

[MS-FSA-Diff]:

File System Algorithms

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1 Introduction

This document defines an abstract model for how an object store can be implemented to support the Common Internet File System (CIFS) Protocol, the Server Message Block (SMB) Protocol, and the Server Message Block (SMB) Protocol versions 2 and 3 (described in [MS-CIFS], [MS-SMB] and [MS-SMB2], respectively).

Sections 1.6 and 2 of this specification are normative. All other sections and examples in this specification are informative.

1.1 Glossary

This document uses the following terms:

Alternate Data Stream: A named data stream that is part of a file or directory, which can be opened independently of the default data stream. Many operations on an alternate data stream affect only that stream and not other streams or the file or directory as a whole.

backup: The process of copying data to another storage location for safe keeping. This data can then be used to restore lost information in case of an equipment failure or catastrophic event.

cluster: The smallest allocation unit on a volume.

compression unit: A segment of a stream that the object store can compress, encrypt, or make sparse independently of other segments of the same stream.

Default Data Stream: The unnamed data stream in a non-directory file. Many operations on a default data stream affect the file as a whole.

globally unique identifier (GUID): A term used interchangeably with universally unique identifier (UUID) in Microsoft protocol technical documents (TDs). Interchanging the usage of these terms does not imply or require a specific algorithm or mechanism to generate the value. Specifically, the use of this term does not imply or require that the algorithms described in [RFC4122] or [C706] must be used for generating the GUID. See also universally unique identifier (UUID).

logical cluster number (LCN): The cluster number relative to the beginning of the volume. The first cluster on a volume is zero (0).

mount point: See mounted folder.

reparse point: An attribute that can be added to a file to store a collection of user-defined data that is opaque to NTFS or ReFS. If a file that has a reparse point is opened, the open will normally fail with STATUS_REPARSE, so that the relevant file system filter driver can detect the open of a file associated with (owned by) this reparse point. At that point, each installed filter driver can check to see if it is the owner of the reparse point, and, if so, perform any special processing required for a file with that reparse point. The format of this data is understood by the application that stores the data and the file system filter that interprets the data and processes the file. For example, an encryption filter that is marked as the owner of a file's reparse point could look up the encryption key for that file. A file can have (at most) 1 reparse point associated with it. For more information, see [MS-FSCC].

Restore: The act of copying data (usually files) back to its original storage location from some other storage media after some form of data loss.

security identifier (SID): An identifier for security principals that is used to identify an account or a group. Conceptually, the SID is composed of an account authority portion (typically a domain) and a smaller integer representing an identity relative to the account authority, termed

the relative identifier (RID). The SID format is specified in [MS-DTYP] section 2.4.2; a string representation of SIDs is specified in [MS-DTYP] section 2.4.2 and [MS-AZOD] section 1.1.1.2.

server: A computer on which the remote procedure call (RPC) server is executing.

Software Defect Management: A mechanism for the object store to manage and remap defective blocks on removable rewritable media (such as CD-RW, DVD-RW, and DVD+RW). Only the UDFS file system supports Software Defect Management.

symbolic link: A symbolic link is a reparse point that points to another file system object. The object being pointed to is called the target. Symbolic links are transparent to users; the links appear as normal files or directories, and can be acted upon by the user or application in exactly the same manner. Symbolic links can be created using the FSCTL_SET_REPARSE_POINT request as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.61. They can be deleted using the FSCTL_DELETE_REPARSE_POINT request as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.5. Implementing symbolic links is optional for a file system.

Unicode: A character encoding standard developed by the Unicode Consortium that represents almost all of the written languages of the world. The Unicode standard [UNICODE5.0.0/2007] provides three forms (UTF-8, UTF-16, and UTF-32) and seven schemes (UTF-8, UTF-16, UTF-16 BE, UTF-16 LE, UTF-32, UTF-32 LE, and UTF-32 BE).

virtual cluster number (VCN): The cluster number relative to the beginning of the file, directory, or stream within a file. The cluster describing byte 0 in a file is VCN 0.

volume: A group of one or more partitions that forms a logical region of storage and the basis for a file system. A volume is an area on a storage device that is managed by the file system as a discrete logical storage unit. A partition contains at least one volume, and a volume can exist on one or more partitions.

MAY, SHOULD, MUST, SHOULD NOT, MUST NOT: These terms (in all caps) are used as defined in [RFC2119]. All statements of optional behavior use either MAY, SHOULD, or SHOULD NOT.

1.2 References

Links to a document in the Microsoft Open Specifications library point to the correct section in the most recently published version of the referenced document. However, because individual documents in the library are not updated at the same time, the section numbers in the documents may not match. You can confirm the correct section numbering by checking the Errata.

1.2.1 Normative References

We conduct frequent surveys of the normative references to assure their continued availability. If you have any issue with finding a normative reference, please contact dochelp@microsoft.com. We will assist you in finding the relevant information.

[MS-DTYP] Microsoft Corporation, "Windows Data Types".

[MS-EFSR] Microsoft Corporation, "Encrypting File System Remote (EFSRPC) Protocol".

[MS-ERREF] Microsoft Corporation, "Windows Error Codes".

[MS-FSCC] Microsoft Corporation, "File System Control Codes".

[MS-LSAD] Microsoft Corporation, "Local Security Authority (Domain Policy) Remote Protocol".

[RFC2119] Bradner, S., "Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels", BCP 14, RFC 2119, March 1997, <http://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc2119.txt>

[RFC4122] Leach, P., Mealling, M., and Salz, R., "A Universally Unique Identifier (UUID) URN Namespace", RFC 4122, July 2005, <http://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc4122.txt>

1.2.2 Informative References

[FSBO] Microsoft Corporation, "File System Behavior in the Microsoft Windows Environment", June 2008, <http://download.microsoft.com/download/4/3/8/43889780-8d45-4b2e-9d3a-c696a890309f/File%20System%20Behavior%20Overview.pdf>

[INCITS-T10/11-059] INCITS, "T10 specification 11-059", <http://www.t10.org/cgi-bin/ac.pl?t=d&f=11-059r9.pdf>

[MS-AUTHSOD] Microsoft Corporation, "Authentication Services Protocols Overview".

[MS-CIFS] Microsoft Corporation, "Common Internet File System (CIFS) Protocol".

[MS-SMB2] Microsoft Corporation, "Server Message Block (SMB) Protocol Versions 2 and 3".

[MS-SMB] Microsoft Corporation, "Server Message Block (SMB) Protocol".

1.3 Overview

None.

1.4 Relationship to Other Protocols

This is an algorithms document describing wire-visible behavior of a backing object store that is referenced by the following protocol documents:

- The Common Internet File System (CIFS) Protocol Specification [MS-CIFS]
- The Server Message Block (SMB) Protocol Specification [MS-SMB]
- The Server Message Block (SMB) Versions 2 and 3 Protocol Specification [MS-SMB2]

1.5 Applicability Statement

None.

1.6 Standards Assignments

None.

1.7 Versioning and Capability Negotiation

None.

1.8 Vendor-Extensible Fields

This algorithm uses NTSTATUS values as defined in [MS-ERREF] section 2.3. Vendors are free to choose their own values for this field, as long as the C bit (0x20000000) is set, indicating it is a customer code.

2 Algorithm Details

2.1 Object Store Details

2.1.1 Abstract Data Model

This section describes a conceptual model of possible data organization that an implementation maintains to participate in this algorithm. The described organization is provided to facilitate the explanation of how the algorithm behaves. This document does not mandate that implementations adhere to this model as long as their external behavior is consistent with that described in this document.

The following abstract object types are defined in this document:

Volume

TunnelCacheEntry

File

Link

Stream

Open

ByteRangeLock

ChangeNotifyEntry

NotifyEventEntry

Oplock

RHOpContext

CancelableOperations

SecurityContext

The following shorthand forms are also used:

DataFile: A **File** object with a FileType of DataFile.

DirectoryFile: A **File** object with a FileType of DirectoryFile.

ViewIndexFile: A **File** object with a FileType of ViewIndexFile.

DataStream: A **Stream** object with a StreamType of DataStream.

DirectoryStream: A **Stream** object with a StreamType of DirectoryStream.

ViewIndexStream: A **Stream** object with a StreamType of ViewIndexStream.

Plural forms of all these object types are also used.

2.1.1.1 Per Volume

The object store MUST implement the following persistent attributes:

- **RootDirectory:** The **DirectoryFile** for the root of this volume.
- **IsPhysicalRoot:** A Boolean that is TRUE if **RootDirectory** represents the root of the physical media format.
- **TotalSpace:** A 64-bit unsigned integer specifying the total size of the volume in bytes. This value MUST be a multiple of **ClusterSize**.
- **FreeSpace:** A 64-bit unsigned integer specifying the unallocated space of the volume in bytes. This value MUST be a multiple of **ClusterSize**.
- **ReservedSpace:** A 64-bit unsigned integer specifying the amount of free space of the volume in bytes that is reserved for implementation-specific use and not available to callers. This value MUST be a multiple of **ClusterSize** and MUST be less than or equal to **Volume.FreeSpace**.
- **IsReadOnly:** A Boolean that is TRUE if the volume is read-only and MUST NOT be modified; otherwise, the volume is both readable and writable.
- **IsQuotasSupported:** A Boolean that is TRUE if the physical media format for this volume supports Quotas.
- **IsObjectIDsSupported:** A Boolean that is TRUE if the physical media format for this volume supports ObjectIDs.
- **IsReparsePointsSupported:** A Boolean that is TRUE if the physical media format for this volume supports ReparsePoints.
- **VolumeLabel:** A 16-character Unicode string containing the name of the volume. An empty value is supported.
- **LogicalBytesPerSector:** A 32-bit unsigned integer specifying the size of a sector for this volume in bytes. **LogicalBytesPerSector** MUST be a power of two and MUST be greater than or equal to 512 and less than or equal to **Volume.SystemPageSize**.
- **ClusterSize:** A 32-bit unsigned integer specifying the size of a cluster for this volume in bytes. **ClusterSize** MUST be a power of two, and MUST be greater than or equal to **LogicalBytesPerSector** and a power-of-two multiple of **LogicalBytesPerSector**. <1>
- **PhysicalBytesPerSector:** A 32-bit unsigned integer specifying the size of a physical sector for this volume in bytes. **PhysicalBytesPerSector** MUST be a power of two, MUST be greater than or equal to 512 and less than or equal to **Volume.SystemPageSize**, and MUST be greater than or equal to **Volume.LogicalBytesPerSector**.
- **PartitionOffset:** A 64-bit unsigned integer specifying the byte offset used to align the partition to a physical sector boundary.
- **SystemPageSize:** A 32-bit unsigned integer specifying the size, in bytes, of a page of memory in the system. This value is architecture dependent. <2>
- **VolumeCreationTime:** The time the volume was formatted in the FILETIME format specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.1.
- **VolumeSerialNumber:** A 32-bit unsigned integer that contains a number, randomly generated at format time, to uniquely identify the volume.
- **VolumeCharacteristics:** A bit field identifying various characteristics about the current volume as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.5.10.
- **CompressionUnitSize:** A 32-bit unsigned integer specifying the compression unit size in bytes, which is the granularity used when compressing, encrypting, or sparsifying portions of a stream independent of other portions of the same stream. Not all file systems support these features, and

implementation of this field is optional. If one or more of these features are supported, the value of this field is implementation-defined but MUST be a power of two multiple of **ClusterSize**.<3>

- **CompressedChunkSize:** A 32-bit unsigned integer specifying the maximum size of each chunk in a compressed stream. Not all file systems support compression, and implementation of this field is optional. If compression is supported, the value of this field is implementation-defined but MUST be a power of two and MUST be less than or equal to **CompressionUnitSize**.<4>
- **ChecksumChunkSize:** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the size of each chunk in a stream that is configured with integrity. Not all file systems support integrity, and implementation of this field is optional.<5>
- **TunnelCacheList:** A list of zero or more **TunnelCacheEntry** structures as defined in section 2.1.1.2 providing metadata about recently deleted or renamed files. The list could be empty if the object store does not implement tunnel caching or if there are no recently deleted or renamed files on this volume.
- **ChangeNotifyList:** A list of zero or more **ChangeNotifyEntry** structures as defined in section 2.1.1.8 describing outstanding change notify requests for the volume.
- **GenerateShortNames:** A Boolean that is TRUE if short name creation support is enabled on this Volume. FALSE if short name creation is not supported on this Volume.
- **QuotaInformation:** A list of FILE_QUOTA_INFORMATION elements (as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.33) that track the total **Stream.AllocationSize** per SID where the **File.SecurityDescriptor.Owner** field is equal to the SID.<6>
- **DefaultQuotaThreshold:** A 64-bit signed integer that contains the default per-user disk quota warning threshold in bytes. Not all file systems support this field, and implementation of this field is optional.
- **DefaultQuotaLimit:** A 64-bit signed integer that contains the default per-user disk quota limit in bytes. Not all file systems support this field, and implementation of this field is optional.
- **VolumeQuotaState:** A bitmask of flags defining the current quota state on the volume as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.5.2 under FileSystemControlFlags. Not all file systems support this field, and implementation of this field is optional.
- **VolumeId:** A GUID as specified in [RFC4122]. This value MAY be NULL.
- **ExtendedInfo:** A 48-byte structure containing extended VolumeId information, as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.5.6.<7>
- **IsUsnJournalActive:** A Boolean that is TRUE if a USN change journal is active on the volume.<8>
- **LastUsn:** A 64-bit unsigned integer indicating the positive USN number of the last record written to the USN change journal on the volume, or 0 if no USN records have been written. If **IsUsnJournalActive** is FALSE, **LastUsn** MUST be 0.
- **IsOffloadReadSupported:** A Boolean that is TRUE if the volume supports the FSCTL_OFFLOAD_READ operation. This bit is reset to TRUE at mount time, and is set to FALSE if an Offload Read operation fails for an implementation- or vendor-specific reason.
- **IsOffloadWriteSupported:** A Boolean that is TRUE if the volume supports the FSCTL_OFFLOAD_WRITE operation. This bit is reset to TRUE at mount time, and is set to FALSE if an Offload Write operation fails for an implementation- or vendor-specific reason.
- **MaxFileSize:** A 64-bit unsigned integer that denotes the maximum file size, in bytes, supported by the object store.<9>

The following fields are specific to UDF object stores:

- **DirectoryCount:** A 64-bit signed integer that indicates the count of directories on the volume, or -1 if not maintained by the object store.
- **FileCount:** A 64-bit signed integer that indicates the count of files on the volume, or -1 if not maintained by the object store.
- **FsFormatMajVersion:** A 16-bit unsigned integer indicating the major version of the file system format.
- **FsFormatMinVersion:** A 16-bit unsigned integer indicating the minor version of the file system format.
- **FormatTime:** The time the volume was formatted in the FILETIME format specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.1.1.
- **LastUpdateTime:** The time the volume was last updated in the FILETIME format specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.1.1.
- **CopyrightInfo:** A 68-byte buffer containing any copyright info associated with the volume.
- **AbstractInfo:** A 68-byte buffer containing any abstract info associated with the volume.
- **FormattingImplementationInfo:** A 68-byte buffer containing implementation-specific information; this field MAY contain the operating system version that the media was formatted by.
- **LastModifyingImplementationInfo:** A 68-byte buffer containing information written by the last implementation that modified the disk. This field is implementation-specific and MAY contain the operating system version that the media was last modified by.
- **SparingUnitBytes:** A 32-bit unsigned integer indicating the size in bytes of a sparing unit.
- **SoftwareSparing:** A Boolean that is TRUE if the volume's bad block sparing mechanism is implemented in software, FALSE if bad block sparing is implemented by the underlying hardware this volume is on.
- **TotalSpareBlocks:** A 32-bit unsigned integer indicating the total number of spare blocks.
- **FreeSpareBlocks:** A 32-bit unsigned integer indicating the available number of spare blocks.
- **NumberOfDataCopies:** A 32-bit unsigned integer indicating the number of copies of redundant data that are available on this volume. A volume with redundant copies of data MUST set this to 2 or greater. A volume without redundancy MUST have a value of 1. For example, a 2-way mirrored volume would have 2 copies and a 3-way mirrored volume would have 3 copies. Volumes configured with RAID should have a value of 2 or larger depending on which raid configuration is used.

The following fields are specific to the ReFS object store:

- **ClusterRefcount:** An array of 16-bit unsigned integers. The array is indexed by the LCN (Logical Cluster Number) of a cluster. The array has one entry for each cluster on the volume. The value of each entry is the number of EXTENTS entries that point to the cluster in all the **Stream.ExtentLists** on the volume. The number of elements in the array is $\text{TotalSpace}/\text{ClusterSize}$. If a given cluster's **ClusterRefcount** entry is zero, it is considered free and is available for reallocation.

Volatile Fields:

- **OpenFileList:** A list of all the **File** objects opened on **Volume**.

2.1.1.2 Per TunnelCacheEntry

Implementation of tunnel caching is optional.<10> If case-sensitive file name matching is enabled (for example, for POSIX compliance), the object store SHOULD NOT implement tunnel caching. If the object store implements tunnel caching, it MUST implement the following attributes in each **TunnelCacheEntry**:

- **EntryTime**: The time at which this **TunnelCacheEntry** was created. The object store SHOULD use this attribute to automatically purge this entry from the tunnel cache once the entry is 15 seconds old.
- **ParentFile**: The parent **DirectoryFile** that this **TunnelCacheEntry** refers to.
- **FileName**: A Unicode string specifying the long name of the file. This string MUST be greater than 0 characters and less than 256 characters in length. Valid characters for a file name are specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.5.
- **FileShortName**: A Unicode string specifying the short name of the file. If **KeyByShortName** is FALSE, this string could be empty. If the string is not empty, it MUST be 8.3-compliant as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.5.2.1.
- **KeyByShortName**: A Boolean that is TRUE when **FileShortName** is used as the key for this entry. FALSE when **FileName** is used as the key for this entry.
- **FileCreationTime**: The time that identifies when the file was created in the FILETIME format specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.1.
- **ObjectIdInfo**: A FILE_OBJECTID_INFORMATION structure (as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.28.1) that specifies the object ID information of the file at the time this **TunnelCacheEntry** was created.

2.1.1.3 Per File

The object store MUST implement the following persistent attributes:

- **FileType**: The type of file. This value MUST be DataFile, DirectoryFile, or ViewIndexFile.<11>
- **FileId128**: The optional 128-bit file ID, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.10, that identifies the file. If available, this value SHOULD be persistent and SHOULD be unique on a given volume.
- **FileId64**: The optional 64-bit file ID, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.9, that identifies the file. If available, this value SHOULD be persistent and SHOULD be unique on a given volume.
- **FileNumber**: A 64-bit unsigned integer. Not all file systems support this field, and implementation of this field is optional. If implemented, this value MUST be persistent and MUST be unique on a given volume. This value is unrelated to **FileId64**.
- **LinkList**: A list of one or more **Links** to the file. A DirectoryFile MUST have exactly one element in **LinkList**. **LinkList** MUST have at most one element with a non-empty **ShortName**.<12>
- **SecurityDescriptor**: The security descriptor for this file, in the format specified in [MS-DTYP] section 2.4.6.
- **FileAttributes**: Attributes of the file in the form specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.6.
- **CreationTime**: The time that identifies when the file was created in the FILETIME format specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.1.<13>
- **LastModificationTime**: The time that identifies when the file contents were last modified in the FILETIME format specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.1.<14>

- **LastChangeTime:** The time that identifies when the file metadata or contents were last changed in the FILETIME format specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.1.<15>
- **LastAccessTime:** The time that identifies when the file was last accessed in the FILETIME format specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.1. Updating this value when accesses occur is optional.<16><17>
- **ExtendedAttributes:** A list of FILE_FULL_EA_INFORMATION structures as defined by [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.15.<18>
- **ExtendedAttributesLength:** A 32-bit unsigned integer that contains the combined length of all the **ExtendedAttributes**.<19>
- **ObjectId:** A GUID as specified in [RFC4122]. This value can be NULL. If set to non-NULL, this value MUST be unique on a given volume.<20>
- **BirthVolumeId:** A GUID that uniquely identifies the volume on which the object resided when the object identifier was created, or zero if the volume had no object identifier at that time. After copy operations, move operations, or other file operations, this value is potentially different from the **VolumeId** of the volume on which the object currently resides.
- **BirthObjectId:** A GUID value containing the object identifier of the object at the time it was created. After copy operations, move operations, or other file operations, this value is potentially different from the **ObjectId** member at present.<21>
- **DomainId:** A GUID value that MUST be zero if created by the object store, but MUST be maintained if explicitly set by a client.
- **StreamList:** A list of zero or more **Streams** as defined in section 2.1.1.5. A DataFile MUST have one and only one unnamed DataStream; any additional streams MUST be named DataStreams.<22> A DirectoryFile MUST have one and only one unnamed DirectoryStream; any additional streams MUST be named DataStreams. For any two distinct elements *Stream1* and *Stream2* in **StreamList**, if *Stream1.StreamType* equals *Stream2.StreamType* then *Stream1.Name* MUST NOT match *Stream2.Name*.
- **ReparseTag:** A 32-bit unsigned integer containing the type of the reparse point, as defined in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.2.1. If this member is empty, there is no reparse point associated with this file.
- **ReparseGUID:** A GUID indicating the type of the reparse point. This field MUST contain a valid GUID if **ReparseTag** contains a non-Microsoft tag as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.2.1. Otherwise it MUST be empty.
- **ReparseData:** An array of bytes containing data associated with a reparse point, which is defined by the type of the reparse point, as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.2. If **ReparseTag** is empty, this member MUST be empty. If **ReparseTag** is not empty, this member could be empty, in which case there is no reparse data associated with this reparse point.
- **DirectoryList:** For a DataFile, this list MUST be empty. For a DirectoryFile, this is a list of **Links** contained in the directory. For any two distinct elements *Link1* and *Link2* in **DirectoryList**, *Link1.Name* MUST NOT match *Link2.Name* or *Link2.ShortName*.<23>
- **Volume:** The **Volume** on which the file resides.
- **Usn:** A 64-bit unsigned integer indicating the positive USN number of the last USN record written for this file, or 0 if no USN records have been written for this file.
- **IsSymbolicLink:** A Boolean that is TRUE if the file is a mount point or a symbolic link to another file or directory.

- **UserCertificateList:** A list of **ENCRYPTION_CERTIFICATE** structures as specified in [MS-EFSR] section 2.2.8, used to determine which users can access the contents of any encrypted streams in the file.<24>

Volatile Fields:

- **OpenList:** A list of all **Opens** to this **File**.
- **PendingNotifications:** A 32-bit unsigned integer composed of flags indicating types of changes to file attributes for which directory change notifications are pending, as specified in [MS-SMB2] section 2.2.35, **CompletionFilter** field.

2.1.1.4 Per Link

The object store MUST implement the following persistent attributes:<25>

- **Name:** A Unicode string specifying the name of the link. This string MUST be greater than 0 characters and less than 256 characters in length. Valid form for a link name is the same as the pathname specification in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.5.
- **ShortName:** A Unicode string specifying the short name of the link.<26> This value could be empty. If this value is not empty, it MUST be 8.3-compliant as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.5.2.1.
- **File:** The **File** that this link refers to.
- **ParentFile:** The parent **DirectoryFile** that this link resides in.
- **CreationTime:** The time that identifies when the file was created in the FILETIME format specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.1.<27>
- **LastModificationTime:** The time that identifies when the file contents were last modified in the FILETIME format specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.1.<28>
- **LastChangeTime:** The time that identifies when the file metadata or contents were last changed in the FILETIME format specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.1.<29>
- **LastAccessTime:** The time that identifies when the file was last accessed in the FILETIME format specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.1. Updating this value when accesses occur is optional.<30><31>
- **AllocationSize:** A 64-bit unsigned integer containing the size, in bytes, of space reserved on the disk for the file's unnamed data stream. This value MUST be a multiple of File.Volume.ClusterSize.
- **FileSize:** A 64-bit unsigned integer containing the size of the file's unnamed data stream, in bytes.
- **FileAttributes:** Attributes of the file in the form specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.6.
- **ExtendedAttributesLength:** A 32-bit unsigned integer that contains the combined length of all the ExtendedAttributes.<32>
- **ReparseTag:** A 32-bit unsigned integer containing the type of the reparse point, as defined in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.2.1. If this member is empty, there is no reparse point associated with this file.

Volatile Fields:

- **IsDeleted:** A Boolean that is TRUE if there is a pending delete operation on the link. New opens to the associated Stream MUST NOT be allowed.

- **PendingNotifications:** A 32-bit unsigned integer composed of flags indicating types of changes to link attributes for which directory change notifications are pending, as specified in [MS-SMB2] section 2.2.35, **CompletionFilter** field.

2.1.1.5 Per Stream

The object store MUST implement the following persistent attributes:

- **StreamType:** The type of stream. This value MUST be `DataStream`, `DirectoryStream`, or `ViewIndexStream`. <33>
- **Name:** A Unicode string of less than 256 characters specifying the name of the stream. Valid characters for a stream name are specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.5. If **StreamType** is `DataStream`, **Name** could be empty; this case indicates the default data stream. If **StreamType** is `DirectoryStream`, **Name** MUST be empty.
- **Size:** A 64-bit unsigned integer containing the size of the stream, in bytes.
- **AllocationSize:** A 64-bit unsigned integer containing the size, in bytes, of space reserved on the disk. This value MUST be a multiple of **File.Volume.ClusterSize**.
- **ValidDataLength:** A 64-bit unsigned integer containing the size, in bytes, of valid data in the stream. Not all file systems support this field, and implementation of this field is optional. If implemented, all data beyond this value MUST be returned as zero. For a `DataStream`, this value MUST be less than or equal to **Size**. For a `DirectoryStream`, this value MUST be equal to **Size**.
- **File:** The **File** in which the stream resides.
- **IsCompressed:** A Boolean that is TRUE if the contents of the stream are compressed. <34>
- **ChecksumAlgorithm:** A 16-bit unsigned integer that contains the integrity state of the stream as defined by [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.20. <35>
- **IsChecksumEnforcementOff:** A Boolean that is TRUE if the stream is a `DataStream` and `CHECKSUM_ENFORCEMENT_OFF` is specified. <36>
- **IsSparse:** A Boolean that is TRUE if the object store is storing a sparse representation of the stream. <37>
- **IsTemporary:** A Boolean that is TRUE if the object store optimizes its management of the stream because it is pending deletion.
- **IsEncrypted:** A Boolean that is TRUE if the contents of the stream are encrypted. <38>
- **ExtentList:** A list containing zero or more `EXTENTS` elements as defined by [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.32.1, ordered by **NextVcn**.
- **ExtentAndRefCountList:** A list containing zero or more `EXTENT_AND_REFCOUNTS` elements and their reference counts as defined by [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.34.1, ordered by **NextVcn**.

Volatile Fields:

- **Oplock:** An **Oplock** describing the opportunistic lock state of the stream. If **Oplock** is empty, there is no opportunistic lock on the stream.
- **ByteRangeLockList:** A list of zero or more **ByteRangeLocks** describing the bytes ranges of this stream that are currently locked.
- **IsDeleted:** A Boolean that is TRUE if there is a pending delete operation on the **Stream**. New opens to **Stream** MUST NOT be allowed.

- **IsDefectManagementDisabled:** A Boolean that is TRUE if software defect management is disabled on this stream. Not all file systems support this field; implementation of this field is optional.
- **PendingNotifications:** A 32-bit unsigned integer composed of flags indicating types of changes to stream attributes for which directory change notifications are pending, as specified in [MS-SMB2] section 2.2.35, **CompletionFilter** field.
- **ZeroOnDeallocate:** A Boolean that is TRUE when the object store MUST write zeroes to any range of the stream that is to be deallocated, prior to performing the deallocation. This helps to protect data in the stream from discovery by examining free space on the storage media. Not all file systems support this field, and implementation of this field is optional.

2.1.1.6 Per Open

The object store MUST implement the following:

- **RootOpen:** The **Open** that represents the root of the share.
- **FileName:** The absolute pathname of the opened file in the format specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.1.5.
- **File:** The **File** that is opened.
- **Link:** The **Link** through which **File** is opened. **Link** MUST be an element of **File.LinkList**.
- **Stream:** The **Stream** that is opened. **Stream** MUST be an element of **File.StreamList**.
- **GrantedAccess:** The access granted for this open as specified in [MS-SMB2] section 2.2.13.1.
- **RemainingDesiredAccess:** The access requested for this Open but not yet granted, as specified in [MS-SMB2] section 2.2.13.1.
- **SharingMode:** The sharing mode for this Open as specified in [MS-SMB2] section 2.2.13.
- **Mode:** The mode flags for this Open as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.24.
- **IsCaseInsensitive:** A Boolean that is TRUE if this Open is treated as case-insensitive.
- **HasBackupAccess:** A Boolean that is TRUE if the Open was performed by a user who is allowed to perform backup operations.
- **HasRestoreAccess:** A Boolean that is TRUE if the Open was performed by a user who is allowed to perform restore operations.
- **HasCreateSymbolicLinkAccess:** A Boolean that is TRUE if the Open was performed by a user who is allowed to create symbolic links.
- **HasManageVolumeAccess:** A Boolean that is TRUE if the Open was performed by a user who is allowed to manage the volume.
- **IsAdministrator:** A Boolean that is TRUE if the Open was performed by a user who is a member of the BUILTINAdministrators group as specified in [MS-DTYP] section 2.4.2.4.
- **QueryPattern:** The Unicode string containing the query pattern used to filter directory query.
- **QueryLastEntry:** The last **Link** that was returned in a directory query.
- **LastQuotaId:** The index of the last SID returned during quota enumeration on this Open, or -1 if there has not been a quota enumeration on this Open.

- **CurrentByteOffset:** The byte offset immediately following the most recent successful synchronous read or write operation of one or more bytes, or 0 if there have not been any.
- **FindBySidRestartIndex:** A 64-bit unsigned integer specifying the starting index for a FSCTL_FILE_FILES_BY_SID operation.
- **UserSetModificationTime:** A Boolean that is TRUE if a user has explicitly set **File.LastModificationTime** through this Open.
- **UserSetChangeTime:** A Boolean that is TRUE if a user has explicitly set **File.LastChangeTime** through this Open.
- **UserSetAccessTime:** A Boolean that is TRUE if a user has explicitly set **File.LastAccessTime** through this Open.
- **ReadCopyNumber:** A 32-bit unsigned integer which is initialized to a value of 0xFFFFFFFF. Identifies which copy of data should be read from a volume with redundant data (where **Volume.NumberOfDataCopies** > 1). The CopyNumber is zero based, meaning zero reads the 1st copy, 1 reads the 2nd copy, etc.
- **NextEaEntry:** Contains a reference to the next FILE_FULL_EA_INFORMATION entry in **File.ExtendedAttributes** to be returned the next time FileFullEaInformation is called using this Open as defined in section 2.1.5.11.12.<39>
- **TargetOplockKey:** A GUID value that can be used to identify the owner of the **Open** for the purpose of determining whether to break an oplock in response to a request delivered on a particular **Open**. Requests on an **Open** whose **Open.TargetOplockKey** value matches the **Open.TargetOplockKey** value associated with an oplock that exists on the **Stream** do not affect the oplock state (that is, do not cause the oplock to break). For a given **Open**, the **TargetOplockKey** value could be empty. An empty value MUST NOT be considered equal to anything other than itself. In other words, given two **Open** values, *Open1* and *Open2*, such that *Open1.TargetOplockKey* and/or *Open2.TargetOplockKey* are empty, *Open1.TargetOplockKey* MUST NOT be considered equal to *Open2.TargetOplockKey*.
- **ParentOplockKey:** A GUID value that can be used to identify the owner of an oplock on the parent directory of the **File** associated with the current **Open** for the purpose of determining whether to break an oplock on the parent in response to a request delivered on a particular **Open** to a child of that parent. Requests on an **Open** whose **Open.ParentOplockKey** value matches the **Open.TargetOplockKey** value associated with an oplock that exists on the parent directory **Stream** do not affect the parent's oplock state (that is, do not cause the oplock to break). For a given **Open**, the **TargetOplockKey** value could be empty. An empty value MUST NOT be considered equal to anything other than itself. In other words, given two **Open** values, *ParentOpen* on a directory and *ChildOpen* on a child (either file or directory), such that *ParentOpen.TargetOplockKey* and/or *ChildOpen.ParentOplockKey* are empty, *ParentOpen.TargetOplockKey* MUST NOT be considered equal to *ChildOpen.ParentOplockKey*.

2.1.1.7 Per ByteRangeLock

- **LockOffset:** A 64-bit unsigned integer specifying the offset, in bytes, from the beginning of a stream where the locked range begins.
- **LockLength:** A 64-bit unsigned integer specifying the length, in bytes, of the locked range.
- **IsExclusive:** A Boolean that is TRUE if this is an exclusive byte range lock, else FALSE if this is a shared byte range lock.
- **OwnerOpen:** The **Open** that owns this **ByteRangeLock**.
- **LockKey:** A 32-bit unsigned integer containing an identifier for the lock.

2.1.1.8 Per ChangeNotifyEntry

- **OpenedDirectory:** The **Open** of the **DirectoryFile** or **ViewIndexFile** to monitor for changes.
- **WatchTree:** A Boolean value, set to TRUE if changes to subdirectories MUST be notified, FALSE if not.
- **CompletionFilter:** A 32-bit unsigned integer composed of flags indicating the types of changes to monitor as specified in [MS-SMB2] section 2.2.35.
- **NotifyEventList:** A list of **NotifyEventEntry** structures as defined in section 2.1.1.9, representing change events that were not yet reported to the user.

2.1.1.9 Per NotifyEventEntry

- **Action:** A 32-bit unsigned integer composed of flags indicating the type of change events that occurred, as specified in the **Action** member of the **FILE_NOTIFY_INFORMATION** structure defined in [MS-FSCC] section 2.7.1.
- **FileName:** For **DirectoryFile** notifications, a non-null-terminated Unicode string containing the relative path and name of the file that changed. For **ViewIndexFile** notifications, a binary data structure containing information specific to the **ViewIndexFile** being monitored.
- **FileNameLength:** The length, in bytes, of **FileName**.

2.1.1.10 Per Oplock

- **ExclusiveOpen:** The **Open** used to request the opportunistic lock.
- **IIOplocks:** A list of zero or more **Opens** used to request a LEVEL_TWO opportunistic lock, as specified in section 2.1.5.17.1.
- **ROplocks:** A list of zero or more **Opens** used to request a LEVEL_GRANULAR(**RequestedOplockLevel**: READ_CACHING) opportunistic lock, as specified in section 2.1.5.17.1.
- **RHOOplocks:** A list of zero or more **Opens** used to request a LEVEL_GRANULAR(**RequestedOplockLevel**: (READ_CACHING|HANDLE_CACHING)) opportunistic lock, as specified in section 2.1.5.17.1.
- **RHBreakQueue:** A list of zero or more **RHOOpContext** objects. This queue is used to track (READ_CACHING|HANDLE_CACHING) oplocks as they are breaking.
- **WaitList:** A list of zero or more **Opens** belonging to operations that are waiting for an oplock to break, as specified in section 2.1.4.12.
- **State:** The current state of the oplock, expressed as a combination of one or more flags. Valid flags are:
 - NO_OPLOCK - Indicates that this **Oplock** does not represent a currently granted or breaking oplock. This is semantically equivalent to the **Oplock** object being entirely absent from a **Stream**. This flag always appears alone.
 - LEVEL_ONE_OPLOCK - Indicates that this **Oplock** represents a Level 1 (also called Exclusive) oplock.
 - BATCH_OPLOCK - Indicates that this **Oplock** represents a Batch oplock.
 - LEVEL_TWO_OPLOCK - Indicates that this **Oplock** represents a Level 2 (also called Shared) oplock.

- EXCLUSIVE - Indicates that this **Oplock** represents an oplock that can be held by exactly one client at a time. This flag always appears in combination with other flags that indicate the actual oplock level. For example, (READ_CACHING|WRITE_CACHING|EXCLUSIVE) represents a read caching and write caching oplock, which can be held by only one client at a time.
- BREAK_TO_TWO - Indicates that this **Oplock** represents an oplock that is currently breaking from either Level 1 or Batch to Level 2; the oplock has broken but the break has not yet been acknowledged.
- BREAK_TO_NONE - Indicates that this **Oplock** represents an oplock that is currently breaking from either Level 1 or Batch to None (that is, no oplock); the oplock has broken but the break has not yet been acknowledged.
- BREAK_TO_TWO_TO_NONE - Indicates that this **Oplock** represents an oplock that is currently breaking from either Level 1 or Batch to None (that is, no oplock), and was previously breaking from Level 1 or Batch to Level 2; the oplock has broken but the break has not yet been acknowledged.
- READ_CACHING - Indicates that this **Oplock** represents an oplock that provides caching of reads; this provides the SMB 2.1 read caching lease, as described in [MS-SMB2] section 2.2.13.2.8.
- HANDLE_CACHING - Indicates that this **Oplock** represents an oplock that provides caching of handles; this provides the SMB 2.1 handle caching lease, as described in [MS-SMB2] section 2.2.13.2.8.
- WRITE_CACHING - Indicates that this **Oplock** represents an oplock that provides caching of writes; this provides the SMB 2.1 write caching lease, as described in [MS-SMB2] section 2.2.13.2.8.
- MIXED_R_AND_RH - Always appears together with READ_CACHING and HANDLE_CACHING. Indicates that this **Oplock** represents an oplock on which at least one client has been granted a read caching oplock, and at least one other client has been granted a read caching and handle caching oplock.
- BREAK_TO_READ_CACHING - Indicates that this **Oplock** represents an oplock that is currently breaking to an oplock that provides caching of reads; the oplock has broken but the break has not yet been acknowledged.
- BREAK_TO_WRITE_CACHING - Indicates that this **Oplock** represents an oplock that is currently breaking to an oplock that provides caching of writes; the oplock has broken but the break has not yet been acknowledged.
- BREAK_TO_HANDLE_CACHING - Indicates that this **Oplock** represents an oplock that is currently breaking to an oplock that provides caching of handles; the oplock has broken but the break has not yet been acknowledged.
- BREAK_TO_NO_CACHING - Indicates that this **Oplock** represents an oplock that is currently breaking to None (that is, no oplock); the oplock has broken but the break has not yet been acknowledged.

2.1.1.11 Per RHOContext

- **Open:** The **Open** used to request this LEVEL_GRANULAR(**RequestedOplockLevel:** (READ_CACHING|HANDLE_CACHING)) opportunistic lock.
- **BreakingToRead:** A Boolean value that is TRUE if this oplock is breaking to READ_CACHING, FALSE if it is breaking to None (that is, no oplock; the oplock is being broken completely).

2.1.1.12 Per CancelableOperations

- **CancelableOperationList:** A global list of cancelable operations currently being processed by the object store. Items in this list are looked up via their **IORequest** Identifier as defined in section 2.1.5.19. Operations are inserted into this list when a cancelable operation waits.

2.1.1.13 Per SecurityContext

- **SIDs:** An array of SID structures, as specified in [MS-DTYP] section 2.4.2, representing the security identifier of the user performing an operation and the security identifiers of all groups of which the user is a member.
- **OwnerIndex:** An index into **SIDs** indicating the SID of the user.
- **PrimaryGroup:** An index into **SIDs** indicating the SID of the user's primary group.
- **DefaultDACL:** An ACL structure, as specified in [MS-DTYP] section 2.4.5, representing the default DACL assigned to new files created by the user.
- **PrivilegeSet:** A set of privilege names, as specified in [MS-LSAD] section 3.1.1.2.1, representing the privileges held by the user.

2.1.1.14 Constants

The section provides constants used for algorithm processing.

Constant/value	Meaning
FILE_ALL_ACCESS 0x001F01FF	All possible access rights for a file.

2.1.2 Timers

The object store has no timers.

2.1.3 Initialization

On initialization, one or more **Volume** objects are initialized based on the data stored in the persistent store. This involves instantiating one or more **File** objects contained within the volume.

2.1.4 Common Algorithms

This section describes internal algorithms that are common across multiple triggered events.

2.1.4.1 Algorithm for Reporting a Change Notification for a Directory or View Index

The inputs for this algorithm are:

- **Volume:** The volume this event occurs on.
- **Action:** A 32-bit unsigned integer describing the action that caused the change events to be notified, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.42.

- **FilterMatch:** A 32-bit unsigned integer field with flags representing possible change events, corresponding to a **ChangeNotifyEntry.CompletionFilter**. It is specified in [MS-SMB2] section 2.2.35.
- **FileName:** The pathname, relative to **Volume.RootDirectory**, of the file involved in the change event.
- **NotifyData:** A binary data structure containing information specific to the **ViewIndexFile** being monitored. This is an optional parameter, specified only for **ViewIndexFile** notifications.
- **NotifyDataLength:** The length, in bytes, of **NotifyData**. This is an optional parameter, specified only for **ViewIndexFile** notifications.

Pseudocode for the algorithm is as follows:

- For each **ChangeNotifyEntry** in **Volume.ChangeNotifyList**:
 - Initialize *SendNotification* to FALSE.
 - If **NotifyData** is specified: // this is a **ViewIndexFile** notification
 - If **ChangeNotifyEntry.OpenedDirectory.File** matches the **File** whose pathname is **FileName**, then *SendNotification* MUST be set to TRUE.
 - Else: // this is a **DirectoryFile** notification
 - If **ChangeNotifyEntry.OpenedDirectory.File** matches the **File** whose pathname is **FileName** or matches the immediate parent of this **File** and one or more of the flags in **FilterMatch** are present in **ChangeNotifyEntry.CompletionFilter**, then *SendNotification* MUST be set to TRUE.
 - Else If **ChangeNotifyEntry.WatchTree** is TRUE and **ChangeNotifyEntry.OpenedDirectory.File** matches an ancestor of the **File** whose pathname is **FileName** and one or more of the flags in **FilterMatch** are present in **ChangeNotifyEntry.CompletionFilter**, then *SendNotification* MUST be set to TRUE.
 - EndIf
 - If *SendNotification* is TRUE:
 - A **NotifyEventEntry** object MUST be constructed with:
 - **NotifyEventEntry.Action** set to **Action**.
 - If **NotifyData** is specified: // this is a **ViewIndexFile** notification
 - **NotifyEventEntry.FileName** set to **NotifyData**.
 - **NotifyEventEntry.FileNameLength** set to **NotifyDataLength**.
 - Else: // this is **DirectoryFile** notification
 - **NotifyEventEntry.FileName** set to the portion of **FileName** relative to **ChangeNotifyEntry.OpenedDirectory.FileName**.
 - **NotifyEventEntry.FileNameLength** set to the length, in bytes, of **NotifyEventEntry.FileName**.
 - EndIf
 - Insert **NotifyEventEntry** into **ChangeNotifyEntry.NotifyEventList**.

- Processing will be performed as described in section 2.1.5.10.1.
- EndIf
- EndFor

2.1.4.2 Algorithm for Detecting If Open Files Exist Under a Directory

The inputs for this algorithm are:

- **RootDirectory:** The DirectoryFile indicating the top-level directory under which to search for open files.
- **Open:** The **Open** for the request that is calling this algorithm.
- **Operation:** A code describing the operation being processed, as specified in section 2.1.4.12.
- **OpParams:** Parameters associated with **Operation**, passed in from the calling request, as specified in section 2.1.4.12.

The output is a Boolean. If the return value is TRUE, then no open files exist under the directory; if FALSE, then at least one open exists even after attempting to break oplocks.

Pseudocode for the algorithm is as follows:

- For each *Link* in **RootDirectory.DirectoryList**:
 - // Check for oplock breaks in this directory.
 - If Link.**File.OpenList** contains an *Open* with *Open.Link* equal to *Link*:
 - For each *Stream* in Link.**File.StreamList**:
 - If *Stream.Oplock* is not empty and *Stream.Oplock.State* contains either BATCH_OPLOCK or HANDLE_CACHING, the object store MUST check for an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12, with input values as follows:
 - **Open** equal to this algorithm's **Open**.
 - **Oplock** equal to *Stream.Oplock*.
 - **Operation** equal to this algorithm's **Operation**.
 - **OpParams** equal to this algorithm's **OpParams**.
 - EndIf
 - EndFor
 - EndIf
 - // See if all oplock holders have gotten out of the way.
 - If Link.**File.OpenList** contains an *Open* with *Open.Link* equal to *Link*:
 - Return FALSE // An open still exists; deny the operation.
 - EndIf
 - // Recurse into any subdirectories.

- If **Link.File.FileType** is `DirectoryFile`, determine whether **Link.File** contains open files as specified in section 2.1.4.2, with input values as follows:
 - **RootDirectory** equal to **Link.File**.
 - **Open** equal to this algorithm's **Open**.
 - **Operation** equal to this algorithm's **Operation**.
 - **OpParams** equal to this algorithm's **OpParams**.
- EndIf
- If **Link.File** contains open files as determined above:
 - Return FALSE. // An open exists deeper in the directory hierarchy.
- EndIf
- EndFor
- Return TRUE // No opens remaining.

2.1.4.3 Algorithm for Determining If a Character Is a Wildcard

The following set of characters MUST be treated as wildcards by the object store:

" * < > ?

2.1.4.4 Algorithm for Determining if a FileName Is in an Expression

The inputs for this algorithm are:

- **FileName:** A Unicode string containing the file name string that is being matched. **Filename** cannot contain any wildcard characters.
- **Expression:** A Unicode string containing the regular expression that's being matched with **FileName**.
- **IgnoreCase:** A Boolean value indicating whether the match is case insensitive (TRUE) or case sensitive (FALSE).

This algorithm returns TRUE if **FileName** matches **Expression**, and FALSE if it does not.

Pseudocode for the algorithm is as follows:

- Part 1 -- Handle Special Case Optimizations
- If **FileName** is empty and **Expression** is not, the routine returns FALSE.
- If **Expression** is empty and **FileName** is not, the routine returns FALSE.
- If both **Expression** and **FileName** are empty, the routine returns TRUE.
- If the **Expression** is the wildcard "*" or "*.*", the **FileName** matches the **Expression** and the routine returns TRUE.
- If the first character in the **Expression** is wildcard "*" and the rest of the expression does not contain any wildcard characters (as specified in 2.1.4.3), then the remaining expression is compared against the tail end of the **FileName**. If the comparison succeeds then the routine returns TRUE.

- Part 2 -- Match Expression with FileName
- The **FileName** is string compared with **Expression** using the following wildcard rules:
 - * (asterisk) Matches zero or more characters.
 - ? (question mark) Matches a single character.
 - DOS_DOT (" quotation mark) Matches either a period or zero characters beyond the name string.
 - DOS_QM (> greater than) Matches any single character or, upon encountering a period or end of name string, advances the expression to the end of the set of contiguous DOS_QMs.
 - DOS_STAR (< less than) Matches zero or more characters until encountering and matching the final . in the name.

2.1.4.5 BlockAlign -- Macro to Round a Value Up to the Next Nearest Multiple of Another Value

The inputs for this algorithm are:

- **Value:** The value being rounded up.
- **Boundary - Value** is to be rounded up to a multiple of this value. **Boundary** MUST be a power of 2.

This algorithm returns the bitwise AND of (**Value** + (**Boundary** - 1)) with the 2's complement of **Boundary**.

Pseudocode for the algorithm is as follows:

- $\text{BlockAlign}(\text{Value}, \text{Boundary}) = (\text{Value} + (\text{Boundary} - 1)) \& \text{-(Boundary)}$

2.1.4.6 BlockAlignTruncate -- Macro to Round a Value Down to the Next Nearest Multiple of Another Value

The inputs for this algorithm are:

- **Value:** The value being rounded down.
- **Boundary - Value** is to be rounded down to a multiple of this value. **Boundary** MUST be a power of 2.

This algorithm returns the bitwise AND of **Value** with the 2's complement of **Boundary**.

Pseudocode for the algorithm is as follows:

- $\text{BlockAlignTruncate}(\text{Value}, \text{Boundary}) = \text{Value} \& \text{-(Boundary)}$

2.1.4.7 ClustersFromBytes -- Macro to Determine How Many Clusters a Given Number of Bytes Occupies

The inputs for this algorithm are:

- **ThisVolume:** A **Volume**.
- **Bytes:** The number of bytes.

Pseudocode for the algorithm is as follows:

- $\text{ClustersFromBytes}(\text{ThisVolume}, \text{Bytes}) = (\text{Bytes} + (\text{ThisVolume.ClusterSize} - 1)) / \text{ThisVolume.ClusterSize}$.
- The value returned is the total number of clusters required to hold the specified number of bytes that start at a cluster boundary, including any remainder that does not fill a whole cluster.

2.1.4.8 ClustersFromBytesTruncate -- Macro to Determine How Many Whole Clusters a Given Number of Bytes Occupies

The inputs for this algorithm are:

- **ThisVolume:** A Volume.
- **Bytes:** The number of bytes.

Pseudocode for the algorithm is as follows:

- $\text{ClustersFromBytesTruncate}(\text{ThisVolume}, \text{Bytes}) = \text{Bytes} / \text{ThisVolume.ClusterSize}$.
- The value returned is the number of clusters that would be fully occupied by the specified number of bytes that start at a cluster boundary. Any remainder that does not fill a whole cluster is discarded.

2.1.4.9 SidLength -- Macro to Provide the Length of a SID

The inputs for this algorithm are:

- **SID:** A SID, as described in [MS-DTYP] section 2.4.2.

This algorithm returns the size, in bytes, of **SID**. This is equal to the number of bytes occupied by the **Revision**, **SubAuthorityCount**, and **IdentifierAuthorityCount** fields of a SID. Added to this is the size of a **SubAuthority** field of a SID times **SID.SubAuthorityCount**.

Pseudocode for the algorithm is as follows:

- $\text{SidLength}(\text{SID}) = (8 + (4 * \text{SID.SubAuthorityCount}))$

2.1.4.10 Algorithm for Determining If a Range Access Conflicts with Byte-Range Locks

The inputs for this algorithm are:

- **ByteOffset:** A 64-bit unsigned integer specifying the offset of the first byte of the range.
- **Length:** A 64-bit unsigned integer specifying the number of bytes in the range.
- **IsExclusive:** TRUE if the access to the range has exclusive intent, FALSE otherwise.
- **LockIntent:** TRUE if the access to the range has locking intent, FALSE if the intent is performing I/O (reads or writes).
- **Open:** The open to the file on which to check for range conflicts.
- **Key:** A 32-bit unsigned integer containing an identifier for the open by a specific process.

This algorithm outputs a Boolean value:

- TRUE if the range conflicts with byte-range locks.
- FALSE if the range does not conflict.

Pseudocode for the algorithm is as follows:

- If ((**ByteOffset** == 0) and (**Length** == 0)):
 - The {0, 0} range doesn't conflict with any byte-range lock.
 - Return FALSE.
- EndIf
- For each *ByteRangeLock* in **Open.Stream.ByteRangeLockList**:
 - If ((*ByteRangeLock*.**LockOffset** == 0) and (*ByteRangeLock*.**LockLength** == 0)):
 - The byte-range lock is over the {0, 0} range so there is no overlap by definition.
 - Else:
 - Initialize *LastByteOffset1* = **ByteOffset** + **Length** - 1.
 - Initialize *LastByteOffset2* = *ByteRangeLock*.**LockOffset** + *ByteRangeLock*.**LockLength** - 1.
 - If ((**ByteOffset** <= *LastByteOffset2*) and (*LastByteOffset1* >= *ByteRangeLock*.**LockOffset**)):
 - *ByteRangeLock* and the passed range overlap.
 - If (*ByteRangeLock*.**IsExclusive** == TRUE):
 - If (*ByteRangeLock*.**OwnerOpen** != **Open**) or (*ByteRangeLock*.**LockKey** != **Key**):
 - Exclusive byte-range locks block all access to other **Opens**.
 - Return TRUE.
 - Else If ((**IsExclusive** == TRUE) and (**LockIntent** == TRUE)):
 - Overlapping exclusive byte-range locks are not allowed even by the same owner.
 - Return TRUE.
 - EndIf
 - Else If (**IsExclusive** == TRUE):
 - The *ByteRangeLock* is shared, shared byte-range locks will block all access with exclusive intent.
 - Return TRUE.
 - EndIf
 - EndIf
- EndFor
- Return FALSE.

2.1.4.11 Algorithm for Posting a USN Change for a File

The inputs for this algorithm are:

- **File:** The file this change occurs on.
- **Reason:** A 32-bit unsigned integer describing the change that occurred to the file, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.62.
- **FileName:** The pathname, relative to **Volume.RootDirectory**, of the file this change occurs on.

The algorithm MUST return at this point without taking any actions under any of the following conditions:

- If the object store does not support USN change journals.
- If **File.Volume.IsUsnJournalActive** is FALSE.
- If **Reason** is zero.

Pseudocode for the algorithm is as follows:

- Set *FileNameLength* to the length, in bytes, of **FileName**.
- Set *RecordLength* to an implementation-specific<40> value representing the number of bytes needed to persist the USN change to the store.
- Set **File.Volume.LastUsn** to **File.Volume.LastUsn** + *RecordLength*.
- Set **File.Usn** to **File.Volume.LastUsn**.

2.1.4.12 Algorithm to Check for an Oplock Break

The inputs for this algorithm are:

- **Open:** The **Open** being used in the request calling this algorithm.
- **Oplock:** The **Oplock** being checked.
- **Operation:** A code describing the operation being processed.
- **OpParams:** Parameters associated with the **Operation** code that are passed in from the calling request. For example, if **Operation** is OPEN, as specified in section 2.1.5.1, then **OpParams** will have the members **DesiredAccess** and **CreateDisposition**. Each of these is a parameter to the open request as specified in section 2.1.5.1. This parameter could be empty, depending on the **Operation** code.
- **Flags:** An optional parameter. If unspecified it is considered to contain 0. Valid nonzero values are:
 - PARENT_OBJECT

The algorithm uses the following local variables:

- Boolean values (initialized to FALSE): *BreakToTwo*, *BreakToNone*, *NeedToWait*
- *BreakCacheState* – MAY contain 0 or a combination of one or more of READ_CACHING, WRITE_CACHING, or HANDLE_CACHING, as specified in section 2.1.1.10. Initialized to 0.
 - Note that there are only four legal nonzero combinations of flags for *BreakCacheState*:
 - (READ_CACHING|WRITE_CACHING|HANDLE_CACHING)

- (READ_CACHING|WRITE_CACHING)
- WRITE_CACHING
- HANDLE_CACHING
- *OPERATION_MASK* – a constant that MUST contain the following value:
 - (LEVEL_ONE_OPLOCK|LEVEL_TWO_OPLOCK|BATCH_OPLOCK|READ_CACHING|WRITE_CACHING|HANDLE_CACHING)

Pseudocode for the algorithm is as follows:

If **Oplock** is not empty and **Oplock.State** is not NO_OPLOCK:

- If **Flags** contains PARENT_OBJECT<41>:
 - Set *BreakCacheState* to (READ_CACHING|WRITE_CACHING).
- Else:
 - Switch (**Operation**):
 - Case OPEN, as specified in section 2.1.5.1:
 - If (((**OpParams.DesiredAccess** contains no flags other than FILE_READ_ATTRIBUTES, FILE_WRITE_ATTRIBUTES, READ_CONTROL, or SYNCHRONIZE) and (**Oplock.State** anded with *OPERATION_MASK*) contains no flags other than READ_CACHING, WRITE_CACHING, or HANDLE_CACHING)) or ((**OpParams.DesiredAccess** contains no flags other than FILE_READ_ATTRIBUTES, FILE_WRITE_ATTRIBUTES or SYNCHRONIZE) and (**Oplock.State** anded with *OPERATION_MASK*) contains no flags other than LEVEL_TWO_OPLOCK, LEVEL_ONE_OPLOCK or BATCH_OPLOCK)), the algorithm returns at this point.
 - EndIf
 - If **OpParams.CreateDisposition** is FILE_SUPERSEDE, FILE_OVERWRITE, or FILE_OVERWRITE_IF:
 - Set *BreakToNone* to TRUE, set *BreakCacheState* to (READ_CACHING|WRITE_CACHING).
 - Else
 - Set *BreakToTwo* to TRUE, set *BreakCacheState* to WRITE_CACHING.
 - EndIf
 - EndCase
 - Case OPEN_BREAK_H, as specified in section 2.1.5.1.2:
 - Set *BreakCacheState* to HANDLE_CACHING.
 - EndCase
 - Case CLOSE, as specified in section 2.1.5.4:
 - If **Oplock.IIOplocks** is not empty:
 - For each **Open ThisOpen** in **Oplock.IIOplocks**:

- If *ThisOpen* == **Open**:
 - Remove *ThisOpen* from **Oplock.IIOplocks**.
 - Notify the server of an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.3, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
 - **BreakingOplockOpen** equal to *ThisOpen*.
 - **NewOplockLevel** equal to LEVEL_NONE.
 - **AcknowledgeRequired** equal to FALSE.
 - **OplockCompletionStatus** equal to STATUS_SUCCESS.
 - (The operation does not end at this point; this call to 2.1.5.17.3 completes some earlier call to 2.1.5.17.2.)
- EndIf
- EndFor
- Recompute **Oplock.State** according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.13, passing **Oplock** as the **ThisOplock** parameter.
- EndIf
- If **Oplock.ROplocks** is not empty:
 - For each **Open ThisOpen** in **Oplock.ROplocks**:
 - If *ThisOpen* == **Open**:
 - Remove *ThisOpen* from **Oplock.ROplocks**.
 - Notify the server of an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.3, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
 - **BreakingOplockOpen** equal to *ThisOpen*.
 - **NewOplockLevel** equal to LEVEL_NONE.
 - **AcknowledgeRequired** equal to FALSE.
 - **OplockCompletionStatus** equal to STATUS_OPLOCK_HANDLE_CLOSED.
 - (The operation does not end at this point; this call to 2.1.5.17.3 completes some earlier call to 2.1.5.17.2.)
 - EndIf
 - EndFor
 - Recompute **Oplock.State** according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.13, passing **Oplock** as the **ThisOplock** parameter.
- EndIf
- If **Oplock.RHOplocks** is not empty:
 - For each **Open ThisOpen** in **Oplock.RHOplocks**:

- If *ThisOpen* == **Open**:
 - Remove *ThisOpen* from **Oplock.RHOplocks**.
 - Notify the server of an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.3, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
 - **BreakingOplockOpen** equal to *ThisOpen*.
 - **NewOplockLevel** equal to LEVEL_NONE.
 - **AcknowledgeRequired** equal to FALSE.
 - **OplockCompletionStatus** equal to STATUS_OPLOCK_HANDLE_CLOSED.
 - (The operation does not end at this point; this call to 2.1.5.17.3 completes some earlier call to 2.1.5.17.2.)
- EndIf
- EndFor
- Recompute **Oplock.State** according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.13, passing **Oplock** as the **ThisOplock** parameter.
- EndIf
- If **Oplock.RHBreakQueue** is not empty:
 - For each **RHOpContext** *ThisContext* in **Oplock.RHBreakQueue**:
 - If *ThisContext.Open* == **Open**:
 - Remove *ThisContext* from **Oplock.RHBreakQueue**.
 - EndIf
 - EndFor
 - Recompute **Oplock.State** according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.13, passing **Oplock** as the **ThisOplock** parameter.
 - For each **Open** *WaitingOpen* on **Oplock.WaitList**:
 - If **Oplock.RHBreakQueue** is empty:
 - Indicate that the operation associated with *WaitingOpen* can continue according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12.1, setting **OpenToRelease** equal to *WaitingOpen*.
 - Remove *WaitingOpen* from **Oplock.WaitList**.
 - Else
 - If the value on every **RHOpContext.Open.TargetOplockKey** on **Oplock.RHBreakQueue** is equal to *WaitingOpen.TargetOplockKey*:
 - Indicate that the operation associated with *WaitingOpen* can continue according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12.1, setting **OpenToRelease** equal to *WaitingOpen*.

- Remove *WaitingOpen* from **Oplock.WaitList**.
 - EndIf
 - EndIf
- EndFor
- EndIf
- If **Open** equals **Oplock.ExclusiveOpen**
 - If **Oplock.State** contains none of BREAK_TO_TWO, BREAK_TO_NONE, BREAK_TO_TWO_TO_NONE, BREAK_TO_READ_CACHING, BREAK_TO_WRITE_CACHING, BREAK_TO_HANDLE_CACHING, or BREAK_TO_NO_CACHING:
 - Notify the server of an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.3, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
 - **BreakingOplockOpen** equal to **Oplock.ExclusiveOpen**.
 - **NewOplockLevel** equal to LEVEL_NONE.
 - **AcknowledgeRequired** equal to FALSE.
 - **OplockCompletionStatus** equal to:
 - STATUS_OPLOCK_HANDLE_CLOSED if **Oplock.State** contains any of READ_CACHING, WRITE_CACHING, or HANDLE_CACHING.
 - STATUS_SUCCESS otherwise.
 - (The operation does not end at this point; this call to 2.1.5.17.3 completes some earlier call to 2.1.5.17.1.)
 - EndIf
 - Set **Oplock.ExclusiveOpen** to NULL.
 - Set **Oplock.State** to NO_OPLOCK.
 - For each **Open** *WaitingOpen* on **Oplock.WaitList**:
 - Indicate that the operation associated with *WaitingOpen* can continue according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12.1, setting **OpenToRelease** equal to *WaitingOpen*.
 - Remove *WaitingOpen* from **Oplock.WaitList**.
 - EndFor
 - EndIf
- EndCase
- Case READ, as specified in section 2.1.5.2:
 - Set *BreakToTwo* to TRUE
 - Set *BreakCacheState* to WRITE_CACHING.
- EndCase

- Case FLUSH_DATA, as specified in section 2.1.5.6:
 - Set *BreakToTwo* to TRUE
 - Set *BreakCacheState* to WRITE_CACHING.
- EndCase
- Case LOCK_CONTROL, as specified in section 2.1.5.7:
- Case WRITE, as specified in section 2.1.5.3:
 - Set *BreakToNone* to TRUE
 - Set *BreakCacheState* to (READ_CACHING|WRITE_CACHING).
- EndCase
- Case SET_INFORMATION, as specified in section 2.1.5.14:
 - Switch (**OpParams.FileInformationClass**):
 - Case FileEndOfFileInformation:
 - Case FileAllocationInformation:
 - Set *BreakToNone* to TRUE
 - Set *BreakCacheState* to (READ_CACHING|WRITE_CACHING).
 - EndCase
 - Case FileRenameInformation:
 - Case FileLinkInformation:
 - Case FileShortNameInformation:
 - Set *BreakCacheState* to HANDLE_CACHING.
 - If **Oplock.State** contains BATCH_OPLOCK, set *BreakToNone* to TRUE.
 - EndCase
 - Case FileDispositionInformation:
 - If **OpParams.DeleteFile** is TRUE,
 - Set *BreakCacheState* to HANDLE_CACHING.
 - EndCase
 - EndSwitch // FileInfoClass
 - Case FS_CONTROL, as specified in section 2.1.5.9:
 - If **OpParams.ControlCode** is FSCTL_SET_ZERO_DATA:
 - Set *BreakToNone* to TRUE.
 - Set *BreakCacheState* to (READ_CACHING|WRITE_CACHING).
 - EndIf

- EndCase
- Case SET_SECURITY, as specified in section 2.1.5.16
 - Set *BreakCacheState* to HANDLE_CACHING
- EndCase
- EndSwitch // **Operation**
- EndIf
- If *BreakToTwo* is TRUE:
 - If (**Oplock.State** != LEVEL_TWO_OPLOCK) and
 - ((**Oplock.ExclusiveOpen** is empty) or
 - (**Oplock.ExclusiveOpen.TargetOplockKey** != **Open.TargetOplockKey**)):
 - If (**Oplock.State** contains EXCLUSIVE) and
 - (**Oplock.State** contains none of READ_CACHING, WRITE_CACHING, or HANDLE_CACHING):
 - If **Oplock.State** contains none of BREAK_TO_TWO, BREAK_TO_NONE, BREAK_TO_TWO_TO_NONE, BREAK_TO_READ_CACHING, BREAK_TO_WRITE_CACHING, BREAK_TO_HANDLE_CACHING, or BREAK_TO_NO_CACHING:
 - // **Oplock.State** MUST contain either LEVEL_ONE_OPLOCK or BATCH_OPLOCK.
 - Set BREAK_TO_TWO in **Oplock.State**.
 - Notify the server of an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.3, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
 - **BreakingOplockOpen** equal to **Oplock.ExclusiveOpen**.
 - **NewOplockLevel** equal to LEVEL_TWO.
 - **AcknowledgeRequired** equal to TRUE.
 - **OplockCompletionStatus** equal to STATUS_SUCCESS.
 - (The operation does not end at this point; this call to 2.1.5.17.3 completes some earlier call to 2.1.5.17.1.)
 - EndIf
 - The operation that called this algorithm MUST be made cancelable by inserting it into **CancelableOperations.CancelableOperationList**.
 - Insert **Open** into **Oplock.WaitList**.
 - The operation that called this algorithm waits until the oplock break is acknowledged, as specified in section 2.1.5.18, or the operation is canceled.
- EndIf
- EndIf
- Else If *BreakToNone* is TRUE:

- If (**Oplock.State** == LEVEL_TWO_OPLOCK) or
(**Oplock.ExclusiveOpen** is empty) or
(**Oplock.ExclusiveOpen.TargetOplockKey** != **Open.TargetOplockKey**):
 - If (**Oplock.State** != NO_OPLOCK) and
(**Oplock.State** contains neither WRITE_CACHING nor HANDLE_CACHING):
 - If **Oplock.State** contains none of LEVEL_TWO_OPLOCK, BREAK_TO_TWO, BREAK_TO_NONE, BREAK_TO_TWO_TO_NONE, BREAK_TO_READ_CACHING, BREAK_TO_WRITE_CACHING, BREAK_TO_HANDLE_CACHING, or BREAK_TO_NO_CACHING:
 - // There could be a READ_CACHING-only oplock here. Those are broken later on.
 - If **Oplock.State** contains READ_CACHING, go to the *LeaveBreakToNone* label.
 - Set BREAK_TO_NONE in **Oplock.State**.
 - Notify the server of an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.3, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
 - **BreakingOplockOpen** equal to **Oplock.ExclusiveOpen**.
 - **NewOplockLevel** equal to LEVEL_NONE.
 - **AcknowledgeRequired** equal to TRUE.
 - **OplockCompletionStatus** equal to STATUS_SUCCESS.
 - (The operation does not end at this point; this call to 2.1.5.17.3 completes some earlier call to 2.1.5.17.1.)
 - Else If **Oplock.State** equals LEVEL_TWO_OPLOCK or (LEVEL_TWO_OPLOCK|READ_CACHING):
 - For each **Open ThisOpen** in **Oplock.IIOplocks**:
 - Remove *ThisOpen* from **Oplock.IIOplocks**.
 - Notify the server of an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.3, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
 - **BreakingOplockOpen** equal to *ThisOpen*.
 - **NewOplockLevel** equal to LEVEL_NONE.
 - **AcknowledgeRequired** equal to FALSE.
 - **OplockCompletionStatus** equal to STATUS_SUCCESS.
 - (The operation does not end at this point; this call to 2.1.5.17.3 completes some earlier call to 2.1.5.17.2.)
 - EndFor
 - If **Oplock.State** equals (LEVEL_TWO_OPLOCK|READ_CACHING):
 - Set **Oplock.State** equal to READ_CACHING.
 - Else

- Set **Oplock.State** equal to NO_OPLOCK.
 - EndIf
 - Go to the *LeaveBreakToNone* label.
 - Else If **Oplock.State** contains BREAK_TO_TWO:
 - Clear BREAK_TO_TWO from **Oplock.State**.
 - Set BREAK_TO_TWO_TO_NONE in **Oplock.State**.
 - EndIf
 - If **Oplock.ExclusiveOpen** is not empty, and **Oplock.ExclusiveOpen.TargetOplockKey** equals **Open.TargetOplockKey**, go to the *LeaveBreakToNone* label.
 - The operation that called this algorithm MUST be made cancelable by inserting it into **CancelableOperations.CancelableOperationList**.
 - Insert **Open** into **Oplock.WaitList**.
 - The operation that called this algorithm waits until the oplock break is acknowledged, as specified in section 2.1.5.18, or the operation is canceled.
- EndIf
- EndIf
- EndIf
- LeaveBreakToNone* (goto destination label):
- If *BreakCacheState* is not 0:
 - If **Oplock.State** contains any flags that are in *BreakCacheState*:
 - If **Oplock.ExclusiveOpen** is not empty, call the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12.2, passing **Open** as the **OperationOpen** parameter, **Oplock.ExclusiveOpen** as the **OplockOpen** parameter, and **Flags** as the **Flags** parameter. If the algorithm returns TRUE:
 - The algorithm returns at this point.
 - Switch (**Oplock.State**):
 - Case (READ_CACHING|HANDLE_CACHING|MIXED_R_AND_RH):
 - Case READ_CACHING:
 - Case (LEVEL_TWO_OPLOCK|READ_CACHING):
 - If *BreakCacheState* contains READ_CACHING:
 - For each **Open ThisOpen** in **Oplock.ROplocks**:
 - Call the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12.2, passing **Open** as the **OperationOpen** parameter, *ThisOpen* as the **OplockOpen** parameter, and **Flags** as the **Flags** parameter. If the algorithm returns FALSE:
 - Remove *ThisOpen* from **Oplock.ROplocks**.

