# [MS-FSA]: File System Algorithms

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### **1** Introduction

This document defines an abstract model for how an object store can be implemented to support the Common Internet File System (CIFS) Protocol, the Server Message Block (SMB) Protocol, and the Server Message Block (SMB) Protocol versions 2 and 3 (described in <u>[MS-CIFS]</u>, <u>[MS-SMB]</u> and <u>[MS-SMB2]</u>, respectively).

Sections 1.6 and 2 of this specification are normative. All other sections and examples in this specification are informative.

#### 1.1 Glossary

This document uses the following terms:

- **Alternate Data Stream**: A named data stream that is part of a file or directory, which can be opened independently of the **default data stream**. Many operations on an alternate data stream affect only that stream and not other streams or the file or directory as a whole.
- **backup**: The process of copying data to another storage location for safe keeping. This data can then be used to restore lost information in case of an equipment failure or catastrophic event.
- **cluster**: The smallest allocation unit on a **volume**.
- **compression unit**: A segment of a stream that the object store can compress, encrypt, or make sparse independently of other segments of the same stream.
- **Default Data Stream**: The unnamed data stream in a non-directory file. Many operations on a default data stream affect the file as a whole.
- **globally unique identifier (GUID)**: A term used interchangeably with universally unique identifier (UUID) in Microsoft protocol technical documents (TDs). Interchanging the usage of these terms does not imply or require a specific algorithm or mechanism to generate the value. Specifically, the use of this term does not imply or require that the algorithms described in [RFC4122] or [C706] must be used for generating the **GUID**. See also universally unique identifier (UUID).

#### mount point: See mounted folder.

- **reparse point**: An attribute that can be added to a file to store a collection of user-defined data that is opaque to NTFS or ReFS. If a file that has a reparse point is opened, the open will normally fail with STATUS\_REPARSE, so that the relevant file system filter driver can detect the open of a file associated with (owned by) this reparse point. At that point, each installed filter driver can check to see if it is the owner of the reparse point, and, if so, perform any special processing required for a file with that reparse point. The format of this data is understood by the application that stores the data and the file system filter that interprets the data and processes the file. For example, an encryption filter that is marked as the owner of a file's reparse point could look up the encryption key for that file. A file can have (at most) 1 reparse point associated with it. For more information, see [MS-FSCC].
- **Restore**: The act of copying data (usually files) back to its original storage location from some other storage media after some form of data loss.
- **security identifier (SID)**: An identifier for security principals that is used to identify an account or a group. Conceptually, the **SID** is composed of an account authority portion (typically a domain) and a smaller integer representing an identity relative to the account authority, termed the relative identifier (RID). The **SID** format is specified in [MS-DTYP] section 2.4.2; a string representation of **SIDs** is specified in [MS-DTYP] section 2.4.2 and [MS-AZOD] section 1.1.1.2.

server: A computer on which the remote procedure call (RPC) server is executing.

- **Software Defect Management**: A mechanism for the object store to manage and remap defective blocks on removable rewritable media (such as CD-RW, DVD-RW, and DVD+RW). Only the UDFS file system supports Software Defect Management.
- symbolic link: A symbolic link is a reparse point that points to another file system object. The object being pointed to is called the target. Symbolic links are transparent to users; the links appear as normal files or directories, and can be acted upon by the user or application in exactly the same manner. Symbolic links can be created using the FSCTL\_SET\_REPARSE\_POINT request as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.61. They can be deleted using the FSCTL\_DELETE\_REPARSE\_POINT request as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.5. Implementing symbolic links is optional for a file system.
- **Unicode**: A character encoding standard developed by the Unicode Consortium that represents almost all of the written languages of the world. The **Unicode** standard [UNICODE5.0.0/2007] provides three forms (UTF-8, UTF-16, and UTF-32) and seven schemes (UTF-8, UTF-16, UTF-16 BE, UTF-16 LE, UTF-32, UTF-32 LE, and UTF-32 BE).
- **volume**: A group of one or more partitions that forms a logical region of storage and the basis for a file system. A **volume** is an area on a storage device that is managed by the file system as a discrete logical storage unit. A partition contains at least one **volume**, and a volume can exist on one or more partitions.

WinPE: Windows Pre-installation Environment.

**MAY, SHOULD, MUST, SHOULD NOT, MUST NOT:** These terms (in all caps) are used as defined in [RFC2119]. All statements of optional behavior use either MAY, SHOULD, or SHOULD NOT.

#### 1.2 References

Links to a document in the Microsoft Open Specifications library point to the correct section in the most recently published version of the referenced document. However, because individual documents in the library are not updated at the same time, the section numbers in the documents may not match. You can confirm the correct section numbering by checking the <u>Errata</u>.

#### 1.2.1 Normative References

We conduct frequent surveys of the normative references to assure their continued availability. If you have any issue with finding a normative reference, please contact <u>dochelp@microsoft.com</u>. We will assist you in finding the relevant information.

[MS-DTYP] Microsoft Corporation, "Windows Data Types".

[MS-EFSR] Microsoft Corporation, "Encrypting File System Remote (EFSRPC) Protocol".

[MS-ERREF] Microsoft Corporation, "Windows Error Codes".

[MS-FSCC] Microsoft Corporation, "File System Control Codes".

[MS-LSAD] Microsoft Corporation, "Local Security Authority (Domain Policy) Remote Protocol".

[RFC2119] Bradner, S., "Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels", BCP 14, RFC 2119, March 1997, <u>http://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc2119.txt</u>

[RFC4122] Leach, P., Mealling, M., and Salz, R., "A Universally Unique Identifier (UUID) URN Namespace", RFC 4122, July 2005, <u>http://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc4122.txt</u>

#### **1.2.2 Informative References**

[FSBO] Microsoft Corporation, "File System Behavior in the Microsoft Windows Environment", June 2008, <u>http://download.microsoft.com/download/4/3/8/43889780-8d45-4b2e-9d3a-</u> c696a890309f/File%20System%20Behavior%20Overview.pdf

[INCITS-T10/11-059] INCITS, "T10 specification 11-059", <a href="http://www.t10.org/cgibin/ac.pl?t=d&f=11-059r9.pdf">http://www.t10.org/cgibin/ac.pl?t=d&f=11-059r9.pdf</a>

[MS-AUTHSOD] Microsoft Corporation, "Authentication Services Protocols Overview".

[MS-CIFS] Microsoft Corporation, "Common Internet File System (CIFS) Protocol".

[MS-SMB2] Microsoft Corporation, "Server Message Block (SMB) Protocol Versions 2 and 3".

[MS-SMB] Microsoft Corporation, "Server Message Block (SMB) Protocol".

[MSFT-WinPE] Microsoft Corporation, "What is Windows PE?", <u>http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/cc766093(WS.10).aspx</u>

#### 1.3 Overview

None.

#### **1.4** Relationship to Other Protocols

This is an algorithms document describing wire-visible behavior of a backing object store that is referenced by the following protocol documents:

- The Common Internet File System (CIFS) Protocol Specification [MS-CIFS]
- The Server Message Block (SMB) Protocol Specification [MS-SMB]
- The Server Message Block (SMB) Versions 2 and 3 Protocol Specification [MS-SMB2]

#### 1.5 Applicability Statement

None.

#### **1.6 Standards Assignments**

None.

#### 1.7 Versioning and Capability Negotiation

None.

#### **1.8 Vendor-Extensible Fields**

This algorithm uses NTSTATUS values as defined in [MS-ERREF] section 2.3. Vendors are free to choose their own values for this field, as long as the C bit (0x20000000) is set, indicating it is a customer code.

## 2 Algorithm Details

#### 2.1 Object Store Details

#### 2.1.1 Abstract Data Model

This section describes a conceptual model of possible data organization that an implementation maintains to participate in this algorithm. The described organization is provided to facilitate the explanation of how the algorithm behaves. This document does not mandate that implementations adhere to this model as long as their external behavior is consistent with that described in this document.

The following abstract object types are defined in this document:

**DataStream:** A **Stream** object with a StreamType of DataStream.

DirectoryStream: A Stream object with a StreamType of DirectoryStream.

**ViewIndexStream**: A **Stream** object with a StreamType of ViewIndexStream.

Plural forms of all these object types are also used.

#### 2.1.1.1 Per Volume

The object store MUST implement the following persistent attributes:

- **RootDirectory:** The **DirectoryFile** for the root of this **volume**.
- **IsPhysicalRoot**: A Boolean that is TRUE if **RootDirectory** represents the root of the physical media format.
- **TotalSpace:** A 64-bit unsigned integer specifying the total size of the volume in bytes. This value MUST be a multiple of **ClusterSize**.
- **FreeSpace:** A 64-bit unsigned integer specifying the available space of the volume in bytes. This value MUST be a multiple of **ClusterSize**.
- **IsReadOnly:** A Boolean that is TRUE if the volume is read-only and MUST NOT be modified; otherwise, the volume is both readable and writable.
- **IsQuotasSupported:** A Boolean that is TRUE if the physical media format for this volume supports Quotas.
- **IsObjectIDsSupported:** A Boolean that is TRUE if the physical media format for this volume supports ObjectIDs.
- **IsReparsePointsSupported:** A Boolean that is TRUE if the physical media format for this volume supports ReparsePoints.
- **VolumeLabel:** A 16-character **Unicode** string containing the name of the volume. An empty value is supported.
- LogicalBytesPerSector: A 32-bit unsigned integer specifying the size of a sector for this volume in bytes. LogicalBytesPerSector MUST be a power of two and MUST be greater than or equal to 512 and less than or equal to Volume.SystemPageSize.
- ClusterSize: A 32-bit unsigned integer specifying the size of a cluster for this volume in bytes.
   ClusterSize MUST be a power of two, and MUST be greater than or equal to
   LogicalBytesPerSector and a power-of-two multiple of LogicalBytesPerSector.
- PhysicalBytesPerSector: A 32-bit unsigned integer specifying the size of a physical sector for this volume in bytes. PhysicalBytesPerSector MUST be a power of two, MUST be greater than or equal to 512 and less than or equal to Volume.SystemPageSize, and MUST be greater than or equal to Volume.LogicalBytesPerSector.
- **PartitionOffset**: A 64-bit unsigned integer specifying the byte offset used to align the partition to a physical sector boundary.
- SystemPageSize: A 32-bit unsigned integer specifying the size, in bytes, of a page of memory in the system. This value is architecture dependent.
- **VolumeCreationTime:** The time the volume was formatted in the FILETIME format specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.1.
- **VolumeSerialNumber:** A 32-bit unsigned integer that contains a number, randomly generated at format time, to uniquely identify the volume.
- **VolumeCharacteristics:** A bit field identifying various characteristics about the current volume as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.5.10.
- CompressionUnitSize: A 32-bit unsigned integer specifying the compression unit size in bytes, which is the granularity used when compressing, encrypting, or sparsifying portions of a stream independent of other portions of the same stream. Not all file systems support these features, and implementation of this field is optional. If one or more of these features are supported, the value of this field is implementation-defined but MUST be a power of two multiple of ClusterSize.<3>

- CompressedChunkSize: A 32-bit unsigned integer specifying the maximum size of each chunk in a compressed stream. Not all file systems support compression, and implementation of this field is optional. If compression is supported, the value of this field is implementation-defined but MUST be a power of two and MUST be less than or equal to CompressionUnitSize.
- ChecksumChunkSize: A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the size of each chunk in a stream that is configured with integrity. Not all file systems support integrity, and implementation of this field is optional.<5>
- **TunnelCacheList:** A list of zero or more **TunnelCacheEntries** providing metadata about recently deleted or renamed files. The list could be empty if the object store does not implement tunnel caching or if there are no recently deleted or renamed files on this volume.
- **ChangeNotifyList:** A list of zero or more **ChangeNotifyEntries** describing outstanding change notify requests for the volume.
- **GenerateShortNames:** A Boolean that is TRUE if short name creation support is enabled on this Volume. FALSE if short name creation is not supported on this Volume.
- QuotaInformation: A list of FILE\_QUOTA\_INFORMATION elements (as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.33) that track the total Stream.AllocationSize per SID where the File.SecurityDescriptor.Owner field is equal to the SID.<6>
- **DefaultQuotaThreshold:** A 64-bit signed integer that contains the default per-user disk quota warning threshold in bytes. Not all file systems support this field, and implementation of this field is optional.
- **DefaultQuotaLimit:** A 64-bit signed integer that contains the default per-user disk quota limit in bytes. Not all file systems support this field, and implementation of this field is optional.
- **VolumeQuotaState:** A bitmask of flags defining the current quota state on the volume as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.5.2 under FileSystemControlFlags. Not all file systems support this field, and implementation of this field is optional.
- VolumeId: A GUID as specified in [RFC4122]. This value MAY be NULL.
- ExtendedInfo: A 48-byte structure containing extended VolumeId information, as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.5.6.
- IsUsnJournalActive: A Boolean that is TRUE if a USN change journal is active on the volume.
- LastUsn: A 64-bit unsigned integer indicating the positive USN number of the last record written to the USN change journal on the volume, or 0 if no USN records have been written. If IsUsnJournalActive is FALSE, LastUsn MUST be 0.
- **IsOffloadReadSupported:** A Boolean that is TRUE if the volume supports the FSCTL\_OFFLOAD\_READ operation. This bit is reset to TRUE at mount time, and is set to FALSE if an Offload Read operation fails for an implementation- or vendor-specific reason.
- **IsOffloadWriteSupported:** A Boolean that is TRUE if the volume supports the FSCTL\_OFFLOAD\_WRITE operation. This bit is reset to TRUE at mount time, and is set to FALSE if an Offload Write operation fails for an implementation- or vendor-specific reason.
- MaxFileSize: A 64-bit unsigned integer that denotes the maximum file size, in bytes, supported by the object store.

The following fields are specific to UDF object stores:

• **DirectoryCount:** A 64-bit signed integer that indicates the count of directories on the volume, or -1 if not maintained by the object store.

- **FileCount:** A 64-bit signed integer that indicates the count of files on the volume, or -1 if not maintained by the object store.
- **FsFormatMajVersion:** A 16-bit unsigned integer indicating the major version of the file system format.
- **FsFormatMinVersion:** A 16-bit unsigned integer indicating the minor version of the file system format.
- **FormatTime:** The time the volume was formatted in the FILETIME format specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.1.
- **LastUpdateTime:** The time the volume was last updated in the FILETIME format specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.1.
- **CopyrightInfo:** A 68-byte buffer containing any copyright info associated with the volume.
- **AbstractInfo:** A 68-byte buffer containing any abstract info associated with the volume.
- **FormattingImplementationInfo:** A 68-byte buffer containing implementation-specific information; this field MAY contain the operating system version that the media was formatted by.
- **LastModifyingImplementationInfo:** A 68-byte buffer containing information written by the last implementation that modified the disk. This field is implementation-specific and MAY contain the operating system version that the media was last modified by.
- **SparingUnitBytes:** A 32-bit unsigned integer indicating the size in bytes of a sparing unit.
- **SoftwareSparing:** A Boolean that is TRUE if the volume's bad block sparing mechanism is implemented in software, FALSE if bad block sparing is implemented by the underlying hardware this volume is on.
- **TotalSpareBlocks:** A 32-bit unsigned integer indicating the total number of spare blocks.
- FreeSpareBlocks: A 32-bit unsigned integer indicating the available number of spare blocks.

The following fields are specific to the ReFS object store:

ClusterRefcount: An array of 16-bit unsigned integers. The array is indexed by the LCN (Logical Cluster Number) of a cluster. The array has one entry for each cluster on the volume. The value of each entry is the number of EXTENTS entries that point to the cluster in all the Stream.ExtentLists on the volume. The number of elements in the array is TotalSpace/ClusterSize If a given cluster's ClusterRefcount entry is zero, it is considered free and is available for reallocation.

Volatile Fields:

• **OpenFileList:** A list of all the **File** objects opened on **Volume**.

#### 2.1.1.2 Per TunnelCacheEntry

Implementation of tunnel caching is optional. <10> If case-sensitive file name matching is enabled (for example, for POSIX compliance), the object store SHOULD NOT implement tunnel caching. If the object store implements tunnel caching, it MUST implement the following attributes in each **TunnelCacheEntry**:

- **EntryTime:** The time at which this **TunnelCacheEntry** was created. The object store SHOULD use this attribute to automatically purge this entry from the tunnel cache once the entry is 15 seconds old.
- ParentFile: The parent DirectoryFile that this TunnelCacheEntry refers to.

- FileName: A Unicode string specifying the long name of the file. This string MUST be greater than 0 characters and less than 256 characters in length. Valid characters for a file name are specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.5.
- **FileShortName:** A Unicode string specifying the short name of the file. If **KeyByShortName** is FALSE, this string could be empty. If the string is not empty, it MUST be 8.3-compliant as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.5.2.1.
- **KeyByShortName:** A Boolean that is TRUE when **FileShortName** is used as the key for this entry. FALSE when **FileName** is used as the key for this entry.
- **FileCreationTime:** The time that identifies when the file was created in the FILETIME format specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.1.
- **ObjectIdInfo**: A FILE\_OBJECTID\_INFORMATION structure (as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.28.1) that specifies the object ID information of the file at the time this **TunnelCacheEntry** was created.

#### 2.1.1.3 Per File

The object store MUST implement the following persistent attributes:

- **FileType:** The type of file. This value MUST be DataFile, DirectoryFile, or ViewIndexFile.<<u><11></u>
- **FileId128:** A 128-bit signed integer that identifies the file. This value MUST be persistent and MUST be unique on a given **volume**.
- **FileId64:** A 64-bit signed integer that identifies the file. If the field has a value of -1, the meaning of the field is undefined; otherwise this value MUST be persistent and MUST be unique on a given volume.
- **FileNumber:** A 64-bit unsigned integer. Not all file systems support this field, and implementation of this field is optional. If implemented, this value MUST be persistent and MUST be unique on a given volume.
- LinkList: A list of one or more Links to the file. A DirectoryFile MUST have exactly one element in LinkList. LinkList MUST have at most one element with a non-empty ShortName.<12>
- **SecurityDescriptor:** The security descriptor for this file, in the format specified in [MS-DTYP] section 2.4.6.
- FileAttributes: Attributes of the file in the form specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.6.
- CreationTime: The time that identifies when the file was created in the FILETIME format specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.1.<1>
- LastModificationTime: The time that identifies when the file contents were last modified in the FILETIME format specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.1.
- LastChangeTime: The time that identifies when the file metadata or contents were last changed in the FILETIME format specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.1.
- LastAccessTime: The time that identifies when the file was last accessed in the FILETIME format specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.1. Updating this value when accesses occur is optional.<16><17>
- ExtendedAttributes: A list of FILE\_FULL\_EA\_INFORMATION structures as defined by [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.15.

- ExtendedAttributesLength: A 32-bit unsigned integer that contains the combined length of all the ExtendedAttributes. <19>
- ObjectId: A GUID as specified in [RFC4122]. This value can be NULL. If set to non-NULL, this value MUST be unique on a given volume.
- **BirthVolumeId**: A GUID that uniquely identifies the volume on which the object resided when the object identifier was created, or zero if the volume had no object identifier at that time. After copy operations, move operations, or other file operations, this value is potentially different from the **VolumeId** of the volume on which the object currently resides.
- BirthObjectId: A GUID value containing the object identifier of the object at the time it was created. After copy operations, move operations, or other file operations, this value is potentially different from the ObjectId member at present.
- **DomainId**: A GUID value that MUST be zero if created by the object store, but MUST be maintained if explicitly set by a client.
- StreamList: A list of zero or more Streams as defined in section 2.1.1.5. A DataFile MUST have one and only one unnamed DataStream; any additional streams MUST be named DataStreams.
   A DirectoryFile MUST have one and only one unnamed DirectoryStream; any additional streams MUST be named DataStreams. For any two distinct elements *Stream1* and *Stream2* in StreamList, if *Stream1*.StreamType equals *Stream2*.StreamType then *Stream1*.Name MUST NOT match *Stream2*.Name.
- ReparseTag: A 32-bit unsigned integer containing the type of the reparse point, as defined in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.2.1. If this member is empty, there is no reparse point associated with this file.
- ReparseGUID: A GUID indicating the type of the reparse point. This field MUST contain a valid GUID if ReparseTag contains a non-Microsoft tag as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.2.1. Otherwise it MUST be empty.
- **ReparseData:** An array of bytes containing data associated with a reparse point, which is defined by the type of the reparse point, as described in [MS-FSCC] sections 2.1.2.1 through 2.1.3.2. If ReparseTag is empty, this member MUST be empty. If ReparseTag is not empty, this member could be empty, in which case there is no reparse data associated with this reparse point.
- DirectoryList: For a DataFile, this list MUST be empty. For a DirectoryFile, this is a list of Links contained in the directory. For any two distinct elements *Link1* and *Link2* in DirectoryList, *Link1*.Name MUST NOT match *Link2*.Name or *Link2*.ShortName.<23>
- Volume: The Volume on which the file resides.
- **Usn:** A 64-bit unsigned integer indicating the positive USN number of the last USN record written for this file, or 0 if no USN records have been written for this file.
- **IsSymbolicLink:** A Boolean that is TRUE if the file is a **mount point** or a **symbolic link** to another file or directory.
- UserCertificateList: A list of ENCRYPTION\_CERTIFICATE structures as specified in [MS-EFSR] section 2.2.8, used to determine which users can access the contents of any encrypted streams in the file.

Volatile Fields:

- **OpenList:** A list of all **Opens** to this **File**.
- PendingNotifications: A 32-bit unsigned integer composed of flags indicating types of changes to file attributes for which directory change notifications are pending, as specified in [MS-SMB2] section 2.2.35, CompletionFilter field.

#### 2.1.1.4 Per Link

The object store MUST implement the following persistent attributes: <25>

- Name: A Unicode string specifying the name of the link. This string MUST be greater than 0 characters and less than 256 characters in length. Valid form for a link name is the same as the pathname specification in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.5.
- **ShortName:** A Unicode string specifying the short name of the link.<a><26></a> This value could be empty. If this value is not empty, it MUST be 8.3-compliant as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.5.2.1.
- File: The File that this link refers to.
- **ParentFile:** The parent **DirectoryFile** that this link resides in.
- CreationTime: The time that identifies when the file was created in the FILETIME format specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.1.
- **LastModificationTime**: The time that identifies when the file contents were last modified in the FILETIME format specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.1.<a></a></a>
- **LastChangeTime**: The time that identifies when the file metadata or contents were last changed in the FILETIME format specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.1.<a><29></a>
- LastAccessTime: The time that identifies when the file was last accessed in the FILETIME format specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.1. Updating this value when accesses occur is optional.<30><31>
- **AllocationSize**: A 64-bit unsigned integer containing the size, in bytes, of space reserved on the disk for the file's unnamed data stream. This value MUST be a multiple of File.Volume.ClusterSize.
- **FileSize**: A 64-bit unsigned integer containing the size of the file's unnamed data stream, in bytes.
- FileAttributes: Attributes of the file in the form specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.6.
- ExtendedAttributesLength: A 32-bit unsigned integer that contains the combined length of all the ExtendedAttributes.<32>
- **ReparseTag**: A 32-bit unsigned integer containing the type of the reparse point, as defined in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.2.1. If this member is empty, there is no reparse point associated with this file.

Volatile Fields:

- **IsDeleted:** A Boolean that is TRUE if there is a pending delete operation on the link. New opens to the associated Stream MUST NOT be allowed.
- PendingNotifications: A 32-bit unsigned integer composed of flags indicating types of changes to link attributes for which directory change notifications are pending, as specified in [MS-SMB2] section 2.2.35, CompletionFilter field.

#### 2.1.1.5 Per Stream

The object store MUST implement the following persistent attributes:

 StreamType: The type of stream. This value MUST be DataStream, DirectoryStream, or ViewIndexStream. <33>

- Name: A Unicode string of less than 256 characters specifying the name of the stream. Valid characters for a stream name are specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.5. If StreamType is DataStream, Name could be empty; this case indicates the default data stream. If StreamType is DirectoryStream, Name MUST be empty.
- **Size:** A 64-bit unsigned integer containing the size of the stream, in bytes.
- **AllocationSize:** A 64-bit unsigned integer containing the size, in bytes, of space reserved on the disk. This value MUST be a multiple of **File.Volume.ClusterSize**.
- **ValidDataLength:** A 64-bit unsigned integer containing the size, in bytes, of valid data in the stream. Not all file systems support this field, and implementation of this field is optional. If implemented, all data beyond this value MUST be returned as zero. For a DataStream, this value MUST be less than or equal to **Size**. For a DirectoryStream, this value MUST be equal to **Size**.
- File: The File in which the stream resides.
- **IsCompressed:** A Boolean that is TRUE if the contents of the stream are compressed.<34>
- ChecksumAlgorithm: A 16-bit unsigned integer that contains the integrity state of the stream as defined by [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.54.<35>
- IsChecksumEnforcementOff: A Boolean that is TRUE if the stream is a DataStream and CHECKSUM\_ENFORCEMENT\_OFF is specified.<36>
- IsSparse: A Boolean that is TRUE if the object store is storing a sparse representation of the stream.<37>
- **IsTemporary:** A Boolean that is TRUE if the object store optimizes its management of the stream because it is pending deletion.
- **IsEncrypted:** A Boolean that is TRUE if the contents of the stream are encrypted.<38>
- **ExtentList:** A list containing zero or more EXTENTS elements as defined by [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.26.1, ordered by **NextVcn**.

#### Volatile Fields:

- **Oplock:** An **Oplock** describing the opportunistic lock state of the stream. If **Oplock** is empty, there is no opportunistic lock on the stream.
- ByteRangeLockList: A list of zero or more ByteRangeLocks describing the bytes ranges of this stream that are currently locked.
- **IsDeleted:** A Boolean that is TRUE if there is a pending delete operation on the **Stream**. New opens to **Stream** MUST NOT be allowed.
- IsDefectManagementDisabled: A Boolean that is TRUE if software defect management is disabled on this stream. Not all file systems support this field; implementation of this field is optional.
- PendingNotifications: A 32-bit unsigned integer composed of flags indicating types of changes to stream attributes for which directory change notifications are pending, as specified in [MS-SMB2] section 2.2.35, CompletionFilter field.
- **ZeroOnDeallocate:** A Boolean that is TRUE when the object store MUST write zeroes to any range of the stream that is to be deallocated, prior to performing the deallocation. This helps to protect data in the stream from discovery by examining free space on the storage media. Not all file systems support this field, and implementation of this field is optional.

#### 2.1.1.6 Per Open

The object store MUST implement the following:

- **RootOpen:** The **Open** that represents the root of the share.
- **FileName:** The absolute pathname of the opened file in the format specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.5.
- File: The File that is opened.
- Link: The Link through which File is opened. Link MUST be an element of File.LinkList.
- Stream: The Stream that is opened. Stream MUST be an element of File.StreamList.
- **GrantedAccess:** The access granted for this open as specified in [MS-SMB2] section 2.2.13.1.
- **RemainingDesiredAccess:** The access requested for this Open but not yet granted, as specified in [MS-SMB2] section 2.2.13.1.
- **SharingMode:** The sharing mode for this Open as specified in [MS-SMB2] section 2.2.13.
- **Mode:** The mode flags for this Open as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.24.
- **IsCaseInsensitive:** A Boolean that is TRUE if this Open is treated as case-insensitive.
- HasBackupAccess: A Boolean that is TRUE if the Open was performed by a user who is allowed to perform backup operations.
- **HasRestoreAccess:** A Boolean that is TRUE if the Open was performed by a user who is allowed to perform **restore** operations.
- HasCreateSymbolicLinkAccess: A Boolean that is TRUE if the Open was performed by a user who is allowed to create symbolic links.
- HasManageVolumeAccess: A Boolean that is TRUE if the Open was performed by a user who is allowed to manage the volume.
- **IsAdministrator:** A Boolean that is TRUE if the Open was performed by a user who is a member of the BUILTIN\_ADMINISTRATORS group as specified in [MS-DTYP] section 2.4.2.4.
- QueryPattern: The Unicode string containing the query pattern used to filter directory query.
- **QueryLastEntry:** The last **Link** that was returned in a directory query.
- LastQuotaId: The index of the last SID returned during quota enumeration on this Open, or -1 if there has not been a quota enumeration on this Open.
- **CurrentByteOffset:** The byte offset immediately following the most recent successful synchronous read or write operation of one or more bytes, or 0 if there have not been any.
- **FindBySidRestartIndex:** A 64-bit unsigned integer specifying the starting index for a FSCTL\_FILE\_FILES\_BY\_SID operation.
- **UserSetModificationTime:** A Boolean that is TRUE if a user has explicitly set **File.LastModificationTime** through this Open.
- **UserSetChangeTime:** A Boolean that is TRUE if a user has explicitly set **File.LastChangeTime** through this Open.
- **UserSetAccessTime:** A Boolean that is TRUE if a user has explicitly set **File.LastAccessTime** through this Open.

