 28 sequencing rules (section 3.1.5 23, section 3.2.5 24) timer events 28 timers 24 Shared data elements client 29 server 23 Standards assignments 10 Syntax GUID 11 notification body 17 overview 11 PROPVALUE 12
P	-
Parameters - security index 36 Preconditions 10 Prerequisites 10 Product behavior 37 PROPID constants 11 PROPID message 11 PROPID packet 11 PROPVALUE 12 PROPVALUE 12 PROPVALUE message 12	Timer events client 33 server 28 Timers client 29 server 24 Tracking changes 40 Transport 11 Triggered events - higher-layer client 29 server 24
Queue attributes mapping 22 Queue manager attributes mapping 21	V
References 8 informative 9 normative 8 Relationship to other protocols 9	Vendor-extensible fields 10 Versioning 10 VT BLOB packet 15 VT BOOL packet 13 VT CLSID packet 16 VT CLSID VT VECTOR packet 16 VT I1 packet 13 VT I2 packet 13 VT I4 packet 13 VT I8 packet 14 VT LPWSTR packet 15 VT LPWSTR VT VECTOR packet 16
Schema elements - directory service 20 Security implementer considerations 36 parameter index 36 Sequencing rules client (section 3.1.5 23, section 3.3.5 30) server (section 3.1.5 23, section 3.2.5 24) Server abstract data model 23 local data elements 23 overview (section 3.1.1 21, section 3.2.1 23) shared data elements 23 higher-layer triggered events 24 initialization 24	VT UI1 packet 14 VT UI2 packet 14 VT UI4 packet 14 VT UI4 VT VECTOR packet 16 VT UI8 packet 15