- Notify the server of an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.3, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
 - **BreakingOplockOpen** equal to *ThisOpen*.
 - **NewOplockLevel** equal to LEVEL_NONE.
 - **AcknowledgeRequired** equal to FALSE.
 - **OplockCompletionStatus** equal to STATUS_SUCCESS.
 - (The operation does not end at this point; this call to 2.1.5.17.3 completes some earlier call to 2.1.5.17.2.)
 - EndIf
 - EndFor
 - EndIf
 - If **Oplock.State** equals (READ_CACHING|HANDLE_CACHING|MIXED_R_AND_RH):
 - // Do nothing; FALL THROUGH to next Case statement.
 - Else
 - Recompute **Oplock.State** according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.13, passing **Oplock** as the **ThisOplock** parameter.
 - EndCase
 - EndIf
- Case (READ_CACHING|HANDLE_CACHING):
 - If *BreakCacheState* equals HANDLE_CACHING:
 - For each **Open** *ThisOpen* in **Oplock.RHOplocks**:
 - If *ThisOpen.OplockKey* does not equal **Open.OplockKey**:
 - Remove *ThisOpen* from **Oplock.RHOplocks**.
 - Notify the server of an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.3, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
 - **BreakingOplockOpen** equal to *ThisOpen*.
 - **NewOplockLevel** equal to READ_CACHING.
 - **AcknowledgeRequired** equal to TRUE.
 - **OplockCompletionStatus** equal to STATUS_SUCCESS.
 - (The operation does not end at this point; this call to 2.1.5.17.3 completes some earlier call to 2.1.5.17.2.)
 - Initialize a new **RHOpContext** object, setting its fields as follows:
 - **RHOpContext.Open** set to *ThisOpen*.
 - **RHOpContext.BreakingToRead** to TRUE.

- Add the new **RHOpContext** object to **Oplock.RHBreakQueue**.
 - Set *NeedToWait* to TRUE.
 - EndIf
- EndFor
- Else If *BreakCacheState* contains both READ_CACHING and WRITE_CACHING:
 - For each **RHOpContext** *ThisContext* in **Oplock.RHBreakQueue**:
 - Call the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12.2, passing **Open** as the **OperationOpen** parameter, *ThisContext.Open* as the **OplockOpen** parameter, and **Flags** as the **Flags** parameter. If the algorithm returns FALSE:
 - Set *ThisContext.BreakingToRead* to FALSE.
 - If *BreakCacheState* contains HANDLE_CACHING:
 - Set *NeedToWait* to TRUE.
 - EndIf
 - EndIf
 - EndFor
 - For each **Open** *ThisOpen* in **Oplock.RHOplocks**:
 - Call the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12.2, passing **Open** as the **OperationOpen** parameter, *ThisOpen* as the **OplockOpen** parameter, and **Flags** as the **Flags** parameter. If the algorithm returns FALSE:
 - Remove *ThisOpen* from **Oplock.RHOplocks**.
 - Notify the server of an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.3, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
 - **BreakingOplockOpen** equal to *ThisOpen*.
 - **NewOplockLevel** equal to LEVEL_NONE.
 - **AcknowledgeRequired** equal to TRUE.
 - **OplockCompletionStatus** equal to STATUS_SUCCESS.
 - (The operation does not end at this point; this call to 2.1.5.17.3 completes some earlier call to 2.1.5.17.2.)
 - Initialize a new **RHOpContext** object, setting its fields as follows:
 - **RHOpContext.Open** set to *ThisOpen*.
 - **RHOpContext.BreakingToRead** to FALSE.
 - Add the new **RHOpContext** object to **Oplock.RHBreakQueue**.
 - If *BreakCacheState* contains HANDLE_CACHING:
 - Set *NeedToWait* to TRUE.

- EndIf
 - EndIf
 - EndFor
 - EndIf
 - // If the oplock is explicitly losing HANDLE_CACHING, **RHBreakQueue** is not empty,
 - // and the algorithm has not yet decided to wait, this operation might have to wait if
 - // there is an oplock on **RHBreakQueue** with a non-matching key. This is done
 - // because even if this operation didn't cause a break of a currently-granted Read-
 - // Handle caching oplock, it might have done so had a currently-breaking oplock still
 - // been granted.
 - If (*NeedToWait* is FALSE) and
(**Oplock.RHBreakQueue** is not empty) and
(*BreakCacheState* contains HANDLE_CACHING):
 - For each **RHOpContext** *ThisContext* in **Oplock.RHBreakQueue**:
 - If *ThisContext.Open.OplockKey* does not equal **Open.OplockKey**:
 - Set *NeedToWait* to TRUE.
 - Break out of the For loop.
 - EndIf
 - EndFor
 - EndIf
 - Recompute **Oplock.State** according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.13, passing **Oplock** as the **ThisOplock** parameter.
- EndCase
- Case (READ_CACHING|HANDLE_CACHING|BREAK_TO_READ_CACHING):
 - If *BreakCacheState* contains READ_CACHING:
 - For each **RHOpContext** *ThisContext* in **Oplock.RHBreakQueue**:
 - Call the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12.2, passing **Open** as the **OperationOpen** parameter, *ThisContext.Open* as the **OplockOpen** parameter, and **Flags** as the **Flags** parameter. If the algorithm returns FALSE:
 - Set *ThisContext.BreakingToRead* to FALSE.
 - EndIf

- Recompute **Oplock.State** according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.13, passing **Oplock** as the **ThisOplock** parameter.
 - EndFor
 - EndIf
 - If *BreakCacheState* contains HANDLE_CACHING:
 - For each **RHOpContext** *ThisContext* in **Oplock.RHBreakQueue**:
 - If *ThisContext.Open.OplockKey* does not equal **Open.OplockKey**:
 - Set *NeedToWait* to TRUE.
 - Break out of the For loop.
 - EndIf
 - EndFor
 - EndIf
- EndCase
- Case (READ_CACHING|HANDLE_CACHING|BREAK_TO_NO_CACHING):
 - If *BreakCacheState* contains HANDLE_CACHING:
 - For each **RHOpContext** *ThisContext* in **Oplock.RHBreakQueue**:
 - If *ThisContext.Open.OplockKey* does not equal **Open.OplockKey**:
 - Set *NeedToWait* to TRUE.
 - Break out of the For loop.
 - EndIf
 - EndFor
 - EndIf
- EndCase
- Case (READ_CACHING|WRITE_CACHING|EXCLUSIVE):
 - If *BreakCacheState* contains both READ_CACHING and WRITE_CACHING:
 - Notify the server of an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.3, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
 - **BreakingOplockOpen** equal to **Oplock.ExclusiveOpen**.
 - **NewOplockLevel** equal to LEVEL_NONE.
 - **AcknowledgeRequired** equal to TRUE.
 - **OplockCompletionStatus** equal to STATUS_SUCCESS.
 - (The operation does not end at this point; this call to 2.1.5.17.3 completes some earlier call to 2.1.5.17.1.)

- Set **Oplock.State** to (READ_CACHING|WRITE_CACHING|EXCLUSIVE|BREAK_TO_NO_CACHING).
- Set *NeedToWait* to TRUE.
- Else If *BreakCacheState* contains WRITE_CACHING:
 - Notify the server of an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.3, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
 - **BreakingOplockOpen** equal to **Oplock.ExclusiveOpen**.
 - **NewOplockLevel** equal to READ_CACHING.
 - **AcknowledgeRequired** equal to TRUE.
 - **OplockCompletionStatus** equal to STATUS_SUCCESS.
 - (The operation does not end at this point; this call to 2.1.5.17.3 completes some earlier call to 2.1.5.17.1.)
 - Set **Oplock.State** to (READ_CACHING|WRITE_CACHING|EXCLUSIVE|BREAK_TO_READ_CACHING).
 - Set *NeedToWait* to TRUE.
- EndIf
- EndCase
- Case (READ_CACHING|WRITE_CACHING|HANDLE_CACHING|EXCLUSIVE):
 - If *BreakCacheState* equals WRITE_CACHING:
 - Notify the server of an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.3, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
 - **BreakingOplockOpen** equal to **Oplock.ExclusiveOpen**.
 - **NewOplockLevel** equal to (READ_CACHING|HANDLE_CACHING).
 - **AcknowledgeRequired** equal to TRUE.
 - **OplockCompletionStatus** equal to STATUS_SUCCESS.
 - (The operation does not end at this point; this call to 2.1.5.17.3 completes some earlier call to 2.1.5.17.1.)
 - Set **Oplock.State** to (READ_CACHING|WRITE_CACHING|HANDLE_CACHING|EXCLUSIVE|BREAK_TO_READ_CACHING|BREAK_TO_HANDLE_CACHING).
 - Set *NeedToWait* to TRUE.
 - Else If *BreakCacheState* equals HANDLE_CACHING:
 - Notify the server of an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.3, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
 - **BreakingOplockOpen** equal to **Oplock.ExclusiveOpen**.
 - **NewOplockLevel** equal to (READ_CACHING|WRITE_CACHING).

- **AcknowledgeRequired** equal to TRUE.
- **OplockCompletionStatus** equal to STATUS_SUCCESS.
- (The operation does not end at this point; this call to 2.1.5.17.3 completes some earlier call to 2.1.5.17.1.)
- Set **Oplock.State** to (READ_CACHING|WRITE_CACHING|HANDLE_CACHING|EXCLUSIVE|BREAK_TO_READ_CACHING|BREAK_TO_WRITE_CACHING).
- Set *NeedToWait* to TRUE.
- Else If *BreakCacheState* contains both READ_CACHING and WRITE_CACHING:
 - Notify the server of an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.3, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
 - **BreakingOplockOpen** equal to **Oplock.ExclusiveOpen**.
 - **NewOplockLevel** equal to LEVEL_NONE.
 - **AcknowledgeRequired** equal to TRUE.
 - **OplockCompletionStatus** equal to STATUS_SUCCESS.
 - (The operation does not end at this point; this call to 2.1.5.17.3 completes some earlier call to 2.1.5.17.1.)
 - Set **Oplock.State** to (READ_CACHING|WRITE_CACHING|HANDLE_CACHING|EXCLUSIVE|BREAK_TO_NO_CACHING).
 - Set *NeedToWait* to TRUE.
- EndIf
- EndCase
- Case (READ_CACHING|WRITE_CACHING|EXCLUSIVE|BREAK_TO_READ_CACHING):
 - If *BreakCacheState* contains READ_CACHING:
 - Set **Oplock.State** to (READ_CACHING|WRITE_CACHING|EXCLUSIVE|BREAK_TO_NO_CACHING).
 - EndIf
 - If *BreakCacheState* contains either READ_CACHING or WRITE_CACHING:
 - Set *NeedToWait* to TRUE.
 - EndIf
- EndCase
- Case (READ_CACHING|WRITE_CACHING|EXCLUSIVE|BREAK_TO_NO_CACHING):
 - If *BreakCacheState* contains either READ_CACHING or WRITE_CACHING:
 - Set *NeedToWait* to TRUE.
 - EndIf

- EndCase
- Case
(READ_CACHING|WRITE_CACHING|HANDLE_CACHING|EXCLUSIVE|BREAK_TO_READ_CACHING|BREAK_TO_WRITE_CACHING):
 - If *BreakCacheState* == WRITE_CACHING:
 - Set **Oplock.State** to
(READ_CACHING|WRITE_CACHING|HANDLE_CACHING|EXCLUSIVE|BREAK_TO_READ_CACHING).
 - Else If *BreakCacheState* contains both READ_CACHING and WRITE_CACHING:
 - Set **Oplock.State** to
(READ_CACHING|WRITE_CACHING|HANDLE_CACHING|EXCLUSIVE|BREAK_TO_NO_CACHING).
- EndIf
- Set *NeedToWait* to TRUE.
- EndCase
- Case
(READ_CACHING|WRITE_CACHING|HANDLE_CACHING|EXCLUSIVE|BREAK_TO_READ_CACHING|BREAK_TO_HANDLE_CACHING):
 - If *BreakCacheState* == HANDLE_CACHING:
 - Set **Oplock.State** to
(READ_CACHING|WRITE_CACHING|HANDLE_CACHING|EXCLUSIVE|BREAK_TO_READ_CACHING).
 - Else If *BreakCacheState* contains READ_CACHING:
 - Set **Oplock.State** to
(READ_CACHING|WRITE_CACHING|HANDLE_CACHING|EXCLUSIVE|BREAK_TO_NO_CACHING).
- EndIf
- Set *NeedToWait* to TRUE.
- EndCase
- Case
(READ_CACHING|WRITE_CACHING|HANDLE_CACHING|EXCLUSIVE|BREAK_TO_READ_CACHING):
 - If *BreakCacheState* contains READ_CACHING, set **Oplock.State** to
(READ_CACHING|WRITE_CACHING|HANDLE_CACHING|EXCLUSIVE|BREAK_TO_NO_CACHING).
 - Set *NeedToWait* to TRUE.
- EndCase
- Case
(READ_CACHING|WRITE_CACHING|HANDLE_CACHING|EXCLUSIVE|BREAK_TO_NO_CACHING):

- Set *NeedToWait* to TRUE.
 - EndCase
 - EndSwitch
 - If *NeedToWait* is TRUE:
 - The operation that called this algorithm MUST be made cancelable by inserting it into **CancelableOperations.CancelableOperationList**.
 - Insert **Open** into **Oplock.WaitList**.
 - The operation that called this algorithm waits until the oplock break is acknowledged, as specified in section 2.1.5.18, or the operation is canceled.
 - EndIf
 - EndIf
 - EndIf
- EndIf

2.1.4.12.1 Algorithm for Request Processing After an Oplock Breaks

The inputs for this algorithm are:

- **OpenToRelease:** The **Open** used in the request that caused the oplock to break

Pseudocode for the algorithm is as follows:

- The request corresponding to **OpenToRelease** MUST resume from the point where it broke the oplock (that is, called section 2.1.4.12).

2.1.4.12.2 Algorithm to Compare Oplock Keys

The inputs for this algorithm are:

- **OperationOpen:** The **Open** used in the request that can cause an oplock to break.
- **OplockOpen:** The **Open** originally used to request the oplock, as specified in section 2.1.5.17.
- **Flags:** If unspecified it is considered to contain 0. Valid nonzero values are:
 - PARENT_OBJECT

This algorithm returns TRUE if the appropriate oplock key field of **OperationOpen** equals **OplockOpen.TargetOplockKey**, and FALSE otherwise.

Pseudocode for the algorithm is as follows:

- If **OperationOpen** equals **OplockOpen**:
 - Return TRUE.
- If both **OperationOpen.TargetOplockKey** and **OperationOpen.ParentOplockKey** are empty or both **OplockOpen.TargetOplockKey** and **OplockKey.ParentOplockKey** are empty:
 - Return FALSE.
- If **OplockOpen.TargetOplockKey** is empty or

(**Flags** does not contain PARENT_OBJECT and **OperationOpen.TargetOplockKey** is empty):

- Return FALSE.
- If **Flags** contains PARENT_OBJECT and **OperationOpen.ParentOplockKey** is empty:
 - Return FALSE.
- If **Flags** contains PARENT_OBJECT:
 - If **OperationOpen.ParentOplockKey** equals **OplockOpen.TargetOplockKey**:
 - Return TRUE.
 - Else:
 - Return FALSE.
 - EndIf
- Else:
 - If **OperationOpen.TargetOplockKey** equals **OplockOpen.TargetOplockKey**:
 - Return TRUE.
 - Else:
 - Return FALSE.
 - EndIf
- EndIf

2.1.4.13 Algorithm to Recompute the State of a Shared Oplock

The inputs for this algorithm are:

- **ThisOplock**: The **Oplock** on whose state is being recomputed.

Pseudocode for the algorithm is as follows:

- If **ThisOplock.IIOplocks**, **ThisOplock.ROplocks**, **ThisOplock.RHOplocks**, and **ThisOplock.RHBreakQueue** are all empty:
 - Set **ThisOplock.State** to NO_OPLOCK.
- Else If **ThisOplock.ROplocks** is not empty and either **ThisOplock.RHOplocks** or **ThisOplock.RHBreakQueue** are not empty:
 - Set **ThisOplock.State** to (READ_CACHING|HANDLE_CACHING|MIXED_R_AND_RH).
- Else If **ThisOplock.ROplocks** is empty and **ThisOplock.RHOplocks** is not empty:
 - Set **ThisOplock.State** to (READ_CACHING|HANDLE_CACHING).
- Else If **ThisOplock.ROplocks** is not empty and **ThisOplock.IIOplocks** is not empty:
 - Set **ThisOplock.State** to (READ_CACHING|LEVEL_TWO_OPLOCK).

- Else If **ThisOplock.ROplocks** is not empty and **ThisOplock.IIOplocks** is empty:
 - Set **ThisOplock.State** to READ_CACHING.
- Else If **ThisOplock.ROplocks** is empty and **ThisOplock.IIOplocks** is not empty:
 - Set **ThisOplock.State** to LEVEL_TWO_OPLOCK.
- Else
 - // ThisOplock.ROplocks is empty
 // ThisOplock.RHOplocks is empty
 // ThisOplock.RHBreakQueue MUST be non-empty
 - If **RHOpContext.BreakingToRead** is TRUE for every **RHOpContext** on **ThisOplock.RHBreakQueue**:
 - Set **ThisOplock.State** to (READ_CACHING|HANDLE_CACHING|BREAK_TO_READ_CACHING).
 - Else If **RHOpContext.BreakingToRead** is FALSE for every **RHOpContext** on **ThisOplock.RHBreakQueue**:
 - Set **ThisOplock.State** to (READ_CACHING|HANDLE_CACHING|BREAK_TO_NO_CACHING).
 - Else:
 - Set **ThisOplock.State** to (READ_CACHING|HANDLE_CACHING).
 - EndIf
- EndIf

2.1.4.14 AccessCheck -- Algorithm to Perform a General Access Check

The inputs for this algorithm are:

- **SecurityContext:** The **SecurityContext** of the user requesting access.
- **SecurityDescriptor:** The security descriptor of the object to which access is requested, in the format specified in [MS-DTYP] section 2.4.6.
- **DesiredAccess:** An ACCESS_MASK indicating type of access requested, as specified in [MS-DTYP] section 2.4.3.

This algorithm returns a Boolean value:

- TRUE if the user has the necessary access to the object.
- FALSE otherwise.

Pseudocode for the algorithm is as follows:

- The object store MUST build a new *Token* object, in the format specified in [MS-DTYP] section 2.5.2, with fields initialized as follows:
 - **Sids** set to **SecurityContext.SIDs**.
 - **OwnerIndex** set to **SecurityContext.OwnerIndex**.
 - **PrimaryGroup** set to **SecurityContext.PrimaryGroup**.

- **DefaultDACL** set to **SecurityContext.DefaultDACL**.
- **Privileges** set to **SecurityContext.PrivilegeSet** in locally unique identifier (LUID) form, as specified in [MS-LSAD] section 3.1.1.2.1.
- The object store MUST use the access check algorithm described in [MS-DTYP] section 2.5.3.2, with input values as follows:
 - **SecurityDescriptor** set to the **SecurityDescriptor** above.
 - **Token** set to *Token*.
 - **Access Request mask** set to **DesiredAccess**.
 - **Object Tree** set to NULL.
 - **PrincipalSelfSubst** set to NULL.
- If the access check returns success, return TRUE; otherwise return FALSE.

2.1.4.15 **BuildRelativeName -- Algorithm for Building the Relative Path Name for a Link**

The inputs for this algorithm are:

- **Link:** A **Link** whose relative path name we are building.
- **RootDirectory:** A **DirectoryFile** indicating how far to walk up the directory hierarchy when building the relative path name.

This algorithm returns a Unicode string representing the portion of a Link's path name from **RootDirectory** to **Link** itself, inclusive. The returned string starts with a backslash and uses backslashes as path separators. If **Link** is not a descendant of **RootDirectory**, the algorithm returns an empty string to indicate this error.

Pseudocode for the algorithm is as follows:

- If **Link.File** equals **RootDirectory**:
 - Return "\".
- Else If **Link.File** equals **Link.File.Volume.RootDirectory**:
 - Return an empty string.
- Else If **Link.ParentFile** equals **RootDirectory**:
 - Return "\" + **Link.Name**.
- Else
 - Set *ParentRelativeName* to **BuildRelativeName(Link.ParentFile, RootDirectory)**.
 - If *ParentRelativeName* is empty:
 - Return an empty string.
 - Else
 - Return *ParentRelativeName* + "\" + **Link.Name**.
 - EndIf

- EndIf

2.1.4.16 FindAllFiles: Algorithm for Finding All Files Under a Directory

The inputs for this algorithm are:

- **RootDirectory**: A **DirectoryFile** ADM element indicating the top-level directory for the search.

This algorithm returns a list of files that are descendants of **RootDirectory**, including **RootDirectory** itself.

The algorithm uses the following local variables:

- Lists of Files (initialized to empty): *FoundFiles*, *FilesToMerge*

Pseudocode for the algorithm follows:

- Insert **RootDirectory** into *FoundFiles*.
- For each *Link* in **RootDirectory.DirectoryList**:
 - If *Link.File.FileType* is DirectoryFile:
 - Set *FilesToMerge* to FindAllFiles(*Link.File*).
 - Else:
 - Set *FilesToMerge* to a list containing the single entry *Link.File*.
 - EndIf
 - For each *File* in *FilesToMerge*:
 - If *File* is not an element of *FoundFiles*, insert *File* into *FoundFiles*.
 - EndFor
- EndFor
- Return *FoundFiles*.

2.1.4.17 Algorithm for Noting That a File Has Been Modified

The inputs for this algorithm are as follows:

- **Open**: The **Open** through which the file was modified.

The pseudocode for the algorithm is as follows:

- The object store SHOULD<42>:
 - If **Open.UserSetModificationTime** is FALSE, set **Open.File.LastModificationTime** to the current system time.
 - If **Open.UserSetChangeTime** is FALSE, set **Open.File.LastChangeTime** to the current system time.
 - If **Open.UserSetAccessTime** is FALSE, set **Open.File.LastAccessTime** to the current system time.
 - Set **Open.File.FileAttributes.FILE_ATTRIBUTE_ARCHIVE** to TRUE.

2.1.4.18 Algorithm for Updating Duplicated Information

The inputs for this algorithm are as follows:

- **Link:** The **Link** to be updated.

The pseudocode for the algorithm is as follows:

- Set **Link.CreationTime** to **Link.File.CreationTime**.
- Set **Link.LastAccessTime** to **Link.File.LastAccessTime**.
- Set **Link.LastModificationTime** to **Link.File.LastModificationTime**.
- Set **Link.LastChangeTime** to **Link.File.LastChangeTime**.
- If **Link.File.FileType** is DataFile:
 - Set **DefaultStream** to the entry in **Link.File.StreamList** where *DefaultStream.Name* is empty (locate the default stream for the given file).
 - Set **Link.AllocationSize** to *DefaultStream.AllocationSize*.
 - Set **Link.FileSize** to *DefaultStream.Size*.
- EndIf
- Set **Link.FileAttributes** to **Link.File.FileAttributes**.
- Set **Link.ExtendedAttributesLength** to **Link.File.ExtendedAttributesLength**.
- Set **Link.ReparseTag** to **Link.File.ReparseTag**.

2.1.4.19 Algorithm for Noting That a File Has Been Accessed

The inputs for this algorithm are as follows:

- **Open:** The **Open** through which the file was accessed.

The pseudocode for the algorithm is as follows:

- The object store SHOULD<43>:
 - If **Open.UserSetAccessTime** is FALSE, set **Open.File.LastAccessTime** to the current system time.

2.1.5 Higher-Layer Triggered Events

This section describes operations the object store performs in response to events triggered by higher-layer applications. The higher-layer application for this document is generally a server application that is processing requests for a local or remote client.

In performing these operations, the object store MAY make persistent changes to objects described in the abstract data model, section 2.1.1. If any operation fails, the object store SHOULD undo any persistent changes that were made prior to the failure, unless specifically noted otherwise in the operation.

In addition to the parameters explicitly listed, each operation in this section takes an implementation-specific parameter (**IORequest**) that uniquely identifies the in-progress I/O operation. The caller generates the **IORequest** value and passes it in as an additional parameter to the event. The **IORequest** parameter is used to support operation cancellation, as specified in section 2.1.5.19.

When an operation completes or is canceled the object store MUST remove the associated **IORequest** operation from **CancelableOperations.CancelableOperationList**.

2.1.5.1 Server Requests an Open of a File

The server provides:

- **RootOpen:** An **Open** to the root of the share.
- **PathName:** A Unicode path relative to **RootOpen** for the file to be opened in the format specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.5.
- **SecurityContext:** The **SecurityContext** of the user performing the open.
- **DesiredAccess:** A bitmask indicating requested access for the open, as specified in [MS-SMB2] section 2.2.13.1.
- **ShareAccess:** A bitmask indicating sharing access for the open, as specified in [MS-SMB2] section 2.2.13.
- **CreateOptions:** A bitmask of options for the open, as specified in [MS-SMB2] section 2.2.13.
- **CreateDisposition:** The requested disposition for the open, as specified in [MS-SMB2] section 2.2.13.
- **DesiredFileAttributes:** A bitmask of requested file attributes for the open, as specified in [MS-SMB2] section 2.2.13.
- **IsCaseInsensitive:** A Boolean value. TRUE indicates that string comparisons performed in the context of this Open are case-insensitive; otherwise, they are case-sensitive.
- **TargetOplockKey:** A GUID value. This value could be empty.
- **UserCertificate:** An ENCRYPTION_CERTIFICATE structure as specified in [MS-EFSR] section 2.2.8 and used when opening an encrypted stream. This value could be empty.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.

On success it MUST also return:

- **CreateAction:** A code defining the action taken by the open operation, as specified in [MS-SMB2] section 2.2.14 for the **CreateAction** field.
- **Open:** The newly created **Open**.

On STATUS_REPARSE or STATUS_STOPPED_ON_SYMLINK it MUST also return:

- **ReparseData:** The reparse point data associated with an existing file, in the format described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.2. The application MAY retry the open operation with a different **PathName** parameter constructed using **ReparseData**.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- Phase 1 -- Parameter Validation:
- Set *ValidDirectoryCreateOptions* = (FILE_DIRECTORY_FILE | FILE_SYNCHRONOUS_IO_ALERT | FILE_SYNCHRONOUS_IO_NONALERT | FILE_WRITE_THROUGH | FILE_OPEN_REMOTE_INSTANCE | FILE_COMPLETE_IF_OPLOCKED | FILE_OPEN_FOR_BACKUP_INTENT | FILE_DELETE_ON_CLOSE

| FILE_OPEN_FOR_FREE_SPACE_QUERY | FILE_OPEN_BY_FILE_ID | FILE_NO_COMPRESSION | FILE_OPEN_REPARSE_POINT | FILE_OPEN_REQUIRING_OPLOCK).

- The operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER under any of the following conditions:
 - If **RootOpen.File.FileType** is DataFile.
 - If **ShareAccess**, **CreateOptions**, **CreateDisposition**, or **FileAttributes** are not valid values for a file object as specified in [MS-SMB2] section 2.2.13.
 - If (**CreateOptions.FILE_SYNCHRONOUS_IO_ALERT** || **Create.FILE_SYNCHRONOUS_IO_NONALERT**) && !**DesiredAccess.SYNCHRONIZE**.
 - If **CreateOptions.FILE_DELETE_ON_CLOSE** && !**DesiredAccess.DELETE**.
 - If **CreateOptions.FILE_SYNCHRONOUS_IO_ALERT** && **Create.FILE_SYNCHRONOUS_IO_NONALERT**.
 - If **CreateOptions.FILE_DIRECTORY_FILE** is TRUE && **CreateOptions.FILE_NON_DIRECTORY_FILE** is FALSE && ((**CreateOptions** & ~ *ValidDirectoryCreateOptions*) || (**CreateDisposition** != FILE_CREATE && **CreateDisposition** != FILE_OPEN && **CreateDisposition** != FILE_OPEN_IF)).
 - If **CreateOptions.FILE_COMPLETE_IF_OPLOCKED** && **CreateOptions.FILE_RESERVE_OPFILTER**.
 - If **CreateOptions.FILE_NO_INTERMEDIATE_BUFFERING** && **DesiredAccess.FILE_APPEND_DATA**.
- If **DesiredAccess** is zero, or if any of the bits in the mask 0x0CE0FE00 are set, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_ACCESS_DENIED.
- If **CreateOptions.FILE_DIRECTORY_FILE** && **CreateOptions.FILE_NON_DIRECTORY_FILE**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER.
- The operation MUST be failed with STATUS_OBJECT_NAME_INVALID under any of the following conditions:
 - If **PathName** is not valid as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.5.
 - If **PathName** contains a trailing backslash and **CreateOptions.FILE_NON_DIRECTORY_FILE** is TRUE.
- If **DesiredFileAttributes.FILE_ATTRIBUTE_ENCRYPTED** is specified, then the object store MUST set **CreateOptions.FILE_NO_COMPRESSION**.
- Phase 2 -- Volume State:
 - If **RootOpen.File.Volume.IsReadOnly** && (**CreateDisposition** == FILE_CREATE || **CreateDisposition** == FILE_SUPERSEDE || **CreateDisposition** == OVERWRITE || **CreateDisposition** == OVERWRITE_IF) then the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_MEDIA_WRITE_PROTECTED.
- Phase 3 -- Initialization of **Open** Object:
 - The object store MUST build a new **Open** object with fields initialized as follows:
 - **Open.RootOpen** set to **RootOpen**.

- **Open.FileName** formed by concatenating **RootOpen.FileName** + "\" + **FileName**, stripping any redundant backslashes and trailing backslashes.
 - **Open.RemainingDesiredAccess** set to **DesiredAccess**.
 - **Open.SharingMode** set to **ShareAccess**.
 - **Open.Mode** set to (**CreateOptions** & (FILE_WRITE_THROUGH | FILE_SEQUENTIAL_ONLY | FILE_NO_INTERMEDIATE_BUFFERING | FILE_SYNCHRONOUS_IO_ALERT | FILE_SYNCHRONOUS_IO_NONALERT | FILE_DELETE_ON_CLOSE)).
 - **Open.IsCaseInsensitive** set to **IsCaseInsensitive**.
 - **Open.HasBackupAccess** set to TRUE if **SecurityContext.PrivilegeSet** contains "SeBackupPrivilege".
 - **Open.HasRestoreAccess** set to TRUE if **SecurityContext.PrivilegeSet** contains "SeRestorePrivilege".
 - **Open.HasCreateSymbolicLinkAccess** set to TRUE if **SecurityContext.PrivilegeSet** contains "SeCreateSymbolicLinkPrivilege".
 - **Open.HasManageVolumeAccess** set to TRUE if **SecurityContext.PrivilegeSet** contains "SeManageVolumePrivilege".
 - **Open.IsAdministrator** set to TRUE if **SecurityContext.SIDs** contains the well-known SID BUILTIN\Administrators as defined in [MS-DTYP] section 2.4.2.4.
 - **Open.TargetOplockKey** set to **TargetOplockKey**.
 - **Open.LastQuotaId** set to -1.
 - All other fields set to zero.
- Phase 4 -- Check for backup/restore intent
 - If **CreateOptions.FILE_OPEN_FOR_BACKUP_INTENT** is set and (**CreateDisposition** == FILE_OPEN || **CreateDisposition** == FILE_OPEN_IF || **CreateDisposition** == FILE_OVERWRITE_IF) and **Open.HasBackupAccess** is TRUE, then the object store SHOULD grant backup access as shown in the following pseudocode:
 - *BackupAccess* = (READ_CONTROL | ACCESS_SYSTEM_SECURITY | FILE_GENERIC_READ | FILE_TRAVERSE)
 - If **Open.RemainingDesiredAccess.MAXIMUM_ALLOWED** is set then:
 - **Open.GrantedAccess** |= *BackupAccess*
 - Else:
 - **Open.GrantedAccess** |= (**Open.RemainingDesiredAccess** & *BackupAccess*)
 - EndIf
 - **Open.RemainingDesiredAccess** &= ~**Open.GrantedAccess**
 - If **CreateOptions.FILE_OPEN_FOR_BACKUP_INTENT** is set and **Open.HasRestoreAccess** is TRUE, then the object store SHOULD grant restore access as shown in the following pseudocode:
 - *RestoreAccess* = (WRITE_DAC | WRITE_OWNER | ACCESS_SYSTEM_SECURITY | FILE_GENERIC_WRITE | FILE_ADD_FILE | FILE_ADD_SUBDIRECTORY | DELETE)

- If **Open.RemainingDesiredAccess.MAXIMUM_ALLOWED** is set then:
 - **Open.GrantedAccess** |= *RestoreAccess*
- Else:
 - **Open.GrantedAccess** |= (**Open.RemainingDesiredAccess** & *RestoreAccess*)
- EndIf
- **Open.RemainingDesiredAccess** &= ~**Open.GrantedAccess**
- Phase 5 -- Parse pathname:
 - The object store MUST split **Open.FileName** into pathname components *PathName*₁ ... *PathName*_n, using the backslash ("\") character as a delimiter. If any *PathName*_i ends in a colon(":") character, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_OBJECT_NAME_INVALID. The object store MUST further split each *PathName*_i into a file name component *FileName*_i, stream name component *StreamName*_i, and stream type name component *StreamTypeName*_i, using the colon(":") character as a delimiter (*FileName*_i:*StreamName*_i:*StreamTypeName*_i). If *StreamName*_i or *StreamTypeName*_i is not present in the name, the value MUST be set to an empty string.
- Phase 6 -- Location of file:
 - The object store MUST search for a filename matching **Open.FileName**. If **IsCaseInsensitive** is TRUE, then the search MUST be case-insensitive; otherwise it MUST be case-sensitive. Pseudocode for this search is as follows:
 - Set *ParentFile* = **RootOpen.File**.
 - // Examine each prefix pathname component in order.
 - For i = 1 to n-1: // n is the number of pathname components, from Phase 5.
 - If *StreamTypeName*_i is non-empty:
 - Set *ComplexNameSuffix* = ":*StreamName*_i:*StreamTypeName*_i".
 - Else if *StreamTypeName*_i is non-empty:
 - Set *ComplexNameSuffix* = ":*StreamName*_i".
 - Else:
 - Set *ComplexNameSuffix* to empty.
 - EndIf
 - If *ComplexNameSuffix* is non-empty and *ComplexNameSuffix* is not equal to one of the complex name suffixes recognized by the object store<44> (using case-insensitive string comparisons), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_OBJECT_NAME_INVALID.
 - Search *ParentFile.DirectoryList* for a **Link** where **Link.Name** or **Link.ShortName** matches *FileName*_i. If no such link is found, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_OBJECT_PATH_NOT_FOUND.
 - If **Link.File.FileType** is not DirectoryFile, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_OBJECT_PATH_NOT_FOUND.
 - If **Open.GrantedAccess.FILE_TRAVERSE** is not set and **AccessCheck(SecurityContext, Link.File.SecurityDescriptor, FILE_TRAVERSE)** returns FALSE, the operation MAY be failed with STATUS_ACCESS_DENIED.

- If **Link.IsDeleted**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_DELETE_PENDING.
- If **Link.File.IsSymbolicLink** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with **Status** set to STATUS_STOPPED_ON_SYMLINK and **ReparseData** set to **Link.File.ReparseData**.
- Set *ParentFile* = **Link.File**.
- EndFor
- // Examine final pathname component.
- Set *FileNameToOpen* to *FileName_n*, *StreamNameToOpen* to *StreamName_n*, and *StreamTypeNameToOpen* to *StreamTypeName_n*.
- If *StreamTypeNameToOpen* is non-empty and *StreamTypeNameToOpen* is not equal to one of the stream type names recognized by the object store<45> (using case-insensitive string comparisons), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_OBJECT_NAME_INVALID.
- Search *ParentFile.DirectoryList* for a **Link** where **Link.Name** or **Link.ShortName** matches *FileNameToOpen*. If such a link is found:
 - Set **File** = **Link.File**.
 - Set **Open.File** to **File**.
 - Set **Open.Link** to **Link**.
- Else:
 - If (**CreateDisposition** == FILE_OPEN || **CreateDisposition** == FILE_OVERWRITE), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_OBJECT_NAME_NOT_FOUND.
 - If **RootOpen.File.Volume.IsReadOnly** then the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_MEDIA_WRITE_PROTECTED.
- EndIf
- If *StreamTypeNameToOpen* is non-empty and has a value other than "\$DATA" or "\$INDEX_ALLOCATION", the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_OBJECT_NAME_INVALID.
- Phase 7 -- Type of stream to open:
- The object store MUST use the following algorithm to determine which type of stream is being opened:
- Set *StreamTypeToOpen* to empty.
- If **RootOpen.File.Volume.IsPhysicalRoot** is TRUE, then set *StreamTypeToOpen* to ViewIndexStream under any of the following conditions:
 - If **RootOpen.File.Volume.IsObjectIDsSupported** is TRUE, **BuildRelativeName(Open.Link, Open.File.Volume.RootDirectory)** is equal to "\\$Extend\\$ObjId", *StreamNameToOpen* is equal to "\$O", and *StreamTypeNameToOpen* is equal to "\$INDEX_ALLOCATION" (using case-insensitive string comparisons).
 - If **RootOpen.File.Volume.IsQuotasSupported** is TRUE, **BuildRelativeName(Open.Link, Open.File.Volume.RootDirectory)** is equal to "\\$Extend\\$Quota", *StreamNameToOpen* is equal to "\$O" or "\$Q", and *StreamTypeNameToOpen* is equal to "\$INDEX_ALLOCATION" (using case-insensitive string comparisons).
 - If **RootOpen.File.Volume.IsReparsePointsSupported** is TRUE, **BuildRelativeName(Open.Link, Open.File.Volume.RootDirectory)** is equal to

"\ \$Extend\$Reparse", *StreamNameToOpen* is equal to "\$R", and *StreamTypeNameToOpen* is equal to "\$INDEX_ALLOCATION" (using case-insensitive string comparisons).

- EndIf
- // Note that when *StreamTypeToOpen* is *ViewIndexStream*, the file always exists in the object store and
- // **Open.File.FileType** is *ViewIndexFile*.
- If *StreamTypeToOpen* is empty:
 - If *StreamTypeNameToOpen* is "\$INDEX_ALLOCATION":
 - If *StreamNameToOpen* has a value other than an empty string or "\$I30", the operation SHOULD<46> be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER.
 - Else if *StreamTypeNameToOpen* is not "\$DATA" and not empty:
 - If **CreateDisposition** is one of FILE_SUPERSEDE, FILE_OVERWRITE, or FILE_OVERWRITE_IF, then the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_ACCESS_DENIED.
 - EndIf
 - If **CreateOptions.FILE_DIRECTORY_FILE** is TRUE then *StreamTypeToOpen* = *DirectoryStream*.
 - Else if *StreamTypeNameToOpen* is "\$INDEX_ALLOCATION" then *StreamTypeToOpen* = *DirectoryStream*.
 - Else if **CreateOptions.FILE_NON_DIRECTORY_FILE** is FALSE, *StreamNameToOpen* is empty, *StreamTypeNameToOpen* is empty, **Open.File** is not NULL, and **Open.File.FileType** is *DirectoryFile* then *StreamTypeToOpen* = *DirectoryStream*.
 - Else *StreamTypeToOpen* = *DataStream*.
 - EndIf
- EndIf
- If *StreamTypeToOpen* is *DirectoryStream*:
 - If *StreamTypeNameToOpen* is not "\$INDEX_ALLOCATION":
 - If *StreamNameToOpen* is not empty or *StreamTypeNameToOpen* is not empty, then the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_NOT_A_DIRECTORY.
 - EndIf
 - If **Open.File** is not NULL and **Open.File.FileType** is *DataFile*:
 - If **CreateDisposition** == FILE_CREATE then the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_OBJECT_NAME_COLLISION, else the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_NOT_A_DIRECTORY.
 - EndIf
- Else if *StreamTypeToOpen* is *DataStream*:
 - If *StreamNameToOpen* is empty and **Open.File** is not NULL and **Open.File.FileType** is *DirectoryFile*, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_FILE_IS_A_DIRECTORY.

- EndIf
- If **PathName** contains a trailing backslash:
 - If *StreamTypeToOpen* is *DataStream* or **CreateOptions.FILE_NON_DIRECTORY_FILE** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_OBJECT_NAME_INVALID.
- EndIf
- Phase 8 -- Completion of open
- If **Open.File** is NULL, the object store MUST create a new file as described in section 2.1.5.1.1; otherwise the object store MUST open the existing file as described in section 2.1.5.1.2.

2.1.5.1.1 Creation of a New File

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If *StreamTypeToOpen* is *DirectoryStream* and **DesiredFileAttributes.FILE_ATTRIBUTE_TEMPORARY** is set, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER.
- If **DesiredFileAttributes.FILE_ATTRIBUTE_READONLY** and **CreateOptions.FILE_DELETE_ON_CLOSE** are both set, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_CANNOT_DELETE.
- If **Open.RemainingDesiredAccess.ACCESS_SYSTEM_SECURITY** is set and **Open.GrantedAccess.ACCESS_SYSTEM_SECURITY** is not set and **SecurityContext.PrivilegeSet** does not contain "SeSecurityPrivilege", the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_ACCESS_DENIED.
- If *StreamTypeToOpen* is *DataStream* and **Open.GrantedAccess.FILE_ADD_FILE** is not set and **AccessCheck(SecurityContext, Open.Link.ParentFile.SecurityDescriptor, FILE_ADD_FILE)** returns FALSE and **Open.HasRestoreAccess** is FALSE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_ACCESS_DENIED.
- If *StreamTypeToOpen* is *DirectoryStream* and **Open.GrantedAccess.FILE_ADD_SUBDIRECTORY** is not set and **AccessCheck(SecurityContext, Open.Link.ParentFile.SecurityDescriptor, FILE_ADD_SUBDIRECTORY)** returns FALSE and **Open.HasRestoreAccess** is FALSE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_ACCESS_DENIED.
- If the object store implements encryption and **DesiredFileAttributes.FILE_ATTRIBUTE_ENCRYPTED** is TRUE:
 - If **UserCertificate** is empty, the operation MUST be failed with **STATUS_CS_ENCRYPTION_NEW_ENCRYPTED_FILE**.
- EndIf
- Initialize *UsnReason* to zero.
- Set *UsnReason.USN_REASON_FILE_CREATE* to TRUE.
- The object store MUST build a new **File** object with fields initialized as follows:
 - **File.FileType** set to *DirectoryFile* if *StreamTypeToOpen* is *DirectoryStream*, else it is set to *DataFile*.
 - **File.FileId128** assigned a new value. The value chosen is implementation-specific but MUST be unique among all files present on **RootOpen.File.Volume**.<47>

- **File.FileId64** assigned a new value. The value chosen is implementation-specific<48> but MUST be either -1 or unique among all files present on **RootOpen.File.Volume**.
- **File.FileNumber** assigned a new value. The value chosen is implementation-specific but MUST be unique among all files present on **RootOpen.File.Volume**.<49>
- **File.FileAttributes** set to **DesiredFileAttributes**.
- **File.CreationTime**, **File.LastModificationTime**, **File.LastChangeTime**, and **File.LastAccessTime** all initialized to the current system time.
- **File.Volume** set to **RootOpen.File.Volume**.
- All other fields set to zero.
- The object store MUST build a new **Link** object with fields initialized as follows:
 - **Link.File** set to **File**.
 - **Link.ParentFile** set to *ParentFile*.
 - All other fields set to zero.
- If **File.FileType** is DataFile and **Open.IsCaseInsensitive** is TRUE, and tunnel caching is implemented, the object store MUST search **File.Volume.TunnelCacheList** for a *TunnelCacheEntry* where *TunnelCacheEntry.ParentFile* equals **Link.ParentFile** and either (*TunnelCacheEntry.KeyByShortName* is FALSE and *TunnelCacheEntry.FileName* matches *FileNameToOpen*) or (*TunnelCacheEntry.KeyByShortName* is TRUE and *TunnelCacheEntry.FileShortName* matches *FileNameToOpen*). If such an entry is found, then:
 - Set **File.CreationTime** to *TunnelCacheEntry.FileCreationTime*.
 - If *TunnelCacheEntry.ObjectIdInfo.ObjectId* is not empty:
 - If *TunnelCacheEntry.ObjectIdInfo.ObjectId* is not unique on **File.Volume**:
 - The object store MUST construct a FILE_OBJECTID_INFORMATION structure (as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.28.1) *ObjectIdInfo* as follows:
 - *ObjectIdInfo.FileReference* set to **File.FileId64**.
 - *ObjectIdInfo.ObjectId* set to *TunnelCacheEntry.ObjectIdInfo.ObjectId*.
 - *ObjectIdInfo.BirthVolumeId* set to *TunnelCacheEntry.ObjectIdInfo.BirthVolumeId*.
 - *ObjectIdInfo.BirthObjectId* set to *TunnelCacheEntry.ObjectIdInfo.BirthObjectId*.
 - *ObjectIdInfo.DomainId* set to *TunnelCacheEntry.ObjectIdInfo.DomainId*.
 - Send directory change notification as specified in section 2.1.4.1, with **Volume** equal to **File.Volume**, **Action** equal to FILE_ACTION_ID_NOT_TUNNELLED, **FilterMatch** equal to FILE_NOTIFY_CHANGE_FILE_NAME, **FileName** equal to "\\$Extend\\$ObjId", **NotifyData** equal to **ObjectIdInfo**, and **NotifyDataLength** equal to **sizeof(FILE_OBJECTID_INFORMATION)**.
 - Else:
 - Set **File.ObjectId** to *TunnelCacheEntry.ObjectIdInfo.ObjectId*.
 - Set **File.BirthVolumeId** to *TunnelCacheEntry.ObjectIdInfo.BirthVolumeId*.

- Set **File.BirthObjectId** to *TunnelCacheEntry.ObjectIdInfo.BirthObjectId*.
 - Set **File.DomainId** to *TunnelCacheEntry.ObjectIdInfo.DomainId*.
 - Set *UsnReason.USN_REASON_OBJECT_ID_CHANGE* to TRUE.
- EndIf
- EndIf
- Set **Link.Name** to *TunnelCacheEntry.FileName*.
- Set **Link.ShortName** to *TunnelCacheEntry.FileShortName* if that name is not already in use among all names and short names in **Link.ParentFile.DirectoryList**.
- Remove *TunnelCacheEntry* from **File.Volume.TunnelCacheList**.
- Else:
 - Set **Link.Name** to *FileNameToOpen*.
- EndIf
- If short names are enabled and **Link.ShortName** is empty, then the object store MUST create a short name as follows:
 - If **Link.Name** is 8.3-compliant as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.5.2.1:
 - Set **Link.ShortName** to **Link.Name**.
 - Else:
 - Generate a new **Link.ShortName** that is 8.3-compliant as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.5.2.1. The string chosen is implementation-specific, but MUST be unique among all names and short names present in **Link.ParentFile.DirectoryList**.
- EndIf
- EndIf
- The object store MUST now grant the full requested access, as shown by the following pseudocode:
 - If **Open.RemainingDesiredAccess.MAXIMUM_ALLOWED** is set:
 - **Open.GrantedAccess** |= FILE_ALL_ACCESS
 - Else:
 - **Open.GrantedAccess** |= **Open.RemainingDesiredAccess**
- EndIf
- **Open.RemainingDesiredAccess** = 0
- The object store MUST initialize **File.SecurityDescriptor.Dacl** to **SecurityContext.DefaultDACL**. The object store SHOULD append any inheritable security information from **Link.ParentFile.SecurityDescriptor** to **File.SecurityDescriptor**.
- The object store MUST set **File.FileAttributes.FILE_ATTRIBUTE_NOT_CONTENT_INDEXED** to the value of **Link.ParentFile.FileAttributes.FILE_ATTRIBUTE_NOT_CONTENT_INDEXED**.

- The object store MUST clear any attribute flags from **File.FileAttributes** that cannot be directly set by applications, as follows:
 - *ValidSetAttributes* = (FILE_ATTRIBUTE_READONLY | FILE_ATTRIBUTE_HIDDEN | FILE_ATTRIBUTE_SYSTEM | FILE_ATTRIBUTE_ARCHIVE | FILE_ATTRIBUTE_TEMPORARY | FILE_ATTRIBUTE_OFFLINE | FILE_ATTRIBUTE_NOT_CONTENT_INDEXED)
 - **File.FileAttributes** &= *ValidSetAttributes*
- If **File.FileType** is DataFile, then the object store MUST set **File.FileAttributes.FILE_ATTRIBUTE_ARCHIVE**.
- If **File.FileType** is DirectoryFile, then the object store MUST set **File.FileAttributes.FILE_ATTRIBUTE_DIRECTORY**.
- If **Link.ParentFile.FileAttributes.FILE_ATTRIBUTE_ENCRYPTED** or **DesiredFileAttributes.FILE_ATTRIBUTE_ENCRYPTED** is set, then the object store MUST set **File.FileAttributes.FILE_ATTRIBUTE_ENCRYPTED**.
- If **Link.ParentFile.FileAttributes.FILE_ATTRIBUTE_COMPRESSED** is set and **CreateOptions.FILE_NO_COMPRESSION** is not set, then the object store MUST set **File.FileAttributes.FILE_ATTRIBUTE_COMPRESSED**.
- If **Link.ParentFile.FileAttributes.FILE_ATTRIBUTE_INTEGRITY_STREAM** is set or **DesiredFileAttributes.FILE_ATTRIBUTE_INTEGRITY_STREAM** is set, then the object store MUST set **File.FileAttributes.FILE_ATTRIBUTE_INTEGRITY_STREAM**.<50>
- If **Link.ParentFile.FileAttributes.FILE_ATTRIBUTE_NO_SCRUB_DATA** is set or **DesiredFileAttributes.FILE_ATTRIBUTE_NO_SCRUB_DATA** is set, then the object store MUST set **File.FileAttributes.FILE_ATTRIBUTE_NO_SCRUB_DATA**.<51>
- If the object store implements encryption and **File.FileAttributes.FILE_ATTRIBUTE_ENCRYPTED** is TRUE, insert **UserCertificate** into **File.UserCertificateList**.
- If **File.FileType** is DataFile and *StreamNameToOpen* is not empty, then the object store MUST create a default unnamed stream for the file as follows:<52>
 - Build a new **Stream** object **DefaultStream** with all fields initially set to zero.
 - Set **DefaultStream.File** to **File**.
 - If the object store implements encryption and **File.FileAttributes.FILE_ATTRIBUTE_ENCRYPTED** is TRUE, set **DefaultStream.IsEncrypted** to TRUE.
 - Add **DefaultStream** to **File.StreamList**.
- EndIf
- If *StreamTypeToOpen* is DataStream, then the object store MUST create a new data stream for the file as follows:<53>
 - Build a new **Stream** object with all fields initially set to zero.
 - Set **Stream.StreamType** to DataStream.
 - Set **Stream.Name** to *StreamNameToOpen*.
 - Set **Stream.File** to **File**.

- Add **Stream** to **File.StreamList**.
- Set **Open.Stream** to **Stream**.
- If **Stream.Name** is not empty, set *UsnReason.USN_REASON_STREAM_CHANGE* to TRUE.
- Else the object store MUST create a new directory stream as follows:
 - Build a new **Stream** object with all fields initially set to zero.
 - Set **Stream.StreamType** to **DirectoryStream**.
 - Set **Stream.File** to **File**.
 - Add **Stream** to **File.StreamList**.
 - Set **Open.Stream** to **Stream**.
- EndIf
- If the object store implements encryption and **File.FileAttributes.FILE_ATTRIBUTE_ENCRYPTED** is TRUE:
 - If **File.FileType** is **DataFile**, set **Stream.IsEncrypted** to TRUE.
- EndIf
- The object store MUST update the duplicated information as specified in section 2.1.4.18 with **Link** equal to **Link**.
- The object store MUST set **Open.File** to **File**.
- The object store MUST set **Open.Link** to **Link**.
- The object store MUST insert **Link** into **File.LinkList**.
- The object store MUST insert **Link** into **Link.ParentFile.DirectoryList**.
- The object store MUST post a USN change as specified in section 2.1.4.11 with **File** equal to **File**, **Reason** equal to *UsnReason*, and **FileName** equal to **Link.Name**.
- The object store MUST update **Link.ParentFile.LastModificationTime**, **Link.ParentFile.LastChangeTime**, and **Link.ParentFile.LastAccessTime** to the current system time.
- If the **Oplock** member of the **DirectoryStream** in **Link.ParentFile.StreamList** (hereinafter referred to as *ParentOplock*) is not empty, the object store MUST check for an oplock break on the parent according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12, with input values as follows:
 - **Open** equal to this operation's **Open**
 - **Oplock** equal to *ParentOplock*
 - **Operation** equal to "OPEN"
 - **Flags** equal to "PARENT_OBJECT"
- The object store MUST insert **File** into **File.Volume.OpenFileList**.
- The object store MUST insert **Open** into **File.OpenList**.
- If **File.FileType** is **DirectoryFile**:

- *FilterMatch* = FILE_NOTIFY_CHANGE_DIR_NAME
- Else:
 - *FilterMatch* = FILE_NOTIFY_CHANGE_FILE_NAME
- EndIf
- The object store MUST send directory change notification as specified in section 2.1.4.1 with **Volume** equal to **File.Volume**, **Action** equal to FILE_ACTION_ADDED, **FilterMatch** equal to *FilterMatch*, and **FileName** equal to **Open.FileName**.
- If Stream.Name is not empty:
 - Send directory change notification as specified in section 2.1.4.1, with **Volume** equal to **File.Volume**, **Action** equal to FILE_ACTION_ADDED_STREAM, *FilterMatch* equal to FILE_NOTIFY_CHANGE_STREAM_NAME, and **FileName** equal to **Open.FileName** + ":" + **Stream.Name**.
- EndIf
- The object store MUST return:
 - **Status** set to STATUS_SUCCESS.
 - **CreateAction** set to FILE_CREATED.
 - The **Open** object created previously.

2.1.5.1.2 Open of an Existing File

Files that require knowledge of extended attributes cannot be opened by applications that do not understand extended attributes. If **CreateOptions.FILE_NO_EA_KNOWLEDGE** is set and (*StreamTypeToOpen* is DirectoryStream or (*StreamTypeToOpen* is DataStream and *StreamNameToOpen* is empty)) and **File.ExtendedAttributes** contains an *ExistingEa* where *ExistingEa.Flags.FILE_NEED_EA* is set, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_ACCESS_DENIED.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **CreateOptions.FILE_OPEN_REPARSE_POINT** is not set and **File.ReparsePointTag** is not empty, then the operation MUST be failed with **Status** set to STATUS_REPARSE and **ReparsePointData** set to **File.ReparsePointData**.
- If *StreamTypeToOpen* is DirectoryStream:
 - If **CreateDisposition** is FILE_OPEN or FILE_OPEN_IF then:
 - Perform access checks as described in section 2.1.5.1.2.1. If this fails with STATUS_SHARING_VIOLATION:
 - If **Open.Stream.Oplock** is not empty and **Open.Stream.Oplock.State** contains HANDLE_CACHING, the object store MUST check for an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12, with input values as follows:
 - **Open** equal to this operation's **Open**
 - **Oplock** equal to **Open.Stream.Oplock**
 - **Operation** equal to "OPEN_BREAK_H"

- Perform access checks as described in section 2.1.5.1.2.1. If this fails, the request MUST be failed with the same status.
- ElseIf this fails with any other status code:
 - The request MUST be failed with the same status.
- EndIf
- Perform sharing access checks as described in section 2.1.5.1.2.2. If this fails with STATUS_SHARING_VIOLATION:
 - If **Open.Stream.Oplock** is not empty and **Open.Stream.Oplock.State** contains HANDLE_CACHING, the object store MUST check for an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12, with input values as follows:
 - **Open** equal to this operation's **Open**
 - **Oplock** equal to **Open.Stream.Oplock**
 - Perform sharing access checks as described in section 2.1.5.1.2.2. If this fails, the request MUST be failed with the same status.
- ElseIf this fails with any other status code:
 - The request MUST be failed with the same status.
- EndIf
- If **Open.File.OpenList** is empty, **Open.SharingMode** does not contain FILE_SHARE_READ, and **AccessCheck(SecurityContext, File.SecurityDescriptor, FILE_GENERIC_WRITE)** returns FALSE:
 - If **CreateOptions.FILE_DISALLOW_EXCLUSIVE** is TRUE: <54>
 - The operation MUST be failed with STATUS_ACCESS_DENIED.
 - Else:
 - The object store MUST set **Open.SharingMode.FILE_SHARE_READ** to TRUE.
 - EndIf
- EndIf
- Set **CreateAction** to FILE_OPENED.
- Else:
 - // Existing directories cannot be overwritten/superseded.
 - If **File == File.Volume.RootDirectory**, then the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_ACCESS_DENIED, else the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_OBJECT_NAME_COLLISION.
- EndIf
- Else if *StreamTypeToOpen* is DataStream:
 - The object store MUST search **File.StreamList** for a DataStream with **Stream.Name** matching *StreamNameToOpen*. If **IsCaseInsensitive** is TRUE, then the search MUST be case-insensitive; otherwise it MUST be case-sensitive.

- If **Stream** was found:
 - Set **Open.Stream** to **Stream**.
 - If **CreateDisposition** is FILE_CREATE, then the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_OBJECT_NAME_COLLISION.
 - If **CreateDisposition** is FILE_OPEN or FILE_OPEN_IF:
 - If **Open.Stream.Oplock** is not empty and **Open.Stream.Oplock.State** contains BATCH_OPLOCK, the object store MUST check for an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12, with input values as follows:
 - **Open** equal to this operation's **Open**
 - **Oplock** equal to **Open.Stream.Oplock**
 - **Operation** equal to "OPEN"
 - **OpParams** containing two members:
 - **DesiredAccess** equal to this operation's **DesiredAccess**
 - **CreateDisposition** equal to this operation's **CreateDisposition**
 - Perform access checks as described in section 2.1.5.1.2.1. If this fails with STATUS_SHARING_VIOLATION:
 - If **Open.Stream.Oplock** is not empty and **Open.Stream.Oplock.State** contains HANDLE_CACHING, the object store MUST check for an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12, with input values as follows:
 - **Open** equal to this operation's **Open**
 - **Oplock** equal to **Open.Stream.Oplock**
 - **Operation** equal to "OPEN_BREAK_H"
 - Perform access checks as described in section 2.1.5.1.2.1. If this fails, the request MUST be failed with the same status.
 - ElseIf this fails with any other status code:
 - The request MUST be failed with the same status.
 - EndIf
 - Perform sharing access checks as described in section 2.1.5.1.2.2. If this fails with STATUS_SHARING_VIOLATION:
 - If **Open.Stream.Oplock** is not empty and **Open.Stream.Oplock.State** contains HANDLE_CACHING, the object store MUST check for an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12, with input values as follows:
 - **Open** equal to this operation's **Open**
 - **Oplock** equal to **Open.Stream.Oplock**
 - **Operation** equal to "OPEN_BREAK_H"
 - Perform sharing access checks as described in section 2.1.5.1.2.2. If this fails, the request MUST be failed with the same status.

- ElseIf this fails with any other status code:
 - The request MUST be failed with the same status.
- EndIf
- Set **CreateAction** to FILE_OPENED.
- Else:
 - If **File.Volume.IsReadOnly** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_MEDIA_WRITE_PROTECTED.
 - If **Open.Stream.Oplock** is not empty and **Open.Stream.Oplock.State** contains BATCH_OPLOCK, the object store MUST check for an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12, with input values as follows:
 - **Open** equal to this operation's **Open**
 - **Oplock** equal to **Open.Stream.Oplock**
 - **Operation** equal to "OPEN"
 - **OpParams** containing two members:
 - **DesiredAccess** equal to this operation's **DesiredAccess**
 - **CreateDisposition** equal to this operation's **CreateDisposition**
 - If **Stream.Name** is empty:
 - If **File.FileAttributes.FILE_ATTRIBUTE_HIDDEN** is TRUE and **DesiredFileAttributes.FILE_ATTRIBUTE_HIDDEN** is FALSE, then the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_ACCESS_DENIED.
 - If **File.FileAttributes.FILE_ATTRIBUTE_SYSTEM** is TRUE and **DesiredFileAttributes.FILE_ATTRIBUTE_SYSTEM** is FALSE, then the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_ACCESS_DENIED.
 - Set **DesiredFileAttributes.FILE_ATTRIBUTE_ARCHIVE** to TRUE.
 - Set **DesiredFileAttributes.FILE_ATTRIBUTE_NORMAL** to FALSE.
 - Set **DesiredFileAttributes.FILE_ATTRIBUTE_NOT_CONTENT_INDEXED** to FALSE.
 - If **File.FileAttributes.FILE_ATTRIBUTE_ENCRYPTED** is TRUE, then set **DesiredFileAttributes.FILE_ATTRIBUTE_ENCRYPTED** to TRUE.
 - If **Open.HasRestoreAccess** is TRUE, then the object store MUST set **Open.GrantedAccess.FILE_WRITE_EA** to TRUE. Otherwise, the object store MUST set **Open.RemainingDesiredAccess.FILE_WRITE_EA** to TRUE.
 - If **Open.HasRestoreAccess** is TRUE, then the object store MUST set **Open.GrantedAccess.FILE_WRITE_ATTRIBUTES** to TRUE. Otherwise, the object store MUST set **Open.RemainingDesiredAccess.FILE_WRITE_ATTRIBUTES** to TRUE.
 - EndIf
 - If **CreateDisposition** is FILE_SUPERSEDE:

- If **Open.HasRestoreAccess** is TRUE, then the object store MUST set **Open.GrantedAccess.DELETE** to TRUE. Otherwise, the object store MUST set **Open.RemainingDesiredAccess.DELETE** to TRUE.
- Else:
 - If **Open.HasRestoreAccess** is TRUE, then the object store MUST set **Open.GrantedAccess.FILE_WRITE_DATA** to TRUE. Otherwise, the object store MUST set **Open.RemainingDesiredAccess.FILE_WRITE_DATA** to TRUE.
- EndIf
- **Open.RemainingDesiredAccess &= ~Open.GrantedAccess**
- Perform access checks as described in section 2.1.5.1.2.1. If this fails with STATUS_SHARING_VIOLATION:
 - If **Open.Stream.Oplock** is not empty and **Open.Stream.Oplock.State** contains HANDLE_CACHING, the object store MUST check for an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12, with input values as follows:
 - **Open** equal to this operation's **Open**
 - **Oplock** equal to **Open.Stream.Oplock**
 - **Operation** equal to "OPEN_BREAK_H"
 - Perform access checks as described in section 2.1.5.1.2.1. If this fails, the request MUST be failed with the same status.
- ElseIf this fails with any other status code:
 - The request MUST be failed with the same status.
- EndIf
- Perform sharing access checks as described in section 2.1.5.1.2.2. If this fails with STATUS_SHARING_VIOLATION:
 - If **Open.Stream.Oplock** is not empty and **Open.Stream.Oplock.State** contains HANDLE_CACHING, the object store MUST check for an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12, with input values as follows:
 - **Open** equal to this operation's **Open**
 - **Oplock** equal to **Open.Stream.Oplock**
 - **Operation** equal to "OPEN_BREAK_H"
 - Perform sharing access checks as described in section 2.1.5.1.2.2. If this fails, the request MUST be failed with the same status.
- ElseIf this fails with any other status code:
 - The request MUST be failed with the same status.
- EndIf
- Note that the file has been modified as specified in section 2.1.4.17 with **Open** equal to **Open**.

- If **CreateDisposition** is FILE_SUPERSEDE, the object store MUST set **CreateAction** to FILE_SUPERSEDED; otherwise, it MUST set **CreateAction** to FILE_OVERWRITTEN.
 - EndIf
- Else: // **Stream** not found.
 - If **CreateDisposition** is FILE_OPEN or FILE_OVERWRITE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_OBJECT_NAME_NOT_FOUND.
 - If **Open.GrantedAccess.FILE_WRITE_DATA** is not set and **Open.RemainingDesiredAccess.FILE_WRITE_DATA** is not set:
 - If **Open.HasRestoreAccess** is TRUE, then the object store MUST set **Open.GrantedAccess.FILE_WRITE_DATA** to TRUE; otherwise, the object store MUST set **Open.RemainingDesiredAccess.FILE_WRITE_DATA** to TRUE.
 - EndIf
 - Perform access checks as described in section 2.1.5.1.2.1. If this fails, the request MUST be failed with the same status.
 - If **File.Volume.IsReadOnly** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_MEDIA_WRITE_PROTECTED.
 - Update **File.LastChangeTime** to the current time.
 - Set **File.FileAttributes.FILE_ATTRIBUTE_ARCHIVE** to TRUE.
 - Build a new **Stream** object with all fields initially set to zero.
 - Set **Stream.StreamType** to `DataStream`.
 - Set **Stream.Name** to *StreamNameToOpen*.
 - Set **Stream.File** to **File**.
 - Add **Stream** to **File.StreamList**.
 - Set **Open.Stream** to **Stream**.
 - Set **CreateAction** to FILE_CREATED.
- EndIf.
- Else: // *StreamTypeToOpen* is `ViewIndexStream`
 - // Note that when *StreamTypeToOpen* is `ViewIndexStream`, the stream always exists in the file
 - // **Open.Stream.StreamType** is `ViewIndexStream`.
- EndIf
- If the object store implements encryption:
 - If (**CreateAction** is FILE_OVERWRITTEN or FILE_SUPERSEDED) and (**Stream.Name** is empty) and (**DesiredFileAttributes.FILE_ATTRIBUTE_ENCRYPTED** is TRUE) and (**File.FileAttributes.FILE_ATTRIBUTE_ENCRYPTED** is FALSE), then:
 - If **File.OpenList** is non-empty, then the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_SHARING_VIOLATION.

- EndIf
- EndIf
- If **CreateAction** is one of FILE_OVERWRITTEN or FILE_SUPERSEDED, then:
 - If **Stream.Name** is empty:
 - Set **File.FileAttributes** to **DesiredFileAttributes**.
 - EndIf
- EndIf
- If the object store implements encryption and **File.FileAttributes.FILE_ATTRIBUTE_ENCRYPTED** is TRUE:
 - If **CreateAction** is FILE_OPENED:
 - If **Stream.IsEncrypted** is TRUE:
 - If **UserCertificate** is empty, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_CS_ENCRYPTION_EXISTING_ENCRYPTED_FILE.
 - If **UserCertificate** is not in **File.UserCertificateList**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_ACCESS_DENIED.
 - EndIf
 - Else: // we are creating, overwriting, or superseding a stream
 - If **UserCertificate** is empty, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_CS_ENCRYPTION_NEW_ENCRYPTED_FILE.
 - If **Stream.Name** is empty:
 - If **File.UserCertificateList** is empty, insert **UserCertificate** into **File.UserCertificateList**.
 - Else:
 - If **UserCertificate** is not in **File.UserCertificateList**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_ACCESS_DENIED.
 - EndIf
 - If **File.FileType** is DataFile, set **Stream.IsEncrypted** to TRUE.
 - EndIf
- EndIf
- If **CreateAction** is one of FILE_CREATED, FILE_OVERWRITTEN or FILE_SUPERSEDED, then:
 - The object store MUST set *FilterMatch* to a set of flags capturing modifications to the existing file's persistent attributes performed during the Open operation.
 - Send directory change notification as specified in section 2.1.4.1, with **Volume** equal to **File.Volume**, **Action** equal to FILE_ACTION_MODIFIED, **FilterMatch** equal to *FilterMatch*, and **FileName** equal to **Open.FileName**.
- EndIf

- If **CreateAction** is FILE_CREATED, then the object store MUST insert **Stream** into **File.StreamList**.
- If **File** is not in **File.Volume.OpenFileList**, the object store MUST insert it.
- The object store MUST insert **Open** into **File.OpenList**.
- If Stream.Name is not empty:
 - If **CreateAction** is FILE_CREATED:
 - Send directory change notification as specified in section 2.1.4.1, with **Volume** equal to **File.Volume**, **Action** equal to FILE_ACTION_ADDED_STREAM, *FilterMatch* equal to FILE_NOTIFY_CHANGE_STREAM_NAME, and **FileName** equal to **Open.FileName** + ":" + **Stream.Name**.
 - If **CreateAction** is one of FILE_OVERWRITTEN or FILE_SUPERSEDED:
 - Send directory change notification as specified in section 2.1.4.1, with **Volume** equal to **File.Volume**, **Action** equal to FILE_ACTION_MODIFIED_STREAM, *FilterMatch* equal to (FILE_NOTIFY_CHANGE_STREAM_SIZE | FILE_NOTIFY_CHANGE_STREAM_WRITE), and **FileName** equal to **Open.FileName** + ":" + **Stream.Name**.
- EndIf
- EndIf
- The object store SHOULD update the duplicated information as specified in section 2.1.4.18 with **Link** equal to **Open.Link**.
- The object store MUST return:
 - **Status** set to STATUS_SUCCESS.
 - **CreateAction** set to FILE_OPENED.
 - The **Open** object created previously.

2.1.5.1.2.1 Algorithm to Check Access to an Existing File

The inputs to the algorithm are:

- **Open:** The **Open** for an in-progress Open operation to an existing file.

On completion, the algorithm returns:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result of the access check.

This object store MUST perform access checks when opening an existing file, making use of the file's security descriptor and possibly the parent file's security descriptor.