- NextEaEntry: Contains a reference to the next FILE\_FULL\_EA\_INFORMATION entry in File.ExtendedAttributes to be returned the next time FileFullEaInformation is called using this Open as defined in section 2.1.5.11.12.<39>
- TargetOplockKey: A GUID value that can be used to identify the owner of the Open for the purpose of determining whether to break an oplock in response to a request delivered on a particular Open. Requests on an Open whose Open.TargetOplockKey value matches the Open.TargetOplockKey value associated with an oplock that exists on the Stream do not affect the oplock state (that is, do not cause the oplock to break). For a given Open, the TargetOplockKey value could be empty. An empty value MUST NOT be considered equal to anything other than itself. In other words, given two Open values, Open1 and Open2, such that Open1.TargetOplockKey and/or Open2.TargetOplockKey are empty, Open1.TargetOplockKey MUST NOT be considered equal to Open2.TargetOplockKey.
- ParentOplockKey: A GUID value that can be used to identify the owner of an oplock on the parent directory of the File associated with the current Open for the purpose of determining whether to break an oplock on the parent in response to a request delivered on a particular Open to a child of that parent. Requests on an Open whose Open.ParentOplockKey value matches the Open.TargetOplockKey value associated with an oplock that exists on the parent directory Stream do not affect the parent's oplock state (that is, do not cause the oplock to break). For a given Open, the TargetOplockKey value could be empty. An empty value MUST NOT be considered equal to anything other than itself. In other words, given two Open values, ParentOpen on a directory and ChildOpen on a child (either file or directory), such that ParentOplockKey MUST NOT be considered equal to ChildOpen.ParentOplockKey are empty, ParentOpen. TargetOplockKey MUST NOT be considered equal to ChildOpen.ParentOplockKey.

#### 2.1.1.7 Per ByteRangeLock

- **LockOffset:** A 64-bit unsigned integer specifying the offset, in bytes, from the beginning of a stream where the locked range begins.
- **LockLength:** A 64-bit unsigned integer specifying the length, in bytes, of the locked range.
- **IsExclusive:** A Boolean that is TRUE if this is an exclusive byte range lock, else FALSE if this is a shared byte range lock.
- **OwnerOpen:** The **Open** that owns this **ByteRangeLock**.
- LockKey: A 32-bit unsigned integer containing an identifier for the lock.

#### 2.1.1.8 Per ChangeNotifyEntry

- **OpenedDirectory:** The **Open** of the **DirectoryFile** or **ViewIndexFile** to monitor for changes.
- WatchTree: A Boolean value, set to TRUE if changes to subdirectories MUST be notified, FALSE if not.
- CompletionFilter: A 32-bit unsigned integer composed of flags indicating the types of changes to monitor as specified in [MS-SMB2] section 2.2.35.
- **NotifyEventList:** A list of **NotifyEventEntries**, representing change events that were not yet reported to the user.

#### 2.1.1.9 Per NotifyEventEntry

• Action: A 32-bit unsigned integer composed of flags indicating the type of change events that occurred, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.7.1.

- **FileName:** For **DirectoryFile** notifications, a non-null-terminated Unicode string containing the relative path and name of the file that changed. For **ViewIndexFile** notifications, a binary data structure containing information specific to the **ViewIndexFile** being monitored.
- FileNameLength: The length, in bytes, of FileName.

#### 2.1.1.10 Per Oplock

- **ExclusiveOpen:** The **Open** used to request the opportunistic lock.
- **IIOplocks:** A list of zero or more **Opens** used to request a LEVEL\_TWO opportunistic lock, as specified in section <u>2.1.5.17.1</u>.
- ROplocks: A list of zero or more Opens used to request a LEVEL\_GRANULAR(RequestedOplockLevel: READ\_CACHING) opportunistic lock, as specified in section 2.1.5.17.1.
- RHOplocks: A list of zero or more Opens used to request a LEVEL\_GRANULAR(RequestedOplockLevel: (READ\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING)) opportunistic lock, as specified in section 2.1.5.17.1.
- RHBreakQueue: A list of zero or more RHOpContext objects. This queue is used to track (READ\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING) oplocks as they are breaking.
- WaitList: A list of zero or more Opens belonging to operations that are waiting for an oplock to break, as specified in section <u>2.1.4.12</u>.
- **State:** The current state of the oplock, expressed as a combination of one or more flags. Valid flags are:
  - NO\_OPLOCK Indicates that this **Oplock** does not represent a currently granted or breaking oplock. This is semantically equivalent to the **Oplock** object being entirely absent from a **Stream**. This flag always appears alone.
  - LEVEL\_ONE\_OPLOCK Indicates that this **Oplock** represents a Level 1 (also called Exclusive) oplock.
  - BATCH\_OPLOCK Indicates that this **Oplock** represents a Batch oplock.
  - LEVEL\_TWO\_OPLOCK Indicates that this **Oplock** represents a Level 2 (also called Shared) oplock.
  - EXCLUSIVE Indicates that this **Oplock** represents an oplock that can be held by exactly one client at a time. This flag always appears in combination with other flags that indicate the actual oplock level. For example, (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING|EXCLUSIVE) represents a read caching and write caching oplock, which can be held by only one client at a time.
  - BREAK\_TO\_TWO Indicates that this **Oplock** represents an oplock that is currently breaking from either Level 1 or Batch to Level 2; the oplock has broken but the break has not yet been acknowledged.
  - BREAK\_TO\_NONE Indicates that this **Oplock** represents an oplock that is currently breaking from either Level 1 or Batch to None (that is, no oplock); the oplock has broken but the break has not yet been acknowledged.
  - BREAK\_TO\_TWO\_TO\_NONE Indicates that this **Oplock** represents an oplock that is currently breaking from either Level 1 or Batch to None (that is, no oplock), and was previously breaking from Level 1 or Batch to Level 2; the oplock has broken but the break has not yet been acknowledged.

- READ\_CACHING Indicates that this **Oplock** represents an oplock that provides caching of reads; this provides the SMB 2.1 read caching lease, as described in [MS-SMB2] section 2.2.13.2.8.
- HANDLE\_CACHING Indicates that this **Oplock** represents an oplock that provides caching of handles; this provides the SMB 2.1 handle caching lease, as described in [MS-SMB2] section 2.2.13.2.8.
- WRITE\_CACHING Indicates that this **Oplock** represents an oplock that provides caching of writes; this provides the SMB 2.1 write caching lease, as described in [MS-SMB2] section 2.2.13.2.8.
- MIXED\_R\_AND\_RH Always appears together with READ\_CACHING and HANDLE\_CACHING. Indicates that this **Oplock** represents an oplock on which at least one client has been granted a read caching oplock, and at least one other client has been granted a read caching and handle caching oplock.
- BREAK\_TO\_ READ\_CACHING Indicates that this **Oplock** represents an oplock that is currently breaking to an oplock that provides caching of reads; the oplock has broken but the break has not yet been acknowledged.
- BREAK\_TO\_WRITE\_CACHING Indicates that this **Oplock** represents an oplock that is currently breaking to an oplock that provides caching of writes; the oplock has broken but the break has not yet been acknowledged.
- BREAK\_TO\_HANDLE\_CACHING Indicates that this **Oplock** represents an oplock that is currently breaking to an oplock that provides caching of handles; the oplock has broken but the break has not yet been acknowledged.
- BREAK\_TO\_NO\_CACHING Indicates that this **Oplock** represents an oplock that is currently breaking to None (that is, no oplock); the oplock has broken but the break has not yet been acknowledged.

#### 2.1.1.11 Per RHOpContext

- Open: The Open used to request this LEVEL\_GRANULAR(RequestedOplockLevel: (READ\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING)) opportunistic lock.
- **BreakingToRead:** A Boolean value that is TRUE if this oplock is breaking to READ\_CACHING, FALSE if it is breaking to None (that is, no oplock; the oplock is being broken completely).

#### 2.1.1.12 Per CancelableOperations

CancelableOperationList: A global list of cancelable operations currently being processed by the object store. Items in this list are looked up via their **IORequest** Identifier as defined in section 2.1.5.19. Operations are inserted into this list when a cancelable operation waits.

#### 2.1.1.13 Per SecurityContext

- SIDs: An array of SID structures, as specified in [MS-DTYP] section 2.4.2, representing the security identifier of the user performing an operation and the security identifiers of all groups of which the user is a member.
- **OwnerIndex:** An index into **SIDs** indicating the SID of the user.
- **PrimaryGroup:** An index into **SIDs** indicating the SID of the user's primary group.
- **DefaultDACL:** An ACL structure, as specified in [MS-DTYP] section 2.4.5, representing the default DACL assigned to new files created by the user.

 PrivilegeSet: A set of privilege names, as specified in [MS-LSAD] section 3.1.1.2.1, representing the privileges held by the user.

#### 2.1.2 Timers

The object store has no timers.

#### 2.1.3 Initialization

On initialization, one or more **Volume** objects are initialized based on the data stored in the persistent store. This involves instantiating one or more **File** objects contained within the **volume**.

#### 2.1.4 Common Algorithms

This section describes internal algorithms that are common across multiple triggered events.

#### 2.1.4.1 Algorithm for Reporting a Change Notification for a Directory or View Index

The inputs for this algorithm are:

- Volume: The volume this event occurs on.
- Action: A 32-bit unsigned integer describing the action that caused the change events to be notified, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.42.
- **FilterMatch:** A 32-bit unsigned integer field with flags representing possible change events, corresponding to a **ChangeNotifyEntry.CompletionFilter**. It is specified in [MS-SMB2] section 2.2.35.
- **FileName:** The pathname, relative to **Volume.RootDirectory**, of the file involved in the change event.
- **NotifyData**: A binary data structure containing information specific to the **ViewIndexFile** being monitored. This is an optional parameter, specified only for **ViewIndexFile** notifications.
- NotifyDataLength: The length, in bytes, of NotifyData. This is an optional parameter, specified only for ViewIndexFile notifications.

Pseudocode for the algorithm is as follows:

- For each ChangeNotifyEntry in Volume.ChangeNotifyList:
  - Initialize *SendNotification* to FALSE.
  - If NotifyData is specified: // this is a ViewIndexFile notification
    - If ChangeNotifyEntry.OpenedDirectory.File matches the File whose pathname is FileName, then SendNotification MUST be set to TRUE.
  - Else: // this is a **DirectoryFile** notification
    - If ChangeNotifyEntry.OpenedDirectory.File matches the File whose pathname is FileName or matches the immediate parent of this File and one or more of the flags in FilterMatch are present in ChangeNotifyEntry.CompletionFilter, then SendNotification MUST be set to TRUE.
    - Else If ChangeNotifyEntry.WatchTree is TRUE and ChangeNotifyEntry.OpenedDirectory.File matches an ancestor of the File whose

pathname is **FileName** and one or more of the flags in **FilterMatch** are present in **ChangeNotifyEntry.CompletionFilter**, then *SendNotification* MUST be set to TRUE.

- EndIf
- If *SendNotification* is TRUE:
  - A **NotifyEventEntry** object MUST be constructed with:
    - NotifyEventEntry.Action set to Action.
    - If NotifyData is specified: // this is a ViewIndexFile notification
      - NotifyEventEntry.FileName set to NotifyData.
      - NotifyEventEntry.FileNameLength set to NotifyDataLength.
    - Else: // this is **DirectoryFile** notification
      - NotifyEventEntry.FileName set to the portion of FileName relative to ChangeNotifyEntry.OpenedDirectory.FileName.
      - NotifyEventEntry.FileNameLength set to the length, in bytes, of NotifyEventEntry.FileName.
    - EndIf
  - Insert NotifyEventEntry into ChangeNotifyEntry.NotifyEventList.
  - Processing will be performed as described in section <u>2.1.5.10.1</u>.
- EndIf
- EndFor

#### 2.1.4.2 Algorithm for Detecting If Open Files Exist Under a Directory

The inputs for this algorithm are:

- **RootDirectory:** The DirectoryFile indicating the top-level directory under which to search for open files.
- **Open:** The **Open** for the request that is calling this algorithm.
- **Operation:** A code describing the operation being processed, as specified in section <u>2.1.4.12</u>.
- **OpParams:** Parameters associated with **Operation**, passed in from the calling request, as specified in section 2.1.4.12.

The output is a Boolean. If the return value is TRUE, then no open files exist under the directory; if FALSE, then at least one open exists even after attempting to break oplocks.

Pseudocode for the algorithm is as follows:

- For each *Link* in **RootDirectory.DirectoryList**:
  - // Check for oplock breaks in this directory.
  - If Link.**File.OpenList** contains an *Open* with *Open*.**Link** equal to *Link*:
    - For each *Stream* in Link.**File.StreamList**:

- If Stream.Oplock is not empty and Stream.Oplock.State contains either BATCH\_OPLOCK or HANDLE\_CACHING, the object store MUST check for an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12, with input values as follows:
  - **Open** equal to this algorithm's **Open**.
  - **Oplock** equal to *Stream*.**Oplock**.
  - **Operation** equal to this algorithm's **Operation**.
  - **OpParams** equal to this algorithm's **OpParams**.
- EndIf
- EndFor
- EndIf
- // See if all oplock holders have gotten out of the way.
- If Link. File. OpenList contains an Open with Open. Link equal to Link:
  - Return FALSE // An open still exists; deny the operation.
- EndIf
- // Recurse into any subdirectories.
- If *Link*.**File.FileType** is DirectoryFile, determine whether *Link*.**File** contains open files as specified in section 2.1.4.2, with input values as follows:
  - **RootDirectory** equal to *Link*.**File**.
  - **Open** equal to this algorithms's **Open**.
  - **Operation** equal to this algorithms's **Operation**.
  - **OpParams** equal to this algorithms's **OpParams**.
- EndIf
- If *Link*.**File** contains open files as determined above:
  - Return FALSE. // An open exists deeper in the directory hierarchy.
- EndIf
- EndFor
- Return TRUE // No opens remaining.

#### 2.1.4.3 Algorithm for Determining If a Character Is a Wildcard

The following set of characters MUST be treated as wildcards by the object store:

" \* < > ?

### 2.1.4.4 Algorithm for Determining if a FileName Is in an Expression

The inputs for this algorithm are:

- **FileName:** A **Unicode** string containing the file name string that is being matched. **Filename** cannot contain any wildcard characters.
- **Expression:** A Unicode string containing the regular expression that's being matched with **FileName**.
- **IgnoreCase:** A Boolean value indicating whether the match is case insensitive (TRUE) or case sensitive (FALSE).

This algorithm returns TRUE if **FileName** matches **Expression**, and FALSE if it does not.

Pseudocode for the algorithm is as follows:

- Part 1 -- Handle Special Case Optimizations
- If **FileName** is empty and **Expression** is not, the routine returns FALSE.
- If **Expression** is empty and **FileName** is not, the routine returns FALSE.
- If both **Expression** and **FileName** are empty, the routine returns TRUE.
- If the **Expression** is the wildcard "\*" or "\*.\*", the **FileName** matches the **Expression** and the routine returns TRUE.
- If the first character in the **Expression** is wildcard "\*" and the rest of the expression does not contain any wildcard characters (as specified in <u>2.1.4.3</u>), then the remaining expression is compared against the tail end of the **FileName**. If the comparison succeeds then the routine returns TRUE.
- Part 2 -- Match Expression with FileName
- The **FileName** is string compared with **Expression** using the following wildcard rules:
  - \* (asterisk) Matches zero or more characters.
  - ? (question mark) Matches a single character.
  - DOS\_DOT (" quotation mark) Matches either a period or zero characters beyond the name string.
  - DOS\_QM (> greater than) Matches any single character or, upon encountering a period or end of name string, advances the expression to the end of the set of contiguous DOS\_QMs.
  - DOS\_STAR (< less than) Matches zero or more characters until encountering and matching the final . in the name.

#### 2.1.4.5 BlockAlign -- Macro to Round a Value Up to the Next Nearest Multiple of Another Value

The inputs for this algorithm are:

- Value: The value being rounded up.
- **Boundary Value** is to be rounded up to a multiple of this value. **Boundary** MUST be a power of 2.

This algorithm returns the bitwise AND of (Value + (Boundary - 1)) with the 2's complement of **Boundary**.

Pseudocode for the algorithm is as follows:

BlockAlign(Value, Boundary) = (Value + (Boundary - 1)) & -(Boundary)

#### 2.1.4.6 BlockAlignTruncate -- Macro to Round a Value Down to the Next Nearest Multiple of Another Value

The inputs for this algorithm are:

- Value: The value being rounded down.
- **Boundary Value** is to be rounded down to a multiple of this value.**Boundary** MUST be a power of 2.

This algorithm returns the bitwise AND of **Value** with the 2's complement of **Boundary**.

Pseudocode for the algorithm is as follows:

BlockAlignTruncate(Value, Boundary) = Value & -(Boundary)

#### 2.1.4.7 ClustersFromBytes -- Macro to Determine How Many Clusters a Given Number of Bytes Occupies

The inputs for this algorithm are:

- ThisVolume: A Volume.
- **Bytes:** The number of bytes.

Pseudocode for the algorithm is as follows:

- ClustersFromBytes(ThisVolume, Bytes) = (Bytes + (ThisVolume.ClusterSize 1)) / ThisVolume.ClusterSize.
- The value returned is the total number of **clusters** required to hold the specified number of bytes that start at a cluster boundary, including any remainder that does not fill a whole cluster.

#### 2.1.4.8 ClustersFromBytesTruncate -- Macro to Determine How Many Whole Clusters a Given Number of Bytes Occupies

The inputs for this algorithm are:

- ThisVolume: A Volume.
- Bytes: The number of bytes.

Pseudocode for the algorithm is as follows:

- ClustersFromBytesTruncate(ThisVolume, Bytes) = Bytes / ThisVolume.ClusterSize.
- The value returned is the number of **clusters** that would be fully occupied by the specified number of bytes that start at a cluster boundary. Any remainder that does not fill a whole cluster is discarded.

#### 2.1.4.9 SidLength -- Macro to Provide the Length of a SID

The inputs for this algorithm are:

• **SID:** A SID, as described in <u>[MS-DTYP]</u> section 2.4.2.

This algorithm returns the size, in bytes, of **SID**. This is equal to the number of bytes occupied by the **Revision**, **SubAuthorityCount**, and **IdentifierAuthorityCount** fields of a SID. Added to this is the size of a **SubAuthority** field of a SID times **SID.SubAuthorityCount**.

Pseudocode for the algorithm is as follows:

SidLength(SID) = (8 + (4 \* SID.SubAuthorityCount))

# 2.1.4.10 Algorithm for Determining If a Range Access Conflicts with Byte-Range Locks

The inputs for this algorithm are:

- **ByteOffset:** A 64-bit unsigned integer specifying the offset of the first byte of the range.
- **Length:** A 64-bit unsigned integer specifying the number of bytes in the range.
- **IsExclusive:** TRUE if the access to the range has exclusive intent, FALSE otherwise.
- **LockIntent:** TRUE if the access to the range has locking intent, FALSE if the intent is performing I/O (reads or writes).
- **Open:** The open to the file on which to check for range conflicts.
- Key: A 32-bit unsigned integer containing an identifier for the open by a specific process.

This algorithm outputs a Boolean value:

- TRUE if the range conflicts with byte-range locks.
- FALSE if the range does not conflict.

Pseudocode for the algorithm is as follows:

- If ((ByteOffset == 0) and (Length == 0)):
  - The {0, 0} range doesn't conflict with any byte-range lock.
  - Return FALSE.
- EndIf
- For each *ByteRangeLock* in **Open.Stream.ByteRangeLockList**:
  - If ((ByteRangeLock.LockOffset == 0) and (ByteRangeLock.LockLength == 0)):
    - The byte-range lock is over the {0, 0} range so there is no overlap by definition.
  - Else:
    - Initialize LastByteOffset1 = ByteOffset + Length 1.
    - Initialize LastByteOffset2 = ByteRangeLock.LockOffset + ByteRangeLock.LockLength -1.
    - If ((ByteOffset <= LastByteOffset2) and (LastByteOffset1 >= ByteRangeLock.LockOffset)):
      - *ByteRangeLock* and the passed range overlap.
      - If (ByteRangeLock.IsExclusive == TRUE):

- If (*ByteRangeLock*.**OwnerOpen** != **Open**) or (*ByteRangeLock*.**LockKey** != **Key**):
  - Exclusive byte-range locks block all access to other **Opens**.
  - Return TRUE.
- Else If ((IsExclusive == TRUE) and (LockIntent == TRUE)):
  - Overlapping exclusive byte-range locks are not allowed even by the same owner.
  - Return TRUE.
- EndIf
- Else If (**IsExclusive** == TRUE):
  - The *ByteRangeLock* is shared, shared byte-range locks will block all access with exclusive intent.
  - Return TRUE.
- EndIf
- EndIf
- EndIf
- EndFor
- Return FALSE.

#### 2.1.4.11 Algorithm for Posting a USN Change for a File

The inputs for this algorithm are:

- File: The file this change occurs on.
- Reason: A 32-bit unsigned integer describing the change that occurred to the file, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.48.
- FileName: The pathname, relative to Volume.RootDirectory, of the file this change occurs on.

The algorithm MUST return at this point without taking any actions under any of the following conditions:

- If the object store does not support USN change journals.
- If **File.Volume.IsUsnJournalActive** is FALSE.
- If **Reason** is zero.

Pseudocode for the algorithm is as follows:

- Set *FileNameLength* to the length, in bytes, of **FileName**.
- Set *RecordLength* to an implementation-specific<40> value representing the number of bytes needed to persist the USN change to the store.
- Set File.Volume.LastUsn to File.Volume.LastUsn + RecordLength.
- Set File.Usn to File.Volume.LastUsn.

#### 2.1.4.12 Algorithm to Check for an Oplock Break

The inputs for this algorithm are:

- **Open:** The **Open** being used in the request calling this algorithm.
- **Oplock:** The **Oplock** being checked.
- **Operation:** A code describing the operation being processed.
- **OpParams:** Parameters associated with the **Operation** code that are passed in from the calling request. For example, if **Operation** is OPEN, as specified in section 2.1.5.1, then **OpParams** will have the members **DesiredAccess** and **CreateDisposition**. Each of these is a parameter to the open request as specified in section 2.1.5.1. This parameter could be empty, depending on the **Operation** code.
- **Flags:** An optional parameter. If unspecified it is considered to contain 0. Valid nonzero values are:
  - PARENT\_OBJECT

The algorithm uses the following local variables:

- Boolean values (initialized to FALSE): BreakToTwo, BreakToNone, NeedToWait
- BreakCacheState MAY contain 0 or a combination of one or more of READ\_CACHING, WRITE\_CACHING, or HANDLE\_CACHING, as specified in section <u>2.1.1.10</u>. Initialized to 0.
  - Note that there are only four legal nonzero combinations of flags for *BreakCacheState*:
    - (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING)
    - (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING)
    - WRITE\_CACHING
    - HANDLE\_CACHING

Pseudocode for the algorithm is as follows:

If **Oplock** is not empty and **Oplock.State** is not NO\_OPLOCK:

- If Flags contains PARENT\_OBJECT<u><41></u>:
  - Set *BreakCacheState* to (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING).
- Else:
  - Switch (**Operation**):
    - Case OPEN, as specified in section 2.1.5.1:
      - If **OpParams.DesiredAccess** contains no flags other than FILE\_READ\_ATTRIBUTES, FILE\_WRITE\_ATTRIBUTES, or SYNCHRONIZE, the algorithm returns at this point.
      - EndIf
      - If **OpParams.CreateDisposition** is FILE\_SUPERSEDE, FILE\_OVERWRITE, or FILE\_OVERWRITE\_IF:
        - Set BreakToNone to TRUE, set BreakCacheState to (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING).

- Else
  - Set *BreakToTwo* to TRUE, set *BreakCacheState* to WRITE\_CACHING.
- EndIf
- EndCase
- Case OPEN\_BREAK\_H, as specified in section <u>2.1.5.1.2</u>:
  - Set *BreakCacheState* to HANDLE\_CACHING.
- EndCase
- Case CLOSE, as specified in section <u>2.1.5.4</u>:
  - If **Oplock.IIOplocks** is not empty:
    - For each **Open** *ThisOpen* in **Oplock.IIOplocks**:
      - If *ThisOpen* == **Open**:
        - Remove *ThisOpen* from **Oplock.IIOplocks**.
        - Notify the server of an oplock break according to the algorithm in section <u>2.1.5.17.3</u>, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
          - **BreakingOplockOpen** equal to *ThisOpen*.
          - **NewOplockLevel** equal to LEVEL\_NONE.
          - AcknowledgeRequired equal to FALSE.
          - **OplockCompletionStatus** equal to STATUS\_SUCCESS.
        - (The operation does not end at this point; this call to 2.1.5.17.3 completes some earlier call to <u>2.1.5.17.2</u>.)
      - EndIf
    - EndFor
    - Recompute **Oplock.State** according to the algorithm in section <u>2.1.4.13</u>, passing **Oplock** as the **ThisOplock** parameter.
  - EndIf
  - If **Oplock.ROplocks** is not empty:
    - For each **Open** *ThisOpen* in **Oplock.ROplocks**:
      - If *ThisOpen* == **Open**:
        - Remove *ThisOpen* from **Oplock.ROplocks**.
        - Notify the server of an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.3, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
          - **BreakingOplockOpen** equal to *ThisOpen*.
          - **NewOplockLevel** equal to LEVEL\_NONE.
          - AcknowledgeRequired equal to FALSE.