Pseudocode for these checks is as follows:

- If **Open.File.FileType** is DataFile and (**File.FileAttributes**.FILE_ATTRIBUTE_READONLY && (**DesiredAccess**.FILE_WRITE_DATA || **DesiredAccess**.FILE_APPEND_DATA)), then return STATUS_ACCESS_DENIED.
- If ((**File.FileAttributes**.FILE_ATTRIBUTE_READONLY || **File.Volume.IsReadOnly**) && **CreateOptions**.FILE_DELETE_ON_CLOSE), then return STATUS_CANNOT_DELETE.
- If **Open.RemainingDesiredAccess** is nonzero:

- If **Open.RemainingDesiredAccess**.MAXIMUM_ALLOWED is TRUE:
 - For each Access Flag in FILE_ALL_ACCESS, the object store MUST set **Open.GrantedAccess**.Access if **AccessCheck(SecurityContext, File.SecurityDescriptor, Access)** returns TRUE.
 - If **File.FileAttributes**.FILE_ATTRIBUTE_READONLY or **File.Volume.IsReadOnly**, then the object store MUST clear (FILE_WRITE_DATA | FILE_APPEND_DATA | FILE_ADD_SUBDIRECTORY | FILE_DELETE_CHILD) from **Open.GrantedAccess**.
- Else:
 - For each Access Flag in **Open.RemainingDesired**.Access, the object store MUST set **Open.GrantedAccess**.Access if **AccessCheck(SecurityContext, File.SecurityDescriptor, Access)** returns TRUE.
- EndIf
- If (**Open.RemainingDesiredAccess**.MAXIMUM_ALLOWED || **Open.RemainingDesiredAccess**.DELETE), the object store MUST set **Open.GrantedAccess**.DELETE if **AccessCheck(SecurityContext, Open.Link.ParentFile.SecurityDescriptor, FILE_DELETE_CHILD)** returns TRUE.
- If (**Open.RemainingDesiredAccess**.MAXIMUM_ALLOWED || **Open.RemainingDesiredAccess**.FILE_READ_ATTRIBUTES), the object store MUST set **Open.GrantedAccess**.FILE_READ_ATTRIBUTES if **AccessCheck(SecurityContext, Open.Link.ParentFile.SecurityDescriptor, FILE_LIST_DIRECTORY)** returns TRUE.
- **Open.RemainingDesiredAccess** &= ~(**Open.GrantedAccess** | MAXIMUM_ALLOWED)
- If **Open.RemainingDesiredAccess** is nonzero, then return STATUS_ACCESS_DENIED.
- EndIf

Since deletion of a file's primary stream implies deletion of the entire file, including any alternate data streams, the object store MUST check for sharing conflicts involving deletion of the primary stream and the sharing modes of all opens to the file.

Pseudocode for these checks is as follows:

- If **Open.SharingMode**.FILE_SHARE_DELETE is FALSE and **Open.GrantedAccess** contains any one or more of (FILE_EXECUTE | FILE_READ_DATA | FILE_WRITE_DATA | FILE_APPEND_DATA | DELETE):
 - For each *ExistingOpen* in **Open.File.OpenList**:
 - If *ExistingOpen*.**GrantedAccess**.DELETE is TRUE and (*ExistingOpen*.**Stream.StreamType** is DirectoryStream or *ExistingOpen*.**Stream.Name** is empty), then return STATUS_SHARING_VIOLATION.
 - EndFor
- EndIf
- If **Open.GrantedAccess**.DELETE is TRUE and (**Open.Stream.StreamType** is DirectoryStream or **Open.Stream.Name** is empty):
 - For each *ExistingOpen* in **Open.File.OpenList**:
 - If *ExistingOpen*.**SharingMode**.FILE_SHARE_DELETE is FALSE and *ExistingOpen*.**GrantedAccess** contains one or more of (FILE_EXECUTE |

FILE_READ_DATA | FILE_WRITE_DATA | FILE_APPEND_DATA | DELETE), then return STATUS_SHARING_VIOLATION.

- EndFor
- EndIf
- Return STATUS_SUCCESS.

2.1.5.1.2.2 Algorithm to Check Sharing Access to an Existing Stream or Directory

The inputs to the algorithm are:

- **Open:** The **Open** for an in-progress Open operation to an existing stream or directory.

On completion, the algorithm returns:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result of the sharing check.

The object store MUST perform sharing checks when opening an existing stream or directory.

Pseudocode for these checks is as follows:

- If **AccessCheck**(**SecurityContext**, **Open.Link.ParentFile.SecurityDescriptor**, FILE_WRITE_DATA) returns FALSE, the object store MUST set **Open.SharingMode.FILE_SHARE_READ** to TRUE.
- If **DesiredAccess** contains any of (FILE_READ_DATA | FILE_EXECUTE | FILE_WRITE_DATA | FILE_APPEND_DATA | DELETE):
 - For each *ExistingOpen* in **Open.File.OpenList**:
 - If *ExistingOpen.Stream* equals **Open.Stream** and *ExistingOpen.GrantedAccess* contains any of (FILE_READ_DATA | FILE_EXECUTE | FILE_WRITE_DATA | FILE_APPEND_DATA | DELETE), then return STATUS_SHARING_VIOLATION under any of the following conditions:
 - If *ExistingOpen.SharingMode.FILE_SHARE_READ* is FALSE and **Open.GrantedAccess** contains either FILE_READ_DATA or FILE_EXECUTE
 - If *ExistingOpen.SharingMode.FILE_SHARE_WRITE* is FALSE and **Open.GrantedAccess** contains either FILE_WRITE_DATA or FILE_APPEND_DATA
 - If *ExistingOpen.SharingMode.FILE_SHARE_DELETE* is FALSE and **Open.GrantedAccess** contains DELETE
 - If **Open.SharingMode.FILE_SHARE_READ** is FALSE and *ExistingOpen.GrantedAccess* contains either FILE_READ_DATA or FILE_EXECUTE
 - If **Open.SharingMode.FILE_SHARE_WRITE** is FALSE and *ExistingOpen.GrantedAccess* contains either FILE_WRITE_DATA or FILE_APPEND_DATA
 - If **Open.SharingMode.FILE_SHARE_DELETE** is FALSE and *ExistingOpen.GrantedAccess* contains DELETE
 - EndIf
 - EndFor
- EndIf

- If **Open.Stream.Oplock** is not empty, the object store MUST check for an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12, with input values as follows:
 - **Open** equal to this operation's **Open**
 - **Oplock** equal to **Open.Stream.Oplock**
 - **Operation** equal to "OPEN"
 - **OpParams** containing two members:
 - **DesiredAccess** equal to this operation's **DesiredAccess**
 - **CreateDisposition** equal to this operation's **CreateDisposition**
 - EndIf
 - Return STATUS_SUCCESS.

2.1.5.2 Server Requests a Read

The server provides:

- **Open:** The **Open** of the DataFile to read from.
- **ByteOffset:** The absolute byte offset in the stream from which to read data.
- **ByteCount:** The requested number of bytes to read.
- **Unbuffered:** A Boolean value. TRUE indicates that the read is unbuffered (read directly from disk after writing and removing any cached data for this range); otherwise, the value of **Open.Mode.FILE_NO_INTERMEDIATE_BUFFERING** determines whether the read is unbuffered.
- **Key:** A 32-bit unsigned integer containing an identifier for the open by a specific process.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.
- **OutputBuffer:** An array of bytes that were read.
- **BytesRead:** The number of bytes that were read.

This operation uses the following local variables:

- Boolean values (initialized to FALSE): *IsUnbuffered*

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **Unbuffered** is TRUE or **Open.Mode.FILE_NO_INTERMEDIATE_BUFFERING** is TRUE, then set *IsUnbuffered* to TRUE.
- If *IsUnbuffered* is TRUE & (**ByteOffset** >= 0), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER under any of the following conditions:
 - (**ByteOffset** % **Open.File.Volume.LogicalBytesPerSector**) is not zero.
 - (**ByteCount** % **Open.File.Volume.LogicalBytesPerSector**) is not zero.
- If **ByteOffset** is negative, then the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER.

- If (**ByteOffset** + **ByteCount**) is larger than MAXLONGLONG (0x7fffffffffffffff), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER.
- If **ByteCount** is zero, the object store MUST return:
 - **BytesRead** set to zero.
 - **Status** set to STATUS_SUCCESS.
- Set *RequestedByteCount* to **ByteCount**.
- If **Open.Stream.Oplock** is not empty, the object store MUST check for an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12, with input values as follows:
 - **Open** equal to this operation's **Open**
 - **Oplock** equal to **Open.Stream.Oplock**
 - **Operation** equal to "READ"
 - **OpParams** empty
- Determine if the read is in conflict with an existing byte range lock on **Open.Stream** using the algorithm described in section 2.1.4.10 (with **ByteOffset** set to **ByteOffset**, **Length** set to **ByteCount**, **IsExclusive** set to FALSE, **LockIntent** set to FALSE, server provided **Key** and **Open** set to **Open**). If the algorithm returns TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_FILE_LOCK_CONFLICT.
- If **ByteOffset** >= **Open.Stream.Size**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_END_OF_FILE.
- If (**ByteOffset** + **ByteCount**) >= **Open.Stream.Size**, truncate **ByteCount** to (**Open.Stream.Size** - **ByteOffset**) and then set *RequestedByteCount* to **ByteCount**.
- If *IsUnbuffered* is TRUE:
 - The object store MUST write any unwritten cached data for this range of the stream to disk.
 - The object store MUST remove from the cache any cached data for this range of the stream.
 - If (**ByteOffset** >= **Open.Stream.ValidDataLength**):
 - If **Open.Mode.FILE_SYNCHRONOUS_IO_ALERT** is TRUE or **Open.Mode.FILE_SYNCHRONOUS_IO_NONALERT** is TRUE, the object store MUST set **Open.CurrentByteOffset** to (**ByteOffset** + **ByteCount**).
 - The object store MUST note that the file has been accessed as specified in section 2.1.4.19 with **Open** equal to **Open**.
 - The object store MUST return:
 - **BytesRead** set to **ByteCount**.
 - **OutputBuffer** filled with **ByteCount** zero(s).
 - **Status** set to STATUS_SUCCESS.
 - EndIf
 - If ((**ByteOffset** + **ByteCount**) >= **Open.Stream.ValidDataLength**), truncate **ByteCount** to (**Open.Stream.ValidDataLength** - **ByteOffset**).
 - Set *BytesToRead* to **BlockAlign(ByteCount, Open.File.Volume.LogicalBytesPerSector)**.

- Read *BytesToRead* bytes from the disk at offset **ByteOffset** for this stream into **OutputBuffer**. If **Open.ReadCopyNumber** != 0xFFFFFFFF then include this information in the read request to the disk to indicate which copy the data should be read from. If the read from the disk failed, the operation MUST be failed with the same error status.
- If *RequestedByteCount* > **ByteCount**, zero out **OutputBuffer** between **ByteCount** and *RequestedByteCount*.
- If **Open.Mode.FILE_SYNCHRONOUS_IO_ALERT** is TRUE or **Open.Mode.FILE_SYNCHRONOUS_IO_NONALERT** is TRUE, the object store MUST set **Open.CurrentByteOffset** to (**ByteOffset** + *RequestedByteCount*).
- The object store MUST note that the file has been accessed as specified in section 2.1.4.19 with **Open** equal to **Open**.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
 - **BytesRead** set to *RequestedByteCount*.
 - **Status** set to STATUS_SUCCESS.
- Else
 - Read **ByteCount** bytes at offset **ByteOffset** from the cache for this stream into **OutputBuffer**.
 - If **Open.Mode.FILE_SYNCHRONOUS_IO_ALERT** is TRUE or **Open.Mode.FILE_SYNCHRONOUS_IO_NONALERT** is TRUE, the object store MUST set **Open.CurrentByteOffset** to (**ByteOffset** + **ByteCount**).
 - The object store MUST note that the file has been accessed as specified in section 2.1.4.19 with **Open** equal to **Open**.
 - Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
 - **BytesRead** set to **ByteCount**.
 - **Status** set to STATUS_SUCCESS.
- EndIf

2.1.5.3 Server Requests a Write

The server provides:

- **Open:** The **Open** of the *DataFile* to write to.
- **InputBuffer:** An array of bytes to write.
- **ByteOffset:** The absolute byte offset in the stream where data is written. **ByteOffset** could be negative, which means the write occurs at the end of the stream.
- **ByteCount:** The number of bytes in **InputBuffer** to write.
- **Unbuffered:** A Boolean value. TRUE indicates that the write is unbuffered (written directly to disk after writing and removing any cached data for this range); otherwise, the value of **Open.Mode.FILE_NO_INTERMEDIATE_BUFFERING** determines whether the write is unbuffered.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.
- **BytesWritten:** The number of bytes written.

This operation uses the following local variables:

Boolean values (initialized to FALSE): *DoingIoAtEof*, *IsUnbuffered*

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **Unbuffered** is TRUE or **Open.Mode.FILE_NO_INTERMEDIATE_BUFFERING** is TRUE, then set *IsUnbuffered* to TRUE.
- If *IsUnbuffered* is TRUE and (**ByteOffset** >= 0), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER under any of the following conditions:
 - If (**ByteOffset** % **Open.File.Volume.LogicalBytesPerSector**) is not zero.
 - If (**ByteCount** % **Open.File.Volume.LogicalBytesPerSector**) is not zero.
- If **ByteOffset** equals -2, then set **ByteOffset** to **Open.CurrentByteOffset**.
- If **Open.File.Volume.IsReadOnly**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_MEDIA_WRITE_PROTECTED.
- If ((**ByteOffset** + **ByteCount**) > MAXLONGLONG (0x7fffffffffffffff) and (**ByteOffset** >= 0), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER.
- If **ByteCount** is zero, the object store MUST return:
 - **BytesWritten** set to 0.
 - **Status** set to STATUS_SUCCESS.
- If ((**ByteOffset** < 0) and (**Open.Stream.Size** + **ByteCount**) > MAXLONGLONG (0x7fffffffffffffff), the operation MUST fail with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER.
- If (**ByteOffset** < 0), set **ByteOffset** to **Open.Stream.Size**.
- If (**ByteOffset** + **ByteCount**) > MAXFILESIZE (0xffffffff0000), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER.
- Initialize *UsnReason* to zero.
- If (**ByteOffset** + **ByteCount**) > **Open.Stream.Size**, set *UsnReason*.USN_REASON_DATA_EXTEND to TRUE.
- If **ByteOffset** < **Open.Stream.Size**, set *UsnReason*.USN_REASON_DATA_OVERWRITE to TRUE.
- If **Open.Stream.Oplock** is not empty, the object store MUST check for an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12, with input values as follows:
 - **Open** equal to this operation's **Open**
 - **Oplock** equal to **Open.Stream.Oplock**
 - **Operation** equal to "WRITE"
 - **OpParams** empty
- Determine if the write is in conflict with an existing byte range lock on **Open.Stream** using the algorithm described in section 2.1.4.10 (with **ByteOffset** set to **ByteOffset**, **Length** set to

ByteCount, **IsExclusive** set to TRUE, **LockIntent** set to FALSE and **Open** set to **Open**). If the algorithm returns TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_FILE_LOCK_CONFLICT.

- The object store MUST post a USN change as specified in section 2.1.4.11 with **File** equal to **File**, **Reason** equal to *UsnReason*, and **FileName** equal to **Open.Link.Name**.
- If $((\mathbf{ByteOffset} + \mathbf{ByteCount}) > \mathbf{Open.Stream.ValidDataLength})$, then set *DoingIoAtEof* to TRUE.
- If $((\mathbf{ByteOffset} + \mathbf{ByteCount}) > \mathbf{Open.Stream.AllocationSize})$, the object store MUST increase **Open.Stream.AllocationSize** to *BlockAlign(ByteOffset + ByteCount, Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize)*. If there is not enough disk space, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_DISK_FULL.
- If *IsUnbuffered* is TRUE:
 - The object store MUST write any unwritten cached data for this range of the stream to disk.
 - The object store MUST remove from the cache any cached data for this range of the stream.
 - If the object store supports **Open.Volume.ClusterRefCount**, it MUST check the reference count of each cluster that is being updated by this operation. If any cluster being updated has a reference count other than 1, the object store MUST do the following:
 - The object store MUST remove the EXTENTS containing the cluster and decrement the reference count of the cluster in **Open.Volume.ClusterRefCount**.
 - The Object store MUST allocate free clusters on the volume and insert new EXTENTS in the **Open.Stream.ExtentList** pointing to the newly allocated cluster.
 - The object store MUST increment the reference count of the newly allocated cluster in **Open.Volume.ClusterRefCount**.
 - If *DoingIoAtEof* is TRUE, and $(\mathbf{Open.Stream.ValidDataLength} < \mathbf{ByteOffset})$, write zeroes to the location on disk corresponding to the range between **Open.Stream.ValidDataLength** and **ByteOffset** in the stream, and then write the first **ByteCount** bytes of **InputBuffer** to the location on disk corresponding to the range starting at offset **ByteOffset** in the stream. If either write to the disk failed, the operation MUST be failed with the corresponding error status.
- EndIf
- If *IsUnbuffered* is FALSE, *DoingIoAtEof* is TRUE, and $(\mathbf{Open.Stream.ValidDataLength} < \mathbf{ByteOffset})$, zero out the range between **Open.Stream.ValidDataLength** and **ByteOffset** in the cache for this stream and then write the first **ByteCount** bytes of **InputBuffer** into the cache for this stream at offset **ByteOffset**. If there would not be enough disk space to flush the cache, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_DISK_FULL. If **Open.Mode.FILE_WRITE_THROUGH** is TRUE, the cache write will also trigger a flush of the cache for that range to the disk.
- If **Open.Mode.FILE_SYNCHRONOUS_IO_ALERT** is TRUE or **Open.Mode.FILE_SYNCHRONOUS_IO_NONALERT** is TRUE, the object store MUST set **Open.CurrentByteOffset** to $(\mathbf{ByteOffset} + \mathbf{ByteCount})$.
- The object store MUST note that the file has been modified as specified in section 2.1.4.17 with **Open** equal to **Open**.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST set:
 - **Open.Stream.Size** to the maximum of **Open.Stream.Size** or $(\mathbf{ByteOffset} + \mathbf{ByteCount})$.

- **Open.Stream.ValidDataLength** to the maximum of **Open.Stream.ValidDataLength** or (**ByteOffset** + **ByteCount**).
- **BytesWritten** to **ByteCount**.
- **Status** to STATUS_SUCCESS.

2.1.5.4 Server Requests Closing an Open

The server provides:

- **Open:** The **Open** that the application is to close.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.

This operation uses the following local variables:

- Boolean values (initialized to FALSE): *LinkDeleted*, *StreamDeleted*, *FileDeleted*, *PostUsnClose*

The **Open** provided by the application MUST be removed from **Open.File.OpenList**.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- Phase 1 - Delete on Close:
- If **Open.Mode.FILE_DELETE_ON_CLOSE** is TRUE:
 - If **Open.Stream.Name** is empty:
 - If (**Open.Stream.StreamType** is DataStream or **Open.File.DirectoryList** is empty), then **Open.Link.IsDeleted** MUST be set to TRUE.
 - Else:
 - **Open.Stream.IsDeleted** MUST be set to TRUE.
 - EndIf
- EndIf
- Phase 2 -Stream Deletion:
- If **Open.Stream.IsDeleted** is TRUE and **Open.File.OpenList** does not contain any Opens on **Open.Stream** (this is a close of the last Open to a stream that has been marked deleted), then:
 - **Open.Stream** MUST be removed from **Open.File.StreamList**.
 - If **Open.Stream.IsSparse** is TRUE, and there does not exist an *ExistingStream* in **Open.File.StreamList** such that *ExistingStream.IsSparse* is TRUE:
 - The object store MUST set **Open.File.FileAttributes.FILE_ATTRIBUTE_SPARSE_FILE** to FALSE, indicating that no streams of the file are sparse.
 - The object store MUST post a USN change as specified in section 2.1.4.11 with **File** equal to **File**, **Reason** equal to USN_REASON_STREAM_CHANGE | USN_REASON_BASIC_INFO_CHANGE, and **FileName** equal to **Open.Link.Name**.
 - Else:

- The object store MUST post a USN change as specified in section 2.1.4.11 with **File** equal to **File**, **Reason** equal to USN_REASON_STREAM_CHANGE, and **FileName** equal to **Open.Link.Name**.
- EndIf
- *StreamDeleted* MUST be set to TRUE.
- *PostUsnClose* MUST be set to TRUE.
- EndIf
- Phase 3 - File Deletion:
- If **Open.Link.IsDeleted** is TRUE and there does not exist an *ExistingOpen* in **Open.File.OpenList** that has *ExistingOpen.Link* equal to **Open.Link**:
 - Remove **Open.Link** from **Open.File.LinkList**.
 - Remove **Open.Link** from **Open.Link.ParentFile.DirectoryList**.
 - Set *LinkDeleted* to TRUE.
 - If **Open.File.LinkList** is empty:
 - Set *FileDeleted* to TRUE.
 - EndIf
- EndIf
- If *LinkDeleted* is FALSE:
 - The object store MUST update the duplicated information as specified in section 2.1.4.18 with **Link** equal to **Link**.
- EndIf
- Phase 4 - Truncate on Close:
- Set *AllocationClusters* to **ClustersFromBytes(Open.File.Volume, Open.Stream.AllocationSize)**.
- Set *FileClusters* to **ClustersFromBytes(Open.File.Volume, Open.Stream.FileSize)**.
- If *AllocationClusters* > *FileClusters*:
 - This file has excess allocation. The object store SHOULD free (*AllocationClusters* - *FileClusters*) clusters of allocation from the end of the stream, and set **Open.Stream.AllocationSize** to *FileClusters* * **Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize**.
 - If the object store supports **Open.File.Volume.ClusterRefCount**, the object store MUST decrement the reference count of each cluster that is pointed to by the EXTENTS in the **Open.Stream.ExtentList** that were freed by the previous step. If the corresponding cluster's reference count goes to zero, the cluster MUST be freed.
- EndIf
- Phase 5 -- Directory Change Notification:
- When a directory **Open** with outstanding directory change notification requests is closed, these requests are completed using the algorithm below.

- If **Open.Stream.StreamType** is DirectoryStream:
 - For each **ChangeNotifyEntry** in **Volume.ChangeNotifyList** where **ChangeNotifyEntry.OpenedDirectory** is equal to **Open** then the following actions MUST be taken:
 - Remove **ChangeNotifyEntry** from **Volume.ChangeNotifyList**.
 - Complete the **ChangeNotify** operation with status STATUS_NOTIFY_CLEANUP.
 - EndFor
- EndIf
- If **Open.Link** is deleted, a directory change notification on **Open.Link.ParentFile** MUST be issued. Pseudocode for these notifications is as follows:
 - If *LinkDeleted* is TRUE:
 - Set *Action* to FILE_ACTION_REMOVED.
 - If **Open.Stream.StreamType** is DirectoryStream:
 - Set *FilterMatch* to FILE_NOTIFY_CHANGE_DIR_NAME.
 - Else:
 - Set *FilterMatch* to FILE_NOTIFY_CHANGE_FILE_NAME.
 - EndIf
 - Send directory change notification as specified in section 2.1.4.1 with **Volume** equal to **Open.File.Volume**, **Action** equal to *Action*, **FilterMatch** equal to *FilterMatch*, and **FileName** equal to **Open.FileName**.
 - EndIf
- If **Open.Stream** was deleted, then the stream deletion change notification MUST be issued. Pseudocode for this notification is as follows:
 - If *StreamDeleted* is TRUE:
 - Set *Action* to FILE_ACTION_REMOVED_STREAM.
 - Set *FilterMatch* to FILE_NOTIFY_CHANGE_STREAM_NAME.
 - Send directory change notification as specified in section 2.1.4.1 with **Volume** equal to **Open.File.Volume**, **Action** equal to *Action*, **FilterMatch** equal to *FilterMatch* and **FileName** equal to **Open.FileName** + ":" + **Stream.Name**.
 - EndIf
- If **Open.File** has had other changes that were not notified, a directory change notification reflecting those changes MUST be issued. Pseudocode for this notification is as follows:
 - Set *FilterMatch* to **Open.File.PendingNotifications**.
 - If *FilterMatch* is nonzero:
 - Set *Action* to FILE_ACTION_MODIFIED.

- Send directory change notification as specified in section 2.1.4.1 with **Volume** equal to **Open.File.Volume**, **Action** equal to *Action*, **FilterMatch** equal to *FilterMatch* and **FileName** equal to **Open.FileName**.
- Set **Open.File.PendingNotifications** to zero.
- EndIf
- If this is an **Open** to a named data **Stream** (**Open.Stream.StreamType** is *DataStream* and **Open.Stream.Name** is not empty) and there have been changes to it that weren't previously notified, a directory change notification reflecting those changes MUST be issued. Pseudocode for this notification is as follows:
 - Set *FilterMatch* to **Open.Stream.PendingNotifications**.
 - If *FilterMatch* is nonzero:
 - Set *Action* to *FILE_ACTION_MODIFIED_STREAM*.
 - Send directory change notification as specified in section 2.1.4.1 with **Volume** equal to **Open.File.Volume**, **Action** equal to *Action*, **FilterMatch** equal to *FilterMatch* and **FileName** equal to **Open.FileName**+ ":" + **Stream.Name**.
 - Set **Open.Stream.PendingNotifications** to zero.
 - EndIf
 - If *LinkDeleted* is TRUE:
 - If *FileDeleted* is FALSE:
 - Post a USN change as specified in section 2.1.4.11 with **File** equal to **File**, **Reason** equal to *USN_REASON_HARD_LINK_CHANGE*, and **FileName** equal to **Open.Link.Name**.
 - Set *PostUsnClose* to TRUE.
 - Else:
 - Post a USN change as specified in section 2.1.4.11 with **File** equal to **File**, **Reason** equal to *USN_REASON_FILE_DELETE* | *USN_REASON_CLOSE*, and **FileName** equal to **Open.Link.Name**.
 - EndIf
 - EndIf
 - If *FileDeleted* is TRUE and **Open.File.ObjectId** is not empty:
 - The object store MUST construct a *FILE_OBJECTID_INFORMATION* structure (as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.28.1) *ObjectIdInfo* as follows:
 - *ObjectIdInfo.FileReference* set to zero.
 - *ObjectIdInfo.ObjectId* set to **Open.File.ObjectId**.
 - *ObjectIdInfo.BirthVolumeId* set to **Open.File.BirthVolumeId**.
 - *ObjectIdInfo.BirthObjectId* set to **Open.File.BirthObjectId**.
 - *ObjectIdInfo.DomainId* set to **Open.File.DomainId**.

- Send directory change notification as specified in section 2.1.4.1, with **Volume** equal to **Open.File.Volume**, **Action** equal to FILE_ACTION_REMOVED_BY_DELETE, **FilterMatch** equal to FILE_NOTIFY_CHANGE_FILE_NAME, **FileName** equal to "\\\$Extend\\$ObjId", **NotifyData** equal to **ObjectIdInfo**, and **NotifyDataLength** equal to **sizeof(FILE_OBJECTID_INFORMATION)**.
- EndIf
- Phase 6 -- USN Journal:
- If *PostUsnClose* is TRUE:
 - Post a USN change as specified in section 2.1.4.11 with **File** equal to **File**, **Reason** equal to USN_REASON_CLOSE, and **FileName** equal to **Open.Link.Name**.
- EndIf
- Phase 7 -- Tunnel Cache:
- If *LinkDeleted* is TRUE, then a new **TunnelCacheEntry** object *TunnelCacheEntry* MUST be constructed and added to the **Open.File.Volume.TunnelCacheList** as follows:
 - *TunnelCacheEntry.EntryTime* MUST be set to the current time.
 - *TunnelCacheEntry.ParentFile* MUST be set to **Open.Link.ParentFile**.
 - *TunnelCacheEntry.FileName* MUST be set to **Open.Link.Name**.
 - *TunnelCacheEntry.FileShortName* MUST be set to **Open.Link.ShortName**.
 - If **Open.FileName** matches **Open.Link.ShortName** then *TunnelCacheEntry.KeyByShortName* MUST be set to TRUE, else *TunnelCacheEntry.KeyByShortName* MUST be set to FALSE.
 - *TunnelCacheEntry.FileCreationTime* MUST be set to **Open.File.CreationTime**.
 - *TunnelCacheEntry.ObjectIdInfo* MUST be set to **Open.File.ObjectId**.
 - *TunnelCacheEntry.ObjectIdInfo.BirthVolumeId* MUST be set to **Open.File.BirthVolumeId**.
 - *TunnelCacheEntry.ObjectIdInfo.BirthObjectId* MUST be set to **Open.File.BirthObjectId**.
 - *TunnelCacheEntry.ObjectIdInfo.DomainId* MUST be set to **Open.File.DomainId**.
- EndIf
- If **Open.File.FileType** is DirectoryFile and *LinkDeleted* is TRUE, then **Open.File** MUST have every *TunnelCacheEntry* associated with it invalidated:
 - For every *ExistingTunnelCacheEntry* in **Open.File.Volume.TunnelCacheList**:
 - If *ExistingTunnelCacheEntry.ParentFile* matches **Open.File**, then *ExistingTunnelCacheEntry* MUST be removed from **Open.File.Volume.TunnelCacheList**.
 - EndFor
- EndIf
- Phase 8 -- Oplock Cleanup:
- If **Open.Stream.Oplock** is not empty, the object store MUST check for an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12, with input values as follows:

- **Open** equal to this operation's **Open**
- **Oplock** equal to **Open.Stream.Oplock**
- **Operation** equal to "CLOSE"
- **OpParams** empty
- If *LinkDeleted* is TRUE or *FileDeleted* is TRUE:
 - If the **Oplock** member of the **DirectoryStream** in **Open.Link.ParentFile.StreamList** (hereinafter referred to as *ParentOplock*) is not empty, the object store MUST check for an oplock break on the parent according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12, with input values as follows:
 - **Open** equal to this operation's **Open**
 - **Oplock** equal to *ParentOplock*
 - **Operation** equal to "CLOSE"
 - **Flags** equal to "PARENT_OBJECT"
- EndIf
- Phase 9 -- Byte Range Locks:
 - All elements from **Open.Stream.ByteRangeLockList** where **ByteRangeLock.OwnerOpen == Open** MUST be removed.
- Phase 10 - Update Timestamps
 - If *LinkDeleted* is TRUE and *FileDeleted* is FALSE:
 - If **Open.UserSetChangeTime** is FALSE, update **Open.File.LastChangeTime** to the current time.
 - Set **Open.File.FileAttributes.FILE_ATTRIBUTE_ARCHIVE** to TRUE.
- EndIf
- If **Open.GrantedAccess.FILE_EXECUTE** is TRUE and **Open.UserSetAccessTime** is FALSE:
 - Update **Open.File.LastAccessTime** to the current time.
- EndIf
- Upon successful completion of this operation, the object store MUST return:
 - **Status** set to STATUS_SUCCESS.

2.1.5.5 Server Requests Querying a Directory

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a **DirectoryStream**.
- **FileInformationClass:** The type of information being queried, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.
- **OutputBufferSize:** The maximum number of bytes to return in **OutputBuffer**.

- **RestartScan:** A Boolean value which, if TRUE, indicates that enumeration is restarted from the beginning of the directory. If FALSE, enumeration continues from the last position.
- **ReturnSingleEntry:** A Boolean value which, if TRUE, indicates that at most one entry MUST be returned. If FALSE, a variable count of entries could be returned, not to exceed **OutputBufferSize** bytes.
- **FileIndex:** An index number from which to resume the enumeration if the object store supports it (optional).
- **FileNamePattern:** A Unicode string containing the file name pattern to match. The object store MUST treat any asterisk ("*") and question mark ("?") characters in **FileNamePattern** as wildcards. **FileNamePattern** could be empty. The object store MUST treat an empty value as equivalent to the pattern "*".

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.
- **OutputBuffer:** An array of bytes containing the query results. The structure of these bytes is dependent on the **FileInformationClass**, as noted in the relevant subsection.
- **ByteCount:** The number of bytes stored in **OutputBuffer**.

2.1.5.5.1 FileObjectIdInformation

The following local variable is used:

- Boolean value (initialized to FALSE): *EmptyPattern*

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_DEVICE_REQUEST.<55>

OutputBuffer is an array of one or more FILE_OBJECTID_INFORMATION structures as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.28.

This Information class can only be sent to a specific directory that maintains a list of all ObjectIDs on the volume. The name of this directory is: "\\$Extend\\$ObjId:\$O:\$INDEX_ALLOCATION". If it is sent to any other file or directory on the volume, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_INFO_CLASS.<56>

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **FileNamePattern** is not empty and **FileNamePattern.Length** (0 is a valid length) is not a multiple of 4, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER.
- If **FileNamePattern** is empty, the object store MUST set *EmptyPattern* to TRUE; otherwise it MUST set *EmptyPattern* to FALSE.
- If **FileNamePattern.Length** is less than the size of an ObjectId (16 bytes), **FileNamePattern.Buffer** will be zero filled up to the size of ObjectId.
- The object store MUST search the volume for *Files* having *File.ObjectId* matching **FileNamePattern**. To determine if there is a match, **FileNamePattern.Buffer** is compared to **ObjectId** in chunks of ULONG (4 bytes). Any comparison where the **ObjectId** chunk is greater than or equal to the **FileNamePattern.Buffer** chunk is considered a match. If **FileNamePattern.Length** is longer than the size of **ObjectId** and the first 16 bytes (size of **ObjectId**) of **FileNamePattern.Buffer** is identical to *ObjectId*, **FileNamePattern.Buffer** is considered as greater than **ObjectId**.<57>

- If **RestartScan** is FALSE and *EmptyPattern* is TRUE and there is no match, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_NO_MORE_FILES.
- The operation MUST fail with STATUS_NO_SUCH_FILE under any of the following conditions:
 - *EmptyPattern* is FALSE and there is no match.
 - *EmptyPattern* is TRUE and **RestartScan** is TRUE and there is no match.
- The operation MUST fail with STATUS_BUFFER_OVERFLOW if **OutputBufferSize** < sizeof(FILE_OBJECTID_INFORMATION).
- If there is at least one match, the operation is considered successful. The object store MUST return:
 - **Status** set to STATUS_SUCCESS.
 - **OutputBuffer** containing an array of as many FILE_OBJECTID_INFORMATION structures that match the query as will fit in **OutputBuffer** unless **ReturnSingleEntry** is TRUE, in which case only a single entry will be stored in **OutputBuffer**. To continue the query, **FileNamePattern** MUST be empty and **RestartScan** MUST be FALSE.
 - **ByteCount** set to the number of bytes filled in **OutputBuffer**.

2.1.5.5.2 FileReparsePointInformation

The following local variable is used:

- Boolean value (initialized to FALSE): *EmptyPattern*

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_DEVICE_REQUEST.<58>

OutputBuffer is an array of one or more FILE_REPARSE_POINT_INFORMATION structures as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.35.

This Information class can only be sent to a specific directory that maintains a list of all Reparse Points on **Open.File.Volume**. The name of this directory is: "\\\$Extend\$Reparse:\$R:\$INDEX_ALLOCATION". If it is sent to any other file or directory on **Open.File.Volume**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_INFO_CLASS.<59>

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **FileNamePattern** is not empty and **FileNamePattern.Length** (0 is a valid length) is not a multiple of 4, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER.
- If **FileNamePattern** is empty, the object store MUST set *EmptyPattern* to TRUE; otherwise it MUST set *EmptyPattern* to FALSE.
- If **FileNamePattern.Length** is less than the size of a **ReparseTag** (4 bytes), **FileNamePattern.Buffer** will be zero filled up to the size of ReparseTag.
- If *EmptyPattern* is FALSE:
 - The object store MUST search **Open.File.Volume** for *Files* having *File ReparseTag* matching **FileNamePattern**.
- Else
 - The object store MUST match all reparse tags on the volume.

- EndIf
- If **RestartScan** is FALSE and *EmptyPattern* is TRUE and there is no match, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_NO_MORE_FILES.
- The operation MUST fail with STATUS_NO_SUCH_FILE under any of the following conditions:
 - *EmptyPattern* is FALSE and there is no match.
 - *EmptyPattern* is TRUE and **RestartScan** is TRUE and there is no match.
- The operation MUST fail with STATUS_BUFFER_OVERFLOW if **OutputBuffer** is not large enough to hold the first matching entry.
- If there is at least one match, the operation is considered successful. The object store MUST return:
 - **Status** set to STATUS_SUCCESS.
 - **OutputBuffer** containing an array of as many FILE_REPARSE_POINT_INFORMATION structures that match the query as will fit in **OutputBuffer** unless **ReturnSingleEntry** is TRUE, in which case only a single entry will be stored in **OutputBuffer**. To continue the query, **FileNamePattern** MUST be empty and **RestartScan** MUST be FALSE.
 - **ByteCount** set to the number of bytes filled in **OutputBuffer**.

2.1.5.5.3 (Updated Section) Directory Information Queries

This section describes how the object store processes directory queries for the following **FileInformationClass** values:

- FileBothDirectoryInformation
- FileDirectoryInformation
- FileFullDirectoryInformation
- FileIdBothDirectoryInformation
- **FileIdExtdDirectoryInformation**

- FileIdFullDirectoryInformation
- FileNamesInformation

This algorithm uses the following local variables:

- Boolean value (initialized to FALSE): *FirstQuery*
- **Link**: *Link*
- 32-bit Unsigned integers: *FileNameBytesToCopy*, *BaseLength*, *FoundNameLength*
- Pointer to given **FileInformationClass** Structure: *Entry*, *LastEntry*
- Status (initialized to STATUS_SUCCESS): *StatusToReturn*

Pseudocode for the algorithm is as follows:

- If **OutputBufferSize** is less than the size needed to return a single entry, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INFO_LENGTH_MISMATCH. The following subsections describe the initial size checks for **OutputBufferSize** to determine whether any entries can be returned.

- If **Open.File** is not a **DirectoryFile**, the operation MUST be failed with `STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER`.
- If **Open.QueryPattern** is empty:
 - *FirstQuery* = TRUE
 - Else:
 - *FirstQuery* = FALSE
- EndIf
- If *FirstQuery* is TRUE or (**FileNamePattern** is not empty and **RestartScan** is TRUE)<60>
 - If **FileNamePattern** is empty:
 - Set **FileNamePattern** to "*".
 - Else:
 - If **FileNamePattern** is not a valid filename component as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.5, with the exceptions that wildcard characters described in section 2.1.4.3 are permitted and the strings "." and ".." are permitted, the operation MUST be failed with `STATUS_OBJECT_NAME_INVALID`.
 - EndIf
 - Set **Open.QueryPattern** to **FileNamePattern** for use in subsequent queries.
- Else:
 - Set **FileNamePattern** to **Open.QueryPattern**.
- EndIf
- If **RestartScan** is TRUE or **Open.QueryLastEntry** is empty:
 - Set **Open.QueryLastEntry** to the first *Link* in **Open.File.DirectoryList**, thus enumerating the directory from its beginning.
- EndIf
- Set *Entry* and *LastEntry* to point to the front of **OutputBuffer**.
- Set **ByteCount** to zero.
- Set *BaseLength* to **FieldOffset(FileInformationClass.FileName)**. In other words save the size of the fixed length portion of the given Information Class.
- For each *Link* in **Open.File.DirectoryList** starting at **Open.QueryLastEntry**:
 - If **ReturnSingleEntry** is TRUE and *Entry* != **OutputBuffer**, then break.
 - If *FirstQuery* is TRUE or **RestartScan** is TRUE, the object store MUST set the "." and ".." file names as the first two records returned, unless one of the following is TRUE:
 - **Open.File** == **File.Volume.RootDirectory**
 - **FileNamePattern** == "."

- **FileNamePattern** contains wildcard characters as described in section 2.1.4.3 and the Unicode string "." matches **FileNamePattern** according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.4.
- EndIf
- If **Link.Name** or **Link.ShortName** matches **FileNamePattern** as described in section 2.1.4.4 using the following parameters: **FileName** set to **Link.Name** then **Link.ShortName** if not empty, **Expression** set to **FileNamePattern** and **Ignorecase** set to **Open.IsCaseInsensitive**, then:
 - Set *FoundNameLength* to the length, in bytes, of **Link.Name**.
 - If *Entry* != **OutputBuffer** (one or more structures have already been copied into **OutputBuffer**) and $(\text{ByteCount} + \text{BaseLength} + \text{FoundNameLength}) > \text{OutputBufferSize}$ then break.
 - The object store MUST copy the fixed portion of the given **FileInformationClass** structure to *Entry* as described in the subsections below. This does not include copying the **FileName** field.
 - If $(\text{ByteCount} + \text{BaseLength} + \text{FoundNameLength}) > \text{OutputBufferSize}$ then:
 - Set *FileNameBytesToCopy* to $\text{OutputBufferSize} - \text{ByteCount} - \text{BaseLength}$.
 - Set *StatusToReturn* to STATUS_BUFFER_OVERFLOW.
 - The scenario where a partial filename is returned only occurs on the first record being returned. The earlier checks guarantee that there will be room for the fixed portion of the given **FileInformationClass** structure.
 - EndIf
 - Copy *FileNameBytesToCopy* bytes from **Link.Name** into **FileInformationClass.FileName** field.
 - Set *LastEntry.NextEntryOffset* to *Entry* - **OutputBuffer**.
 - Set **ByteCount** to $\text{BlockAlign}(\text{ByteCount}, 8) + \text{BaseLength} + \text{FileNameBytesToCopy}$.
 - If *StatusToReturn* != STATUS_SUCCESS, then break.
 - Set *LastEntry* to *Entry*.
 - Set *Entry* to **OutputBuffer** + **ByteCount**, which points to the beginning of the next record to be returned (if any).
- EndIfSet **Open.QueryLastEntry** to *Link*.
- EndFor
- If no records are being returned:
 - If *FirstQuery* is TRUE:
 - Set *StatusToReturn* to STATUS_NO_SUCH_FILE, which means no files were found in this directory that match the given wildcard pattern.
 - Else:
 - Set *StatusToReturn* to STATUS_NO_MORE_FILES, which means no more files were found in this directory that match the given wildcard pattern.

- EndIf
- The object store MUST note that the file has been accessed as specified in section 2.1.4.19 with **Open** equal to **Open**.
- The object store MUST return:
 - **Status** set to *StatusToReturn*.
 - **OutputBuffer** containing an array of as many entries that match the query as will fit in **OutputBufferSize**.
 - **BytesReturned** containing the number of bytes filled in **OutputBuffer**.

2.1.5.5.3.1 FileBothDirectoryInformation

OutputBuffer is an array of one or more FILE_BOTH_DIR_INFORMATION structures as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.8. *Entry* is a parameter to this routine that points to the current FILE_BOTH_DIR_INFORMATION structure to fill out. Note that the FileName field is not set in this section.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **OutputBufferSize** is smaller than **FieldOffset(FILE_BOTH_DIR_INFORMATION.FileName)**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INFO_LENGTH_MISMATCH.
- The object store MUST process this query using the algorithm described in section 2.1.5.5.3.
- *Entry* MUST be constructed as follows:
 - *Entry.NextEntryOffset* set to zero
 - *Entry.FileIndex* set to zero
 - *Entry.CreationTime* set to *Link.CreationTime*
 - *Entry.LastAccessTime* set to *Link.LastAccessTime*
 - *Entry.LastWriteTime* set to *Link.LastModificationTime*
 - *Entry.ChangeTime* set to *Link.LastChangeTime*
 - *Entry.EndOfFile* set to *Link.FileSize*
 - *Entry.AllocationSize* set to *Link.AllocationSize*
 - *Entry.FileAttributes* set to *Link.FileAttributes*
 - If *Link.File.FileType* is DirectoryFile or ViewIndexFile:
 - *Entry.FileAttributes.FILE_ATTRIBUTE_DIRECTORY* is set
 - EndIf
 - If *Entry.FileAttributes* has no attributes set:
 - *Entry.FileAttributes.FILE_ATTRIBUTE_NORMAL* is set
 - EndIf
 - If *Link.FileAttributes.FILE_ATTRIBUTE_REPARSE_POINT* is set:

- *Entry.EaSize* set to *Link.ReparseTag*
- Else:
 - *Entry.EaSize* set to *Link.ExtendedAttributesLength*<61>
- EndIf
- If *Link.ShortName* is not empty:
 - *Entry.ShortNameLength* set to the length, in bytes, of *Link.ShortName*
 - *Entry.ShortName* set to *Link.ShortName* padding with zeroes as necessary
- Else:
 - *Entry.ShortNameLength* set to zero
 - *Entry.ShortName* is filled with zeroes
- EndIf
- *Entry.FileNameLength* set to the length, in bytes, of *Link.Name*

2.1.5.5.3.2 FileDirectoryInformation

OutputBuffer is an array of one or more FILE_DIRECTORY_INFORMATION structures as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.10. *Entry* is a parameter to this routine that points to the current FILE_DIRECTORY_INFORMATION structure to fill out. Note that the FileName field is not set in this section.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **OutputBufferSize** is smaller than **FieldOffset**(FILE_DIRECTORY_INFORMATION.FileName), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INFO_LENGTH_MISMATCH.
- The object store MUST process this query using the algorithm described in section 2.1.5.5.3.
- *Entry* MUST be constructed as follows:
 - *Entry.NextEntryOffset* set to zero
 - *Entry.FileIndex* set to zero
 - *Entry.CreationTime* set to *Link.CreationTime*
 - *Entry.LastAccessTime* set to *Link.LastAccessTime*
 - *Entry.LastWriteTime* set to *Link.LastModificationTime*
 - *Entry.ChangeTime* set to *Link.LastChangeTime*
 - *Entry.EndOfFile* set to *Link.FileSize*
 - *Entry.AllocationSize* set to *Link.AllocationSize*
 - *Entry.FileAttributes* set to *Link.FileAttributes*
 - If *Link.File.FileType* is DirectoryFile or ViewIndexFile:
 - *Entry.FileAttributes.FILE_ATTRIBUTE_DIRECTORY* is set
 - EndIf

- If *Entry*.**FileAttributes** has no attributes set:
 - *Entry*.**FileAttributes**.**FILE_ATTRIBUTE_NORMAL** is set
- EndIf
- *Entry*.**FileNameLength** set to the length, in bytes, of *Link*.**Name**

2.1.5.5.3.3 FileFullDirectoryInformation

OutputBuffer is an array of one or more FILE_FULL_DIR_INFORMATION structures as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.14. *Entry* is a parameter to this routine that points to the current FILE_FULL_DIR_INFORMATION structure to fill out. Note that the FileName field is not set in this section.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **OutputBufferSize** is smaller than **FieldOffset**(FILE_FULL_DIR_INFORMATION.FileName), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INFO_LENGTH_MISMATCH.
- The object store MUST process this query using the algorithm described in section 2.1.5.5.3.
- *Entry* MUST be constructed as follows:
 - *Entry*.**NextEntryOffset** set to zero
 - *Entry*.**FileIndex** set to zero
 - *Entry*.**CreationTime** set to *Link*.**CreationTime**
 - *Entry*.**LastAccessTime** set to *Link*.**LastAccessTime**
 - *Entry*.**LastWriteTime** set to *Link*.**LastModificationTime**
 - *Entry*.**ChangeTime** set to *Link*.**LastChangeTime**
 - *Entry*.**EndOfFile** set to *Link*.**FileSize**
 - *Entry*.**AllocationSize** set to *Link*.**AllocationSize**
 - *Entry*.**FileAttributes** set to *Link*.**FileAttributes**
 - If *Link*.**File.FileType** is DirectoryFile or ViewIndexFile:
 - *Entry*.**FileAttributes**.**FILE_ATTRIBUTE_DIRECTORY** is set
 - EndIf
 - If *Entry*.**FileAttributes** has no attributes set:
 - *Entry*.**FileAttributes**.**FILE_ATTRIBUTE_NORMAL** is set
 - EndIf
 - If *Link*.**FileAttributes**.**FILE_ATTRIBUTE_REPARSE_POINT** is SET:
 - *Entry*.**EaSize** set to *Link*.**ReparseTag**
 - Else:
 - *Entry*.**EaSize** set to *Link*.**ExtendedAttributesLength**<62>
 - EndIf

- *Entry*.**FileNameLength** set to the length, in bytes, of *Link*.**Name**

2.1.5.5.3.4 FileIdBothDirectoryInformation

OutputBuffer is an array of one or more FILE_ID_BOTH_DIR_INFORMATION structures as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.17. *Entry* is a parameter to this routine that points to the current FILE_ID_BOTH_DIR_INFORMATION structure to fill out. Note that the FileName field is not set in this section.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **OutputBufferSize** is smaller than **FieldOffset**(FILE_ID_BOTH_DIR_INFORMATION.FileName), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INFO_LENGTH_MISMATCH.
- The object store MUST process this query using the algorithm described in section 2.1.5.5.3.
- *Entry* MUST be constructed as follows:
 - *Entry*.**NextEntryOffset** set to zero
 - *Entry*.**FileIndex** set to zero
 - *Entry*.**CreationTime** set to *Link*.**CreationTime**
 - *Entry*.**LastAccessTime** set to *Link*.**LastAccessTime**
 - *Entry*.**LastWriteTime** set to *Link*.**LastModificationTime**
 - *Entry*.**ChangeTime** set to *Link*.**LastChangeTime**
 - *Entry*.**EndOfFile** set to *Link*.**FileSize**
 - *Entry*.**AllocationSize** set to *Link*.**AllocationSize**
 - *Entry*.**FileAttributes** set to *Link*.**FileAttributes**
 - If *Link*.**File.FileType** is DirectoryFile or ViewIndexFile:
 - *Entry*.**FileAttributes.FILE_ATTRIBUTE_DIRECTORY** is set
 - EndIf
 - If *Entry*.**FileAttributes** has no attributes set:
 - *Entry*.**FileAttributes.FILE_ATTRIBUTE_NORMAL** is set
 - EndIf
 - If *Link*.**FileAttributes.FILE_ATTRIBUTE_REPARSE_POINT** is SET:
 - *Entry*.**EaSize** set to *Link*.**ReparseTag**
 - Else:
 - *Entry*.**EaSize** set to *Link*.**ExtendedAttributesLength**<63>
 - EndIf
 - If *Link*.**ShortName** is not empty:
 - *Entry*.**ShortNameLength** set to the length, in bytes, of *Link*.**ShortName**
 - *Entry*.**ShortName** set to *Link*.**ShortName** padding with zeroes as necessary

- Else:
 - *Entry.ShortNameLength* set to zero
 - *Entry.ShortName* filled with zeroes
- EndIf
- *Entry.FileID* set to *Link.File.FileId64*
- *Entry.FileNameLength* set to the length, in bytes, of *Link.Name*

2.1.5.5.3.5 (Added Section) **FileIdExtdDirectoryInformation**

OutputBuffer is an array of one or more FILE_ID_EXTD_DIR_INFORMATION structures as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.18. *Entry* is a parameter to this routine that points to the current FILE_ID_EXTD_DIR_INFORMATION structure to fill out. Note that the *FileName* field is not set in this section.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **OutputBufferSize** is smaller than **FieldOffset(FILE_ID_EXTD_DIR_INFORMATION.FileName)**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INFO_LENGTH_MISMATCH.
- The object store MUST process this query using the algorithm described in section 2.1.5.5.3.
- *Entry* MUST be constructed as follows:
 - *Entry.NextEntryOffset* set to zero
 - *Entry.FileIndex* set to zero
 - *Entry.CreationTime* set to *Link.CreationTime*
 - *Entry.LastAccessTime* set to *Link.LastAccessTime*
 - *Entry.LastWriteTime* set to *Link.LastModificationTime*
 - *Entry.ChangeTime* set to *Link.LastChangeTime*
 - *Entry.EndOfFile* set to *Link.FileSize*
 - *Entry.AllocationSize* set to *Link.AllocationSize*
 - *Entry.FileAttributes* set to *Link.FileAttributes*
 - If *Link.File.FileType* is DirectoryFile or ViewIndexFile:
 - *Entry.FileAttributes.FILE_ATTRIBUTE_DIRECTORY* is set
- EndIf
- If *Entry.FileAttributes* has no attributes set:
 - *Entry.FileAttributes.FILE_ATTRIBUTE_NORMAL* is set
- EndIf
- *Entry.EaSize* set to *Link.ExtendedAttributesLength<64>*
- *Entry.ReparsePointTag* set to *Link.ReparseTag*
- *Entry.FileID* set to *Link.File.FileId128*

- **Entry.FileNameLength** set to the length, in bytes, of *Link.Name*

2.1.5.5.3.6 FileIdFullDirectoryInformation

OutputBuffer is an array of one or more FILE_ID_FULL_DIR_INFORMATION structures as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.18. *Entry* is a parameter to this routine that points to the current FILE_ID_FULL_DIR_INFORMATION structure to fill out. Note that the FileName field is not set in this section.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **OutputBufferSize** is smaller than **FieldOffset(FILE_ID_FULL_DIR_INFORMATION.FileName)**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INFO_LENGTH_MISMATCH.
- The object store MUST process this query using the algorithm described in section 2.1.5.5.3.
- *Entry* MUST be constructed as follows:
 - *Entry.NextEntryOffset* set to zero
 - *Entry.FileIndex* set to zero
 - *Entry.CreationTime* set to *Link.CreationTime*
 - *Entry.LastAccessTime* set to *Link.LastAccessTime*
 - *Entry.LastWriteTime* set to *Link.LastModificationTime*
 - *Entry.ChangeTime* set to *Link.LastChangeTime*
 - *Entry.EndOfFile* set to *Link.FileSize*
 - *Entry.AllocationSize* set to *Link.AllocationSize*
 - *Entry.FileAttributes* set to *Link.FileAttributes*
 - If *Link.File.FileType* is DirectoryFile or ViewFileIndex:
 - *Entry.FileAttributes.FILE_ATTRIBUTE_DIRECTORY* is set
 - EndIf
 - If *Entry.FileAttributes* has no attributes set:
 - *Entry.FileAttributes.FILE_ATTRIBUTE_NORMAL* is set
 - EndIf
 - If *Link.FileAttributes.FILE_ATTRIBUTE_REPARSE_POINT* is SET:
 - *Entry.EaSize* set to *Link.ReparseTag*
 - Else:
 - *Entry.EaSize* set to *Link.ExtendedAttributesLength*<65>
 - EndIf
 - *Entry.FileID* set to *Link.File.FileId64*
 - *Entry.FileNameLength* set to the length, in bytes, of *Link.Name*

2.1.5.5.3.7 FileNamesInformation

OutputBuffer is an array of one or more FILE_NAMES_INFORMATION structures as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.26. *Entry* is a parameter to this routine that points to the current FILE_NAMES_INFORMATION structure to fill out. Note that the FileName field is not set in this section.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **OutputBufferSize** is smaller than **FieldOffset**(FILE_NAMES_INFORMATION.FileName), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INFO_LENGTH_MISMATCH.
- The object store MUST process this query using the algorithm described in section 2.1.5.5.3.
- *Entry* MUST be constructed as follows:
 - *Entry*.**NextEntryOffset** set to zero
 - *Entry*.**FileIndex** set to zero
 - *Entry*.**FileNameLength** set to the length, in bytes, of *Link*.Name

2.1.5.6 Server Requests Flushing Cached Data

The server provides:

- **Open**: An **Open** of a DataFile or DirectoryFile for which it is to flush cached data.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status**: An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.

The object store MUST flush all persistent attributes for **Open.File** to stable storage. In addition:

- If **Open.File.Volume.IsReadOnly** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_MEDIA_WRITE_PROTECTED.
- The operation MUST be failed with the status code returned from the underlying physical storage. The operation flushes all eligible objects; however, only the first failure encountered is returned.
- The operation ensures that the directory structure is persisted to stable storage. <66>

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **Open.Stream.StreamType** is DataStream:
 - Flush cached data of **Open.File**
 - Flush file system metadata associated with **Open.File**.
- Else if **Open.Stream.StreamType** is DirectoryStream:
 - Flush file system metadata associated with **Open.File**
- Else if **Open.File** is equal to **Open.File.Volume.RootDirectory**:
 - For each *OpenFile* in **Open.File.Volume.OpenFileList**:
 - Flush *OpenFile*
 - Flush file system metadata associated with *OpenFile*
 - EndFor

- EndIf
- Flush the underlying physical storage.

2.1.5.7 Server Requests a Byte-Range Lock

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a **DataStream**.
- **FileOffset:** A 64-bit unsigned integer containing the starting offset, in bytes.
- **Length:** A 64-bit unsigned integer containing the length, in bytes. This value MAY be zero.
- **ExclusiveLock:** A Boolean indicating whether the range is to be locked exclusively (TRUE) or shared (FALSE).
- **FailImmediately:** A Boolean indicating whether the lock request is to fail (TRUE) if the range is locked by another open or if it is to wait until the lock can be acquired (FALSE).
- **LockKey:** A 32-bit unsigned integer containing an identifier for the lock being obtained by a specific process.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- [Validation]
- If **Open.Stream.StreamType** is **DirectoryStream**, return **STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER**, as byte range locks are not permitted on directories.
- If $((\text{FileOffset} + \text{Length} - 1) < \text{FileOffset}) \ \&\& \ \text{Length} \neq 0$
 - This means that the requested range contains one or more bytes with offsets beyond the maximum 64-bit unsigned integer. The operation MUST be failed with **STATUS_INVALID_LOCK_RANGE**.
- EndIf
- [Processing]
- If $(\text{FileOffset} < \text{Open.Stream.AllocationSize}) < 67 >$ and **Open.Stream.Oplock** is not empty, the object store MUST check for an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12, with input values as follows:
 - **Open** equal to this operation's **Open**
 - **Oplock** equal to **Open.Stream.Oplock**
 - **Operation** equal to "LOCK_CONTROL"
 - **OpParams** empty
- The object store MUST check for byte range lock conflicts by using the algorithm described in section 2.1.4.10, with **ByteOffset** set to **FileOffset**, **Length** set to **Length**, **IsExclusive** set to **ExclusiveLock**, **LockIntent** set to TRUE, and **Open** set to **Open**. If a conflict is detected, then:

- If **FailImmediately** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_LOCK_NOT_GRANTED.
- Else
 - Insert operation into **CancelableOperations.CancelableOperationList**.
 - Wait until there are no overlapping **ByteRangeLocks** or until the operation is canceled as specified in section 2.1.5.19. Overlapping **ByteRangeLocks** can be removed from **ByteRangeLockList** in different ways:
 - The **ByteRangeLock** can be explicitly unlocked as described in section 2.1.5.8.
 - The **ByteRangeLock.OwnerOpen** can be closed as described in section 2.1.5.4.
- EndIf
- EndIf
- Initialize a new *ByteRangeLock*:
 - *ByteRangeLock.LockOffset* MUST be initialized to **FileOffset**.
 - *ByteRangeLock.LockLength* MUST be initialized to **Length**.
 - *ByteRangeLock.IsExclusive* MUST be initialized to **ExclusiveLock**.
 - *ByteRangeLock.OwnerOpen* MUST be initialized to **Open**.
 - *ByteRangeLock.LockKey* MUST be set to the server provided **LockKey**, if provided.
- Insert *ByteRangeLock* into **Open.Stream.ByteRangeLockList**.
- Complete this operation with STATUS_SUCCESS.

2.1.5.8 Server Requests an Unlock of a Byte-Range

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataStream.
- **FileOffset:** A 64-bit unsigned integer containing the starting offset, in bytes.
- **Length:** A 64-bit unsigned integer containing the length, in bytes.
- **LockKey:** A 32-bit unsigned integer containing an identifier for the lock being obtained by a specific process.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- [Validation]
- If **Open.Stream.StreamType** is DirectoryStream, return STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER, as byte range locks are not permitted on directories.
- If (((**FileOffset** + **Length** - 1) < **FileOffset**) && **Length** != 0)

- This means that the requested range contains one or more bytes with offsets beyond the maximum 64-bit unsigned integer. The operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_LOCK_RANGE.
- EndIf
- [Processing]
- Initialize *LockToRemove* to NULL.
- For each *ByteRangeLock* in **Open.Stream.ByteRangeLockList**:
 - If ((*ByteRangeLock.LockOffset* == **FileOffset**) and (*ByteRangeLock.LockLength* == **Length**) and (*ByteRangeLock.OwnerOpen* == **Open**) and (*ByteRangeLock.LockKey* == **LockKey**)) then:
 - Set *LockToRemove* to *ByteRangeLock*.
 - If (*LockToRemove.ExclusiveLock* == TRUE) then break.
 - EndIf
- EndFor
- If *LockToRemove* is not NULL:
 - Remove *LockToRemove* from **Open.Stream.ByteRangeLockList**.
 - Complete this operation with STATUS_SUCCESS.
- Else:
 - Complete this operation with STATUS_RANGE_NOT_LOCKED.
- EndIf

2.1.5.9 Server Requests an FsControl Request

The following section describes various File System Control (FSCTLs) operations that are implemented by the Object Store. Not all of these operations are implemented by all file systems.

2.1.5.9.1 FSCTL_CREATE_OR_GET_OBJECT_ID

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataFile or DirectoryFile.
- **OutputBufferSize:** The maximum number of bytes to return in **OutputBuffer**.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.
- **OutputBuffer:** An array of bytes that will return a FILE_OBJECTID_BUFFER structure as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.3.
- **BytesReturned:** The number of bytes returned in **OutputBuffer**.

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_DEVICE_REQUEST.<68>

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **Open.File.Volume.IsObjectIDsSupported** is FALSE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_VOLUME_NOT_UPGRADED.
- If **OutputBufferSize** is less than *sizeof*(FILE_OBJECTID_BUFFER), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER.
- If **Open.File.ObjectId** is empty:
 - If **Open.File.Volume.IsReadOnly**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_MEDIA_WRITE_PROTECTED.
 - The object store MUST set **Open.File.ObjectId** to a newly generated ObjectId GUID that is unique on **Open.File.Volume**.<69>
- EndIf
- If a new **Open.File.ObjectId** was generated above or if **Open.File.BirthVolumeId** and **Open.File.BirthObjectId** are both empty:
 - If **Open.File.Volume.IsReadOnly**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_MEDIA_WRITE_PROTECTED.
 - If **Open.File.BirthVolumeId** is empty, the object store MUST set **Open.File.BirthVolumeId** to **Open.File.Volume.VolumeId**.
 - If **Open.File.BirthObjectId** is empty, the object store MUST set **Open.File.BirthObjectId** to **Open.File.ObjectId**.
 - The object store MUST set **Open.File.DomainId** to empty.
 - The object store MUST post a USN change as specified in section 2.1.4.11 with **File** equal to **File**, **Reason** equal to USN_REASON_OBJECT_ID_CHANGE, and **FileName** equal to **Open.Link.Name**.
 - The object store MUST construct a FILE_OBJECTID_INFORMATION structure (as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.28.1) *ObjectIdInfo* as follows:
 - *ObjectIdInfo.FileReference* set to zero.
 - *ObjectIdInfo.ObjectId* set to **Open.File.ObjectId**.
 - *ObjectIdInfo.BirthVolumeId* set to **Open.File.BirthVolumeId**.
 - *ObjectIdInfo.BirthObjectId* set to **Open.File.BirthObjectId**.
 - *ObjectIdInfo.DomainId* set to **Open.File.DomainId**.
 - Send directory change notification as specified in section 2.1.4.1, with **Volume** equal to **Open.File.Volume**, **Action** equal to FILE_ACTION_ADDED, **FilterMatch** equal to FILE_NOTIFY_CHANGE_FILE_NAME, **FileName** equal to "\$Extend\$ObjId", **NotifyData** equal to *ObjectIdInfo*, and **NotifyDataLength** equal to *sizeof*(FILE_OBJECTID_INFORMATION).
- EndIf

If a new **Open.File.ObjectId** was generated above, the object store MUST update **Open.File.LastChangeTime**.<70>

The object store MUST populate the fields of **OutputBuffer** as follows:

- **OutputBuffer.ObjectId** set to **Open.File.ObjectId**.

- **OutputBuffer.BirthVolumeId** set to **Open.File.BirthVolumeId**.
- **OutputBuffer.BirthObjectId** set to **Open.File.BirthObjectId**.
- **OutputBuffer.DomainId** set to **Open.File.DomainId**.

Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:

- **BytesReturned** set to *sizeof*(FILE_OBJECTID_BUFFER).
- **Status** set to STATUS_SUCCESS.

2.1.5.9.2 FSCTL_DELETE_OBJECT_ID

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataFile or DirectoryFile.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_DEVICE_REQUEST.<71>

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **Open.File.Volume.IsObjectIDsSupported** is FALSE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_VOLUME_NOT_UPGRADED.
- If **Volume.IsReadOnly** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_MEDIA_WRITE_PROTECTED.
- If **Open.File.ObjectId** is empty, the operation MUST be completed with STATUS_SUCCESS.
- Update **Open.File.LastChangeTime** to the current time.<72>
- Post a USN change as specified in section 2.1.4.11 with **File** equal to **File**, **Reason** equal to USN_REASON_OBJECT_ID_CHANGE, and **FileName** equal to **Open.Link.Name**.
 - The object store MUST construct a FILE_OBJECTID_INFORMATION structure (as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.28.1) *ObjectIdInfo* as follows:
 - *ObjectIdInfo.FileReference* set to zero.
 - *ObjectIdInfo.ObjectId* set to **Open.File.ObjectId**.
 - *ObjectIdInfo.BirthVolumeId* set to **Open.File.BirthVolumeId**.
 - *ObjectIdInfo.BirthObjectId* set to **Open.File.BirthObjectId**.
 - *ObjectIdInfo.DomainId* set to **Open.File.DomainId**.
- Send directory change notification as specified in section 2.1.4.1, with **Volume** equal to **Open.File.Volume**, **Action** equal to FILE_ACTION_REMOVED, **FilterMatch** equal to FILE_NOTIFY_CHANGE_FILE_NAME, **FileName** equal to "\\\$Extend\ObjId", **NotifyData** equal to *ObjectIdInfo*, and **NotifyDataLength** equal to *sizeof*(FILE_OBJECTID_INFORMATION).
- Set **Open.File.ObjectId** to empty.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:

- **Status** set to STATUS_SUCCESS.

2.1.5.9.3 FSCTL_DELETE_REPARSE_POINT

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataFile or DirectoryFile.
- **ReparseTag:** An identifier indicating the type of the reparse point to delete, as defined in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.2.1.
- **ReparseGUID:** A GUID indicating the type of the reparse point to delete.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_DEVICE_REQUEST.<73>

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- Phase 1 -- Verify the parameters.
- If (**Open.GrantedAccess** & (FILE_WRITE_DATA | FILE_WRITE_ATTRIBUTES)) == 0, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_ACCESS_DENIED.
- If **Open.File.Volume.IsReadOnly** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_MEDIA_WRITE_PROTECTED.
- If **Open.File.Volume.IsReparsePointsSupported** is FALSE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_VOLUME_NOT_UPGRADED.
- If the **ReparseTag** is either IO_REPARSE_TAG_RESERVED_ZERO or IO_REPARSE_TAG_RESERVED_ONE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_IO_REPARSE_TAG_INVALID. The reserved reparse tags are defined in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.2.1.
- If **ReparseTag** is a non-Microsoft Reparse Tag, then the **ReparseGUID** MUST be a valid GUID; otherwise the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_IO_REPARSE_DATA_INVALID.
- Phase 2 -- Validate that the requested tag deletion type matches with the stored tag type.
- If (**ReparseTag** != **Open.File.ReparseTag**), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_IO_REPARSE_TAG_MISMATCH.
- If (**ReparseTag** is a non-Microsoft Reparse Tag && **Open.File.ReparseGUID** != **ReparseGUID**), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_REPARSE_ATTRIBUTE_CONFLICT.
- Phase 3 -- Remove the reparse point from the File.
- Set **Open.File.ReparseData**, **Open.File.ReparseGUID**, and **Open.File.ReparseTag** to empty.
- Update **Open.File.LastChangeTime** to the current system time.<74>
- If **Open.File.FileType** == DataFile, set **Open.File.FileAttributes.FILE_ATTRIBUTE_ARCHIVE** to TRUE.
- Set **Open.File.PendingNotifications.FILE_NOTIFY_CHANGE_LAST_ACCESS** to TRUE.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:

- **Status** set to STATUS_SUCCESS.

2.1.5.9.4 FSCTL_DUPLICATE_EXTENTS_TO_FILE

The server provides:

- **Open**: An **Open** of a DataStream.
- **InputBuffer**: An array of bytes containing a single SMB2_DUPLICATE_EXTENTS_DATA structure indicating the source stream, and source and target regions to copy, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.7.2.
- **InputBufferSize**: The number of bytes in **InputBuffer**.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status**: An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.

This routine uses the following local variables:

- **Open**: SourceOpen
- **Stream**: Source
- 64-bit signed integers: *ClusterCount*, *ClusterNum*, *SourceVcn*, *TargetVcn*, *SourceLcn*, *TargetLcn*
- **EXTENTS**: *NewPreviousExtent*, *NewNextExtent*

The purpose of this operation is to make it look like a copy of a region from the source stream to the target stream has occurred when in reality no data is actually copied. This operation modifies the target stream's extent list such that, the same clusters are pointed to by both the source and target streams' extent lists for the region being copied.

Support for FSCTL_DUPLICATE_EXTENTS_TO_FILE is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_DEVICE_REQUEST.<75>

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **InputBufferSizes** is less than **sizeof(DUPLICATE_EXTENTS_DATA)**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_BUFFER_TOO_SMALL
- If **Open.File.Volume.IsReadOnly** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_MEDIA_WRITE_PROTECTED.
- If **InputBuffer.SourceFileOffset** is not a multiple of **Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER.
- If **InputBuffer.TargetFileOffset** is not a multiple of **Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER.
- If **InputBuffer.ByteCount** is not a multiple of **Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER.
- If **InputBuffer.ByteCount** is equal to 0, the operation SHOULD return immediately with STATUS_SUCCESS.
- If **Open.Stream.StreamType** != **DataStream**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED.

- Set **SourceOpen** to the **Open** object returned from a successful open of the file identified by **InputBuffer.SourceFileID**. If the open of the **InputBuffer.SourceFileID** fails, return the status of the operation.
- Set *Source* to **SourceOpen.Stream**.
- If **SourceOpen** does not represent an open Handle to a **DataStream** with FILE_READ_DATA | FILE_READ_ATTRIBUTES level access, the operation SHOULD<76> fail with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER.
- If *Source.Size* is less than **InputBuffer.SourceFileOffset** + **InputBuffer.ByteCount** the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED.
- If *Source.Volume* != **Open.File.Volume** the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER.
- If *Source.IsSparse* != **Open.Stream.IsSparse** and *Source.IsSparse* is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED.
- The object store SHOULD<77> check for byte range lock conflicts on **Open.Stream** using the algorithm described in section 2.1.4.10 with **ByteOffset** set to **InputBuffer.TargetFileOffset**, **Length** set to **InputBuffer.ByteCount**, **IsExclusive** set to TRUE, **LockIntent** set to FALSE, and **Open** set to **Open**. If a conflict is detected, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_FILE_LOCK_CONFLICT.
- The object store SHOULD<78> check for byte range lock conflicts on *Source* using the algorithm described in section 2.1.4.10 with **ByteOffset** set to **InputBuffer.SourceFileOffset**, **Length** set to **InputBuffer.ByteCount**, **IsExclusive** set to FALSE, **LockIntent** set to FALSE, and **Open** set to **SourceOpen**. If a conflict is detected, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_FILE_LOCK_CONFLICT.
- The object store MUST modify **Open.Stream.ExtentList** so that all LCNs in the applicable VCN range match the LCNs in *Source.ExtentList* in the same VCN range, taking care to adjust the **Open.File.Volume.ClusterRefCount** array accordingly. Pseudo-code for this is as follows:
 - $ClusterCount = InputBuffer.ByteCount / Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize$
 - For each *ClusterNum* from 0 to (*ClusterCount* - 1):
 - $SourceVcn = (InputBuffer.SourceFileOffset / Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize) + ClusterNum$
 - $TargetVcn = (InputBuffer.TargetFileOffset / Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize) + ClusterNum$
 - Find the index *SourceIndex* of the element in *Source.ExtentList* such that (*Source.ExtentList*[*SourceIndex*].**NextVcn** > *SourceVcn*) and (*SourceIndex* == 0 or *Source.ExtentList*[*SourceIndex*-1].**NextVcn** <= *SourceVcn*).
 - Find the index *TargetIndex* of the element in **Open.Stream.ExtentList** such that (**Open.Stream.ExtentList**[*TargetIndex*].**NextVcn** > *TargetVcn*) and (*TargetIndex* == 0 or **Open.Stream.ExtentList**[*TargetIndex*-1].**NextVcn** <= *TargetVcn*).
 - // The purpose of this next section is to determine the *SourceLcn* based on *Source.ExtentList*[*SourceIndex*] and *SourceVcn*.
 - If *Source.ExtentList*[*SourceIndex*].**Lcn** == 0xffffffff (indicating an unallocated extent as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.32.1):
 - $SourceLcn = 0xffffffff$

- Else if *SourceIndex* == 0:
 - *SourceLcn* = *Source.ExtentList[SourceIndex].Lcn* + *SourceVcn*
- Else
 - *SourceLcn* = *Source.ExtentList[SourceIndex].Lcn* + (*SourceVcn* - *Source.ExtentList[SourceIndex-1].NextVcn*)
- EndIf
- // The purpose of this next section is to determine the *TargetLcn* based on **Open.Stream.ExtentList[TargetIndex]** and *TargetVcn*.
- If **Open.Stream.ExtentList[TargetIndex].Lcn** == 0xfffffffffffff:
 - *TargetLcn* = 0xfffffffffffff
- Else if *TargetIndex* == 0:
 - *TargetLcn* = **Open.Stream.ExtentList[TargetIndex].Lcn** + *TargetVcn*
- Else
 - *TargetLcn* = **Open.Stream.ExtentList[TargetIndex].Lcn** + (*TargetVcn* - **Open.Stream.ExtentList[TargetIndex-1].NextVcn**)
- EndIf
- If *TargetLcn* != *SourceLcn*:
 - If *SourceLcn* != 0xfffffffffffff, the object store MUST increment **Open.File.Volume.ClusterRefcount[SourceLcn]**.
 - If *TargetLcn* != 0xfffffffffffff, the object store MUST decrement **Open.File.Volume.ClusterRefcount[TargetLcn]**. If **Open.File.Volume.ClusterRefcount[TargetLcn]** goes to zero the cluster MUST be freed.
 - // The purpose of this next section is to determine what new EXTENTS structures need to be added to the streams **ExtentList**.
 - If (*TargetIndex* == 0 and *TargetVcn* != 0) or (*TargetIndex* != 0 and *TargetVcn* != **Open.Stream.ExtentList[TargetIndex-1].NextVcn**), the object store MUST initialize a new EXTENTS element *NewPreviousExtent* as follows:
 - *NewPreviousExtent.NextVcn* set to *TargetVcn*
 - *NewPreviousExtent.Lcn* set to **Open.Stream.ExtentList[TargetIndex].Lcn**
 - Else
 - Set *NewPreviousExtent* to NULL
 - EndIf
 - If (*TargetVcn* != **Open.Stream.ExtentList[TargetIndex].NextVcn** - 1), the object store MUST initialize a new EXTENTS element *NewNextExtent* as follows:
 - *NewNextExtent.NextVcn* set to **Open.Stream.ExtentList[TargetIndex].NextVcn**

- *NewNextExtent*. **Lcn** set to *TargetLcn* + 1 if *TargetLcn* != 0xffffffffffff, otherwise set to 0xffffffffffff
- Else
 - Set *NewNextExtent* to NULL
- EndIf
- The object store MUST modify **Open.Stream.ExtentList**[*TargetIndex*] as follows:
 - Set **Open.Stream.ExtentList**[*TargetIndex*].**NextVcn** to *TargetVcn* + 1
 - Set **Open.Stream.ExtentList**[*TargetIndex*].**Lcn** to *SourceLcn*
 - If *NewPreviousExtent* != NULL, the object store MUST insert *NewPreviousExtent* into **Open.Stream.ExtentList**, coalescing with any adjacent EXTENTS elements that are contiguous with respect to LCN.
 - If *NewNextExtent* != NULL, the object store MUST insert *NewNextExtent* into **Open.Stream.ExtentList**, coalescing with any adjacent EXTENTS elements that are contiguous with respect to LCN.
- EndIf
- EndFor
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
 - Status set to STATUS_SUCCESS.

2.1.5.9.5 FSCTL_DUPLICATE_EXTENTS_TO_FILE_EX

The server provides:

- **Open**: An **Open** of a DataStream.
- **InputBuffer**: An array of bytes containing a single SMB2_DUPLICATE_EXTENTS_DATA_EX structure indicating the source stream, and source and target regions to copy, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.9.2.
- **InputBufferSize**: The number of bytes in **InputBuffer**.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status**: An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.

This routine uses the following local variables:

- **Open**: SourceOpen
- **Stream**: Source
- 64-bit signed integers: *ClusterCount*, *ClusterNum*, *SourceVcn*, *TargetVcn*, *SourceLcn*, *TargetLcn*
- **EXTENTS**: *NewPreviousExtent*, *NewNextExtent*

The purpose of this operation is to make it look like a copy of a region from the source stream to the target stream has occurred when in reality no data is actually copied. This operation modifies the target stream's extent list such that, the same clusters are pointed to by both the source and target streams' extent lists for the region being copied.

When the `DUPLICATE_EXTENTS_DATA_EX_SOURCE_ATOMIC` flag in the `SMB2_DUPLICATE_EXTENTS_DATA_EX` structure isn't set, the behavior of operation is identical to `FSCTL_DUPLICATE_EXTENTS_TO_FILE`. When the flag is set, the operation is source stream atomic. The source stream duplication fully succeeds or it fails without any side effects (when only part of source stream file region is duplicated).

Support for `FSCTL_DUPLICATE_EXTENTS_TO_FILE_EX` is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with `STATUS_INVALID_DEVICE_REQUEST`.<79>

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **InputBufferSize** is less than 0x30, the operation MUST be failed with `STATUS_BUFFER_TOO_SMALL`
- If **InputBuffer.StructureSize** is not equal to 0x30, the operation MUST be failed with `STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED`.
- If **Open.File.Volume.IsReadOnly** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with `STATUS_MEDIA_WRITE_PROTECTED`.
- If **InputBuffer.SourceFileOffset** is not a multiple of **Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize**, the operation MUST be failed with `STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER`.
- If **InputBuffer.TargetFileOffset** is not a multiple of **Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize**, the operation MUST be failed with `STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER`.
- If **InputBuffer.ByteCount** is not a multiple of **Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize**, the operation MUST be failed with `STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER`.
- If **InputBuffer.ByteCount** is equal to 0, the operation SHOULD return immediately with `STATUS_SUCCESS`.
- If **Open.Stream.StreamType** != **DataStream**, the operation MUST be failed with `STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED`.
- Set **SourceOpen** to the **Open** object returned from a successful open of the file identified by **InputBuffer.SourceFileID**. If the open of the **InputBuffer.SourceFileID** fails, return the status of the operation.
- Set *Source* to **SourceOpen.Stream**
- If **SourceOpen** does not represent an open Handle to a **DataStream** with `FILE_READ_DATA | FILE_READ_ATTRIBUTES` level access, the operation SHOULD<80> fail with `STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER`.
- If *Source.Size* is less than **InputBuffer.SourceFileOffset** + **InputBuffer.ByteCount**, the operation MUST be failed with `STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED`.
- If *Source.Volume* != **Open.File.Volume**, the operation MUST be failed with `STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER`.
- If *Source.IsSparse* != **Open.Stream.IsSparse** and *Source.IsSparse* is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with `STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED`.
- The object store SHOULD<81> check for byte range lock conflicts on **Open.Stream** using the algorithm described in section 2.1.4.10 with **ByteOffset** set to **InputBuffer.TargetFileOffset**, **Length** set to **InputBuffer.ByteCount**, **IsExclusive** set to TRUE, **LockIntent** set to FALSE, and **Open** set to **SourceOpen**. If a conflict is detected, the operation MUST be failed with `STATUS_FILE_LOCK_CONFLICT`.

- The object store SHOULD check for byte range lock conflicts on Source using the algorithm described in section 2.1.4.10 with **ByteOffset** set to **InputBuffer.SourceFileOffset**, **Length** set to **InputBuffer.ByteCount**, **IsExclusive** set to FALSE, **LockIntent** set to FALSE, and **Open** set to **SourceOpen**. If a conflict is detected, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_FILE_LOCK_CONFLICT.
- The object store MUST modify **Open.Stream.ExtentList** so that all LCNs in the applicable VCN range match the LCNs in *Source.ExtentList* in the same VCN range, taking care to adjust the **Open.File.Volume.ClusterRefCount** array accordingly. Pseudo-code for this is as follows:
 - $ClusterCount = InputBuffer.ByteCount / Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize$
 - For each *ClusterNum* from 0 to ($ClusterCount - 1$):
 - $SourceVcn = (InputBuffer.SourceFileOffset / Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize) + ClusterNum$
 - $TargetVcn = (InputBuffer.TargetFileOffset / Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize) + ClusterNum$
 - Find the index *SourceIndex* of the element in *Source.ExtentList* such that ($Source.ExtentList[SourceIndex].NextVcn > SourceVcn$) and ($SourceIndex == 0$ or $Source.ExtentList[SourceIndex-1].NextVcn \leq SourceVcn$).
 - Find the index *TargetIndex* of the element in **Open.Stream.ExtentList** such that ($Open.Stream.ExtentList[TargetIndex].NextVcn > TargetVcn$) and ($TargetIndex == 0$ or $Open.Stream.ExtentList[TargetIndex-1].NextVcn \leq TargetVcn$).
 - // The purpose of this next section is to determine the *SourceLcn* based on *Source.ExtentList[SourceIndex]* and **SourceVcn**.
 - If $Source.ExtentList[SourceIndex].Lcn == 0xffffffff$ (indicating an unallocated extent as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.32.1):
 - $SourceLcn = 0xffffffff$
 - Else if $SourceIndex == 0$:
 - $SourceLcn = Source.ExtentList[SourceIndex].Lcn + SourceVcn$
 - Else
 - $SourceLcn = Source.ExtentList[SourceIndex].Lcn + (SourceVcn - Source.ExtentList[SourceIndex-1].NextVcn)$
 - EndIf
 - // The purpose of this next section is to determine the *TargetLcn* based on **Open.Stream.ExtentList[TargetIndex]** and *TargetVcn*.
 - If $Open.Stream.ExtentList[TargetIndex].Lcn == 0xffffffff$:
 - $TargetLcn = 0xffffffff$
 - Else if $TargetIndex == 0$:
 - $TargetLcn = Open.Stream.ExtentList[TargetIndex].Lcn + TargetVcn$
 - Else
 - $TargetLcn = Open.Stream.ExtentList[TargetIndex].Lcn + (TargetVcn - Open.Stream.ExtentList[TargetIndex-1].NextVcn)$

- EndIf
- If *TargetLcn* != *SourceLcn*:
 - If *SourceLcn* != 0xffffffffffff, the object store MUST increment **Open.File.Volume.ClusterRefcount**[*SourceLcn*].
 - If *TargetLcn* != 0xffffffffffff, the object store MUST decrement **Open.File.Volume.ClusterRefcount**[*TargetLcn*]. If **Open.File.Volume.ClusterRefcount**[*TargetLcn*] goes to zero the cluster MUST be freed.
 - // The purpose of this next section is to determine what new EXTENTS structures need to be added to the streams **ExtentList**.
 - If (*TargetIndex* == 0 and *TargetVcn* != 0) or (*TargetIndex* != 0 and *TargetVcn* != **Open.Stream.ExtentList**[*TargetIndex*-1].**NextVcn**), the object store MUST initialize a new EXTENTS element *NewPreviousExtent* as follows:
 - *NewPreviousExtent.NextVcn* set to *TargetVcn*
 - *NewPreviousExtent.Lcn* set to **Open.Stream.ExtentList**[*TargetIndex*].**Lcn**
 - Else
 - Set *NewPreviousExtent* to NULL
 - EndIf
 - If (*TargetVcn* != **Open.Stream.ExtentList**[*TargetIndex*].**NextVcn** - 1), the object store MUST initialize a new EXTENTS element *NewNextExtent* as follows:
 - *NewNextExtent.NextVcn* set to **Open.Stream.ExtentList**[*TargetIndex*].**NextVcn**
 - *NewNextExtent.Lcn* set to *TargetLcn* + 1 if *TargetLcn* != 0xffffffffffff, otherwise set to 0xffffffffffff
 - Else
 - Set *NewNextExtent* to NULL
 - EndIf
 - The object store MUST modify **Open.Stream.ExtentList**[*TargetIndex*] as follows:
 - Set **Open.Stream.ExtentList**[*TargetIndex*].**NextVcn** to *TargetVcn* + 1
 - Set **Open.Stream.ExtentList**[*TargetIndex*].**Lcn** to *SourceLcn*
 - If *NewPreviousExtent* != NULL, the object store MUST insert *NewPreviousExtent* into **Open.Stream.ExtentList**, coalescing with any adjacent EXTENTS elements that are contiguous with respect to LCN.
 - If *NewNextExtent* != NULL, the object store MUST insert *NewNextExtent* into **Open.Stream.ExtentList**, coalescing with any adjacent EXTENTS elements that are contiguous with respect to LCN.
- EndIf
- When any operation failed and DUPLICATE_EXTENTS_DATA_EX_SOURCE_ATOMIC is set then undo all operations on Target and set ClusterNum to 0.

- EndFor
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
 - Status set to STATUS_SUCCESS.

2.1.5.9.6 FSCTL_FILE_LEVEL_TRIM

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataFile.
- **InputBuffer:** An array of bytes containing a single **FILE_LEVEL_TRIM** structure, followed by zero or more **FILE_LEVEL_TRIM_RANGE** structures, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.13.1.
- **InputBufferSize:** The number of bytes in **InputBuffer**.
- **OutputBufferSize:** The maximum number of bytes to return in **OutputBuffer**.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.
- **OutputBuffer:** An optional array of bytes that contains a single **FILE_LEVEL_TRIM_OUTPUT** structure, as specified in ([MS-FSCC] section 2.3.14).
- **BytesReturned:** The number of bytes written to **OutputBuffer**.

This operation also uses the following local variables:

- 64-bit unsigned integers (initialized to zero): *AlignmentAdjust*, *TempOffLen*, *TrimRange*, *TrimOffset*.
- An NTSTATUS code: *TrimStatus*.

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_DEVICE_REQUEST.<83>

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **Open.Stream.IsEncrypted** is TRUE OR **Open.Stream.IsCompressed** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER.
- If **InputBuffer.Size** is < **sizeof(FILE_LEVEL_TRIM)**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER.
- If **InputBuffer.NumRanges** is <= 0, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER.
- If **InputBuffer.NumRanges** * **sizeof(FILE_LEVEL_TRIM_RANGE)** overflows 32-bits, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER.
- If **InputBuffer.NumRanges** * **sizeof(FILE_LEVEL_TRIM_RANGE)** + **sizeof(FILE_LEVEL_TRIM)** overflows 32-bits, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER.
- If **OutputBufferSize** != 0 AND **OutputBufferSize** is < **sizeof(FILE_LEVEL_TRIM_OUTPUT)**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER.
- If **Open.File.Volume.IsUsnJournalActive** is TRUE, the object store MUST post a USN change as specified in section 2.1.4.11 with File equal to **Open.File**, Reason equal to USN_REASON_DATA_OVERWRITE, and **FileName** equal to **Open.File.Name**.

- Set **OutputBuffer.NumRangesProcessed** = 0.
 - For each *TrimRange* in **InputBuffer.Ranges**:
 - Set *TrimOffset* = **TrimRange.Offset**
 - Set *TrimLength* = **TrimRange.Length**
 - If ((*TrimOffset* % **Open.File.Volume.SystemPageSize**) != 0):
 - *AlignmentAdjust* = *TrimOffset* % **Open.File.Volume.SystemPageSize**
 - If (*TrimOffset* + **Open.File.Volume.SystemPageSize** - *AlignmentAdjust*) overflows 64-bits, the operation fails with STATUS_INTEGER_OVERFLOW.
 - If (*TrimLength* >= (**Open.File.Volume.SystemPageSize** - *AlignmentAdjust*)):
 - Decrement *TrimLength* by (**Open.File.Volume.SystemPageSize** - *AlignmentAdjust*)
 - Else:
 - Set *TrimLength* to 0
 - EndIf
 - If (*TrimOffset* < **Open.Stream.AllocationSize**):
 - Set *TempOffLen* to *TrimOffset* + *TrimLength*
 - If **TempOffLen** overflows 64-bits, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INTEGER_OVERFLOW.
 - If *TempOffLen* > **Open.Stream.AllocationSize**:
 - *TrimLength* = **Open.Stream.AllocationSize** - *TrimOffset*
 - EndIf
 - EndIf
 - Decrement *TrimLength* by (*TrimLength* % **Open.File.Volume.SystemPageSize**)
 - If *TrimLength* == 0, skip further processing on this range and continue to the next range.
 - The object store MUST check for byte range lock conflicts using the algorithm described in section 2.1.4.10 with **ByteOffset** set to *TrimOffset*, **Length** set to *TrimLength*, **IsExclusive** set to TRUE, **LockIntent** set to FALSE, and **Open** set to **Open**. If a conflict is detected, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_FILE_LOCK_CONFLICT.
- Construct a list of the LBAs that the object store denotes as the range of the file specified with *TrimOffset* and *TrimLength*. Send a TRIM command to the underlying storage device with the constructed list of LBAs. For ATA devices, this command is the T13 defined "TRIM". For SCSI/SAS devices, this command is the T10 defined "UNMAP". Store the status from the operation in *TrimStatus*.
- If the command was successful:
 - Increment **OutputBuffer.NumRanges** by 1
 - Else,
 - The operation MUST return immediately with status set to *TrimStatus*.

- EndIf
- EndFor
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
 - **BytesReturned** set to 0 If `OutputBufferSize == 0`, **sizeof(FILE_LEVEL_TRIM_OUTPUT)** otherwise
 - **Status** set to `STATUS_SUCCESS`.

2.1.5.9.7 FSCTL_FILESYSTEM_GET_STATISTICS

The server provides:

- **Open:** An Open of a DataFile or DirectoryFile.
- **OutputBufferSize:** The maximum number of bytes to return in **OutputBuffer**.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.
- **OutputBuffer:** An array of bytes that will return an array of statistical data, one entry per (logical or physical) host processor.
- **BytesReturned:** The number of bytes returned in **OutputBuffer**.

This operation also uses the following local variables:

- An array of bytes (initially empty): *FileSystemStatistics*.

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with `STATUS_INVALID_DEVICE_REQUEST`.<84>

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **OutputBufferSize** is less than `sizeof(FILESYSTEM_STATISTICS)`, the operation is failed with `STATUS_BUFFER_TOO_SMALL`.
- If **OutputBufferSize** is less than the total size of statistics information, then only **OutputBufferSize** bytes will be returned, and the operation MUST succeed but return with `STATUS_BUFFER_OVERFLOW`.
- For each host processor, add one entry to *FileSystemStatistics* as follows:
 - `FILESYSTEM_STATISTICS` structure as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.12.1.
 - An optional file system-specific structure as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.12.2.<85>
 - Padding bytes of zeros to bring total size of each entry to be a multiple of 64 bytes.
- EndFor
- If **OutputBufferSize** is less than the total size of *FileSystemStatistics*, the object store MUST:
 - Copy **OutputBufferSize** bytes from *FileSystemStatistics* to **OutputBuffer**.
 - Set **BytesReturned** to the number of bytes copied to **OutputBuffer**.
 - Return **Status** set to `STATUS_BUFFER_OVERFLOW`.

- EndIf

Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:

- Copy *FileSystemStatistics* to **OutputBuffer**.
- Set **BytesReturned** to the number of bytes copied to **OutputBuffer**.
- Return **Status** set to STATUS_SUCCESS.

2.1.5.9.8 FSCTL_FIND_FILES_BY_SID

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DirectoryStream.
- **FindBySidData:** An array of bytes containing a FIND_BY_SID_DATA structure as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.15.
- **OutputBufferSize:** The maximum number of bytes to return in **OutputBuffer**.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.
- **OutputBuffer:** An array of bytes that contains an 8-byte aligned array of **FILE_NAME_INFORMATION** ([MS-FSCC] section 2.1.7) structures. For more information, see [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.16.
- **BytesReturned:** The number of bytes written to **OutputBuffer**.

This operation also uses the following local variables:

- A list of **Links** (initialized to empty): *MatchingLinks*.
- Unicode string: *RelativeName*.
- 32-bit unsigned integers (initialized to zero): *OutputBufferOffset*, *NameLength*.

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_DEVICE_REQUEST.<86>

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **Open.Stream.StreamType** is *DataStream*, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER.
- If **Open.HasManageVolumeAccess** is FALSE and **Open.HasBackupAccess** is FALSE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_ACCESS_DENIED.
- If **Open.File.Volume.QuotaInformation** is empty, the operation MUST succeed with **BytesReturned** set to zero and **Status** set to STATUS_NO_QUOTAS_FOR_ACCOUNT.
- If **OutputBufferSize** is less than 8, the minimum size required to return a **FILE_NAME_INFORMATION** structure with trailing padding, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_USER_BUFFER.
- If **FindBySidData.Restart** is TRUE, **Open.FindBySidRestartIndex** MUST be set to zero.
- For each *File* in **FindAllFiles(Open.File.Volume.RootDirectory)**: <87>

- If *File.SecurityDescriptor.OwnerSid* matches **FindBySidData.SID** and *File.FileNumber* is greater than or equal to **Open.FindBySidRestartIndex**, insert the first element of *File.LinkList* into *MatchingLinks*.
- EndFor
- Sort *MatchingLinks* in ascending order by **File.FileNumber**.
- For each *Link* in *MatchingLinks*:
 - Set *RelativeName* to **BuildRelativeName(Link.File, Open.File)**.
 - If *RelativeName* is not empty (which means that *Link* represents **Open.File** or a descendant of it):
 - Strip off the leading backslash ("\") character from *RelativeName*.
 - Set *NameLength* to the length of *RelativeName*, in bytes.
 - If (**OutputBufferLength - OutputBufferOffset**) is less than **BlockAlign(NameLength + 6, 8)**:
 - **BytesReturned** is set to *OutputBufferOffset*.
 - If *OutputBufferOffset* is not zero:
 - The operation returns with STATUS_SUCCESS.
 - Else:
 - The operation MUST be failed with STATUS_BUFFER_TOO_SMALL.
 - EndIf
 - EndIf
 - Construct a **FILE_NAME_INFORMATION** structure starting at **OutputBuffer[OutputBufferOffset]**, with the first 4 bytes (the **FileNameLength**) set to *NameLength*, and the next *NameLength* bytes (the **FileName**) set to *RelativeName*.
 - $OutputBufferOffset = OutputBufferOffset + \text{BlockAlign}(NameLength + 6, 8)$.
 - EndIf
 - Set **Open.FindBySidRestartIndex** to *Link.File.FileNumber* + 1.
- EndFor
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
 - **BytesReturned** set to *OutputBufferOffset*.
 - **Status** set to STATUS_SUCCESS.

2.1.5.9.9 FSCTL_GET_COMPRESSION

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a *DataStream* or *DirectoryStream*.
- **OutputBufferSize:** The maximum number of bytes to return in **OutputBuffer**.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.
- **OutputBuffer:** An array of bytes that will return a USHORT value representing the compression state of the stream, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.18.
- **BytesReturned:** The number of bytes returned in **OutputBuffer**.

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_DEVICE_REQUEST.<88>

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **OutputBufferSize** is less than **sizeof(USHORT)** (2 bytes), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER.
- If **Open.Stream.StreamType** is DirectoryStream:
 - If **Open.File.FileAttributes.FILE_ATTRIBUTE_COMPRESSED** is TRUE:
 - The object store MUST set **OutputBuffer.CompressionState** to COMPRESSION_FORMAT_LZNT1.
 - Else:
 - The object store MUST set **OutputBuffer.CompressionState** to COMPRESSION_FORMAT_NONE.
 - EndIf
 - Else:
 - If **Open.Stream.IsCompressed** is TRUE:
 - The object store MUST set **OutputBuffer.CompressionState** to COMPRESSION_FORMAT_LZNT1.
 - Else:
 - The object store MUST set **OutputBuffer.CompressionState** to COMPRESSION_FORMAT_NONE.
 - EndIf
 - EndIf
 - Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
 - **BytesReturned** set to **sizeof(USHORT)** (2 bytes).
 - **Status** set to STATUS_SUCCESS.

2.1.5.9.10 FSCTL_GET_INTEGRITY_INFORMATION

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataStream or DirectoryStream.
- **OutputBufferSize:** The maximum number of bytes to return in **OutputBuffer**.

Upon completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.
- **OutputBuffer:** An array of bytes that will return an FSCTL_GET_INTEGRITY_INFORMATION_BUFFER structure, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.20.
- **BytesReturned:** The number of bytes returned in **OutputBuffer**.

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_DEVICE_REQUEST.<89>

The operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER under any of the following conditions:

- **OutputBufferSize** is less than **sizeof(FSCTL_GET_INTEGRITY_INFORMATION_BUFFER)**.
- **Open.Stream.StreamType** is not DirectoryStream or DataStream.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- The object store MUST initialize all fields in **OutputBuffer** to zero.
- The object store MUST set **OutputBuffer.CheckSumAlgorithm** to **Open.Stream.ChecksumAlgorithm**.
- The object store MUST set **OutputBuffer.ChecksumChunkSizeInBytes** to **Open.File.Volume.ChecksumChunkSize**.
- The object store MUST set **OutputBuffer.ClusterSizeInBytes** to **Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize**.
- If **Open.Stream.StreamType** is DataStream and **Open.Stream.ChecksumEnforcementOff** is TRUE, then the object store MUST set **OutputBuffer.Flags** to FSCTL_INTEGRITY_FLAG_CHECKSUM_ENFORCEMENT_OFF.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
 - **ByteCount** set to **sizeof(FSCTL_GET_INTEGRITY_INFORMATION_BUFFER)**.
 - **Status** set to STATUS_SUCCESS.

2.1.5.9.11 FSCTL_GET_NTFS_VOLUME_DATA

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataFile or DirectoryFile.
- **OutputBufferSize:** The maximum number of bytes to return in **OutputBuffer**.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.
- **OutputBuffer:** An array of bytes that will return a NTFS_VOLUME_DATA_BUFFER structure as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.22.
- **BytesReturned:** The number of bytes returned in **OutputBuffer**.

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_DEVICE_REQUEST.<90>

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **OutputBufferSize** is less than **sizeof(NTFS_VOLUME_DATA_BUFFER)**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_BUFFER_TOO_SMALL.
- The object store MUST populate the fields of **OutputBuffer** as follows: <91>
 - **OutputBuffer.VolumeSerialNumber** set to **Open.File.Volume.VolumeSerialNumber**.
 - **OutputBuffer.NumberSectors** set to **Open.File.Volume.TotalSpace / Open.File.Volume.LogicalBytesPerSector**.
 - **OutputBuffer.TotalClusters** set to **Open.File.Volume.TotalSpace / Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize**.
 - **OutputBuffer.FreeClusters** set to **Open.File.Volume.FreeSpace / Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize**.
 - **OutputBuffer.TotalReserved** set to **Open.File.Volume.ReservedSpace / Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize**.
 - **OutputBuffer.BytesPerSector** set to **Open.File.Volume.LogicalBytesPerSector**.
 - **OutputBuffer.BytesPerCluster** set to **Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize**.
 - **OutputBuffer.BytesPerFileRecordSegment** set to an implementation-specific value.
 - **OutputBuffer.ClustersPerFileRecordSegment** set to an implementation-specific value.
 - **OutputBuffer.MftValidDataLength** set to an implementation-specific value.
 - **OutputBuffer.MftStartLcn** set to an implementation-specific value.
 - **OutputBuffer.Mft2StartLcn** set to an implementation-specific value.
 - **OutputBuffer.MftZoneStart** set to an implementation-specific value.
 - **OutputBuffer.MftZoneEnd** set to an implementation-specific value.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
 - **BytesReturned** set to **sizeof(NTFS_VOLUME_DATA_BUFFER)**.
 - **Status** set to STATUS_SUCCESS.

2.1.5.9.12 FSCTL_GET_REFS_VOLUME_DATA

The server provides:

- **Open**: An **Open** of a DataFile or DirectoryFile.
- **OutputBufferSize**: The maximum number of bytes to return in **OutputBuffer**.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status**: An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.
- **OutputBuffer**: An array of bytes that will return a REFS_VOLUME_DATA_BUFFER structure as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.24.
- **BytesReturned**: The number of bytes returned in **OutputBuffer**.

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_DEVICE_REQUEST.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **OutputBufferSize** is less than *sizeof*(REFS_VOLUME_DATA_BUFFER), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_BUFFER_TOO_SMALL.
- The object store MUST populate the fields of **OutputBuffer** as follows:
 - **OutputBuffer.VolumeSerialNumber** set to **Open.File.Volume.VolumeSerialNumber**.
 - **OutputBuffer.NumberSectors** set to **Open.File.Volume.TotalSpace / Open.File.Volume.LogicalBytesPerSector**.
 - **OutputBuffer.TotalClusters** set to **Open.File.Volume.TotalSpace / Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize**.
 - **OutputBuffer.FreeClusters** set to **Open.File.Volume.FreeSpace / Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize**.
 - **OutputBuffer.TotalReserved** set to **Open.File.Volume.ReservedSpace / Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize**.
 - **OutputBuffer.BytesPerSector** set to **Open.File.Volume.LogicalBytesPerSector**.
 - **OutputBuffer.BytesPerCluster** set to **Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize**.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
 - **BytesReturned** set to *sizeof*(REFS_VOLUME_DATA_BUFFER).
 - **Status** set to STATUS_SUCCESS.

2.1.5.9.13 FSCTL_GET_OBJECT_ID

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataFile or DirectoryFile.
- **OutputBufferSize:** The maximum number of bytes to return in **OutputBuffer**.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.
- **OutputBuffer:** An array of bytes that will return a FILE_OBJECTID_BUFFER structure as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.3.
- **BytesReturned:** The number of bytes returned in **OutputBuffer**.

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_DEVICE_REQUEST.<92>

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **Open.File.Volume.IsObjectIDsSupported** is FALSE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_VOLUME_NOT_UPGRADED.
- If **OutputBufferSize** is less than *sizeof*(FILE_OBJECTID_BUFFER), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER.
- If **Open.File.ObjectId** is empty, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_OBJECTID_NOT_FOUND.

- The object store MUST populate the fields of **OutputBuffer** as follows:
 - **OutputBuffer.ObjectId** set to **Open.File.ObjectId**.
 - **OutputBuffer.BirthVolumeId** set to **Open.File.BirthVolumeId**.
 - **OutputBuffer.BirthObjectId** set to **Open.File.BirthObjectId**.
 - **OutputBuffer.DomainId** set to **Open.File.DomainId**.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
 - **BytesReturned** set to *sizeof* (FILE_OBJECTID_BUFFER).
 - **Status** set to STATUS_SUCCESS.

2.1.5.9.14 FSCTL_GET_REPARSE_POINT

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataFile or DirectoryFile.
- **OutputBufferSize:** The maximum number of bytes to return in **OutputBuffer**.

On completion, the object store **MUST** return:

- **OutputBuffer:** An array of bytes containing a REPARSE_DATA_BUFFER or REPARSE_GUID_DATA_BUFFER structure as defined in [MS-FSCC] sections 2.1.2.2 and 2.1.2.3, respectively.
- **BytesReturned:** The number of bytes returned to the caller.
- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_DEVICE_REQUEST.<93>

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **Open.File.Volume.IsReparsePointsSupported** is FALSE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_VOLUME_NOT_UPGRADED.
- Phase 1 -- Check whether there is a reparse point on the **File**
- If **Open.File.ReparseTag** is empty, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_NOT_A_REPARSE_POINT.
- Phase 2 -- Verify that **OutputBufferSize** is large enough to contain the reparse point data header.
- If **Open.File.ReparseTag** is a Microsoft reparse tag as defined in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.2.1, then **OutputBufferSize** MUST be \geq *sizeof*(REPARSE_DATA_BUFFER). If not, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_BUFFER_TOO_SMALL.
- If **Open.File.ReparseTag** is a non-Microsoft reparse tag, then **OutputBufferSize** MUST be \geq *sizeof*(REPARSE_GUID_DATA_BUFFER). If it is not, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_BUFFER_TOO_SMALL.
- Phase 3 -- Return the reparse data
- Set **OutputBuffer.ReparseTag** to **Open.File.ReparseTag**.

- Set **OutputBuffer.ReparseDataLength** to the size of **Open.File.ReparseData**, in bytes.
- Set **OutputBuffer.Reserved** to zero.
- Copy as much of **Open.File.ReparseData** as can fit into the remainder of **OutputBuffer** starting at **OutputBuffer.DataBuffer**.
- If **Open.File.ReparseTag** is a non-Microsoft reparse tag, set **OutputBuffer.ReparseGUID** to **Open.File.ReparseGUID**.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
 - **BytesReturned** set to the number of bytes written to **OutputBuffer**.
 - **Status** set to STATUS_SUCCESS.

2.1.5.9.15 FSCTL_GET_RETRIEVAL_POINTERS

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataStream or DirectoryStream.
- **StartingVcnBuffer:** An array of bytes containing a STARTING_VCN_INPUT_BUFFER as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.31.
- **OutputBufferSize:** The maximum number of bytes to return in **OutputBuffer**.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **OutputBuffer:** An array of bytes that will return a RETRIEVAL_POINTERS_BUFFER as defined in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.32.
- **BytesReturned:** The number of bytes returned to the caller.
- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- Phase 1 -- Verify Parameters
 - If the size of **StartingVcnBuffer** is less than **sizeof**(STARTING_VCN_INPUT_BUFFER), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER.
 - If **OutputBufferSize** is smaller than **sizeof**(RETRIEVAL_POINTERS_BUFFER), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_BUFFER_TOO_SMALL.
 - If **StartingVcnBuffer.StartingVcn** is negative, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER.
 - If **StartingVcnBuffer.StartingVcn** is greater than or equal to **Open.Stream.AllocationSize** divided by **Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_END_OF_FILE.
- Phase 2 -- Locate and copy the extents into **OutputBuffer**.
 - Find the first *Extent* in **Open.Stream.ExtentList** where *Extent.NextVcn* is greater than **StartingVcnBuffer.StartingVcn**.
 - Set **OutputBuffer.StartingVcn** to the previous element's **NextVcn**. If the element is the first one in **Open.Stream.ExtentList**, set **OutputBuffer.StartVcn** to zero.

- Copy as many EXTENTS elements from **Open.Stream.ExtentList** starting with *Extent* as will fit into the remaining space in **OutputBuffer**, at offset **OutputBuffer.Extents**.
- Set **OutputBuffer.ExtentCount** to the number of EXTENTS elements copied.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
 - **BytesReturned** set to the number of bytes written to **OutputBuffer**.
 - **Status** set to STATUS_SUCCESS if all of the elements in **Open.Stream.ExtentList** were copied into **OutputBuffer.Extents**, else STATUS_BUFFER_OVERFLOW.

2.1.5.9.16 FSCTL_GET_RETRIEVAL_POINTERS_AND_REFCOUNT

The server provides: <94>

- **Open**: An **Open** of a DataStream or DirectoryStream.
- **StartingVcnBuffer**: An array of bytes containing a STARTING_VCN_INPUT_BUFFER as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.33.
- **OutputBufferSize**: The maximum number of bytes to return in **OutputBuffer**.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **OutputBuffer**: An array of bytes that will return a RETRIEVAL_POINTERS_AND_REFCOUNT_BUFFER as defined in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.34.
- **BytesReturned**: The number of bytes returned to the caller.
- **Status**: An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- Phase 1 -- Verify Parameters
 - If the size of **StartingVcnBuffer** is less than **sizeof**(STARTING_VCN_INPUT_BUFFER), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER.
 - If **OutputBufferSize** is smaller than **sizeof**(RETRIEVAL_POINTERS_AND_REFCOUNT_BUFFER), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_BUFFER_TOO_SMALL.
 - If **StartingVcnBuffer.StartingVcn** is negative, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER.
 - If **StartingVcnBuffer.StartingVcn** is greater than or equal to **Open.Stream.AllocationSize** divided by **Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_END_OF_FILE.
- Phase 2 -- Locate and copy the extents into **OutputBuffer**.
 - Find the first *ExtentAndRefCount* in **Open.Stream.ExtentAndRefCountList** where **Extent.NextVcn** is greater than **StartingVcnBuffer.StartingVcn**.
 - Set **OutputBuffer.StartingVcn** to the previous element's **NextVcn**. If the element is the first one in **Open.Stream.ExtentAndRefCountList**, set **OutputBuffer.StartVcn** to zero.
 - Copy as many EXTENT_AND_REFCOUNTS elements from **Open.Stream.ExtentAndRefCountList** starting with *ExtentAndRefCount* as will fit into the remaining space in **OutputBuffer**, at offset **OutputBuffer.Extents**.
 - Set **OutputBuffer.ExtentCount** to the number of EXTENT_AND_REFCOUNTS elements copied.

- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
 - **BytesReturned** set to the number of bytes written to **OutputBuffer**.
 - Status set to STATUS_SUCCESS if all of the elements in **Open.Stream.ExtentList** were copied into **OutputBuffer.Extents**, else STATUS_BUFFER_OVERFLOW.

2.1.5.9.17 FSCTL_GET_RETRIEVAL_POINTER_COUNT

The server provides:

- **Open**: An Open of a DataStream or DirectoryStream.
- **StartingVcnBuffer**: An array of bytes containing a STARTING_VCN_INPUT_BUFFER as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.29.
- **OutputBufferSize**: The maximum number of bytes to return in **OutputBuffer**.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **OutputBuffer**: An array of bytes that will return a RETRIEVAL_POINTER_COUNT as defined in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.30.
- **BytesReturned**: The number of bytes returned to the caller.
- **Status**: An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- Phase 1 -- Verify Parameters
 - If the size of **StartingVcnBuffer** is less than *sizeof*(STARTING_VCN_INPUT_BUFFER), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER.
 - If **OutputBufferSize** is smaller than *sizeof*(RETRIEVAL_POINTER_COUNT), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_BUFFER_TOO_SMALL.
 - If **StartingVcnBuffer.StartingVcn** is negative, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER.
 - If **StartingVcnBuffer.StartingVcn** is greater than or equal to **Open.Stream.AllocationSize** divided by **Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_END_OF_FILE.
- Phase 2 -- Locate and count the extents.
 - Find the first Extent in **Open.Stream.ExtentList** where *Extent.NextVcn* is greater than **StartingVcnBuffer.StartingVcn**.
 - Increment **OutputBuffer.ExtentCount** by 1. If the element is the first one in **Open.Stream.ExtentList**, set **OutputBuffer.ExtentCount** to 1 instead.
 - Repeat till the end of **Open.Stream.ExtentList**.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
 - **BytesReturned** set to *sizeof*(RETRIEVAL_POINTER_COUNT).
 - **Status** set to STATUS_SUCCESS.

2.1.5.9.18 FSCTL_IS_PATHNAME_VALID

The FSCTL_IS_PATHNAME_VALID structure is defined in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.35.

This operation always returns STATUS_SUCCESS.

2.1.5.9.19 (Updated Section) FSCTL_MARK_HANDLE

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataFile.
- **InputBufferSize:** The byte count of the InputBuffer.
- **InputBuffer:** A buffer of type MARK_HANDLE_INFO as defined in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.39.

Upon completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_DEVICE_REQUEST. <94>If the object store supports FSCTL_MARK_HANDLE but does not support MARK_HANDLE_READ_COPY or MARK_HANDLE_NOT_READ_COPY, then STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER MUST be returned. <95>

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **InputBufferSize** is less than the size of the MARK_HANDLE_INFO structure, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_BUFFER_TOO_SMALL.
- If **Open.Stream.StreamType** == DirectoryStream, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_DIRECTORY_NOT_SUPPORTED. <96>

▪ If a file is resident the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_RESIDENT_FILE_NOT_SUPPORTED. <97>

- STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER is returned if:
 - **InputBuffer.HandleInfo** contains any flag other than one and only one of either MARK_HANDLE_READ_COPY or MARK_HANDLE_NOT_READ_COPY.
 - **Open.Mode.FILE_NO_INTERMEDIATE_BUFFERING** was not specified at open time, meaning the file was opened for cached IO operations.
 - If **InputBuffer.CopyNumber** > (**Open.File.Volume.NumberOfDataCopies** - 1).
 - If **Open.Stream.StreamType** != DataStream.
- If **InputBuffer.HandleInfo** has MARK_HANDLE_READ_COPY set:
 - If **Open.File.Volume.NumberOfDataCopies** < 2, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_NOT_REDUNDANT_STORAGE.
 - If **Open.Stream.IsCompressed** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_COMPRESSED_FILE_NOT_SUPPORTED.
 - **Set Open.ReadCopyNumber = InputBuffer.CopyNumber.**
- Else If **InputBuffer.HandleInfo** has MARK_HANDLE_NOT_READ_COPY set:
 - **Set Open.ReadCopyNumber = 0xffffffff.**
- EndIf

Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:

- Status set to STATUS_SUCCESS.

2.1.5.9.20 FSCTL_OFFLOAD_READ

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataFile.
- **InputBuffer:** An array of bytes containing a single FSCTL_OFFLOAD_READ_INPUT structure, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.41, indicating the Token that indicates the range of the file to offload read, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.11.
- **InputBufferSize:** The number of bytes in **InputBuffer**.
- **OutputBufferSize:** The number of bytes in **OutputBuffer**.

Upon completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.
- **OutputBuffer:** An array of bytes that contains a single FSCTL_OFFLOAD_READ_OUTPUT structure, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.42, which contains the Token for the read data, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.11.
- **BytesReturned:** The number of bytes written to **OutputBuffer**.

This operation also uses the following local variables:

- Boolean (initialized to FALSE): *VdIsSameAsEof*
- 32-bit unsigned integers (initialized to zero): *OutputBufferLength*
- 64-bit unsigned integers (initialized to zero): *StartingCluster*, *ValidDataLength*, *FileSize*, *LastClusterInFile*, *VdTrimmedCopyLength*, and *StorageOffloadBytesRead*
- A list of EXTENTS (initialized to empty): *OffloadLCNList*
- An NTSTATUS code: *StorageOffloadReadStatus*
- A STORAGE_OFFLOAD_TOKEN structure, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.11: *StorageOffloadReadToken*

Support for this read operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_DEVICE_REQUEST.<98>

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **Open.File.Volume.IsOffloadReadSupported** is FALSE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED.
- If **InputBufferSize** is less than the size of the FSCTL_OFFLOAD_READ_INPUT structure size, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_BUFFER_TOO_SMALL.
- If **OutputBufferSize** is less than the size of the FSCTL_OFFLOAD_READ_OUTPUT structure size, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_BUFFER_TOO_SMALL.
- If **InputBuffer.FileOffset** is not a multiple of **Open.File.Volume.LogicalBytesPerSector**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER.

- If **InputBuffer.CopyLength** is not a multiple of **Open.File.Volume.LogicalBytesPerSector**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER.
- If **InputBuffer.Size** is not equal to the size of the FSCTL_OFFLOAD_READ_INPUT structure size, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER.
- If the sum of **InputBuffer.FileOffset** and **InputBuffer.CopyLength** overflows 64 bits, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER.
- If **InputBuffer.CopyLength** is equal to 0, the operation SHOULD return immediately with STATUS_SUCCESS.
- If **Open.Stream.StreamType** != **DataStream**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_OFFLOAD_READ_FILE_NOT_SUPPORTED.
- If **Open.Stream.IsSparse** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_OFFLOAD_READ_FILE_NOT_SUPPORTED.
- If **Open.Stream.IsEncrypted** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_OFFLOAD_READ_FILE_NOT_SUPPORTED.
- If **Open.Stream.IsCompressed** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_OFFLOAD_READ_FILE_NOT_SUPPORTED.
- If **Open.Stream.IsDeleted** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_FILE_DELETED.
- If **InputBuffer.FileOffset / Open.File.Volume.BytesPerCluster** is less than 0, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER.
- The object store MUST check for byte range lock conflicts using the algorithm described in section 2.1.4.10 with **ByteOffset** set to **InputBuffer.FileOffset**, **Length** set to **InputBuffer.CopyLength**, **IsExclusive** set to FALSE, **LockIntent** set to FALSE, and **Open** set to **Open**. If a conflict is detected, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_FILE_LOCK_CONFLICT.
- Set *ValidDataLength* to **Open.Stream.ValidDataLength**.
- Set *FileSize* to **Open.Stream.Size**.
- If *ValidDataLength* is not equal to *FileSize*, set *VdlSameAsEof* to FALSE.
- Set *StartingCluster* to **InputBuffer.FileOffset / Open.File.Volume.BytesPerCluster**.
- Set *LastClusterInFile* to **ClustersFromBytesTruncate(Open.File.Volume, FileSize)**.
- If *StartingCluster* is greater than *LastClusterInFile*:
 - The operation MUST be failed with STATUS_END_OF_FILE.
- Else If *StartingCluster* is less than 0:
 - The operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER.
- EndIf
- If **InputBuffer.FileOffset** is greater than or equal to *FileSize*, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_END_OF_FILE.
- If **InputBuffer.FileOffset** is greater than or equal to *ValidDataLength*:
 - Set **OutputBuffer.Token** to the Zero token as defined in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.11.

- The operation MUST return STATUS_SUCCESS, with **BytesReturned** set to **OutputBufferLength**, and **OutputBuffer.Flags** set to OFFLOAD_READ_FLAG_ALL_ZERO_BEYOND_CURRENT_RANGE.
- EndIf
- If the sum of **InputBuffer.FileOffset** and **InputBuffer.CopyLength** is greater than **ValidDataLength**:
 - Set **InputBuffer.CopyLength** to **ValidDataLength - InputBuffer.FileOffset**.
 - If *VdlSameAsEof* is TRUE:
 - Set **InputBuffer.CopyLength** to **BlockAlignTruncate(InputBuffer.CopyLength, Open.File.Volume.LogicalBytesPerSector)**.
 - Set *VdlTrimmedCopyLength* to **InputBuffer.CopyLength**.
 - Set **OutputBuffer.Flags** to OFFLOAD_READ_FLAG_ALL_ZERO_BEYOND_CURRENT_RANGE.
 - EndIf
- EndIf
- For Each *Extent* in **Open.Stream.ExtentList** spanned by the range defined by **Input.FileOffset** and **Input.CopyLength**:
 - Append the partial or full *Extent* to *OffloadLCNList*.
- EndFor
- Construct the offload read command with the *OffloadLCNList* as the ranges, and *Token* length specified in **InputBuffer.CopyLength** as described in [INCITS-T10/11-059] and send it to the underlying storage subsystem, storing the status from the operation in *StorageOffloadReadStatus*, the number of bytes represented by the token in *StorageOffloadBytesRead*, and the Token in *StorageOffloadToken*.
- If the call was successful:
 - Set **OutputBuffer.Token** to *StorageOffloadToken*.
 - Set **OutputBuffer.TransferLength** to *StorageOffloadBytesRead*.
 - If **OutputBuffer.Flag** has the bit OFFLOAD_READ_FLAG_ALL_ZERO_BEYOND_CURRENT_RANGE set:
 - If **OutputBuffer.TransferLength** is less than *VdlTrimmedCopyLength*, clear the OFFLOAD_READ_FLAG_ALL_ZERO_BEYOND_CURRENT_RANGE bit in **OutputBuffer.Flags**.
 - EndIf
- Else:
 - If *StorageOffloadReadStatus* is equal to STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED or if *StorageOffloadReadStatus* is equal to STATUS_DEVICE_FEATURE_NOT_SUPPORTED, then set **Open.File.Volume.IsOffloadReadSupported** to FALSE.
- EndIf
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:

- **BytesReturned** set to **OutputBufferLength**.
- **Status** set to STATUS_SUCCESS.

2.1.5.9.21 FSCTL_OFFLOAD_WRITE

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataFile.
- **InputBuffer:** An array of bytes containing a single FSCTL_OFFLOAD_WRITE_INPUT structure, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.43, indicating the Token to use as the source, and the range of the file to be offload written to, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.11.
- **InputBufferSize:** The number of bytes in **InputBuffer**.
- **OutputBufferSize:** The number of bytes in **OutputBuffer**.

Upon completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.
- **OutputBuffer:** An array of bytes that contains a single FSCTL_OFFLOAD_WRITE_OUTPUT structure, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.44.
- **BytesReturned:** The number of bytes written to **OutputBuffer**.

This operation also uses the following local variables:

- 32-bit unsigned integers (initialized to zero): *OutputBufferLength*
- 64-bit unsigned integers (initialized to zero): *NewValidDataLength*, *ValidDataLength*, *FileSize*, and *StorageOffloadBytesWritten*.
- A list of EXTENTS (initialized to empty): *OffloadLCNList*
- An NTSTATUS code: *StorageOffloadWriteStatus*

Support for this write operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_DEVICE_REQUEST.<99>

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **Open.File.Volume.IsReadOnly** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_MEDIA_WRITE_PROTECTED.
- If **Open.File.Volume.IsOffloadWriteSupported** is FALSE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED.
- If **InputBufferSize** is less than the size of the **FSCTL_OFFLOAD_WRITE_INPUT** structure size, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_BUFFER_TOO_SMALL.
- If **OutputBufferSize** is less than the size of the **FSCTL_OFFLOAD_WRITE_OUTPUT** structure size, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_BUFFER_TOO_SMALL.
- If **InputBuffer.FileOffset** is NOT a multiple of **Open.File.Volume.LogicalBytesPerSector**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER.
- If **InputBuffer.CopyLength** is NOT a multiple of **Open.File.Volume.LogicalBytesPerSector**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER.

- If **InputBuffer.TransferOffset** is NOT a multiple of **Open.File.Volume.LogicalBytesPerSector**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER.
- If **InputBuffer.Size** is not equal to the size of the **FSCTL_OFFLOAD_WRITE_INPUT** structure size, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER.
- If the sum of **InputBuffer.FileOffset** and **InputBuffer.CopyLength** overflows 64 bits, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER.
- If **InputBuffer.CopyLength** is equal to 0, the operation SHOULD return immediately with STATUS_SUCCESS.
- If **Open.Stream.StreamType** != **DataStream**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_OFFLOAD_WRITE_FILE_NOT_SUPPORTED.
- If **Open.Stream.IsSparse** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_OFFLOAD_WRITE_FILE_NOT_SUPPORTED.
- If **Open.Stream.IsEncrypted** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_OFFLOAD_WRITE_FILE_NOT_SUPPORTED.
- If **Open.Stream.IsCompressed** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_OFFLOAD_WRITE_FILE_NOT_SUPPORTED.
- If **Open.Stream.IsDeleted** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_FILE_DELETED.
- If **InputBuffer.FileOffset / Open.File.Volume.BytesPerCluster** is less than 0, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER.
- If (**InputBuffer.FileOffset + InputBuffer.CopyLength**) is greater than **Open.File.Volume.MaxFileSize**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER.
- The object store MUST check for byte range lock conflicts using the algorithm described in section 2.1.4.10 with **ByteOffset** set to **InputBuffer.FileOffset**, **Length** set to **InputBuffer.CopyLength**, **IsExclusive** set to TRUE, **LockIntent** set to FALSE, and **Open** set to **Open**. If a conflict is detected, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_FILE_LOCK_CONFLICT.
- If **Open.File.Volume.IsUsnJournalActive** is TRUE, the object store MUST post a USN change as specified in section 2.1.4.11 with **File** equal to **File**, **Reason** equal to USN_REASON_DATA_OVERWRITE, and **FileName** equal to **Open.File.Name**.
- Set *FileSize* to **Open.Stream.Size**.
- Set *ValidDataLength* to **Open.Stream.ValidDataLength**.
- If **InputBuffer.FileOffset** is greater than or equal to **Open.Stream.FileSize**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_END_OF_FILE.
- If **InputBuffer.FileOffset** is greater than *ValidDataLength*, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_BEYOND_VDL.
- For Each *Extent* in **Open.Stream.ExtentList** spanned by the range defined by **InputBuffer.FileOffset** and **InputBuffer.CopyLength**:
 - Append the partial or full *Extent* to *OffloadLCNList*.
- EndFor

- Construct the offload write command with the *OffloadLCNList* as the ranges, Token from **InputBuffer.Token**, token offset from **InputBuffer.TransferOffset**, and write length from **InputBuffer.CopyLength** as defined in [INCITS-T10/11-059] and send it to the underlying storage subsystem. Store the status from the operation in *StorageOffloadWriteStatus*, and the number of bytes written in *StorageOffloadBytesWritten*.
- If the operation was successful:
 - Set *NewValidDataLength* to **InputBuffer.FileOffset** + *StorageOffloadBytesWritten*.
 - If *NewValidDataLength* is greater than *ValidDataLength*:
 - Set **Open.Stream.VDL** to *NewValidDataLength*.
 - EndIf
 - Set **OutputBuffer.LengthWritten** to *StorageOffloadBytesWritten*.
 - Set **OutputBuffer.Size** to the size of the FSCTL_OFFLOAD_WRITE_OUTPUT structure.
 - Set **OutputBuffer.Flags** to 0.
- Else:
 - If *StorageOffloadWriteStatus* is equal to STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED or if *StorageOffloadWriteStatus* is equal to STATUS_DEVICE_FEATURE_NOT_SUPPORTED, then set **Open.File.Volume.IsOffloadWriteSupported** to FALSE.
- EndIf
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
 - **BytesReturned** set to *OutputBufferLength*.
 - Status set to STATUS_SUCCESS.

2.1.5.9.22 FSCTL_QUERY_ALLOCATED_RANGES

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataFile.
- **InputBuffer:** An array of bytes containing a single FILE_ALLOCATED_RANGE_BUFFER structure indicating the range to query for allocation, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.52.
- **InputBufferSize:** The number of bytes in **InputBuffer**.
- **OutputBufferSize:** The maximum number of bytes to return in **OutputBuffer**.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.
- **OutputBuffer:** An array of bytes that will return an array of zero or more FILE_ALLOCATED_RANGE_BUFFER structures as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.52.
- **BytesReturned:** The number of bytes returned in **OutputBuffer**.

This operation uses the following local variables:

- 32-bit unsigned integer indicating the index of the next FILE_ALLOCATED_RANGE_BUFFER to fill in **OutputBuffer** (initialized to 0): *OutputBufferIndex*.

- 64-bit unsigned integer *QueryStart*: Is initialized to **ClustersFromBytesTruncate(Open.File.Volume, InputBuffer.FileOffset)**. This is the cluster containing the first byte of the queried range.
- 64-bit unsigned integer *QueryNext*: Is initialized to **ClustersFromBytesTruncate(Open.File.Volume, (InputBuffer.FileOffset + InputBuffer.Length - 1)) + 1**. This is the cluster following the last cluster of the range.
- 64-bit unsigned integers (initialized to 0): *ExtentFirstVcn*, *ExtentNextVcn*, *RangeFirstVcn*, *RangeNextVcn*
- Boolean values (initialized to FALSE): *FoundRangeStart*, *FoundRangeEnd*
- Pointer to an EXTENTS element (initialized to NULL): *Extent*
- FILE_ALLOCATED_RANGE_BUFFER (initialized to zeros): *Range*

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_DEVICE_REQUEST.<100>

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **Open.Stream.StreamType** is DirectoryStream, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER.
- If **InputBufferSize** is less than **sizeof(FILE_ALLOCATED_RANGE_BUFFER)**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER.
- If (**InputBuffer.FileOffset < 0**) or (**InputBuffer.Length < 0**) or (**InputBuffer.Length > MAXLONGLONG - InputBuffer.FileOffset**), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER. If **InputBuffer.Length** is 0:
 - Set **BytesReturned** to 0.
 - Return STATUS_SUCCESS.
- EndIf
- If **OutputBufferSize < sizeof(FILE_ALLOCATED_RANGE_BUFFER)**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_BUFFER_TOO_SMALL.
- If **Open.Stream.IsSparse** is FALSE:
 - Set **OutputBuffer.FileOffset** to **InputBuffer.FileOffset**.
 - Set **OutputBuffer.Length** to **InputBuffer.Length**.
 - Set **BytesReturned** to **sizeof(FILE_ALLOCATED_RANGE_BUFFER)**.
 - Return STATUS_SUCCESS.
- Else:
 - For sparse files, return a list of contiguous allocated ranges within the requested range. Contiguous allocated ranges in a sparse file might be fragmented on disk, therefore it is necessary to loop through the EXTENTS on this stream, coalescing the adjacent allocated EXTENTS into a single FILE_ALLOCATED_RANGE_BUFFER entry.
 - Set **Status** to STATUS_SUCCESS.
 - Set **BytesReturned** to 0.

- For each *Extent* in **Open.Stream.ExtentList**:
 - Set *ExtentFirstVcn* to *ExtentNextVcn*.
 - Set *ExtentNextVcn* to *Extent.NextVcn*.
 - If *Extent.Lcn* != 0xffffffffffff, meaning *Extent* is allocated (not a sparse hole):
 - If *FoundRangeStart* is FALSE:
 - If *QueryStart* < *ExtentFirstVcn*:
 - Set *FoundRangeStart* to TRUE.
 - Set *RangeFirstVcn* to *ExtentFirstVcn*.
 - Else If *ExtentFirstVcn* <= *QueryStart* and *QueryStart* < *ExtentNextVcn*:
 - Set *FoundRangeStart* to TRUE.
 - Set *RangeFirstVcn* to *QueryStart*.
 - EndIf
 - EndIf
 - If *FoundRangeStart* is TRUE:
 - If *QueryNext* <= *ExtentFirstVcn*:
 - Break out of the For loop.
 - Else If *ExtentFirstVcn* < *QueryNext* and *QueryNext* <= *ExtentNextVcn*:
 - Set *FoundRangeEnd* to TRUE.
 - Set *RangeNextVcn* to *QueryNext*.
 - Else (*ExtentNextVcn* < *QueryNext*):
 - Set *FoundRangeEnd* to FALSE.
 - Set *RangeNextVcn* to *ExtentNextVcn*.
 - EndIf
 - EndIf
 - Else If *FoundRangeStart* is TRUE:
 - Set *FoundRangeEnd* to TRUE.
 - EndIf
 - If *FoundRangeEnd* is TRUE:
 - Set *FoundRangeStart* to FALSE and *FoundRangeEnd* to FALSE.
 - Add *Range* to *OutputBuffer* as follows:
 - Set *Range.FileOffset* to *RangeFirstVcn* * **Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize**.

- Set *Range.Length* to $(RangeNextVcn - RangeFirstVcn) * Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize$.
- If **OutputBufferSize** < $((OutputBufferIndex + 1) * sizeof(FILE_ALLOCATED_RANGE_BUFFER))$ then:
 - Set *RangeFirstVcn* to 0 and *RangeNextVcn* to 0.
 - Set **Status** to STATUS_BUFFER_OVERFLOW.
 - Break out of the For loop.
- EndIf
- Copy *Range* to **OutputBuffer**[*OutputBufferIndex*].
- Increment *OutputBufferIndex* by 1.
- Set *RangeFirstVcn* to 0 and *RangeNextVcn* to 0.
- EndIf
- EndFor
- If *RangeNextVcn* is not 0:
 - If **OutputBufferSize** < $((OutputBufferIndex + 1) * sizeof(FILE_ALLOCATED_RANGE_BUFFER))$ then:
 - Set **Status** to STATUS_BUFFER_OVERFLOW.
 - Else add *Range* to *OutputBuffer* as follows:
 - Set *Range.FileOffset* to $RangeFirstVcn * Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize$.
 - Set *Range.Length* to $(RangeNextVcn - RangeFirstVcn) * Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize$.
 - Copy *Range* to **OutputBuffer**[*OutputBufferIndex*].
 - Increment *OutputBufferIndex* by 1.
 - EndIf
- EndIf
- Bias the first and the last returned ranges so that they match the offset/length passed in, using the following algorithm:
- If *OutputBufferIndex* > 0:
 - If **OutputBuffer**[0].FileOffset < **InputBuffer.FileOffset**:
 - Set **OutputBuffer**[0].Length to $OutputBuffer[0].Length - (InputBuffer.FileOffset - OutputBuffer[0].FileOffset)$.
 - Set **OutputBuffer**[0].FileOffset to **InputBuffer.FileOffset**.
 - EndIf
 - If $(OutputBuffer[OutputBufferIndex - 1].FileOffset + OutputBuffer[OutputBufferIndex - 1].Length) > (InputBuffer.FileOffset + InputBuffer.Length)$:

- Set **OutputBuffer**[*OutputBufferIndex* - 1].**Length** to **InputBuffer.FileOffset** + **InputBuffer.Length** - **OutputBuffer**[*OutputBufferIndex* - 1].**FileOffset**.
- EndIf
- EndIf
- Endif
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
 - **BytesReturned** set to *OutputBufferIndex* * **sizeof**(FILE_ALLOCATED_RANGE_BUFFER).
 - **Status** set to STATUS_SUCCESS.

2.1.5.9.23 FSCTL_QUERY_FAT_BPB

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, this operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_DEVICE_REQUEST.<101>

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataFile or DirectoryFile.
- **OutputBufferSize:** The maximum number of bytes to return in **OutputBuffer**.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.
- **OutputBuffer:** An array of bytes that will return the first 0x24 bytes of sector zero, on a FAT volume.
- **BytesReturned:** The number of bytes returned in **OutputBuffer**.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **OutputBufferSize** is less than 0x24, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_BUFFER_TOO_SMALL.
- The operation will now copy the first 0x24 bytes of sector 0 of the storage device associated with **Open.File.Volume** into **OutputBuffer**.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
 - **BytesReturned** set to 0x24.
 - **Status** set to STATUS_SUCCESS.

2.1.5.9.24 FSCTL_QUERY_FILE_REGIONS

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, this operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_DEVICE_REQUEST.<102>

The server provides:

- **Open:** An Open of DataFile.
- **InputBuffer:** An array of bytes containing a single FILE_REGION_INPUT structure indicating the range of the **DataFile** to return data about, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.55. This input structure is optional.

- **InputBufferSize**: The number of bytes in **InputBuffer**.
- **OutputBufferSize**: The maximum number of bytes to return in **OutputBuffer**.

Upon completion, this object store MUST return:

- **Status**: An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.
- **OutputBuffer**: An array of bytes that will return a FILE_REGION_OUTPUT structure as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.56.
- **BytesReturned**: The number of bytes returned in **OutputBuffer**.

This operation uses the following local variables:

- A FILE_REGION_INPUT structure as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.55: *InputRegion*
- 32-bit unsigned integers (initialized to zero): *OutputBufferIndex*, *Length*
- 64-bit unsigned integers (initialized to zero): *Vdl*, *Eof*

Pseudocode for this operation is as follows:

- If **InputBufferSize** == 0:
 - Set *InputRegion.FileOffset* = 0
 - Set *InputRegion.Length* = MAXLONGLONG
 - Set *InputRegion.DesiredUsage* = FILE_REGION_USAGE_VALID_CACHED_DATA for NTFS or Set *InputRegion.DesiredUsage* = FILE_REGION_USAGE_VALID_NONCACHED_DATA for ReFS<103>
- ElseIf **InputBufferSize** < *Sizeof*(FILE_REGION_INPUT)
 - The operation MUST be failed with STATUS_BUFFER_TOO_SMALL.
- Else:
 - Set *InputRegion* = **InputBuffer**
- EndIf
- If *InputRegion.Length* <= 0, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER.
- If (*InputRegion.FileOffset* + *InputRegion.Length*) exceeds 63 bits, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER
- If *InputRegion.DesiredUsage* does NOT have flag FILE_REGION_USAGE_VALID_CACHED_DATA (for NTFS) or flag FILE_REGION_USAGE_VALID_NONCACHED_DATA (for ReFS) set, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER
- If **OutputBuffer.Length** < *sizeof*(FILE_REGION_OUTPUT), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_BUFFER_TOO_SMALL
- Set *Vdl* = **Open.File.ValidDataLength**
- Set *Eof* = **Open.File.Eof**
- Set *Length* = **FieldOffset(OutputBuffer.Region[0])**
- If (*InputRegion.FileOffset* > *Eof*) OR ((*InputRegion.FileOffset* == *Eof*) AND (*Eof* > 0)), the operation MUST return STATUS_SUCCESS, with **BytesReturned** set to 0.

- If (*InputRegion.FileOffset* >= *Vdl*)
 - Set **OutputBuffer.Region[OutputBufferIndex].FileOffset** = *InputRegion.FileOffset*
 - Set **OutputBuffer.Region[OutputBufferIndex].Length** = *min*(*InputRegion.Length*, *Eof* - *InputRegion.FileOffset*)
 - Set **OutputBuffer.Region[OutputBufferIndex].Usage** = 0
 - Set **OutputBuffer.Region[OutputBufferIndex].Reserved** = 0
 - Set *Length* = *Length* + **sizeof**(FILE_REGION_INFO)
 - Set *OutputBufferIndex* = *OutputBufferIndex* + 1
 - Set **OutputBuffer.TotalRegionEntryCount** = **OutputBuffer.TotalRegionEntryCount** + 1
- Else
 - Set **OutputBuffer.Region[OutputBufferIndex].FileOffset** = *InputRegion.FileOffset*
 - Set **OutputBuffer.Region[OutputBufferIndex].Length** = *min*((*Vdl* - *InputRegion.FileOffset*), *InputRegion.Length*)
 - Set **OutputBuffer.Region[OutputBufferIndex].Usage** = *InputRegion.DesiredUsage*
 - Set **OutputBuffer.Region[OutputBufferIndex].Reserved** = 0
 - Set *Length* = *Length* + **sizeof**(FILE_REGION_INFO)
 - Set *OutputBufferIndex* = *OutputBufferIndex* + 1
 - Set **OutputBuffer.TotalRegionEntryCount** = **OutputBuffer.TotalRegionEntryCount** + 1
 - If (*Vdl* < *Eof*) AND (**OutputBuffer.Region[OutputBufferIndex - 1].Length** < **InputRegion.Length**),
 - If (*Length* + **sizeof**(FILE_REGION_INFO)) > **OutputBufferSize**)
 - Set **OutputBuffer.TotalRegionEntryCount** = **OutputBuffer.TotalRegionEntryCount** + 1
 - The operation MUST be failed with STATUS_BUFFER_OVERFLOW.
 - Set **OutputBuffer.Region[OutputBufferIndex].FileOffset** = *Vdl*
 - Set **OutputBuffer.Region[OutputBufferIndex].Length** = *min*(*InputRegion.Length* - **OutputBuffer.Region[OutputBufferIndex - 1].Length**, *Eof* - *Vdl*)
 - Set **OutputBuffer.Region[OutputBufferIndex].Usage** = 0
 - Set **OutputBuffer.Region[OutputBufferIndex].Reserved** = 0;
 - Set *Length* = *Length* + **sizeof**(FILE_REGION_INFO)
 - Set *OutputBufferIndex* = *OutputBufferIndex* + 1
 - Set **OutputBuffer.TotalRegionEntryCount** = **OutputBuffer.TotalRegionEntryCount** + 1
- EndIf
- EndIf

- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
 - **OutputBuffer.RegionEntryCount** set to *OutputBufferIndex*
 - **BytesReturned** set to *Length*
 - Status set to STATUS_SUCCESS

2.1.5.9.25 FSCTL_QUERY_ON_DISK_VOLUME_INFO

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataFile.
- **OutputBufferSize:** The maximum number of bytes to return in **OutputBuffer**.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.
- **OutputBuffer:** An array of bytes that will return a FILE_QUERY_ON_DISK_VOL_INFO_BUFFER structure as defined in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.58.
- **BytesReturned:** The number of bytes returned in **OutputBuffer**.