- OplockCompletionStatus equal to STATUS\_OPLOCK\_HANDLE\_CLOSED.
- (The operation does not end at this point; this call to 2.1.5.17.3 completes some earlier call to 2.1.5.17.2.)
- EndIf
- EndFor
- Recompute **Oplock.State** according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.13, passing **Oplock** as the **ThisOplock** parameter.
- EndIf
- If Oplock.RHOplocks is not empty:
  - For each **Open** *ThisOpen* in **Oplock.RHOplocks**:
    - If *ThisOpen* == **Open**:
      - Remove *ThisOpen* from **Oplock.RHOplocks**.
      - Notify the server of an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.3, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
        - **BreakingOplockOpen** equal to *ThisOpen*.
        - **NewOplockLevel** equal to LEVEL\_NONE.
        - AcknowledgeRequired equal to FALSE.
        - OplockCompletionStatus equal to STATUS\_OPLOCK\_HANDLE\_CLOSED.
      - (The operation does not end at this point; this call to 2.1.5.17.3 completes some earlier call to 2.1.5.17.2.)
    - EndIf
  - EndFor
  - Recompute **Oplock.State** according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.13, passing **Oplock** as the **ThisOplock** parameter.
- EndIf
- If **Oplock.RHBreakQueue** is not empty:
  - For each **RHOpContext** *ThisContext* in **Oplock.RHBreakQueue**:
    - If *ThisContext*.**Open** == **Open**:
      - Remove *ThisContext* from **Oplock.RHBreakQueue**.
    - EndIf
  - EndFor
  - Recompute **Oplock.State** according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.13, passing **Oplock** as the **ThisOplock** parameter.
  - For each **Open** *WaitingOpen* on **Oplock.WaitList**:

- If **Oplock.RHBreakQueue** is empty:
  - Indicate that the operation associated with *WaitingOpen* can continue according to the algorithm in section <u>2.1.4.12.1</u>, setting **OpenToRelease** equal to *WaitingOpen*.
  - Remove WaitingOpen from **Oplock.WaitList**.
- Else
  - If the value on every RHOpContext.Open.TargetOplockKey on Oplock.RHBreakQueue is equal to WaitingOpen .TargetOplockKey:
    - Indicate that the operation associated with *WaitingOpen* can continue according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12.1, setting **OpenToRelease** equal to *WaitingOpen*.
    - Remove *WaitingOpen* from **Oplock.WaitList**.
  - EndIf
- EndIf
- EndFor
- EndIf
- If Open equals Oplock.ExclusiveOpen
  - If Oplock.State contains none of BREAK\_TO\_TWO, BREAK\_TO\_NONE, BREAK\_TO\_TWO\_TO\_NONE, BREAK\_TO\_READ\_CACHING, BREAK\_TO\_WRITE\_CACHING, BREAK\_TO\_HANDLE\_CACHING, or BREAK\_TO\_NO\_CACHING:
    - Notify the server of an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.3, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
      - BreakingOplockOpen equal to Oplock.ExclusiveOpen.
      - NewOplockLevel equal to LEVEL\_NONE.
      - AcknowledgeRequired equal to FALSE.
      - **OplockCompletionStatus** equal to:
        - STATUS\_OPLOCK\_HANDLE\_CLOSED if **Oplock.State** contains any of READ\_CACHING, WRITE\_CACHING, or HANDLE\_CACHING.
        - STATUS\_SUCCESS otherwise.
    - (The operation does not end at this point; this call to 2.1.5.17.3 completes some earlier call to <u>2.1.5.17.1</u>.)
  - EndIf
  - Set **Oplock.ExclusiveOpen** to NULL.
  - Set **Oplock.State** to NO\_OPLOCK.
  - For each **Open** *WaitingOpen* on **Oplock.WaitList**:

- Indicate that the operation associated with *WaitingOpen* can continue according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12.1, setting **OpenToRelease** equal to *WaitingOpen*.
- Remove *WaitingOpen* from **Oplock.WaitList**.
- EndFor
- EndIf
- EndCase
- Case READ, as specified in section <u>2.1.5.2</u>:
  - Set *BreakToTwo* to TRUE
  - Set *BreakCacheState* to WRITE\_CACHING.
- EndCase
- Case FLUSH\_DATA, as specified in section 2.1.5.6:
  - Set BreakToTwo to TRUE
  - Set *BreakCacheState* to WRITE\_CACHING.
- EndCase
- Case LOCK\_CONTROL, as specified in section <u>2.1.5.7</u>:
- Case WRITE, as specified in section <u>2.1.5.3</u>:
  - Set *BreakToNone* to TRUE
  - Set *BreakCacheState* to (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING).
- EndCase
- Case SET\_INFORMATION, as specified in section <u>2.1.5.14</u>:
  - Switch (OpParams.FileInformationClass):
    - Case FileEndOfFileInformation:
    - Case FileAllocationInformation:
      - Set *BreakToNone* to TRUE
      - Set *BreakCacheState* to (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING).
    - EndCase
    - Case FileRenameInformation:
    - Case FileLinkInformation:
    - Case FileShortNameInformation:
      - Set *BreakCacheState* to HANDLE\_CACHING.
      - If **Oplock.State** contains BATCH\_OPLOCK, set *BreakToNone* to TRUE.
    - EndCase

- Case FileDispositionInformation:
  - If **OpParams.DeleteFile** is TRUE,
  - Set *BreakCacheState* to HANDLE\_CACHING.
- EndCase
- EndSwitch // FileInfoClass
- Case FS\_CONTROL, as specified in section <u>2.1.5.9</u>:
  - If **OpParams.ControlCode** is FSCTL\_SET\_ZERO\_DATA:
    - Set *BreakToNone* to TRUE.
    - Set *BreakCacheState* to (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING).
  - EndIf
- EndCase
- Case SET\_SECURITY, as specified in section 2.1.5.16
  - Set *BreakCacheState* to HANDLE\_CACHING
- EndCase
- EndSwitch // Operation
- EndIf
- If *BreakToTwo* is TRUE:
  - If (**Oplock.State** != LEVEL\_TWO\_OPLOCK) and

((Oplock.ExclusiveOpen is empty) or

#### (Oplock.ExclusiveOpen.TargetOplockKey != Open.TargetOplockKey)):

• If (**Oplock.State** contains EXCLUSIVE) and

(**Oplock.State** contains none of READ\_CACHING, WRITE\_CACHING, or HANDLE\_CACHING):

- If Oplock.State contains none of BREAK\_TO\_TWO, BREAK\_TO\_NONE, BREAK\_TO\_TWO\_TO\_NONE, BREAK\_TO\_READ\_CACHING, BREAK\_TO\_WRITE\_CACHING, BREAK\_TO\_HANDLE\_CACHING, or BREAK\_TO\_NO\_CACHING:
  - // **Oplock.State** MUST contain either LEVEL\_ONE\_OPLOCK or BATCH\_OPLOCK.
  - Set BREAK\_TO\_TWO in **Oplock.State**.
  - Notify the server of an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.3, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
    - BreakingOplockOpen equal to Oplock.ExclusiveOpen.
    - **NewOplockLevel** equal to LEVEL\_TWO.
    - AcknowledgeRequired equal to TRUE.
    - **OplockCompletionStatus** equal to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

- (The operation does not end at this point; this call to 2.1.5.17.3 completes some earlier call to 2.1.5.17.1.)
- EndIf
- The operation that called this algorithm MUST be made cancelable by inserting it into CancelableOperations.CancelableOperationList.
- Insert **Open** into **Oplock.WaitList**.
- The operation that called this algorithm waits until the oplock break is acknowledged, as specified in section 2.1.5.18, or the operation is canceled.
- EndIf
- EndIf
- Else If *BreakToNone* is TRUE:
  - If (Oplock.State == LEVEL\_TWO\_OPLOCK) or

(Oplock.ExclusiveOpen is empty) or

#### (Oplock.ExclusiveOpen.TargetOplockKey != Open.TargetOplockKey):

If (**Oplock.State** != NO\_OPLOCK) and

(**Oplock.State** contains neither WRITE\_CACHING nor HANDLE\_CACHING):

- If **Oplock.State** contains none of LEVEL\_TWO\_OPLOCK, BREAK\_TO\_TWO, BREAK\_TO\_NONE, BREAK\_TO\_TWO\_TO\_NONE, BREAK\_TO\_READ\_CACHING, BREAK\_TO\_WRITE\_CACHING, BREAK\_TO\_HANDLE\_CACHING, or BREAK\_TO\_NO\_CACHING:
  - // There could be a READ\_CACHING-only oplock here. Those are broken later on.
  - If **Oplock.State** contains READ\_CACHING, go to the *LeaveBreakToNone* label.
  - Set BREAK\_TO\_NONE in **Oplock.State**.
  - Notify the server of an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.3, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
    - BreakingOplockOpen equal to Oplock.ExclusiveOpen.
    - **NewOplockLevel** equal to LEVEL\_NONE.
    - AcknowledgeRequired equal to TRUE.
    - **OplockCompletionStatus** equal to STATUS\_SUCCESS.
  - (The operation does not end at this point; this call to 2.1.5.17.3 completes some earlier call to 2.1.5.17.1.)
- Else If **Oplock.State** equals LEVEL\_TWO\_OPLOCK or (LEVEL\_TWO\_OPLOCK|READ\_CACHING):
  - For each **Open** *ThisOpen* in **Oplock.IIOplocks**:
    - Remove *ThisOpen* from **Oplock.IIOplocks**.

- Notify the server of an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.3, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
  - BreakingOplockOpen equal to ThisOpen.
  - **NewOplockLevel** equal to LEVEL\_NONE.
  - AcknowledgeRequired equal to FALSE.
  - **OplockCompletionStatus** equal to STATUS\_SUCCESS.
- (The operation does not end at this point; this call to 2.1.5.17.3 completes some earlier call to 2.1.5.17.2.)
- EndFor
- If **Oplock.State** equals (LEVEL\_TWO\_OPLOCK|READ\_CACHING):
  - Set **Oplock.State** equal to READ\_CACHING.
- Else
  - Set **Oplock.State** equal to NO\_OPLOCK.
- EndIf
- Go to the *LeaveBreakToNone* label.
- Else If **Oplock.State** contains BREAK\_TO\_TWO:
  - Clear BREAK\_TO\_TWO from **Oplock.State**.
  - Set BREAK\_TO\_TWO\_TO\_NONE in **Oplock.State**.
- EndIf
- If Oplock.ExclusiveOpen is not empty, and Oplock.ExclusiveOpen.TargetOplockKey equals Open.TargetOplockKey, go to the LeaveBreakToNone label.
- The operation that called this algorithm MUST be made cancelable by inserting it into CancelableOperations.CancelableOperationList.
- Insert **Open** into **Oplock.WaitList**.
- The operation that called this algorithm waits until the oplock break is acknowledged, as specified in section 2.1.5.18, or the operation is canceled.
- EndIf
- EndIf
- EndIf

LeaveBreakToNone (goto destination label):

- If *BreakCacheState* is not 0:
  - If **Oplock.State** contains any flags that are in *BreakCacheState*:
    - If Oplock.ExclusiveOpen is not empty, call the algorithm in section <u>2.1.4.12.2</u>, passing Open as the OperationOpen parameter, Oplock.ExclusiveOpen as the OplockOpen parameter, and Flags as the Flags parameter. If the algorithm returns TRUE:

- The algorithm returns at this point.
- Switch (**Oplock.State**):
  - Case (READ\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING|MIXED\_R\_AND\_RH):
  - Case READ\_CACHING:
  - Case (LEVEL\_TWO\_OPLOCK|READ\_CACHING):
    - If BreakCacheState contains READ\_CACHING:
      - For each **Open** *ThisOpen* in **Oplock.ROplocks**:
        - Call the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12.2, passing **Open** as the **OperationOpen** parameter, *ThisOpen* as the **OplockOpen** parameter, and **Flags** as the **Flags** parameter. If the algorithm returns FALSE:
          - Remove *ThisOpen* from **Oplock.ROplocks**.
          - Notify the server of an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.3, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
            - BreakingOplockOpen equal to ThisOpen.
            - NewOplockLevel equal to LEVEL\_NONE.
            - AcknowledgeRequired equal to FALSE.
            - **OplockCompletionStatus** equal to STATUS\_SUCCESS.
          - (The operation does not end at this point; this call to 2.1.5.17.3 completes some earlier call to 2.1.5.17.2.)
        - EndIf
      - EndFor
    - EndIf
    - If **Oplock.State** equals (READ\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING|MIXED\_R\_AND\_RH):
      - // Do nothing; FALL THROUGH to next Case statement.
    - Else
      - Recompute **Oplock.State** according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.13, passing **Oplock** as the **ThisOplock** parameter.
      - EndCase
    - EndIf
  - Case (READ\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING):
    - If BreakCacheState equals HANDLE\_CACHING:
      - For each **Open** *ThisOpen* in **Oplock.RHOplocks**:
        - If *ThisOpen*.**OplockKey** does not equal **Open.OplockKey**:
          - Remove *ThisOpen* from **Oplock.RHOplocks**.

- Notify the server of an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.3, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
  - BreakingOplockOpen equal to ThisOpen.
  - **NewOplockLevel** equal to READ\_CACHING.
  - AcknowledgeRequired equal to TRUE.
  - **OplockCompletionStatus** equal to STATUS\_SUCCESS.
- (The operation does not end at this point; this call to 2.1.5.17.3 completes some earlier call to 2.1.5.17.2.)
- Initialize a new **RHOpContext** object, setting its fields as follows:
  - **RHOpContext.Open** set to *ThisOpen*.
  - RHOpContext.BreakingToRead to TRUE.
- Add the new RHOpContext object to Oplock.RHBreakQueue.
- Set *NeedToWait* to TRUE.
- EndIf
- EndFor
- Else If BreakCacheState contains both READ\_CACHING and WRITE\_CACHING:
  - For each **RHOpContext** *ThisContext* in **Oplock.RHBreakQueue**:
    - Call the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12.2, passing Open as the OperationOpen parameter, *ThisContext*.Open as the OplockOpen parameter, and Flags as the Flags parameter. If the algorithm returns FALSE:
      - Set *ThisContext*.**BreakingToRead** to FALSE.
      - If *BreakCacheState* contains HANDLE\_CACHING:
        - Set *NeedToWait* to TRUE.
      - EndIf
    - EndIf
  - EndFor
  - For each **Open** *ThisOpen* in **Oplock.RHOplocks**:
    - Call the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12.2, passing **Open** as the **OperationOpen** parameter, *ThisOpen* as the **OplockOpen** parameter, and **Flags** as the **Flags** parameter. If the algorithm returns FALSE:
      - Remove *ThisOpen* from **Oplock.RHOplocks**.
      - Notify the server of an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.3, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
        - **BreakingOplockOpen** equal to *ThisOpen*.
        - **NewOplockLevel** equal to LEVEL\_NONE.

- AcknowledgeRequired equal to TRUE.
- **OplockCompletionStatus** equal to STATUS\_SUCCESS.
- (The operation does not end at this point; this call to 2.1.5.17.3 completes some earlier call to 2.1.5.17.2.)
- Initialize a new **RHOpContext** object, setting its fields as follows:
  - **RHOpContext.Open** set to *ThisOpen*.
  - RHOpContext.BreakingToRead to FALSE.
- Add the new **RHOpContext** object to **Oplock.RHBreakQueue**.
- If *BreakCacheState* contains HANDLE\_CACHING:
  - Set *NeedToWait* to TRUE.
- EndIf
- EndIf
- EndFor
- EndIf
- // If the oplock is explicitly losing HANDLE\_CACHING, RHBreakQueue is not empty,
- // and the algorithm has not yet decided to wait, this operation might have to wait if
- // there is an oplock on RHBreakQueue with a non-matching key. This is done
- // because even if this operation didn't cause a break of a currently-granted Read-
- // Handle caching oplock, it might have done so had a currently-breaking oplock still
- // been granted.
- If (*NeedToWait* is FALSE) and

(Oplock.RHBreakQueue is not empty) and

(BreakCacheState contains HANDLE\_CACHING):

- For each **RHOpContext** *ThisContex* in **Oplock.RHBreakQueue**:
  - If ThisContext.Open.OplockKey does not equal Open.OplockKey:
    - Set *NeedToWait* to TRUE.
    - Break out of the For loop.
  - EndIf
- EndFor
- EndIf

- Recompute **Oplock.State** according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.13, passing **Oplock** as the **ThisOplock** parameter.
- EndCase
- Case (READ\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING|BREAK\_TO\_READ\_CACHING):
  - If *BreakCacheState* contains READ\_CACHING:
    - For each **RHOpContext** *ThisContext* in **Oplock.RHBreakQueue**:
      - Call the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12.2, passing Open as the OperationOpen parameter, *ThisContext*.Open as the OplockOpen parameter, and Flags as the Flags parameter. If the algorithm returns FALSE:
        - Set ThisContext.BreakingToRead to FALSE.
      - EndIf
      - Recompute **Oplock.State** according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.13, passing **Oplock** as the **ThisOplock** parameter.
    - EndFor
  - EndIf
  - If *BreakCacheState* contains HANDLE\_CACHING:
    - For each RHOpContext ThisContext in Oplock.RHBreakQueue:
      - If *ThisContext*.**Open.OplockKey** does not equal **Open.OplockKey**:
        - Set *NeedToWait* to TRUE.
        - Break out of the For loop.
      - EndIf
    - EndFor
  - EndIf
- EndCase
- Case (READ\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING|BREAK\_TO\_NO\_CACHING):
  - If *BreakCacheState* contains HANDLE\_CACHING:
    - For each **RHOpContext** *ThisContext* in **Oplock.RHBreakQueue**:
      - If *ThisContext*.**Open.OplockKey** does not equal **Open.OplockKey**:
        - Set *NeedToWait* to TRUE.
        - Break out of the For loop.
      - EndIf
    - EndFor
  - EndIf

- EndCase
- Case (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING|EXCLUSIVE):
  - If *BreakCacheState* contains both READ\_CACHING and WRITE\_CACHING:
    - Notify the server of an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.3, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
      - BreakingOplockOpen equal to Oplock.ExclusiveOpen.
      - **NewOplockLevel** equal to LEVEL\_NONE.
      - AcknowledgeRequired equal to TRUE.
      - **OplockCompletionStatus** equal to STATUS\_SUCCESS.
    - (The operation does not end at this point; this call to 2.1.5.17.3 completes some earlier call to 2.1.5.17.1.)
    - Set **Oplock.State** to (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING|EXCLUSIVE|BREAK\_TO\_NO\_CACHING).
    - Set *NeedToWait* to TRUE.
  - Else If BreakCacheState contains WRITE\_CACHING:
    - Notify the server of an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.3, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
      - BreakingOplockOpen equal to Oplock.ExclusiveOpen.
      - **NewOplockLevel** equal to READ\_CACHING.
      - AcknowledgeRequired equal to TRUE.
      - **OplockCompletionStatus** equal to STATUS\_SUCCESS.
    - (The operation does not end at this point; this call to 2.1.5.17.3 completes some earlier call to 2.1.5.17.1.)
    - Set **Oplock.State** to (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING| EXCLUSIVE|BREAK\_TO\_READ\_CACHING).
    - Set *NeedToWait* to TRUE.
  - EndIf
- EndCase
- Case (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING|EXCLUSIVE):
  - If *BreakCacheState* equals WRITE\_CACHING:
    - Notify the server of an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.3, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
      - BreakingOplockOpen equal to Oplock.ExclusiveOpen.
      - **NewOplockLevel** equal to (READ\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING).
      - **AcknowledgeRequired** equal to TRUE.

- **OplockCompletionStatus** equal to STATUS\_SUCCESS.
- (The operation does not end at this point; this call to 2.1.5.17.3 completes some earlier call to 2.1.5.17.1.)
- Set **Oplock.State** to (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING|EXCLUSIVE|BREAK\_TO \_READ\_CACHING|BREAK\_TO\_HANDLE\_CACHING).
- Set *NeedToWait* to TRUE.
- Else If BreakCacheState equals HANDLE\_CACHING:
  - Notify the server of an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.3, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
    - BreakingOplockOpen equal to Oplock.ExclusiveOpen.
    - **NewOplockLevel** equal to (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING).
    - AcknowledgeRequired equal to TRUE.
    - **OplockCompletionStatus** equal to STATUS\_SUCCESS.
  - (The operation does not end at this point; this call to 2.1.5.17.3 completes some earlier call to 2.1.5.17.1.)
  - Set Oplock.State to (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING|EXCLUSIVE|BREAK\_TO \_READ\_CACHING|BREAK\_TO\_WRITE\_CACHING).
  - Set *NeedToWait* to TRUE.
- Else If *BreakCacheState* contains both READ\_CACHING and WRITE\_CACHING:
  - Notify the server of an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.3, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
    - BreakingOplockOpen equal to Oplock.ExclusiveOpen.
    - **NewOplockLevel** equal to LEVEL\_NONE.
    - AcknowledgeRequired equal to TRUE.
    - **OplockCompletionStatus** equal to STATUS\_SUCCESS.
  - (The operation does not end at this point; this call to 2.1.5.17.3 completes some earlier call to 2.1.5.17.1.)
  - Set Oplock.State to (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING|EXCLUSIVE|BREAK\_TO \_NO\_CACHING).
  - Set *NeedToWait* to TRUE.
- EndIf
- EndCase
- Case (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING|EXCLUSIVE|BREAK\_TO\_READ\_CACHING):
  - If *BreakCacheState* contains READ\_CACHING:

#### Set **Oplock.State** to (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING|EXCLUSIVE|BREAK\_TO\_NO\_CACHING).

- EndIf
- If *BreakCacheState* contains either READ\_CACHING or WRITE\_CACHING:
  - Set *NeedToWait* to TRUE.
- EndIf
- EndCase
- Case (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING|EXCLUSIVE|BREAK\_TO\_NO\_CACHING):
  - If *BreakCacheState* contains either READ\_CACHING or WRITE\_CACHING:
    - Set *NeedToWait* to TRUE.
  - EndIf
- EndCase
- Case (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING|EXCLUSIVE|BREAK\_TO\_READ\_ CACHING|BREAK\_TO\_WRITE\_CACHING):
  - If *BreakCacheState* == WRITE\_CACHING:
    - Set **Oplock.State** to (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING|EXCLUSIVE|BREAK\_TO \_READ\_CACHING).
  - Else If *BreakCacheState* contains both READ\_CACHING and WRITE\_CACHING:
    - Set Oplock.State to (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING|EXCLUSIVE|BREAK\_TO \_NO\_CACHING).
  - EndIf
  - Set *NeedToWait* to TRUE.
- EndCase
- Case (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING|EXCLUSIVE|BREAK\_TO\_READ\_ CACHING|BREAK\_TO\_HANDLE\_CACHING):
  - If *BreakCacheState* == HANDLE\_CACHING:
    - Set **Oplock.State** to (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING|EXCLUSIVE|BREAK\_TO \_READ\_CACHING).
  - Else If *BreakCacheState* contains READ\_CACHING:
    - Set **Oplock.State** to (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING|EXCLUSIVE|BREAK\_TO \_NO\_CACHING).
  - EndIf

- Set *NeedToWait* to TRUE.
- EndCase
- Case (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING|EXCLUSIVE|BREAK\_TO\_READ\_ CACHING):
  - If BreakCacheState contains READ\_CACHING, set Oplock.State to (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING|EXCLUSIVE|BREAK\_TO\_N O\_CACHING).
  - Set *NeedToWait* to TRUE.
- EndCase
- Case (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING|EXCLUSIVE|BREAK\_TO\_NO\_C ACHING):
  - Set NeedToWait to TRUE.
- EndCase
- EndSwitch
- If *NeedToWait* is TRUE:
  - The operation that called this algorithm MUST be made cancelable by inserting it into CancelableOperations.CancelableOperationList.
  - Insert **Open** into **Oplock.WaitList**.
  - The operation that called this algorithm waits until the oplock break is acknowledged, as specified in section 2.1.5.18, or the operation is canceled.
- EndIf
- EndIf
- EndIf

EndIf

# 2.1.4.12.1 Algorithm for Request Processing After an Oplock Breaks

The inputs for this algorithm are:

• **OpenToRelease:** The **Open** used in the request that caused the oplock to break

Pseudocode for the algorithm is as follows:

The request corresponding to **OpenToRelease** MUST resume from the point where it broke the oplock (that is, called section <u>2.1.4.12</u>).

# 2.1.4.12.2 Algorithm to Compare Oplock Keys

The inputs for this algorithm are:

- **OperationOpen:** The **Open** used in the request that can cause an oplock to break.
- **OplockOpen:** The **Open** originally used to request the oplock, as specified in section <u>2.1.5.17</u>.

- **Flags:** If unspecified it is considered to contain 0. Valid nonzero values are:
  - PARENT\_OBJECT

This algorithm returns TRUE if the appropriate oplock key field of **OperationOpen** equals **OplockOpen.TargetOplockKey**, and FALSE otherwise.

Pseudocode for the algorithm is as follows:

- If OperationOpen equals OplockOpen:
  - Return TRUE.
- If both **OperationOpen.TargetOplockKey** and **OperationOpen.ParentOplockKey** are empty or both **OplockOpen.TargetOplockKey** and **OplockKey.ParentOplockKey** are empty:
  - Return FALSE.
- If OplockOpen.TargetOplockKey is empty or

(Flags does not contain PARENT\_OBJECT and OperationOpen.TargetOplockKey is empty):

- Return FALSE.
- If **Flags** contains PARENT\_OBJECT and

**OperationOpen.ParentOplockKey** is empty:

- Return FALSE.
- If **Flags** contains PARENT\_OBJECT:
  - If OperationOpen.ParentOplockKey equals OplockOpen.TargetOplockKey:
    - Return TRUE.
  - Else:
    - Return FALSE.
  - EndIf
- Else:
  - If OperationOpen.TargetOplockKey equals OplockOpen.TargetOplockKey:
    - Return TRUE.
  - Else:
    - Return FALSE.
  - EndIf
- EndIf

# 2.1.4.13 Algorithm to Recompute the State of a Shared Oplock

The inputs for this algorithm are:

• **ThisOplock:** The **Oplock** on whose state is being recomputed.

Pseudocode for the algorithm is as follows:

- If ThisOplock.IIOplocks, ThisOplock.ROplocks, ThisOplock.RHOplocks, and ThisOplock.RHBreakQueue are all empty:
  - Set **ThisOplock.State** to NO\_OPLOCK.
- Else If ThisOplock.ROplocks is not empty and either ThisOplock.RHOplocks or ThisOplock.RHBreakQueue are not empty:
  - Set **ThisOplock.State** to (READ\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING|MIXED\_R\_AND\_RH).
- Else If **ThisOplock.ROplocks** is empty and **ThisOplock.RHOplocks** is not empty:
  - Set **ThisOplock.State** to (READ\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING).
- Else If ThisOplock.ROplocks is not empty and ThisOplock.IIOplocks is not empty:
  - Set **ThisOplock.State** to (READ\_CACHING|LEVEL\_TWO\_OPLOCK).
- Else If ThisOplock.ROplocks is not empty and ThisOplock.IIOplocks is empty:
  - Set **ThisOplock.State** to READ\_CACHING.
- Else If **ThisOplock.ROplocks** is empty and **ThisOplock.IIOplocks** is not empty:
  - Set **ThisOplock.State** to LEVEL\_TWO\_OPLOCK.
- Else
  - // ThisOplock.ROplocks is empty
    - // ThisOplock.RHOplocks is empty
    - // ThisOplock.RHBreakQueue MUST be non-empty
  - If RHOpContext.BreakingToRead is TRUE for every RHOpContext on ThisOplock.RHBreakQueue:
    - Set ThisOplock.State to (READ\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING|BREAK\_TO\_READ\_CACHING).
  - Else If RHOpContext.BreakingToRead is FALSE for every RHOpContext on ThisOplock.RHBreakQueue:
    - Set ThisOplock.State to (READ\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING|BREAK\_TO\_NO\_CACHING).
  - Else:
    - Set **ThisOplock.State** to (READ\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING).
  - EndIf
- EndIf

#### 2.1.4.14 AccessCheck -- Algorithm to Perform a General Access Check

The inputs for this algorithm are:

- SecurityContext: The SecurityContext of the user requesting access.
- SecurityDescriptor: The security descriptor of the object to which access is requested, in the format specified in [MS-DTYP] section 2.4.6.

• **DesiredAccess:** An ACCESS\_MASK indicating type of access requested, as specified in [MS-DTYP] section 2.4.3.

This algorithm returns a Boolean value:

- TRUE if the user has the necessary access to the object.
- FALSE otherwise.

Pseudocode for the algorithm is as follows:

- The object store MUST build a new *Token* object, in the format specified in [MS-DTYP] section 2.5.2, with fields initialized as follows:
  - Sids set to SecurityContext.SIDs.
  - **OwnerIndex** set to **SecurityContext.OwnerIndex**.
  - **PrimaryGroup** set to **SecurityContext.PrimaryGroup**.
  - **DefaultDACL** set to **SecurityContext.DefaultDACL**.
  - Privileges set to SecurityContext.PrivilegeSet in locally unique identifier (LUID) form, as specified in [MS-LSAD] section 3.1.1.2.1.
- The object store MUST use the access check algorithm described in [MS-DTYP] section 2.5.3.2, with input values as follows:
  - SecurityDescriptor set to the SecurityDescriptor above.
  - **Token** set to *Token*.
  - Access Request mask set to DesiredAccess.
  - **Object Tree** set to NULL.
  - **PrincipalSelfSubst** set to NULL.
- If the access check returns success, return TRUE; otherwise return FALSE.

# 2.1.4.15 BuildRelativeName -- Algorithm for Building the Relative Path Name for a Link

The inputs for this algorithm are:

- Link: A Link whose relative path name we are building.
- **RootDirectory:** A **DirectoryFile** indicating how far to walk up the directory hierarchy when building the relative path name.

This algorithm returns a Unicode string representing the portion of a Link's path name from **RootDirectory** to **Link** itself, inclusive. The returned string starts with a backslash and uses backslashes as path separators. If **Link** is not a descendant of **RootDirectory**, the algorithm returns an empty string to indicate this error.

Pseudocode for the algorithm is as follows:

- If Link.File equals RootDirectory:
  - Return "\".
- Else If Link.File equals Link.File.Volume.RootDirectory:

- Return an empty string.
- Else If Link.ParentFile equals RootDirectory:
  - Return "\" + Link.Name.
- Else
  - Set ParentRelativeName to BuildRelativeName(Link.ParentFile, RootDirectory).
  - If *ParentRelativeName* is empty:
    - Return an empty string.
  - Else
    - Return *ParentRelativeName* + "\" + **Link.Name**.
  - EndIf
- EndIf

## 2.1.4.16 FindAllFiles: Algorithm for Finding All Files Under a Directory

The inputs for this algorithm are:

• **RootDirectory**: A **DirectoryFile** ADM element indicating the top-level directory for the search.

This algorithm returns a list of files that are descendants of **RootDirectory**, including **RootDirectory** itself.

The algorithm uses the following local variables:

Lists of Files (initialized to empty): FoundFiles, FilesToMerge

Pseudocode for the algorithm follows:

- Insert RootDirectory into FoundFiles.
- For each *Link* in **RootDirectory.DirectoryList**:
  - If *Link*.**File**.**FileType** is DirectoryFile:
    - Set *FilesToMerge* to FindAllFiles(*Link*.**File**).
  - Else:
    - Set *FilesToMerge* to a list containing the single entry *Link*.**File**.
  - EndIf
  - For each *File* in *FilesToMerge*:
    - If *File* is not an element of *FoundFiles*, insert *File* into *FoundFiles*.
  - EndFor
- EndFor
- Return FoundFiles.

# 2.1.4.17 Algorithm for Noting That a File Has Been Modified

The inputs for this algorithm are as follows:

• **Open**: The **Open** through which the file was modified.

The pseudocode for the algorithm is as follows:

- If **Open.UserSetModificationTime** is FALSE, set **Open.File.LastModificationTime** to the current system time.
- If **Open.UserSetChangeTime** is FALSE, set **Open.File.LastChangeTime** to the current system time.
- If Open.UserSetAccessTime is FALSE, set Open.File.LastAccessTime to the current system time.
- Set **Open.File.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_ARCHIVE** to TRUE.

## 2.1.4.18 Algorithm for Updating Duplicated Information

The inputs for this algorithm are as follows:

• Link: The Link to be updated.