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_DEVICE_REQUEST.<104>

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **OutputBufferSize** is less than *sizeof(FILE_QUERY_ON_DISK_VOL_INFO_BUFFER)*, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_BUFFER_TOO_SMALL.
- The object store MUST populate the fields of **OutputBuffer** as follows:
 - **OutputBuffer.DirectoryCount** set to **Open.File.Volume.DirectoryCount**.
 - **OutputBuffer.FileCount** set to **Open.File.Volume.FileCount**.
 - **OutputBuffer.FsFormatMajVersion** set to **Open.File.Volume.FsFormatMajVersion**.
 - **OutputBuffer.FsFormatMinVersion** set to **Open.File.Volume.FsFormatMinVersion**.
 - **OutputBuffer.FsFormatName** set to the Unicode string "UDF".
 - **OutputBuffer.FormatTime** set to **Open.File.Volume.FormatTime**.
 - **OutputBuffer.LastUpdateTime** set to **Open.File.Volume.LastUpdateTime**.
 - **OutputBuffer.CopyrightInfo** set to **Open.File.Volume.CopyrightInfo**.
 - **OutputBuffer.AbstractInfo** set to **Open.File.Volume.AbstractInfo**.
 - **OutputBuffer.FormattingImplementationInfo** set to **Open.File.Volume.FormattingImplementationInfo**.
 - **OutputBuffer.LastModifyingImplementationInfo** set to **Open.File.Volume.LastModifyingImplementationInfo**.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
 - **BytesReturned** set to *sizeof(FILE_QUERY_ON_DISK_VOL_INFO_BUFFER)*.

- **Status** set to STATUS_SUCCESS.

2.1.5.9.26 FSCTL_QUERY_SPARING_INFO

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataFile.
- **OutputBufferSize:** The maximum number of bytes to return in **OutputBuffer**.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.
- **OutputBuffer:** An array of bytes that will return a FILE_QUERY_SPARING_BUFFER structure as defined in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.60.
- **BytesReturned:** The number of bytes returned in **OutputBuffer**.

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_DEVICE_REQUEST.<105>

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **OutputBufferSize** is less than **sizeof(FILE_QUERY_SPARING_BUFFER)**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER.
- The object store MUST populate the fields of **OutputBuffer** as follows:
 - **OutputBuffer.SparingUnitBytes** set to **Open.File.Volume.SparingUnitBytes**.
 - **OutputBuffer.SoftwareSparing** set to **Open.File.Volume.SoftwareSparing**.
 - **OutputBuffer.TotalSpareBlocks** set to **Open.File.Volume.TotalSpareBlocks**.
 - **OutputBuffer.FreeSpareBlocks** set to **Open.File.Volume.FreeSpareBlocks**.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
 - **BytesReturned** set to **sizeof(FILE_QUERY_SPARING_BUFFER)**.
 - **Status** set to STATUS_SUCCESS.

2.1.5.9.27 FSCTL_READ_FILE_USN_DATA

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataFile or DirectoryFile.
- **InputBuffer:** An optional array of bytes containing a READ_FILE_USN_DATA structure, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.61.
- **InputBufferSize:** The number of bytes in the **InputBuffer**.
- **OutputBufferSize:** The maximum number of bytes to return in **OutputBuffer**.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.
- **OutputBuffer:** An array of bytes that will return a USN_RECORD_V2 or USN_RECORD_V3 as defined in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.62.

- **BytesReturned:** The number of bytes returned in **OutputBuffer**.

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_DEVICE_REQUEST.<106>

This operation uses the following local variables:

- 16-bit unsigned integers: *MinMajorVersionSupported*, *MaxMajorVersionSupported*, *MajorVersionToUse*
- Unicode string: *LinkNameToUse*
- 32-bit unsigned integers: *LinkNameLength*, *RecordLength*

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

Set *MinMajorVersionSupported* to 2.

Set *MaxMajorVersionSupported* to 3.<107>

Set *MajorVersionToUse* to 2.

If **InputBufferSize** >= **sizeof**(READ_FILE_USN_DATA):<108>

- If **InputBuffer.MinMajorVersion** > **InputBuffer.MaxMajorVersion**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER.
- If **InputBuffer.MinMajorVersion** > *MaxMajorVersionSupported* or **InputBuffer.MaxMajorVersion** < *MinMajorVersionSupported*, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER.<109>
- If **InputBuffer.MaxMajorVersion** >= 3, set *MajorVersionToUse* to 3.

EndIf

If *MajorVersionToUse* == 3:

- If **OutputBufferSize** is less than **sizeof**(USN_RECORD_V3), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_BUFFER_TOO_SMALL.

Else:

- If **OutputBufferSize** is less than **sizeof**(USN_RECORD_V2), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_BUFFER_TOO_SMALL.

EndIf

The object store MUST choose a link name to use in constructing the reply, as shown in the following pseudocode:

- Set *LinkNameToUse* to empty.
- For each *Link* in **Open.File.LinkList**:
 - If *Link.ShortName* is not empty:
 - Set *LinkNameToUse* to *Link.Name*.
 - Break out of the For loop.
 - ElseIf *LinkNameToUse* is empty:
 - Set *LinkNameToUse* to *Link.Name*.

- EndIf
- EndFor

Set *LinkNameLength* to the length, in bytes, of *LinkNameToUse*.

If *MajorVersionToUse* == 3:

- Set *RecordLength* to **BlockAlign(FieldOffset(USN_RECORD_V3.FileName) + LinkNameLength, 8)**.

Else:

- Set *RecordLength* to **BlockAlign(FieldOffset(USN_RECORD_V2.FileName) + LinkNameLength, 8)**.

EndIf

If **OutputBufferSize** is less than *RecordLength*, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_BUFFER_TOO_SMALL.

If *MajorVersionToUse* == 3, the object store MUST fill **OutputBuffer** with a USN_RECORD_V3 structure as follows:

- **OutputBuffer.RecordLength** set to *RecordLength*.
- **OutputBuffer.MajorVersion** set to 3.
- **OutputBuffer.MinorVersion** set to 0.
- **OutputBuffer.FileReferenceNumber** set to **Open.File.FileId128**.
- **OutputBuffer.ParentFileReferenceNumber** set to **Open.Link.ParentFile.FileId128**.
- **OutputBuffer.Usn** set to **Open.File.Usn**.
- **OutputBuffer.TimeStamp** set to 0.
- **OutputBuffer.Reason** set to 0.
- **OutputBuffer.SourceInfo** set to 0.
- **OutputBuffer.SecurityId** set to 0.
- **OutputBuffer.FileAttributes** set to **Open.File.FileAttributes**, or to FILE_ATTRIBUTE_NORMAL if **Open.File.FileAttributes** is 0.
- **OutputBuffer.FileNameLength** set to *LinkNameLength*.
- **OutputBuffer.FileName** set to *LinkNameToUse*.

Else the object store MUST fill **OutputBuffer** with a USN_RECORD_V2 structure as follows:

- **OutputBuffer.RecordLength** set to *RecordLength*.
- **OutputBuffer.MajorVersion** set to 2.
- **OutputBuffer.MinorVersion** set to 0.
- **OutputBuffer.FileReferenceNumber** set to **Open.File.FileId64**.
- **OutputBuffer.ParentFileReferenceNumber** set to **Open.Link.ParentFile.FileId64**.

- **OutputBuffer.Usn** set to **Open.File.Usn**.
- **OutputBuffer.TimeStamp** set to 0.
- **OutputBuffer.Reason** set to 0.
- **OutputBuffer.SourceInfo** set to 0.
- **OutputBuffer.SecurityId** set to 0.
- **OutputBuffer.FileAttributes** set to **Open.File.FileAttributes**, or to FILE_ATTRIBUTE_NORMAL if **Open.File.FileAttributes** is 0.
- **OutputBuffer.FileNameLength** set to *LinkNameLength* .
- **OutputBuffer.FileName** set to *LinkNameToUse*.

EndIf

The object store MUST pad **OutputBuffer** with trailing bytes of zeroes to bring the total number of bytes written into **OutputBuffer** up to *RecordLength*.

Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:

- **BytesReturned** set to *RecordLength*.
- **Status** set to STATUS_SUCCESS.

2.1.5.9.28 FSCTL_RECALL_FILE

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataFile.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_DEVICE_REQUEST.<110>

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **Open.File.FileType** is DirectoryFile, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_HANDLE.
 - If **Open.File.FileAttributes.FILE_ATTRIBUTE_OFFLINE** is not set:
 - // The file has already been recalled.
 - Else
 - Recall **Open.File** from remote storage.
 - Clear **Open.File.FileAttributes.FILE_ATTRIBUTE_OFFLINE**
 - EndIf
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
 - **Status** set to STATUS_SUCCESS.

2.1.5.9.29 FSCTL_REFS_STREAM_SNAPSHOT_MANAGEMENT

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataStream.
- **InputBuffer:** An array of bytes containing a single REFS_STREAM_SNAPSHOT_MANAGEMENT_INPUT_BUFFER structure indicating the management operation to be performed, as well as a Unicode name to perform the operation with. The input buffer may further contain control structures specific to each operation, as follows:
 - When **InputBuffer.Operation** is REFS_STREAM_SNAPSHOT_MANAGEMENT_OPERATION_CREATE, there shall be no additional control structure.
 - When **InputBuffer.Operation** is REFS_STREAM_SNAPSHOT_MANAGEMENT_OPERATION_LIST, there shall be no additional control structure.
 - When **InputBuffer.Operation** is REFS_STREAM_SNAPSHOT_MANAGEMENT_OPERATION_QUERY_DELTAS, there shall be an additional control structure of type REFS_STREAM_SNAPSHOT_MANAGEMENT_QUERY_DELTAS_INPUT_BUFFER.
 - When **InputBuffer.Operation** is REFS_STREAM_SNAPSHOT_MANAGEMENT_OPERATION_REVERT, there shall be no additional control structure.
 - When **InputBuffer.Operation** is REFS_STREAM_SNAPSHOT_MANAGEMENT_OPERATION_SET_SHADOW_BTREE, there shall be no additional control structure.
 - When **InputBuffer.Operation** is REFS_STREAM_SNAPSHOT_MANAGEMENT_OPERATION_CLEAR_SHADOW_BTREE, there shall be no additional control structure aligned to the next 8-byte boundary.
- **InputBuffer.SnapshotNameLength:** The length, in bytes, of the Unicode name provided by the input buffer.
- **InputBuffer.OperationInputBufferLength:** For operations requiring an additional control structure, this field indicates the length in bytes of the additional control structure.
- **InputBuffer.NameAndInputBuffer:** An array of bytes containing a Unicode name and, depending on the management operation, an additional control structure.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.
- Depending on the NTSTATUS code returned, the object store MUST return the following structure, which is dependent on the management operation performed:
 - When the operation is REFS_STREAM_SNAPSHOT_MANAGEMENT_OPERATION_LIST, the server shall return a structure of type REFS_STREAM_SNAPSHOT_LIST_OUTPUT_BUFFER. This structure shall contain:
 - **OutputBuffer.EntryCount:** The number of entries returned by the list query.
 - **OutputBuffer.BufferSizeRequiredForQuery:** The number of total bytes required to fully satisfy the list query.

- **OutputBuffer.Reserved:** An array of 8 bytes set to zero.
- **OutputBuffer.Entries:** An array of structures of type REFS_STREAM_SNAPSHOT_LIST_OUTPUT_BUFFER_ENTRY containing OutputBuffer.EntryCount entries. This array structure contains the following information for each entry it contains:
 - **OutputBuffer.Entry[i].NextEntryOffset:** The offset, in bytes, to the next entry in the array, relative to the start of the previous entry. When this value is 0, no more entries are present.
 - **OutputBuffer.Entry[i].SnapshotNameLength:** The length, in bytes, of the UNICODE name present in this entry.
 - **OutputBuffer.Entry[i].SnapshotCreationTime:** The creation time of the snapshot, represented by a FILETIME structure stored as a 64-bit ULONGLONG.
 - **OutputBuffer.Entry[i].StreamSize:** The size, in bytes, of the stream represented by this entry.
 - **OutputBuffer.Entry[i].StreamAllocationSize:** The size, in bytes, representing the on-disk space usage of the snapshot represented by this entry.
 - **OutputBuffer.Entry[i].Reserved:** An array of 8 bytes set to zero.
 - **OutputBuffer.Entry[i].SnapshotName:** An array of **OutputBuffer.Entry[i].SnapshotNameLength** bytes representing the Unicode name of the snapshot represented by this entry.
- When the operation is REFS_STREAM_SNAPSHOT_MANAGEMENT_OPERATION_QUERY_DELTAS, the server shall return a structure of type REFS_STREAM_SNAPSHOT_QUERY_DELTAS_OUTPUT_BUFFER. This structure shall contain:
 - **OutputBuffer.ExtentCount:** The number of extents returned by the query.
 - **OutputBuffer.Reserved:** An array of 8 bytes set to zero.
 - An array of **OutputBuffer.ExtentCount** structures of type REFS_STREAM_EXTENT. This structure contains the following information for each entry:
 - **OutputBuffer.Entry[i].Vcn:** The VCN representing the start of the current extent.
 - **OutputBuffer.Entry[i].Lcn:** The LCN mapping to OutputBuffer.Entry[i].Vcn for the current extent.
 - **OutputBuffer.Entry[i].Length:** The length, in clusters, of the current extent.
 - **OutputBuffer.Entry[i].Properties:** An enum of type REFS_STREAM_EXTENT_PROPERTIES representing the on-disk properties of the current extent.
- No other operation returns an output buffer.

The purpose of this FSCTL is to serve as a stream snapshot management routine for any given DataStream snapshot on any given file. The management routines handle each operation individually, and this is determined by an **Operation** code specified in the input buffer.

Support for FSCTL_REFS_STREAM_SNAPSHOT_MANAGEMENT is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_DEVICE_REQUEST.

The server MUST validate the input and output buffer to satisfy the following requirements:

- If the length of the input buffer is less than `FIELD_OFFSET(REFS_STREAM_SNAPSHOT_MANAGEMENT_INPUT_BUFFER)`, then the operation MUST be failed with `STATUS_BUFFER_TOO_SMALL`.
- If **`InputBuffer.OperationInputBufferLength`** $\neq 0$ and the length of the input buffer is less than $(\text{FIELD_OFFSET}(\text{REFS_STREAM_SNAPSHOT_MANAGEMENT_INPUT_BUFFER}) + \text{QuadAlign}(\text{InputBuffer.SnapshotNameLength}) + \text{InputBuffer.OperationInputBufferLength})$, then the operation MUST be failed with `STATUS_BUFFER_TOO_SMALL`.
- If **`InputBuffer.OperationInputBufferLength`** $= 0$ and the length of the input buffer is less than $(\text{FIELD_OFFSET}(\text{REFS_STREAM_SNAPSHOT_MANAGEMENT_INPUT_BUFFER}) + \text{InputBuffer.SnapshotNameLength} + \text{InputBuffer.OperationInputBufferLength})$, then the operation MUST be failed with `STATUS_BUFFER_TOO_SMALL`.
- If **`InputBuffer.Operation`** is less than `REFS_STREAM_SNAPSHOT_OPERATION_CREATE` or is greater than `REFS_STREAM_SNAPSHOT_OPERATION_MAX`, then the operation MUST be failed with `STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER`.
- The following fields in the **`InputBuffer`** MUST be aligned. If they are not aligned, then the operation MUST be failed with `STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER`.
 - **`InputBuffer.SnapshotNameLength`** MUST be 2 bytes aligned.
 - **`InputBuffer.OperationInputBufferLength`** MUST be 2 bytes aligned.
- If the operation is either (`REFS_STREAM_SNAPSHOT_OPERATION_CREATE` or `REFS_STREAM_SNAPSHOT_OPERATION_LIST` or `REFS_STREAM_SNAPSHOT_OPERATION_QUERY_DELTAS`) and **`InputBuffer.SnapshotNameLength`** $= 0$, then the operation MUST be failed with `STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER`.
- If the operation is `REFS_STREAM_SNAPSHOT_OPERATION_CREATE` and either (**`InputBuffer.OperationInputBufferLength`** $\neq 0$ or **`OutputBufferLength`** $\neq 0$), then the operation MUST be failed with `STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER`.
- If the operation is `REFS_STREAM_SNAPSHOT_OPERATION_LIST` and either (**`InputBuffer.SnapshotNameLength`** $= 0$ or **`InputBuffer.OperationInputBufferLength`** $\neq 0$ or **`OutputBufferLength`** $< \text{sizeof}(\text{REFS_STREAM_SNAPSHOT_LIST_OUTPUT_BUFFER})$), then the operation MUST be failed with `STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER`.
- If the operation is `REFS_STREAM_SNAPSHOT_OPERATION_QUERY_DELTAS` and either (**`InputBuffer.SnapshotNameLength`** $= 0$ or **`InputBuffer.OperationInputBufferLength`** $\neq \text{sizeof}(\text{REFS_STREAM_SNAPSHOT_QUERY_DELTAS_INPUT_BUFFER})$ or **`OutputBufferLength`** $< \text{sizeof}(\text{REFS_STREAM_SNAPSHOT_QUERY_DELTAS_OUTPUT_BUFFER})$), then the operation MUST be failed with `STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER`.
- If the operation is either `REFS_STREAM_SNAPSHOT_OPERATION_LIST` or `REFS_STREAM_SNAPSHOT_OPERATION_QUERY_DELTAS` and the Open lacks `FILE_READ_ATTRIBUTES` access, then the operation MUST be failed with `STATUS_ACCESS_DENIED`.
- If the operation is either `REFS_STREAM_SNAPSHOT_OPERATION_CREATE` or `REFS_STREAM_SNAPSHOT_OPERATION_SET_SHADOW_BTREE` or `REFS_STREAM_SNAPSHOT_OPERATION_CLEAR_SHADOW_BTREE` and the Open lacks `FILE_WRITE_ATTRIBUTES` access, then the operation MUST be failed with `STATUS_ACCESS_DENIED`.

- If the operation is REFS_STREAM_SNAPSHOT_OPERATION_REVERT and the Open lacks (FILE_WRITE_ATTRIBUTES | FILE_WRITE_DATA) access, then the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_ACCESS_DENIED.

2.1.5.9.29.1 Algorithm for REFS_STREAM_SNAPSHOT_OPERATION_CREATE

A given DataStream (A) is backed by some underlying backing store then:

- All IO to the file hosting the **Open** DataStream is blocked.
- A new DataStream (B) is created, with its own new backing store. This new DataStream (B) is inserted into the file table and starts out empty.
- A new named attribute is inserted into the file table. This attribute uses the name specified by **InputBuffer.SnapshotName**. This attribute contains a reference to DataStream (A).
- DataStream (A) is marked as immutable.
- IO is released and the operation is completed.
- All new modifying IO is then inserted into DataStream (B). When a given metadata extent is queried, DataStream (B) is checked. If the extent is found, it is returned. If it is not found, DataStream (A) is checked.

2.1.5.9.29.2 Algorithm for REFS_STREAM_SNAPSHOT_OPERATION_LIST

Given a set of an arbitrary number (N) of DataStreams (S), as well as (N) named attributes where each named attribute references one DataStream, then:

- Let Q be the query string, as represented by **InputBuffer.SnapshotName**.
- A search for Q is performed within the File containing S. This will match all named attributes within the file whose names match the query string Q.
- Let X be a pointer to an array of bytes, initialized to point to the first entry in the output buffer.
- Let Y be the total amount of bytes currently written to the output buffer. $Y = 0$.
- Let Z be the number of entries currently written to the output buffer. $Z = 0$.
- For every matching attribute M_i ,
 - Copy the M_i name into **X.SnapshotName**.
 - Copy the M_i name length into **X.SnapshotNameLength**.
 - Copy the M_i creation time into **X.SnapshotCreationTime**.
 - Copy the M_i stream size into **X.StreamSize**.
 - Copy the M_i stream allocation size into **X.StreamAllocationSize**.
 - Set **X.Reserved** to zero.
 - Set **X.NextEntryOffset** to $\text{QuadAlign}(\text{FIELD_OFFSET}(\text{REFS_STREAM_SNAPSHOT_LIST_OUTPUT_BUFFER_ENTRY, SnapshotName}) + \text{X.SnapshotNameLength})$.
 - Advance the pointer X by **X.NextEntryOffset** bytes.
 - $Z = Z + 1$.

- $Y = Y + X$.
- If $Y > \text{OutputBufferLength}$, then no more entries are written to the output buffer. The rest of the entries are enumerated only incrementing Y .
- Set **OutputBuffer.Reserved** to zero.
- Set **OutputBuffer.EntryCount** to Z .
- Set **OutputBuffer.BufferSizeRequiredForQuery** to Y .
- If $Y > \text{OutputBufferLength}$, then return STATUS_BUFFER_OVERFLOW. Otherwise return STATUS_SUCCESS.

2.1.5.9.29.3 Algorithm for REFS_STREAM_SNAPSHOT_OPERATION_QUERY_DELTAS

Given a DataStream (A) and **InputBuffer.SnapshotName** representing the name of a file attribute referencing a DataStream (B), then:

- If no such B exists, the request must be failed with STATUS_OBJECT_NAME_NOT_FOUND.
- If the creation time of B is greater than the creation time of A, then the request must be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER.
- Let X be the current number of VCNs returned in the output buffer. $X = 0$.
- Set **OutputBuffer.Reserved** to zeros.
- For every VCN within the range of **InputBuffer.StartingVcn** and infinity:
 - Let V be the currently processed VCN.
 - Locate the first VCN starting at V and progressing until infinity representing a metadata change, via a search beginning at B and progressively searching in every DataStream C sorted by creation time such that $A \geq C > B$. Let such a VCN be called W , where if none is found W shall represent infinity.
 - Copy the LCN mapping to W to **OutputBuffer.Extents[X].Lcn**.
 - Copy the **Length** of the W extent to **OutputBuffer.Extents[X].Length**.
 - Copy the W properties to **OutputBuffer.Extents[X].Properties**.
 - Increase **OutputBuffer.ExtentCount** by 1.
 - Increase X by 1.
 - If $\text{Add2Ptr}(\text{OutputBuffer} + \text{FIELD_OFFSET}(\text{REFS_STREAM_SNAPSHOT_QUERY_DELTAS_OUTPUT_BUFFER}, \text{Extents}[X])) > \text{Add2Ptr}(\text{OutputBuffer}, \text{OutputBufferLength})$, then return STATUS_BUFFER_OVERFLOW.
 - $V = (W + \text{OutputBuffer.Extents}[X].\text{Length})$.
- The operation is completed with STATUS_SUCCESS.

2.1.5.9.29.4 Algorithm for REFS_STREAM_SNAPSHOT_OPERATION_REVERT

Given a DataStream (A) and **InputBuffer.SnapshotName** representing the name of a file attribute referencing a DataStream (B), then:

- If no such B exists, the request must be failed with STATUS_OBJECT_NAME_NOT_FOUND.

- If the creation time of B is greater than the creation time of A, then the request must be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER.
- All IO to the File containing DataStreams A and B must be halted.
- Every DataStream C such that $A > C > B$ must be deleted.
- Every named file attribute representing a DataStream C such that $A > C \geq B$ must be deleted.
- The named file attribute representing A is updated to instead reference B.
- IO to the file is resumed.
- The operation is completed with STATUS_SUCCESS.

2.1.5.9.29.5 Algorithm for REFS_STREAM_SNAPSHOT_OPERATION_SET_SHADOW_BTREE

Given a DataStream (A), then:

- If A is not the mutable entry in the list of all DataStreams within the file containing A, then the request must be failed with STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED.
- If A is already itself a shadow DataStream, then the request must be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER.
- A new DataStream is created, following the algorithm by REFS_STREAM_SNAPSHOT_OPERATION_CREATE with the exception that no such named attribute will exist for it. Let this DataStream be denoted as (B).
- B is marked immutable, with A retaining its mutability.
- A is marked as a shadow DataStream.
- The operation is completed with STATUS_SUCCESS.

2.1.5.9.29.6 Algorithm for REFS_STREAM_SNAPSHOT_OPERATION_CLEAR_SHADOW_BTREE

Given a DataStream (A), then:

- If A is not a shadow DataStream, then the request must be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER.
- Let B denote the DataStream whose creation time immediately follows that of A, in ascending order.
- B is deleted.
- A is marked as not being a shadow DataStream.
- The operation is completed with STATUS_SUCCESS.

2.1.5.9.30 (Updated Section) FSCTL_SET_COMPRESSION

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataFile or DirectoryFile.
- **InputBuffer:** An array of bytes containing a USHORT value indicating the requested compression state of the stream, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.67.

- **InputBufferSize**: The number of bytes in **InputBuffer**.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status**: An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_DEVICE_REQUEST.<108><109><111><112>

The operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER under any of the following conditions:

- **InputBufferSize** is less than **sizeof(USHORT)** (2 bytes).
- **InputBuffer.CompressionState** is not one of the predefined values in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.69.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **InputBuffer.CompressionState** != COMPRESSION_FORMAT_NONE:
 - If compression support is disabled in the object store,<113> the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_COMPRESSION_DISABLED.
 - If **Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize** is greater than 4,096, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_DEVICE_REQUEST, because compression is not supported on volumes with a cluster size greater than 4 KB.
- EndIf
- If **Open.File.Volume.IsReadOnly** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_MEDIA_WRITE_PROTECTED.
- If **Open.Stream.IsEncrypted** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_DEVICE_REQUEST.
- If (**InputBuffer.CompressionState** == COMPRESSION_FORMAT_NONE and **Open.Stream.IsCompressed** is FALSE) or (**InputBuffer.CompressionState** != COMPRESSION_FORMAT_NONE and **Open.Stream.IsCompressed** is TRUE), the operation MUST return STATUS_SUCCESS at this point.
- The object store MUST initialize *ChangedAllocation* to FALSE.
- The object store MUST post a USN change as specified in section 2.1.4.11 with **File** equal to **File**, **Reason** equal to USN_REASON_COMPRESSION_CHANGE, and **FileName** equal to **Open.Link.Name**.
- If **InputBuffer.CompressionState** != COMPRESSION_FORMAT_NONE:
 - If **Open.Stream.AllocationSize** is less than **BlockAlign(Open.Stream.AllocationSize, Open.File.Volume.CompressionUnitSize)**, the object store MUST increase **Open.Stream.AllocationSize** to **BlockAlign(Open.Stream.AllocationSize, Open.File.Volume.CompressionUnitSize)**. If there is not enough disk space, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_DISK_FULL; otherwise the object store MUST set *ChangedAllocation* to TRUE.
- EndIf
- If **InputBuffer.CompressionState** == COMPRESSION_FORMAT_NONE, the object store MUST set **Open.Stream.IsCompressed** to FALSE; otherwise it MUST be set to TRUE.

- If **Open.Stream.StreamType** is DirectoryStream or **Open.Stream.Name** is empty, the object store MUST propagate the compression state to **Open.File**:
 - If **Open.Stream.IsCompressed** is TRUE, the object store MUST set **Open.File.FileAttributes.FILE_ATTRIBUTE_COMPRESSED** to TRUE; otherwise it MUST be set to FALSE.
- EndIf
- Send directory change notification as specified in section 2.1.4.1, with **Volume** equal to **Open.File.Volume**, **Action** equal to FILE_ACTION_MODIFIED, **FilterMatch** equal to FILE_NOTIFY_CHANGE_ATTRIBUTES, and **FileName** equal to **Open.FileName**.
- If **Open.Stream.StreamType** is DirectoryStream, the operation MUST return STATUS_SUCCESS at this point.
- If **Open.Stream.IsCompressed** is FALSE and **Open.Stream.AllocationSize** is greater than **BlockAlign(Open.Stream.Size, Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize)**, the object store SHOULD free excess allocation by setting **Open.Stream.AllocationSize** to **BlockAlign(Open.Stream.Size, Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize)**. If any allocation is freed in this way, the object store MUST set *ChangedAllocation* to TRUE.
- If **Open.Stream.IsSparse** is TRUE, the object store SHOULD free any allocated compression unit-aligned extents beyond **Open.Stream.ValidDataLength**. If any allocation is freed in this way, the object store MUST set *ChangedAllocation* to TRUE.
- If *ChangedAllocation* is TRUE and **Open.Stream.Name** is empty, the object store MUST set **Open.File.PendingNotifications.FILE_NOTIFY_CHANGE_SIZE** to TRUE.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
 - **Status** set to STATUS_SUCCESS.

2.1.5.9.31 FSCTL_SET_DEFECT_MANAGEMENT

The server provides:

- **Open**: An **Open** of a DataStream.
- **InputBuffer**: An array of bytes containing a Boolean as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.71.
- **InputBufferSize**: The number of bytes in **InputBuffer**.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status**: An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality or the target media is not a software defect-managed media, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_DEVICE_REQUEST. <114>

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **Open.Stream.StreamType** is DirectoryStream, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER.
- If **InputBufferSize** is less than **sizeof(Boolean)** (1 byte), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER.
- If **Open.File.OpenList** contains more than one Open on this stream, this operation MUST be failed with STATUS_SHARING_VIOLATION.

- The object store MUST set **Open.File.DisableDefectManagement** to **InputBuffer.Disable**.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
 - **Status** set to STATUS_SUCCESS.

2.1.5.9.32 FSCTL_SET_ENCRYPTION

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataFile or DirectoryFile.
- **InputBuffer:** An array of bytes containing an ENCRYPTION_BUFFER structure indicating the requested encryption state of the stream or file, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.71.
- **InputBufferSize:** The number of bytes in **InputBuffer**.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.

This operation uses the following local variables:

- Boolean value (initialized to FALSE): *ChangedFileEncryption*

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_DEVICE_REQUEST.<115>

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **Open.File.Volume.IsReadOnly** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_MEDIA_WRITE_PROTECTED.
- If **InputBufferSize** is smaller than **BlockAlign(sizeof(ENCRYPTION_BUFFER), 4)**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_BUFFER_TOO_SMALL.
- The operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER under any of the following conditions:
 - If **InputBuffer.EncryptionOperation** is not one of the predefined values in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.71.
 - If **InputBuffer.EncryptionOperation** == STREAM_SET_ENCRYPTION and **Open.Stream.IsCompressed** is TRUE.
- If **InputBuffer.EncryptionOperation** == FILE_SET_ENCRYPTION:
 - If **Open.File.Attributes.FILE_ATTRIBUTE_ENCRYPTED** is FALSE:
 - The object store MUST set **Open.File.FileAttributes.FILE_ATTRIBUTE_ENCRYPTED** to TRUE.
 - The object store MUST set **Open.File.PendingNotifications.FILE_NOTIFY_CHANGE_ATTRIBUTES** to TRUE.
 - The object store MUST set *ChangedFileEncryption* to TRUE.
 - EndIf
- ElseIf **InputBuffer.EncryptionOperation** == FILE_CLEAR_ENCRYPTION:
 - If **Open.File.Attributes.FILE_ATTRIBUTE_ENCRYPTED** is TRUE:

- If there exists an *ExistingStream* in **Open.File.StreamList** such that *ExistingStream.IsEncrypted* is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_DEVICE_REQUEST.
- The object store MUST set **Open.File.FileAttributes.FILE_ATTRIBUTE_ENCRYPTED** to FALSE.
- The object store MUST set **Open.File.PendingNotifications.FILE_NOTIFY_CHANGE_ATTRIBUTES** to TRUE.
- The object store MUST set *ChangedFileEncryption* to TRUE.
- EndIf
- ElseIf **InputBuffer.EncryptionOperation** == STREAM_SET_ENCRYPTION:
 - If **Open.Stream.IsEncrypted** is FALSE:
 - The object store MUST set **Open.Stream.IsEncrypted** to TRUE.
 - If **Open.File.Attributes.FILE_ATTRIBUTE_ENCRYPTED** is FALSE:
 - The object store MUST set **Open.File.FileAttributes.FILE_ATTRIBUTE_ENCRYPTED** to TRUE.
 - The object store MUST set **Open.File.PendingNotifications.FILE_NOTIFY_CHANGE_ATTRIBUTES** to TRUE.
 - EndIf
- EndIf
- Else: // **InputBuffer.EncryptionOperation** == STREAM_CLEAR_ENCRYPTION
 - If **Open.Stream.IsEncrypted** is TRUE:
 - The object store MUST set **Open.Stream.IsEncrypted** to FALSE.
 - If there does not exist an *ExistingStream* in **Open.File.StreamList** such that *ExistingStream.IsEncrypted* is TRUE:
 - The object store MUST set **Open.File.FileAttributes.FILE_ATTRIBUTE_ENCRYPTED** to FALSE.
 - The object store MUST set **Open.File.PendingNotifications.FILE_NOTIFY_CHANGE_ATTRIBUTES** to TRUE.
 - EndIf
- EndIf
- The object store MUST update the duplicated information as specified in section 2.1.4.18 with **Link** equal to **Open.Link**.
- If **Open.File.PendingNotifications** is nonzero:
 - Set *FilterMatch* = (**Open.File.PendingNotifications** | **Open.Link.PendingNotifications**).

- Send directory change notification as specified in section 2.1.4.1, with **Volume** equal to **Open.File.Volume**, **Action** equal to FILE_ACTION_MODIFIED, **FilterMatch** equal to *FilterMatch*, and **FileName** equal to **Open.FileName**.
- For each *ExistingLink* in **Open.Link.ParentFile.DirectoryList**:
 - If *ExistingLink* is not equal to **Open.Link**:
 - *ExistingLink.PendingNotifications* |= **Open.File.PendingNotifications**
 - EndIf
 - EndFor
 - Set **Open.Link.PendingNotifications** to zero.
 - Set **Open.File.PendingNotifications** to zero.
- EndIf
- If the **Oplock** member of the **DirectoryStream** in **Open.Link.ParentFile.StreamList** (hereinafter referred to as *ParentOplock*) is not empty, the object store MUST check for an oplock break on the parent according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12, with input values as follows:
 - **Open** equal to this operation's **Open**
 - **Oplock** equal to *ParentOplock*
 - **Operation** equal to "FS_CONTROL"
 - **OpParams** containing a member **ControlCode** containing "FSCTL_SET_ENCRYPTION"
 - **Flags** equal to "PARENT_OBJECT"
- The object store MUST post a USN change as specified in section 2.1.4.11 with **File** equal to **File**, **Reason** equal to USN_REASON_ENCRYPTION_CHANGE, and **FileName** equal to **Open.Link.Name**.
- If *ChangedFileEncryption* is TRUE:
 - If **Open.UserSetChangeTime** is FALSE, update **Open.File.LastChangeTime** to the current time.
 - Set **Open.File.FileAttributes.FILE_ATTRIBUTE_ARCHIVE** to TRUE.
- EndIf
- Upon successful completion of this operation, the object store MUST return:
 - **Status** set to STATUS_SUCCESS.

2.1.5.9.33 (Updated Section) FSCTL_SET_INTEGRITY_INFORMATION

The server provides: <116>

- **Open**: An **Open** of a DataFile or DirectoryFile.
- **InputBuffer**: An array of bytes containing an FSCTL_SET_INTEGRITY_INFORMATION_BUFFER structure indicating the requested integrity state of the directory or file, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.73.
- **InputBufferSize**: The number of bytes in **InputBuffer**.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_DEVICE_REQUEST. <114><115><117><118>

The operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER under any of the following conditions:

- **InputBufferSize** is less than **sizeof(FSCTL_SET_INTEGRITY_INFORMATION_BUFFER)**.
- **InputBuffer.ChecksumAlgorithm** is not one of the predefined values in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.73.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **Open.File.Volume.IsReadOnly** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_MEDIA_WRITE_PROTECTED.
- If **Open.Stream.StreamType** is DirectoryStream:
 - The object store MUST post a USN change as specified in section 2.1.4.11 with File equal to Directory, Reason equal to USN_REASON_INTEGRITY_CHANGE, and FileName equal to **Open.Link.Name**.
 - If **InputBuffer.ChecksumAlgorithm** != CHECKSUM_TYPE_UNCHANGED, the object store MUST set **Open.Stream.CheckSumAlgorithm** to **InputBuffer.ChecksumAlgorithm**.
- EndIf
- If **Open.Stream.StreamType** is DataStream:
 - The object store MUST post a USN change as specified in section 2.1.4.11 with File equal to File, Reason equal to USN_REASON_INTEGRITY_CHANGE, and FileName equal to **Open.Link.Name**.
 - If **InputBuffer.ChecksumAlgorithm** != CHECKSUM_TYPE_UNCHANGED, the object store MUST set **Open.Stream.CheckSumAlgorithm** to **InputBuffer.ChecksumAlgorithm**.
 - If (**InputBuffer.Flags** & FSCTL_INTEGRITY_FLAG_CHECKSUM_ENFORCEMENT_OFF) != 0,
 - The object store MUST set **Open.Stream.StreamChecksumEnforcementOff** to TRUE.
 - Else:
 - The object store MUST set **Open.Stream.StreamChecksumEnforcementOff** to FALSE.
 - EndIf
- EndIf
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
 - **Status** set to STATUS_SUCCESS.

2.1.5.9.34 (Updated Section) FSCTL_SET_INTEGRITY_INFORMATION_EX

The server provides: <119>

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataFile or DirectoryFile.

- **InputBuffer**: An array of bytes containing an FSCTL_SET_INTEGRITY_INFORMATION_BUFFER_EX structure indicating the requested integrity state of the directory or file, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.75.
- **InputBufferSize**: The number of bytes in **InputBuffer**.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status**: An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_DEVICE_REQUEST. <117><118,120><121>

The operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER under any of the following conditions:

- **InputBufferSize** is less than *sizeof*(FSCTL_SET_INTEGRITY_INFORMATION_BUFFER_EX).
- **InputBuffer.Version** != 1.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **Open.File.Volume.IsReadOnly** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_MEDIA_WRITE_PROTECTED.
- If **Open.Stream.StreamType** is DirectoryStream:
 - The object store MUST post a USN change as specified in section 2.1.4.11 with File equal to Directory, Reason equal to USN_REASON_INTEGRITY_CHANGE, and FileName equal to **Open.Link.Name**.
 - If **InputBuffer.KeepIntegrityStateUnchanged** != 0, the object store MUST:
 - If **InputBuffer.EnableIntegrity** != 0 set **Open.Stream.CheckSumAlgorithm** to one of the supported checksum types defined [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.75. <122>
 - Else set **Open.Stream.CheckSumAlgorithm** to CHECKSUM_TYPE_NONE as defined in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.75.
 - EndIf
 - Endif
- If **Open.Stream.StreamType** is DataStream:
 - The object store MUST post a USN change as specified in section 2.1.4.11 with File equal to File, Reason equal to USN_REASON_INTEGRITY_CHANGE, and FileName equal to **Open.Link.Name**.
 - If **InputBuffer.KeepIntegrityStateUnchanged** != 0, the object store MUST:
 - If **InputBuffer.EnableIntegrity** != 0 set **Open.Stream.CheckSumAlgorithm** to one of the supported checksum types defined in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.75. <123>
 - Else set **Open.Stream.CheckSumAlgorithm** to CHECKSUM_TYPE_NONE as defined in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.75.
 - EndIf
 - Endif
 - If (**InputBuffer.Flags** & FSCTL_INTEGRITY_FLAG_CHECKSUM_ENFORCEMENT_OFF) != 0,

- The object store MUST set **Open.Stream.StreamChecksumEnforcementOff** to TRUE.
- Else:
 - The object store MUST set **Open.Stream.StreamChecksumEnforcementOff** to FALSE.
 - EndIf
- EndIf
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
 - **Status** set to STATUS_SUCCESS.

2.1.5.9.35 FSCTL_SET_OBJECT_ID

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataFile or DirectoryFile.
- **InputBuffer:** An array of bytes containing a FILE_OBJECTID_BUFFER structure as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.3.
- **InputBufferSize:** The number of bytes in **InputBuffer**.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_DEVICE_REQUEST.<124>

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **InputBufferSize** is not equal to **sizeof(FILE_OBJECTID_BUFFER)**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER.
- If **Volume.IsReadOnly** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_MEDIA_WRITE_PROTECTED.
- If **Open.File.Volume.IsObjectIDsSupported** is FALSE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_VOLUME_NOT_UPGRADED.
- If **Open.HasRestoreAccess** is FALSE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_ACCESS_DENIED.
- If **Open.File.ObjectId** is not empty, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_OBJECT_NAME_COLLISION.
- If **InputBuffer.ObjectId** is not unique on **Open.File.Volume**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_DUPLICATE_NAME.
- Before completing the operation successfully, the object store MUST set:
 - **Open.File.LastChangeTime** to the current time.<125>
 - Post a USN change as specified in section 2.1.4.11 with **File** equal to **File**, **Reason** equal to USN_REASON_OBJECT_ID_CHANGE, and **FileName** equal to **Open.Link.Name**.
 - **Open.File.ObjectId** to **InputBuffer.ObjectId**.
 - **Open.File.BirthVolumeId** to **InputBuffer.BirthVolumeId**.

- **Open.File.BirthObjectId** to **InputBuffer.BirthObjectId**.
- **Open.File.DomainId** to **InputBuffer.DomainId**.
- The object store MUST construct a FILE_OBJECTID_INFORMATION structure (as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.28.1) *ObjectIdInfo* as follows:
 - *ObjectIdInfo.FileReference* set to zero.
 - *ObjectIdInfo.ObjectId* set to **Open.File.ObjectId**.
 - *ObjectIdInfo.BirthVolumeId* set to **Open.File.BirthVolumeId**.
 - *ObjectIdInfo.BirthObjectId* set to **Open.File.BirthObjectId**.
 - *ObjectIdInfo.DomainId* set to **Open.File.DomainId**.
- Send directory change notification as specified in section 2.1.4.1, with **Volume** equal to **Open.File.Volume**, **Action** equal to FILE_ACTION_ADDED, **FilterMatch** equal to FILE_NOTIFY_CHANGE_FILE_NAME, **FileName** equal to "\\$Extend\\$ObjId", **NotifyData** equal to *ObjectIdInfo*, and **NotifyDataLength** equal to *sizeof*(FILE_OBJECTID_INFORMATION).

Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:

- **Status** set to STATUS_SUCCESS.

2.1.5.9.36 FSCTL_SET_OBJECT_ID_EXTENDED

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataFile or DirectoryFile.
- **InputBuffer:** An array of bytes containing a FILE_OBJECTID_BUFFER structure as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.3.1.
- **InputBufferSize:** The number of bytes in **InputBuffer**.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_DEVICE_REQUEST.<126>

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **InputBufferSize** is not equal to *sizeof*(**ObjectId.ExtendedInfo**) (48 bytes), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER.
- If **Volume.IsReadOnly** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_MEDIA_WRITE_PROTECTED.
- If **Open.File.Volume.IsObjectIDsSupported** is FALSE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_VOLUME_NOT_UPGRADED.
- If **Open.GrantedAccess** contains neither FILE_WRITE_DATA nor FILE_WRITE_ATTRIBUTES, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_ACCESS_DENIED.
- If **Open.File.ObjectId** is empty, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_OBJECTID_NOT_FOUND.

Before completing the operation successfully, the object store MUST set:

- **Open.File.LastChangeTime** to the current time.<127>
- Post a USN change as specified in section 2.1.4.11 with **File** equal to **File**, **Reason** equal to USN_REASON_OBJECT_ID_CHANGE, and **FileName** equal to **Open.Link.Name**.
- **Open.File.BirthVolumeId** to **InputBuffer.BirthVolumeId**.
- **Open.File.BirthObjectId** to **InputBuffer.BirthObjectId**.
- **Open.File.DomainId** to **InputBuffer.DomainId**.

Upon successful completion of this operation, the object store MUST return:

- **Status** set to STATUS_SUCCESS.

2.1.5.9.37 FSCTL_SET_REPARSE_POINT

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataFile or DirectoryFile.
- **InputBufferSize:** The byte count of the **InputBuffer**.
- **InputBuffer:** An array of bytes containing a REPARSE_DATA_BUFFER or REPARSE_GUID_DATA_BUFFER structure as defined in [MS-FSCC] sections 2.1.2.2 and 2.1.2.3, respectively.

On completion, the object store **MUST** return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_DEVICE_REQUEST.<128>

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- Phase 1 -- Verify the parameters
- If (**Open.GrantedAccess** & (FILE_WRITE_DATA | FILE_WRITE_ATTRIBUTES)) == 0, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_ACCESS_DENIED.
- If **Open.File.Volume.IsReadOnly** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_MEDIA_WRITE_PROTECTED.
- If **Open.File.Volume.IsReparsePointsSupported** is FALSE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_VOLUME_NOT_UPGRADED.
- If **InputBufferSize** is smaller than 8 bytes, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_IO_REPARSE_DATA_INVALID.
- If **InputBufferSize** is larger than 16384 bytes, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_IO_REPARSE_DATA_INVALID.
- If (**InputBufferSize** != **InputBuffer.ReparseDataLength** + 8) && (**InputBufferSize** != **InputBuffer.ReparseDataLength** + 24), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_IO_REPARSE_DATA_INVALID.
- If **InputBuffer.ReparseTag** == IO_REPARSE_TAG_MOUNT_POINT and **Open.File.FileType** != DirectoryFile, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_NOT_A_DIRECTORY.

- If **InputBuffer.ReparseTag** == IO_REPARSE_TAG_SYMLINK and **Open.HasCreateSymbolicLinkAccess** is FALSE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_ACCESS_DENIED.
- If **Open.File.FileType** == DirectoryFile and **Open.File.DirectoryList** is not empty, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_DIRECTORY_NOT_EMPTY.
- If **Open.File.FileType** == DataFile and **InputBuffer.ReparseTag** == IO_REPARSE_TAG_SYMLINK and **Open.Stream.Size** is nonzero, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_IO_REPARSE_DATA_INVALID.
- If **Open.File.FileAttributes.FILE_ATTRIBUTE_REPARSE_POINT** is not set and **Open.File.ExtendedAttributesLength** is nonzero, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_EAS_NOT_SUPPORTED.
- Phase 2 -- Update the File
- If **Open.File.ReparseTag** is not empty (indicating that a reparse point is already assigned):
 - If **Open.File.ReparseTag** != **InputBuffer.ReparseTag**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_IO_REPARSE_TAG_MISMATCH.
 - If **Open.File.ReparseTag** is a non-Microsoft tag and **Open.File.ReparseGUID** is not equal to **InputBuffer.ReparseGUID**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_REPARSE_ATTRIBUTE_CONFLICT.
 - Copy **InputBuffer.DataBuffer** to **Open.File.ReparseData**.
- Else
 - Set **Open.File.ReparseTag** to **InputBuffer.ReparseTag**.
 - If **InputBuffer.ReparseTag** is a non-Microsoft Tag, then set **Open.File.ReparseGUID** to **InputBuffer.ReparseGUID**.
 - Set **Open.File.ReparseData** to **InputBuffer.ReparseData**.
 - Set **Open.File.FileAttributes.FILE_ATTRIBUTE_REPARSE_POINT** to TRUE.
- EndIf
- If **Open.File.FileType** == DataFile, set **Open.File.FileAttributes.FILE_ATTRIBUTE_ARCHIVE** to TRUE.
- Update **Open.File.LastChangeTime** to the current system time.<129>

Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:

- **Status** set to STATUS_SUCCESS.

2.1.5.9.38 (Updated Section) FSCTL_SET_SPARSE

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataStream.
- **InputBufferSize:** The byte count of the **InputBuffer**.
- **InputBuffer:** A buffer of type FILE_SET_SPARSE_BUFFER as defined in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.83.

On completion, the object store **MUST** return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_DEVICE_REQUEST. <127><128,130><131>

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **Open.Stream.StreamType** != **DataStream**, the object store MUST fail the operation and return STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER.
- If **Open.File.Volume.IsReadOnly** is TRUE, the object store MUST return STATUS_MEDIA_WRITE_PROTECTED.
- If **Open.GrantedAccess.FILE_WRITE_DATA** is FALSE and **Open.GrantedAccess.FILE_WRITE_ATTRIBUTES** is FALSE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_ACCESS_DENIED.
- The object store MUST post a USN change as specified in section 2.1.4.11 with **File** equal to **File**, **Reason** equal to USN_REASON_BASIC_INFO_CHANGE, and **FileName** equal to **Open.Link.Name**. If **InputBuffer.SetSparse** is TRUE:
 - The object store MUST set **Open.Stream.IsSparse** to TRUE.
 - The object store MUST set **Open.File.FileAttributes.FILE_ATTRIBUTE_SPARSE_FILE** to TRUE, indicating that at least one stream of the file is sparse.
- Else
 - For each *Extent* in **Open.Stream.ExtentList**:
 - If *Extent.LCN* is un-allocated as specified in [MS-FSCC] 2.3.32.1:
 - The object store MUST fully allocate the *Extent*. If the space cannot be allocated, then the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_DISK_FULL. The object store is not required to revert any allocations performed during the operation.
 - EndIf
 - EndFor
 - The object store MUST set **Open.Stream.IsSparse** to FALSE.
 - If there does not exist an *ExistingStream* in **Open.File.StreamList** such that *ExistingStream.IsSparse* is TRUE:
 - The object store MUST set **Open.File.FileAttributes.FILE_ATTRIBUTE_SPARSE_FILE** to FALSE, indicating that no streams of the file are sparse.
 - EndIf
- EndIf
- Set **Open.File.PendingNotifications.FILE_NOTIFY_CHANGE_ATTRIBUTES** to TRUE.
- Upon successful completion of this operation, the object store MUST return:
 - **Status** set to STATUS_SUCCESS.

2.1.5.9.39 (Updated Section) FSCTL_SET_ZERO_DATA

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a **DataStream**.
- **InputBufferSize:** The byte count of the **InputBuffer**.
- **InputBuffer:** An array of bytes containing a **FILE_ZERO_DATA_INFORMATION** structure as defined in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.89.

On completion, the object store **MUST** return:

- **Status:** An **NTSTATUS** code that specifies the result.

This algorithm uses the following local variables:

- 64-bit signed integers: *StartingOffset*, *CurrentBytes*, *CurrentOffset*, *CurrentFinalByte*, *NextVcn*, *CurrentVcn*, *ClusterCount*
- 64-bit signed integer initialized to -1: *LastOffset*

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation **MUST** be failed with **STATUS_INVALID_DEVICE_REQUEST**. <129><130><132><133>

The operation **MUST** be failed with **STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER** under any of the following conditions:

- **InputBufferSize** is less than **sizeof(FILE_ZERO_DATA_INFORMATION)**.
- **InputBuffer.FileOffset** is less than 0.
- **InputBuffer.BeyondFinalZero** is less than 0.
- **InputBuffer.FileOffset** is greater than **InputBuffer.BeyondFinalZero**.
- **Open.Stream.StreamType** is not **DataStream**.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **Open.File.Volume.IsReadOnly** is **TRUE**, the operation **MUST** be failed with **STATUS_MEDIA_WRITE_PROTECTED**.
- Set *StartingOffset* equal to **InputBuffer.FileOffset**.
- While **TRUE**:
 - If **Open.Stream.IsDeleted** is **TRUE**, the operation **MUST** be failed with **STATUS_FILE_DELETED**.
 - If *StartingOffset* is greater than or equal to **Open.Stream.Size**, or if *StartingOffset* is greater than or equal to **InputBuffer.BeyondFinalZero**, break out of the while loop.
 - Set *CurrentBytes* to **InputBuffer.BeyondFinalZero** - *StartingOffset*.
 - If **InputBuffer.BeyondFinalZero** is greater than **Open.Stream.Size**, set *CurrentBytes* to **Open.Stream.Size** - *StartingOffset*.
 - If *CurrentBytes* is greater than 0x40000000 (1 gigabyte), set *CurrentBytes* to 0x40000000.
 - If **Open.Stream.Oplock** is not empty, the object store **MUST** check for an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12, with input values as follows:
 - **Open** equal to this operation's **Open**
 - **Oplock** equal to **Open.Stream.Oplock**

- **Operation** equal to "FS_CONTROL"
- **OpParams** containing a member **ControlCode** containing "FSCTL_SET_ZERO_DATA"
- The object store MUST check for byte range lock conflicts using the algorithm described in section 2.1.4.10 with **ByteOffset** set to *StartingOffset*, **Length** set to *CurrentBytes*, **IsExclusive** set to TRUE, **LockIntent** set to FALSE and **Open** set to **Open**. If a conflict is detected, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_FILE_LOCK_CONFLICT.
- The object store MUST post a USN change as specified in section 2.1.4.11 with **File** equal to **File**, **Reason** equal to USN_REASON_DATA_OVERWRITE, and **FileName** equal to **Open.Link.Name**.
- The object store MUST note that the file has been modified as specified in section 2.1.4.17 with **Open** equal to **Open**.
- If *LastOffset* is -1 and *StartingOffset* is greater than **Open.Stream.ValidDataLength**:
 - Zero the data in the file according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.9.39.1, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
 - Pass in the current **Open**.
 - **StartingZero** equal to **Open.Stream.ValidDataLength**.
 - **ByteCount** equal to *StartingOffset* - **Open.Stream.ValidDataLength**.
- EndIf
- If **Open.Stream.IsCompressed** is TRUE, or if **Open.Stream.IsSparse** is TRUE:
 - Set *CurrentOffset* to *StartingOffset* & $\sim(\mathbf{Open.File.Volume.CompressionUnitSize} - 1)$. This aligns the starting point to a compression unit boundary, since when setting zero ranges on a sparse or compressed file, allocation is deleted in compression unit-aligned chunks.
 - Set *CurrentFinalByte* to **InputBuffer.BeyondFinalZero**.
 - If *CurrentFinalByte* is greater than or equal to **Open.Stream.Size**, set *CurrentFinalByte* to **BlockAlign(Open.Stream.Size, Open.File.Volume.CompressionUnitSize)**.
 - Set *NextVcn* and *CurrentVcn* equal to **ClustersFromBytesTruncate(Open.File.Volume, CurrentOffset)**.
 - While an unallocated range of the file exists starting at *NextVcn*:
 - $NextVcn +=$ The size of the unallocated range in clusters.
 - If $(NextVcn * \mathbf{Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize})$ is greater than or equal to *CurrentFinalByte*:
 - $NextVcn = \mathbf{ClustersFromBytesTruncate(Open.File.Volume, CurrentFinalByte)}$.
 - Break out of the While loop.
 - EndIf
- EndWhile
- $NextVcn = \mathbf{BlockAlignTruncate(NextVcn, ClustersFromBytes(Open.File.Volume, Open.File.Volume.CompressionUnitSize))}$. This aligns *NextVcn* to a compression unit boundary.

- If *NextVcn* != *CurrentVcn*:
 - $ClusterCount = NextVcn - CurrentVcn$
 - $CurrentVcn += ClusterCount$
- EndIf
- $CurrentOffset = (CurrentVcn * \mathbf{Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize})$
- If $CurrentOffset \geq CurrentFinalByte$, break out of the while loop.
- If $CurrentOffset < StartingOffset$:
 - If there are not enough free clusters on the storage media to accommodate a write of **Open.File.Volume.CompressionUnitSize** bytes, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_DISK_FULL. The object store is not required to undo any file zeroing or range deallocation that has been performed during the operation.
 - $CurrentBytes = \mathbf{Open.File.Volume.CompressionUnitSize} - (StartingOffset - CurrentOffset)$
 - If $(CurrentOffset + \mathbf{Open.File.Volume.CompressionUnitSize}) > CurrentFinalByte$:
 - $CurrentBytes = CurrentFinalByte - StartingOffset$
 - EndIf
 - The object store MUST write *CurrentBytes* zeroes into the stream beginning at $CurrentOffset + (StartingOffset \& (\mathbf{Open.File.Volume.CompressionUnitSize} - 1))$.
 - $CurrentOffset += (StartingOffset \& (\mathbf{Open.File.Volume.CompressionUnitSize} - 1))$
- ElseIf $CurrentOffset + \mathbf{Open.File.Volume.CompressionUnitSize} > CurrentFinalByte$:
 - If there are not enough free clusters on the storage media to accommodate a write of **Open.File.Volume.CompressionUnitSize** bytes, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_DISK_FULL. The object store is not required to undo any file zeroing or range deallocation that has been performed during the operation.
 - $CurrentBytes = CurrentFinalByte \& (\mathbf{Open.File.Volume.CompressionUnitSize} - 1)$
 - The object store MUST write *CurrentBytes* zeroes into the stream beginning at *CurrentOffset*.
- Else
 - $CurrentBytes = CurrentFinalByte - CurrentOffset$
 - If *CurrentBytes* is greater than 0x40000000, set *CurrentBytes* to 0x40000000.
 - $CurrentBytes = \mathbf{BlockAlignTruncate}(CurrentBytes, \mathbf{Open.File.Volume.CompressionUnitSize})$
 - If $(CurrentBytes \neq 0)$ and $(NextVcn \leq (CurrentVcn + \mathbf{ClustersFromBytesTruncate}(\mathbf{Open.File.Volume}, CurrentBytes) - 1))$:
 - The object store MUST delete $CurrentVcn + \mathbf{ClustersFromBytesTruncate}(\mathbf{Open.File.Volume}, CurrentBytes) - 1$ clusters of allocation from the stream starting with the cluster at *NextVcn*.
 - EndIf

- EndIf
- Else
 - $CurrentOffset = StartingOffset$
 - $CurrentFinalByte = ((CurrentOffset + 0x40000) \& -(0x40000))$
 - If $CurrentFinalByte$ is greater than or equal to **Open.Stream.Size**, set $CurrentFinalByte$ to **Open.Stream.Size**.
 - If $CurrentFinalByte$ is greater than **InputBuffer.BeyondFinalZero**, set $CurrentFinalByte$ to **InputBuffer.BeyondFinalZero**.
 - $CurrentBytes = CurrentFinalByte - CurrentOffset$
 - If $CurrentBytes \neq 0$ and $CurrentOffset$ is less than **Open.Stream.ValidDataLength**:
 - The object store MUST write $CurrentBytes$ zeroes into the stream beginning at $CurrentOffset$.
 - EndIf
- EndIf
- If $CurrentOffset + CurrentBytes$ is greater than **Open.Stream.ValidDataLength** and $StartingOffset$ is less than **Open.Stream.ValidDataLength**:
 - The object store MUST set **Open.Stream.ValidDataLength** equal to $CurrentOffset + CurrentBytes$.
- EndIf
- $LastOffset = StartingOffset$
- If $CurrentBytes \neq 0$, set $StartingOffset$ equal to $CurrentOffset + CurrentBytes$.
- EndWhile
- If **Open.Mode** contains either FILE_NO_INTERMEDIATE_BUFFERING or FILE_WRITE_THROUGH, the object store MUST flush all changes to the stream made during this operation, including any file size changes, to stable storage, and MUST fail the operation if the underlying physical storage reports an error flushing the data.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
 - **Status** set to STATUS_SUCCESS.

2.1.5.9.39.1 Algorithm to Zero Data Beyond ValidDataLength

This algorithm returns no value.

The inputs for the algorithm are:

- **ThisOpen:** The **Open** for the stream being zeroed.
- **StartingZero:** A 64-bit signed integer. The offset into the stream to begin zeroing.
- **ByteCount:** The number of bytes to zero.

The algorithm uses the following local variables:

- 64-bit signed integers: *ZeroStart*, *BeyondZeroEnd*, *LastCompressionUnit*, *ClustersToDeallocate*

Pseudocode for the algorithm is as follows:

- Set *ZeroStart* to ***BlockAlign*(*StartingZero*, *ThisOpen.File.Volume.LogicalBytesPerSector*)**.
- Set *BeyondZeroEnd* to ***BlockAlign*(*StartingZero* + *ByteCount*, *ThisOpen.File.Volume.LogicalBytesPerSector*)**.
- If (***ThisOpen.Stream.IsCompressed*** is FALSE) and (***ThisOpen.Stream.IsSparse*** is FALSE) and (*ZeroStart* != ***StartingZero***):
 - The object store MUST write zeroes into the stream from ***StartingZero*** to *ZeroStart*.
- EndIf
- If ((***ThisOpen.Stream.IsCompressed*** is TRUE) or (***ThisOpen.Stream.IsSparse*** is TRUE)) and (***ByteCount*** > ***ThisOpen.File.Volume.CompressionUnitSize*** * 2):
 - If ***BlockAlign*(*ZeroStart*, *ThisOpen.File.Volume.CompressionUnitSize*)** != *ZeroStart*:
 - The object store MUST write zeroes into the stream from *ZeroStart* to ***BlockAlign*(*ZeroStart*, *ThisOpen.File.Volume.CompressionUnitSize*)**.
 - The object store MUST set ***ThisOpen.Stream.ValidDataLength*** to ***BlockAlign*(*ZeroStart*, *ThisOpen.File.Volume.CompressionUnitSize*)**.
 - Set *ZeroStart* equal to ***BlockAlign*(*ZeroStart*, *ThisOpen.File.Volume.CompressionUnitSize*)**.
 - EndIf
 - Set *LastCompressionUnit* equal to ***BlockAlignTruncate*(*BeyondZeroEnd*, *ThisOpen.File.Volume.CompressionUnitSize*)**.
 - Set *ClustersToDeallocate* equal to ***ClustersFromBytes*(*ThisOpen.File.Volume*, *LastCompressionUnit* - *ZeroStart*)**.
 - The object store MUST delete *ClusterToDeallocate* clusters of allocation from the stream starting with the cluster at ***ClustersFromBytes*(*ThisOpen.File.Volume*, *ZeroStart*)**.
 - If *LastCompressionUnit* != *BeyondZeroEnd*:
 - The object store MUST write zeroes into the stream from *LastCompressionUnit* to *BeyondZeroEnd*.
 - The object store MUST set ***ThisOpen.Stream.ValidDataLength*** equal to ***StartingZero*** + ***ByteCount***.
 - EndIf
 - The algorithm returns at this point.
- EndIf
- If *ZeroStart* = *BeyondZeroEnd*
 - The algorithm returns at this point.

- EndIf
- The object store MUST write zeroes into the stream from *ZeroStart* to *BeyondZeroEnd*.
- The object store MUST set **ThisOpen.Stream.ValidDataLength** equal to **StartingZero + ByteCount**.

2.1.5.9.40 FSCTL_SET_ZERO_ON_DEALLOCATION

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataStream.

On completion the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_DEVICE_REQUEST.<134>

The operation MUST be failed with STATUS_ACCESS_DENIED under either of the following conditions:

- **Open.Stream.StreamType** is not DataStream.
- **Open.GrantedAccess** contains neither FILE_WRITE_DATA nor FILE_APPEND_DATA.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- The object store MUST set **Open.Stream.ZeroOnDeallocate** to TRUE.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
 - **Status** set to STATUS_SUCCESS.

2.1.5.9.41 FSCTL_SIS_COPYFILE

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataStream or DirectoryStream.
- **InputBuffer:** An array of bytes containing a single SI_COPYFILE structure indicating the source and destination files to copy, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.89.
- **InputBufferSize:** The number of bytes in **InputBuffer**.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.

This routine uses the following local variables:

- **Opens:** *SourceOpen, DestinationOpen*

The purpose of this operation is to make it look like a copy from the source file to the destination file has occurred when in reality no data is actually copied. This operation modifies the source file in such a way that the clusters associated with it can be shared across multiple files. The destination file is created and modified to point at the same shared clusters that the source file points to.<135>

Support for Single Instance Storage is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_DEVICE_REQUEST.<136>

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **Open.IsAdministrator** is FALSE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_ACCESS_DENIED.
- If **InputBufferSizes** is less than **sizeof(SI_COPYFILE)**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER_1.
- If **InputBuffer.Flags** contains any flags besides COPYFILE_SIS_LINK and COPYFILE_SIS_REPLACE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER_2.
- If **InputBuffer.SourceFileNameLength** or **InputBuffer.DestinationFileNameLength** is <= zero, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER_3.
- If **InputBuffer.SourceFileNameLength** or **InputBuffer.DestinationFileNameLength** is > MAXUSHORT (0xffff), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER.
- If **FieldOffset(InputBuffer.SourceFileName) + InputBuffer.SourceFileNameLength + InputBuffer.DestinationFileNameLength** is > **InputBufferSize**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER_4.
- *SourceOpen* set to the **Open** returned from a successful call to open a file as defined in section 2.1.5.1, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
 - **RootOpen:** Set to **Open.RootOpen**.
 - **PathName:** Set to **InputBuffer.SourceFileName**.
 - **SecurityContext:** Set to empty.<137>
 - **DesiredAccess:** Set to GENERIC_READ.
 - **ShareAccess:** If the source file is already controlled by SIS (meaning the source file already has a reparse point of type IO_REPARSE_TAG_SIS), then set to FILE_SHARE_READ, else set to zero.
 - **CreateOptions:** Set To FILE_NON_DIRECTORY_FILE | FILE_NO_INTERMEDIATE_BUFFERING.
 - **CreateDisposition:** Set to FILE_OPEN.
 - **DesiredFileAttributes:** Set to FILE_ATTRIBUTE_NORMAL.
 - **IsCaseInsensitive:** Set to TRUE.
 - **TargetOplockKey:** Set to Empty.
- If the request fails, this operation MUST be failed with the returned STATUS.
- The operation MUST be failed with STATUS_OBJECT_TYPE_MISMATCH under any of the following conditions:
 - If *SourceOpen.File.LinkList* contains more than one entry (meaning this file has hardlinks).
 - If *SourceOpen.Stream.IsEncrypted* is TRUE.
 - If *SourceOpen.File.ReparseTag* is empty or is not IO_REPARSE_TAG_SIS (as defined in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.2.1) and **InputBuffer.Flags.COPYFILE_SIS_LINK** is TRUE.
- If *SourceOpen.File.ReparseTag* is not empty and is not IO_REPARSE_TAG_SIS, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER.
- *DestinationOpen* set to the **Open** returned from a successful call to create a file as defined in section 2.1.5.1, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
 - **RootOpen:** Set to **Open.RootOpen**.

- **PathName:** Set to **InputBuffer.DestinationFileName**.
- **SecurityContext:** Set to empty.<138>
- **DesiredAccess:** Set to GENERIC_READ | GENERIC_WRITE | DELETE.
- **ShareAccess:** Set to zero.
- **CreateOptions:** Set to FILE_NON_DIRECTORY_FILE.
- **CreateDisposition:** If **InputBuffer.Flags.COPYFILE_SIS_REPLACE** is TRUE, set to FILE_OVERWRITE_IF, else set to FILE_CREATE.
- **DesiredFileAttributes:** Set to FILE_ATTRIBUTE_NORMAL.
- **IsCaseInsensitive:** Set to TRUE.
- **TargetOplockKey:** Set to Empty.
- If the request fails, this operation MUST be failed with the returned STATUS.
- If **SourceOpen.File.Volume** is not equal to **DestinationOpen.File.Volume** is not equal to **Open.File.Volume**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_NOT_SAME_DEVICE.
- Share the clusters between the source and destination file.<139>
- **DestinationOpen.ReparseTag** set to IO_REPARSE_TAG_SIS.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
 - **Status** set to STATUS_SUCCESS.

2.1.5.9.42 FSCTL_WRITE_USN_CLOSE_RECORD

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataStream or DirectoryStream.
- **OutputBufferSize:** The maximum number of bytes to return in **OutputBuffer**.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.
- **OutputBuffer:** An array of bytes that will return a **Usn** structure representing the current USN of the file, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.92.
- **BytesReturned:** The number of bytes returned in **OutputBuffer**.

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_DEVICE_REQUEST.<140>

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **Open.File.Volume.IsReadOnly** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_MEDIA_WRITE_PROTECTED.
- If **OutputBufferSize** is less than **sizeof(Usn)**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER.
- If **Open.File.Volume.IsUsnJournalActive** is FALSE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_JOURNAL_NOT_ACTIVE.

- The object store MUST post a USN change as specified in section 2.1.4.11 with **File** equal to **File**, **Reason** equal to USN_REASON_CLOSE, and **FileName** equal to **Open.Link.Name**.
- The object store MUST populate the fields of **OutputBuffer** as follows:
 - **OutputBuffer.Usn** set to **Open.File.Usn**.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
 - **BytesReturned** set to *sizeof(Usn)*.
 - **Status** set to STATUS_SUCCESS.

2.1.5.10 Server Requests Change Notifications for a Directory

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DirectoryStream or ViewIndexStream.
- **OutputBufferSize:** The maximum number of bytes to return in **OutputBuffer**.
- **WatchTree:** A Boolean indicating whether the directory is monitored recursively.
- **CompletionFilter:** A 32-bit unsigned integer composed of flags indicating the types of changes to monitor as specified in [MS-SMB2] section 2.2.35.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.
- **OutputBuffer:** An array of bytes containing the notification data.
- **ByteCount:** The count of the bytes in the array.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- The **Open.File.Volume.ChangeNotifyList** MUST be searched for a **ChangeNotifyEntry** where **ChangeNotifyEntry.OpenedDirectory** matches **Open**.
- If there were no matching **ChangeNotifyEntries**, one MUST be constructed so that:
 - **ChangeNotifyEntry.OpenedDirectory** points to **Open**.
 - **ChangeNotifyEntry.WatchTree** is set to **WatchTree**.
 - **ChangeNotifyEntry.CompletionFilter** is set to **CompletionFilter**.
 - **ChangeNotifyEntry.NotifyEventList** is initialized to an empty list.
 - Insert **ChangeNotifyEntry** at the end of **Open.File.Volume.ChangeNotifyList**.
- EndIf
- Insert operation into **CancelableOperations.CancelableOperationList**.
- Wait for a Change Notify as specified in section 2.1.5.10.1

2.1.5.10.1 Waiting for Change Notification to be Reported

Wait until the following conditions are satisfied:

- There are one or more elements in **ChangeNotifyEntry.NotifyEventList**.

- This change notification request is the oldest outstanding request on this **Open**. This means multiple change notification requests on the same **Open** are completed sequentially and in first-in-first-out (FIFO) order.
- The operation is canceled as specified in section 2.1.5.19.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- When a **ChangeNotifyEntry.NotifyEventList** element is available:
 - If all entries from ChangeNotifyEntry.NotifyEventList fit in OutputBufferSize bytes:
 - Remove all NotifyEventEntries from ChangeNotifyEntry.NotifyEventList.
 - Copy NotifyEventEntries to OutputBuffer.
 - Set Status to STATUS_SUCCESS.
 - Set ByteCount to the size of OutputBuffer, in bytes.
 - Else:
 - Set **Status** to STATUS_NOTIFY_ENUM_DIR.
 - Set **ByteCount** to zero.
 - EndIf
- EndIf

2.1.5.11 Server Requests a Query of File Information

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataStream or DirectoryStream.
- **OutputBufferSize:** The maximum number of bytes to be returned in **OutputBuffer**.
- **FileInformationClass:** The type of information being queried, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.
- **OutputBuffer:** An array of bytes containing the file information. The structure of these bytes is dependent on **FileInformationClass**, as noted in the relevant subsection.
- **ByteCount:** The number of bytes stored in **OutputBuffer**.

If **FileInformationClass** is not defined in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_INFO_CLASS.

2.1.5.11.1 FileAccessInformation

OutputBuffer is of type FILE_ACCESS_INFORMATION as described in [MS-FSCC] 2.4.1.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **OutputBufferSize** is smaller than **sizeof(FILE_ACCESS_INFORMATION)**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INFO_LENGTH_MISMATCH.

- **OutputBuffer** MUST be constructed as follows:
 - **OutputBuffer.AccessFlags** set to **Open.GrantedAccess**.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
 - **ByteCount** set to **sizeof(FILE_ACCESS_INFORMATION)**
 - **Status** set to STATUS_SUCCESS.

2.1.5.11.2 FileAlignmentInformation

OutputBuffer is of type FILE_ALIGNMENT_INFORMATION as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.3.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **OutputBufferSize** is smaller than **sizeof(FILE_ALIGNMENT_INFORMATION)**, the operation MUST be failed with Status STATUS_INFO_LENGTH_MISMATCH.
- **OutputBuffer** MUST be constructed as follows:
 - **OutputBuffer.AlignmentRequirement** set to one of the alignment requirement values specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.3 based on the characteristics of the device on which the File is stored.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
 - **ByteCount** set to **sizeof(FILE_ALIGNMENT_INFORMATION)**.
 - **Status** set to STATUS_SUCCESS.

2.1.5.11.3 FileAllInformation

OutputBuffer is of type FILE_ALL_INFORMATION as described in [MS-FSCC] 2.4.2.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **OutputBufferSize** is smaller than **BlockAlign(FieldOffset(FILE_ALL_INFORMATION.NameInformation.FileName) + 2, 8)**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INFO_LENGTH_MISMATCH.
- The object store MUST populate the fields of **OutputBuffer** as follows:
 - **OutputBuffer.BasicInformation** MUST be filled using the algorithm described in section 2.1.5.11.6.
 - **OutputBuffer.StandardInformation** MUST be filled using the operation described in section 2.1.5.11.27.
 - **OutputBuffer.InternalInformation** MUST be filled using the operation described in section 2.1.5.11.17.
 - **OutputBuffer.EaInformation** MUST be filled using the operation described in section 2.1.5.11.10.
 - **OutputBuffer.AccessInformation** MUST be filled using the operation described in section 2.1.5.11.1.
 - **OutputBuffer.PositionInformation** MUST be filled using the operation described in section 2.1.5.11.23.

- **OutputBuffer.ModeInformation** MUST be filled using the operation described in section 2.1.5.11.18.
- **OutputBuffer.AlignmentInformation** MUST be filled using the operation described in section 2.1.5.11.2.
- **OutputBuffer.NameInformation** MUST be filled using the operation described in section 2.1.5.11.19, saving the returned ByteCount in *NameInformationLength* and the returned Status in *NameInformationStatus*.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
 - **ByteCount** set to **FieldOffset(FILE_ALL_INFORMATION.NameInformation) + NameInformationLength**.
 - **Status** set to *NameInformationStatus*.

2.1.5.11.4 FileAlternateNameInformation

OutputBuffer is of type FILE_NAME_INFORMATION as described in [MS-FSCC] 2.4.5.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **OutputBufferSize** is smaller than **BlockAlign(FieldOffset(FILE_NAME_INFORMATION.FileName) + 2, 4)**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INFO_LENGTH_MISMATCH.
- If **Open.Link.ShortName** is empty, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_OBJECT_NAME_NOT_FOUND.
- **OutputBuffer** MUST be constructed as follows:
 - **OutputBuffer.FileNameLength** set to the length, in bytes, of **Open.Link.ShortName**.
 - **OutputBuffer.FileName** set to **Open.Link.ShortName**.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
 - **ByteCount** set to **FieldOffset(FILE_NAME_INFORMATION.FileName) + OutputBuffer.FileNameLength**.
 - **Status** set to STATUS_SUCCESS.

2.1.5.11.5 FileAttributeTagInformation

OutputBuffer is of type FILE_ATTRIBUTE_TAG_INFORMATION as defined in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.6.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **OutputBufferSize** is smaller than **sizeof(FILE_ATTRIBUTE_TAG_INFORMATION)**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INFO_LENGTH_MISMATCH.
- If **Open.GrantedAccess** does not contain FILE_READ_ATTRIBUTES, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_ACCESS_DENIED.
- If **Open.Stream.StreamType** is DirectoryStream:
 - The object store MUST set **OutputBuffer.FileAttributes** equal to the value of **Open.File.FileAttributes**.
 - The object store MUST set FILE_ATTRIBUTE_DIRECTORY in **OutputBuffer.FileAttributes**.

- Else:
 - This is a DataStream. The object store MUST set **OutputBuffer.FileAttributes** equal to the value of **Open.File.FileAttributes**. The following attribute values, if they are set in **Open.File.FileAttributes**, MUST NOT be copied to **OutputBuffer.FileAttributes** (attribute flags are defined in [MS-FSCC] section 2.6):
 - FILE_ATTRIBUTE_COMPRESSED
 - FILE_ATTRIBUTE_TEMPORARY
 - FILE_ATTRIBUTE_SPARSE_FILE
 - FILE_ATTRIBUTE_ENCRYPTED
 - FILE_ATTRIBUTE_INTEGRITY_STREAM<141>
 - If **Open.Stream.IsSparse** is TRUE, the object store MUST set FILE_ATTRIBUTE_SPARSE_FILE in **OutputBuffer.FileAttributes**.
 - If **Open.Stream.IsEncrypted** is TRUE, the object store MUST set FILE_ATTRIBUTE_ENCRYPTED in **OutputBuffer.FileAttributes**.
 - If **Open.Stream.IsTemporary** is TRUE, the object store MUST set FILE_ATTRIBUTE_TEMPORARY in **OutputBuffer.FileAttributes**.
 - If **Open.Stream.IsCompressed** is TRUE, the object store MUST set FILE_ATTRIBUTE_COMPRESSED in **OutputBuffer.FileAttributes**.
 - If **Open.Stream.ChecksumAlgorithm** != CHECKSUM_TYPE_NONE, the object store MUST set FILE_ATTRIBUTE_INTEGRITY_STREAM in **OutputBuffer.FileAttributes**.<142>
- EndIf
- If **OutputBuffer.FileAttributes** is 0, the object store MUST set FILE_ATTRIBUTE_NORMAL in **OutputBuffer.FileAttributes**.
- **OutputBuffer.ReparseTag** MUST be set to **Open.File.ReparseTag**.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
 - **ByteCount** set to *sizeof*(FILE_ATTRIBUTE_TAG_INFORMATION).
 - **Status** set to STATUS_SUCCESS.

2.1.5.11.6 FileBasicInformation

OutputBuffer is of type FILE_BASIC_INFORMATION as defined in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.7.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **OutputBufferSize** is smaller than **BlockAlign(sizeof(FILE_BASIC_INFORMATION), 8)**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INFO_LENGTH_MISMATCH.
- If **Open.GrantedAccess** does not contain FILE_READ_ATTRIBUTES, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_ACCESS_DENIED.
- The object store MUST set **OutputBuffer.CreationTime** equal to **Open.File.CreationTime**.
- The object store MUST set **OutputBuffer.LastWriteTime** equal to **Open.File.LastModificationTime**.

- The object store MUST set **OutputBuffer.ChangeTime** equal to **Open.File.LastChangeTime**.
- The object store MUST set **OutputBuffer.LastAccessTime** equal to **Open.File.LastAccessTime**.
- If **Open.Stream.StreamType** is `DirectoryStream`:
 - The object store MUST set **OutputBuffer.FileAttributes** equal to the value of **Open.File.FileAttributes**.
 - The object store MUST set `FILE_ATTRIBUTE_DIRECTORY` in **OutputBuffer.FileAttributes**.
- Else:
 - This is a `DataStream`. The object store MUST set **OutputBuffer.FileAttributes** equal to the value of **Open.File.FileAttributes**. The following attribute values, if they are set in **Open.File.FileAttributes**, MUST NOT be copied to **OutputBuffer.FileAttributes** (attribute flags are defined in [MS-FSCC] section 2.6):
 - `FILE_ATTRIBUTE_COMPRESSED`
 - `FILE_ATTRIBUTE_TEMPORARY`
 - `FILE_ATTRIBUTE_SPARSE_FILE`
 - `FILE_ATTRIBUTE_ENCRYPTED`
 - `FILE_ATTRIBUTE_INTEGRITY_STREAM<143>`
 - If **Open.Stream.IsSparse** is `TRUE`, the object store MUST set `FILE_ATTRIBUTE_SPARSE_FILE` in **OutputBuffer.FileAttributes**.
 - If **Open.Stream.IsEncrypted** is `TRUE`, the object store MUST set `FILE_ATTRIBUTE_ENCRYPTED` in **OutputBuffer.FileAttributes**.
 - If **Open.Stream.IsTemporary** is `TRUE`, the object store MUST set `FILE_ATTRIBUTE_TEMPORARY` in **OutputBuffer.FileAttributes**.
 - If **Open.Stream.IsCompressed** is `TRUE`, the object store MUST set `FILE_ATTRIBUTE_COMPRESSED` in **OutputBuffer.FileAttributes**.
 - If **Open.Stream.ChecksumAlgorithm** \neq `CHECKSUM_TYPE_NONE`, the object store MUST set `FILE_ATTRIBUTE_INTEGRITY_STREAM` in **OutputBuffer.FileAttributes**.<144>
- EndIf
- If **OutputBuffer.FileAttributes** is 0, the object store MUST set `FILE_ATTRIBUTE_NORMAL` in **OutputBuffer.FileAttributes**.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
 - **ByteCount** set to *sizeof(FILE_BASIC_INFORMATION)*.
 - **Status** set to `STATUS_SUCCESS`.

2.1.5.11.7 FileBothDirectoryInformation

This operation is not supported and MUST be failed with `STATUS_INVALID_INFO_CLASS`.

2.1.5.11.8 FileCompressionInformation

OutputBuffer is of type FILE_COMPRESSION_INFORMATION as defined in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.9.<145>

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **OutputBufferSize** is smaller than **sizeof(FILE_COMPRESSION_INFORMATION)**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INFO_LENGTH_MISMATCH.
- The object store MUST initialize all fields in **OutputBuffer** to zero.
- If **Open.Stream.StreamType** is DirectoryStream:
 - If **Open.File.FileAttributes.FILE_ATTRIBUTE_COMPRESSED** is TRUE:
 - The object store MUST set **OutputBuffer.CompressionState** to COMPRESSION_FORMAT_LZNT1.
 - Else:
 - The object store MUST set **OutputBuffer.CompressionState** to COMPRESSION_FORMAT_NONE.
 - EndIf
 - Else:
 - The object store MUST set **OutputBuffer.CompressedFileSize** to the number of bytes actually allocated on the underlying physical storage for storing the compressed data. This value MUST be a multiple of **Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize** and MUST be less than or equal to **Open.Stream.AllocationSize**.
 - If **Open.Stream.IsCompressed** is TRUE:
 - The object store MUST set **OutputBuffer.CompressionState** to COMPRESSION_FORMAT_LZNT1.
 - Else:
 - The object store MUST set **OutputBuffer.CompressionState** to COMPRESSION_FORMAT_NONE.
 - EndIf
 - EndIf
 - If **OutputBuffer.CompressionState** is not equal to COMPRESSION_FORMAT_NONE, the object store MUST set:
 - **OutputBuffer.CompressedUnitShift** to the base-2 logarithm of **Open.File.Volume.CompressionUnitSize**.
 - **OutputBuffer.ChunkShift** to the base-2 logarithm of **Open.File.Volume.CompressedChunkSize**.
 - **OutputBuffer.ClusterShift** to the base-2 logarithm of **Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize**.
 - EndIf
 - Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
 - **ByteCount** set to **sizeof(FILE_COMPRESSION_INFORMATION)**.

- **Status** set to STATUS_SUCCESS.

2.1.5.11.9 FileDirectoryInformation

This operation is not supported and MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_INFO_CLASS.

2.1.5.11.10 FileEaInformation

OutputBuffer is of type FILE_EA_INFORMATION as described in [MS-FSCC] 2.4.12.<146>

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **OutputBufferSize** is smaller than **sizeof(FILE_EA_INFORMATION)**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INFO_LENGTH_MISMATCH.
- The object store MUST set:
 - **OutputBuffer.EaSize** set to **Open.File.ExtendedAttributesLength**. If **Open.File.ExtendedAttributesLength** is a nonzero value, **OutputBuffer.EaSize** is incremented by 4 to account for the header.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
 - **ByteCount** set to **sizeof(FILE_EA_INFORMATION)**.
 - **Status** set to STATUS_SUCCESS.

2.1.5.11.11 FileFullDirectoryInformation

This operation is not supported and MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_INFO_CLASS.

2.1.5.11.12 FileFullEaInformation

OutputBuffer is of type FILE_FULL_EA_INFORMATION as described in [MS-FSCC] 2.4.15.<147>

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- The object store MUST initialize **OutputBuffer** to zero.
- If **Open.GrantedAccess** does not contain FILE_READ_EA, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_ACCESS_DENIED.
- If **Open.File.ExtendedAttributes** is not empty:
 - **OutputBuffer** is filled with as many complete FILE_FULL_EA_INFORMATION entries from **Open.File.ExtendedAttributes**, starting with **Open.NextEaEntry**, as can be contained in **OutputBufferSize** bytes.
 - **Open.NextEaEntry** is set to point to the entry after the last entry returned, if any.
- Endif
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
 - **ByteCount** set to the size, in bytes, of all FILE_FULL_EA_INFORMATION entries returned.
 - **Status** set to:
 - STATUS_NO_EAS_ON_FILE if there were no entries to return in **Open.File.ExtendedAttributes**.

- STATUS_BUFFER_TOO_SMALL if **OutputBufferSize** is too small to hold **Open.NextEaEntry**. No entries are returned.
- STATUS_BUFFER_OVERFLOW if at least one entry was returned in **OutputBuffer** but there are still additional entries to return.
- STATUS_SUCCESS when one or more entries were returned from **Open.File.ExtendedAttributes** and there are no more entries to return.

2.1.5.11.13 FileHardLinkInformation

This operation is not supported and MUST be failed with STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED.

2.1.5.11.14 FileIdBothDirectoryInformation

This operation is not supported and MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_INFO_CLASS.

2.1.5.11.15 FileIdFullDirectoryInformation

This operation is not supported and MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_INFO_CLASS.

2.1.5.11.16 FileIdGlobalTxDirectoryInformation

This operation is not supported and MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_INFO_CLASS.

2.1.5.11.17 FileInternalInformation

OutputBuffer is of type FILE_INTERNAL_INFORMATION as described in [MS-FSCC] 2.4.20.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **OutputBufferSize** is smaller than **sizeof(FILE_INTERNAL_INFORMATION)**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INFO_LENGTH_MISMATCH.
- **OutputBuffer** MUST be constructed as follows:
 - **OutputBuffer.IndexNumber** set to **Open.File.FileId64**.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
 - **ByteCount** set to **sizeof(FILE_INTERNAL_INFORMATION)**.
 - **Status** set to STATUS_SUCCESS.

2.1.5.11.18 FileModeInformation

OutputBuffer is of type FILE_MODE_INFORMATION as described in [MS-FSCC] 2.4.24.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **OutputBufferSize** is smaller than **sizeof(FILE_MODE_INFORMATION)**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INFO_LENGTH_MISMATCH.
- **OutputBuffer** MUST be constructed as follows:
 - **OutputBuffer.Mode** MUST be set to **Open.Mode**.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
 - **ByteCount** set to **sizeof(FILE_MODE_INFORMATION)**.

- **Status** set to STATUS_SUCCESS.

2.1.5.11.19 FileNameInformation

This operation is not supported from a remote client, it is only supported from a local client or as part of processing a query for the FileAllInformation operation as specified in section 2.1.5.11.3. If used to query from a remote client, this operation MUST be failed with a status code of STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED.

OutputBuffer is of type FILE_NAME_INFORMATION as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.5.

This routine uses the following local variables:

- Unicode string: *FileName*
- 32-bit unsigned integers: *FileNameLength*, *AvailableNameLength*

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **OutputBufferSize** is smaller than **BlockAlign(FieldOffset(FILE_NAME_INFORMATION.FileName) + 2, 4)**, the operation MUST be failed with a status code of STATUS_INFO_LENGTH_MISMATCH.
- Set *FileName* to **BuildRelativeName(Open.Link, Open.File.Volume.RootDirectory)**.
- Set *FileNameLength* to the length, in bytes, of *FileName*.
- Set **OutputBuffer.FileNameLength** to *FileNameLength*.
- Set *AvailableNameLength* to **BlockAlignTruncate((OutputBufferSize - FieldOffset(FILE_NAME_INFORMATION.FileName)), 2)**.
- If *AvailableNameLength* < *FileNameLength*, the object store MUST fail the operation with:
 - *AvailableNameLength* bytes copied from *FileName* to **OutputBuffer.FileName**.
 - **ByteCount** set to **FieldOffset(FILE_NAME_INFORMATION.FileName) + AvailableNameLength**.
 - Status set to STATUS_BUFFER_OVERFLOW.
- EndIf
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
 - *FileNameLength* bytes copied from *FileName* to **OutputBuffer.FileName**.
 - **ByteCount** set to **FieldOffset(FILE_NAME_INFORMATION.FileName) + FileNameLength**.
 - **Status** set to STATUS_SUCCESS.

2.1.5.11.20 FileNamesInformation

This operation is not supported as a file information class, it is only supported as a directory information class, as specified in section 2.1.5.5.3.6. If used to query file information STATUS_INVALID_INFO_CLASS MUST be returned.

2.1.5.11.21 FileNetworkOpenInformation

OutputBuffer is of type FILE_NETWORK_OPEN_INFORMATION as defined in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.27.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **OutputBufferSize** is smaller than **sizeof(FILE_NETWORK_OPEN_INFORMATION)**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INFO_LENGTH_MISMATCH.
- If **Open.GrantedAccess** does not contain FILE_READ_ATTRIBUTES, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_ACCESS_DENIED.
- **OutputBuffer** MUST be constructed as follows:
 - **OutputBuffer.CreationTime** set to **Open.File.CreationTime**.
 - **OutputBuffer.LastWriteTime** set to **Open.File.LastModificationTime**.
 - **OutputBuffer.ChangeTime** set to **Open.File.LastChangeTime**.
 - **OutputBuffer.LastAccessTime** set to **Open.File.LastAccessTime**.
 - **OutputBuffer.FileAttributes** set to **Open.File.FileAttributes**.
 - If **Open.Stream.StreamType** is DirectoryStream:
 - FILE_ATTRIBUTE_DIRECTORY, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.6, MUST always be set in **OutputBuffer.FileAttributes**.
 - Else:
 - For a DataStream, the following attribute values, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.6, MUST NOT be copied to **OutputBuffer.FileAttributes**:
 - FILE_ATTRIBUTE_COMPRESSED
 - FILE_ATTRIBUTE_TEMPORARY
 - FILE_ATTRIBUTE_SPARSE_FILE
 - FILE_ATTRIBUTE_ENCRYPTED
 - FILE_ATTRIBUTE_INTEGRITY_STREAM<148>
 - If **Open.Stream.IsSparse** is TRUE, the object store MUST set FILE_ATTRIBUTE_SPARSE_FILE in **OutputBuffer.FileAttributes**.
 - If **Open.Stream.IsEncrypted** is TRUE, set FILE_ATTRIBUTE_ENCRYPTED in **OutputBuffer.FileAttributes**.
 - If **Open.Stream.IsTemporary** is TRUE, set FILE_ATTRIBUTE_TEMPORARY in **OutputBuffer.FileAttributes**.
 - If **Open.Stream.IsCompressed** is TRUE, set FILE_ATTRIBUTE_COMPRESSED in **OutputBuffer.FileAttributes**.
 - If **Open.Stream.ChecksumAlgorithm** != CHECKSUM_TYPE_NONE, the object store MUST set FILE_ATTRIBUTE_INTEGRITY_STREAM<149> in **OutputBuffer.FileAttributes**.
 - **OutputBuffer.AllocationSize** set to **Open.Stream.AllocationSize**.
 - **OutputBuffer.EndOfFile** set to **Open.Stream.Size**.
 - EndIf

- If **OutputBuffer.FileAttributes** is 0, set FILE_ATTRIBUTE_NORMAL in **OutputBuffer.FileAttributes**.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
 - **ByteCount** set to *sizeof*(FILE_NETWORK_OPEN_INFORMATION).
 - **Status** set to STATUS_SUCCESS.

2.1.5.11.22 FileObjectIdInformation

This operation is not supported and MUST be failed with STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED.

2.1.5.11.23 FilePositionInformation

OutputBuffer is of type FILE_POSITION_INFORMATION, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.32.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **OutputBufferSize** is less than the size, in bytes, of the FILE_POSITION_INFORMATION structure, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INFO_LENGTH_MISMATCH.
- The objects store MUST set **OutputBuffer.CurrentByteOffset** equal to **Open.CurrentByteOffset**.
- The operation returns STATUS_SUCCESS.<150>

2.1.5.11.24 FileQuotaInformation

This operation is not supported as a file information class; it is supported only as a server request, as specified in section 2.1.5.20. If used to query file information, STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER MUST be returned.

2.1.5.11.25 FileReparsePointInformation

This operation is not supported as a file information class; it is only supported as a directory enumeration class, as specified in section 2.1.5.5.2. If used to query file information STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED MUST be returned.

2.1.5.11.26 FileSfioReserveInformation

This operation is not supported and MUST be failed with STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED.

2.1.5.11.27 FileStandardInformation

OutputBuffer is of type FILE_STANDARD_INFORMATION, as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.38.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **OutputBufferSize** is smaller than *sizeof*(FILE_STANDARD_INFORMATION), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INFO_LENGTH_MISMATCH.
- **OutputBuffer** MUST be constructed as follows:
 - If **Open.Stream.StreamType** is DirectoryStream, set **OutputBuffer.Directory** to 1 else 0.
 - If **Open.Stream.StreamType** is DirectoryStream or **Open.Stream.Name** is empty:
 - If **Open.Link.IsDeleted** is TRUE, set **OutputBuffer.DeletePending** to 1 else 0.

- Else:
 - If **Open.Stream.IsDeleted** is TRUE, set **OutputBuffer.DeletePending** to 1 else 0.
- EndIf
 - **OutputBuffer.NumberOfLinks** set to the number of **Link** elements in **Open.File.LinkList**, except if **Link.IsDeleted** field is TRUE (that is, the number of not-deleted links to the file).<151>
 - If **OutputBuffer.NumberOfLinks** is 0, set **OutputBuffer.DeletePending** to 1.
 - **OutputBuffer.AllocationSize** set to **Open.Stream.AllocationSize**.
 - **OutputBuffer.EndOfFile** set to **Open.Stream.Size**.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
 - **ByteCount** set to *sizeof*(FILE_STANDARD_INFORMATION).
 - **Status** set to STATUS_SUCCESS.

2.1.5.11.28 FileStandardLinkInformation

This operation is not supported and MUST be failed with STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED.

2.1.5.11.29 FileStreamInformation

OutputBuffer is of type FILE_STREAM_INFORMATION, as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.40. Object stores that do not support alternate data streams SHOULD<152> return STATUS_INVALID_INFO_CLASS.

This routine uses the following local variables:

- 32-bit unsigned integer: *StreamNameLength*, *RemainingLength*, *ThisElementSize*, *PreviousElementPadding*
- **Stream**: *ThisStream*
- Pointer to a buffer of type FILE_STREAM_INFORMATION: *CurrentPosition*, *LastPosition*

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **OutputBufferSize** is smaller than *sizeof*(FILE_STREAM_INFORMATION), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INFO_LENGTH_MISMATCH.
- Initialize *PreviousElementPadding* to 0.
- Initialize *CurrentPosition* to point to the 0th byte of **OutputBuffer**.
- Initialize *RemainingLength* to be equal to **OutputBufferSize**.
- For each **Stream** *ThisStream* of **Open.File**:
 - Set *StreamNameLength* equal to the length, in bytes, of *ThisStream.Name* plus the length, in bytes, of the Unicode string "\$DATA" plus the length, in bytes, of two Unicode characters. This accommodates the length of the full stream name in the form :<*ThisStream.Name*>:\$DATA.
 - Set *ThisElementSize* equal to the byte offset of *CurrentPosition.StreamName* plus *StreamNameLength*.

- If *ThisElementSize* plus *PreviousElementPadding* is greater than *RemainingLength*, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_BUFFER_OVERFLOW.
- The object store MUST set *CurrentPosition*.**StreamSize** equal to *ThisStream*.**Size**.
- The object store MUST set *CurrentPosition*.**AllocationSize** equal to *ThisStream*.**AllocationSize**.
- The object store MUST set *CurrentPosition*.**StreamNameLength** equal to *StreamNameLength*.
- The object store MUST set *CurrentPosition*.**StreamName** to the Unicode character ":", then append *ThisStream*.**Name**, then append the Unicode character ":", then append the Unicode string "\$DATA".
- Set *PreviousElementPadding* equal to **BlockAlign**(*ThisElementSize*, 8) minus *ThisElementSize*. The value *PreviousElementPadding* is used to align each FILE_STREAM_INFORMATION element in **OutputBuffer** on an 8-byte boundary.
- The object store MUST set *CurrentPosition*.**NextEntryOffset** equal to *ThisElementSize* plus *PreviousElementPadding*.
- Set *RemainingLength* equal to *RemainingLength* minus (*ThisElementSize* plus *PreviousElementPadding*).
- Set *LastPosition* equal to *CurrentPosition*.
- Advance *CurrentPosition* by a number of bytes equal to *ThisElementSize* plus *PreviousElementPadding*.
- EndFor
- The object store MUST set *LastPosition*.**NextEntryOffset** equal to 0.
- The operation returns STATUS_SUCCESS.

2.1.5.11.30 FileNormalizedNameInformation

OutputBuffer is of type FILE_NAME_INFORMATION as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.7.

This routine uses the following local variables:

- Unicode string: *FileName*
- 32-bit unsigned integers: *FileNameLength*, *AvailableNameLength*

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If the **Open** was created with FILE_OPEN_BY_FILE_ID in CreateOptions and **Open.GrantedAccess.FILE_TRAVERSE** is not set, the operation MUST be failed with a status code of STATUS_ACCESS_DENIED.
- If **Link.ParentFile** is NULL and the **Open** was created without FILE_OPEN_BY_FILE_ID in CreateOptions, the operation MUST be failed with a status code of STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER.
- If **OutputBufferSize** is smaller than **BlockAlign**(**FieldOffset**(FILE_NAME_INFORMATION.FileName) + 2, 4), the operation MUST be failed with a status code of STATUS_INFO_LENGTH_MISMATCH.
- Set *FileName* to **BuildRelativeName**(**Open.Link**, **Open.File.Volume.RootDirectory**).

- Set *FileNameLength* to the length, in bytes, of *FileName*.
- Set **OutputBuffer.FileNameLength** to *FileNameLength*.
- Set *AvailableNameLength* to **BlockAlignTruncate((OutputBufferSize - FieldOffset(FILE_NAME_INFORMATION.FileName)), 2)**.
- If *AvailableNameLength* < *FileNameLength*, the object store MUST fail the operation with:
 - *AvailableNameLength* bytes copied from *FileName* to **OutputBuffer.FileName**.
 - *ByteCount* set to **FieldOffset(FILE_NAME_INFORMATION.FileName) + AvailableNameLength**.
 - Status set to STATUS_BUFFER_OVERFLOW.
- EndIf
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
 - *FileNameLength* bytes copied from *FileName* to **OutputBuffer.FileName**.
 - **ByteCount** set to **FieldOffset(FILE_NAME_INFORMATION.FileName) + FileNameLength**.
 - **Status** set to STATUS_SUCCESS.

2.1.5.11.31 FileIdInformation

OutputBuffer is of type FILE_ID_INFORMATION as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.43.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **OutputBufferSize** is smaller than **sizeof(FILE_ID_INFORMATION)**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INFO_LENGTH_MISMATCH.
- **OutputBuffer** MUST be constructed as follows:
 - **OutputBuffer.VolumeSerialNumber** set to **Open.File.Volume.VolumeSerialNumber**.
 - **OutBuffer.FileId** set to **Open.File.FileId128**.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
 - **ByteCount** set to **sizeof(FILE_ID_INFORMATION)**
 - **Status** set to STATUS_SUCCESS.

2.1.5.12 Server Requests a Query of File System Information

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataFile or DirectoryFile.
- **OutputBufferSize:** The maximum number of bytes to be returned in **OutputBuffer**.
- **FsInformationClass:** The type of information being queried, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.5.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.

- **OutputBuffer:** An array of bytes containing the file system information. The structure of these bytes is dependent on **FsInformationClass**, as noted in the relevant subsection.
- **ByteCount:** The number of bytes stored in **OutputBuffer**.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **FsInformationClass** is not defined in [MS-FSCC] section 2.5, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER.

2.1.5.12.1 FileFsVolumeInformation

OutputBuffer is of type FILE_FS_VOLUME_INFORMATION, as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.5.9.

This routine uses the following local variables:

- 32-bit unsigned integers: *RemainingLength*, *BytesToCopy*

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **OutputBufferSize** is smaller than **BlockAlign(FieldOffset(FILE_FS_VOLUME_INFORMATION.VolumeLabel), 8)**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INFO_LENGTH_MISMATCH.
- **OutputBuffer** MUST be constructed as follows:
 - **OutputBuffer.VolumeCreationTime** set to **Open.File.Volume.VolumeCreationTime**.
 - **OutputBuffer.VolumeSerialNumber** set to **Open.File.Volume.VolumeSerialNumber**.
 - **OutputBuffer.VolumeLabelLength** set to the length, in bytes, of the **Open.File.Volume.VolumeLabel** string. This value can be zero.
 - **OutputBuffer.SupportsObjects** set to TRUE.
- Set *RemainingLength* to **OutputBufferSize - FieldOffset(FILE_FS_VOLUME_INFORMATION.VolumeLabel)**.
- If *RemainingLength* < **OutputBuffer.VolumeLabelLength**:
 - Set *BytesToCopy* to *RemainingLength*.
- Else:
 - Set *BytesToCopy* to **OutputBuffer.VolumeLabelLength**.
- EndIf
- Copy *BytesToCopy* bytes from **Volume.VolumeLabel** to **OutputBuffer.VolumeLabel**.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
 - **ByteCount** set to **FieldOffset(FILE_FS_VOLUME_INFORMATION.VolumeLabel) + BytesToCopy**.
 - **Status** set to STATUS_BUFFER_OVERFLOW if *BytesToCopy* < **OutputBuffer.VolumeLabelLength** else STATUS_SUCCESS.

2.1.5.12.2 FileFsLabelInformation

This operation is not supported and MUST be failed with STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED.

2.1.5.12.3 FileFsSizeInformation

OutputBuffer is of type FILE_FS_SIZE_INFORMATION as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.5.8.

This routine uses the following local variables:

- 64-bit unsigned integer: *RemainingQuota*
- FILE_QUOTA_INFORMATION element: *QuotaEntry*

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **OutputBufferSize** is smaller than **sizeof(FILE_FS_SIZE_INFORMATION)**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INFO_LENGTH_MISMATCH.
- **OutputBuffer** MUST be constructed as follows:
 - **OutputBuffer.TotalAllocationUnits** set to **Open.File.Volume.TotalSpace / Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize**.
 - **OutputBuffer.AvailableAllocationUnits** set to **(Open.File.Volume.FreeSpace - Open.File.Volume.ReservedSpace) / Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize**.
 - **OutputBuffer.SectorsPerAllocationUnit** set to **Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize / Open.File.Volume.LogicalBytesPerSector**.
 - **OutputBuffer.BytesPerSector** set to **Open.File.Volume.LogicalBytesPerSector**.
- If **Open.File.Volume.QuotaInformation** contains an entry *QuotaEntry* that matches the SID of the current **Open**, the object store MUST modify the returned information based on *QuotaEntry* as follows:
 - If *QuotaEntry.QuotaLimit* < **Open.File.Volume.TotalSpace**:
 - **OutputBuffer.TotalAllocationUnits** MUST be set to *QuotaEntry.QuotaLimit / Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize*.
 - EndIf
 - If *QuotaEntry.QuotaLimit* <= *QuotaEntry.QuotaUsed*:
 - *RemainingQuota* MUST be set to 0.
 - Else
 - *RemainingQuota* MUST be set to *QuotaEntry.QuotaLimit - QuotaEntry.QuotaUsed*.
 - EndIf
 - If *RemainingQuota* < **(Open.File.Volume.FreeSpace - Open.File.Volume.ReservedSpace)**:
 - **OutputBuffer.AvailableAllocationUnits** MUST be set to *RemainingQuota / Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize*.
 - EndIf
- EndIf
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
 - **ByteCount** MUST be set to **sizeof(FILE_FS_SIZE_INFORMATION)**.

- **Status** set to STATUS_SUCCESS.

2.1.5.12.4 FileFsDeviceInformation

OutputBuffer is of type FILE_FS_DEVICE_INFORMATION, as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.5.10.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **OutputBufferSize** is smaller than **sizeof(FILE_FS_DEVICE_INFORMATION)**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INFO_LENGTH_MISMATCH .
- **OutputBuffer** MUST be constructed as follows:
 - **OutputBuffer.DeviceType** set to FILE_DEVICE_DISK or FILE_DEVICE_CD_ROM, as defined in [MS-FSCC] section 2.5.10, depending on the type of media that **Open.File.Volume** is mounted on.
 - **OutputBuffer.Characteristics** set to **Open.File.Volume.VolumeCharacteristics**.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
 - **ByteCount** set to **sizeof(FILE_FS_DEVICE_INFORMATION)**.
 - **Status** set to STATUS_SUCCESS.

2.1.5.12.5 FileFsAttributeInformation

OutputBuffer is of type FILE_FS_ATTRIBUTE_INFORMATION, as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.5.1.

This routine uses the following local variables:

- 32-bit unsigned integer: *RemainingLength*, *BytesToCopy*

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **OutputBufferSize** is smaller than **BlockAlign(FieldOffset(FILE_FS_ATTRIBUTE_INFORMATION.FileSystemName), 4)**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INFO_LENGTH_MISMATCH.
- **OutputBuffer** MUST be constructed as follows:
 - **OutputBuffer.FileSystemAttributes** set to appropriate values, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.5.1, based on the implementation of the given file system.<153>
 - **OutputBuffer.MaximumComponentNameLength** set to different values depending on the file system.<154>
 - **OutputBuffer.FileSystemNameLength** set to the length, in bytes, of the name of the file system on **Open.File.Volume**.
- Set *RemainingLength* to **OutputBufferSize - FieldOffset(FILE_FS_ATTRIBUTE_INFORMATION.FileSystemName)**.
- If *RemainingLength* < **OutputBuffer.FileSystemNameLength**.
 - Set *BytesToCopy* to *RemainingLength*.
- Else
 - Set *BytesToCopy* to **OutputBuffer.FileSystemNameLength**.

- EndIf
- Copy *BytesToCopy* bytes from the file system name string to **OutputBuffer.FileSystemName**.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
 - **ByteCount** set to **FieldOffset(FILE_FS_ATTRIBUTE_INFORMATION.FileSystemName)+BytesToCopy**.
 - **Status** set to STATUS_BUFFER_OVERFLOW if *BytesToCopy* < **OutputBuffer.FileSystemNameLength** else STATUS_SUCCESS.

2.1.5.12.6 FileFsControlInformation

OutputBuffer is of type FILE_FS_CONTROL_INFORMATION, as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.5.2.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **OutputBufferSize** is smaller than **BlockAlign(sizeof(FILE_FS_CONTROL_INFORMATION), 8)** the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INFO_LENGTH_MISMATCH.
- Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER.<155>
- If **Open.File.Volume.IsQuotasSupported** is FALSE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_VOLUME_NOT_UPGRADED.
- The object store MUST initialize all fields in **OutputBuffer** to zero.
- If Quotas are supported on **Open.File.Volume**, the object store MUST set fields in **OutputBuffer** as follows:
 - **OutputBuffer.DefaultQuotaThreshold** set to **Open.File.Volume.DefaultQuotaThreshold**.
 - **OutputBuffer.DefaultQuotaLimit** set to **Open.File.Volume.DefaultQuotaLimit**.
 - **OutputBuffer.FileSystemControlFlags** set to **Open.File.Volume.VolumeQuotaState**.
- EndIf
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
 - **ByteCount** set to **sizeof(FILE_FS_CONTROL_INFORMATION)**.
 - **Status** set to STATUS_SUCCESS.

2.1.5.12.7 FileFsFullSizeInformation

OutputBuffer is of type FILE_FS_FULL_SIZE_INFORMATION, as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.5.4.

This routine uses the following local variables:

- 64-bit unsigned integer: *RemainingQuota*
- FILE_QUOTA_INFORMATION element: *QuotaEntry*

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **OutputBufferSize** is smaller than **sizeof(FILE_FS_FULL_SIZE_INFORMATION)**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INFO_LENGTH_MISMATCH.

- **OutputBuffer** MUST be constructed as follows:
 - **OutputBuffer.TotalAllocationUnits** set to **Open.File.Volume.TotalSpace / Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize**.
 - **OutputBuffer.CallerAvailableAllocationUnits** set to **(Open.File.Volume.FreeSpace - Open.File.Volume.ReservedSpace) / Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize**.
 - **OutputBuffer.ActualAvailableAllocationUnits** set to **(Open.File.Volume.FreeSpace - Open.File.Volume.ReservedSpace) / Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize**.
 - **OutputBuffer.SectorsPerAllocationUnit** set to **Volume.ClusterSize / Open.File.Volume.LogicalBytesPerSector**.
 - **OutputBuffer.BytesPerSector** set to **Open.File.Volume.LogicalBytesPerSector**.
- If **Open.File.Volume.QuotaInformation** contains an entry *QuotaEntry* that matches the SID of the current **Open**, the object store MUST modify the returned information based on *QuotaEntry* as follows:
 - If *QuotaEntry.QuotaLimit* < **Open.File.Volume.TotalSpace**:
 - **OutputBuffer.TotalAllocationUnits** MUST be set to *QuotaEntry.QuotaLimit / Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize*.
 - EndIf
 - If *QuotaEntry.QuotaLimit* <= *QuotaEntry.QuotaUsed*:
 - *RemainingQuota* MUST be set to 0.
 - Else
 - *RemainingQuota* MUST be set to *QuotaEntry.QuotaLimit - QuotaEntry.QuotaUsed*.
 - EndIf
 - If *RemainingQuota* < **(Open.File.Volume.FreeSpace - Open.File.Volume.ReservedSpace)**:
 - **OutputBuffer.CallerAvailableAllocationUnits** MUST be set to *RemainingQuota / Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize*.
 - EndIf
- EndIf
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
 - **ByteCount** set to *sizeof(FILE_FS_FULL_SIZE_INFORMATION)*.
 - **Status** set to STATUS_SUCCESS.

2.1.5.12.8 FileFsObjectIdInformation

OutputBuffer is a FILE_FS_OBJECTID_INFORMATION structure as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.5.6.<156>

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **OutputBufferSize** is less than *sizeof(FILE_FS_OBJECTID_INFORMATION)*, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INFO_LENGTH_MISMATCH.

- Support for ObjectIDs is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER.<157>
- If **Open.File.Volume.IsObjectIDsSupported** is FALSE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_VOLUME_NOT_UPGRADED.
- If **Open.File.Volume.VolumeId** is empty, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_OBJECT_NAME_NOT_FOUND.
- **OutputBuffer** MUST be constructed as follows:
 - **OutputBuffer.ObjectId** set to **Open.File.Volume.VolumeId**.
 - **OutputBuffer.ExtendedInfo** set to **Open.File.Volume.ExtendedInfo**.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
 - **ByteCount** set to *sizeof(FILE_FS_OBJECTID_INFORMATION)*.
 - **Status** set to STATUS_SUCCESS.

2.1.5.12.9 FileFsDriverPathInformation

This operation is not supported and MUST be failed with STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED.

2.1.5.12.10 FileFsSectorSizeInformation

OutputBuffer is of type FILE_FS_SECTOR_SIZE_INFORMATION as defined in [MS-FSCC] section 2.5.7.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **OutputBufferSize** is smaller than *sizeof(FILE_FS_SECTOR_SIZE_INFORMATION)*, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INFO_LENGTH_MISMATCH.
- **OutputBuffer** MUST be constructed as follows:
 - **OutputBuffer.LogicalBytesPerSector** set to **Open.File.Volume.LogicalBytesPerSector**.
 - **OutputBuffer.PhysicalBytesPerSectorForAtomicity** is computed as follows:
 - Set **OutputBuffer.PhysicalBytesPerSectorForAtomicity** to the physical sector size reported from the storage device underlying the object store.
 - If there was an issue with retrieving the physical sector size information:
 - Set **OutputBuffer.PhysicalBytesPerSectorForAtomicity** to **Open.File.Volume.LogicalBytesPerSector**.
 - ElseIf **OutputBuffer.PhysicalBytesPerSectorForAtomicity** is NOT a power of two, OR

OutputBuffer.PhysicalBytesPerSectorForAtomicity is less than **Open.File.Volume.LogicalBytesPerSector**, OR

OutputBuffer.PhysicalBytesPerSectorForAtomicity is not a multiple of **Open.File.Volume.LogicalBytesPerSector**:

- Set **OutputBuffer.PhysicalBytesPerSectorForAtomicity** to **Open.File.Volume.LogicalBytesPerSector**.
- EndIf

- **OutputBuffer.PhysicalBytesPerSectorForPerformance** is set to **OutputBuffer.PhysicalBytesPerSectorForAtomicity**.
- **OutputBuffer.FileSystemEffectivePhysicalBytesPerSectorForAtomicity** is computed as follows:
 - If **OutputBuffer.PhysicalBytesPerSectorForAtomicity** is greater than **Open.File.Volume.SystemPageSize**:
 - Set **OutputBuffer.FileSystemEffectivePhysicalBytesPerSectorForAtomicity** to **Open.File.Volume.SystemPageSize**.
 - Else:
 - Set **OutputBuffer.FileSystemEffectivePhysicalBytesPerSectorForAtomicity** to **OutputBuffer.PhysicalBytesPerSectorForAtomicity**.
 - EndIf
- **OutputBuffer.ByteOffsetForSectorAlignment** is computed as follows:
 - Set **OutputBuffer.ByteOffsetForSectorAlignment** to the physical offset alignment reported by the storage device.
 - If there was an issue with retrieving the physical offset alignment:
 - Set **OutputBuffer.ByteOffsetForSectorAlignment** to SSINFO_OFFSET_UNKNOWN.
 - EndIf
- **OutputBuffer.ByteOffsetForPartitionAlignment** is computed as follows:
 - Set **OutputBuffer.ByteOffsetForPartitionAlignment** to **(Open.File.Volume.PartitionOffset % OutputBuffer.PhysicalBytesPerSectorForAtomicity)**.
- **OutputBuffer.Flags** is set as follows:
 - Set SSINFO_FLAGS_ALIGNED_DEVICE, SSINFO_FLAGS_PARTITION_ALIGNED_ON_DEVICE flags in **OutputBuffer.Flags**.
 - If **OutputBuffer.ByteOffsetForSectorAlignment** is not zero:
 - Clear SSINFO_FLAGS_ALIGNED_DEVICE flag in **OutputBuffer.Flags**.
 - EndIf
 - If **OutputBuffer.ByteOffsetForSectorAlignment** is not equal to **((OutputBuffer.PhysicalBytesPerSectorForAtomicity - OutputBuffer.ByteOffsetForPartitionAlignment) % OutputBuffer.PhysicalBytesPerSectorForAtomicity)** :
 - Clear SSINFO_FLAGS_PARTITION_ALIGNED_ON_DEVICE flag in **OutputBuffer.Flags**
 - EndIf
 - Query the storage device underlying the object store to determine if there is a seek penalty. If there is not a seek penalty, set SSINFO_FLAGS_NO_SEEK_PENALTY flag in **OutputBuffer.Flags**.

- Query the storage device underlying the object store to determine if either the TRIM (T13-ATA) or UNMAP (T10-SCSI/SAS) commands are supported. If either command is supported, set SSINFO_FLAGS_TRIM_ENABLED flag in **OutputBuffer.Flags**.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
 - **ByteCount** set to the size of the FILE_FS_SECTOR_SIZE_INFORMATION structure
 - **Status** set to STATUS_SUCCESS.

2.1.5.13 Server Requests a Query of Security Information

If the object store does not implement security, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_DEVICE_REQUEST.<158>

The server provides:

- **Open:** The **Open** on which security information is being queried.
- **OutputBufferSize:** The maximum number of bytes to return in **OutputBuffer**.
- **SecurityInformation:** A SECURITY_INFORMATION data type, as defined in [MS-DTYP] section 2.4.7.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.
- **OutputBuffer:** An array of **OutputBufferSize** bytes formatted as a SECURITY_DESCRIPTOR structure in self-relative format, as described in [MS-DTYP] section 2.4.6.
- **ByteCount:** If the operation returns STATUS_SUCCESS, this will be set to the count of bytes filled into **OutputBuffer**. If the operation returns STATUS_BUFFER_OVERFLOW, this will be set to the required size, in bytes, of **OutputBuffer** so that the security descriptor will fit.

This routine uses the following local variables:

- A 32-bit unsigned integer used as a byte index into **OutputBuffer**: *NextFree*
- 32-bit unsigned integers: *SaclLength*, *MaclLength*

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- Let **sizeof(SECURITY_DESCRIPTOR_RELATIVE)** equal the number of bytes occupied by the **Revision**, **Sbz1**, **Control**, **OffsetOwner**, **OffsetGroup**, **OffsetSacl**, and **OffsetDacl** fields of **OutputBuffer** (that is, the total size of those fields in a SECURITY_DESCRIPTOR in self-relative format, as described in [MS-DTYP] section 2.4.6).
- The operation MUST be failed with STATUS_ACCESS_DENIED under either of the following conditions:
 - **SecurityInformation** contains any of OWNER_SECURITY_INFORMATION, GROUP_SECURITY_INFORMATION, LABEL_SECURITY_INFORMATION, or DACL_SECURITY_INFORMATION, and **Open.GrantedAccess** does not contain READ_CONTROL.
 - **SecurityInformation** contains SACL_SECURITY_INFORMATION and **Open.GrantedAccess** does not contain ACCESS_SYSTEM_SECURITY.

- If **Open.Stream.StreamType** is **DataStream** and **Open.Stream.Name** is not empty, the operation MUST be failed with **STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER**; security information can be may only be queried on a file or directory handle, not on a stream handle.
- If **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor** is empty:
 - If **OutputBufferSize** is smaller than **sizeof(SEcurity_DESCRIPTOR_RELATIVE)**, the object store MUST set **ByteCount** equal to **sizeof(SEcurity_DESCRIPTOR_RELATIVE)**, and the operation MUST be failed with **STATUS_BUFFER_OVERFLOW**.
 - The object store MUST set **OutputBuffer.Revision** equal to 1; all other fields of **OutputBuffer** MUST be filled with NULL characters.
 - The object store MUST set the Self Relative (SR) bit in **OutputBuffer.Control**.
 - The operation returns **STATUS_SUCCESS** at this point.
- EndIf
- Set **ByteCount** equal to **sizeof(SEcurity_DESCRIPTOR_RELATIVE)**.
- If **SecurityInformation** contains **OWNER_SECURITY_INFORMATION** and **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Owner** is not NULL:
 - **ByteCount** += **BlockAlign(SidLength(Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Owner), 4)**
- EndIf
- If **SecurityInformation** contains **GROUP_SECURITY_INFORMATION** and **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Group** is not NULL:
 - **ByteCount** += **BlockAlign(SidLength (Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Group), 4)**
- EndIf
- If **SecurityInformation** contains **DACL_SECURITY_INFORMATION** and the **DACL Present (DP)** bit is set in **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Control** and **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Dacl** is not NULL:
 - **ByteCount** += **BlockAlign(SidLength(Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Dacl.AclSize), 4)**
- EndIf
- If **SecurityInformation** contains **SACL_SECURITY_INFORMATION|LABEL_SECURITY_INFORMATION** and the **SACL Present (SP)** bit is set in **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Control** and
 - **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Sacl** is not NULL:
 - $SaclLength = \mathit{BlockAlign}(\mathit{SidLength}(\mathit{Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Sacl.AclSize}), 4)$
 - **ByteCount** += *SaclLength*
- Else
 - If **SecurityInformation** contains **SACL_SECURITY_INFORMATION** and the **SACL Present (SP)** bit is set in **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Control** and **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Sacl** is not NULL:
 - $SaclLength = \mathit{BlockAlign}(\mathit{SidLength}(\mathit{Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Sacl.AclSize}), 4)$

- For each access control entry (ACE) (as defined in [MS-DTYP] section 2.4.4) in **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Sacl** whose **AceType** field is SYSTEM_MANDATORY_LABEL_ACE_TYPE:
 - *SaclLength* -= this ACE's **AceSize** field
- EndFor
- **ByteCount** += *SaclLength*
- EndIf
- If **SecurityInformation** contains LABEL_SECURITY_INFORMATION and the SACL Present (SP) bit is set in **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Control** and **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Sacl** is not NULL:
 - *MaclLength* = **BlockAlign**((size of ACL as defined in [MS-DTYP] section 2.4.5), 4)
 - For each ACE (as defined in [MS-DTYP] section 2.4.4) in **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Sacl** whose **AceType** field is SYSTEM_MANDATORY_LABEL_ACE_TYPE:
 - *MaclLength* += this ACE's **AceSize** field
 - EndFor
 - **ByteCount** += *MaclLength*
- EndIf
- EndIf
- If **ByteCount** is greater than **OutputBufferSize**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_BUFFER_OVERFLOW.
- The object store MUST set **OutputBuffer.Revision** equal to 1; all other fields of **OutputBuffer** MUST be filled with NULL characters.
- The object store MUST set the Self Relative (SR) bit in **OutputBuffer.Control**.
- Set *NextFree* to **sizeof**(SECURITY_DESCRIPTOR_RELATIVE) (that is, to the offset of **OutputBuffer.OwnerSid**).
- If **SecurityInformation** contains OWNER_SECURITY_INFORMATION and **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Owner** is not NULL:
 - The object store MUST copy **SidLength**(**Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Owner**) bytes from **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Owner** to **OutputBuffer** at the position of *NextFree*.
 - The object store MUST set **OutputBuffer.OffsetOwner** equal to *NextFree*.
 - The object store MUST set the state of the Owner Defaulted (OD) bit of **OutputBuffer.Control** equal to the state of the same bit in **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Control**.
 - *NextFree* += **BlockAlign**(**SidLength**(**Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Owner**), 4).
- EndIf
- If **SecurityInformation** contains GROUP_SECURITY_INFORMATION and **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Group** is not NULL:

- The object store MUST copy **SidLength(Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Group)** bytes from **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Group** to **OutputBuffer** at the position of *NextFree*.
- The object store MUST set **OutputBuffer.OffsetGroup** equal to *NextFree*.
- The object store MUST set the state of the Group Defaulted (GD) bit of **OutputBuffer.Control** equal to the state of the same bit in **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Control**.
- $NextFree += \mathbf{BlockAlign}(\mathbf{SidLength}(\mathbf{Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Group}), 4)$.
- EndIf
- If **SecurityInformation** contains DACL_SECURITY_INFORMATION:
 - The object store MUST set the state of the DACL Present (DP), DACL Defaulted (DD), DACL Protected (PD), and DACL Auto-Inherited (DI) bits of **OutputBuffer.Control** equal to the state of the same bits in **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Control**.
 - If the DACL Present (DP) bit is set in **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Control** and **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Dacl** is not NULL:
 - The object store MUST copy **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Dacl.AclSize** bytes from **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Dacl** to **OutputBuffer** at the position of *NextFree*.
 - The object store MUST set **OutputBuffer.OffsetDacl** equal to *NextFree*.
 - $NextFree += \mathbf{BlockAlign}(\mathbf{Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Dacl.AclSize}, 4)$.
 - EndIf
- EndIf
- If **SecurityInformation** contains
SACL_SECURITY_INFORMATION|LABEL_SECURITY_INFORMATION:
 - The object store MUST set the state of the SACL Present (SP), SACL Defaulted (SD), SACL Protected (PS), and SACL Auto-Inherited (SI) bits of **OutputBuffer.Control** equal to the state of the same bits in **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Control**.
 - If the SACL Present (SP) bit is set in **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Control** and **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Sacl** is not NULL:
 - The object store MUST copy **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Sacl.AclSize** bytes from **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Sacl** to **OutputBuffer** at the position of *NextFree*.
 - The object store MUST set **OutputBuffer.OffsetSacl** equal to *NextFree*.
 - $NextFree += \mathit{SaclLength}$.
 - EndIf
- Else
 - If **SecurityInformation** contains SACL_SECURITY_INFORMATION:
 - The object store MUST set the state of the SACL Present (SP), SACL Defaulted (SD), SACL Protected (PS), and SACL Auto-Inherited (SI) bits of **OutputBuffer.Control** equal to the state of the same bits in **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Control**.
 - If the SACL Present (SP) bit is set in **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Control** and **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Sacl** is not NULL:

- Perform an ACE copy according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.13.1, setting the ACE copy algorithm's parameters as follows:
 - **DestSacl** equal to the position in **OutputBuffer** of *NextFree*.
 - **SrcSacl** equal to **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Sacl**.
 - **CopyAudit** set to TRUE.
- The object store MUST set **OutputBuffer.OffsetSacl** equal to *NextFree*.
- *NextFree += SaclLength*.
- EndIf
- Else If **SecurityInformation** contains LABEL_SECURITY_INFORMATION:
 - The object store MUST set the state of the SACL Present (SP), SACL Defaulted (SD), SACL Protected (PS), and SACL Auto-Inherited (SI) bits of **OutputBuffer.Control** equal to the state of the same bits in **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Control**.
 - If the SACL Present (SP) bit is set in **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Control** and **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Sacl** is not NULL:
 - Perform an ACE copy according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.13.1, setting the ACE copy algorithm's parameters as follows:
 - **DestSacl** equal to the position in **OutputBuffer** of *NextFree*.
 - **SrcSacl** equal to **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Sacl**.
 - **CopyAudit** set to FALSE.
 - The object store MUST set **OutputBuffer.OffsetSacl** equal to *NextFree*.
 - *NextFree += MacLength*.
 - EndIf
- EndIf
- The operation returns STATUS_SUCCESS.

2.1.5.13.1 Algorithm for Copying Audit or Label ACEs Into a Buffer

The inputs for an ACE copy are:

- **DestSacl:** A destination buffer formatted as an access control list (ACL), as defined in [MS-DTYP] section 2.4.5.
- **SrcSacl:** A source buffer formatted as an ACL, as defined in [MS-DTYP] section 2.4.5.
- **CopyAudit:** A Boolean value. If TRUE, this algorithm copies only ACEs whose **AceType** field is not SYSTEM_MANDATORY_LABEL_ACE_TYPE. If FALSE, this algorithm copies only ACEs whose **AceType** field is SYSTEM_MANDATORY_LABEL_ACE_TYPE.

The ACE copy algorithm uses the following local variables:

- ACE (as defined in [MS-DTYP] section 2.4.4): *ThisAce*

- Byte pointer: *NextFree*

Pseudocode for the algorithm is as follows:

- Copy (size of ACL as defined in [MS-DTYP] section 2.4.5) bytes from **SrcSacl** to **DestSacl**.
- Set **DestSacl.AceCount** to 0.
- Set **DestSacl.AclSize** to (size of ACL as defined in [MS-DTYP] section 2.4.5).
- Set *NextFree* to (size of ACL as defined in [MS-DTYP] section 2.4.5) bytes from the beginning of **DestSacl**.
- For each ACE *ThisAce* in **SrcSacl**:
 - If ((**CopyAudit** is TRUE and *ThisAce.AceType* is not SYSTEM_MANDATORY_LABEL_ACE_TYPE) or (**CopyAudit** is FALSE and *ThisAce.AceType* is SYSTEM_MANDATORY_LABEL_ACE_TYPE)):
 - Copy *ThisAce.AceSize* bytes from *ThisAce* to *NextFree*.
 - **DestSacl.AceCount** += 1
 - **DestSacl.AclSize** = **DestSacl.AclSize** + *ThisAce.AceSize*
 - Advance *NextFree* by *ThisAce.AceSize* bytes.
 - EndIf
- EndFor

2.1.5.14 Server Requests Setting of File Information

The server provides:

- **Open**: An **Open** of a DataFile or DirectoryFile.
- **FileInformationClass**: The type of information being applied, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.
- **InputBuffer**: A buffer that contains the information to be applied to the object.
- **InputBufferSize**: The size of the buffer provided.

The object store MUST return:

- **Status**: An NTSTATUS code indicating the result of the operation.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **Open.File.Volume.IsReadOnly** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_MEDIA_WRITE_PROTECTED.

2.1.5.14.1 (Updated Section) FileAllocationInformation

InputBuffer is of type FILE_ALLOCATION_INFORMATION as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.4.

This operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER under any of the following conditions:

- If **Open.Stream.StreamType** is DirectoryStream.

- If **InputBuffer.AllocationSize** is greater than the maximum file size allowed by the object store. <159>

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **InputBufferSize** is less than the size, in bytes, of the FILE_ALLOCATION_INFORMATION structure, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INFO_LENGTH_MISMATCH.
- If **Open.GrantedAccess** does not contain FILE_WRITE_DATA, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_ACCESS_DENIED.
- If **Open.Stream.Oplock** is not empty, the object store MUST check for an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12, with input values as follows:
 - **Open** equal to this operation's **Open**
 - **Oplock** equal to **Open.Stream.Oplock**
 - **Operation** equal to "SET_INFORMATION"
 - **OpParams** containing a member **FileInformationClass** containing **FileAllocationInformation**
- If the **Oplock** member of the **DirectoryStream** in **Open.Link.ParentFile.StreamList** (hereinafter referred to as *ParentOplock*) is not empty, the object store MUST check for an oplock break on the parent according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12, with input values as follows:
 - **Open** equal to this operation's **Open**
 - **Oplock** equal to *ParentOplock*
 - **Operation** equal to "SET_INFORMATION"
 - **OpParams** containing a member **FileInformationClass** containing **FileAllocationInformation**
 - **Flags** equal to "PARENT_OBJECT"
- If **Open.Stream.IsDeleted** is TRUE, the operation SHOULD return STATUS_SUCCESS.
- Set *NewAllocationSize* to **BlockAlign(InputBuffer.AllocationSize,Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize)** as described in section 2.1.4.5.
- If **Open.Stream.AllocationSize** is equal to *NewAllocationSize*, the operation MUST return STATUS_SUCCESS.
- If the space for *NewAllocationSize* cannot be reserved in the storage media, then the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_DISK_FULL.
- **Open.Stream.AllocationSize** MUST be set to *NewAllocationSize*.
- If **InputBuffer.AllocationSize** is less than **Open.Stream.Size**:
 - Set *NewFileSize* to **min(Open.Stream.Size, NewAllocationSize157160)**.
 - If *NewFileSize* is less than **Open.Stream.Size**:
 - The object store MUST set **Open.Stream.Size** to *NewFileSize*, truncating the stream.

- The object store MUST post a USN change as specified in section 2.1.4.11 with **File** equal to **File**, **Reason** equal to USN_REASON_DATA_TRUNCATION, and **FileName** equal to **Open.Link.Name**.
- If the object store supports **Open.File.Volume.ClusterRefcount**, for each EXTENTS that is removed from **Open.Stream.ExtentList** as a result of truncation, for each cluster that is being referred to by the EXTENTS being removed, its entry in **Open.File.Volume.ClusterRefcount** MUST be decremented. If the corresponding cluster's reference count goes to zero, then that cluster MUST also be freed.
- EndIf
- EndIf
- If **Open.Stream.ValidDataLength** is greater than **Open.Stream.Size**, then the object store MUST set **Open.Stream.ValidDataLength** to **Open.Stream.Size**.
- The object store MUST note that the file has been modified as specified in section 2.1.4.17 with **Open** equal to **Open**.
- The object store MUST update the duplicated information as specified in section 2.1.4.18 with **Link** equal to **Open.Link**.
- The operation returns STATUS_SUCCESS.

2.1.5.14.2 FileBasicInformation

InputBuffer is of type FILE_BASIC_INFORMATION as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.7.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **InputBufferSize** is less than **sizeof(FILE_BASIC_INFORMATION)**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INFO_LENGTH_MISMATCH.
- The operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER under any of the following conditions:
 - If **InputBuffer.CreationTime** is less than -2.
 - If **InputBuffer.LastAccessTime** is less than -2.
 - If **InputBuffer.LastWriteTime** is less than -2.
 - If **InputBuffer.ChangeTime** is less than -2.<161>
 - If **InputBuffer.FileAttributes.FILE_ATTRIBUTE_DIRECTORY** is TRUE and **Open.Stream.StreamType** is DataStream.
 - If **InputBuffer.FileAttributes.FILE_ATTRIBUTE_TEMPORARY** is TRUE and **Open.File.FileType** is DirectoryFile.
- The object store MUST initialize local variables as follows:
 - *CurrentTime* to the current system time.
 - *OriginalFileAttributes* to **Open.File.FileAttributes**.
 - Initialize *UsnReason* to zero.

- *ValidSetAttributes* to (FILE_ATTRIBUTE_READONLY | FILE_ATTRIBUTE_HIDDEN | FILE_ATTRIBUTE_SYSTEM | FILE_ATTRIBUTE_ARCHIVE | FILE_ATTRIBUTE_TEMPORARY | FILE_ATTRIBUTE_OFFLINE | FILE_ATTRIBUTE_NOT_CONTENT_INDEXED)
- *BreakParentOplock* to FALSE.
- If **InputBuffer.FileAttributes** != 0:
 - If **Open.File** is equal to **Open.File.Volume.RootDirectory**, the object store MUST NOT allow the application to change the hidden or system attributes:
 - *ValidSetAttributes* &= ~(FILE_ATTRIBUTE_HIDDEN | FILE_ATTRIBUTE_SYSTEM)
 - EndIf
 - **Open.File.FileAttributes** &= ~*ValidSetAttributes*
 - **Open.File.FileAttributes** |= (**InputBuffer.FileAttributes** & *ValidSetAttributes*)
 - If **Open.File.FileAttributes** is not equal to *OriginalFileAttributes*:
 - Set *BreakParentOplock* to TRUE.
 - The object store MUST set **Open.File.PendingNotifications.FILE_NOTIFY_CHANGE_ATTRIBUTES** to TRUE.
 - If **InputBuffer.FileAttributes.FILE_ATTRIBUTE_TEMPORARY** is TRUE, the object store MUST set **Open.Stream.IsTemporary** to TRUE; otherwise it MUST be set to FALSE.
 - If **Open.UserSetChangeTime** is FALSE and **InputBuffer.ChangeTime** != -1, the object store MUST set **Open.File.LastChangeTime** to *CurrentTime*.
 - If **Open.File.FileAttributes** is not equal to *OriginalFileAttributes*, the object store MUST set *UsnReason.USN_REASON_BASIC_INFO_CHANGE* to TRUE.
 - If **Open.File.FileAttributes.FILE_ATTRIBUTE_NOT_CONTENT_INDEXED** is not equal to *OriginalFileAttributes.FILE_ATTRIBUTE_NOT_CONTENT_INDEXED*, the object store MUST set *UsnReason.USN_REASON_INDEXABLE_CHANGE* to TRUE.
 - The object store MUST update the duplicated information as specified in section 2.1.4.18 with **Link** equal to **Open.Link**.
 - EndIf
- EndIf
- If **InputBuffer.ChangeTime** != 0:
 - If **InputBuffer.ChangeTime** != -2:
 - The object store MUST set **Open.UserSetChangeTime** to TRUE.
 - If **InputBuffer.ChangeTime** != -1:
 - Set *BreakParentOplock* to TRUE.
 - If **InputBuffer.ChangeTime** != **Open.File.LastChangeTime**, the object store MUST set *UsnReason.USN_REASON_BASIC_INFO_CHANGE* to TRUE.
 - The object store MUST set **Open.File.LastChangeTime** to **InputBuffer.ChangeTime**.

- EndIf
 - Else
 - The object store MUST set **Open.UserSetChangeTime** to FALSE.
 - EndIf
- EndIf
- If **InputBuffer.CreationTime** != 0 and **InputBuffer.CreationTime** != -1 and **InputBuffer.CreationTime** != -2:
 - Set *BreakParentOplock* to TRUE.
 - If **InputBuffer.CreationTime** != **Open.File.CreationTime**, the object store MUST set *UsnReason.USN_REASON_BASIC_INFO_CHANGE* to TRUE.
 - The object store MUST set **Open.File.CreationTime** to **InputBuffer.CreationTime**.
 - The object store MUST set **Open.File.PendingNotifications.FILE_NOTIFY_CHANGE_CREATION** to TRUE.
 - If **Open.UserSetChangeTime** is FALSE and **InputBuffer.ChangeTime** != -1, the object store MUST set **Open.File.LastChangeTime** to *CurrentTime*.
- EndIf
- If **InputBuffer.LastAccessTime** != 0:
 - If **InputBuffer.LastAccessTime** != -2:
 - The object store MUST set **Open.UserSetAccessTime** to TRUE.
 - If **InputBuffer.LastAccessTime** != -1:
 - Set *BreakParentOplock* to TRUE.
 - If **InputBuffer.LastAccessTime** != **Open.File.LastAccessTime**, the object store MUST set *UsnReason.USN_REASON_BASIC_INFO_CHANGE* to TRUE.
 - The object store MUST set **Open.File.LastAccessTime** to **InputBuffer.LastAccessTime**.
 - The object store MUST set **Open.File.PendingNotifications.FILE_NOTIFY_CHANGE_LAST_ACCESS** to TRUE.
 - If **Open.UserSetChangeTime** is FALSE and **InputBuffer.ChangeTime** != -1, the object store MUST set **Open.File.LastChangeTime** to *CurrentTime*.
 - EndIf
- Else:
 - The object store MUST set **Open.UserSetAccessTime** to FALSE.
- EndIf
- EndIf
- If **InputBuffer.LastWriteTime** != 0:
 - If **InputBuffer.LastWriteTime** != -2:

- The object store MUST set **Open.UserSetModificationTime** to TRUE.
- If **InputBuffer.LastWriteTime** != -1:
 - Set *BreakParentOplock* to TRUE.
 - If **InputBuffer.LastWriteTime** != **Open.File.LastModificationTime**, the object store MUST set *UsnReason.USN_REASON_BASIC_INFO_CHANGE* to TRUE.
 - The object store MUST set **Open.File.LastModificationTime** to **InputBuffer.LastWriteTime**.
 - The object store MUST set **Open.File.PendingNotifications.FILE_NOTIFY_CHANGE_LAST_WRITE** to TRUE.
 - If **Open.UserSetChangeTime** is FALSE and **InputBuffer.ChangeTime** != -1, the object store MUST set **Open.File.LastChangeTime** to *CurrentTime*.
- EndIf
- Else:
 - The object store MUST set **Open.UserSetModificationTime** to FALSE.
- EndIf
- EndIf
- If *BreakParentOplock* is TRUE:
 - If the **Oplock** member of the **DirectoryStream** in **Open.Link.ParentFile.StreamList** (hereinafter referred to as *ParentOplock*) is not empty, the object store MUST check for an oplock break on the parent according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12, with input values as follows:
 - **Open** equal to this operation's **Open**.
 - **Oplock** equal to *ParentOplock*.
 - **Operation** equal to "SET_INFORMATION"
 - **OpParams** containing a member **FileInformationClass** containing **FileBasicInformation**
 - **Flags** equal to "PARENT_OBJECT"
- EndIf
- The object store MUST post a USN change as specified in section 2.1.4.11 with **File** equal to **File**, **Reason** equal to *UsnReason*, and **FileName** equal to **Open.Link.Name**.
- The operation returns STATUS_SUCCESS.

2.1.5.14.3 FileDispositionInformation

InputBuffer is of type FILE_DISPOSITION_INFORMATION as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.11.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **InputBufferSize** is less than the size, in bytes, of the FILE_DISPOSITION_INFORMATION structure, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INFO_LENGTH_MISMATCH.