The pseudocode for the algorithm is as follows:

- Set Link.CreationTime to Link.File.CreationTime.
- Set Link.LastAccessTime to Link.File.LastAccessTime.
- Set Link.LastModificationTime to Link.File.LastModificationTime.
- Set Link.LastChangeTime to Link.File.LastChangeTime.
- If Link.File.FileType is DataFile:
  - Set DefaultStream to the entry in **Link.File.StreamList** where *DefaultStream*.**Name** is empty (locate the default stream for the given file).
  - Set Link.AllocationSize to *DefaultStream*.AllocationSize.
  - Set Link.FileSize to DefaultStream.Size.
- EndIf
- Set Link.FileAttributes to Link.File.FileAttributes.
- Set Link.ExtendedAttributesLength to Link.File.ExtendedAttributesLength.
- Set Link.ReparseTag to Link.File.ReparseTag.

### 2.1.4.19 BuildNormalizedRelativeName -- Algorithm for Building the Normalized Relative Path Name for a Link

The inputs for this algorithm are:

- Link: A Link whose relative path name is being created.
- **RootDirectory**: A **DirectoryFile** indicating how far to walk up the directory hierarchy when creating the relative path name.

This algorithm returns a Unicode string representing the portion of a Link's path name from the **RootDirectory** to the **Link** itself, inclusive. The returned string starts with a backslash and uses backslashes as path separators. If **Link** is not a descendant of **RootDirectory**, the algorithm returns an empty string to indicate the error.

Pseudocode for the algorithm is as follows:

- If Link.File equals RootDirectory:
  - Return "\".
- Else If Link.File equals Link.File.Volume.RootDirectory:
  - Return an empty string.
- Else If Link.ParentFile equals RootDirectory:
  - Return "\" + Link.Name.
- Else
  - Set ParentRelativeName to BuildRelativeName(Link.ParentFile, RootDirectory).
  - If *ParentRelativeName* is empty:
    - Return an empty string.
  - Else
    - Return ParentRelativeName + "\" + Link.Name.
  - EndIf
- EndIf

## 2.1.5 Higher-Layer Triggered Events

This section describes operations the object store performs in response to events triggered by higherlayer applications. The higher-layer application for this document is generally a **server** application that is processing requests for a local or remote client.

In performing these operations, the object store MAY make persistent changes to objects described in the abstract data model, section 2.1.1. If any operation fails, the object store SHOULD undo any persistent changes that were made prior to the failure, unless specifically noted otherwise in the operation.

In addition to the parameters explicitly listed, each operation in this section takes an implementationspecific parameter (**IORequest**) that uniquely identifies the in-progress I/O operation. The caller generates the **IORequest** value and passes it in as an additional parameter to the event. The **IORequest** parameter is used to support operation cancellation, as specified in section 2.1.5.19.

When an operation completes or is canceled the object store MUST remove the associated **IORequest** operation from **CancelableOperations.CancelableOperationList.** 

## 2.1.5.1 Server Requests an Open of a File

The server provides:

• **RootOpen:** An **Open** to the root of the share.

- PathName: A Unicode path relative to RootOpen for the file to be opened in the format specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.5.
- SecurityContext: The SecurityContext of the user performing the open.
- **DesiredAccess:** A bitmask indicating requested access for the open, as specified in [MS-SMB2] section 2.2.13.1.
- **ShareAccess:** A bitmask indicating sharing access for the open, as specified in [MS-SMB2] section 2.2.13.
- **CreateOptions:** A bitmask of options for the open, as specified in [MS-SMB2] section 2.2.13.
- **CreateDisposition:** The requested disposition for the open, as specified in [MS-SMB2] section 2.2.13.
- **DesiredFileAttributes:** A bitmask of requested file attributes for the open, as specified in [MS-SMB2] section 2.2.13.
- **IsCaseInsensitive:** A Boolean value. TRUE indicates that string comparisons performed in the context of this Open are case-insensitive; otherwise, they are case-sensitive.
- **TargetOplockKey:** A **GUID** value. This value could be empty.
- **UserCertificate:** An ENCRYPTION\_CERTIFICATE structure as specified in [MS-EFSR] section 2.2.8 and used when opening an encrypted stream. This value could be empty.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

• **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.

On success it MUST also return:

- **CreateAction:** A code defining the action taken by the open operation, as specified in [MS-SMB2] section 2.2.14 for the **CreateAction** field.
- **Open:** The newly created **Open**.

On STATUS\_REPARSE or STATUS\_STOPPED\_ON\_SYMLINK it MUST also return:

 ReparseData: The reparse point data associated with an existing file, in the format described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.2. The application MAY retry the open operation with a different PathName parameter constructed using ReparseData.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- Phase 1 -- Parameter Validation:
- Set ValidDirectoryCreateOptions = (FILE\_DIRECTORY\_FILE | FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_ALERT | FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_NONALERT | FILE\_WRITE\_THROUGH | FILE\_OPEN\_REMOTE\_INSTANCE
   | FILE\_COMPLETE\_IF\_OPLOCKED | FILE\_OPEN\_FOR\_BACKUP\_INTENT | FILE\_DELETE\_ON\_CLOSE
   | FILE\_OPEN\_FOR\_FREE\_SPACE\_QUERY | FILE\_OPEN\_BY\_FILE\_ID | FILE\_NO\_COMPRESSION | FILE\_OPEN\_REPARSE\_POINT | FILE\_OPEN\_REQUIRING\_OPLOCK).
- The operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER under any of the following conditions:
  - If **RootOpen.File.FileType** is DataFile.
  - If **ShareAccess**, **CreateOptions**, **CreateDisposition**, or **FileAttributes** are not valid values for a file object as specified in [MS-SMB2] section 2.2.13.

- If (CreateOptions.FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_ALERT || Create.FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_NONALERT) && !DesiredAccess.SYNCHRONIZE.
- If CreateOptions.FILE\_DELETE\_ON\_CLOSE && !DesiredAccess.DELETE.
- If CreateOptions.FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_ALERT && Create.FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_NONALERT.
- If CreateOptions.FILE\_DIRECTORY\_FILE is TRUE && CreateOptions.FILE\_NON\_DIRECTORY\_FILE is FALSE && ((CreateOptions & ~ ValidDirectoryCreateOptions) || (CreateDisposition != FILE\_CREATE && CreateDisposition != FILE\_OPEN && CreateDisposition != FILE\_OPEN\_IF)).
- If CreateOptions.FILE\_COMPLETE\_IF\_OPLOCKED && CreateOptions.FILE\_RESERVE\_OPFILTER.
- If CreateOptions.FILE\_NO\_INTERMEDIATE\_BUFFERING && DesiredAccess.FILE\_APPEND\_DATA.
- If **DesiredAccess** is zero, or if any of the bits in the mask 0x0CE0FE00 are set, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_ACCESS\_DENIED.
- If **CreateOptions.FILE\_DIRECTORY\_FILE** && **CreateOptions.FILE\_NON\_DIRECTORY\_FILE**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- The operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_OBJECT\_NAME\_INVALID under any of the following conditions:
  - If **PathName** is not valid as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.5.
  - If PathName contains a trailing backslash and CreateOptions.FILE\_NON\_DIRECTORY\_FILE is TRUE.
- If **DesiredFileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_ENCRYPTED** is specified, then the object store MUST set **CreateOptions.FILE\_NO\_COMPRESSION**.
- Phase 2 -- Volume State:
- If RootOpen.File.Volume.IsReadOnly && (CreateDisposition == FILE\_CREATE || CreateDisposition == FILE\_SUPERSEDE || CreateDisposition == OVERWRITE || CreateDisposition == OVERWRITE\_IF) then the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_MEDIA\_WRITE\_PROTECTED.
- Phase 3 -- Initialization of **Open** Object:
- The object store MUST build a new **Open** object with fields initialized as follows:
  - Open.RootOpen set to RootOpen.
  - Open.FileName formed by concatenating RootOpen.FileName + "\" + FileName, stripping any redundant backslashes and trailing backslashes.
  - **Open.RemainingDesiredAccess** set to **DesiredAccess**.
  - **Open.SharingMode** set to **ShareAccess**.
  - Open.Mode set to (CreateOptions & (FILE\_WRITE\_THROUGH | FILE\_SEQUENTIAL\_ONLY | FILE\_NO\_INTERMEDIATE\_BUFFERING | FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_ALERT | FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_NONALERT | FILE\_DELETE\_ON\_CLOSE)).
  - **Open.IsCaseInsensitive** set to **IsCaseInsensitive**.

- Open.HasBackupAccess set to TRUE if SecurityContext.PrivilegeSet contains "SeBackupPrivilege".
- Open.HasRestoreAccess set to TRUE if SecurityContext.PrivilegeSet contains "SeRestorePrivilege".
- **Open.HasCreateSymbolicLinkAccess** set to TRUE if **SecurityContext.PrivilegeSet** contains "SeCreateSymbolicLinkPrivilege".
- Open.HasManageVolumeAccess set to TRUE if SecurityContext.PrivilegeSet contains "SeManageVolumePrivilege".
- Open.IsAdministrator set to TRUE if SecurityContext.SIDs contains the well-known SID BUILTIN\_ADMINISTRATORS as defined in [MS-DTYP] section 2.4.2.4.
- **Open.TargetOplockKey** set to **TargetOplockKey**.
- **Open.LastQuotaId** set to -1.
- All other fields set to zero.
- Phase 4 -- Check for **backup/restore** intent
- If CreateOptions.FILE\_OPEN\_FOR\_BACKUP\_INTENT is set and (CreateDisposition == FILE\_OPEN || CreateDisposition == FILE\_OPEN\_IF || CreateDisposition == FILE\_OVERWRITE\_IF) and Open.HasBackupAccess is TRUE, then the object store SHOULD grant backup access as shown in the following pseudocode:
  - BackupAccess = (READ\_CONTROL | ACCESS\_SYSTEM\_SECURITY | FILE\_GENERIC\_READ | FILE\_TRAVERSE)
  - If **Open.RemainingDesiredAccess.MAXIMUM\_ALLOWED** is set then:
    - **Open.GrantedAccess** |= BackupAccess
  - Else:
    - **Open.GrantedAccess** |= (**Open.RemainingDesiredAccess** & *BackupAccess*)
  - EndIf
  - Open.RemainingDesiredAccess &= ~Open.GrantedAccess
- If CreateOptions.FILE\_OPEN\_FOR\_BACKUP\_INTENT is set and Open.HasRestoreAccess is TRUE, then the object store SHOULD grant restore access as shown in the following pseudocode:
  - RestoreAccess = (WRITE\_DAC | WRITE\_OWNER | ACCESS\_SYSTEM\_SECURITY | FILE\_GENERIC\_WRITE | FILE\_ADD\_FILE | FILE\_ADD\_SUBDIRECTORY | DELETE)
  - If **Open.RemainingDesiredAccess.MAXIMUM\_ALLOWED** is set then:
    - **Open.GrantedAccess** |= *RestoreAccess*
  - Else:
    - **Open.GrantedAccess** |= (**Open.RemainingDesiredAccess** & *RestoreAccess*)
  - EndIf
  - Open.RemainingDesiredAccess &= ~Open.GrantedAccess
- Phase 5 -- Parse pathname:

- The object store MUST split **Open.FileName** into pathname components *PathName*<sub>1</sub> ... *PathName*<sub>n</sub>, using the backslash ("\") character as a delimiter. If any *PathName*<sub>i</sub> ends in a colon(":") character, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_OBJECT\_NAME\_INVALID. The object store MUST further split each *PathName*<sub>i</sub> into a file name component *FileName*<sub>i</sub>, stream name component *StreamName*<sub>i</sub>, and stream type name component *StreamTypeName*<sub>i</sub>, using the colon (":") character as a delimiter (*FileName*<sub>i</sub>:*StreamName*<sub>i</sub>:*StreamTypeName*<sub>i</sub>). If *StreamName*<sub>i</sub> or *StreamTypeName*<sub>i</sub> is not present in the name, the value MUST be set to an empty string.
- Phase 6 -- Location of file:
- The object store MUST search for a filename matching **Open.FileName**. If **IsCaseInsensitive** is TRUE, then the search MUST be case-insensitive; otherwise it MUST be case-sensitive. Pseudocode for this search is as follows:
  - Set *ParentFile* = **RootOpen.File**.
  - // Examine each prefix pathname component in order.
  - For i = 1 to n-1: // n is the number of pathname components, from Phase 5.
    - If *StreamTypeName*<sub>i</sub> is non-empty:
      - Set ComplexNameSuffix = ":StreamName<sub>i</sub>:StreamTypeName<sub>i</sub>".
    - Else if *StreamTypeName*<sub>i</sub> is non-empty:
      - Set ComplexNameSuffix = ":StreamName<sub>i</sub>".
    - Else:
      - Set *ComplexNameSuffix* to empty.
    - EndIf
    - If *ComplexNameSuffix* is non-empty and *ComplexNameSuffix* is not equal to one of the complex name suffixes recognized by the object store<<u>42></u> (using case-insensitive string comparisons), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_OBJECT\_NAME\_INVALID.
    - Search ParentFile.DirectoryList for a Link where Link.Name or Link.ShortName matches FileName<sub>i</sub>. If no such link is found, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_OBJECT\_PATH\_NOT\_FOUND.
    - If **Link.File.FileType** is not DirectoryFile, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_NOT\_A\_DIRECTORY.
    - If Open.GrantedAccess.FILE\_TRAVERSE is not set and AccessCheck(SecurityContext, Link.File.SecurityDescriptor, FILE\_TRAVERSE) returns FALSE, the operation MAY be failed with STATUS\_ACCESS\_DENIED.
    - If **Link.IsDeleted**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_DELETE\_PENDING.
    - If Link.File.IsSymbolicLink is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with Status set to STATUS\_STOPPED\_ON\_SYMLINK and ReparsePointData set to Link.File.ReparsePointData.
    - Set *ParentFile* = Link.File.
  - EndFor
  - // Examine final pathname component.

- Set FileNameToOpen to FileNamen, StreamNameToOpen to StreamNamen, and StreamTypeNameToOpen to StreamTypeNamen.
- If *StreamTypeNameToOpen* is non-empty and *StreamTypeNameToOpen* is not equal to one of the stream type names recognized by the object store<43> (using case-insensitive string comparisons), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_OBJECT\_NAME\_INVALID.
- Search ParentFile.DirectoryList for a Link where Link.Name or Link.ShortName matches FileNameToOpen. If such a link is found:
  - Set File = Link.File.
  - Set **Open.File** to **File**.
  - Set **Open.Link** to **Link**.
- Else:
  - If (CreateDisposition == FILE\_OPEN || CreateDisposition == FILE\_OVERWRITE), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_OBJECT\_NAME\_NOT\_FOUND.
  - If **RootOpen.File.Volume.IsReadOnly** then the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_MEDIA\_WRITE\_PROTECTED.
- EndIf
- If *StreamTypeNameToOpen* is non-empty and has a value other than "\$DATA" or "\$INDEX\_ALLOCATION", the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_OBJECT\_NAME\_INVALID.
- Phase 7 -- Type of stream to open:
- The object store MUST use the following algorithm to determine which type of stream is being opened:
- Set *StreamTypeToOpen* to empty.
- If RootOpen.File.Volume.IsPhysicalRoot is TRUE, then set StreamTypeToOpen to ViewIndexStream under any of the following conditions:
  - If RootOpen.File.Volume.IsObjectIDsSupported is TRUE, BuildRelativeName(Open.Link, Open.File.Volume.RootDirectory) is equal to "\\$Extend\\$ObjId", StreamNameToOpen is equal to "\$O", and StreamTypeNameToOpen is equal to "\$INDEX\_ALLOCATION" (using case-insensitive string comparisons).
  - If RootOpen.File.Volume.IsQuotasSupported is TRUE, BuildRelativeName(Open.Link, Open.File.Volume.RootDirectory) is equal to "\\$Extend\\$Quota", StreamNameToOpen is equal to "\$O" or "\$Q", and StreamTypeNameToOpen is equal to "\$INDEX\_ALLOCATION" (using case-insensitive string comparisons).
  - If RootOpen.File.Volume.IsReparsePointsSupported is TRUE, BuildRelativeName(Open.Link, Open.File.Volume.RootDirectory) is equal to "\\$Extend\\$Reparse", StreamNameToOpen is equal to "\$R", and StreamTypeNameToOpen is equal to "\$INDEX\_ALLOCATION" (using case-insensitive string comparisons).
- EndIf
- // Note that when StreamTypeToOpen is ViewIndexStream, the file always exists in the object store and
- // **Open.File.FileType** is ViewIndexFile.

- If *StreamTypeToOpen* is empty:
  - If StreamTypeNameToOpen is "\$INDEX\_ALLOCATION":
    - If StreamNameToOpen has a value other than an empty string or "\$I30", the operation SHOULD<44> be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
  - Else if *StreamTypeNameToOpen* is not "\$DATA" and not empty:
    - If **CreateDisposition** is one of FILE\_SUPERSEDE, FILE\_OVERWRITE, or FILE\_OVERWRITE\_IF, then the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_ACCESS\_DENIED.
  - EndIf
  - If CreateOptions.FILE\_DIRECTORY\_FILE is TRUE then StreamTypeToOpen = DirectoryStream.
  - Else if StreamTypeNameToOpen is "\$INDEX\_ALLOCATION" then StreamTypeToOpen = DirectoryStream.
  - Else if CreateOptions.FILE\_NON\_DIRECTORY\_FILE is FALSE, StreamNameToOpen is empty, StreamTypeNameToOpen is empty, Open.File is not NULL, and Open.File.FileType is DirectoryFile then StreamTypeToOpen = DirectoryStream.
  - Else *StreamTypeToOpen* = DataStream.
  - EndIf
- EndIf
- If StreamTypeToOpen is DirectoryStream:
  - If *StreamTypeNameToOpen* is not "\$INDEX\_ALLOCATION":
    - If StreamNameToOpen is not empty or StreamTypeNameToOpen is not empty, then the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_NOT\_A\_DIRECTORY.
  - EndIf
  - If **Open.File** is not NULL and **Open.File.FileType** is DataFile:
    - If CreateDisposition == FILE\_CREATE then the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_OBJECT\_NAME\_COLLISION, else the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_NOT\_A\_DIRECTORY.
  - EndIf
- Else if *StreamTypeToOpen* is DataStream:
  - If *StreamNameToOpen* is empty and **Open.File** is not NULL and **Open.File.FileType** is DirectoryFile, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_FILE\_IS\_A\_DIRECTORY.
- EndIf
- If **PathName** contains a trailing backslash:
  - If *StreamTypeToOpen* is DataStream or **CreateOptions.FILE\_NON\_DIRECTORY\_FILE** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_OBJECT\_NAME\_INVALID.
- EndIf
- Phase 8 -- Completion of open

• If **Open.File** is NULL, the object store MUST create a new file as described in section <u>2.1.5.1.1</u>; otherwise the object store MUST open the existing file as described in section <u>2.1.5.1.2</u>.

## 2.1.5.1.1 Creation of a New File

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If StreamTypeToOpen is DirectoryStream and DesiredFileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_TEMPORARY is set, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If DesiredFileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_READONLY and CreateOptions.FILE\_DELETE\_ON\_CLOSE are both set, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_CANNOT\_DELETE.
- If Open.RemainingDesiredAccess.ACCESS\_SYSTEM\_SECURITY is set and Open.GrantedAccess.ACCESS\_SYSTEM\_SECURITY is not set and SecurityContext.PrivilegeSet does not contain "SeSecurityPrivilege", the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_ACCESS\_DENIED.
- If StreamTypeToOpen is DataStream and Open.GrantedAccess.FILE\_ADD\_FILE is not set and AccessCheck(SecurityContext, Open.Link.ParentFile.SecurityDescriptor, FILE\_ADD\_FILE) returns FALSE and Open.HasRestoreAccess is FALSE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_ACCESS\_DENIED.
- If StreamTypeToOpen is DirectoryStream and Open.GrantedAccess.FILE\_ADD\_SUBDIRECTORY is not set and AccessCheck(SecurityContext, Open.Link.ParentFile.SecurityDescriptor, FILE\_ADD\_SUBDIRECTORY) returns FALSE and Open.HasRestoreAccess is FALSE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_ACCESS\_DENIED.
- If the object store implements encryption and DesiredFileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_ENCRYPTED is TRUE:
  - If UserCertificate is empty, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_CS\_ENCRYPTION\_NEW\_ENCRYPTED\_FILE.
- EndIf
- The object store MUST build a new **File** object with fields initialized as follows:
  - **File.FileType** set to DirectoryFile if *StreamTypeToOpen* is DirectoryStream, else it is set to DataFile.
  - File.FileId128 assigned a new value. The value chosen is implementation-specific but MUST be unique among all files present on **RootOpen.File.Volume**.<<u>45></u>
  - File.FileId64 assigned a new value. The value chosen is implementation-specific<46> but MUST be either -1 or unique among all files present on RootOpen.File.Volume.
  - File.FileNumber assigned a new value. The value chosen is implementation-specific but MUST be unique among all files present on RootOpen.File.Volume.<47>
  - File.FileAttributes set to DesiredFileAttributes.
  - File.CreationTime, File.LastModificationTime, File.LastChangeTime, and File.LastAccessTime all initialized to the current system time.
  - File.Volume set to RootOpen.File.Volume.
  - All other fields set to zero.

- The object store MUST build a new **Link** object with fields initialized as follows:
  - Link.File set to File.
  - Link.ParentFile set to ParentFile.
  - All other fields set to zero.
- If File.FileType is DataFile and Open.IsCaseInsensitive is TRUE, and tunnel caching is implemented, the object store MUST search File.Volume.TunnelCacheList for a *TunnelCacheEntry* where *TunnelCacheEntry*.ParentFile equals Link.ParentFile and either (*TunnelCacheEntry*.KeyByShortName is FALSE and *TunnelCacheEntry*.FileName matches *FileNameToOpen*) or (*TunnelCacheEntry*.KeyByShortName is TRUE and *TunnelCacheEntry*.FileShortName matches *FileNameToOpen*). If such an entry is found, then:
  - Set File.CreationTime to *TunnelCacheEntry*.FileCreationTime.
    - If *TunnelCacheEntry*.**ObjectIdInfo.ObjectId** is not empty:
      - If *TunnelCacheEntry*.**ObjectIdInfo.ObjectId** is not unique on **File.Volume**:
        - The object store MUST construct a FILE\_OBJECTID\_INFORMATION structure (as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.28.1) ObjectIdInfo as follows:
          - ObjectIdInfo.FileReference set to File.FileId64.
          - *ObjectIdInfo*.**ObjectId** set to *TunnelCacheEntry*.**ObjectIdInfo**.**ObjectId**.
          - *ObjectIdInfo*.**BirthVolumeId** set to *TunnelCacheEntry*.**ObjectIdInfo.BirthVolumeId**.
          - ObjectIdInfo.BirthObjectId set to TunnelCacheEntry.ObjectIdInfo.BirthObjectId.
          - *ObjectIdInfo*.**DomainId** set to *TunnelCacheEntry*.**ObjectIdInfo.DomainId**.
        - Send directory change notification as specified in section <u>2.1.4.1</u>, with Volume equal to File.Volume, Action equal to FILE\_ACTION\_ID\_NOT\_TUNNELLED, FilterMatch equal to FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_FILE\_NAME, FileName equal to "\\$Extend\\$ObjId", NotifyData equal to ObjectIdInfo, and NotifyDataLength equal to *sizeof(*FILE\_OBJECTID\_INFORMATION).
      - Else:
        - Set File.ObjectId to TunnelCacheEntry.ObjectIdInfo.ObjectId.
        - Set File.BirthVolumeId to TunnelCacheEntry.ObjectIdInfo.BirthVolumeId.
        - Set File.BirthObjectId to TunnelCacheEntry.ObjectIdInfo.BirthObjectId.
        - Set File.DomainId to TunnelCacheEntry.ObjectIdInfo.DomainId.
      - EndIf
    - EndIf
  - Set Link.Name to *TunnelCacheEntry*.FileName.
  - Set Link.ShortName to TunnelCacheEntry.FileShortName if that name is not already in use among all names and short names in Link.ParentFile.DirectoryList.
  - Remove *TunnelCacheEntry* from **File.Volume.TunnelCacheList**.

- Else:
  - Set Link.Name to FileNameToOpen.
- EndIf
- If short names are enabled and Link.ShortName is empty, then the object store MUST create a short name as follows:
  - If Link.Name is 8.3-compliant as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.5.2.1:
    - Set Link.ShortName to Link.Name.
  - Else:
    - Generate a new Link.ShortName that is 8.3-compliant as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.5.2.1. The string chosen is implementation-specific, but MUST be unique among all names and short names present in Link.ParentFile.DirectoryList.
  - EndIf
- EndIf
- The object store MUST now grant the full requested access, as shown by the following pseudocode:
  - If **Open.RemainingDesiredAccess.MAXIMUM\_ALLOWED** is set:
    - **Open.GrantedAccess** |= FILE\_ALL\_ACCESS
  - Else:
    - Open.GrantedAccess |= Open.RemainingDesiredAccess
  - EndIf
  - **Open.RemainingDesiredAccess** = 0
- The object store MUST initialize File.SecurityDescriptor.Dacl to SecurityContext.DefaultDACL. The object store SHOULD append any inheritable security information from Link.ParentFile.SecurityDescriptor to File.SecurityDescriptor.
- The object store MUST set File.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_NOT\_CONTENT\_INDEXED to the value of Link.ParentFile.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_NOT\_CONTENT\_INDEXED.
- The object store MUST clear any attribute flags from File.FileAttributes that cannot be directly set by applications, as follows:
  - ValidSetAttributes = (FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_READONLY | FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_HIDDEN | FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_SYSTEM | FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_ARCHIVE | FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_TEMPORARY | FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_OFFLINE | FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_NOT\_CONTENT\_INDEXED)
  - File.FileAttributes &= ValidSetAttributes
- If **File.FileType** is DataFile, then the object store MUST set **File.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_ARCHIVE**.
- If **File.FileType** is DirectoryFile, then the object store MUST set **File.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_DIRECTORY**.

- If Link.ParentFile.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_ENCRYPTED or DesiredFileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_ENCRYPTED is set, then the object store MUST set File.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_ENCRYPTED.
- If Link.ParentFile.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_COMPRESSED is set and CreateOptions.FILE\_NO\_COMPRESSION is not set, then the object store MUST set File.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_COMPRESSED.
- If Link.ParentFile.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_INTEGRITY\_STREAM is set or DesiredFileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_INTEGRITY\_STREAM is set, then the object store MUST set File.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_INTEGRITY\_STREAM.<48>
- If Link.ParentFile.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_NO\_SCRUB\_DATA is set or DesiredFileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_NO\_SCRUB\_DATA is set, then the object store MUST set File.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_NO\_SCRUB\_DATA.<49>
- If the object store implements encryption and File.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_ENCRYPTED is TRUE, insert UserCertificate into File.UserCertificateList.
- If File.FileType is DataFile and StreamNameToOpen is not empty, then the object store MUST create a default unnamed stream for the file as follows: <50>
  - Build a new **Stream** object **DefaultStream** with all fields initially set to zero.
  - Set **DefaultStream.File** to **File**.
  - If the object store implements encryption and File.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_ENCRYPTED is TRUE, set DefaultStream.IsEncrypted to TRUE.
  - Add **DefaultStream** to **File.StreamList**.
- EndIf
- If StreamTypeToOpen is DataStream, then the object store MUST create a new data stream for the file as follows:
  - Build a new **Stream** object with all fields initially set to zero.
  - Set **Stream.StreamType** to DataStream.
  - Set **Stream.Name** to *StreamNameToOpen*.
  - Set Stream.File to File.
  - Add Stream to File.StreamList.
  - Set **Open.Stream** to **Stream**.
- Else the object store MUST create a new directory stream as follows:
  - Build a new **Stream** object with all fields initially set to zero.
  - Set **Stream.StreamType** to DirectoryStream.
  - Set Stream.File to File.
  - Add Stream to File.StreamList.
  - Set **Open.Stream** to **Stream**.

- EndIf
- If the object store implements encryption and File.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_ENCRYPTED is TRUE:
  - If File.FileType is DataFile, set Stream.IsEncrypted to TRUE.
- EndIf
- The object store MUST update the duplicated information as specified in section 2.1.4.18 with Link equal to Link.
- The object store MUST set **Open.File** to **File**.
- The object store MUST set **Open.Link** to **Link**.
- The object store MUST insert Link into File.LinkList.
- The object store MUST insert Link into Link.ParentFile.DirectoryList.
- The object store MUST update Link.ParentFile.LastModificationTime, Link.ParentFile.LastChangeTime, and Link.ParentFile.LastAccessTime to the current system time.
- If the **Oplock** member of the **DirectoryStream** in **Link.ParentFile.StreamList** (hereinafter referred to as *ParentOplock*) is not empty, the object store MUST check for an oplock break on the parent according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12, with input values as follows:
  - **Open** equal to this operation's **Open**
  - **Oplock** equal to *ParentOplock*
  - **Operation** equal to "OPEN"
  - Flags equal to "PARENT\_OBJECT"
- The object store MUST insert File into File.Volume.OpenFileList.
- The object store MUST insert **Open** into **File.OpenList**.
- If File.FileType is DirectoryFile:
  - *FilterMatch* = FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_DIR\_NAME
- Else:
  - *FilterMatch* = FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_FILE\_NAME
- EndIf
- The object store MUST send directory change notification as specified in section 2.1.4.1 with Volume equal to File.Volume, Action equal to FILE\_ACTION\_ADDED, FilterMatch equal to FilterMatch, and FileName equal to Open.FileName.
- If Stream.Name is not empty:
  - Send directory change notification as specified in section 2.1.4.1, with Volume equal to File.Volume, Action equal to FILE\_ACTION\_ADDED\_STREAM, *FilterMatch* equal to FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGED\_STREAM\_NAME, and FileName equal to Open.FileName + ":" + Stream.Name.
- EndIf

- The object store MUST return:
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.
  - **CreateAction** set to FILE\_CREATED.
  - The **Open** object created previously.