- If **Open.GrantedAccess** does not contain DELETE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_ACCESS_DENIED.
- If **InputBuffer.DeletePending** is TRUE:
 - If **File.FileAttributes.FILE_ATTRIBUTE_READONLY** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_CANNOT_DELETE.
 - If **Open.Stream.Name** is empty:
 - If **Open.Stream.StreamType** is DirectoryStream and **Open.File.DirectoryList** is not empty, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_DIRECTORY_NOT_EMPTY.
 - Set **Open.Link.IsDeleted** to TRUE.
 - If **Open.Stream.StreamType** is DirectoryStream:
 - For each *ChangeNotifyEntry* in **Volume.ChangeNotifyList** where *ChangeNotifyEntry.OpenedDirectoryFile* is equal to **Open.File** then the following actions MUST be taken:
 - Remove *ChangeNotifyEntry* from **Volume.ChangeNotifyList**.
 - Complete the **ChangeNotify** operation with status STATUS_DELETE_PENDING.
 - EndFor
 - EndIf
 - Else:
 - Set **Open.Stream.IsDeleted** to TRUE.
 - EndIf
- Else:
 - If **Open.Stream.Name** is empty:
 - Set **Open.Link.IsDeleted** to FALSE.
 - Else:
 - Set **Open.Stream.IsDeleted** to FALSE.
 - EndIf
- EndIf
- The operation returns STATUS_SUCCESS.

2.1.5.14.4 FileEndOfFileInformation

InputBuffer is of type FILE_END_OF_FILE_INFORMATION as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.13.<162>

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **InputBufferSize** is less than the size, in bytes, of the FILE_END_OF_FILE_INFORMATION structure, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INFO_LENGTH_MISMATCH.

- The operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER under any of the following conditions:
 - If **Open.Stream.StreamType** is DirectoryStream.
 - If **InputBuffer.EndOfFile** is greater than the maximum file size allowed by the object store.<163>
 - If **Open.GrantedAccess** does not contain FILE_WRITE_DATA, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_ACCESS_DENIED.
- If **Open.Stream.Oplock** is not empty, the object store MUST check for an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12, with input values as follows:
 - **Open** equal to this operation's **Open**
 - **Oplock** equal to **Open.Stream.Oplock**
 - **Operation** equal to "SET_INFORMATION"
 - **OpParams** containing a member **FileInformationClass** containing **FileEndOfFileInformation**
- If the **Oplock** member of the **DirectoryStream** in **Open.Link.ParentFile.StreamList** (hereinafter referred to as *ParentOplock*) is not empty, the object store MUST check for an oplock break on the parent according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12, with input values as follows:
 - **Open** equal to this operation's **Open**
 - **Oplock** equal to *ParentOplock*
 - **Operation** equal to "SET_INFORMATION"
 - **OpParams** containing a member **FileInformationClass** containing **FileEndOfFileInformation**
 - **Flags** equal to "PARENT_OBJECT"
- If **Open.Stream.IsDeleted** is TRUE, the operation SHOULD return STATUS_SUCCESS.
- If **Open.Stream.Size** is equal to **InputBuffer.EndOfFile**, the operation MUST return STATUS_SUCCESS at this point.
- If **InputBuffer.EndOfFile** is greater than **Open.Stream.Size**:
 - The object store MUST post a USN change as specified in section 2.1.4.11 with **File** equal to **File**, **Reason** equal to USN_REASON_DATA_EXTEND, and **FileName** equal to **Open.Link.Name**.
- Else:
 - The object store MUST post a USN change as specified in section 2.1.4.11 with **File** equal to **File**, **Reason** equal to USN_REASON_DATA_TRUNCATION, and **FileName** equal to **Open.Link.Name**.
- EndIf
- If **InputBuffer.EndOfFile** is greater than **Open.Stream.AllocationSize**, the object store MUST set **Open.Stream.AllocationSize** to **BlockAlign(InputBuffer.EndOfFile, Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize)**. If the space cannot be reserved, then the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_DISK_FULL.

- If the previous condition is true and the object Store supports **Open.File.Volume.ClusterRefCount**, for each cluster that has been reserved by the previous operation, the corresponding entry for that cluster's LCN in **Open.File.Volume.ClusterRefCount** MUST be incremented.
- If **InputBuffer.EndOfFile** is less than (**BlockAlign(Open.Stream.Size, Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize) - Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize**), the object store SHOULD set **Open.Stream.AllocationSize** to **BlockAlign (InputBuffer.EndOfFile, Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize)**.
- If **Open.Stream.ValidDataLength** is greater than **InputBuffer.EndOfFile**, the object store MUST set **Open.Stream.ValidDataLength** to **InputBuffer.EndOfFile**.
- The object store MUST set **Open.Stream.Size** to **InputBuffer.EndOfFile**.
- The object store MUST note that the file has been modified as specified in section 2.1.4.17 with **Open** equal to **Open**.
- The object store MUST update the duplicated information as specified in section 2.1.4.18 with **Link** equal to **Open.Link**.
- The operation returns STATUS_SUCCESS.

2.1.5.14.5 FileFullEaInformation

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_DEVICE_REQUEST.<164>

InputBuffer is of type FILE_FULL_EA_INFORMATION, as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.15.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **Open.File.FileAttributes.FILE_ATTRIBUTE_REPARSE_POINT** is TRUE, the object store MUST fail the operation with STATUS_EAS_NOT_SUPPORTED.
- For each *Ea* in **InputBuffer**:
 - If *Ea*.**EaName** is not well-formed as specified in [MS-FSCC] 2.4.15, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_EA_NAME.
 - If *Ea*.**Flags** does not contain a valid set of flags as specified in [MS-FSCC] 2.4.15, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_EA_NAME.
 - If *Ea*.**EaName** exists in the **Open.File.ExtendedAttributes**, remove that entry from **Open.File.ExtendedAttributes**, updating **Open.File.ExtendedAttributesLength** to reflect the new list size.
 - If *Ea*.**EaValueLength** is NOT zero, add *Ea* to **Open.File.ExtendedAttributes**, updating **Open.File.ExtendedAttributesLength** to reflect the new list size
 - If **Open.File.ExtendedAttributesLength** becomes greater than 64 KB - 5 bytes, the object store MUST fail the operation with STATUS_EA_TOO_LARGE and undo any changes made as part of this operation.
- EndFor
- If **Open.UserSetChangeTime** is FALSE, the object store MUST update **Open.File.LastChangeTime** to the current time.
- The object store MUST set **Open.File.FileAttributes.FILE_ATTRIBUTE_ARCHIVE** to TRUE.

- The object store MUST post a USN change as specified in section 2.1.4.11 with **File** equal to **File**, **Reason** equal to USN_REASON_EA_CHANGE, and **FileName** equal to **Open.Link.Name**.
- Set **Open.File.PendingNotifications.FILE_NOTIFY_CHANGE_EA** to TRUE and **Open.File.PendingNotifications.FILE_NOTIFY_CHANGE_ATTRIBUTES** to TRUE.

2.1.5.14.6 FileLinkInformation

InputBuffer is of type FILE_LINK_INFORMATION_TYPE_1, as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.21.1, for 32-bit local clients; or of type FILE_LINK_INFORMATION_TYPE_2, as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.21.2, for remote clients or 64-bit local clients. **Open** represents the pre-existing file to which a new link named in **InputBuffer.FileName** will be created.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **InputBufferSize** is less than the size, in bytes, of the FILE_LINK_INFORMATION_TYPE_1 structure (for 32-bit local clients) or the FILE_LINK_INFORMATION_TYPE_2 structure (for remote clients or 64-bit local clients), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INFO_LENGTH_MISMATCH.
- If **Open.Stream.StreamType** is DataStream and **Open.Stream.Name** is not empty, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER.
- If **Open.File.FileType** is DirectoryFile, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_FILE_IS_A_DIRECTORY.
- If **Open.Link.IsDeleted** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_ACCESS_DENIED.
- If **InputBuffer.FileName** is not valid as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.5, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_OBJECT_NAME_INVALID.
- If **Open.File.LinkList** has 1024 or more entries, the operation SHOULD be failed with STATUS_TOO_MANY_LINKS.
- Split **InputBuffer.FileName** into *PathName* and *FileName*, as specified in section 2.1.5.1.
- Open *DestinationDirectory* from *PathName*, as specified in section 2.1.5.1. If the open fails for any reason, the object store MUST fail the request with that error. This request requires that the caller has FILE_ADD_FILE access on the *DestinationDirectory* -- if not, the store MUST fail with STATUS_ACCESS_DENIED.
- Search *DestinationDirectory.File.DirectoryList* for an *ExistingLink* where *ExistingLink.Name* or *ExistingLink.ShortName* matches *FileName* using case-sensitivity according to **Open.IsCaseInsensitive**. If such a link is found:
 - If **InputBuffer.ReplaceIfExists** is TRUE:
 - Set *ReplacedLinkName* = *DestinationDirectory.FileName* + *FileName*.
 - Remove *ExistingLink* from *ExistingLink.File.LinkList*.
 - Remove *ExistingLink* from *DestinationDirectory.File.DirectoryList*.
 - Set *DeletedLink* to TRUE.
 - Else:
 - The operation MUST be failed with STATUS_OBJECT_NAME_COLLISION.
 - EndIf

- EndIf
- The object store MUST build a new Link object *NewLink* with fields initialized as follows:
 - *NewLink.Name* set to *FileName*.
 - *NewLink.File* set to **Open.File**.
 - *NewLink.ParentFile* set to *DestinationDirectory.File*.
 - All other fields set to zero.
- The object store MUST update the duplicated information as specified in section 2.1.4.18 with **Link** equal to *NewLink*.
- The object store MUST insert *NewLink* into **Open.File.LinkList**
- The object store MUST insert *NewLink* into *DestinationDirectory.File.DirectoryList*.
- The object store MUST update *DestinationDirectory.File.LastModificationTime*, *DestinationDirectory.File.LastAccessTime*, and *DestinationDirectory.File.LastChangeTime*.
- If the **Oplock** member of the **DirectoryStream** in *DestinationDirectory.File.StreamList* (hereinafter referred to as *ParentOplock*) is not empty, the object store MUST check for an oplock break on the parent according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12, with input values as follows:
 - **Open** equal to this operation's **Open**
 - **Oplock** equal to *ParentOplock*
 - **Operation** equal to "SET_INFORMATION"
 - **OpParams** containing a member **FileInformationClass** containing **FileLinkInformation**
 - **Flags** equal to "PARENT_OBJECT"
- If **Open.UserSetChangeTime** is FALSE, the object store MUST update **Open.File.LastChangeTime** to the current time.
- The object store MUST set **Open.File.FileAttributes.FILE_ATTRIBUTE_ARCHIVE**.
- If *DeletedLink* is TRUE:
 - If *ReplacedLinkName* equals **InputBuffer.FileName** in a case-sensitive comparison:
 - // In this case, the link name has not changed, but the file it refers to has changed.
 - *Action* = FILE_ACTION_MODIFIED
 - *FilterMatch* = FILE_NOTIFY_CHANGE_ATTRIBUTES | FILE_NOTIFY_CHANGE_SIZE | FILE_NOTIFY_CHANGE_LAST_WRITE | FILE_NOTIFY_CHANGE_LAST_ACCESS | FILE_NOTIFY_CHANGE_CREATION | FILE_NOTIFY_CHANGE_SECURITY | FILE_NOTIFY_CHANGE_EA
 - Send directory change notification as specified in section 2.1.4.1, with **Volume** equal to **File.Volume**, **Action** equal to *Action*, **FilterMatch** equal to *FilterMatch*, and **FileName** equal to **InputBuffer.FileName**.
 - Else
 - // In this case, the implementer replaced a link, but the new link created differs only in case.

- *Action* = FILE_ACTION_REMOVED
- *FilterMatch* = FILE_NOTIFY_CHANGE_FILE_NAME
- Send directory change notification as specified in section 2.1.4.1, with **Volume** equal to **File.Volume**, **Action** equal to *Action*, **FilterMatch** equal to *FilterMatch*, and **FileName** equal to **InputBuffer.FileName**.
- *Action* = FILE_ACTION_ADDED
- *FilterMatch* = FILE_NOTIFY_CHANGE_FILE_NAME
- Send directory change notification as specified in section 2.1.4.1, with **Volume** equal to **File.Volume**, **Action** equal to *Action*, **FilterMatch** equal to *FilterMatch*, and **FileName** equal to **InputBuffer.FileName**.
- EndIf
- Else
 - // If the implementer did not delete a link, all that needs to be done is to notify that a new link was created.
 - *Action* = FILE_ACTION_ADDED
 - *FilterMatch* = FILE_NOTIFY_CHANGE_FILE_NAME
 - Send directory change notification as specified in section 2.1.4.1, with **Volume** equal to **File.Volume**, **Action** equal to *Action*, **FilterMatch** equal to *FilterMatch*, and **FileName** equal to **InputBuffer.FileName**.
- EndIf
- The operation returns STATUS_SUCCESS.

2.1.5.14.7 FileModeInformation

InputBuffer is of type FILE_MODE_INFORMATION, as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.24.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **InputBufferSize** is less than the size, in bytes, of the FILE_MODE_INFORMATION structure, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INFO_LENGTH_MISMATCH.
- The operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER under any of the following conditions:
 - **InputBuffer.Mode** contains any flag, as defined in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.24, other than the following:
 - FILE_WRITE_THROUGH
 - FILE_SEQUENTIAL_ONLY
 - FILE_SYNCHRONOUS_IO_ALERT
 - FILE_SYNCHRONOUS_IO_NONALERT
 - **InputBuffer.Mode** contains either FILE_SYNCHRONOUS_IO_ALERT or FILE_SYNCHRONOUS_IO_NONALERT, but **Open.Mode** contains neither FILE_SYNCHRONOUS_IO_ALERT nor FILE_SYNCHRONOUS_IO_NONALERT.

- **Open.Mode** contains either FILE_SYNCHRONOUS_IO_ALERT or FILE_SYNCHRONOUS_IO_NONALERT, but **InputBuffer.Mode** contains neither the FILE_SYNCHRONOUS_IO_ALERT nor FILE_SYNCHRONOUS_IO_NONALERT flags.
- **InputBuffer.Mode** contains both FILE_SYNCHRONOUS_IO_ALERT and FILE_SYNCHRONOUS_IO_NONALERT.
- If **Open.Mode** does not contain FILE_NO_INTERMEDIATE_BUFFERING:
 - If **InputBuffer.Mode** contains FILE_WRITE_THROUGH, set **Open.Mode.FILE_WRITE_THROUGH** to TRUE; otherwise set it to FALSE.
- EndIf
- If **InputBuffer.Mode** contains FILE_SEQUENTIAL_ONLY, set **Open.Mode.FILE_SEQUENTIAL_ONLY** to TRUE; otherwise set it to FALSE.
- If **Open.Mode** contains either FILE_SYNCHRONOUS_IO_ALERT or FILE_SYNCHRONOUS_IO_NONALERT:
 - If **InputBuffer.Mode** contains FILE_SYNCHRONOUS_IO_ALERT, set **Open.Mode.FILE_SYNCHRONOUS_IO_ALERT** to TRUE; otherwise set it to FALSE.
 - If **InputBuffer.Mode** contains FILE_SYNCHRONOUS_IO_NONALERT, set **Open.Mode.FILE_SYNCHRONOUS_IO_NONALERT** to TRUE; otherwise set it to FALSE.
- EndIf
- The operation returns STATUS_SUCCESS.

2.1.5.14.8 FileObjectIdInformation

This operation is not supported and MUST be failed with STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED.

2.1.5.14.9 FilePositionInformation

InputBuffer is of type FILE_POSITION_INFORMATION, as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.32.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **InputBufferSize** is less than the size, in bytes, of the FILE_POSITION_INFORMATION structure, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INFO_LENGTH_MISMATCH.
- The operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER under either of the following conditions:
 - **InputBuffer.CurrentByteOffset** is less than 0.
 - **Open.Mode** contains FILE_NO_INTERMEDIATE_BUFFERING and **InputBuffer.CurrentByteOffset** is not an integer multiple of **Open.File.Volume.LogicalBytesPerSector**.
- The object store MUST set **Open.CurrentByteOffset** equal to **InputBuffer.CurrentByteOffset**.
- The operation returns STATUS_SUCCESS.<165>

2.1.5.14.10 FileQuotaInformation

This operation is not supported and MUST be failed with STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED

2.1.5.14.11 FileRenameInformation

InputBuffer is of type FILE_RENAME_INFORMATION_TYPE_1, as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.34.1, for 32-bit local clients; or of type FILE_RENAME_INFORMATION_TYPE_2, as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.34.2, for remote clients or 64-bit local clients. **Open.FileName** is the pre-existing file name that will be changed by this operation.

This routine uses the following local variables:

- Unicode strings: *PathName, RootPathName, NewLinkName, PrevFullLinkName, SourceFullLinkName, DestFullLinkName*
- **Files:** *SourceDirectory, DestinationDirectory*
- **Links:** *TargetLink, NewLink*
- Boolean values (initialized to FALSE): *TargetExistsSameFile, ExactCaseMatch, MoveToNewDir, OverwriteSourceLink, RemoveTargetLink, FoundLink, MatchedShortName*
- Boolean values (initialized to TRUE): *ActivelyRemoveSourceLink, RemoveSourceLink, AddTargetLink*
- 32-bit unsigned integers: *FilterMatch, Action*

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **InputBufferSize** is less than the size, in bytes, of the FILE_RENAME_INFORMATION_TYPE_1 structure (for 32-bit local clients) or the FILE_RENAME_INFORMATION_TYPE_2 structure (for remote clients or 64-bit local clients), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INFO_LENGTH_MISMATCH.
- If **Open.GrantedAccess** does not contain DELETE, as defined in [MS-SMB2] section 2.2.13.1, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_ACCESS_DENIED.
- The operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER under any of the following conditions:
 - If **InputBuffer.FileNameLength** is equal to zero.
 - If **InputBuffer.FileNameLength** is an odd number.
 - If **InputBuffer.FileNameLength** is greater than **InputBufferLength** minus the byte offset into the FILE_RENAME_INFORMATION **InputBuffer** of the **InputBuffer.FileName** field (that is, the total length of **InputBuffer** as given in **InputBufferLength** is insufficient to contain the fixed-size fields of **InputBuffer** plus the length of **InputBuffer.FileName**).
 - If this operation is from a remote client, and either **InputBuffer.RootDirectory** is nonzero or the first character of **InputBuffer.FileName** is '\\.
 - If **InputBuffer.RootDirectory** is nonzero and the first character of **InputBuffer.FileName** is '\\.
- If **InputBuffer.RootDirectory** is nonzero:
 - The object store MUST set *RootPathName* to the full pathname from **Open.File.Volume.RootDirectory** to the file represented by **InputBuffer.RootDirectory**, in an implementation-specific manner.
 - The object store MUST set *DestFullLinkName* to *RootPathName + '\\' + InputBuffer.FileName*.

- Else:
 - The object store MUST set *DestFullLinkName* to **InputBuffer.FileName**.
- EndIf
- Split *DestFullLinkName* into *PathName* and *NewLinkName* as specified in section 2.1.5.1.
- If the first character of **InputBuffer.FileName** is '\' or **InputBuffer.RootDirectory** is nonzero or this operation is from a remote client:
 - Open *DestinationDirectory* as specified in section 2.1.5.1, setting the open file operation's parameters as follows:
 - **PathName** equal to *PathName*.
 - **DesiredAccess** equal to FILE_ADD_FILE|SYNCHRONIZE, additionally specifying FILE_ADD_SUBDIRECTORY if **Open.File.FileType** is DirectoryFile.
 - **ShareAccess** equal to FILE_SHARE_READ|FILE_SHARE_WRITE.
 - **CreateOptions** equal to FILE_OPEN_FOR_BACKUP_INTENT.
 - **CreateDisposition** equal to FILE_OPEN.
 - If open of *DestinationDirectory* fails:
 - The operation MUST fail with the error returned by the open of *DestinationDirectory*.
 - Else if *DestinationDirectory.Volume* is not equal to **Open.File.Volume**:
 - The operation MUST be failed with STATUS_NOT_SAME_DEVICE.
 - EndIf
- Else
 - If **InputBuffer.FileName** contains the character '\', the object store MUST fail the operation with STATUS_OBJECT_NAME_INVALID.
 - Set *DestinationDirectory* equal to **Open.Link.ParentFile**.
- EndIf
- If **Open.Stream.Oplock** is not empty, the object store MUST check for an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12, with input values as follows:
 - **Open** equal to this operation's **Open**.
 - **Oplock** equal to **Open.Stream.Oplock**.
 - **Operation** equal to "SET_INFORMATION".
 - **OpParams** containing a member **FileInformationClass** containing FileRenameInformation.
- If the first character of **InputBuffer.FileName** is ':':
 - Perform a stream rename according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.14.11.1, setting the stream rename algorithm's parameters as follows:
 - Pass in the current **Open**.
 - **ReplaceIfExists** equal to **InputBuffer.ReplaceIfExists**.

- **NewStreamName** equal to **InputBuffer.FileName**.
 - If the stream rename algorithm fails, the operation MUST fail with the same status code.
 - The operation returns STATUS_SUCCESS at this point.
- EndIf
- If **Open.Link.IsDeleted** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_ACCESS_DENIED.
- If **Open.File.FileType** is DirectoryFile, determine whether **Open.File** contains open files as specified in section 2.1.4.2, with input values as follows:
 - **File** equal to **Open.File**.
 - **Open** equal to this operation's **Open**.
 - **Operation** equal to "SET_INFORMATION".
 - **OpParams** containing a member **FileInformationClass** containing FileRenameInformation.
- If **Open.File** contains open files as specified in section 2.1.4.2, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_ACCESS_DENIED.
- If **InputBuffer.FileName** is not valid as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.5, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_OBJECT_NAME_INVALID.
- If *DestinationDirectory* is the same as **Open.Link.ParentFile**:
 - If *NewLinkName* is a case-sensitive exact match with **Open.Link.Name**, the operation MUST return STATUS_SUCCESS at this point.
- Else
 - Set *MoveToNewDir* to TRUE.
- EndIf
- If *NewLinkName* matches the **Name** or **ShortName** of any **Link** in *DestinationDirectory.DirectoryList* using case-sensitivity according to **Open.IsCaseInsensitive**:
 - Set *FoundLink* to TRUE.
 - Set *TargetLink* to the existing **Link** found in *DestinationDirectory.DirectoryList*. Because the name could have been found using a case-insensitive search (if **Open.IsCaseInsensitive** is TRUE), this preserves the case of the found name.
 - If *NewLinkName* matched *TargetLink.ShortName*, set *MatchedShortName* to TRUE.
 - Set *RemoveTargetLink* to TRUE.
 - If *TargetLink.File.FileId128* equals **Open.File.FileId128**, set *TargetExistsSameFile* to TRUE. This detects a rename to another existing link to the same file.
 - If (*TargetLink.Name* is a case-sensitive exact match with *NewLinkName*) or (*MatchedShortName* is TRUE and *TargetLink.ShortName* is a case-sensitive exact match with *NewLinkName*):
 - Set *ExactCaseMatch* to TRUE.
- EndIf

- If *TargetExistsSameFile* is TRUE:
 - If *MoveToNewDir* is FALSE:
 - If **Open.Link.ShortName** is not empty and *TargetLink.ShortName* is not empty (this is the case where both the source link and the (existing) requested target are part of the primary link to the same file; this case occurs, for example, in a rename that only changes the case of the name):
 - Set *ActivelyRemoveSourceLink* to FALSE.
 - Set *OverwriteSourceLink* to TRUE.
 - If *ExactCaseMatch* is TRUE, set *RemoveSourceLink* to FALSE (because this algorithm earlier succeeded upon detecting an exact match between the name by which the file was opened and the new requested name, this case only occurs when the file was opened by one half of its primary link, and the requested rename target is the other half; for example, opening a file by its short name and renaming it to its long name).
 - Else If (**Open.Link.Name** is a case-sensitive exact match with *TargetLink.Name*) or (*MatchedShortName* is TRUE and **Open.Link.Name** is a case-sensitive exact match with *TargetLink.ShortName*) (this detects the case where the implementer is just changing the case of a single link; for example, given a file with links "primary", "link1", "link2", all in the same directory, the implementer is doing "ren link1 LINK1", and not "ren link1 link2"):
 - Set *ActivelyRemoveSourceLink* to FALSE.
 - Set *OverwriteSourceLink* to TRUE.
 - EndIf
 - EndIf
 - If *ExactCaseMatch* is TRUE and (*OverwriteSourceLink* is FALSE or **Open.IsCaseInsensitive** is TRUE or **Open.Link.ShortName** is empty)
 - Set *RemoveTargetLink* and *AddTargetLink* to FALSE.
 - EndIf
 - EndIf
- If *RemoveTargetLink* is TRUE:
 - If *TargetExistsSameFile* is FALSE and **InputBuffer.ReplaceIfExists** is FALSE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_OBJECT_NAME_COLLISION.
 - Set *PrevFullLinkName* to the full pathname from **Open.File.Volume.RootDirectory** to *TargetLink*.
 - If *TargetExistsSameFile* is FALSE:

- The operation MUST be failed with STATUS_ACCESS_DENIED under any of the following conditions:
 - If *TargetLink.File.FileType* is DirectoryFile.
 - If *TargetLink.File.FileAttributes.FILE_ATTRIBUTE_READONLY* is TRUE.
- If *TargetLink.IsDeleted* is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_DELETE_PENDING.
- If the caller does not have DELETE access to *TargetLink.File*:
 - If the caller does not have FILE_DELETE_CHILD access to *DestinationDirectory*:
 - The operation MUST be failed with STATUS_ACCESS_DENIED.
 - EndIf
- EndIf
- For each **Stream** on *TargetLink.File*:
 - If *TargetLink.File.OpenList* contains an **Open** with a **Stream** matching the current **Stream**, and that **Stream's Oplock** is not empty, the object store MUST check for an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12, with input values as follows:
 - **Open** equal to this operation's **Open**.
 - **Oplock** equal to the found **Stream's Oplock**.
 - **Operation** equal to SET_INFORMATION.
 - **OpParams** containing a member **FileInformationClass** containing **FileEndOfFileInformation**.
 - If there was not an oplock to be broken and *TargetLink.File.OpenList* contains an **Open** with a **Stream** matching the current **Stream**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_ACCESS_DENIED.
- EndFor
- If *TargetLink.File.LinkList* contains exactly one element:
 - The object store MUST delete *TargetLink.File* as specified in section 2.1.5.4; if this fails, the operation MUST be failed with the same status.
- Else
 - The object store MUST delete *TargetLink* as specified in section 2.1.5.4; if this fails, the operation MUST be failed with the same status.
 - The object store MUST post a USN change as specified in section 2.1.4.11 with **File** equal to **File**, **Reason** equal to (USN_REASON_HARD_LINK_CHANGE | USN_REASON_CLOSE), and **FileName** equal to *TargetLink.Name*.
- EndIf
- Else

- Send directory change notification as specified in section 2.1.4.1, with **Volume** equal to **Open.File.Volume**, **Action** equal to FILE_ACTION_TUNNELLED_ID_COLLISION, **FilterMatch** equal to FILE_NOTIFY_CHANGE_FILE_NAME, **FileName** equal to "\\\$Extend\\$ObjId", **NotifyData** equal to *ObjectIdInfo*, and **NotifyDataLength** equal to **sizeof(FILE_OBJECTID_INFORMATION)**.
- Else if *TunnelCacheEntry.ObjectIdInfo.ObjectId* is not unique on **Open.File.Volume**:
 - The object store MUST construct a FILE_OBJECTID_INFORMATION structure (as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.28.1) *ObjectIdInfo* as follows:
 - *ObjectIdInfo.FileReference* set to **Open.File.FileId64**.
 - *ObjectIdInfo.ObjectId* set to *TunnelCacheEntry.ObjectIdInfo.ObjectId*.
 - *ObjectIdInfo.BirthVolumeId* set to *TunnelCacheEntry.ObjectIdInfo.BirthVolumeId*.
 - *ObjectIdInfo.BirthObjectId* set to *TunnelCacheEntry.ObjectIdInfo.BirthObjectId*.
 - *ObjectIdInfo.DomainId* set to *TunnelCacheEntry.ObjectIdInfo.DomainId*.
 - Send directory change notification as specified in section 2.1.4.1, with **Volume** equal to **Open.File.Volume**, **Action** equal to FILE_ACTION_ID_NOT_TUNNELLED, **FilterMatch** equal to FILE_NOTIFY_CHANGE_FILE_NAME, **FileName** equal to "\\\$Extend\\$ObjId", **NotifyData** equal to *ObjectIdInfo*, and **NotifyDataLength** equal to **sizeof(FILE_OBJECTID_INFORMATION)**.
- Else:
 - Set *NewLink.File.ObjectId* to *TunnelCacheEntry.ObjectIdInfo.ObjectId*.
 - Set *NewLink.File.BirthVolumeId* to *TunnelCacheEntry.ObjectIdInfo.BirthVolumeId*.
 - Set *NewLink.File.BirthObjectId* to *TunnelCacheEntry.ObjectIdInfo.BirthObjectId*.
 - Set *NewLink.File.DomainId* to *TunnelCacheEntry.ObjectIdInfo.DomainId*.
- EndIf
- EndIf
- Set *NewLink.Name* to *TunnelCacheEntry.FileName*.
- Set *NewLink.ShortName* to *TunnelCacheEntry.FileShortName* if that name is not already in use among all names and short names in *NewLink.ParentFile.DirectoryList*.
- Remove *TunnelCacheEntry* from *NewLink.File.Volume.TunnelCacheList*.
- Else:
 - Set *NewLink.Name* to *NewLinkName*.
- EndIf

- If **Open.Link.ShortName** is not empty and **Open.IsCaseInsensitive** is TRUE and *NewLink.ShortName* is empty, then if short names are enabled, the object store MUST create a short name as follows:
 - If *NewLink.Name* is 8.3-compliant as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.5.2.1:
 - Set *NewLink.ShortName* to *NewLink.Name*.
 - Else:
 - Generate a *NewLink.ShortName* that is 8.3-compliant as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.5.2.1. The string chosen is implementation-specific, but MUST be unique among all names and short names present in *DestinationDirectory.DirectoryList*.
 - EndIf
- EndIf
- The object store MUST update the duplicated information as specified in section 2.1.4.18 with **Link** equal to *NewLink*.
- The object store MUST add *NewLink* to *DestinationDirectory.DirectoryList*.
- The object store MUST replace **Open.Link** with *NewLink*.
- If *MoveToNewDir* is TRUE:
 - *DestinationDirectory.LastModificationTime* MUST be updated.
 - *DestinationDirectory.LastAccessTime* MUST be updated.
 - *DestinationDirectory.LastChangeTime* MUST be updated.
- EndIf
- EndIf
- The object store MUST change the compname component (as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.1.5) of **Open.FileName** to *NewLinkName*.
- If *RemoveSourceLink* is TRUE:
 - *SourceDirectory.LastModificationTime* MUST be updated.
 - *SourceDirectory.LastAccessTime* MUST be updated.
 - *SourceDirectory.LastChangeTime* MUST be updated.
- EndIf
- The object store MUST update **Open.File.LastChangeTime**.<166>
- If **Open.File.FileType** is DataFile, the object store MUST set **Open.File.FileAttributes**.FILE_ATTRIBUTE_ARCHIVE.
- *FilterMatch* = 0
- If *RemoveTargetLink* is TRUE and *OverwriteSourceLink* is FALSE and *ExactCaseMatch* is FALSE:
 - If *TargetLink.File.FileType* is DirectoryFile
 - *FilterMatch* = FILE_NOTIFY_CHANGE_DIR_NAME

- Else
 - *FilterMatch* = FILE_NOTIFY_CHANGE_FILE_NAME
- EndIf
- The object store MUST report a directory change notification as specified in section 2.1.4.1 with **Volume** equal to **Open.File.Volume**, **Action** equal to FILE_ACTION_REMOVED, and **FileName** set to *PrevFullLinkName* with a **FilterMatch** of *FilterMatch*.
- EndIf
- If *RemoveSourceLink* is TRUE:
 - If **Open.File.FileType** is DirectoryFile
 - *FilterMatch* = FILE_NOTIFY_CHANGE_DIR_NAME
 - Else
 - *FilterMatch* = FILE_NOTIFY_CHANGE_FILE_NAME
 - EndIf
 - If *MoveToNewDir* is TRUE or *AddTargetLink* is FALSE or *RemoveTargetLink* and *ExactCaseMatch* are TRUE: *Action* = FILE_ACTION_REMOVED
 - Else
 - *Action* = FILE_ACTION_REMOVED_OLD_NAME
 - EndIf
 - The object store MUST report a directory change notification as specified in section 2.1.4.1 with **Volume** equal to **Open.File.Volume**, **Action** equal to *Action*, and **FileName** set to *SourceFullLinkName* with a **FilterMatch** of *FilterMatch*.
- EndIf
- If *FoundLink* is FALSE or (*OverwriteSourceLink* is TRUE and *ExactCaseMatch* is FALSE) or (*RemoveTargetLink* is TRUE and *ExactCaseMatch* is FALSE):
 - If *MoveToNewDir* is TRUE, set *Action* to FILE_ACTION_ADDED; otherwise set *Action* to FILE_ACTION_RENAMED_NEW_NAME.
- Else If *RemoveTargetLink* is TRUE and *TargetExistsSameFile* is FALSE:
 - *FilterMatch* = FILE_NOTIFY_CHANGE_ATTRIBUTES | FILE_NOTIFY_CHANGE_SIZE | FILE_NOTIFY_CHANGE_LAST_WRITE | FILE_NOTIFY_CHANGE_LAST_ACCESS | FILE_NOTIFY_CHANGE_CREATION | FILE_NOTIFY_CHANGE_SECURITY | FILE_NOTIFY_CHANGE_EA
 - *Action* = FILE_ACTION_MODIFIED
- EndIf
- If *FilterMatch* != 0:
 - The object store MUST report a directory change notification as specified in section 2.1.4.1 with **Volume** equal to **Open.File.Volume**, **Action** equal to *Action*, and **FileName** set to **Open.FileName** with a **FilterMatch** of *FilterMatch*.

- EndIf
- If *MoveToNewDir* is TRUE:
 - If the **Oplock** member of the **DirectoryStream** in *DestinationDirectory.StreamList* (hereinafter referred to as *DestinationParentOplock*) is not empty, the object store MUST check for an oplock break on the parent according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12, with input values as follows:
 - **Open** equal to this operation's **Open**
 - **Oplock** equal to *DestinationParentOplock*
 - **Operation** equal to "SET_INFORMATION"
 - **OpParams** containing a member **FileInformationClass** containing **FileRenameInformation**
 - **Flags** equal to "PARENT_OBJECT"
- EndIf
- If the **Oplock** member of the **DirectoryStream** in **Open.Link.ParentFile.StreamList** (hereinafter referred to as *SourceParentOplock*) is not empty, the object store MUST check for an oplock break on the parent according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12, with input values as follows:
 - **Open** equal to this operation's **Open**
 - **Oplock** equal to *SourceParentOplock*
 - **Operation** equal to "SET_INFORMATION"
 - **OpParams** containing a member **FileInformationClass** containing **FileRenameInformation**
 - **Flags** equal to "PARENT_OBJECT"
- The operation returns STATUS_SUCCESS.

2.1.5.14.11.1 Algorithm for Performing Stream Rename

The inputs for a stream rename are:

- **Open:** an **Open** for the stream being renamed.
- **ReplaceIfExists:** A Boolean value. If TRUE and the target stream exists and the operation is successful, the target stream MUST be replaced. If FALSE and the target stream exists, the operation MUST fail.
- **NewStreamName:** A Unicode string indicating the new name for the stream. This string MUST begin with the Unicode character ":".

The stream rename algorithm uses the following local variables:

- Unicode strings: *StreamName*, *StreamTypeName*
- **Streams:** *TargetStream*, *NewDefaultStream*

Pseudocode for the algorithm is as follows:

- Split **NewStreamName** into a stream name component *StreamName* and attribute type component *StreamTypeName*, using the character ":" as a delimiter.
- The operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER under any of the following conditions:
 - The last character of **NewStreamName** is ":".
 - The character ":" occurs more than three times in **NewStreamName**.
 - If *StreamName* contains any characters invalid for a streamname as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.5, or any wildcard characters as defined in section 2.1.4.3.
 - If *StreamTypeName* contains any characters invalid for a streamname as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.5, or any wildcard characters as defined in section 2.1.4.3.
 - Both *StreamName* and *StreamTypeName* are zero-length.
 - *StreamName* is more than 255 Unicode characters in length.
 - If *StreamName* is zero-length and **Open.File.FileType** is DirectoryFile, because a DirectoryFile cannot have an unnamed data stream.
- The operation MUST be failed with STATUS_OBJECT_TYPE_MISMATCH if either of the following conditions are true:
 - **Open.Stream.StreamType** is DataStream and *StreamTypeName* is not the Unicode string "\$DATA".
 - **Open.Stream.StreamType** is DirectoryStream and *StreamTypeName* is not the Unicode string "\$INDEX_ALLOCATION".
- If **Open.Stream.StreamType** is DirectoryStream, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER.
- If *StreamName* is a case-insensitive match with **Open.Stream.Name**, the operation MUST return STATUS_SUCCESS at this point.
- If the length of *StreamName* is not 0, the object store MUST search **Open.File.StreamList** for a **Stream** with **Stream.Name** matching *StreamName*, ignoring case, setting *TargetStream* to the result.
- If *TargetStream* is found:
 - If **ReplaceIfExists** is FALSE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_OBJECT_NAME_COLLISION.
 - If *TargetStream.File.OpenList* contains any Opens to *TargetStream*, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER.
 - If *TargetStream.Size* is not 0, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER.
 - If *TargetStream.AllocationSize* is not 0, the object store SHOULD release any associated allocation and MUST set *TargetStream.AllocationSize* to 0.
- Else // *TargetStream* is not found:
 - The object store MUST build a new **Stream** object *TargetStream* with all fields initially set to zero.
 - Set *TargetStream.File* to **Open.File**.

- Add *TargetStream* to **Open.File.StreamList**.
- EndIf
- Set *TargetStream.Name* to *StreamName*.
- Set *TargetStream.Size* to **Open.Stream.Size**.
- If **Open.Stream.IsSparse** is TRUE, set *TargetStream.IsSparse* to TRUE.
- Move **Open.Stream.ExtentList** to *TargetStream*.
- Set *TargetStream.AllocationSize* to **Open.Stream.AllocationSize**.
- If **Open.Stream.Name** is empty, the object store MUST create a new default unnamed stream for the file as follows:
 - The object store MUST build a new **Stream** object *NewDefaultStream* with all fields initially set to zero.
 - Set *NewDefaultStream.File* to **Open.File**.
 - Add *NewDefaultStream* to **Open.File.StreamList**.
- EndIf
- Remove **Open.Stream** from **Open.File.StreamList**.
- Set **Open.Stream** to *TargetStream*.
- The object store MUST post a USN change as specified in section 2.1.4.11 with **File** equal to **Open.File**, **Reason** equal to USN_REASON_STREAM_CHANGE, and **FileName** equal to **Open.Link.Name**.
- The object store MUST note that the file has been modified as specified in section 2.1.4.17 with **Open** equal to **Open**.
- Return STATUS_SUCCESS.

2.1.5.14.12 FileSfioReserveInformation

This operation is not supported and MUST be failed with STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED.

2.1.5.14.13 FileShortNameInformation

InputBuffer is of type FILE_NAME_INFORMATION, as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.37.<167>

Pseudocode for the algorithm is as follows:

- If **InputBufferSize** is less than the size, in bytes, of the FILE_NAME_INFORMATION structure, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INFO_LENGTH_MISMATCH.
- If **Open.File.Volume.IsReadOnly** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_MEDIA_WRITE_PROTECTED.
- The operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER under any of the following conditions:
 - If **InputBuffer.FileName** starts with '\'
 - If **Open.File** is equal to **Open.File.Volume.RootDirectory**.

- If **Open.Stream.StreamType** is `DataStream` and **Open.Stream.Name** is not empty.
- If **InputBuffer.FileName** is not a valid 8.3 name as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.5.2.1.
- If **Open.IsCaseInsensitive** is `FALSE`.
- The operation MUST be failed with `STATUS_ACCESS_DENIED` under any of the following conditions:
 - If **Open.GrantedAccess** contains neither `FILE_WRITE_DATA` nor `FILE_WRITE_ATTRIBUTES` as defined in [MS-SMB2] section 2.2.13.1.
 - If **Open.Link.IsDeleted** is `TRUE`.
 - If **Open.Mode.FILE_DELETE_ON_CLOSE** is `TRUE`.
- If **Open.HasRestoreAccess** is `FALSE`, the operation MUST be failed with `STATUS_PRIVILEGE_NOT_HELD`.
- If **Open.File.Volume.GenerateShortNames** is `FALSE`, the operation MUST be failed with `STATUS_SHORT_NAMES_NOT_ENABLED_ON_VOLUME`.
- If **Open.File.FileType** is `DirectoryFile`, determine whether **Open.File** contains open files as specified in section 2.1.4.2, with input values as follows:
 - **File** equal to **Open.File**.
 - **Open** equal to this operation's **Open**.
 - **Operation** equal to `"SET_INFORMATION"`.
 - **OpParams** containing a member **FileInformationClass** containing **FileShortNameInformation**.
- If **Open.File** contains open files as specified in section 2.1.4.2, the operation MUST be failed with `STATUS_ACCESS_DENIED`.
- If **Open.File.FileType** is `DirectoryFile`:
 - *FilterMatch* = `FILE_NOTIFY_CHANGE_DIR_NAME`
- Else
 - *FilterMatch* = `FILE_NOTIFY_CHANGE_FILE_NAME`
- EndIf
- If **InputBuffer.FileName** is empty:
 - If **Open.Link.ShortName** is not empty:
 - *OldShortName* = **Open.Link.ShortName**.
 - Set **Open.Link.ShortName** to empty.
 - Send directory change notification as specified in section 2.1.4.1, with **Volume** equal to **Open.File.Volume**, **Action** equal to `FILE_ACTION_REMOVED`, and **FileName** set to *OldShortName* with a **FilterMatch** of *FilterMatch*.
 - EndIf

- Return STATUS_SUCCESS.
- EndIf
- If **InputBuffer.FileName** equals **Open.Link.ShortName**, return STATUS_SUCCESS.
- For each *Link* in **Open.File.LinkList**:
 - If *Link* is not equal to **Open.Link** and *Link.ShortName* is not empty, the operation MUST fail with STATUS_OBJECT_NAME_COLLISION.
- EndFor
- For each *Link* in **Open.Link.ParentFile.DirectoryList**:
 - If *Link* is not equal to **Open.Link** and **InputBuffer.FileName** matches *Link.Name* or *Link.ShortName*, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_OBJECT_NAME_COLLISION.
- EndFor
- If **Open.Link.ShortName** is not empty:
 - Send directory change notification as specified in section 2.1.4.1, with **Volume** equal to **Open.File.Volume**, **Action** equal to FILE_ACTION_RENAMED_OLD_NAME, and **FileName** set to **Open.Link.ShortName** with a **FilterMatch** of *FilterMatch*.
- EndIf
- If the **Oplock** member of the **DirectoryStream** in **Open.Link.ParentFile.StreamList** (hereinafter referred to as *ParentOplock*) is not empty, the object store MUST check for an oplock break on the parent according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12, with input values as follows:
 - **Open** equal to this operation's **Open**
 - **Oplock** equal to *ParentOplock*
 - **Operation** equal to "SET_INFORMATION"
 - **OpParams** containing a member **FileInformationClass** containing **FileShortNameInformation**
 - **Flags** equal to "PARENT_OBJECT"
- Send directory change notification as specified in section 2.1.4.1, with **Volume** equal to **Open.File.Volume**, **Action** equal to FILE_ACTION_RENAMED_NEW_NAME, and **FileName** set to **InputBuffer.FileName** with a **FilterMatch** of *FilterMatch*.
- Set **Open.Link.ShortName** to **InputBuffer.FileName**.
- The object store MUST update **Open.Link.ParentFile.LastModificationTime**, **Open.Link.ParentFile.LastAccessTime**, and **Open.Link.ParentFile.LastChangeTime** to the current time.
- If **Open.UserSetChangeTime** is FALSE, the object store MUST update **Open.File.LastChangeTime** to the current time.
- If **Open.File.FileType** is DataFile, the object store MUST set **Open.File.FileAttributes**.FILE_ATTRIBUTE_ARCHIVE.
- Return STATUS_SUCCESS.

2.1.5.14.14 FileValidDataLengthInformation

InputBuffer is of type FILE_VALID_DATA_LENGTH_INFORMATION as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.41.<168>

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **InputBufferSize** is less than the size, in bytes, of the FILE_VALID_DATA_LENGTH_INFORMATION structure, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INFO_LENGTH_MISMATCH.
- If **Open.File.Volume.IsReadOnly** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_MEDIA_WRITE_PROTECTED.
- If **Open.HasManageVolumeAccess** is FALSE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_PRIVILEGE_NOT_HELD.
- The operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER under any of the following conditions:
 - If **Open.Stream.ValidDataLength** is greater than **InputBuffer.ValidDataLength**.
 - If **Open.Stream.IsCompressed** is TRUE.
 - If **Open.Stream.IsSparse** is TRUE.
 - If **Open.File.FileType** is DirectoryFile.
- If **Open.Stream.Oplock** is not empty, the object store MUST check for an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12, with input values as follows:
 - **Open** equal to this operation's **Open**.
 - **Oplock** equal to **Open.Stream.Oplock**.
 - **Operation** equal to "SET_INFORMATION".
 - **OpParams** containing a member **FileInformationClass** containing **FileValidDataLengthInformation**.
- **Open.Stream.ValidDataLength** MUST be set to **InputBuffer.ValidDataLength**.
- Return STATUS_SUCCESS.

2.1.5.15 Server Requests Setting of File System Information

This operation is also referred to as SET_INFORMATION when it is used in switch statements.

The server provides:

- **Open:** The **Open** on which volume information is being applied.
- **FsInformationClass:** The type of information being applied, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.5.
- **InputBuffer:** A buffer that contains the volume information to be applied to the object.
- **InputBufferSize:** The size of the buffer provided.

The object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code indicating the result of the operation.

2.1.5.15.1 FileFsVolumeInformation

This operation is not supported and MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_INFO_CLASS.

2.1.5.15.2 FileFsLabelInformation

This operation is not supported and MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_INFO_CLASS.

2.1.5.15.3 FileFsSizeInformation

This operation is not supported and MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_INFO_CLASS.

2.1.5.15.4 FileFsDeviceInformation

This operation is not supported and MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_INFO_CLASS.

2.1.5.15.5 FileFsAttributeInformation

This operation is not supported and MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_INFO_CLASS.

2.1.5.15.6 FileFsControlInformation

InputBuffer is of type FILE_FS_CONTROL_INFORMATION, as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.5.2.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **InputBufferSize** is smaller than **BlockAlign(sizeof(FILE_FS_CONTROL_INFORMATION), 8)** the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INFO_LENGTH_MISMATCH.
- Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER.<169>
- If **Open.File.Volume.IsQuotasSupported** is FALSE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_VOLUME_NOT_UPGRADED.
- **Open.File.Volume** MUST be updated as follows:
 - **Open.File.Volume.DefaultQuotaThreshold** set to **InputBuffer.DefaultQuotaThreshold**.
 - **Open.File.Volume.DefaultQuotaLimit** set to **InputBuffer.DefaultQuotaLimit**.
 - **Open.File.Volume.VolumeQuotaState** set to **InputBuffer.FileSystemControlFlags**. The FILE_VC_QUOTAS_INCOMPLETE and FILE_VC_QUOTAS_REBUILDING flags as well as any undefined flags are cleared from **InputBuffer.FileSystemControlFlags** before being saved.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
 - **Status** set to STATUS_SUCCESS.

2.1.5.15.7 FileFsFullSizeInformation

This operation is not supported and MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_INFO_CLASS.

2.1.5.15.8 FileFsObjectIdInformation

InputBuffer is a FILE_FS_OBJECTID_INFORMATION structure, as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.5.6.<170>

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **InputBufferSize** is less than **sizeof(FILE_FS_OBJECTID_INFORMATION)**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_INFO_CLASS.
- Support for ObjectIDs is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER.<171>
- If **Open.File.Volume.IsObjectIDsSupported** is FALSE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_VOLUME_NOT_UPGRADED.
- **Open.File.Volume** MUST be updated as follows:
 - **Open.File.Volume.VolumeId** set to **InputBuffer.ObjectId**.
 - **Open.File.Volume.ExtendedInfo** set to **InputBuffer.ExtendedInfo**.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
 - **Status** set to STATUS_SUCCESS.

2.1.5.15.9 FileFsDriverPathInformation

This operation is not supported and MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_INFO_CLASS.

2.1.5.15.10 FileFsSectorSizeInformation

This operation is not supported and MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_INFO_CLASS.

2.1.5.16 Server Requests Setting of Security Information

This operation is also referred to as SET_SECURITY when it is used in switch statements.

If the object store does not implement security, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_DEVICE_REQUEST.<172>

The server provides:

- **Open** - The **Open** on which security information is being applied.
- **SecurityInformation** - A SECURITY_INFORMATION data type as defined in [MS-DTYP] section 2.4.7.
- **InputBuffer** - A buffer that contains the security descriptor to be applied to the object. The security descriptor is a SECURITY_DESCRIPTOR structure in self-relative format, as described in [MS-DTYP] section 2.4.6.
- **InputBufferSize** - The size of the buffer provided.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status** - An NTSTATUS code indicating the result of the operation.

This routine uses the following local variables:

- Boolean values (initialized to FALSE): *DisableOwnerAces*, *ServerObject*, *DaclUntrusted*

The operation MUST be failed with STATUS_ACCESS_DENIED under any of the following conditions:

- **SecurityInformation** contains any of OWNER_SECURITY_INFORMATION, GROUP_SECURITY_INFORMATION, or LABEL_SECURITY_INFORMATION, and **Open.GrantedAccess** does not contain WRITE_OWNER.

- **SecurityInformation** contains DACL_SECURITY_INFORMATION and **Open.GrantedAccess** does not contain WRITE_DAC.
- **SecurityInformation** contains SACL_SECURITY_INFORMATION and **Open.GrantedAccess** does not contain ACCESS_SYSTEM_SECURITY.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **Open.Stream.StreamType** is **DataStream** and **Open.Stream.Name** is not zero-length, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER; security information can be set on a file or directory handle, not on a stream handle.
- If **Open.Stream.Oplock** is not empty, the object store MUST check for an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12, with input values as follows:
 - **Open** equal to this operation's **Open**
 - **Oplock** equal to **Open.Stream.Oplock**
 - **Operation** equal to "SET_SECURITY"
 - **OpParams** empty
- The object store MUST post a USN change as specified in section 2.1.4.11 with **File** equal to **File**, **Reason** equal to USN_REASON_SECURITY_CHANGE, and **FileName** equal to **Open.Link.Name**.
- If the Server Security (SS) bit is set in **InputBuffer.Control**, set *ServerObject* to TRUE, otherwise set it to FALSE.
- If the DACL Trusted (DT) bit is set in **InputBuffer.Control**, set *DaclUntrusted* to FALSE, otherwise set it to TRUE.
- If **SecurityInformation** contains OWNER_SECURITY_INFORMATION:
 - If **SecurityInformation** contains DACL_SECURITY_INFORMATION, set *DisableOwnerAces* to FALSE, otherwise set it to TRUE.
 - If **InputBuffer.OwnerSid** is not present, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_OWNER.
 - If **InputBuffer.OwnerSid** is not a valid owner SID for a file in the object store, as determined in an implementation-specific manner, the object store MUST return STATUS_INVALID_OWNER.
- Else
 - If **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Owner** is NULL, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_OWNER.
- EndIf
- The object store MUST set **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor** to **InputBuffer**.
- If **Open.File.FileType** is not **DirectoryFile**:
 - The object store MUST set **Open.File.FileAttributes.FILE_ATTRIBUTE_ARCHIVE**.
 - The object store MUST update **Open.File.LastChangeTime**.<173>
- EndIf
- The operation returns STATUS_SUCCESS.

2.1.5.17 Server Requests an Oplock

The server provides:

- **Open** - The **Open** on which the oplock is being requested.
- **Type** - The type of oplock being requested. Valid values are as follows:
 - LEVEL_TWO (Corresponds to SMB2_OPLOCK_LEVEL_II as described in [MS-SMB2] section 2.2.13.)
 - LEVEL_ONE (Corresponds to SMB2_OPLOCK_LEVEL_EXCLUSIVE as described in [MS-SMB2] section 2.2.13.)
 - LEVEL_BATCH (Corresponds to SMB2_OPLOCK_LEVEL_BATCH as described in [MS-SMB2] section 2.2.13.)
 - LEVEL_GRANULAR (Corresponds to SMB2_OPLOCK_LEVEL_LEASE as described in [MS-SMB2] section 2.2.13.) If this oplock type is specified, the server MUST additionally provide the **RequestedOplockLevel** parameter.
- **RequestedOplockLevel** - A combination of zero or more of the following flags, which are only given for LEVEL_GRANULAR **Type** Oplocks:
 - READ_CACHING
 - HANDLE_CACHING
 - WRITE_CACHING

Following is a list of legal nonzero combinations of **RequestedOplockLevel**:

- READ_CACHING
- READ_CACHING | WRITE_CACHING
- READ_CACHING | HANDLE_CACHING
- READ_CACHING | WRITE_CACHING | HANDLE_CACHING

Notes for the operation follow:

- If the oplock is not granted, the request completes at this point.
- If the oplock is granted, the request does not complete until the oplock is broken; the operation waits for this to happen. Processing of an oplock break is described in section 2.1.5.17.3. Whether the oplock is granted or not, the object store MUST return:
 - **Status** - An NTSTATUS code indicating the result of the operation.
- If the oplock is granted, then when the oplock breaks and the request finally completes, the object store MUST additionally return:
 - **NewOplockLevel**: The type of oplock the requested oplock has been broken to. Valid values are as follows:
 - LEVEL_NONE (that is, no oplock)
 - LEVEL_TWO
 - A combination of one or more of the following flags:

- READ_CACHING
- HANDLE_CACHING
- WRITE_CACHING
- **AcknowledgeRequired:** A Boolean value; TRUE if the server MUST acknowledge the oplock break, FALSE if not, as specified in section 2.1.5.17.2.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **Open.Stream.StreamType** is DirectoryStream:
 - The operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER under either of the following conditions:
 - **Type** is not LEVEL_GRANULAR.
 - **Type** is LEVEL_GRANULAR but **RequestedOplockLevel** is neither READ_CACHING nor (READ_CACHING|HANDLE_CACHING).
- If **Type** is LEVEL_ONE or LEVEL_BATCH:
 - The operation MUST be failed with STATUS_OPLOCK_NOT_GRANTED under either of the following conditions:
 - **Open.File.OpenList** contains more than one Open whose **Stream** is the same as **Open.Stream**.
 - **Open.Mode** contains either FILE_SYNCHRONOUS_IO_ALERT or FILE_SYNCHRONOUS_IO_NONALERT.
 - Request an exclusive oplock according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.1, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
 - Pass in the current **Open**.
 - **RequestedOplock** equal to **Type**.
 - The operation MUST at this point return any status code returned by the exclusive oplock request algorithm.
- Else If **Type** is LEVEL_TWO:
 - The operation MUST be failed with STATUS_OPLOCK_NOT_GRANTED under either of the following conditions:
 - **Open.Stream.ByteRangeLockList** is not empty and **Open.Stream.AllocationSize** is greater than any **ByteRangeLock.LockOffset** in **Open.Stream.ByteRangeLockList**.<174>
 - **Open.Mode** contains either FILE_SYNCHRONOUS_IO_ALERT or FILE_SYNCHRONOUS_IO_NONALERT.
 - Request a shared oplock according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.2, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
 - Pass in the current **Open**.
 - **RequestedOplock** equal to **Type**.
 - **GrantingInAck** equal to FALSE.

- The operation MUST at this point return any status code returned by the shared oplock request algorithm.
- Else If **Type** is LEVEL_GRANULAR:
 - If **RequestedOplockLevel** is READ_CACHING or (READ_CACHING|HANDLE_CACHING):
 - The operation MUST be failed with STATUS_OPLOCK_NOT_GRANTED under either of the following conditions:
 - **Open.Stream.ByteRangeLockList** is not empty and **Open.Stream.AllocationSize** is greater than any **ByteRangeLock.LockOffset** in **Open.Stream.ByteRangeLockList**.<175>
 - **Open.Mode** contains either FILE_SYNCHRONOUS_IO_ALERT or FILE_SYNCHRONOUS_IO_NONALERT.
 - Request a shared oplock according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.2, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
 - Pass in the current **Open**.
 - **RequestedOplock** equal to **RequestedOplockLevel**.
 - **GrantingInAck** equal to FALSE.
 - The operation MUST at this point return any status code returned by the shared oplock request algorithm.
 - Else If **RequestedOplockLevel** is (READ_CACHING|WRITE_CACHING) or (READ_CACHING|WRITE_CACHING|HANDLE_CACHING):
 - If **Open.Mode** contains either FILE_SYNCHRONOUS_IO_ALERT or FILE_SYNCHRONOUS_IO_NONALERT, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_OPLOCK_NOT_GRANTED.
 - Request an exclusive oplock according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.1, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
 - Pass in the current **Open**.
 - **RequestedOplock** equal to **RequestedOplockLevel**.
 - The operation MUST at this point return any status code returned by the exclusive oplock request algorithm.
 - Else if **RequestedOplockLevel** is 0 (that is, no flags):
 - The operation MUST return STATUS_SUCCESS at this point.
 - Else
 - The operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER.
 - EndIf
- EndIf

2.1.5.17.1 Algorithm to Request an Exclusive Oplock

The inputs for requesting an exclusive oplock are:

- **Open:** The **Open** on which the oplock is being requested.
- **RequestedOplock:** The oplock type being requested.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.
- **NewOplockLevel:** The type of oplock that the requested oplock has been broken to. If a failure status is returned in **Status**, the value of this field is undefined. Valid values are as follows:
 - LEVEL_NONE (that is, no oplock)
 - LEVEL_TWO
 - A combination of one or more of the following flags:
 - READ_CACHING
 - HANDLE_CACHING
 - WRITE_CACHING
- **AcknowledgeRequired:** A Boolean value: TRUE if the server MUST acknowledge the oplock break; FALSE if not, as specified in section 2.1.5.18. If a failure status is returned in **Status**, the value of this field is undefined.

The exclusive oplock request algorithm uses the following local variables:

- Boolean value (initialized to FALSE): *GrantExclusiveOplock*

Pseudocode for the algorithm is as follows:

- If **Open.Stream.Oplock** is empty:
 - Build a new **Oplock** object with fields initialized as follows:
 - **Oplock.State** set to NO_OPLOCK.
 - All other fields set to 0/empty.
 - Store the new **Oplock** object in **Open.Stream.Oplock**.
- EndIf
- If **Open.Stream.Oplock.State** contains LEVEL_TWO_OPLOCK or NO_OPLOCK:
 - If **Open.Stream.Oplock.State** contains LEVEL_TWO_OPLOCK and **RequestedOplock** contains one or more of READ_CACHING, HANDLE_CACHING, or WRITE_CACHING, the operation MUST be failed with **Status** set to STATUS_OPLOCK_NOT_GRANTED.
 - If **Open.Stream.Oplock.State** is equal to LEVEL_TWO_OPLOCK:
 - Remove the first **Open ThisOpen** from **Open.Stream.Oplock.IIOplocks** (there is supposed to be exactly one present), and notify the server of an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.3, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
 - **BreakingOplockOpen** equal to *ThisOpen*.
 - **NewOplockLevel** equal to LEVEL_NONE.
 - **AcknowledgeRequired** equal to FALSE.

- **OplockCompletionStatus** equal to STATUS_SUCCESS.
 - (The operation does not end at this point; this call to 2.1.5.17.3 completes some earlier call to 2.1.5.17.2.)
- EndIf
- If **Open.File.OpenList** contains more than one Open whose **Stream** is the same as **Open.Stream**, and NO_OPLOCK is present in **Open.Stream.Oplock.State**:
 - The operation MUST be failed with **Status** set to STATUS_OPLOCK_NOT_GRANTED.
- EndIf
- If **Open.Stream.IsDeleted** is TRUE and **RequestedOplock** contains HANDLE_CACHING:
 - The operation MUST be failed with **Status** set to STATUS_OPLOCK_NOT_GRANTED.
- EndIf
- Set *GrantExclusiveOplock* to TRUE.
- Else If (**Open.Stream.Oplock.State** contains one or more of READ_CACHING, WRITE_CACHING, or HANDLE_CACHING) and (**Open.Stream.Oplock.State** contains none of BREAK_TO_TWO, BREAK_TO_NONE, BREAK_TO_TWO_TO_NONE, BREAK_TO_READ_CACHING, BREAK_TO_WRITE_CACHING, BREAK_TO_HANDLE_CACHING, or BREAK_TO_NO_CACHING) and (**Open.Stream.Oplock.RHBreakQueue** is empty):
 - // This is a granular oplock and it is not breaking.
 - If **RequestedOplock** contains none of READ_CACHING, WRITE_CACHING, or HANDLE_CACHING, the operation MUST be failed with **Status** set to STATUS_OPLOCK_NOT_GRANTED.
 - If **Open.Stream.IsDeleted** is TRUE and **RequestedOplock** contains HANDLE_CACHING, the operation MUST be failed with **Status** set to STATUS_OPLOCK_NOT_GRANTED.
 - Switch (**Open.Stream.Oplock.State**):
 - Case READ_CACHING:
 - If **RequestedOplock** is neither (READ_CACHING|WRITE_CACHING) nor (READ_CACHING|WRITE_CACHING|HANDLE_CACHING), the operation MUST be failed with **Status** set to STATUS_OPLOCK_NOT_GRANTED.
 - For each **Open ThisOpen** in **Open.Stream.Oplock.ROplocks**:
 - If *ThisOpen.TargetOplockKey* != **Open.TargetOplockKey**, the operation MUST be failed with **Status** set to STATUS_OPLOCK_NOT_GRANTED.
 - EndFor
 - For each **Open ThisOpen** in **Open.Stream.Oplock.ROplocks**:
 - Remove *ThisOpen* from **Open.Stream.Oplock.ROplocks**.
 - Notify the server of an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.3, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
 - **BreakingOplockOpen** equal to *ThisOpen*.
 - **NewOplockLevel** equal to **RequestedOplock**.

- **AcknowledgeRequired** equal to FALSE.
- **OplockCompletionStatus** equal to STATUS_OPLOCK_SWITCHED_TO_NEW_HANDLE.
- (The operation does not end at this point; this call to 2.1.5.17.3 completes some earlier call to 2.1.5.17.2.)
- EndFor
- Set *GrantExclusiveOplock* to TRUE.
- EndCase
- Case (READ_CACHING|HANDLE_CACHING):
 - If **RequestedOplock** is not (READ_CACHING|WRITE_CACHING|HANDLE_CACHING) or **Open.Stream.Oplock.RHBreakQueue** is not empty, the operation MUST be failed with **Status** set to STATUS_OPLOCK_NOT_GRANTED.
 - For each **Open ThisOpen** in **Open.Stream.Oplock.RHOplocks**:
 - If *ThisOpen.TargetOplockKey* != **Open.TargetOplockKey**, the operation MUST be failed with **Status** set to STATUS_OPLOCK_NOT_GRANTED.
 - EndFor
 - For each **Open ThisOpen** in **Open.Stream.Oplock.RHOplocks**:
 - Remove *ThisOpen* from **Open.Stream.Oplock.RHOplocks**.
 - Notify the server of an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.3, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
 - **BreakingOplockOpen** equal to *ThisOpen*.
 - **NewOplockLevel** equal to **RequestedOplock**.
 - **AcknowledgeRequired** equal to FALSE.
 - **OplockCompletionStatus** equal to STATUS_OPLOCK_SWITCHED_TO_NEW_HANDLE.
 - (The operation does not end at this point; this call to 2.1.5.17.3 completes some earlier call to 2.1.5.17.2.)
 - EndFor
 - Set *GrantExclusiveOplock* to TRUE.
- EndCase
- Case (READ_CACHING|WRITE_CACHING|HANDLE_CACHING|EXCLUSIVE):
 - If **RequestedOplock** is not (READ_CACHING|WRITE_CACHING|HANDLE_CACHING), the operation MUST be failed with **Status** set to STATUS_OPLOCK_NOT_GRANTED.
- // Deliberate FALL-THROUGH to next Case statement.
- Case (READ_CACHING|WRITE_CACHING|EXCLUSIVE):

- If **RequestedOplock** is neither (READ_CACHING|WRITE_CACHING|HANDLE_CACHING) nor (READ_CACHING|WRITE_CACHING), the operation MUST be failed with **Status** set to STATUS_OPLOCK_NOT_GRANTED.
- If **Open.TargetOplockKey** != **Open.Stream.Oplock.ExclusiveOpen.TargetOplockKey**, the operation MUST be failed with **Status** set to STATUS_OPLOCK_NOT_GRANTED.
- Notify the server of an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.3, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
 - **BreakingOplockOpen** equal to **Open.Stream.Oplock.ExclusiveOpen**.
 - **NewOplockLevel** equal to **RequestedOplock**.
 - **AcknowledgeRequired** equal to FALSE.
 - **OplockCompletionStatus** equal to STATUS_OPLOCK_SWITCHED_TO_NEW_HANDLE.
- (The operation does not end at this point; this call to 2.1.5.17.3 completes some earlier call to 2.1.5.17.1.)
- Set **Open.Stream.Oplock.ExclusiveOpen** to NULL.
- Set *GrantExclusiveOplock* to TRUE.
- EndCase
- DefaultCase:
 - The operation MUST be failed with **Status** set to STATUS_OPLOCK_NOT_GRANTED.
- EndSwitch
- Else
 - The operation MUST be failed with **Status** set to STATUS_OPLOCK_NOT_GRANTED.
- EndIf
- If *GrantExclusiveOplock* is TRUE:
 - Set **Open.Stream.Oplock.ExclusiveOpen** equal to **Open**.
 - Set **Open.Stream.Oplock.State** equal to (**RequestedOplock**|EXCLUSIVE).
 - This operation MUST be made cancelable by inserting it into **CancelableOperations.CancelableOperationList**.
 - This operation waits until the oplock is broken or canceled, as specified in section 2.1.5.17.3. When the operation specified in section 2.1.5.17.3 is called, its following input parameters are transferred to this routine and then returned by it:
 - **Status** is set to **OplockCompletionStatus** from the operation specified in section 2.1.5.17.3.
 - **NewOplockLevel** is set to **NewOplockLevel** from the operation specified in section 2.1.5.17.3.

- **AcknowledgeRequired** is set to **AcknowledgeRequired** from the operation specified in section 2.1.5.17.3.
- EndIf

2.1.5.17.2 Algorithm to Request a Shared Oplock

The inputs for requesting a shared oplock are:

- **Open:** The **Open** on which the oplock is being requested.
- **RequestedOplock:** The oplock type being requested.
- **GrantingInAck:** A Boolean value, TRUE if this oplock is being requested as part of an oplock break acknowledgement, FALSE if not.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.
- **NewOplockLevel:** The type of oplock that the requested oplock has been broken to. If a failure status is returned in **Status**, the value of this field is undefined. Valid values are as follows:
 - LEVEL_NONE (that is, no oplock)
 - LEVEL_TWO
 - A combination of one or more of the following flags:
 - READ_CACHING
 - HANDLE_CACHING
 - WRITE_CACHING
- **AcknowledgeRequired:** A Boolean value: TRUE if the server MUST acknowledge the oplock break; FALSE if not, as specified in section 2.1.5.18. If a failure status is returned in **Status**, the value of this field is undefined.

The shared oplock request algorithm uses the following local variables:

- Boolean value (initialized to FALSE): *OplockGranted*

Pseudocode for the algorithm is as follows:

- If **Open.Stream.Oplock** is empty:
 - Build a new **Oplock** object with fields initialized as follows:
 - **Oplock.State** set to NO_OPLOCK.
 - All other fields set to 0/empty.
 - Store the new **Oplock** object in **Open.Stream.Oplock**.
- EndIf
- If (**GrantingInAck** is FALSE) and
 - (**Open.Stream.Oplock.State** contains one or more of BREAK_TO_TWO, BREAK_TO_NONE, BREAK_TO_TWO_TO_NONE, BREAK_TO_READ_CACHING, BREAK_TO_WRITE_CACHING, BREAK_TO_HANDLE_CACHING, BREAK_TO_NO_CACHING, or EXCLUSIVE), then:

- The operation MUST be failed with **Status** set to STATUS_OPLOCK_NOT_GRANTED.
- EndIf
- Switch (**RequestedOplock**):
 - Case LEVEL_TWO:
 - The operation MUST be failed with **Status** set to STATUS_OPLOCK_NOT_GRANTED if **Open.Stream.Oplock.State** is anything other than the following:
 - NO_OPLOCK
 - LEVEL_TWO_OPLOCK
 - READ_CACHING
 - (LEVEL_TWO_OPLOCK|READ_CACHING)
 - // Deliberate FALL-THROUGH to next Case statement.
 - Case READ_CACHING:
 - The operation MUST be failed with **Status** set to STATUS_OPLOCK_NOT_GRANTED if **GrantingInAck** is FALSE and **Open.Stream.Oplock.State** is anything other than the following:
 - NO_OPLOCK
 - LEVEL_TWO_OPLOCK
 - READ_CACHING
 - (LEVEL_TWO_OPLOCK|READ_CACHING)
 - (READ_CACHING|HANDLE_CACHING)
 - (READ_CACHING|HANDLE_CACHING|MIXED_R_AND_RH)
 - (READ_CACHING|HANDLE_CACHING|BREAK_TO_READ_CACHING)
 - (READ_CACHING|HANDLE_CACHING|BREAK_TO_NO_CACHING)
 - If **GrantingInAck** is FALSE:
 - If there is an **Open** on **Open.Stream.Oplock.RHOplocks** whose **TargetOplockKey** is equal to **Open.TargetOplockKey**, the operation MUST be failed with **Status** set to STATUS_OPLOCK_NOT_GRANTED.
 - If there is an **Open** on **Open.Stream.Oplock.RHBreakQueue** whose **TargetOplockKey** is equal to **Open.TargetOplockKey**, the operation MUST be failed with **Status** set to STATUS_OPLOCK_NOT_GRANTED.
 - If there is an **Open** *ThisOpen* on **Open.Stream.Oplock.ROplocks** whose **TargetOplockKey** is equal to **Open.TargetOplockKey** (there is supposed to be at most one present):
 - Remove *ThisOpen* from **Open.Stream.Oplock.ROplocks**.
 - Notify the server of an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.3, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:

- **BreakingOplockOpen** equal to *ThisOpen*.
- **NewOplockLevel** equal to READ_CACHING.
- **AcknowledgeRequired** equal to FALSE.
- **OplockCompletionStatus** equal to STATUS_OPLOCK_SWITCHED_TO_NEW_HANDLE.
- (The operation does not end at this point; this call to 2.1.5.17.3 completes some earlier call to 2.1.5.17.2.)
- EndIf
- EndIf
- If **RequestedOplock** equals LEVEL_TWO:
 - Add **Open** to **Open.Stream.Oplock.IIOplocks**.
- Else // **RequestedOplock** equals READ_CACHING:
 - Add **Open** to **Open.Stream.Oplock.ROplocks**.
- EndIf
- Recompute **Open.Stream.Oplock.State** according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.13, passing **Open.Stream.Oplock** as the **ThisOplock** parameter.
- Set *OplockGranted* to TRUE.
- EndCase
- Case (READ_CACHING|HANDLE_CACHING):
 - The operation MUST be failed with **Status** set to STATUS_OPLOCK_NOT_GRANTED if **GrantingInAck** is FALSE and **Open.Stream.Oplock.State** is anything other than the following:
 - NO_OPLOCK
 - READ_CACHING
 - (READ_CACHING|HANDLE_CACHING)
 - (READ_CACHING|HANDLE_CACHING|MIXED_R_AND_RH)
 - (READ_CACHING|HANDLE_CACHING|BREAK_TO_READ_CACHING)
 - (READ_CACHING|HANDLE_CACHING|BREAK_TO_NO_CACHING)
 - If **Open.Stream.IsDeleted** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with **Status** set to STATUS_OPLOCK_NOT_GRANTED.
 - If **GrantingInAck** is FALSE:
 - If there is an **Open** *ThisOpen* on **Open.Stream.Oplock.ROplocks** whose **TargetOplockKey** is equal to **Open.TargetOplockKey** (there is supposed to be at most one present):
 - Remove *ThisOpen* from **Open.Stream.Oplocks.ROplocks**.

Notify the server of an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.3, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:

- **BreakingOplockOpen** equal to *ThisOpen*.
- **NewOplockLevel** equal to (READ_CACHING|HANDLE_CACHING).
- **AcknowledgeRequired** equal to FALSE.
- **OplockCompletionStatus** equal to STATUS_OPLOCK_SWITCHED_TO_NEW_HANDLE.
- (The operation does not end at this point; this call to 2.1.5.17.3 completes some earlier call to 2.1.5.17.2.)
- EndIf
- If there is an **Open** *ThisOpen* on **Open.Stream.Oplock.RHOplocks** whose **TargetOplockKey** is equal to **Open.TargetOplockKey** (there is supposed to be at most one present):
 - Remove *ThisOpen* from **Open.Stream.Oplocks.RHOplocks**.
 - Notify the server of an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.3, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
 - **BreakingOplockOpen** equal to *ThisOpen*.
 - **NewOplockLevel** equal to (READ_CACHING|HANDLE_CACHING).
 - **AcknowledgeRequired** equal to FALSE.
 - **OplockCompletionStatus** equal to STATUS_OPLOCK_SWITCHED_TO_NEW_HANDLE.
 - (The operation does not end at this point; this call to 2.1.5.17.3 completes some earlier call to 2.1.5.17.2.)
- EndIf
- EndIf
- Add **Open** to **Open.Stream.Oplock.RHOplocks**.
- Recompute **Open.Stream.Oplock.State** according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.13, passing **Open.Stream.Oplock** as the **ThisOplock** parameter.
- Set *OplockGranted* to TRUE.
- EndCase
- // No other value of **RequestedOplock** is possible.
- EndSwitch
- If *OplockGranted* is TRUE:
 - This operation MUST be made cancelable by inserting it into **CancelableOperations.CancelableOperationList**.

- The operation waits until the oplock is broken or canceled, as specified in section 2.1.5.17.3. When the operation specified in section 2.1.5.17.3 is called, its following input parameters are transferred to this routine and returned by it:
 - **Status** is set to **OplockCompletionStatus** from the operation specified in section 2.1.5.17.3.
 - **NewOplockLevel** is set to **NewOplockLevel** from the operation specified in section 2.1.5.17.3.
 - **AcknowledgeRequired** is set to **AcknowledgeRequired** from the operation specified in section 2.1.5.17.3.
- EndIf

2.1.5.17.3 Indicating an Oplock Break to the Server

The inputs for indicating an oplock break to the server are:

- **BreakingOplockOpen:** The **Open** used to request the oplock that is now breaking.
- **NewOplockLevel:** The type of oplock the requested oplock has been broken to. Valid values are as follows:
 - LEVEL_NONE (that is, no oplock)
 - LEVEL_TWO
 - A combination of one or more of the following flags:
 - READ_CACHING
 - HANDLE_CACHING
 - WRITE_CACHING
- **AcknowledgeRequired:** A Boolean value; TRUE if the server MUST acknowledge the oplock break, FALSE if not, as specified in section 2.1.5.18.
- **OplockCompletionStatus:** The NTSTATUS code to return to the server.

This algorithm simply represents the completion of an oplock request, as specified in section 2.1.5.17.1 or section 2.1.5.17.2. The server is expected to associate the return status from this algorithm with **BreakingOplockOpen**, which is the **Open** passed in when it requested the oplock that is now breaking.

It is important to note that because several oplocks can be outstanding in parallel, although this algorithm represents the completion of an oplock request, it might not result in the completion of the algorithm that called it. In particular, calling this algorithm will result in completion of the caller only if **BreakingOplockOpen** is the same as the **Open** with which the calling algorithm was itself called. To mitigate confusion, each algorithm that refers to this section will specify whether that algorithm's operation terminates at that point or not.

The object store MUST return **OplockCompletionStatus**, **AcknowledgeRequired**, and **NewOplockLevel** to the server (the algorithm is as specified in section 2.1.5.17.1 and section 2.1.5.17.2).

2.1.5.18 Server Acknowledges an Oplock Break

The server provides:

- **Open** - The **Open** associated with the oplock that has broken.
- **Type** - As part of the acknowledgement, the server indicates a new oplock it would like in place of the one that has broken. Valid values are as follows:
 - LEVEL_NONE
 - LEVEL_TWO
 - LEVEL_GRANULAR - If this oplock type is specified, the server additionally provides:
 - **RequestedOplockLevel** - A combination of zero or more of the following flags:
 - READ_CACHING
 - HANDLE_CACHING
 - WRITE_CACHING

If the server requests a new oplock and it is granted, the request does not complete until the oplock is broken; the operation waits for this to happen. Processing of an oplock break is described in section 2.1.5.17.3. Whether the new oplock is granted or not, the object store MUST return:

- **Status** - An NTSTATUS code indicating the result of the operation.

If the server requests a new oplock and it is granted, then when the oplock breaks and the request finally completes, the object store MUST additionally return:

- **NewOplockLevel:** The type of oplock the requested oplock has been broken to. Valid values are as follows:
 - LEVEL_NONE (that is, no oplock)
 - LEVEL_TWO
 - A combination of one or more of the following flags:
 - READ_CACHING
 - HANDLE_CACHING
 - WRITE_CACHING
- **AcknowledgeRequired:** A Boolean value; TRUE if the server MUST acknowledge the oplock break, FALSE if not, as specified in section 2.1.5.17.2.

This routine uses the following local variables:

- Boolean values (initialized to FALSE): *NewOplockGranted*, *ReturnBreakToNone*, *FoundMatchingRHOoplock*

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **Open.Stream.Oplock** is empty, the operation MUST be failed with **Status** set to STATUS_INVALID_OPLOCK_PROTOCOL.
- If **Type** is LEVEL_NONE or LEVEL_TWO:
 - If **Open.Stream.Oplock.ExclusiveOpen** is not equal to **Open**, the operation MUST be failed with **Status** set to STATUS_INVALID_OPLOCK_PROTOCOL.
 - If **Type** is LEVEL_TWO and **Open.Stream.Oplock.State** contains BREAK_TO_TWO:

- Set **Open.Stream.Oplock.State** to LEVEL_TWO_OPLOCK.
- Set *NewOplockGranted* to TRUE.
- Else If **Open.Stream.Oplock.State** contains BREAK_TO_TWO or BREAK_TO_NONE:
 - Set **Open.Stream.Oplock.State** to NO_OPLOCK.
- Else If **Open.Stream.Oplock.State** contains BREAK_TO_TWO_TO_NONE:
 - Set **Open.Stream.Oplock.State** to NO_OPLOCK.
 - Set *ReturnBreakToNone* to TRUE.
- Else
 - The operation MUST be failed with **Status** set to STATUS_INVALID_OPLOCK_PROTOCOL.
- EndIf
- For each **Open** *WaitingOpen* on **Open.Stream.Oplock.WaitList**:
 - Indicate that the operation associated with *WaitingOpen* can continue according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12.1, setting **OpenToRelease** equal to *WaitingOpen*.
 - Remove *WaitingOpen* from **Open.Stream.Oplock.WaitList**.
- EndFor
- Set **Open.Stream.Oplock.ExclusiveOpen** to NULL.
- If *NewOplockGranted* is TRUE:
 - The operation waits until the newly-granted Level 2 oplock is broken, as specified in section 2.1.5.17.3.
- Else If *ReturnBreakToNone* is TRUE:
 - In this case the server was expecting the oplock to break to Level 2, but because the oplock is actually breaking to None (that is, no oplock), the object store MUST indicate an oplock break to the server according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.3, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
 - **BreakingOplockOpen** equal to **Open**.
 - **NewOplockLevel** equal to LEVEL_NONE.
 - **AcknowledgeRequired** equal to FALSE.
 - **OplockCompletionStatus** equal to STATUS_SUCCESS.
 - (Because **BreakingOplockOpen** is equal to the passed-in **Open**, the operation ends at this point.)
- Else
 - The operation MUST return **Status** set to STATUS_SUCCESS at this point.
- EndIf
- Else If **Type** is LEVEL_GRANULAR:

- Let *BREAK_LEVEL_MASK* = (BREAK_TO_READ_CACHING | BREAK_TO_WRITE_CACHING | BREAK_TO_HANDLE_CACHING | BREAK_TO_NO_CACHING)
- Let *R_AND_RH_GRANTED* = (READ_CACHING|HANDLE_CACHING|MIXED_R_AND_RH)
- Let *RH_GRANTED* = (READ_CACHING|HANDLE_CACHING)
- // If there are no *BREAK_LEVEL_MASK* flags set, this is invalid, unless the
- // state is *R_AND_RH_GRANTED* or *RH_GRANTED*, in which case we'll need to see if
- // the **RHBreakQueue** is empty.
- If (**Open.Stream.Oplock.State** does not contain any flag in *BREAK_LEVEL_MASK* and (**Open.Stream.Oplock.State** != *R_AND_RH_GRANTED*) and (**Open.Stream.Oplock.State** != *RH_GRANTED*)) or (((**Open.Stream.Oplock.State** == *R_AND_RH_GRANTED*) or (**Open.Stream.Oplock.State** == *RH_GRANTED*)) and **Open.Stream.Oplock.RHBreakQueue** is empty):
 - The request MUST be failed with **Status** set to STATUS_INVALID_OPLOCK_PROTOCOL.
- EndIf
- Switch **Open.Stream.Oplock.State**
 - Case (READ_CACHING|HANDLE_CACHING|MIXED_R_AND_RH):
 - Case (READ_CACHING|HANDLE_CACHING):
 - Case (READ_CACHING|HANDLE_CACHING|BREAK_TO_READ_CACHING):
 - Case (READ_CACHING|HANDLE_CACHING|BREAK_TO_NO_CACHING):
 - For each **RHOpContext** *ThisContext* in **Open.Stream.Oplock.RHBreakQueue**:
 - If *ThisContext.Open* equals **Open**:
 - Set *FoundMatchingRHOplock* to TRUE.
 - If *ThisContext.BreakingToRead* is FALSE:
 - If **RequestedOplockLevel** is not 0 and **Open.Stream.Oplock.WaitList** is not empty:
 - The object store MUST indicate an oplock break to the server according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.3, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
 - **BreakingOplockOpen** equal to **Open**.
 - **NewOplockLevel** equal to LEVEL_NONE.
 - **AcknowledgeRequired** equal to TRUE.
 - **OplockCompletionStatus** equal to STATUS_CANNOT_GRANT_REQUESTED_OPLOCK.

- (Because **BreakingOplockOpen** is equal to the passed-in **Open**, the operation ends at this point.)
 - EndIf
- Else // *ThisContext*.**BreakingToRead** is TRUE.
 - If **Open.Stream.Oplock.WaitList** is not empty and (**RequestedOplockLevel** is (READ_CACHING|WRITE_CACHING) or (READ_CACHING|WRITE_CACHING|HANDLE_CACHING)):
 - The object store MUST indicate an oplock break to the server according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.3, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
 - **BreakingOplockOpen** equal to **Open**.
 - **NewOplockLevel** equal to READ_CACHING.
 - **AcknowledgeRequired** equal to TRUE.
 - **OplockCompletionStatus** equal to STATUS_CANNOT_GRANT_REQUESTED_OPLOCK.
 - (Because **BreakingOplockOpen** is equal to the passed-in **Open**, the operation ends at this point.)
 - EndIf
- EndIf
- Remove *ThisContext* from **Open.Stream.Oplock.RHBreakQueue**.
- For each **Open** *WaitingOpen* on **Open.Stream.Oplock.WaitList**:
 - // The operation waiting for the Read-Handle oplock to break can continue if
 - // there are no more Read-Handle oplocks outstanding, or if all the remaining
 - // Read-Handle oplocks have the same oplock key as the waiting operation.
 - If (**Open.Stream.Oplock.RHBreakQueue** is empty) or (all **RHOpContext.Open.TargetOplockKey** values on **Open.Stream.Oplock.RHBreakQueue** are equal to *WaitingOpen.TargetOplockKey*):
 - Indicate that the operation associated with *WaitingOpen* can continue according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12.1, setting **OpenToRelease** equal to *WaitingOpen*.
 - Remove *WaitingOpen* from **Open.Stream.Oplock.WaitList**.
 - EndIf
- EndFor
- If **RequestedOplockLevel** is 0 (that is, no flags):

- Recompute **Open.Stream.Oplock.State** according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.13, passing **Open.Stream.Oplock** as the **ThisOplock** parameter.
- The algorithm MUST return **Status** set to STATUS_SUCCESS at this point.
- Else If **RequestedOplockLevel** does not contain WRITE_CACHING:
 - The object store MUST request a shared oplock according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.2, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
 - Pass in the current **Open**.
 - **RequestedOplock** equal to **RequestedOplockLevel**.
 - **GrantingInAck** equal to TRUE.
 - The operation MUST at this point return any status code returned by the shared oplock request algorithm.
- Else
 - Set **Open.Stream.Oplock.ExclusiveOpen** to *ThisContext.Open*.
 - Set **Open.Stream.Oplock.State** to (**RequestedOplockLevel**|EXCLUSIVE).
 - This operation MUST be made cancelable by inserting it into **CancelableOperations.CancelableOperationList**.
 - This operation waits until the oplock is broken or canceled, as specified in section 2.1.5.17.3.
- EndIf
- Break out of the For loop.
- EndIf
- EndFor
- If *FoundMatchingRHOplock* is FALSE:
 - The operation MUST be failed with **Status** set to STATUS_INVALID_OPLOCK_PROTOCOL.
- EndIf
- The operation returns **Status** set to STATUS_SUCCESS at this point.
- EndCase
- Case (READ_CACHING|WRITE_CACHING|EXCLUSIVE|BREAK_TO_READ_CACHING):
- Case (READ_CACHING|WRITE_CACHING|EXCLUSIVE|BREAK_TO_NO_CACHING):
- Case (READ_CACHING|WRITE_CACHING|HANDLE_CACHING|EXCLUSIVE|BREAK_TO_READ_CACHING|BREAK_TO_WRITE_CACHING):

- Case (READ_CACHING|WRITE_CACHING|HANDLE_CACHING|EXCLUSIVE|BREAK_TO_READ_CACHING|BREAK_TO_HANDLE_CACHING):
- Case (READ_CACHING|WRITE_CACHING|HANDLE_CACHING|EXCLUSIVE|BREAK_TO_READ_CACHING):
- Case (READ_CACHING|WRITE_CACHING|HANDLE_CACHING|EXCLUSIVE|BREAK_TO_NO_CACHING):
 - If **Open.Stream.Oplock.ExclusiveOpen** != **Open**:
 - The operation MUST be failed with **Status** set to STATUS_INVALID_OPLOCK_PROTOCOL.
 - EndIf
 - If **Open.Stream.Oplock.WaitList** is not empty and Open.Stream.Oplock.State does not contain HANDLE_CACHING and RequestedOplockLevel is (READ_CACHING|WRITE_CACHING|HANDLE_CACHING):
 - The object store MUST indicate an oplock break to the server according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.3, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
 - **BreakingOplockOpen** equal to **Open**.
 - **NewOplockLevel** equal to:
 - (READ_CACHING|WRITE_CACHING) if **Open.Stream.Oplock.State** contains each of BREAK_TO_READ_CACHING and BREAK_TO_WRITE_CACHING and not BREAK_TO_HANDLE_CACHING.
 - (READ_CACHING|HANDLE_CACHING) if **Open.Stream.Oplock.State** contains each of BREAK_TO_READ_CACHING and BREAK_TO_HANDLE_CACHING and not BREAK_TO_WRITE_CACHING.
 - READ_CACHING if **Open.Stream.Oplock.State** contains BREAK_TO_READ_CACHING and neither BREAK_TO_WRITE_CACHING nor BREAK_TO_HANDLE_CACHING.
 - LEVEL_NONE if **Open.Stream.Oplock.State** contains BREAK_TO_NO_CACHING.
 - **AcknowledgeRequired** equal to TRUE.
 - **OplockCompletionStatus** equal to STATUS_CANNOT_GRANT_REQUESTED_OPLOCK.
 - (Because **BreakingOplockOpen** is equal to the passed-in **Open**, the operation ends at this point.)
 - Else
 - If **Open.Stream.IsDeleted** is TRUE and **RequestedOplockLevel** contains HANDLE_CACHING:
 - The object store MUST indicate an oplock break to the server according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.3, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:

- **BreakingOplockOpen** equal to **Open**.
- **NewOplockLevel** equal to **RequestedOplockLevel** without `HANDLE_CACHING` (for example if **RequestedOplockLevel** is `(READ_CACHING|HANDLE_CACHING)`, then **NewOplockLevel** would be just `READ_CACHING`).
- **AcknowledgeRequired** equal to `TRUE`.
- **OplockCompletionStatus** equal to `STATUS_CANNOT_GRANT_REQUESTED_OPLOCK`.
- (Because **BreakingOplockOpen** is equal to the passed-in **Open**, the operation ends at this point.)
- `EndIf`
- For each **Open** *WaitingOpen* on **Open.Stream.Oplock.WaitList**:
 - Indicate that the operation associated with *WaitingOpen* can continue according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12.1, setting **OpenToRelease** equal to *WaitingOpen*.
 - Remove *WaitingOpen* from **Open.Stream.Oplock.WaitList**.
- `EndFor`
- If **RequestedOplockLevel** does not contain `WRITE_CACHING`:
 - Set **Open.Stream.Oplock.ExclusiveOpen** to `NULL`.
- `EndIf`
- If **RequestedOplockLevel** is 0 (that is, no flags):
 - Set **Open.Stream.Oplock.State** to `NO_OPLOCK`.
 - The operation returns **Status** set to `STATUS_SUCCESS` at this point.
- Else If **RequestedOplockLevel** does not contain `WRITE_CACHING`:
 - The object store **MUST** request a shared oplock according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.2, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
 - Pass in the current **Open**.
 - **RequestedOplock** equal to **RequestedOplockLevel**.
 - **GrantingInAck** equal to `TRUE`.
 - The operation **MUST** at this point return any status code returned by the shared oplock request algorithm.
- Else
 - `// Note that because this oplock is being set up as part of an acknowledgement of an exclusive oplock break, Open.Stream.Oplock.ExclusiveOpen was set at the time of the original oplock request; it contains Open.`
 - Set **Open.Stream.Oplock.State** to `(RequestedOplockLevel|EXCLUSIVE)`.

- This operation MUST be made cancelable by inserting it into **CancelableOperations.CancelableOperationList**.
- This operation waits until the oplock is broken or canceled, as specified in section 2.1.5.17.3.
- Endif
- EndIf
- EndCase
- DefaultCase:
 - The operation MUST be failed with **Status** set to STATUS_INVALID_OPLOCK_PROTOCOL.
- EndSwitch
- EndIf

2.1.5.19 Server Requests Canceling an Operation

The server provides:

- **IORequest:** An implementation-specific identifier that is unique for each outstanding IO operation, as described in [MS-CIFS] section 3.3.5.52.

No information is returned.

Cancellation provides the ability for operations that block for extended periods of time to be terminated, thus providing better end-user responsiveness. How operation cancellation is implemented is object store specific.

The Object Store MUST maintain a list of waiting operations that can be canceled by adding them to the **CancelableOperations.CancelableOperationList** as defined in section 2.1.1.12.

Each operation receives an implementation-specific identifier (**IORequest**) that uniquely identifies an in-progress I/O operation, as specified in section 2.1.5.

When a cancellation request is received, scan **CancelableOperations.CancelableOperationList** looking for an operation *CanceledOperation* that matches **IORequest**. If found, *CanceledOperation* MUST be removed from **CancelableOperations.CancelableOperationList** and *CanceledOperation* MUST be failed with STATUS_CANCELED returned for the status of the canceled operation. If not found, the cancel request returns performing no action.<176>

2.1.5.20 Server Requests Querying Quota Information

The server provides:

- **Open:** An Open of a Quota Stream<177>.
- **OutputBufferSize:** The maximum number of bytes to return in **OutputBuffer**.
- **ReturnSingleEntry:** A Boolean that, if TRUE, indicates at most one entry MUST be returned. If FALSE, one or more entries MAY be returned, up to what will fit in **OutputBufferSize** bytes.
- **SidList:** An optional array of one or more FILE_GET_QUOTA_INFORMATION structures as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.33.1. This identifies the SIDs whose quota information is to be returned.

- **SidListLength:** The length, in bytes, of the **SidList** array. If no **SidList** array is provided, this MUST be set to zero.
- **StartSid:** An optional SID identifying the entry at which to begin scanning quota information. This parameter is ignored if the **SidList** parameter is specified. If no **StartSid** SID is provided, this field is empty.
- **RestartScan:** A Boolean that, if TRUE, indicates that enumeration is restarted from the beginning of the quota list. If FALSE, enumeration continues from the last position.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.
- **OutputBuffer:** An array of one or more FILE_QUOTA_INFORMATION structures as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.33.
- **ByteCount:** The number of bytes stored in **OutputBuffer**.

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_DEVICE_REQUEST.<178>

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **SidList** is not empty and **SidListLength** is not a multiple of 4, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER.
- If **SidListLength** is not zero but less than *sizeof(FILE_GET_QUOTA_INFORMATION)*, **SidList** will be zero filled up to *sizeof(FILE_GET_QUOTA_INFORMATION)*.
- If **SidList** is not empty:
 - For each entry in **SidList**, the object store MUST return a FILE_QUOTA_INFORMATION structure as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.33, where the data returned is from the **Open.File.Volume.QuotaInformation** entry with the same SID.
 - If **SidList** includes a SID that does not map to an existing SID in the **Open.File.Volume.QuotaInformation** list, the object store MUST return a FILE_QUOTA_INFORMATION structure (as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.33) that is filled with zeros.
 - If **ReturnSingleEntry** is TRUE, the object store MUST return information only on the first SID in **SidList**. No other **SidList** entries other than the first are processed by the object store.
 - **RestartScan** and **StartSid** are ignored.
- Else: // **SidList** is empty
 - If **OutputBufferSize** is less than *sizeof(FILE_QUOTA_INFORMATION)*, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_BUFFER_TOO_SMALL.
 - If **StartSid** is not empty:
 - If **StartSid** is not found in **Open.File.Volume.QuotaInformation** then the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER.
 - Set **Open.LastQuotaId** to the index of the entry in **Open.File.Volume.QuotaInformation** that matches **StartSid**.
 - **RestartScan** is ignored.
 - Else:

- If **RestartScan** is TRUE or **Open.LastQuotaId** is -1:
 - Set **Open.LastQuotaId** to the index of the first entry in the **Open.File.Volume.QuotaInformation** list.
- Else:
 - Set **Open.LastQuotaId** to the index of the entry after the current value of **Open.LastQuotaId** of **Open.File.Volume.QuotaInformation** list.
- EndIf
- EndIf
- The object store MUST return a FILE_QUOTA_INFORMATION structure (as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.33) that corresponds to the entry in **Open.File.Volume.QuotaInformationList** that has the index specified by **Open.LastQuotaId**.
- If **ReturnSingleEntry** is TRUE, the object store MUST return information on only a single quota entry.
- If **ReturnSingleEntry** is FALSE and **Open.LastQuotaId** is not at the end of the **Open.File.Volume.QuotaInformation** list and more FILE_QUOTA_INFORMATION structures will fit in the remaining **ByteCount**, then more FILE_QUOTA_INFORMATION structures SHOULD be returned until either **Open.LastQuotaId** is at the end of **Open.File.Volume.QuotaInformation** list or no more FILE_QUOTA_INFORMATION structures will fit in **OutputBuffer**.
- The operation MUST fail with STATUS_NO_MORE_ENTRIES when no entries are returned.
- **Open.LastQuotaId** MUST be set to point to the entry in **Open.File.Volume.QuotaInformation** that represents the last returned FILE_QUOTA_INFORMATION structure in **OutputBuffer**.
- EndIf
- Upon successful completion, the object store MUST return:
 - **Status** set to STATUS_SUCCESS.
 - **ByteCount** set to the count, in bytes, of how much data was filled into **OutputBuffer**.

2.1.5.21 Server Requests Setting Quota Information

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a Quota Stream<179>.
- **InputBuffer:** A buffer that contains one or more aligned FILE_QUOTA_INFORMATION structures as defined in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.33.
- **InputBufferSize:** The size, in bytes, of **InputBuffer**.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_DEVICE_REQUEST.<180>

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **InputBufferSize** is zero, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER.
- For each FILE_QUOTA_INFORMATION structure *quota* in **InputBuffer**:
 - Scan **Open.File.Volume.QuotaInformation** for an entry that matches *quota.Sid* and if found, save a pointer in *matchedQuota*; else set *matchedQuota* to empty.
 - If *quota.Sid* == BUILTINAdministrators (as defined in [MS-DTYP] section 2.4.2.4) and *quota.QuotaLimit* != -1, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_ACCESS_DENIED. A quota limit cannot be specified on the administrators account.
 - If *quota.QuotaLimit* == -2 //The quota is being deleted
 - If *matchedQuota* is not empty:
 - Remove *matchedQuota* from **Open.File.Volume.QuotaInformation** and delete it.
 - Set *matchedQuota* to empty.
 - Else
 - The operation MUST be failed with STATUS_NO_MATCH
 - Endif
 - Else if *matchedQuota* is not empty:
 - Set *matchedQuota.QuotaThreshold* to *quota.QuotaThreshold*.
 - Set *matchedQuota.QuotaLimit* to *quota.QuotaLimit*.
 - Set *matchedQuota.ChangeTime* to the current time.
 - Else: //matchedQuota is empty:
 - Set *matchedQuota* to a newly allocated FILE_QUOTA_INFORMATION structure.
 - Set *matchedQuota.Sid* to *quota.Sid*.
 - Set *matchedQuota.SidLength* to the length of *quota.Sid*.
 - Set *matchedQuota.QuotaThreshold* to *quota.QuotaThreshold*.
 - Set *matchedQuota.QuotaLimit* to *quota.QuotaLimit*.
 - Set *matchedQuota.ChangeTime* to the current time.
 - Insert *matchedQuota* into **Volume.QuotaInformation**.
 - *matchedQuota.QuotaUsed* is updated in the background by scanning all files in **Open.File.Volume** where **File.SecurityDescriptor.Owner** == *matchedQuota.Sid*.
 - EndIf
- Upon successful completion, the object store MUST return:
 - **Status** set to STATUS_SUCCESS.

3 Algorithm Examples

None.

4 Security

4.1 Security Considerations for Implementers

Security is opaque to file systems. Some file systems store security descriptors as opaque blobs and then call security support routines to perform the necessary security checks. Other file systems do not implement security. Security considerations are called out in the sections where they are used. Please refer to [MS-AUTHSOD] for a security overview.

4.2 Index of Security Parameters

Security parameter	Section
SecurityContext	2.1.4.14
SecurityDescriptor	2.1.4.14
SecurityContext	2.1.5.1
SecurityInformation	2.1.5.13
SecurityInformation	2.1.5.16

5 (Updated Section) Appendix A: Product Behavior

The information in this specification is applicable to the following Microsoft products or supplemental software. References to product versions include updates to those products.

- Windows 2000 operating system
- Windows XP operating system
- Windows Server 2003 operating system
- Windows Vista operating system
- Windows Server 2008 operating system
- Windows 7 operating system
- Windows Server 2008 R2 operating system
- Windows 8 operating system
- Windows Server 2012 operating system
- Windows 8.1 operating system
- Windows Server 2012 R2 operating system
- Windows 10 operating system
- Windows Server 2016 operating system
- Windows Server operating system
- Windows Server 2019 operating system
- Windows Server 2022 operating system

Exceptions, if any, are noted in this section. If an update version, service pack or Knowledge Base (KB) number appears with a product name, the behavior changed in that update. The new behavior also applies to subsequent updates unless otherwise specified. If a product edition appears with the product version, behavior is different in that product edition.

Unless otherwise specified, any statement of optional behavior in this specification that is prescribed using the terms "SHOULD" or "SHOULD NOT" implies product behavior in accordance with the SHOULD or SHOULD NOT prescription. Unless otherwise specified, the term "MAY" implies that the product does not follow the prescription.

<1> Section 2.1.1.1: NTFS uses a default cluster size of 4 KB, a maximum cluster size of 64 KB on Windows 10 v1703 operating system and Windows Server 2016 and prior, and 2 MB on Windows 10 v1709 operating system and Windows Server 2019 and later, and a minimum cluster size of 512 bytes. ReFS in Windows 8 and subsequent use a fixed cluster size of 64 KB. ReFS in Windows 10 and later use a default cluster size of 4 KB. ReFS also supports a 64-KB cluster size.

<2> Section 2.1.1.1: For AMD64, x86, and ARM systems, this value is 4 KB. For ia64 systems, this value is 8 KB.

<3> Section 2.1.1.1: In NTFS, the CompressionUnitSize is 64 KB for encrypted files, 64 KB for sparse files, and the lesser of 64 KB or (16 * **ClusterSize**) for compressed files. Other file systems do not implement this field.

<4> Section 2.1.1.1: In NTFS, the CompressedChunkSize is 4 KB. Other Windows file systems do not implement this field.

<5> Section 2.1.1.1: Only ReFS supports integrity.

<6> Section 2.1.1.1: Only NTFS supports quotas.

<7> Section 2.1.1.1: This field is present for compatibility with the file level FileObjectIdInformation structure ([MS-FSCC] section 2.4.28). These fields are not currently used by Windows and always contain zeroes.

<8> Section 2.1.1.1: The USN journal is supported on ReFS all versions and NTFS version 3.0 volumes or greater. The USN journal is active by default on Windows Vista and subsequent. The USN journal is not active by default on Windows-based servers.

<9> Section 2.1.1.1: For Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Server 2003, Windows Vista, Windows Server 2008, Windows 7, and Windows Server 2008 R2, the maximum file size of a file on an NTFS volume is the smaller of $(2^{32} - 1) * \text{cluster size}$, and 16 terabytes (TB). For Windows 8 and Windows Server 2012, the maximum file size of a file on an NTFS volume is $(2^{32} - 1) * \text{cluster size}$. For Windows 8.1 and subsequent the maximum file size of a file on an NTFS volume is $((2^{32} * \text{cluster size}) - 64K)$. For example, if the cluster size is 512 bytes, the maximum file size is 2 TB.

<10> Section 2.1.1.2: ReFS does not implement the TunnelCache.

<11> Section 2.1.1.3: Only NTFS supports view index files.

<12> Section 2.1.1.3: ReFS and exFAT do not implement **ShortNames**.

<13> Section 2.1.1.3: The following table defines the support of file time stamps across various Windows file systems. More information can be found in section 6 of the File System Behavior Overview document [FSBO].

Timestamp	ReFS	NTFS	FAT	EXFAT	UDFS
CreationTime	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in local time 10 millisecond granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 10 millisecond granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 1 microsecond granularity
LastAccessTime	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity Updated at 60 minute granularity	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity Updated at 60 minute granularity	Stored in local time 1 day granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 2 second granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 1 microsecond granularity
ChangeTime	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Not Supported	Not Supported	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 1 microsecond granularity
LastWriteTime	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in local time 2 second granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 10 millisecond granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 1 microsecond granularity

<14> Section 2.1.1.3: The following table defines the support of file time stamps across various Windows file systems. More information can be found in section 6 of the File System Behavior Overview document [FSBO].

Timestamp	ReFS	NTFS	FAT	EXFAT	UDFS
CreationTime	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in local time 10 millisecond granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 10 millisecond granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 1 microsecond granularity
LastAccessTime	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity Updated at 60 minute granularity	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity Updated at 60 minute granularity	Stored in local time 1 day granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 2 second granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 1 microsecond granularity
ChangeTime	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Not Supported	Not Supported	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 1 microsecond granularity
LastWriteTime	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in local time 2 second granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 10 millisecond granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 1 microsecond granularity

<15> Section 2.1.1.3: The following table defines the support of file time stamps across various Windows file systems. More information can be found in section 6 of the File System Behavior Overview document [FSBO].

Timestamp	ReFS	NTFS	FAT	EXFAT	UDFS
CreationTime	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in local time 10 millisecond granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 10 millisecond granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 1 microsecond granularity
LastAccessTime	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity Updated at 60 minute granularity	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity Updated at 60 minute granularity	Stored in local time 1 day granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 2 second granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 1 microsecond granularity
ChangeTime	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Not Supported	Not Supported	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 1 microsecond

Timestamp	ReFS	NTFS	FAT	EXFAT	UDFS
					granularity
LastWriteTime	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in local time 2 second granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 10 millisecond granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 1 microsecond granularity

<16> Section 2.1.1.3: In Windows Vista and subsequent, LastAccessTime updates are disabled by default in the ReFS and NTFS file systems. It is only updated when the file is closed. This behavior is controlled by the following registry key:

HKLM\System\CurrentControlSet\Control\FileSystem\NtfsDisableLastAccessUpdate. A nonzero value means LastAccessTime updates are disabled. A value of zero means they are enabled.

<17> Section 2.1.1.3: The following table defines the support of file time stamps across various Windows file systems. More information can be found in section 6 of the File System Behavior Overview document [FSBO].

Timestamp	ReFS	NTFS	FAT	EXFAT	UDFS
CreationTime	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in local time 10 millisecond granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 10 millisecond granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 1 microsecond granularity
LastAccessTime	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity Updated at 60 minute granularity	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity Updated at 60 minute granularity	Stored in local time 1 day granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 2 second granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 1 microsecond granularity
ChangeTime	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Not Supported	Not Supported	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 1 microsecond granularity
LastWriteTime	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in local time 2 second granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 10 millisecond granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 1 microsecond granularity

<18> Section 2.1.1.3: Only NTFS implements EAs.

<19> Section 2.1.1.3: Only NTFS implements EAs.

<20> Section 2.1.1.3: Only NTFS implements object IDs.

<21> Section 2.1.1.3: Only NTFS implements object IDs.

<22> Section 2.1.1.3: Only NTFS and UDFS implement named streams.

<23> Section 2.1.1.3: ReFS and exFAT do not implement **ShortNames**.

<24> Section 2.1.1.3: Only NTFS implements encryption.

<25> Section 2.1.1.4: For ReFS, there will always be exactly one link per file or directory.

<26> Section 2.1.1.4: On ReFS or exFAT, this field **MUST** be empty.

<27> Section 2.1.1.4: The following table defines the support of file time stamps across various Windows file systems. More information can be found in section 6 of the File System Behavior Overview document [FSBO].

Timestamp	ReFS	NTFS	FAT	EXFAT	UDFS
CreationTime	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in local time 10 millisecond granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 10 millisecond granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 1 microsecond granularity
LastAccessTime	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity Updated at 60 minute granularity	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity Updated at 60 minute granularity	Stored in local time 1 day granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 2 second granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 1 microsecond granularity
ChangeTime	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Not Supported	Not Supported	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 1 microsecond granularity
LastWriteTime	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in local time 2 second granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 10 millisecond granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 1 microsecond granularity

<28> Section 2.1.1.4: The following table defines the support of file time stamps across various Windows file systems. More information can be found in section 6 of the File System Behavior Overview document [FSBO].

Timestamp	ReFS	NTFS	FAT	EXFAT	UDFS
CreationTime	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in local time 10 millisecond granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 10 millisecond granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 1 microsecond granularity
LastAccessTime	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond	Stored in local time	Stored in UTC if available, else in	Stored in UTC if available, else in

Timestamp	ReFS	NTFS	FAT	EXFAT	UDFS
	granularity Updated at 60 minute granularity	granularity Updated at 60 minute granularity	1 day granularity	local time 2 second granularity	local time 1 microsecond granularity
ChangeTime	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Not Supported	Not Supported	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 1 microsecond granularity
LastWriteTime	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in local time 2 second granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 10 millisecond granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 1 microsecond granularity

<29> Section 2.1.1.4: The following table defines the support of file time stamps across various Windows file systems. More information can be found in section 6 of the File System Behavior Overview document [FSBO].

Timestamp	ReFS	NTFS	FAT	EXFAT	UDFS
CreationTime	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in local time 10 millisecond granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 10 millisecond granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 1 microsecond granularity
LastAccessTime	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity Updated at 60 minute granularity	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity Updated at 60 minute granularity	Stored in local time 1 day granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 2 second granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 1 microsecond granularity
ChangeTime	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Not Supported	Not Supported	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 1 microsecond granularity
LastWriteTime	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in local time 2 second granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 10 millisecond granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 1 microsecond granularity

<30> Section 2.1.1.4: In Windows Vista and subsequent LastAccessTime updates are disabled by default in the ReFS and NTFS file systems. It is only updated when the file is closed. This behavior is controlled by the following registry key:

HKLM\System\CurrentControlSet\Control\FileSystem\NtfsDisableLastAccessUpdate. A nonzero value means LastAccessTime updates are disabled. A value of zero means they are enabled.

<31> Section 2.1.1.4: The following table defines the support of file time stamps across various Windows file systems. More information can be found in section 6 of the File System Behavior Overview document [FSBO].

Timestamp	ReFS	NTFS	FAT	EXFAT	UDFS
CreationTime	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in local time 10 millisecond granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 10 millisecond granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 1 microsecond granularity
LastAccessTime	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity Updated at 60 minute granularity	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity Updated at 60 minute granularity	Stored in local time 1 day granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 2 second granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 1 microsecond granularity
ChangeTime	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Not Supported	Not Supported	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 1 microsecond granularity
LastWriteTime	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in local time 2 second granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 10 millisecond granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 1 microsecond granularity

<32> Section 2.1.1.4: Only NTFS implements EAs.

<33> Section 2.1.1.5: Only NTFS supports view index streams.

<34> Section 2.1.1.5: Only NTFS supports compression.

<35> Section 2.1.1.5: Only ReFS supports integrity.

<36> Section 2.1.1.5: Only ReFS supports integrity.

<37> Section 2.1.1.5: Only NTFS, ReFS, and UDFS support sparse files.

<38> Section 2.1.1.5: Only NTFS supports encryption.

<39> Section 2.1.1.6: Only NTFS implements EAs.

<40> Section 2.1.4.11: NTFS sets *RecordLength* to $BlockAlign(FieldOffset(USN_RECORD_V2.FileName) + FileNameLength, 8)$. ReFS sets *RecordLength* to $BlockAlign(FieldOffset(USN_RECORD_V3.FileName) + FileNameLength, 8)$.

<41> Section 2.1.4.12: Windows 2000 through Windows Server 2008 R2 do not perform any of the following checks because PARENT_OBJECT is never set in the **Flags** field so you will always take the ELSE statement to the SWITCH statement.

Windows 8 and Windows Server 2012 will perform the following checks before the Switch(**Operation**) statement:

- If **Flags** contains PARENT_OBJECT:
 - If **Operation** is OPEN, as specified in section 2.1.5.1, or
Operation is FLUSH_DATA, as specified in section 2.1.5.6, or
Operation is CLOSE, as specified in section 2.1.5.4, or
Operation is FS_CONTROL, as specified in section 2.1.5.9, and **OpParams.ControlCode** is FSCTL_SET_ENCRYPTION, or
Operation is SET_INFORMATION, as specified in section 2.1.5.14, and **OpParams.FileInformationClass** is one of FileBasicInformation or FileAllocationInformation or FileEndOfFileInformation or FileRenameInformation or FileLinkInformation or FileShortNameInformation or FileValidDataLengthInformation.
 - Set *BreakCacheState* to (READ_CACHING|WRITE_CACHING).
- Else:
 - Switch (**Operation**):

<42> Section 2.1.4.17: File systems may choose to defer processing for a file that has been modified to a later time, favoring performance over accuracy. The NTFS file system on versions prior to Windows 10 v1809 operating system and later and non-NTFS file systems on all versions of Windows, defer this processing until the **Open** gets closed.

<43> Section 2.1.4.19: File systems may choose to defer processing for a file that has been accessed to a later time, favoring performance over accuracy. The NTFS file system on versions prior to Windows 10 v1809 and later and non-NTFS file systems on all versions of Windows, defer this processing until the **Open** gets closed.

<44> Section 2.1.5.1: NTFS and ReFS recognize the following complex name suffixes:

- "::\$I30"
- "::\$INDEX_ALLOCATION"
- "::\$I30::\$INDEX_ALLOCATION"
- "::\$BITMAP"
- "::\$I30::\$BITMAP"
- "::\$ATTRIBUTE_LIST"
- "::\$REPARSE_POINT"

Other Windows file systems do not recognize any complex name suffixes.

<45> Section 2.1.5.1: NTFS and ReFS recognize the following stream type names:

- "\$STANDARD_INFORMATION"
- "\$ATTRIBUTE_LIST"
- "\$FILE_NAME"
- "\$OBJECT_ID"

- "\$SECURITY_DESCRIPTOR"
- "\$VOLUME_NAME"
- "\$VOLUME_INFORMATION"
- "\$DATA"
- "\$INDEX_ROOT"
- "\$INDEX_ALLOCATION"
- "\$BITMAP"
- "\$REPARSE_POINT"
- "\$EA_INFORMATION"
- "\$EA"
- "\$LOGGED_UTILITY_STREAM"

Other Windows file systems do not recognize any stream type names.

<46> Section 2.1.5.1: Only the NTFS and ReFS file systems support complex name suffixes and StreamTypeNames. File systems that do not support this return STATUS_OBJECT_NAME_INVALID.

<47> Section 2.1.5.1.1: For the NTFS file system, the **FileId128** consists of a 48-bit index into the MFT (the low 48 bits) and a 16-bit sequence number (the next higher 16 bits), with the high 64 bits unused and always equal to 0. For the ReFS file system, the **FileId128** consists of a 64-bit index uniquely identifying the file's parent directory on the volume (the low 64 bits) and a 64-bit index uniquely identifying the file within that directory (the high 64 bits).

<48> Section 2.1.5.1.1: For the NTFS file system this is the index and sequence number portions (low 64 bits) of the **FileId128**. The ReFS file system maps a subset of the possible **FileId128** values to **FileId64** values using a reversible compression algorithm; for values outside of this subset, ReFS sets the **FileId64** to -1.

<49> Section 2.1.5.1.1: For the NTFS file system, this is the index portion (low 48 bits) of the **FileId128**. The ReFS file system does not implement this field.

<50> Section 2.1.5.1.1: Only ReFS supports FILE_ATTRIBUTE_INTEGRITY_STREAM.

<51> Section 2.1.5.1.1: Only NTFS and ReFS support FILE_ATTRIBUTE_NO_SCRUB_DATA.

<52> Section 2.1.5.1.1: Only NTFS and UDFS implement named streams.

<53> Section 2.1.5.1.1: The ReFS filesystem limits a named stream size to 128KB. If the Create operation for a new named stream specifies a larger size, ReFS fails the Create operation with STATUS_FILE_SYSTEM_LIMITATION.

<54> Section 2.1.5.1.2: Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Server 2003, and Windows Vista, treat the FILE_DISALLOW_EXCLUSIVE option as always being FALSE.

<55> Section 2.1.5.5.1: This is implemented only by the NTFS file system.

<56> Section 2.1.5.5.1: This directory is only available on NTFS volumes formatted to NTFS version 3.0 or later.

<57> Section 2.1.5.5.1: "*" is treated as 0x0000002A during the search, and it gives the practical behavior of a wildcard since an ObjectId starts with a much larger value. Similarly, "?" is treated as 0x0000003F and so practically it behaves like "*".

<58> Section 2.1.5.5.2: This is implemented only by the NTFS file system. This is not implemented on the FAT32 file system and STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER will be returned.

<59> Section 2.1.5.5.2: This directory is only available on NTFS volumes formatted to NTFS version 3.x.

<60> Section 2.1.5.5.3: Windows Vista operating system with Service Pack 1 (SP1), Windows Server 2008, Windows 7, and Windows Server 2008 R2 execute this portion only when FirstQuery is TRUE; the remaining conditions are ignored. This means the query pattern for a given Open cannot be changed once it is set.

<61> Section 2.1.5.5.3.1: For **ReFS file systems that don't support Extended Attributes**, this value MUST be zero.

<62> Section 2.1.5.5.3.3: For **ReFS file systems that don't support Extended Attributes**, this value MUST be zero.

<63> Section 2.1.5.5.3.4: For **ReFS file systems that don't support Extended Attributes**, this value MUST be zero.

<64> Section 2.1.5.5.3.5: For **ReFS file systems that don't support Extended Attributes**, this value MUST be zero.

<65><65> Section 2.1.5.5.3.6: For file systems that don't support Extended Attributes, this value MUST be zero.

<66> Section 2.1.5.6: This is only implemented by the NTFS file system. Other file systems return STATUS_SUCCESS and perform no other action.

<67> Section 2.1.5.7: In Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Server 2003, Windows Vista, Windows Server 2008, Windows 7, and Windows Server 2008 R2, NTFS checks for an oplock break even when (**FileOffset** >= **Open.Stream.AllocationSize**).

<68> Section 2.1.5.9.1: This is only implemented by the NTFS file system.

<69> Section 2.1.5.9.1: If the generated ObjectId collides with existing ObjectIds on the volume, Windows retries up to 16 times before failing the operation with STATUS_DUPLICATE_NAME.

<70> Section 2.1.5.9.1: The file system only updates **LastChangeTime** if no user has explicitly set **LastChangeTime**. The NTFS and ReFS file systems defer setting **LastChangeTime** until the handle is closed.

<71> Section 2.1.5.9.2: This is only implemented by the NTFS file system.

<72> Section 2.1.5.9.2: The file system only updates **LastChangeTime** if no user has explicitly set **LastChangeTime**. The NTFS and ReFS file systems defer setting **LastChangeTime** until the handle is closed.

<73> Section 2.1.5.9.3: This is only implemented by the NTFS file system.

<74> Section 2.1.5.9.3: The file system only updates **LastChangeTime** if no user has explicitly set **LastChangeTime**. The NTFS and ReFS file systems defer setting **LastChangeTime** until the handle is closed.

<75> Section 2.1.5.9.4: FSCTL_DUPLICATE_EXTENTS_TO_FILE is only supported by the ReFS file system in Windows 10 and later, Windows Server 2016 and later and Windows Server operating system and later.

<76> Section 2.1.5.9.4: Windows returns STATUS_INVALID_HANDLE if the source file handle is closed.

~~<76> Section 2.1.5.9.4: The ReFS file system in Windows Server 2016 and later does not check for byte range lock conflicts on **Open.Stream**.~~

<77> Section 2.1.5.9.4: The ReFS file system in Windows Server 2016 and later does not check for byte range lock conflicts on **Open.Stream**.

~~<78> Section 2.1.5.9.4: The ReFS file system in Windows Server 2016 and later does not check for byte range lock conflicts on Source.~~

<79> Section 2.1.5.9.5: FSCTL_DUPLICATE_EXTENTS_TO_FILE_EX is only supported by the ReFS file system in Windows 10 v1803 operating system and later, Windows Server v1803 operating system and later and Windows Server 2019 and later.

<80> Section 2.1.5.9.5: Windows returns STATUS_INVALID_HANDLE if the source file handle is closed.

~~<80> Section 2.1.5.9.5: The ReFS file system in Windows 10 v1803 and Windows Server v1803 does not check for byte range lock conflicts on **Open.Stream**.~~

<81> Section 2.1.5.9.5: The ReFS file system in Windows 10 v1803 and Windows Server v1803 does not check for byte range lock conflicts on **Open.Stream**.

~~<82> Section 2.1.5.9.5: The ReFS file system in Windows 10 v1803 and Windows Server v1803 does not check for byte range lock conflicts on Source.~~

<83> Section 2.1.5.9.6: If the Open is a directory on a Cluster Shared Volume File System (CSVFS), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_NOT_IMPLEMENTED.

<84> Section 2.1.5.9.7: This is only implemented by the ReFS, NTFS, FAT, FAT32, and exFAT file systems.

<85> Section 2.1.5.9.7: The NTFS file system sets an NTFS_STATISTICS structure as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.12.2. The FAT file system sets a FAT_STATISTICS structure as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.12.3. The EXFAT file system sets a EXFAT_STATISTICS structure as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.12.4.

<86> Section 2.1.5.9.8: This is only implemented by the NTFS file system.

<87> Section 2.1.5.9.8: Some file systems have more efficient mechanisms to obtain a list of files. For instance, NTFS iterates through all base file records of the MFT.

<88> Section 2.1.5.9.9: This is only implemented by the NTFS and ReFS file systems.

<89> Section 2.1.5.9.10: This operation is only implemented by the ReFS file system.

<90> Section 2.1.5.9.11: This is only implemented by the NTFS file system.

<91> Section 2.1.5.9.11: Several of the fields being set in this section are specific to how the NTFS file system is implemented and are not defined in the Object Stores Abstract Data Model.

<92> Section 2.1.5.9.13: This is only implemented by the NTFS file system.

<93> Section 2.1.5.9.14: This is only implemented by the ReFS and NTFS file systems.

<94> Section 2.1.5.9.16: Only ReFS supports this FSCTL.

<95> Section 2.1.5.9.19: This operation is only supported on the NTFS and ReFS file systems. This feature is supported in Windows Server 2019 and later.

~~<95><96> Section 2.1.5.9.19: The ReFS file system returns STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER for directory files.~~

<97> Section 2.1.5.9.19: Only the NTFS file system supports the concept of resident files, and it is an implementation-specific concept to a given file system.

<98> Section 2.1.5.9.20: This is implemented only by the NTFS file system.

<99> Section 2.1.5.9.21: This is implemented only by the NTFS file system.

<100> Section 2.1.5.9.22: This is only implemented by the ReFS and NTFS file systems.

<101> Section 2.1.5.9.23: Support for this FSCTL is only implemented in the FAT file system. The data returned by this FSCTL is incomplete and incorrect on FAT32, and it is unsupported on all other file systems, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.57.

<102> Section 2.1.5.9.24: This operation is only supported by the NTFS and ReFS file systems.

<103> Section 2.1.5.9.24: In Windows Server 2012 R2, *InputRegion.DesiredUsage* is set to FILE_REGION_USAGE_VALID_CACHED_DATA for ReFS.

<104> Section 2.1.5.9.25: This is only implemented by the UDFS file system.

<105> Section 2.1.5.9.26: This is only implemented by the UDFS file system.

<106> Section 2.1.5.9.27: This is only implemented by the ReFS and NTFS file systems.

<107> Section 2.1.5.9.27: In Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Server 2003, Windows Vista, Windows Server 2008, Windows 7, Windows Server 2008 R2, Windows 8, and Windows Server 2012, NTFS uses a *MaxMajorVersionSupported* value of 2.

<108> Section 2.1.5.9.27: In Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Server 2003, Windows Vista, Windows Server 2008, Windows 7 and Windows Server 2008 R2, NTFS ignores the input buffer completely; all requests are treated as having an **InputBufferSize** of 0.

<109> Section 2.1.5.9.27: In Windows 8 and Windows Server 2012, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_NOT_IMPLEMENTED.

<110> Section 2.1.5.9.28: This file system request is handled by the optional hierarchical storage management (HSM) file system filter. This filter has been deprecated as of Windows Server 2008 and is a server-only feature.

<111> Section 2.1.5.9.30: If the Open is a directory on a Cluster Shared Volume File System (CSVFS), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_NOT_IMPLEMENTED.

<112> Section 2.1.5.9.30: This method is fully supported with NTFS, but for ReFS, it is only supported and returns STATUS_SUCCESS when **CompressionState** is set to COMPRESSION_FORMAT_NONE. The method fails with STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED for any other value of **CompressionState**.

<113> Section 2.1.5.9.30: NTFS File Compression can be disabled globally on a system by setting the registry key HKLM\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\Control\FileSystem\NtfsDisableCompression to 1 and then rebooting the system to have the change take effect. Compression can be re-enabled by setting this key to zero and rebooting the system.

<114> Section 2.1.5.9.31: This is only implemented by the UDFS file system on media types that require software defect management.

<115> Section 2.1.5.9.32: This is implemented by the NTFS file system and the FAT32 file systems on Windows 10 v1511 operating system, Windows Server 2016 and subsequent.

<116> Section 2.1.5.9.33: Only ReFS supports integrity.

<117> Section 2.1.5.9.33: If the Open is a directory on a Cluster Shared Volume File System (CSVFS), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_NOT_IMPLEMENTED.

<118> Section 2.1.5.9.33: This is implemented only by the ReFS file system.

<119> Section 2.1.5.9.34: Only ReFS supports integrity.

<120> Section 2.1.5.9.34: If the Open is a directory on a Cluster Shared Volume File System (CSVFS), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_NOT_IMPLEMENTED.

<121> Section 2.1.5.9.34 <118> Section 2.1.5.9.34: This is implemented only by the ReFS file system.

<122> Section 2.1.5.9.34: If the ReFS cluster size is 4KB the checksum used is CRC32 otherwise if the cluster size is 64K the CRC64 checksum is used.

<123> Section 2.1.5.9.34: If the ReFS cluster size is 4KB the checksum used is CRC32 otherwise if the cluster size is 64K the CRC64 checksum is used.

<124> Section 2.1.5.9.35: This is only implemented by the NTFS file system.

<125> Section 2.1.5.9.35: The file system only updates **LastChangeTime** if no user has explicitly set **LastChangeTime**. The NTFS and ReFS file systems defer setting **LastChangeTime** until the handle is closed.

<126> Section 2.1.5.9.36: This is only implemented by the NTFS file system.

<127> Section 2.1.5.9.36: The file system only updates LastChangeTime if no user has explicitly set LastChangeTime. The NTFS and ReFS file systems defer setting the LastChangeTime until the handle is closed.

<128> Section 2.1.5.9.37: This is only implemented by the ReFS and NTFS file systems. The FAT32 file system will return STATUS_IO_REPARSE_DATA_INVALID.

<129> Section 2.1.5.9.37: The file system only updates LastChangeTime if no user has explicitly set LastChangeTime. The NTFS and ReFS file systems defer setting the LastChangeTime until the handle is closed.

<130> Section 2.1.5.9.38: If the Open is a directory on a Cluster Shared Volume File System (CSVFS), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_NOT_IMPLEMENTED.

<131> Section 2.1.5.9.38: This is only implemented by the NTFS file system and by the ReFS file system on non-integrity streams. In Windows 8.1 and subsequent, ReFS supports this for both conventional and integrity streams.

<132> Section 2.1.5.9.39: If the Open is a directory on a Cluster Shared Volume File System (CSVFS), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS_NOT_IMPLEMENTED.

<133> Section 2.1.5.9.39: This is only implemented by the NTFS file system and by the ReFS file system on non-integrity streams. In Windows 8.1 and subsequent, ReFS supports this for both conventional and integrity streams.

<134> Section 2.1.5.9.40: This is only implemented by the NTFS file system and FAT32 file system on Windows 10 v1511, Windows Server 2016 and subsequent.

<135> Section 2.1.5.9.41: Single Instance Storage is an optional feature available in the following versions of Windows Server: Windows Storage Server 2003 R2 operating system, Standard Edition, Windows Storage Server 2008, and Windows Storage Server 2008 R2. Single Instance Storage is not supported directly by any of the Windows file systems but is implemented as a file system filter.

<136> Section 2.1.5.9.41: This is implemented only by the NTFS file system. The FAT32 file system will return STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED.

<137> Section 2.1.5.9.41: In the Windows environment file system are implemented in kernel mode. If a NULL security context is specified and the originator of the operation is running in kernel mode, a built-in SYSTEM security context is used that grants all access.

<138> Section 2.1.5.9.41: In the Windows environment file system are implemented in kernel mode. If a NULL security context is specified and the originator of the operation is running in kernel mode, a built-in SYSTEM security context is used that grants all access.

<139> Section 2.1.5.9.41: In the Windows environment this is done by creating a new file in what is known as the "SIS Common Store". Reparse points are attached to any file controlled by Single Instance Storage that contains information on how to access the Common Store file that contains the data for this file.

<140> Section 2.1.5.9.42: This is only implemented by the NTFS file system.

<141> Section 2.1.5.11.5 ~~<138> Section 2.1.5.11.5:~~ Only ReFS supports integrity.

<142> Section 2.1.5.11.5: Only ReFS supports integrity.

<143> Section 2.1.5.11.6: Only ReFS supports integrity.

<144> Section 2.1.5.11.6: Only ReFS supports integrity.

<145> Section 2.1.5.11.8: The FAT32 file system doesn't support FILE_COMPRESSION_INFORMATION and will return STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER.

<146> Section 2.1.5.11.10: Only the NTFS file system implements EAs.

<147> Section 2.1.5.11.12: This operation is only supported by the NTFS file system.

<148> Section 2.1.5.11.21: Available only in ReFS.

<149> Section 2.1.5.11.21: Available only in ReFS.

<150> Section 2.1.5.11.23: If **Open.Mode** contains neither FILE_SYNCHRONOUS_IO_ALERT nor FILE_SYNCHRONOUS_IO_NONALERT, this operation does not return meaningful information in **OutputBuffer.CurrentByteOffset**, because **Open.CurrentByteOffset** is not maintained for any **Open** that does not have either of those flags set.

<151> Section 2.1.5.11.27: This algorithm is only implemented by NTFS and ReFS. The FAT, EXFAT, CDFS, and UDFS file systems always return 1.

<152> Section 2.1.5.11.29: The FAT32 file system doesn't support FILE_STREAM_INFORMATION and will return STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER.

<153> Section 2.1.5.12.5 ~~<150> Section 2.1.5.12.5:~~ The following table defines what FileSystemAttributes flags, as defined in [MS-FSCC] section 2.5.1, are set by various Windows file systems and why they are set:

	ReFS	NTFS	FAT	EXFAT	UDFS	CDFS
FILE_SUPPORTS_USN_JOURNAL 0x02000000	Always Set	Set if 3.0 format or higher volume				
FILE_SUPPORTS_OPEN_BY_FILE_ID 0x01000000	Always Set	Always Set			Set if volume	Always Set

	ReFS	NTFS	FAT	EXFAT	UDFS	CDFS
					mounted read-only	
FILE_SUPPORTS_EXTENDED_ATTRIBUTES 0x00800000		Always Set				
FILE_SUPPORTS_HARD_LINKS 0x00400000		Always Set			Always Set	
FILE_SUPPORTS_TRANSACTIONS 0x00200000		Set if 3.0 format or higher volume				
FILE_SEQUENTIAL_WRITE_ONCE 0x00100000					Set if volume not mounted read-only	
FILE_READ_ONLY_VOLUME 0x00080000	Set if volume mounted read-only	Set if volume mounted read-only	Set if volume mounted read-only	Set if volume mounted read-only	Set if volume mounted read-only	Always Set
FILE_NAMED_STREAMS 0x00040000		Always Set			Set if 2.0 format or higher	
FILE_SUPPORTS_ENCRYPTION 0x00020000		Set if 3.0 format or higher volume and encryption is enabled on the system				
FILE_SUPPORTS_OBJECT_IDS 0x00010000		Set if 3.0 format or higher volume				
FILE_VOLUME_IS_COMPRESSED 0x00008000						
FILE_SUPPORTS_REMOTE_STORAGE 0x00000100						
FILE_SUPPORTS_REPARSE_POINTS 0x00000080	Always Set	Set if 3.0 format or higher volume				
FILE_SUPPORTS_SPARSE_FILES		Set if 3.0 format or				

	ReFS	NTFS	FAT	EXFAT	UDFS	CDFS
0x00000040		higher volume				
FILE_VOLUME_QUOTAS 0x00000020		Set if 3.0 format or higher volume				
FILE_FILE_COMPRESSION 0x00000010		Set if volume cluster size is 4K or less				
FILE_PERSISTENT_ACLS 0x00000008	Always Set	Always Set				
FILE_UNICODE_ON_DISK 0x00000004	Always Set	Always Set	Always Set	Always Set	Always Set	Set if Joliet Format
FILE_CASE_PRESERVED_NAMES 0x00000002	Always Set	Always Set	Always Set	Always Set	Always Set	
FILE_CASE_SENSITIVE_SEARCH 0x00000001	Always Set	Always Set			Always Set	Always Set

<154> Section 2.1.5.12.5: The following table defines the MaximumComponentNameLength, as defined in [MS-FSCC] section 2.5.1, that is set by each file system:

	ReFS	NTFS	FAT	EXFAT	UDFS	CDFS
MaximumComponentNameLength Value	255	255	255	255	254	110 if Joliet Format 221 otherwise

<155> Section 2.1.5.12.6: This is implemented only by the NTFS file system.

<156> Section 2.1.5.12.8: ReFS does not implement object IDs.

<157> Section 2.1.5.12.8: This is implemented only by the NTFS file system.

<158> Section 2.1.5.13: The FAT32 file system will return ACCESS_DENIED.

<159> Section 2.1.5.14.1 ~~<156> Section 2.1.5.14.1:~~ The following table describes the maximum file size supported by various Windows File Systems.

	ReFS	NTFS	FAT	EXFAT	UDFS	CDFS
MaximumFileSize	$((2^{32})-1) * \text{ClusterSize}$	16 TB for Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Server 2003, Windows Vista, Windows Server 2008, Windows 7, and Windows Server 2008 R2 $((2^{32})-1) * \text{ClusterSize}$ for Windows 8 and Windows Server 2012 $((2^{32}) * \text{ClusterSize}) - 64\text{K}$ for	4 GB	16 exabytes	8 TB	8 TB

	ReFS	NTFS	FAT	EXFAT	UDFS	CDFS
		Windows 8.1 and subsequent The physical format will support 16 exabytes.				

<160> Section 2.1.5.14.1: The FAT, FAT32, exFAT, and UDFS file systems instead set *NewFileSize* to **min(Open.Stream.Size, InputBuffer.AllocationSize)**.

<161> Section 2.1.5.14.2: The FAT32 file system doesn't process the **ChangeTime** field.

<162> Section 2.1.5.14.4: The FAT32 file system will return STATUS_DISK_FULL if the object size is greater than $2^{32} - 1$ bytes.

<163> Section 2.1.5.14.4: The following table describes the maximum file size supported by various Windows File Systems.

	ReFS	NTFS	FAT	EXFAT	UDFS	CDFS
MaximumFileSize	$((2^{32})-1) * \text{ClusterSize}$	16 TB for Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Server 2003, Windows Vista, Windows Server 2008, Windows 7, and Windows Server 2008 R2 $((2^{32})-1) * \text{ClusterSize}$ for Windows 8 and Windows Server 2012 $((2^{32}) * \text{ClusterSize}) - 64\text{K}$ for Windows 8.1 and subsequent The physical format will support 16 exabytes.	4 GB	16 exabytes	8 TB	8 TB

<164> Section 2.1.5.14.5: Only NTFS implements EAs.

<165> Section 2.1.5.14.9: If **Open.Mode** contains neither FILE_SYNCHRONOUS_IO_ALERT nor FILE_SYNCHRONOUS_IO_NONALERT, this operation does not have any meaningful effect, because **Open.CurrentByteOffset** is not used for any **Open** that does not have either of those flags set.

<166> Section 2.1.5.14.11: The file system only updates **LastChangeTime** if no user has explicitly set **LastChangeTime**. The NTFS and ReFS file systems defer setting **LastChangeTime** until the handle is closed.

<167> Section 2.1.5.14.13: ReFS does not implement short names.

<168> Section 2.1.5.14.14: ValidDataLength is an internal implementation detail of the NTFS, FAT, FAT32, ExFAT, and the ReFS file system. It is not a notion that exists in other Windows file systems. ValidDataLength refers to a high-watermark in the file that is considered to be initialized data by a user writing in the region or by the file system writing zeros. Any reads within that value are required to return data from the persistent store. Any reads beyond that value are required to return zeros. On the NTFS and ReFS file systems, when committing the file to media the value for ValidDataLength is retained. The FAT, FAT32, and ExFAT file systems do not retain the value of ValidDataLength. FSCTL_QUERY_FILE_REGIONS, as specified in section 2.1.5.9.24, can be used to retrieve the value of ValidDataLength from the media but this FSCTL is only supported on NTFS and ReFS.

<169> Section 2.1.5.15.6: This is implemented only by the NTFS file system.

<170> Section 2.1.5.15.8: Only NTFS implements object IDs.

<171> Section 2.1.5.15.8: This is only implemented by the NTFS file system.

<172> Section 2.1.5.16 <169> Section 2.1.5.16: The FAT32 file system will return ACCESS_DENIED.

<173> Section 2.1.5.16: The file system only updates **LastChangeTime** if no user has explicitly set **LastChangeTime**. The NTFS and ReFS file systems defer setting **LastChangeTime** until the handle is closed.

<174> Section 2.1.5.17: In Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Server 2003, Windows Vista, Windows Server 2008, Windows 7, and Windows Server 2008 R2, NTFS does not grant the oplock even when **Open.Stream.AllocationSize** is greater than any **ByteRangeLock.LockOffset** in **Open.Stream.ByteRangeLockList**.

<175> Section 2.1.5.17: In Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Server 2003, Windows Vista, Windows Server 2008, Windows 7, and Windows Server 2008 R2, NTFS does not grant the oplock even when **Open.Stream.AllocationSize** is greater than any **ByteRangeLock.LockOffset** in **Open.Stream.ByteRangeLockList**.

<176> Section 2.1.5.19: In Windows file systems, operations are only cancelable if they are blocked and put on a wait queue of some kind. Operations that are actively being processed are not cancelable.

<177> Section 2.1.5.20: The name of the quota file in the Windows environment is:

\$Extend\ \$Quota: \$Q: \$INDEX_ALLOCATION

Opening the quota stream is only supported when the share is defined at the root of the volume.

<178> Section 2.1.5.20: This operation is implemented only by the NTFS file system.

<179> Section 2.1.5.21: The name of the quota file in the Windows environment is:

\$Extend\ \$Quota: \$Q: \$INDEX_ALLOCATION

<180> Section 2.1.5.21: This operation is only implemented by the NTFS file system.

6 Change Tracking

This section identifies changes that were made to this document since the last release. Changes are classified as Major, Minor, or None.

The revision class **Major** means that the technical content in the document was significantly revised. Major changes affect protocol interoperability or implementation. Examples of major changes are:

- A document revision that incorporates changes to interoperability requirements.
- A document revision that captures changes to protocol functionality.

The revision class **Minor** means that the meaning of the technical content was clarified. Minor changes do not affect protocol interoperability or implementation. Examples of minor changes are updates to clarify ambiguity at the sentence, paragraph, or table level.

The revision class **None** means that no new technical changes were introduced. Minor editorial and formatting changes may have been made, but the relevant technical content is identical to the last released version.

The changes made to this document are listed in the following table. For more information, please contact dochelp@microsoft.com.

Section	Description	Revision class
2.1.5.5.3 Directory Information Queries	Updated for this version of Windows client.	Major
2.1.5.5.3.5 FileIdExtdDirectoryInformation	New section for this version of Windows client.	Major
2.1.5.9.19 FSCTL_MARK_HANDLE	11062 : Updated the processing rules for error codes.	Major

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