### 2.1.5.1.2 Open of an Existing File

Files that require knowledge of extended attributes cannot be opened by applications that do not understand extended attributes. If **CreateOptions.FILE\_NO\_EA\_KNOWLEDGE** is set and (*StreamTypeToOpen* is DirectoryStream or (*StreamTypeToOpen* is DataStream and *StreamNameToOpen* is empty)) and **File.ExtendedAttributes** contains an *ExistingEa* where *ExistingEa*.**FILE\_NEED\_EA** is set, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_ACCESS\_DENIED.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If CreateOptions.FILE\_OPEN\_REPARSE\_POINT is not set and File.ReparsePointTag is not empty, then the operation MUST be failed with Status set to STATUS\_REPARSE and ReparsePointData set to File.ReparsePointData.
- If *StreamTypeToOpen* is DirectoryStream:
  - If **CreateDisposition** is FILE\_OPEN or FILE\_OPEN\_IF then:
    - Perform access checks as described in section <u>2.1.5.1.2.1</u>. If this fails with STATUS\_SHARING\_VIOLATION:
      - If **Open.Stream.Oplock** is not empty and **Open.Stream.Oplock.State** contains HANDLE\_CACHING, the object store MUST check for an oplock break according to the algorithm in section <u>2.1.4.12</u>, with input values as follows:
        - Open equal to this operation's Open
        - Oplock equal to Open.Stream.Oplock
        - **Operation** equal to "OPEN\_BREAK\_H"
      - Perform access checks as described in section 2.1.5.1.2.1. If this fails, the request MUST be failed with the same status.
    - ElseIf this fails with any other status code:
      - The request MUST be failed with the same status.
    - EndIf
    - Perform sharing access checks as described in section <u>2.1.5.1.2.2</u>. If this fails with STATUS\_SHARING\_VIOLATION:
      - If Open.Stream.Oplock is not empty and Open.Stream.Oplock.State contains HANDLE\_CACHING, the object store MUST check for an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12, with input values as follows:
        - Open equal to this operation's Open
        - Oplock equal to Open.Stream.Oplock

- Perform sharing access checks as described in section 2.1.5.1.2.2. If this fails, the request MUST be failed with the same status.
- ElseIf this fails with any other status code:
  - The request MUST be failed with the same status.
- EndIf
- If Open.File.OpenList is empty, Open.SharingMode does not contain FILE\_SHARE\_READ, and AccessCheck(SecurityContext, File.SecurityDescriptor, FILE\_GENERIC\_WRITE) returns FALSE:
  - If CreateOptions.FILE\_DISALLOW\_EXCLUSIVE is TRUE:<<51>
    - The operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_ACCESS\_DENIED.
  - Else:
    - The object store MUST set **Open.SharingMode**.FILE\_SHARE\_READ to TRUE.
  - EndIf
- EndIf
- Set **CreateAction** to FILE\_OPENED.
- Else:
  - // Existing directories cannot be overwritten/superseded.
  - If File == File.Volume.RootDirectory, then the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_ACCESS\_DENIED, else the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_OBJECT\_NAME\_COLLISION.
- EndIf
- Else if *StreamTypeToOpen* is DataStream:
  - The object store MUST search File.StreamList for a DataStream with Stream.Name matching StreamNameToOpen. If IsCaseInsensitive is TRUE, then the search MUST be caseinsensitive; otherwise it MUST be case-sensitive.
  - If **Stream** was found:
    - Set **Open.Stream** to **Stream**.
    - If **CreateDisposition** is FILE\_CREATE, then the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_OBJECT\_NAME\_COLLISION.
    - If **CreateDisposition** is FILE\_OPEN or FILE\_OPEN\_IF:
      - If Open.Stream.Oplock is not empty and Open.Stream.Oplock.State contains BATCH\_OPLOCK, the object store MUST check for an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12, with input values as follows:
        - Open equal to this operation's Open
        - Oplock equal to Open.Stream.Oplock
        - **Operation** equal to "OPEN"

- **OpParams** containing two members:
  - DesiredAccess equal to this operation's DesiredAccess
  - CreateDisposition equal to this operation's CreateDisposition
- Perform access checks as described in section 2.1.5.1.2.1. If this fails with STATUS\_SHARING\_VIOLATION:
  - If **Open.Stream.Oplock** is not empty and **Open.Stream.Oplock.State** contains HANDLE\_CACHING, the object store MUST check for an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12, with input values as follows:
    - Open equal to this operation's Open
    - **Oplock** equal to **Open.Stream.Oplock**
    - **Operation** equal to "OPEN\_BREAK\_H"
  - Perform access checks as described in section 2.1.5.1.2.1. If this fails, the request MUST be failed with the same status.
- ElseIf this fails with any other status code:
  - The request MUST be failed with the same status.
- EndIf
- Perform sharing access checks as described in section 2.1.5.1.2.2. If this fails with STATUS\_SHARING\_VIOLATION:
  - If **Open.Stream.Oplock** is not empty and **Open.Stream.Oplock.State** contains HANDLE\_CACHING, the object store MUST check for an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12, with input values as follows:
    - **Open** equal to this operation's **Open**
    - Oplock equal to Open.Stream.Oplock
    - **Operation** equal to "OPEN\_BREAK\_H"
  - Perform sharing access checks as described in section 2.1.5.1.2.2. If this fails, the request MUST be failed with the same status.
- ElseIf this fails with any other status code:
  - The request MUST be failed with the same status.
- EndIf
- Set **CreateAction** to FILE\_OPENED.
- Else:
  - If **File.Volume.IsReadOnly** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_MEDIA\_WRITE\_PROTECTED.
  - If Open.Stream.Oplock is not empty and Open.Stream.Oplock.State contains BATCH\_OPLOCK, the object store MUST check for an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12, with input values as follows:
    - **Open** equal to this operation's **Open**

- Oplock equal to Open.Stream.Oplock
- Operation equal to "OPEN"
- **OpParams** containing two members:
  - **DesiredAccess** equal to this operation's **DesiredAccess**
  - CreateDisposition equal to this operation's CreateDisposition
- If Stream.Name is empty:
  - If File.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_HIDDEN is TRUE and DesiredFileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_HIDDEN is FALSE, then the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_ACCESS\_DENIED.
  - If File.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_SYSTEM is TRUE and DesiredFileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_SYSTEM is FALSE, then the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_ACCESS\_DENIED.
  - Set **DesiredFileAttributes**.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_ARCHIVE to TRUE.
  - Set **DesiredFileAttributes**.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_NORMAL to FALSE.
  - Set **DesiredFileAttributes**.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_NOT\_CONTENT\_INDEXED to FALSE.
  - If **File.FileAttributes**.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_ENCRYPTED is TRUE, then set **DesiredFileAttributes**.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_ENCRYPTED to TRUE.
  - If Open.HasRestoreAccess is TRUE, then the object store MUST set Open.GrantedAccess.FILE\_WRITE\_EA to TRUE. Otherwise, the object store MUST set Open.RemainingDesiredAccess.FILE\_WRITE\_EA to TRUE.
  - If Open.HasRestoreAccess is TRUE, then the object store MUST set Open.GrantedAccess.FILE\_WRITE\_ATTRIBUTES to TRUE. Otherwise, the object store MUST set Open.RemainingDesiredAccess.FILE\_WRITE\_ATTRIBUTES to TRUE.
- EndIf
- If **CreateDisposition** is FILE\_SUPERSEDE:
  - If Open.HasRestoreAccess is TRUE, then the object store MUST set Open.GrantedAccess.DELETE to TRUE. Otherwise, the object store MUST set Open.RemainingDesiredAccess.DELETE to TRUE.
- Else:
  - If Open.HasRestoreAccess is TRUE, then the object store MUST set Open.GrantedAccess.FILE\_WRITE\_DATA to TRUE. Otherwise, the object store MUST set Open.RemainingDesiredAccess.FILE\_WRITE\_DATA to TRUE.
- EndIf
- Open.RemainingDesiredAccess &= ~Open.GrantedAccess
- Perform access checks as described in section 2.1.5.1.2.1. If this fails with STATUS\_SHARING\_VIOLATION:
  - If **Open.Stream.Oplock** is not empty and **Open.Stream.Oplock.State** contains HANDLE\_CACHING, the object store MUST check for an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12, with input values as follows:

- **Open** equal to this operation's **Open**
- Oplock equal to Open.Stream.Oplock
- Operation equal to "OPEN\_BREAK\_H"
- Perform access checks as described in section 2.1.5.1.2.1. If this fails, the request MUST be failed with the same status.
- ElseIf this fails with any other status code:
  - The request MUST be failed with the same status.
- EndIf
- Perform sharing access checks as described in section 2.1.5.1.2.2. If this fails with STATUS\_SHARING\_VIOLATION:
  - If **Open.Stream.Oplock** is not empty and **Open.Stream.Oplock.State** contains HANDLE\_CACHING, the object store MUST check for an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12, with input values as follows:
    - **Open** equal to this operation's **Open**
    - Oplock equal to Open.Stream.Oplock
    - **Operation** equal to "OPEN\_BREAK\_H"
  - Perform sharing access checks as described in section 2.1.5.1.2.2. If this fails, the request MUST be failed with the same status.
- ElseIf this fails with any other status code:
  - The request MUST be failed with the same status.
- EndIf
- Note that the file has been modified as specified in section <u>2.1.4.17</u> with **Open** equal to **Open**.
- If CreateDisposition is FILE\_SUPERSEDE, the object store MUST set CreateAction to FILE\_SUPERSEDED; otherwise, it MUST set CreateAction to FILE\_OVERWRITTEN.
- EndIf
- Else: // Stream not found.
  - If CreateDisposition is FILE\_OPEN or FILE\_OVERWRITE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_OBJECT\_NAME\_NOT\_FOUND.
  - If Open.GrantedAccess.FILE\_WRITE\_DATA is not set and Open.RemainingDesiredAccess.FILE\_WRITE\_DATA is not set:
    - If Open.HasRestoreAccess is TRUE, then the object store MUST set Open.GrantedAccess.FILE\_WRITE\_DATA to TRUE; otherwise, the object store MUST set Open.RemainingDesiredAccess.FILE\_WRITE\_DATA to TRUE.
  - EndIf
  - Perform access checks as described in section 2.1.5.1.2.1. If this fails, the request MUST be failed with the same status.

- If **File.Volume.IsReadOnly** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_MEDIA\_WRITE\_PROTECTED.
- Update File.LastChangeTime to the current time.
- Set **File.FileAttributes**.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_ARCHIVE to TRUE.
- Build a new **Stream** object with all fields initially set to zero.
- Set **Stream.StreamType** to DataStream.
- Set **Stream.Name** to *StreamNameToOpen*.
- Set Stream.File to File.
- Add Stream to File.StreamList.
- Set Open.Stream to Stream.
- Set **CreateAction** to FILE\_CREATED.
- EndIf.
- Else: // StreamTypeToOpen is ViewIndexStream
  - // Note that when StreamTypeToOpen is ViewIndexStream, the stream always exists in the file
  - // **Open.Stream.StreamType** is ViewIndexStream.
- EndIf
- If the object store implements encryption:
  - If (CreateAction is FILE\_OVERWRITTEN or FILE\_SUPERSEDED) and (Stream.Name is empty) and (DesiredFileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_ENCRYPTED is TRUE) and (File.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_ENCRYPTED is FALSE), then:
    - If **File.OpenList** is non-empty, then the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_SHARING\_VIOLATION.
  - EndIf
- EndIf
- If **CreateAction** is one of FILE\_OVERWRITTEN or FILE\_SUPERSEDED, then:
  - If **Stream.Name** is empty:
    - Set File.FileAttributes to DesiredFileAttributes.
  - EndIf
- EndIf
- If the object store implements encryption and File.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_ENCRYPTED is TRUE:
  - If **CreateAction** is FILE\_OPENED:
    - If **Stream.IsEncrypted** is TRUE:

- If UserCertificate is empty, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_CS\_ENCRYPTION\_EXISTING\_ENCRYPTED\_FILE.
- If **UserCertificate** is not in **File.UserCertificateList**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_ACCESS\_DENIED.
- EndIf
- Else: // we are creating, overwriting, or superseding a stream
  - If **UserCertificate** is empty, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_CS\_ENCRYPTION\_NEW\_ENCRYPTED\_FILE.
  - If **Stream.Name** is empty:
    - If File.UserCertificateList is empty, insert UserCertificate into File.UserCertificateList.
  - Else:
    - If **UserCertificate** is not in **File.UserCertificateList**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_ACCESS\_DENIED.
  - EndIf
  - If **File.FileType** is DataFile, set **Stream.IsEncrypted** to TRUE.
- EndIf
- EndIf
- If **CreateAction** is one of FILE\_CREATED, FILE\_OVERWRITTEN or FILE\_SUPERSEDED, then:
  - The object store MUST set *FilterMatch* to a set of flags capturing modifications to the existing file's persistent attributes performed during the Open operation.
  - Send directory change notification as specified in section <u>2.1.4.1</u>, with Volume equal to File.Volume, Action equal to FILE\_ACTION\_MODIFIED, FilterMatch equal to *FilterMatch*, and FileName equal to Open.FileName.
- EndIf
- If CreateAction is FILE\_CREATED, then the object store MUST insert Stream into File.StreamList.
- If File is not in File.Volume.OpenFileList, the object store MUST insert it.
- The object store MUST insert **Open** into **File.OpenList**.
- If Stream.Name is not empty:
  - If **CreateAction** is FILE\_CREATED:
    - Send directory change notification as specified in section 2.1.4.1, with Volume equal to File.Volume, Action equal to FILE\_ACTION\_ADDED\_STREAM, *FilterMatch* equal to FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGED\_STREAM\_NAME, and FileName equal to Open.FileName + ":" + Stream.Name.
  - If **CreateAction** is one of FILE\_OVERWRITTEN or FILE\_SUPERSEDED:
    - Send directory change notification as specified in section 2.1.4.1, with Volume equal to File.Volume, Action equal to FILE\_ACTION\_MODIFIED\_STREAM, *FilterMatch* equal to

(FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_STREAM\_SIZE | FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_STREAM\_WRITE), and **FileName** equal to **Open.FileName** + ":" + **Stream.Name**.

- EndIf
- EndIf
- The object store SHOULD update the duplicated information as specified in section 2.1.4.18 with Link equal to Open.Link.
- The object store MUST return:
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.
  - **CreateAction** set to FILE\_OPENED.
  - The **Open** object created previously.

### 2.1.5.1.2.1 Algorithm to Check Access to an Existing File

The inputs to the algorithm are:

• **Open:** The **Open** for an in-progress Open operation to an existing file.

On completion, the algorithm returns:

• **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result of the access check.

This object store MUST perform access checks when opening an existing file, making use of the file's security descriptor and possibly the parent file's security descriptor.

Pseudocode for these checks is as follows:

- If Open.File.FileType is DataFile and (File.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_READONLY && (DesiredAccess.FILE\_WRITE\_DATA || DesiredAccess.FILE\_APPEND\_DATA)), then return STATUS\_ACCESS\_DENIED.
- If ((File.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_READONLY || File.Volume.IsReadOnly) && CreateOptions.FILE\_DELETE\_ON\_CLOSE), then return STATUS\_CANNOT\_DELETE.
- If Open.RemainingDesiredAccess is nonzero:
  - If **Open.RemainingDesiredAccess**.MAXIMUM\_ALLOWED is TRUE:
    - For each Access Flag in FILE\_ALL\_ACCESS, the object store MUST set Open.GrantedAccess.Access if AccessCheck(SecurityContext, File.SecurityDescriptor, Access) returns TRUE.
    - If File.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_READONLY or File.Volume.IsReadOnly, then the object store MUST clear (FILE\_WRITE\_DATA | FILE\_APPEND\_DATA | FILE\_ADD\_SUBDIRECTORY | FILE\_DELETE\_CHILD) from Open.GrantedAccess.
  - Else:
    - For each Access Flag in Open.RemainingDesired.Access, the object store MUST set Open.GrantedAccess.Access if AccessCheck(SecurityContext, File.SecurityDescriptor, Access) returns TRUE.
  - EndIf
  - If (Open.RemainingDesiredAccess.MAXIMUM\_ALLOWED || Open.RemainingDesiredAccess.DELETE), the object store MUST set

**Open.GrantedAccess.**DELETE if *AccessCheck*(SecurityContext, **Open.Link.ParentFile.SecurityDescriptor**, FILE\_DELETE\_CHILD) returns TRUE.

- If (Open.RemainingDesiredAccess.MAXIMUM\_ALLOWED || Open.RemainingDesiredAccess.FILE\_READ\_ATTRIBUTES), the object store MUST set Open.GrantedAccess.FILE\_READ\_ATTRIBUTES if AccessCheck(SecurityContext, Open.Link.ParentFile.SecurityDescriptor, FILE\_LIST\_DIRECTORY) returns TRUE.
- Open.RemainingDesiredAccess &= ~(Open.GrantedAccess | MAXIMUM\_ALLOWED)
- If **Open.RemainingDesiredAccess** is nonzero, then return STATUS\_ACCESS\_DENIED.
- EndIf

Since deletion of a file's primary stream implies deletion of the entire file, including any **alternate data streams**, the object store MUST check for sharing conflicts involving deletion of the primary stream and the sharing modes of all opens to the file.

Pseudocode for these checks is as follows:

- If Open.SharingMode.FILE\_SHARE\_DELETE is FALSE and Open.GrantedAccess contains any one or more of (FILE\_EXECUTE | FILE\_READ\_DATA | FILE\_WRITE\_DATA | FILE\_APPEND\_DATA | DELETE):
  - For each *ExistingOpen* in **Open.File.OpenList**:
    - If ExistingOpen.GrantedAccess.DELETE is TRUE and (ExistingOpen.Stream.StreamType is DirectoryStream or ExistingOpen.Stream.Name is empty), then return STATUS\_SHARING\_VIOLATION.
  - EndFor
- EndIf
- If Open.GrantedAccess.DELETE is TRUE and (Open.Stream.StreamType is DirectoryStream or Open.Stream.Name is empty):
  - For each *ExistingOpen* in **Open.File.OpenList**:
    - If ExistingOpen.SharingMode.FILE\_SHARE\_DELETE is FALSE and ExistingOpen.GrantedAccess contains one or more of (FILE\_EXECUTE | FILE\_READ\_DATA | FILE\_WRITE\_DATA | FILE\_APPEND\_DATA | DELETE), then return STATUS\_SHARING\_VIOLATION.
  - EndFor
- EndIf
- Return STATUS\_SUCCESS.

#### 2.1.5.1.2.2 Algorithm to Check Sharing Access to an Existing Stream or Directory

The inputs to the algorithm are:

• **Open:** The **Open** for an in-progress Open operation to an existing stream or directory.

On completion, the algorithm returns:

• **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result of the sharing check.

The object store MUST perform sharing checks when opening an existing stream or directory.

Pseudocode for these checks is as follows:

- If AccessCheck(SecurityContext, Open.Link.ParentFile.SecurityDescriptor, FILE\_WRITE\_DATA) returns FALSE, the object store MUST set Open.SharingMode.FILE\_SHARE\_READ to TRUE.
- If **DesiredAccess** contains any of (FILE\_READ\_DATA | FILE\_EXECUTE | FILE\_WRITE\_DATA | FILE\_APPEND\_DATA | DELETE):
  - For each *ExistingOpen* in **Open.File.OpenList**:
    - If ExistingOpen.Stream equals Open.Stream and ExistingOpen.GrantedAccess contains any of (FILE\_READ\_DATA | FILE\_EXECUTE | FILE\_WRITE\_DATA | FILE\_APPEND\_DATA | DELETE), then return STATUS\_SHARING\_VIOLATION under any of the following conditions:
      - If ExistingOpen.SharingMode.FILE\_SHARE\_READ is FALSE and Open.GrantedAccess contains either FILE\_READ\_DATA or FILE\_EXECUTE
      - If ExistingOpen.SharingMode.FILE\_SHARE\_WRITE is FALSE and Open.GrantedAccess contains either FILE\_WRITE\_DATA or FILE\_APPEND\_DATA
      - If *ExistingOpen*.SharingMode.FILE\_SHARE\_DELETE is FALSE and Open.GrantedAccess contains DELETE
      - If Open.SharingMode.FILE\_SHARE\_READ is FALSE and ExistingOpen.GrantedAccess contains either FILE\_READ\_DATA or FILE\_EXECUTE
      - If Open.SharingMode.FILE\_SHARE\_WRITE is FALSE and ExistingOpen.GrantedAccess contains either FILE\_WRITE\_DATA or FILE\_APPEND\_DATA
      - If Open.SharingMode.FILE\_SHARE\_DELETE is FALSE and ExistingOpen.GrantedAccess contains DELETE
    - EndIf
  - EndFor
- EndIf
- If **Open.Stream.Oplock** is not empty, the object store MUST check for an oplock break according to the algorithm in section <u>2.1.4.12</u>, with input values as follows:
  - Open equal to this operation's Open
  - Oplock equal to Open.Stream.Oplock
  - Operation equal to "OPEN"
  - **OpParams** containing two members:
    - DesiredAccess equal to this operation's DesiredAccess
    - CreateDisposition equal to this operation's CreateDisposition
  - EndIf
  - Return STATUS\_SUCCESS.

### 2.1.5.2 Server Requests a Read

The server provides:

- **Open:** The **Open** of the DataFile to read from.
- **ByteOffset:** The absolute byte offset in the stream from which to read data.
- **ByteCount:** The requested number of bytes to read.
- Unbuffered: A Boolean value. TRUE indicates that the read is unbuffered (read directly from disk after writing and removing any cached data for this range); otherwise, the value of Open.Mode.FILE\_NO\_INTERMEDIATE\_BUFFERING determines whether the read is unbuffered.
- **Key**: A 32-bit unsigned integer containing an identifier for the open by a specific process.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.
- **OutputBuffer:** An array of bytes that were read.
- **BytesRead:** The number of bytes that were read.

This operation uses the following local variables:

Boolean values (initialized to FALSE): *IsUnbuffered* 

- If Unbuffered is TRUE or Open.Mode.FILE\_NO\_INTERMEDIATE\_BUFFERING is TRUE, then set *IsUnbuffered* to TRUE.
- If *IsUnbuffered* is TRUE & (**ByteOffset** >= 0), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER under any of the following conditions:
  - (ByteOffset % Open.File.Volume.LogicalBytesPerSector) is not zero.
  - (ByteCount % Open.File.Volume.LogicalBytesPerSector) is not zero.
- If **ByteOffset** is negative, then the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If **ByteCount** is zero, the object store MUST return:
  - **BytesRead** set to zero.
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.
- Set *RequestedByteCount* to **ByteCount**.
- If **Open.Stream.Oplock** is not empty, the object store MUST check for an oplock break according to the algorithm in section <u>2.1.4.12</u>, with input values as follows:
  - **Open** equal to this operation's **Open**
  - **Oplock** equal to **Open.Stream.Oplock**
  - Operation equal to "READ"

- **OpParams** empty
- Determine if the read is in conflict with an existing byte range lock on **Open.Stream** using the algorithm described in section 2.1.4.10 (with **ByteOffset** set to **ByteOffset**, **Length** set to **ByteCount**, **IsExclusive** set to FALSE, **LockIntent** set to FALSE, server provided **Key** and **Open** set to **Open**). If the algorithm returns TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_FILE\_LOCK\_CONFLICT.
- If **ByteOffset** >= **Open.Stream.Size**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_END\_OF\_FILE.
- If (ByteOffset + ByteCount) >= Open.Stream.Size, truncate ByteCount to (Open.Stream.Size - ByteOffset) and then set *RequestedByteCount* to ByteCount.
- If *IsUnbuffered* is TRUE:
  - The object store MUST write any unwritten cached data for this range of the stream to disk.
  - The object store MUST remove from the cache any cached data for this range of the stream.
  - If (ByteOffset >= Open.Stream.ValidDataLength):
    - If Open.Mode.FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_ALERT is TRUE or Open.Mode.FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_NONALERT is TRUE, the object store MUST set Open.CurrentByteOffset to (ByteOffset + ByteCount).
    - If **Open.File.UserSetAccessTime** is FALSE, the object store MUST update **Open.File.LastAccessTime** to the current system time.
    - The object store MUST return:
      - BytesRead set to ByteCount.
      - **OutputBuffer** filled with **ByteCount** zero(s).
      - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.
  - EndIf
  - If ((ByteOffset + ByteCount) >= Open.Stream.ValidDataLength), truncate ByteCount to (Open.Stream.ValidDataLength - ByteOffset).
  - Set *BytesToRead* to *BlockAlign*(ByteCount, Open.File.Volume.LogicalBytesPerSector).
  - Read BytesToRead bytes from the disk at offset ByteOffset for this stream into
    OutputBuffer. If the read from the disk failed, the operation MUST be failed with the same
    error status.
  - If RequestedByteCount > ByteCount, zero out OutputBuffer between ByteCount and RequestedByteCount.
  - If Open.Mode.FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_ALERT is TRUE or Open.Mode.FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_NONALERT is TRUE, the object store MUST set Open.CurrentByteOffset to (ByteOffset + RequestedByteCount).
  - If Open.File.UserSetAccessTime is FALSE, the object store MUST update Open.File.LastAccessTime to the current system time.
  - Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
    - **BytesRead** set to *RequestedByteCount*.
    - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

- Else
  - Read **ByteCount** bytes at offset **ByteOffset** from the cache for this stream into **OutputBuffer**.
  - If Open.Mode.FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_ALERT is TRUE or Open.Mode.FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_NONALERT is TRUE, the object store MUST set Open.CurrentByteOffset to (ByteOffset + ByteCount).
  - If Open.File.UserSetAccessTime is FALSE, the object store MUST update Open.File.LastAccessTime to the current system time.
  - Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
    - BytesRead set to ByteCount.
    - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.
- EndIf

#### 2.1.5.3 Server Requests a Write

The server provides:

- **Open:** The **Open** of the DataFile to write to.
- **InputBuffer:** An array of bytes to write.
- **ByteOffset:** The absolute byte offset in the stream where data is written. **ByteOffset** could be negative, which means the write occurs at the end of the stream.
- **ByteCount:** The number of bytes in **InputBuffer** to write.
- Unbuffered: A Boolean value. TRUE indicates that the write is unbuffered (written directly to disk after writing and removing any cached data for this range); otherwise, the value of Open.Mode.FILE\_NO\_INTERMEDIATE\_BUFFERING determines whether the write is unbuffered.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.
- **BytesWritten:** The number of bytes written.

This operation uses the following local variables:

Boolean values (initialized to FALSE): DoingIoAtEof, IsUnbuffered

- If UnBuffered is TRUE or Open.Mode.FILE\_NO\_INTERMEDIATE\_BUFFERING is TRUE, then set *IsUnbuffered* to TRUE.
- If *IsUnbuffered* is TRUE and (**ByteOffset** >= 0), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER under any of the following conditions:
  - If (ByteOffset % Open.File.Volume.LogicalBytesPerSector) is not zero.
  - If (ByteCount % Open.File.Volume.LogicalBytesPerSector) is not zero.
- If **ByteOffset** equals -2, then set ByteOffset to **Open.CurrentByteOffset**.

- If **Open.File.Volume.IsReadOnly**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_MEDIA\_WRITE\_PROTECTED.
- If **ByteCount** is zero, the object store MUST return:
  - **BytesWritten** set to 0.
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.
- If ((ByteOffset < 0) and (Open.Stream.Size + ByteCount)) > MAXLONGLONG (0x7fffffffffff), the operation MUST fail with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If (ByteOffset < 0), set ByteOffset to Open.Stream.Size.
- If (ByteOffset + ByteCount) > MAXFILESIZE (0xffffff0000), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- Initialize UsnReason to zero.
- If (ByteOffset + ByteCount) > Open.Stream.Size, set UsnReason.USN\_REASON\_DATA\_EXTEND to TRUE.
- If **ByteOffset** < **Open.Stream.Size**, set *UsnReason*.USN\_REASON\_DATA\_OVERWRITE to TRUE.
- If **Open.Stream.Oplock** is not empty, the object store MUST check for an oplock break according to the algorithm in section <u>2.1.4.12</u>, with input values as follows:
  - **Open** equal to this operation's **Open**
  - Oplock equal to Open.Stream.Oplock
  - Operation equal to "WRITE"
  - **OpParams** empty
- Determine if the write is in conflict with an existing byte range lock on Open.Stream using the algorithm described in section 2.1.4.10 (with ByteOffset set to ByteOffset, Length set to ByteCount, IsExclusive set to TRUE, LockIntent set to FALSE and Open set to Open). If the algorithm returns TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_FILE\_LOCK\_CONFLICT.
- The object store MUST post a USN change as specified in section <u>2.1.4.11</u> with **File** equal to **File**, **Reason** equal to *UsnReason*, and **FileName** equal to **Open.Link.Name**.
- If ((ByteOffset + ByteCount) > Open.Stream.ValidDataLength), then set DoingIoAtEof to TRUE.
- If ((ByteOffset + ByteCount) > Open.Stream.AllocationSize), the object store MUST increase Open.Stream.AllocationSize to *BlockAlign*(ByteOffset + ByteCount, Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize). If there is not enough disk space, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_DISK\_FULL.
- If *IsUnbuffered* is TRUE:
  - The object store MUST write any unwritten cached data for this range of the stream to disk.
  - The object store MUST remove from the cache any cached data for this range of the stream.

- If the object store supports **Open.Volume.ClusterRefcount**, it MUST check the reference count of each cluster that is being updated by this operation. If any cluster being updated has a reference count other than 1, the object store MUST do the following:
  - The object store MUST remove the EXTENTS containing the cluster and decrement the reference count of the cluster in **Open.Volume.ClusterRefcount**.
  - The Object store MUST allocate free clusters on the volume and insert new EXTENTS in the **Open.Stream.ExtentList** pointing to the newly allocated cluster.
  - The object store MUST increment the reference count of the newly allocated cluster in **Open.Volume.ClusterRefcount**.
- If DoingIoAtEof is TRUE, and (Open.Stream.ValidDataLength < ByteOffset), write zeroes to the location on disk corresponding to the range between Open.Stream.ValidDataLength and ByteOffset in the stream, and then write the first ByteCount bytes of InputBuffer to the location on disk corresponding to the range starting at offset ByteOffset in the stream. If either write to the disk failed, the operation MUST be failed with the corresponding error status.</li>
- EndIf
- If *IsUnbuffered* is FALSE, *DoingIoAtEof* is TRUE, and (**Open.Stream.ValidDataLength** <
   **ByteOffset**), zero out the range between **Open.Stream.ValidDataLength** and **ByteOffset** in
   the cache for this stream and then write the first **ByteCount** bytes of **InputBuffer** into the cache
   for this stream at offset **ByteOffset**. If there would not be enough disk space to flush the cache,
   the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_DISK\_FULL. If **Open.Mode.FILE\_WRITE\_THROUGH** is TRUE, the cache write will also trigger a flush of the cache for that range to the disk.
- If Open.Mode.FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_ALERT is TRUE or Open.Mode.FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_NONALERT is TRUE, the object store MUST set Open.CurrentByteOffset to (ByteOffset + ByteCount).
- The object store MUST note that the file has been modified as specified in section 2.1.4.17 with **Open** equal to **Open**.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST set:
  - **Open.Stream.Size** to the maximum of **Open.Stream.Size** or (**ByteOffset** + **ByteCount**).
  - Open.Stream.ValidDataLength to the maximum of Open.Stream.ValidDataLength or (ByteOffset + ByteCount).
  - BytesWritten to ByteCount.
  - **Status** to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

#### 2.1.5.4 Server Requests Closing an Open

The server provides:

• **Open:** The **Open** that the application is to close.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

• **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.

This operation uses the following local variables:

Boolean values (initialized to FALSE): LinkDeleted, StreamDeleted, FileDeleted, PostUsnClose

The **Open** provided by the application MUST be removed from **Open.File.OpenList**.

- Phase 1 Delete on Close:
- If Open.Mode.FILE\_DELETE\_ON\_CLOSE is TRUE:
  - If **Open.Stream.Name** is empty:
    - If (Open.Stream.StreamType is DataStream or Open.File.DirectoryList is empty), then Open.Link.IsDeleted MUST be set to TRUE.
  - Else:
    - **Open.Stream.IsDeleted** MUST be set to TRUE.
  - EndIf
- EndIf
- Phase 2 -Stream Deletion:
- If Open.Stream.IsDeleted is TRUE and Open.File.OpenList does not contain any Opens on Open.Stream (this is a close of the last Open to a stream that has been marked deleted), then:
  - **Open.Stream** MUST be removed from **Open.File.StreamList**.
  - If **Open.Stream.IsSparse** is TRUE, and there does not exist an *ExistingStream* in **Open.File.StreamList** such that *ExistingStream.***IsSparse** is TRUE:
    - The object store MUST set **Open.File.FileAttributes.**FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_SPARSE\_FILE to FALSE, indicating that no streams of the file are sparse.
    - The object store MUST post a USN change as specified in section <u>2.1.4.11</u> with File equal to File, Reason equal to USN\_REASON\_STREAM\_CHANGE |
       USN\_REASON\_BASIC\_INFO\_CHANGE, and FileName equal to Open.Link.Name.
  - Else:
    - The object store MUST post a USN change as specified in section 2.1.4.11 with File equal to File, Reason equal to USN\_REASON\_STREAM\_CHANGE, and FileName equal to Open.Link.Name.
  - EndIf
  - StreamDeleted MUST be set to TRUE.
  - PostUsnClose MUST be set to TRUE.
- EndIf
- Phase 3 File Deletion:
- If Open.Link.IsDeleted is TRUE and there does not exist an *ExistingOpen* in Open.File.OpenList that has *ExistingOpen*.Link equal to Open.Link:
  - Remove **Open.Link** from **Open.File.LinkList**.
  - Remove **Open.Link** from **Open.Link.ParentFile.DirectoryList**.
  - Set LinkDeleted to TRUE.

- If **Open.File.LinkList** is empty:
  - Set *FileDeleted* to TRUE.
- EndIf
- EndIf
- If *LinkDeleted* is FALSE:
  - The object store MUST update the duplicated information as specified in section 2.1.4.18 with Link equal to Link.
- EndIf
- Phase 4 Truncate on Close:
- Set AllocationClusters to ClustersFromBytes(Open.File.Volume, Open.Stream.AllocationSize).
- Set FileClusters to ClustersFromBytes(Open.File.Volume, Open.Stream.FileSize).
- If AllocationClusters > FileClusters:
  - This file has excess allocation. The object store SHOULD free (*AllocationClusters FileClusters*) clusters of allocation from the end of the stream, and set Open.Stream.AllocationSize to *FileClusters* \* Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize.
  - If the object store supports Open.File.Volume.ClusterRefcount, the object store MUST decrement the reference count of each cluster that is pointed to by the EXTENTS in the Open.Stream.ExtentList that were freed by the previous step. If the corresponding cluster's reference count goes to zero, the cluster MUST be freed.
- EndIf
- Phase 5 -- Directory Change Notification:
- When a directory **Open** with outstanding directory change notification requests is closed, these requests are completed using the algorithm below.
- If **Open.Stream.StreamType** is DirectoryStream:
  - For each ChangeNotifyEntry in Volume.ChangeNotifyList where ChangeNotifyEntry.OpenedDirectory is equal to Open then the following actions MUST be taken:
    - Remove ChangeNotifyEntry from Volume.ChangeNotifyList.
    - Complete the **ChangeNotify** operation with status STATUS\_NOTIFY\_CLEANUP.
  - EndFor
- EndIf
- If **Open.Link** is deleted, a directory change notification on **Open.Link.ParentFile** MUST be issued. Pseudocode for these notifications is as follows:
  - If *LinkDeleted* is TRUE:
    - Set Action to FILE\_ACTION\_REMOVED.
    - If **Open.Stream.StreamType** is DirectoryStream:

- Set *FilterMatch* to FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_DIR\_NAME.
- Else:
  - Set *FilterMatch* to FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_FILE\_NAME.
- EndIf
- Send directory change notification as specified in section <u>2.1.4.1</u> with Volume equal to Open.File.Volume, Action equal to *Action*, FilterMatch equal to *FilterMatch*, and FileName equal to Open.FileName.
- EndIf
- If **Open.Stream** was deleted, then the stream deletion change notification MUST be issued. Pseudocode for this notification is as follows:
  - If *StreamDeleted* is TRUE:
    - Set *Action* to FILE\_ACTION\_REMOVED\_STREAM.
    - Set *FilterMatch* to FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_STREAM\_NAME.
    - Send directory change notification as specified in section 2.1.4.1 with Volume equal to Open.File.Volume, Action equal to Action, FilterMatch equal to FilterMatch and FileName equal to Open.FileName + ":" + Stream.Name.
  - EndIf
- If **Open.File** has had other changes that were not notified, a directory change notification reflecting those changes MUST be issued. Pseudocode for this notification is as follows:
  - Set *FilterMatch* to **Open.File.PendingNotifications**.
  - If *FilterMatch* is nonzero:
    - Set *Action* to FILE\_ACTION\_MODIFIED.
    - Send directory change notification as specified in section 2.1.4.1 with Volume equal to Open.File.Volume, Action equal to Action, FilterMatch equal to FilterMatch and FileName equal to Open.FileName.
    - Set **Open.File.PendingNotifications** to zero.
  - EndIf
- If this is an **Open** to a named data **Stream** (**Open.Stream.StreamType** is DataStream and **Open.Stream.Name** is not empty) and there have been changes to it that weren't previously notified, a directory change notification reflecting those changes MUST be issued. Pseudocode for this notification is as follows:
  - Set *FilterMatch* to **Open.Stream.PendingNotifications**.
  - If *FilterMatch* is nonzero:
    - Set Action to FILE\_ACTION\_MODIFIED\_STREAM.
    - Send directory change notification as specified in section 2.1.4.1 with Volume equal to Open.File.Volume, Action equal to Action, FilterMatch equal to FilterMatch and FileName equal to Open.FileName+ ":" + Stream.Name.
    - Set **Open.Stream.PendingNotifications** to zero.

- EndIf
- If *LinkDeleted* is TRUE:
  - If *FileDeleted* is FALSE:
    - Post a USN change as specified in section 2.1.4.11 with File equal to File, Reason equal to USN\_REASON\_HARD\_LINK\_CHANGE, and FileName equal to Open.Link.Name.
    - Set PostUsnClose to TRUE.
  - Else:
    - Post a USN change as specified in section 2.1.4.11 with File equal to File, Reason equal to USN\_REASON\_FILE\_DELETE | USN\_REASON\_CLOSE, and FileName equal to Open.Link.Name.
  - EndIf
- EndIf
- If *FileDeleted* is TRUE and **Open.File.ObjectId** is not empty:
  - The object store MUST construct a FILE\_OBJECTID\_INFORMATION structure (as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.28.1) ObjectIdInfo as follows:
    - *ObjectIdInfo*.**FileReference** set to zero.
    - *ObjectIdInfo*.**ObjectId** set to **Open.File.ObjectId**.
    - *ObjectIdInfo*.BirthVolumeId set to Open.File.BirthVolumeId.
    - ObjectIdInfo.BirthObjectId set to Open.File.BirthObjectId.
    - *ObjectIdInfo*.**DomainId** set to **Open.File.DomainId**.
  - Send directory change notification as specified in section 2.1.4.1, with Volume equal to Open.File.Volume, Action equal to FILE\_ACTION\_REMOVED\_BY\_DELETE, FilterMatch equal to FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_FILE\_NAME, FileName equal to "\\$Extend\\$ObjId", NotifyData equal to ObjectIdInfo, and NotifyDataLength equal to sizeof(FILE\_OBJECTID\_INFORMATION).
- EndIf
- Phase 6 -- USN Journal:
- If *PostUsnClose* is TRUE:
  - Post a USN change as specified in section 2.1.4.11 with File equal to File, Reason equal to USN\_REASON\_CLOSE, and FileName equal to Open.Link.Name.
- EndIf
- Phase 7 -- Tunnel Cache:
- If LinkDeleted is TRUE, then a new TunnelCacheEntry object TunnelCacheEntry MUST be constructed and added to the Open.File.Volume.TunnelCacheList as follows:
  - *TunnelCacheEntry*.**EntryTime** MUST be set to the current time.
  - TunnelCacheEntry.ParentFile MUST be set to Open.Link.ParentFile.

- *TunnelCacheEntry*.FileName MUST be set to **Open.Link.Name**.
- TunnelCacheEntry.FileShortName MUST be set to Open.Link.ShortName.
- If Open.FileName matches Open.Link.ShortName then *TunnelCacheEntry*.KeyByShortName MUST be set to TRUE, else *TunnelCacheEntry*.KeyByShortName MUST be set to FALSE.
- *TunnelCacheEntry*.**FileCreationTime** MUST be set to **Open.File.CreationTime**.
- TunnelCacheEntry. ObjectIdInfo MUST be set to Open.File.ObjectId.
- *TunnelCacheEntry*.**ObjectIdInfo.BirthVolumeId** MUST be set to **Open.File.BirthVolumeId**.
- *TunnelCacheEntry*.**ObjectIdInfo.BirthObjectId** MUST be set to **Open.File.BirthObjectId**.
- TunnelCacheEntry.ObjectIdInfo.DomainId MUST be set to Open.File.DomainId.
- EndIf
- If Open.File.FileType is DirectoryFile and LinkDeleted is TRUE, then Open.File MUST have every TunnelCacheEntry associated with it invalidated:
  - For every *ExistingTunnelCacheEntry* in **Open.File.Volume.TunnelCacheList**:
    - If *ExistingTunnelCacheEntry*.**ParentFile** matches **Open.File**, then *ExistingTunnelCacheEntry* MUST be removed from **Open.File.Volume.TunnelCacheList**.
  - EndFor
- EndIf
- Phase 8 -- Oplock Cleanup:
- If **Open.Stream.Oplock** is not empty, the object store MUST check for an oplock break according to the algorithm in section <u>2.1.4.12</u>, with input values as follows:
  - **Open** equal to this operation's **Open**
  - Oplock equal to Open.Stream.Oplock
  - **Operation** equal to "CLOSE"
  - **OpParams** empty
- If *LinkDeleted* is TRUE or *FileDeleted* is TRUE:
  - If the **Oplock** member of the **DirectoryStream** in **Open.Link.ParentFile.StreamList** (hereinafter referred to as *ParentOplock*) is not empty, the object store MUST check for an oplock break on the parent according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12, with input values as follows:
    - **Open** equal to this operation's **Open**
    - **Oplock** equal to *ParentOplock*
    - Operation equal to "CLOSE"
    - Flags equal to "PARENT\_OBJECT"
- EndIf
- Phase 9 -- Byte Range Locks:

- All elements from Open.Stream.ByteRangeLockList where ByteRangeLock.OwnerOpen ==
   Open MUST be removed.
- Phase 10 Update Timestamps
- If *LinkDeleted* is TRUE and *FileDeleted* is FALSE:
  - If Open.UserSetChangeTime is FALSE, update Open.File.LastChangeTime to the current time.
  - Set **Open.File.FileAttributes**.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_ARCHIVE to TRUE.
- EndIf
- If **Open.GrantedAccess**.FILE\_EXECUTE is TRUE and **Open.UserSetAccessTime** is FALSE:
  - Update **Open.File.LastAccessTime** to the current time.
- EndIf
- Upon successful completion of this operation, the object store MUST return:
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

### 2.1.5.5 Server Requests Querying a Directory

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DirectoryStream.
- **FileInformationClass:** The type of information being queried, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.
- **OutputBufferSize:** The maximum number of bytes to return in **OutputBuffer**.
- **RestartScan:** A Boolean value which, if TRUE, indicates that enumeration is restarted from the beginning of the directory. If FALSE, enumeration continues from the last position.
- ReturnSingleEntry: A Boolean value which, if TRUE, indicates that at most one entry MUST be returned. If FALSE, a variable count of entries could be returned, not to exceed OutputBufferSize bytes.
- **FileIndex:** An index number from which to resume the enumeration if the object store supports it (optional).
- FileNamePattern: A Unicode string containing the file name pattern to match. The object store MUST treat any asterisk ("\*") and question mark ("?") characters in FileNamePattern as wildcards. FileNamePattern could be empty. The object store MUST treat an empty value as equivalent to the pattern "\*".

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.
- **OutputBuffer:** An array of bytes containing the query results. The structure of these bytes is dependent on the **FileInformationClass**, as noted in the relevant subsection.
- **ByteCount:** The number of bytes stored in **OutputBuffer**.

# 2.1.5.5.1 FileObjectIdInformation

The following local variable is used:

Boolean value (initialized to FALSE): *EmptyPattern* 

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_REQUEST.  $\leq 52 >$ 

**OutputBuffer** is an array of one or more FILE\_OBJECTID\_INFORMATION structures as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.28.

This Information class can only be sent to a specific directory that maintains a list of all ObjectIDs on the **volume**. The name of this directory is: "\\$Extend\\$ObjId:\$O:\$INDEX\_ALLOCATION". If it is sent to any other file or directory on the volume, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_INFO\_CLASS.<53>

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **FileNamePattern** is not empty and **FileNamePattern.Length** (0 is a valid length) is not a multiple of 4, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If **FileNamePattern** is empty, the object store MUST set *EmptyPattern* to TRUE; otherwise it MUST set *EmptyPattern* to FALSE.
- If **FileNamePattern.Length** is less than the size of an ObjectId (16 bytes), **FileNamePattern.Buffer** will be zero filled up to the size of ObjectId.
- The object store MUST search the volume for *Files* having *File*.ObjectId matching
   FileNamePattern. To determine if there is a match, FileNamePattern.Buffer is compared to
   ObjectId in chunks of ULONG (4 bytes). Any comparison where the ObjectId chunk is greater
   than or equal to the FileNamePattern.Buffer chunk is considered a match. If
   FileNamePattern.Length is longer than the size of ObjectId and the first 16 bytes (size of
   ObjectId) of FileNamePattern.Buffer is identical to ObjectId, FileNamePatter.Buffer is
   considered as greater than ObjectId.<54>
- If **RestartScan** is FALSE and *EmptyPattern* is TRUE and there is no match, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_NO\_MORE\_FILES.
- The operation MUST fail with STATUS\_NO\_SUCH\_FILE under any of the following conditions:
  - *EmptyPattern* is FALSE and there is no match.
  - *EmptyPattern* is TRUE and **RestartScan** is TRUE and there is no match.
- The operation MUST fail with STATUS\_BUFFER\_OVERFLOW if OutputBufferSize < sizeof(FILE\_OBJECTID\_INFORMATION).</li>
- If there is at least one match, the operation is considered successful. The object store MUST return:
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.
  - OutputBuffer containing an array of as many FILE\_OBJECTID\_INFORMATION structures that match the query as will fit in OutputBuffer unless ReturnSingleEntry is TRUE, in which case only a single entry will be stored in OutputBuffer. To continue the query, FileNamePattern MUST be empty and RestartScan MUST be FALSE.
  - **ByteCount** set to the number of bytes filled in **OutputBuffer**.

#### 2.1.5.5.2 FileReparsePointInformation

The following local variable is used:

Boolean value (initialized to FALSE): *EmptyPattern* 

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_REQUEST.  $\leq 55 >$ 

**OutputBuffer** is an array of one or more FILE\_REPARSE\_POINT\_INFORMATION structures as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.35.

This Information class can only be sent to a specific directory that maintains a list of all **Reparse Points** on **Open.File.Volume**. The name of this directory is: "\\$Extend\\$Reparse:\$R:\$INDEX\_ALLOCATION". If it is sent to any other file or directory on

**Open.File.Volume**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_INFO\_CLASS.<56>

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **FileNamePattern** is not empty and **FileNamePattern.Length** (0 is a valid length) is not a multiple of 4, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If **FileNamePattern** is empty, the object store MUST set *EmptyPattern* to TRUE; otherwise it MUST set *EmptyPattern* to FALSE.
- If FileNamePattern.Length is less than the size of a ReparseTag (4 bytes), FileNamePattern.Buffer will be zero filled up to the size of ReparseTag.
- If *EmptyPattern* is FALSE:
  - The object store MUST search **Open.File.Volume** for *Files* having *File* **ReparseTag** matching **FileNamePattern.**
- Else
  - The object store MUST match all reparse tags on the **volume**.
- EndIf
- If **RestartScan** is FALSE and *EmptyPattern* is TRUE and there is no match, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_NO\_MORE\_FILES.
- The operation MUST fail with STATUS\_NO\_SUCH\_FILE under any of the following conditions:
  - *EmptyPattern* is FALSE and there is no match.
  - *EmptyPattern* is TRUE and **RestartScan** is TRUE and there is no match.
- The operation MUST fail with STATUS\_BUFFER\_OVERFLOW if **OutputBuffer** is not large enough to hold the first matching entry.
- If there is at least one match, the operation is considered successful. The object store MUST return:
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.
  - OutputBuffer containing an array of as many FILE\_REPARSE\_POINT\_INFORMATION structures that match the query as will fit in OutputBuffer unless ReturnSingleEntry is TRUE, in which case only a single entry will be stored in OutputBuffer. To continue the query, FileNamePattern MUST be empty and RestartScan MUST be FALSE.
  - **ByteCount** set to the number of bytes filled in **OutputBuffer**.

### 2.1.5.5.3 Directory Information Queries

This section describes how the object store processes directory queries for the following **FileInformationClass** values:

- FileBothDirectoryInformation
- FileDirectoryInformation
- FileFullDirectoryInformation
- FileIdBothDirectoryInformation
- FileIdFullDirectoryInformation
- FileNamesInformation

This algorithm uses the following local variables:

- Boolean value (initialized to FALSE): FirstQuery
- Link: Link
- 32-bit Unsigned integers: FileNameBytesToCopy, BaseLength, FoundNameLength
- Pointer to given **FileInformationClass** Structure: *Entry*, *LastEntry*
- Status (initialized to STATUS\_SUCCESS): StatusToReturn

Pseudocode for the algorithm is as follows:

- If **OutputBufferSize** is less than the size needed to return a single entry, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INFO\_LENGTH\_MISMATCH. The following subsections describe the initial size checks for **OutputBufferSize** to determine whether any entries can be returned.
- If **Open.File** is not a **DirectoryFile**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If **Open.QueryPattern** is empty:
  - *FirstQuery* = TRUE
  - Else:
  - *FirstQuery* = FALSE
- EndIf
- If FirstQuery is TRUE or (FileNamePattern is not empty and RestartScan is TRUE)<57>
  - If **FileNamePattern** is empty:
    - Set FileNamePattern to "\*".
  - Else:
    - If **FileNamePattern** is not a valid filename component as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.5, with the exceptions that wildcard characters described in section 2.1.4.3 are permitted and the strings "." and ".." are permitted, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_OBJECT\_NAME\_INVALID.
  - EndIf
  - Set Open.QueryPattern to FileNamePattern for use in subsequent queries.

- Else:
  - Set FileNamePattern to Open.QueryPattern.
- EndIf
- If **RestartScan** is TRUE or **Open.QueryLastEntry** is empty:
  - Set **Open.QueryLastEntry** to the first *Link* in **Open.File.DirectoryList**, thus enumerating the directory from its beginning.
- EndIf
- Set *Entry* and *LastEntry* to point to the front of **OutputBuffer**.
- Set **ByteCount** to zero.
- Set BaseLength to FieldOffset(FileInformationClass.FileName). In other words save the size
  of the fixed length portion of the given Information Class.
- For each *Link* in **Open.File.DirectoryList** starting at **Open.QueryLastEntry**:
  - If **ReturnSingleEntry** is TRUE and *Entry* != **OutputBuffer**, then break.
  - If *FirstQuery* is TRUE or **RestartScan** is TRUE, the object store MUST set the "." and ".." file names as the first two records returned, unless one of the following is TRUE:
    - Open.File == File.Volume.RootDirectory
    - FileNamePattern == "."
    - FileNamePattern contains wildcard characters as described in section 2.1.4.3 and the Unicode string "." matches FileNamePattern according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.4.
  - EndIf
  - If Link.Name or Link.ShortName matches FileNamePattern as described in section 2.1.4.4 using the following parameters: FileName set to Link.Name then Link.ShortName if not empty, Expression set to FileNamePattern and Ignorecase set to Open.IsCaseInsensitive, then:
    - Set *FoundNameLength* to the length, in bytes, of *Link*.Name.
    - If Entry != OutputBuffer(one or more structures have already been copied into OutputBuffer) and (ByteCount + BaseLength + FoundNameLength) > OutputBufferSize then break.
    - The object store MUST copy the fixed portion of the given **FileInformationClass** structure to *Entry* as described in the subsections below. This does not include copying the **FileName** field.
    - If (ByteCount + BaseLength + FoundNameLength) > OutputBufferSize then:
      - Set FileNameBytesToCopy to **OutputBufferSize ByteCount** BaseLength.
      - Set *StatusToReturn* to STATUS\_BUFFER\_OVERFLOW.
      - The scenario where a partial filename is returned only occurs on the first record being returned. The earlier checks guarantee that there will be room for the fixed portion of the given **FileInformationClass** structure.

- EndIf
- Copy FileNameBytesToCopy bytes from Link.Name into FileInformationClass.Filename field.
- Set LastEntry.NextEntryOffset to Entry OutputBuffer.
- Set **ByteCount** to **BlockAlign(ByteCount**, 8) + *BaseLength* + *FileNameBytesToCopy*.
- If *StatusToReturn* != STATUS\_SUCCESS, then break.
- Set *LastEntry* to *Entry*.
- Set *Entry* to **OutputBuffer** + **ByteCount**, which points to the beginning of the next record to be returned (if any).
- EndIfSet **Open.QueryLastEntry** to *Link*.
- EndFor
- If no records are being returned:
  - If *FirstQuery* is TRUE:
    - Set StatusToReturn to STATUS\_NO\_SUCH\_FILE, which means no files were found in this directory that match the given wildcard pattern.
  - Else:
    - Set StatusToReturn to STATUS\_NO\_MORE\_FILES, which means no more files were found in this directory that match the given wildcard pattern.
- EndIf
- If Open.File.UserSetAccessTime is FALSE, the object store MUST update Open.File.LastAccessTime to the current system time.
- The object store MUST return:
  - **Status** set to *StatusToReturn*.
  - **OutputBuffer** containing an array of as many entries that match the query as will fit in **OutputBufferSize**.
  - **BytesReturned** containing the number of bytes filled in **OutputBuffer**.

### 2.1.5.5.3.1 FileBothDirectoryInformation

**OutputBuffer** is an array of one or more FILE\_BOTH\_DIR\_INFORMATION structures as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.8. *Entry* is a parameter to this routine that points to the current FILE\_BOTH\_DIR\_INFORMATION structure to fill out. Note that the FileName field is not set in this section.

- If OutputBufferSize is smaller than *FieldOffset(FILE\_BOTH\_DIR\_INFORMATION.FileName)*, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INFO\_LENGTH\_MISMATCH.
- The object store MUST process this query using the algorithm described in section 2.1.5.5.3.
- *Entry* MUST be constructed as follows:

- Entry.NextEntryOffset set to zero
- Entry.FileIndex set to zero
- Entry.CreationTime set to Link.CreationTime
- Entry.LastAccessTime set to Link.LastAccessTime
- Entry.LastWriteTime set to Link.LastModificationTime
- Entry.ChangeTime set to Link.LastChangeTime
- Entry.EndOfFile set to Link.FileSize
- Entry.AllocationSize set to Link.AllocationSize
- Entry.FileAttributes set to Link.FileAttributes
- If *Link*.**File.FileType** is DirectoryFile or ViewIndexFile:
  - Entry.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_DIRECTORY is set
- EndIf
- If Entry.FileAttributes has no attributes set:
  - Entry.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_NORMAL is set
- EndIf
- If Link.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_REPARSE\_POINT is set:
  - Entry.EaSize set to Link.ReparseTag
- Else:
  - Entry.EaSize set to Link.ExtendedAttributesLength<58>
- EndIf
- If *Link*.**ShortName** is not empty:
  - Entry.ShortNameLength set to the length, in bytes, of Link.ShortName
  - Entry.ShortName set to Link.ShortName padding with zeroes as necessary
- Else:
  - Entry.ShortNameLength set to zero
  - Entry.ShortName is filled with zeroes
- EndIf
- Entry.FileNameLength set to the length, in bytes, of Link.Name

# 2.1.5.5.3.2 FileDirectoryInformation

**OutputBuffer** is an array of one or more FILE\_DIRECTORY\_INFORMATION structures as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.10. *Entry* is a parameter to this routine that points to the current FILE\_DIRECTORY\_INFORMATION structure to fill out. Note that the FileName field is not set in this section.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If OutputBufferSize is smaller than *FieldOffset(FILE\_DIRECTORY\_INFORMATION.FileName)*, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INFO\_LENGTH\_MISMATCH.
- The object store MUST process this query using the algorithm described in section <u>2.1.5.5.3</u>.
- Entry MUST be constructed as follows:
  - Entry.NextEntryOffset set to zero
  - Entry.FileIndex set to zero
  - Entry.CreationTime set to Link.CreationTime
  - Entry.LastAccessTime set to Link.LastAccessTime
  - Entry.LastWriteTime set to Link.LastModificationTime
  - Entry.ChangeTime set to Link.LastChangeTime
  - Entry.EndOfFile set to Link.FileSize
  - Entry.AllocationSize set to Link.AllocationSize
  - Entry.FileAttributes set to Link.FileAttributes
  - If *Link*.**File.FileType** is DirectoryFile or ViewIndexFile:
    - Entry.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_DIRECTORY is set
  - EndIf
  - If *Entry*.**FileAttributes** has no attributes set:
    - Entry.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_NORMAL is set
  - EndIf
  - Entry.FileNameLength set to the length, in bytes, of Link.Name

### 2.1.5.5.3.3 FileFullDirectoryInformation

**OutputBuffer** is an array of one or more FILE\_FULL\_DIR\_INFORMATION structures as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.14. *Entry* is a parameter to this routine that points to the current FILE\_FULL\_DIR\_INFORMATION structure to fill out. Note that the FileName field is not set in this section.

- If OutputBufferSize is smaller than *FieldOffset(FILE\_FULL\_DIR\_INFORMATION.FileName)*, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INFO\_LENGTH\_MISMATCH.
- The object store MUST process this query using the algorithm described in section <u>2.1.5.5.3</u>.
- *Entry* MUST be constructed as follows:
  - Entry.NextEntryOffset set to zero
  - Entry.FileIndex set to zero
  - Entry.CreationTime set to Link.CreationTime

- Entry.LastAccessTime set to Link.LastAccessTime
- Entry.LastWriteTime set to Link.LastModificationTime
- Entry.ChangeTime set to Link.LastChangeTime
- Entry.EndOfFile set to Link.FileSize
- Entry.AllocationSize set to Link.AllocationSize
- Entry.FileAttributes set to Link.FileAttributes
- If *Link*.**File.FileType** is DirectoryFile or ViewIndexFile:
  - Entry.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_DIRECTORY is set
- EndIf
- If Entry.FileAttributes has no attributes set:
  - Entry.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_NORMAL is set
- EndIf
- If *Link*.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_REPARSE\_POINT is SET:
  - Entry.EaSize set to Link.ReparseTag
- Else:
  - Entry.EaSize set to Link.ExtendedAttributesLength<59>
- EndIf
  - Entry.FileNameLength set to the length, in bytes, of Link.Name

### 2.1.5.5.3.4 FileIdBothDirectoryInformation

**OutputBuffer** is an array of one or more FILE\_ID\_BOTH\_DIR\_INFORMATION structures as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.17. *Entry* is a parameter to this routine that points to the current FILE\_ID\_BOTH\_DIR\_INFORMATION structure to fill out. Note that the FileName field is not set in this section.

- If OutputBufferSize is smaller than *FieldOffset(FILE\_ID\_BOTH\_DIR\_INFORMATION.FileName)*, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INFO\_LENGTH\_MISMATCH.
- The object store MUST process this query using the algorithm described in section <u>2.1.5.5.3</u>.
- *Entry* MUST be constructed as follows:
  - Entry.NextEntryOffset set to zero
  - Entry.FileIndex set to zero
  - Entry.CreationTime set to Link.CreationTime
  - Entry.LastAccessTime set to Link.LastAccessTime
  - Entry.LastWriteTime set to Link.LastModificationTime
  - Entry.ChangeTime set to Link.LastChangeTime

- Entry.EndOfFile set to Link.FileSize
- Entry.AllocationSize set to Link.AllocationSize
- Entry.FileAttributes set to Link.FileAttributes
- If *Link*.**File.FileType** is DirectoryFile or ViewIndexFile:
  - Entry.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_DIRECTORY is set
- EndIf
- If *Entry*.**FileAttributes** has no attributes set:
  - Entry.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_NORMAL is set
- EndIf
- If *Link*.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_REPARSE\_POINT is SET:
  - Entry.EaSize set to Link.ReparseTag
- Else:
  - Entry.EaSize set to Link.ExtendedAttributesLength<60>
- EndIf
- If *Link*.ShortName is not empty:
  - Entry.ShortNameLength set to the length, in bytes, of Link.ShortName
  - Entry.ShortName set to Link.ShortName padding with zeroes as necessary
- Else:
  - Entry.ShortNameLength set to zero
  - Entry.ShortName filled with zeroes
- EndIf
- Entry.FileID set to Link.File.FileId64
- Entry.FileNameLength set to the length, in bytes, of Link.Name

### 2.1.5.5.3.5 FileIdFullDirectoryInformation

**OutputBuffer** is an array of one or more FILE\_ID\_FULL\_DIR\_INFORMATION structures as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.18. *Entry* is a parameter to this routine that points to the current FILE\_ID\_FULL\_DIR\_INFORMATION structure to fill out. Note that the FileName field is not set in this section.

- If OutputBufferSize is smaller than *FieldOffset(FILE\_ID\_FULL\_DIR\_INFORMATION.FileName)*, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INFO\_LENGTH\_MISMATCH.
- The object store MUST process this query using the algorithm described in section <u>2.1.5.5.3</u>.
- *Entry* MUST be constructed as follows:
  - Entry.NextEntryOffset set to zero

- Entry.FileIndex set to zero
- Entry.CreationTime set to Link.CreationTime
- Entry.LastAccessTime set to Link.LastAccessTime
- Entry.LastWriteTime set to Link.LastModificationTime
- Entry.ChangeTime set to Link.LastChangeTime
- Entry.EndOfFile set to Link.FileSize
- Entry.AllocationSize set to Link.AllocationSize
- Entry.FileAttributes set to Link.FileAttributes
- If *Link*.**File.FileType** is DirectoryFile or ViewFileIndex:
  - Entry.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_DIRECTORY is set
- EndIf
- If Entry.FileAttributes has no attributes set:
  - Entry.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_NORMAL is set
- EndIf
- If *Link*.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_REPARSE\_POINT is SET:
  - Entry.EaSize set to Link.ReparseTag
- Else:
  - Entry.EaSize set to Link.ExtendedAttributesLength<61>
- EndIf
- Entry.FileID set to Link.File.FileId64
- Entry.FileNameLength set to the length, in bytes, of Link.Name

### 2.1.5.5.3.6 FileNamesInformation

**OutputBuffer** is an array of one or more FILE\_NAMES\_INFORMATION structures as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.26. *Entry* is a parameter to this routine that points to the current FILE\_NAMES\_INFORMATION structure to fill out. Note that the FileName field is not set in this section.

- If OutputBufferSize is smaller than *FieldOffset(FILE\_NAMES\_INFORMATION.FileName)*, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INFO\_LENGTH\_MISMATCH.
- The object store MUST process this query using the algorithm described in section <u>2.1.5.5.3</u>.
- *Entry* MUST be constructed as follows:
  - Entry.NextEntryOffset set to zero
  - Entry.FileIndex set to zero
  - Entry.FileNameLength set to the length, in bytes, of Link.Name

# 2.1.5.6 Server Requests Flushing Cached Data

The server provides:

• **Open:** An **Open** of a DataFile or DirectoryFile for which it is to flush cached data.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

• Status: An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.

The object store MUST flush all persistent attributes for **Open.File** to stable storage. In addition:

- If **Open.File.Volume.IsReadOnly** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_MEDIA\_WRITE\_PROTECTED.
- The operation MUST be failed with the status code returned from the underlying physical storage. The operation flushes all eligible objects; however, only the first failure encountered is returned.
- The operation ensures that the directory structure is persisted to stable storage.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **Open.Stream.StreamType** is DataStream:
  - Flush cached data of **Open.File**
  - Flush file system metadata associated with **Open.File**.
- Else if **Open.Stream.StreamType** is DirectoryStream:
  - Flush file system metadata associated with **Open.File**
- Else if **Open.File** is equal to **Open.File.Volume.RootDirectory**:
  - For each OpenFile in **Open.File.Volume.OpenFileList**:
    - Flush OpenFile
    - Flush file system metadata associated with OpenFile
  - EndFor
- EndIf
- Flush the underlying physical storage.

#### 2.1.5.7 Server Requests a Byte-Range Lock

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataStream.
- **FileOffset:** A 64-bit unsigned integer containing the starting offset, in bytes.
- **Length:** A 64-bit unsigned integer containing the length, in bytes. This value MAY be zero.
- **ExclusiveLock:** A Boolean indicating whether the range is to be locked exclusively (TRUE) or shared (FALSE).
- **FailImmediately:** A Boolean indicating whether the lock request is to fail (TRUE) if the range is locked by another open or if it is to wait until the lock can be acquired (FALSE).

 LockKey: A 32-bit unsigned integer containing an identifier for the lock being obtained by a specific process.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

• Status: An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result

- [Validation]
- If **Open.Stream.StreamType** is DirectoryStream, return STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER, as byte range locks are not permitted on directories.
- If (((FileOffset + Length 1) < FileOffset) && Length != 0)</p>
  - This means that the requested range contains one or more bytes with offsets beyond the maximum 64-bit unsigned integer. The operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_LOCK\_RANGE.
- EndIf
- [Processing]
- If (FileOffset < Open.Stream.AllocationSize)<63> and Open.Stream.Oplock is not empty, the object store MUST check for an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12, with input values as follows:
  - **Open** equal to this operation's **Open**
  - Oplock equal to Open.Stream.Oplock
  - **Operation** equal to "LOCK\_CONTROL"
  - **OpParams** empty
- The object store MUST check for byte range lock conflicts by using the algorithm described in section <u>2.1.4.10</u>, with **ByteOffset** set to **FileOffset**, **Length** set to **Length**, **IsExclusive** set to **ExclusiveLock**, **LockIntent** set to TRUE, and **Open** set to **Open**. If a conflict is detected, then:
  - If FailImmediately is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_LOCK\_NOT\_GRANTED.
  - Else
    - Insert operation into CancelableOperations.CancelableOperationList.
    - Wait until there are no overlapping ByteRangeLocks or until the operation is canceled as specified in section <u>2.1.5.19</u>. Overlapping ByteRangeLocks can be removed from ByteRangeLockList in different ways:
      - The **ByteRangeLock** can be explicitly unlocked as described in section 2.1.5.8.
      - The ByteRangeLock.OwnerOpen can be closed as described in section <u>2.1.5.4</u>.
  - EndIf
- EndIf
- Initialize a new *ByteRangeLock*:
  - *ByteRangeLock*.LockOffset MUST be initialized to FileOffset.

- *ByteRangeLock*.**LockLength** MUST be initialized to **Length**.
- *ByteRangeLock*.**IsExclusive** MUST be initialized to **ExclusiveLock**.
- *ByteRangeLock*.**OwnerOpen** MUST be initialized to **Open**.
- *ByteRangeLock*.**LockKey** MUST be set to the server provided **LockKey**, if provided.
- Insert ByteRangeLock into Open.Stream.ByteRangeLockList.
- Complete this operation with STATUS\_SUCCESS.

### 2.1.5.8 Server Requests an Unlock of a Byte-Range

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataStream.
- **FileOffset:** A 64-bit unsigned integer containing the starting offset, in bytes.
- **Length:** A 64-bit unsigned integer containing the length, in bytes.
- **LockKey**: A 32-bit unsigned integer containing an identifier for the lock being obtained by a specific process.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

• **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.

- [Validation]
- If **Open.Stream.StreamType** is DirectoryStream, return STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER, as byte range locks are not permitted on directories.
- If (((FileOffset + Length 1) < FileOffset) && Length != 0)</p>
  - This means that the requested range contains one or more bytes with offsets beyond the maximum 64-bit unsigned integer. The operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_LOCK\_RANGE.
- EndIf
- [Processing]
- Initialize LockToRemove to NULL.
- For each *ByteRangeLock* in **Open.Stream.ByteRangeLockList**:
  - If ((ByteRangeLock.LockOffset == FileOffset) and (ByteRangeLock.LockLength == Length) and (ByteRangeLock.OwnerOpen == Open) and (ByteRangeLock.LockKey == LockKey)) then:
  - Set LockToRemove to ByteRangeLock.
    - If (*LockToRemove*.**ExclusiveLock** == TRUE) then break.
    - EndIf
- EndFor

- If LockToRemove is not NULL:
  - Remove *LockToRemove* from **Open.Stream.ByteRangeLockList**.
  - Complete this operation with STATUS\_SUCCESS.
- Else:
  - Complete this operation with STATUS\_RANGE\_NOT\_LOCKED.
- EndIf

### 2.1.5.9 Server Requests an FsControl Request

The following section describes various File System Control (FSCTLs) operations that are implemented by the Object Store. Not all of these operations are implemented by all file systems.

## 2.1.5.9.1 FSCTL\_CREATE\_OR\_GET\_OBJECT\_ID

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataFile or DirectoryFile.
- **OutputBufferSize:** The maximum number of bytes to return in **OutputBuffer**.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.
- **OutputBuffer:** An array of bytes that will return a FILE\_OBJECTID\_BUFFER structure as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.3.
- **BytesReturned:** The number of bytes returned in **OutputBuffer**.

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_REQUEST. <64>

- If **Open.File.Volume.IsObjectIDsSupported** is FALSE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_VOLUME\_NOT\_UPGRADED.
- If OutputBufferSize is less than *sizeof(*FILE\_OBJECTID\_BUFFER), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If **Open.File.ObjectId** is empty:
  - If Open.File.Volume.IsReadOnly, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_MEDIA\_WRITE\_PROTECTED.
  - The object store MUST set Open.File.ObjectId to a newly generated ObjectId GUID that is unique on Open.File.Volume.<65>
- EndIf
- If a new Open.File.ObjectId was generated above or if Open.File.BirthVolumeId and Open.File.BirthObjectId are both empty:
  - If Open.File.Volume.IsReadOnly, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_MEDIA\_WRITE\_PROTECTED.

- If Open.File.BirthVolumeId is empty, the object store MUST set Open.File.BirthVolumeId to Open.File.Volume.VolumeId.
- If **Open.File.BirthObjectId** is empty, the object store MUST set **Open.File.BirthObjectId** to **Open.File.ObjectId**.
- The object store MUST set **Open.File.DomainId** to empty.
- The object store MUST post a USN change as specified in section <u>2.1.4.11</u> with File equal to File, Reason equal to USN\_REASON\_OBJECT\_ID\_CHANGE, and FileName equal to Open.Link.Name.
- The object store MUST construct a FILE\_OBJECTID\_INFORMATION structure (as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.28.1) ObjectIdInfo as follows:
  - *ObjectIdInfo*.**FileReference** set to zero.
  - ObjectIdInfo.ObjectId set to Open.File.ObjectId.
  - *ObjectIdInfo*.BirthVolumeId set to Open.File.BirthVolumeId.
  - *ObjectIdInfo*.BirthObjectId set to Open.File.BirthObjectId.
  - *ObjectIdInfo*.**DomainId** set to **Open.File.DomainId**.
- Send directory change notification as specified in section <u>2.1.4.1</u>, with Volume equal to Open.File.Volume, Action equal to FILE\_ACTION\_ADDED, FilterMatch equal to FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_FILE\_NAME, FileName equal to "\\$Extend\\$ObjId", NotifyData equal to ObjectIdInfo, and NotifyDataLength equal to sizeof(FILE\_OBJECTID\_INFORMATION).
- EndIf

If a new **Open.File.ObjectId** was generated above, the object store MUST update **Open.File.LastChangeTime**.<a><66></a></a>

The object store MUST populate the fields of **OutputBuffer** as follows:

- OutputBuffer.ObjectId set to Open.File.ObjectId.
- OutputBuffer.BirthVolumeId set to Open.File.BirthVolumeId.
- OutputBuffer.BirthObjectId set to Open.File.BirthObjectId.
- **OutputBuffer.DomainId** set to **Open.File.DomainId**.

Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:

- BytesReturned set to sizeof(FILE\_OBJECTID\_BUFFER).
- **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

### 2.1.5.9.2 FSCTL\_DELETE\_OBJECT\_ID

The server provides:

• **Open:** An **Open** of a DataFile or DirectoryFile.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

• **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_REQUEST.<67>

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **Open.File.Volume.IsObjectIDsSupported** is FALSE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_VOLUME\_NOT\_UPGRADED.
- If Volume.IsReadOnly is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_MEDIA\_WRITE\_PROTECTED.
- If **Open.File.ObjectId** is empty, the operation MUST be completed with STATUS\_SUCCESS.
- Update Open.File.LastChangeTime to the current time.
- Post a USN change as specified in section <u>2.1.4.11</u> with File equal to File, Reason equal to USN\_REASON\_OBJECT\_ID\_CHANGE, and FileName equal to Open.Link.Name.
  - The object store MUST construct a FILE\_OBJECTID\_INFORMATION structure (as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.28.1) ObjectIdInfo as follows:
    - *ObjectIdInfo*.**FileReference** set to zero.
    - ObjectIdInfo.ObjectId set to Open.File.ObjectId.
    - ObjectIdInfo.BirthVolumeId set to Open.File.BirthVolumeId.
    - *ObjectIdInfo*.BirthObjectId set to Open.File.BirthObjectId.
    - *ObjectIdInfo*.**DomainId** set to **Open.File.DomainId**.
- Send directory change notification as specified in section <u>2.1.4.1</u>, with Volume equal to Open.File.Volume, Action equal to FILE\_ACTION\_REMOVED, FilterMatch equal to FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_FILE\_NAME, FileName equal to "\\$Extend\\$ObjId", NotifyData equal to ObjectIdInfo, and NotifyDataLength equal to sizeof(FILE\_OBJECTID\_INFORMATION).
- Set **Open.File.ObjectId** to empty.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

### 2.1.5.9.3 FSCTL\_DELETE\_REPARSE\_POINT

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataFile or DirectoryFile.
- **ReparseTag:** An identifier indicating the type of the **reparse point** to delete, as defined in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.2.1.
- **ReparseGUID:** A **GUID** indicating the type of the reparse point to delete.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

• **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_REQUEST.  $\leq 69 > 1000$ 

- Phase 1 -- Verify the parameters.
- If (**Open.GrantedAccess** & (FILE\_WRITE\_DATA | FILE\_WRITE\_ATTRIBUTES)) == 0, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_ACCESS\_DENIED.
- If **Open.File.Volume.IsReadOnly** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_MEDIA\_WRITE\_PROTECTED.
- If Open.File.Volume.IsReparsePointsSupported is FALSE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_VOLUME\_NOT\_UPGRADED.
- If the **ReparseTag** is either IO\_REPARSE\_TAG\_RESERVED\_ZERO or IO\_REPARSE\_TAG\_RESERVED\_ONE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_IO\_REPARSE\_TAG\_INVALID. The reserved reparse tags are defined in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.2.1.
- If **ReparseTag** is a non-Microsoft Reparse Tag, then the **ReparseGUID** MUST be a valid GUID; otherwise the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_IO\_REPARSE\_DATA\_INVALID.
- Phase 2 -- Validate that the requested tag deletion type matches with the stored tag type.
- If (ReparseTag != Open.File.ReparseTag), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_IO\_REPARSE\_TAG\_MISMATCH.
- If (ReparseTag is a non-Microsoft Reparse Tag && Open.File.ReparseGUID != ReparseGUID), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_REPARSE\_ATTRIBUTE\_CONFLICT.
- Phase 3 -- Remove the reparse point from the File.
- Set **Open.File.ReparseData**, **Open.File.ReparseGUID**, and **Open.File.ReparseTag** to empty.
- Update Open.File.LastChangeTime to the current system time.
- If Open.File.FileType == DataFile, set Open.File.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_ARCHIVE to TRUE.
- Set **Open.File.PendingNotifications**.FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_LAST\_ACCESS to TRUE.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

### 2.1.5.9.4 FSCTL\_DUPLICATE\_EXTENTS\_TO\_FILE

The server provides:

- **Open**: An **Open** of a DataStream.
- **InputBuffer**: An array of bytes containing a single SMB2\_DUPLICATE\_EXTENTS\_DATA structure indicating the source stream, and source and target regions to copy, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.7.2.
- **InputBufferSize**: The number of bytes in **InputBuffer**.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

• **Status**: An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.

This routine uses the following local variables:

• **Open**: SourceOpen

- Stream: Source
- 64-bit signed integers: ClusterCount, ClusterNum, SourceVcn, TargetVcn, SourceLcn, TargetLcn
- EXTENTS: NewPreviousExtent, NewNextExtent

The purpose of this operation is to make it look like a copy of a region from the source stream to the target stream has occurred when in reality no data is actually copied. This operation modifies the target stream's extent list such that, the same clusters are pointed to by both the source and target streams' extent lists for the region being copied.

Support for FSCTL\_DUPLICATE\_EXTENTS\_TO\_FILE is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_REQUEST. <71>

- If InputBufferSizes is less than sizeof(DUPLICATE\_EXTENTS\_DATA), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_BUFFER\_TOO\_SMALL
- If **Open.File.Volume.IsReadOnly** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_MEDIA\_WRITE\_PROTECTED.
- If **InputBuffer.SourceFileOffset** is not a multiple of **Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If **InputBuffer.TargetFileOffset** is not a multiple of **Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If **InputBuffer.ByteCount** is not a multiple of **Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If **InputBuffer.ByteCount** is equal to 0, the operation SHOULD return immediately with STATUS\_SUCCESS.
- If **Open.Stream.StreamType** != **DataStream**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_NOT\_SUPPORTED.
- Set SourceOpen to the Open object returned from a successful open of the file identified by InputBuffer.SourceFileID. If the open of the InputBuffer.SourceFileID fails, return the status of the operation.
- Set *Source* to **SourceOpen.Stream**.
- If SourceOpen does not represent an open Handle to a DataStream with FILE\_READ\_DATA | FILE\_READ\_ATTRIBUTES level access, the operation SHOULD<72> fail with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If Source.Size is less than InputBuffer.SourceFileOffset + InputBuffer.ByteCount the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_NOT\_SUPPORTED.
- If *Source*.**Volume** != **Open.File**.**Volume** the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If *Source.IsSparse* != **Open.Stream.IsSparse** and *Source.IsSparse* is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_NOT\_SUPPORTED.
- The object store SHOULD<73> check for byte range lock conflicts on Open.Stream using the algorithm described in section 2.1.4.10 with ByteOffset set to InputBuffer.TargetFileOffset, Length set to InputBuffer.ByteCount, IsExclusive set to TRUE, LockIntent set to FALSE, and Open set to Open. If a conflict is detected, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_FILE\_LOCK\_CONFLICT.

- The object store SHOULD<74> check for byte range lock conflicts on Source using the algorithm described in section 2.1.4.10 with ByteOffset set to InputBuffer.SourceFileOffset, Length set to InputBuffer.ByteCount, IsExclusive set to FALSE, LockIntent set to FALSE, and Open set to SourceOpen. If a conflict is detected, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_FILE\_LOCK\_CONFLICT.
- The object store MUST modify Open.Stream.ExtentList so that all LCNs in the applicable VCN range match the LCNs in Source.ExtentList in the same VCN range, taking care to adjust the Open.File.Volume.ClusterRefcount array accordingly. Pseudo-code for this is as follows:
  - ClusterCount = InputBuffer.ByteCount / Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize
  - For each *ClusterNum* from 0 to (*ClusterCount* 1):
    - SourceVcn = (InputBuffer.SourceFileOffset / Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize) + ClusterNum
    - TargetVcn = (InputBuffer.TargetFileOffset / Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize) + ClusterNum
    - Find the index SourceIndex of the element in Source. ExtentList such that (Source. ExtentList[SourceIndex].NextVcn > SourceVcn) and (SourceIndex == 0 or Source. ExtentList[SourceIndex-1].NextVcn <= SourceVcn).</li>
    - Find the index TargetIndex of the element in Open.Stream.ExtentList such that
       (Open.Stream.ExtentList[TargetIndex].NextVcn > TargetVcn) and (TargetIndex == 0
       or Open.Stream.ExtentList[TargetIndex-1].NextVcn <= TargetVcn).</li>
    - // The purpose of this next section is to determine the SourceLcn based on Source.
       ExtentList[SourceIndex] and SourceVcn.
    - - *SourceLcn* = 0xfffffffffffff
    - Else if SourceIndex == 0:
      - SourceLcn = Source.**ExtentList**[SourceIndex].Lcn + SourceVcn
    - Else
      - SourceLcn = Source. ExtentList[SourceIndex].Lcn + (SourceVcn Source.
         ExtentList[SourceIndex-1].NextVcn)
    - EndIf
    - // The purpose of this next section is to determine the *TargetLcn* based on Open.Stream.ExtentList[*TargetIndex*] and *TargetVcn*.
    - - *TargetLcn* = 0xfffffffffffffff
    - Else if *TargetIndex* == 0:
      - TargetLcn = Open.Stream.ExtentList[TargetIndex].Lcn + TargetVcn
    - Else
      - TargetLcn = Open.Stream.ExtentList[TargetIndex].Lcn + (TargetVcn Open.Stream.ExtentList[TargetIndex-1].NextVcn)

- EndIf
- If TargetLcn != SourceLcn:

  - // The purpose of this next section is to determine what new EXTENTS structures need to be added to the streams **ExtentList**.
  - If (*TargetIndex* == 0 and *TargetVcn* != 0) or (*TargetIndex* != 0 and *TargetVcn* != Open.Stream.ExtentList[*TargetIndex*-1].NextVcn), the object store MUST initialize a new EXTENTS element *NewPreviousExtent* as follows:
    - NewPreviousExtent.NextVcn set to TargetVcn
    - NewPreviousExtent.Lcn set to Open.Stream.ExtentList[TargetIndex].Lcn
  - Else
    - Set NewPreviousExtent to NULL
  - EndIf
  - If (*TargetVcn* != Open.Stream.ExtentList[*TargetIndex*].NextVcn 1), the object store MUST initialize a new EXTENTS element *NewNextExtent* as follows:
    - NewNextExtent. NextVcn set to Open.Stream.ExtentList[TargetIndex].NextVcn
  - Else
    - Set *NewNextExtent* to NULL
  - EndIf
  - The object store MUST modify **Open.Stream.ExtentList**[*TargetIndex*] as follows:
    - Set **Open.Stream.ExtentList**[*TargetIndex*].NextVcn to *TargetVcn* + 1
    - Set Open.Stream.ExtentList[TargetIndex].Lcn to SourceLcn
  - If NewPreviousExtent != NULL, the object store MUST insert NewPreviousExtent into Open.Stream.ExtentList, coalescing with any adjacent EXTENTS elements that are contiguous with respect to LCN.
  - If NewNextExtent != NULL, the object store MUST insert NewNextExtent into Open.Stream.ExtentList, coalescing with any adjacent EXTENTS elements that are contiguous with respect to LCN.
- EndIf
- EndFor

- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - Status set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

# 2.1.5.9.5 FSCTL\_DUPLICATE\_EXTENTS\_TO\_FILE\_EX

The server provides:

- **Open**: An **Open** of a DataStream.
- InputBuffer: An array of bytes containing a single SMB2\_DUPLICATE\_EXTENTS\_DATA\_EX structure indicating the source stream, and source and target regions to copy, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.9.2.
- **InputBufferSize**: The number of bytes in **InputBuffer**.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

• **Status**: An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.

This routine uses the following local variables:

- Open: SourceOpen
- Stream: Source
- 64-bit signed integers: ClusterCount, ClusterNum, SourceVcn, TargetVcn, SourceLcn, TargetLcn
- EXTENTS: NewPreviousExtent, NewNextExtent

The purpose of this operation is to make it look like a copy of a region from the source stream to the target stream has occurred when in reality no data is actually copied. This operation modifies the target stream's extent list such that, the same clusters are pointed to by both the source and target streams' extent lists for the region being copied.

When the DUPLICATE\_EXTENTS\_DATA\_EX\_SOURCE\_ATOMIC flag in the SMB2\_DUPLICATE\_EXTENTS\_DATA\_EX structure isn't set, the behavior of operation is identical to FSCTL\_DUPLICATE\_EXTENTS\_TO\_FILE. When the flag is set, the operation is source stream atomic. The source stream duplication fully succeeds or it fails without any side effects (when only part of source stream file region is duplicated).

Support for FSCTL\_DUPLICATE\_EXTENTS\_TO\_FILE\_EX is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_REQUEST.<75>

- If **InputBufferSize** is less than 0x30, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_BUFFER\_TOO\_SMALL
- If **InputBuffer.StructureSize** is not equal to 0x30, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_NOT\_SUPPORTED.
- If **Open.File.Volume.IsReadOnly** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_MEDIA\_WRITE\_PROTECTED.
- If InputBuffer.SourceFileOffset is not a multiple of Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If **InputBuffer.TargetFileOffset** is not a multiple of **Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.

- If **InputBuffer.ByteCount** is not a multiple of **Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If **InputBuffer.ByteCount** is equal to 0, the operation SHOULD return immediately with STATUS\_SUCCESS.
- If **Open.Stream.StreamType** != **DataStream**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_NOT\_SUPPORTED.
- Set SourceOpen to the Open object returned from a successful open of the file identified by InputBuffer.SourceFileID. If the open of the InputBuffer.SourceFileID fails, return the status of the operation.
- Set Source to SourceOpen.Stream
- If SourceOpen does not represent an open Handle to a DataStream with FILE\_READ\_DATA | FILE\_READ\_ATTRIBUTES level access, the operation SHOULD<76> fail with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If *Source.Size* is less than **InputBuffer.SourceFileOffset** + **InputBuffer.ByteCount**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_NOT\_SUPPORTED.
- If Source. Volume != Open.File.Volume, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If *Source.IsSparse* != **Open.Stream.IsSparse** and *Source.IsSparse* is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_NOT\_SUPPORTED.
- The object store SHOULD<77> check for byte range lock conflicts on Open.Stream using the algorithm described in section 2.1.4.10 with ByteOffset set to InputBuffer.TargetFileOffset, Length set to InputBuffer.ByteCount, IsExclusive set to TRUE, LockIntent set to FALSE, and Open set to SourceOpen. If a conflict is detected, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_FILE\_LOCK\_CONFLICT.
- The object store SHOULD<78> check for byte range lock conflicts on Source using the algorithm described in section 2.1.4.10 with ByteOffset set to InputBuffer.SourceFileOffset, Length set to InputBuffer.ByteCount, IsExclusive set to FALSE, LockIntent set to FALSE, and Open set to SourceOpen. If a conflict is detected, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_FILE\_LOCK\_CONFLICT.
- The object store MUST modify Open.Stream.ExtentList so that all LCNs in the applicable VCN range match the LCNs in *Source*.ExtentList in the same VCN range, taking care to adjust the Open.File.Volume.ClusterRefcount array accordingly. Pseudo-code for this is as follows:
  - ClusterCount = InputBuffer.ByteCount / Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize
  - For each ClusterNum from 0 to (ClusterCount 1):
    - SourceVcn = (InputBuffer.SourceFileOffset / Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize) + ClusterNum
    - TargetVcn = (InputBuffer.TargetFileOffset / Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize) + ClusterNum
    - Find the index SourceIndex of the element in Source.ExtentList such that (Source.ExtentList[SourceIndex].NextVcn > SourceVcn) and (SourceIndex == 0 or Source.ExtentList[SourceIndex-1].NextVcn <= SourceVcn).</li>
    - Find the index TargetIndex of the element in Open.Stream.ExtentList such that (Open.Stream.ExtentList[TargetIndex].NextVcn > TargetVcn) and (TargetIndex == 0 or Open.Stream.ExtentList[TargetIndex-1].NextVcn <= TargetVcn).</li>

- // The purpose of this next section is to determine the SourceLcn based on Source. ExtentList[SourceIndex] and SourceVcn.
- - SourceLcn = 0xfffffffffffff
- Else if SourceIndex == 0:
  - SourceLcn = Source.ExtentList[SourceIndex].Lcn + SourceVcn
- Else
  - SourceLcn = Source.ExtentList[SourceIndex].Lcn + (SourceVcn Source. ExtentList[SourceIndex-1].NextVcn)
- EndIf
- // The purpose of this next section is to determine the *TargetLcn* based on Open.Stream.ExtentList[*TargetIndex*] and *TargetVcn*.
- - *TargetLcn* = 0xffffffffffffffff
- Else if *TargetIndex* == 0:
  - TargetLcn = Open.Stream.ExtentList[TargetIndex].Lcn + TargetVcn
- Else
  - TargetLcn = Open.Stream.ExtentList[TargetIndex].Lcn + (TargetVcn Open.Stream.ExtentList[TargetIndex-1].NextVcn)
- EndIf
- If TargetLcn != SourceLcn:

  - // The purpose of this next section is to determine what new EXTENTS structures need to be added to the streams **ExtentList**.
  - If (*TargetIndex* == 0 and TargetVcn != 0) or (*TargetIndex* != 0 and TargetVcn != Open.Stream.ExtentList[*TargetIndex*-1].NextVcn), the object store MUST initialize a new EXTENTS element *NewPreviousExtent* as follows:
    - NewPreviousExtent.NextVcn set to TargetVcn
    - NewPreviousExtent.Lcn set to Open.Stream.ExtentList[TargetIndex].Lcn
  - Else
    - Set NewPreviousExtent to NULL

- EndIf
- If (*TargetVcn* != Open.Stream.ExtentList[*TargetIndex*].NextVcn 1), the object store MUST initialize a new EXTENTS element *NewNextExtent* as follows:
  - NewNextExtent.NextVcn set to Open.Stream.ExtentList[TargetIndex].NextVcn
- Else
  - Set *NewNextExtent* to NULL
- EndIf
- The object store MUST modify **Open.Stream.ExtentList**[*TargetIndex*] as follows:
  - Set Open.Stream.ExtentList[TargetIndex].NextVcn to TargetVcn + 1
  - Set **Open.Stream.ExtentList**[*TargetIndex*].**Lcn** to *SourceLcn*
- If NewPreviousExtent != NULL, the object store MUST insert NewPreviousExtent into Open.Stream.ExtentList, coalescing with any adjacent EXTENTS elements that are contiguous with respect to LCN.
- If NewNextExtent != NULL, the object store MUST insert NewNextExtent into Open.Stream.ExtentList, coalescing with any adjacent EXTENTS elements that are contiguous with respect to LCN.
- EndIf
- When any operation failed and DUPLICATE\_EXTENTS\_DATA\_EX\_SOURCE\_ATOMIC is set then undo all operations on Target and set ClusterNum to 0.
- EndFor
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - Status set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

### 2.1.5.9.6 FSCTL\_FILE\_LEVEL\_TRIM

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataFile.
- **InputBuffer:** An array of bytes containing a single **FILE\_LEVEL\_TRIM** structure, followed by zero or more **FILE\_LEVEL\_TRIM\_RANGE** structures, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.77.1.
- **InputBufferSize:** The number of bytes in **InputBuffer**.
- **OutputBufferSize:** The maximum number of bytes to return in **OutputBuffer**.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.
- **OutputBuffer:** An optional array of bytes that contains a single **FILE\_LEVEL\_TRIM\_OUTPUT** structure, as specified in ([MS-FSCC] section 2.3.78).
- **BytesReturned:** The number of bytes written to **OutputBuffer**.

This operation also uses the following local variables:

- 64-bit unsigned integers (initialized to zero): *AlignmentAdjust*, *TempOffLen*, *TrimRange*, *TrimOffset*.
- An NTSTATUS code: *TrimStatus*.

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_REQUEST.<79>

- If **Open.Stream.IsEncrypted** is TRUE OR **Open.Stream.IsCompressed** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If InputBuffer.Size is < sizeof(FILE\_LEVEL\_TRIM), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If **InputBuffer.NumRanges** is <= 0, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If InputBuffer.NumRanges \* sizeof(FILE\_LEVEL\_TRIM\_RANGE) overflows 32-bits, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If InputBuffer.NumRanges \* *sizeof(*FILE\_LEVEL\_TRIM\_RANGE) + *sizeof(*FILE\_LEVEL\_TRIM) overflows 32-bits, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If OutputBufferSize != 0 AND OutputBufferSize is < *sizeof(*FILE\_LEVEL\_TRIM\_OUTPUT), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If Open.File.Volume.IsUsnJournalActive is TRUE, the object store MUST post a USN change as specified in section <u>2.1.4.11</u> with File equal to Open.File, Reason equal to USN\_REASON\_DATA\_OVERWRITE, and FileName equal to Open.File.Name.
- Set OutputBuffer.NumRangesProcessed = 0.
- For each *TrimRange* in **InputBuffer.Ranges**:
  - Set TrimOffset = TrimRange.Offset
  - Set TrimLength = TrimRange.Length
  - If ((*TrimOffset* % **Open.File.Volume.SystemPageSize**) != 0):
    - AlignmentAdjust = TrimOffset % Open.File.Volume.SystemPageSize
    - If (*TrimOffset* + **Open.File.Volume.SystemPageSize** *AlignmentAdjust*) overflows 64bits, the operation fails with STATUS\_INTEGER\_OVERFLOW.
    - If (*TrimLength* >= (**Open.File.Volume.SystemPageSize** *AlignmentAdjust*):
      - Decrement TrimLength by (Open.File.Volume.SystemPageSize AlignmentAdjust)
    - Else:
      - Set *TrimLength* to 0
    - EndIf
    - If (*TrimOffset* < **Open.Stream.AllocationSize**):
      - Set *TempOffLen* to *TrimOffset* + *TrimLength*

- If **TempOffLen** overflows 64-bits, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INTEGER\_OVERFLOW.
- If TempOffLen > Open.Stream.AllocationSize:
  - TrimLength = Open.Stream.AllocationSize TrimOffset
- EndIf
- EndIf
- Decrement TrimLength by (TrimLength % Open.File.Volume.SystemPageSize)
- If *TrimLength* == 0, skip further processing on this range and continue to the next range.
- The object store MUST check for byte range lock conflicts using the algorithm described in section 2.1.4.10 with ByteOffset set to *TrimOffset*, Length set to *TrimLength*, IsExclusive set to TRUE, LockIntent set to FALSE, and Open set to Open. If a conflict is detected, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_FILE\_LOCK\_CONFLICT.

Construct a list of the LBAs that the object store denotes as the range of the file specified with *TrimOffset* and *TrimLength*. Send a TRIM command to the underlying storage device with the constructed list of LBAs. For ATA devices, this command is the T13 defined "TRIM". For SCSI/SAS devices, this command is the T10 defined "UNMAP". Store the status from the operation in *TrimStatus*.

- If the command was successful:
  - Increment **OutputBuffer.NumRanges** by 1
- Else,
  - The operation MUST return immediately with status set to *TrimStatus*.
- EndIf
- EndFor
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - BytesReturned set to 0 If OutputBufferSize == 0, sizeof(FILE\_LEVEL\_TRIM\_OUTPUT) otherwise
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

## 2.1.5.9.7 FSCTL\_FILESYSTEM\_GET\_STATISTICS

The server provides:

- **Open:** An Open of a DataFile or DirectoryFile.
- **OutputBufferSize:** The maximum number of bytes to return in **OutputBuffer**.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.
- **OutputBuffer:** An array of bytes that will return an array of statistical data, one entry per (logical or physical) host processor.
- **BytesReturned:** The number of bytes returned in **OutputBuffer**.

This operation also uses the following local variables:

• An array of bytes (initially empty): *FileSystemStatistics*.

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_REQUEST. <80>

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If OutputBufferSize is less than sizeof(FILESYSTEM\_STATISTICS), the operation is failed with STATUS\_BUFFER\_TOO\_SMALL.
- If **OutputBufferSize** is less than the total size of statistics information, then only **OutputBufferSize** bytes will be returned, and the operation MUST succeed but return with STATUS\_BUFFER\_OVERFLOW.
- For each host processor, add one entry to *FileSystemStatistics* as follows:
  - FILESYSTEM\_STATISTICS structure as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.12.1.
  - An optional file system-specific structure as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.12.2.<81>
  - Padding bytes of zeros to bring total size of each entry to be a multiple of 64 bytes.
- EndFor
- If **OutputBufferSize** is less than the total size of *FileSystemStatistics*, the object store MUST:
  - Copy **OutputBufferSize** bytes from *FileSystemStatistics* to **OutputBuffer**.
  - Set **BytesReturned** to the number of bytes copied to **OutputBuffer**.
  - Return **Status** set to STATUS\_BUFFER\_OVERFLOW.
- EndIf

Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:

- Copy *FileSystemStatistics* to **OutputBuffer**.
- Set **BytesReturned** to the number of bytes copied to **OutputBuffer**.
- Return Status set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

## 2.1.5.9.8 FSCTL\_FIND\_FILES\_BY\_SID

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DirectoryStream.
- **FindBySidData:** An array of bytes containing a FIND\_BY\_SID\_DATA structure as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.13.
- **OutputBufferSize:** The maximum number of bytes to return in **OutputBuffer**.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.
- OutputBuffer: An array of bytes that contains an 8-byte aligned array of FILE\_NAME\_INFORMATION ([MS-FSCC] section 2.1.7) structures. For more information, see [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.14.

#### • **BytesReturned:** The number of bytes written to **OutputBuffer**.

This operation also uses the following local variables:

- A list of **Links** (initialized to empty): *MatchingLinks*.
- Unicode string: *RelativeName*.
- 32-bit unsigned integers (initialized to zero): *OutputBufferOffset*, *NameLength*.

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_REQUEST. <82>

- If **Open.Stream.StreamType** is DataStream, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If **Open.HasManageVolumeAccess** is FALSE and **Open.HasBackupAccess** is FALSE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_ACCESS\_DENIED.
- If **Open.File.Volume.QuotaInformation** is empty, the operation MUST succeed with **BytesReturned** set to zero and **Status** set to STATUS\_NO\_QUOTAS\_FOR\_ACCOUNT.
- If OutputBufferSize is less than 8, the minimum size required to return a FILE\_NAME\_INFORMATION structure with trailing padding, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_USER\_BUFFER.
- If **FindBySidData.Restart** is TRUE, **Open.FindBySidRestartIndex** MUST be set to zero.
- For each File in FindAllFiles(Open.File.Volume.RootDirectory):<<83>
  - If *File*.SecurityDescriptor.OwnerSid matches FindBySidData.SID and *File*.FileNumber is greater than or equal to Open.FindBySidRestartIndex, insert the first element of *File*.LinkList into *MatchingLinks*.
- EndFor
- Sort *MatchingLinks* in ascending order by **File.FileNumber**.
- For each *Link* in *MatchingLinks*:
  - Set RelativeName to BuildRelativeName(Link.File, Open.File).
  - If *RelativeName* is not empty (which means that *Link* represents **Open.File** or a descendant of it):
    - Strip off the leading backslash ("\") character from *RelativeName*.
    - Set *NameLength* to the length of *RelativeName*, in bytes.
    - If (OutputBufferLength OutputBufferOffset) is less than BlockAlign(NameLength + 6, 8):
      - **BytesReturned** is set to *OutputBufferOffset*.
      - If *OutputBufferOffset* is not zero:
        - The operation returns with STATUS\_SUCCESS.
      - Else:

- The operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_BUFFER\_TOO\_SMALL.
- EndIf
- EndIf
- Construct a FILE\_NAME\_INFORMATION structure starting at OutputBuffer[OutputBufferOffset], with the first 4 bytes (the FileNameLength) set to NameLength, and the next NameLength bytes (the FileName) set to RelativeName.
- OutputBufferOffset = OutputBufferOffset + BlockAlign(NameLength + 6, 8).
- EndIf
- Set **Open.FindBySidRestartIndex** to *Link*.**File.FileNumber** + 1.
- EndFor
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - **BytesReturned** set to *OutputBufferOffset*.
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

## 2.1.5.9.9 FSCTL\_GET\_COMPRESSION

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataStream or DirectoryStream.
- **OutputBufferSize:** The maximum number of bytes to return in **OutputBuffer**.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.
- **OutputBuffer:** An array of bytes that will return a USHORT value representing the compression state of the stream, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.16.
- **BytesReturned:** The number of bytes returned in **OutputBuffer**.

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_REQUEST.<84>

- If OutputBufferSize is less than sizeof(USHORT) (2 bytes), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If **Open.Stream.StreamType** is DirectoryStream:
  - If **Open.File.FileAttributes**.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_COMPRESSED is TRUE:
    - The object store MUST set **OutputBuffer.CompressionState** to COMPRESSION\_FORMAT\_LZNT1.
  - Else:
    - The object store MUST set OutputBuffer.CompressionState to COMPRESSION\_FORMAT\_NONE.
  - EndIf

- Else:
  - If **Open.Stream.IsCompressed** is TRUE:
    - The object store MUST set **OutputBuffer.CompressionState** to COMPRESSION\_FORMAT\_LZNT1.
  - Else:
    - The object store MUST set OutputBuffer.CompressionState to COMPRESSION\_FORMAT\_NONE.
  - EndIf
- EndIf
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - **BytesReturned** set to *sizeof(*USHORT) (2 bytes).
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

## 2.1.5.9.10 FSCTL\_GET\_INTEGRITY\_INFORMATION

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataStream or DirectoryStream.
- **OutputBufferSize:** The maximum number of bytes to return in **OutputBuffer**.

Upon completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.
- **OutputBuffer:** An array of bytes that will return an FSCTL\_GET\_INTEGRITY\_INFORMATION\_BUFFER structure, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.54.
- **BytesReturned:** The number of bytes returned in **OutputBuffer**.

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_REQUEST.<85>

The operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER under any of the following conditions:

- **OutputBufferSize** is less than *sizeof(*FSCTL\_GET\_INTEGRITY\_INFORMATION\_BUFFER).
- **Open.Stream.StreamType** is not DirectoryStream or DataStream.

- The object store MUST initialize all fields in **OutputBuffer** to zero.
- The object store MUST set OutputBuffer.CheckSumAlgorithm to Open.Stream.ChecksumAlgorithm.
- The object store MUST set OutputBuffer.ChecksumChunkSizeInBytes to Open.File.Volume.ChecksumChunkSize.
- The object store MUST set OutputBuffer.ClusterSizeInBytes to Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize.

- If Open.Stream.StreamType is DataStream and Open.Stream.ChecksumEnforcementOff is TRUE, then the object store MUST set OutputBuffer.Flags to FSCTL\_INTEGRITY\_FLAG\_CHECKSUM\_ENFORCEMENT\_OFF.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - ByteCount set to *sizeof(*FSCTL\_GET\_INTEGRITY\_INFORMATION\_BUFFER).
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

## 2.1.5.9.11 FSCTL\_GET\_NTFS\_VOLUME\_DATA

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataFile or DirectoryFile.
- **OutputBufferSize:** The maximum number of bytes to return in **OutputBuffer**.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.
- OutputBuffer: An array of bytes that will return a NTFS\_VOLUME\_DATA\_BUFFER structure as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.18.
- **BytesReturned:** The number of bytes returned in **OutputBuffer**.

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_REQUEST.<a href="https://www.sec.example.com"></a>

- If OutputBufferSize is less than sizeof(NTFS\_VOLUME\_DATA\_BUFFER), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_BUFFER\_TOO\_SMALL.
- The object store MUST populate the fields of **OutputBuffer** as follows:
  - OutputBuffer.VolumeSerialNumber set to Open.File.Volume.VolumeSerialNumber.
  - OutputBuffer.NumberSectors set to Open.File.Volume.TotalSpace / Open.File.Volume.LogicalBytesPerSector.
  - OutputBuffer.TotalClusters set to Open.File.Volume.TotalSpace / Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize.
  - OutputBuffer.FreeClusters set to Open.File.Volume.FreeSpace / Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize.
  - **OutputBuffer.TotalReserved** set to an implementation-specific value.
  - OutputBuffer.BytesPerSector set to Open.File.Volume.LogicalBytesPerSector.
  - OutputBuffer.BytesPerCluster set to Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize.
  - **OutputBuffer.BytesPerFileRecordSegment** set to an implementation-specific value.
  - **OutputBuffer.ClustersPerFileRecordSegment** set to an implementation-specific value.
  - **OutputBuffer.MftValidDataLength** set to an implementation-specific value.
  - **OutputBuffer.MftStartLcn** set to an implementation-specific value.

- **OutputBuffer.Mft2StartLcn** set to an implementation-specific value.
- **OutputBuffer.MftZoneStart** set to an implementation-specific value.
- **OutputBuffer.MftZoneEnd** set to an implementation-specific value.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - BytesReturned set to sizeof(NTFS\_VOLUME\_DATA\_BUFFER).
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

## 2.1.5.9.12 FSCTL\_GET\_REFS\_VOLUME\_DATA

The server provides:

- **Open**: An **Open** of a DataFile or DirectoryFile.
- **OutputBufferSize**: The maximum number of bytes to return in **OutputBuffer**.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status**: An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.
- OutputBuffer: An array of bytes that will return a REFS\_VOLUME\_DATA\_BUFFER structure as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.20.
- **BytesReturned**: The number of bytes returned in **OutputBuffer**.

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_REQUEST.

- If OutputBufferSize is less than sizeof(REFS\_VOLUME\_DATA\_BUFFER), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_BUFFER\_TOO\_SMALL.
- The object store MUST populate the fields of **OutputBuffer** as follows:
  - OutputBuffer.VolumeSerialNumber set to Open.File.Volume.VolumeSerialNumber.
  - OutputBuffer.NumberSectors set to Open.File.Volume.TotalSpace / Open.File.Volume.LogicalBytesPerSector.
  - OutputBuffer.TotalClusters set to Open.File.Volume.TotalSpace / Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize.
  - OutputBuffer.FreeClusters set to Open.File.Volume.FreeSpace / Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize.
  - **OutputBuffer.TotalReserved** set to an implementation-specific value.
  - OutputBuffer.BytesPerSector set to Open.File.Volume.LogicalBytesPerSector.
  - OutputBuffer.BytesPerCluster set to Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - BytesReturned set to sizeof(REFS\_VOLUME\_DATA\_BUFFER).
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

## 2.1.5.9.13 FSCTL\_GET\_OBJECT\_ID

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataFile or DirectoryFile.
- **OutputBufferSize:** The maximum number of bytes to return in **OutputBuffer**.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.
- OutputBuffer: An array of bytes that will return a FILE\_OBJECTID\_BUFFER structure as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.3.
- **BytesReturned:** The number of bytes returned in **OutputBuffer**.

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_REQUEST.<88>

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **Open.File.Volume.IsObjectIDsSupported** is FALSE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_VOLUME\_NOT\_UPGRADED.
- If OutputBufferSize is less than *sizeof(*FILE\_OBJECTID\_BUFFER), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If **Open.File.ObjectId** is empty, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_OBJECTID\_NOT\_FOUND.
- The object store MUST populate the fields of **OutputBuffer** as follows:
  - OutputBuffer.ObjectId set to Open.File.ObjectId.
  - OutputBuffer.BirthVolumeId set to Open.File.BirthVolumeId.
  - OutputBuffer.BirthObjectId set to Open.File.BirthObjectId.
  - **OutputBuffer.DomainId** set to **Open.File.DomainId**.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - BytesReturned set to sizeof (FILE\_OBJECTID\_BUFFER).
  - Status set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

## 2.1.5.9.14 FSCTL\_GET\_REPARSE\_POINT

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataFile or DirectoryFile.
- **OutputBufferSize:** The maximum number of bytes to return in **OutputBuffer**.

On completion, the object store **MUST** return:

- OutputBuffer: An array of bytes containing a REPARSE\_DATA\_BUFFER or REPARSE\_GUID\_DATA\_BUFFER structure as defined in [MS-FSCC] sections 2.1.2.2 and 2.1.2.3, respectively.
- **BytesReturned:** The number of bytes returned to the caller.

• **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_REQUEST.<89>

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If Open.File.Volume.IsReparsePointsSupported is FALSE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_VOLUME\_NOT\_UPGRADED.
- Phase 1 -- Check whether there is a **reparse point** on the **File**
- If **Open.File.ReparseTag** is empty, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_NOT\_A\_REPARSE\_POINT.
- Phase 2 -- Verify that **OutputBufferSize** is large enough to contain the reparse point data header.
- If Open.File.ReparseTag is a Microsoft reparse tag as defined in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.2.1, then OutputBufferSize MUST be >= *sizeof(*REPARSE\_DATA\_BUFFER). If not, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_BUFFER\_TOO\_SMALL.
- If Open.File.ReparseTag is a non-Microsoft reparse tag, then OutputBufferSize MUST be >= sizeof(REPARSE\_GUID\_DATA\_BUFFER). If it is not, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_BUFFER TOO\_SMALL.
- Phase 3 -- Return the reparse data
- Set OutputBuffer.ReparseTag to Open.File.ReparseTag.
- Set OutputBuffer.ReparseDataLength to the size of Open.File.ReparseData, in bytes.
- Set **OutputBuffer.Reserved** to zero.
- Copy as much of Open.File.ReparseData as can fit into the remainder of OutputBuffer starting at OutputBuffer.DataBuffer.
- If **Open.File.ReparseTag** is a non-Microsoft reparse tag, set **OutputBuffer.ReparseGUID** to **Open.File.ReparseGUID**.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - **BytesReturned** set to the number of bytes written to **OutputBuffer**.
  - Status set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

## 2.1.5.9.15 FSCTL\_GET\_RETRIEVAL\_POINTERS

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataStream or DirectoryStream.
- StartingVcnBuffer: An array of bytes containing a STARTING\_VCN\_INPUT\_BUFFER as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.25.
- **OutputBufferSize:** The maximum number of bytes to return in **OutputBuffer**.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

• **OutputBuffer:** An array of bytes that will return a RETRIEVAL\_POINTERS\_BUFFER as defined in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.26.

- **BytesReturned:** The number of bytes returned to the caller.
- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- Phase 1 -- Verify Parameters
- If the size of **StartingVcnBuffer** is less than **sizeof** (STARTING\_VCN\_INPUT\_BUFFER), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If OutputBufferSize is smaller than *sizeof(*RETRIEVAL\_POINTERS\_BUFFER), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_BUFFER\_TOO\_SMALL.
- If **StartingVcnBuffer.StartingVcn** is negative, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If **StartingVcnBuffer.StartingVcn** is greater than or equal to **Open.Stream.AllocationSize** divided by **Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_END\_OF\_FILE.
- Phase 2 -- Locate and copy the extents into **OutputBuffer**.
- Find the first *Extent* in **Open.Stream.ExtentList** where *Extent*.**NextVcn** is greater than **StartingVcnBuffer.StartingVcn**.
- Set **OutputBuffer.StartingVcn** to the previous element's **NextVcn**. If the element is the first one in **Open.Stream.ExtentList**, set **OutputBuffer.StartVcn** to zero.
- Copy as many EXTENTS elements from **Open.Stream.ExtentList** starting with *Extent* as will fit into the remaining space in **OutputBuffer**, at offset **OutputBuffer.Extents**.
- Set **OutputBuffer.ExtentCount** to the number of EXTENTS elements copied.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - **BytesReturned** set to the number of bytes written to **OutputBuffer**.
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS if all of the elements in **Open.Stream.ExtentList** were copied into **OutputBuffer.Extents**, else STATUS\_BUFFER\_OVERFLOW.

# 2.1.5.9.16 FSCTL\_IS\_PATHNAME\_VALID

The FSCTL\_IS\_PATHNAME\_VALID structure is defined in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.27.

This operation always returns STATUS\_SUCCESS.

# 2.1.5.9.17 FSCTL\_OFFLOAD\_READ

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataFile.
- InputBuffer: An array of bytes containing a single FSCTL\_OFFLOAD\_READ\_INPUT structure, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.79, indicating the Token that indicates the range of the file to offload read, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.81.
- **InputBufferSize:** The number of bytes in **InputBuffer**.
- **OutputBufferSize:** The number of bytes in **OutputBuffer**.

Upon completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.
- **OutputBuffer:** An array of bytes that contains a single FSCTL\_OFFLOAD\_READ\_OUTPUT structure, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.80, which contains the Token for the read data, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.81.
- **BytesReturned:** The number of bytes written to **OutputBuffer**.

This operation also uses the following local variables:

- Boolean (initialized to FALSE): VdlSameAsEof
- 32-bit unsigned integers (initialized to zero): *OutputBufferLength*
- 64-bit unsigned integers (initialized to zero): *StartingCluster*, *ValidDataLength*, *FileSize*, *LastClusterInFile*, *VdITrimmedCopyLength*, and *StorageOffloadBytesRead*
- A list of EXTENTS (initialized to empty): OffloadLCNList
- An NTSTATUS code: *StorageOffloadReadStatus*
- A STORAGE\_OFFLOAD\_TOKEN structure, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.81: *StorageOffloadReadToken*

Support for this read operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_REQUEST.  $\leq 90 >$ 

- If **Open.File.Volume.IsOffloadReadSupported** is FALSE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_NOT\_SUPPORTED.
- If **InputBufferSize** is less than the size of the FSCTL\_OFFLOAD\_READ\_INPUT structure size, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_BUFFER\_TOO\_SMALL.
- If **OutputBufferSize** is less than the size of the FSCTL\_OFFLOAD\_READ\_OUTPUT structure size, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_BUFFER\_TOO\_SMALL.
- If InputBuffer.FileOffset is not a multiple of Open.File.Volume. LogicalBytesPerSector, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If **InputBuffer.CopyLength** is not a multiple of **Open.File.Volume.LogicalBytesPerSector**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If **InputBuffer.Size** is not equal to the size of the FSCTL\_OFFLOAD\_READ\_INPUT structure size, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If the sum of **InputBuffer.FileOffset** and **InputBuffer.CopyLength** overflows 64 bits, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If **InputBuffer.CopyLength** is equal to 0, the operation SHOULD return immediately with STATUS\_SUCCESS.
- If **Open.Stream.StreamType** != DataStream, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_OFFLOAD\_READ\_FILE\_NOT\_SUPPORTED.
- If **Open.Stream.IsSparse** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_OFFLOAD\_READ\_FILE\_NOT\_SUPPORTED.

- If **Open.Stream.IsEncrypted** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_OFFLOAD\_READ\_FILE\_NOT\_SUPPORTED.
- If **Open.Stream.IsCompressed** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_OFFLOAD\_READ\_FILE\_NOT\_SUPPORTED.
- If **Open.Stream.IsDeleted** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_FILE\_DELETED.
- If **InputBuffer.FileOffset** / **Open.File.Volume.BytesPerCluster** is less than 0, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- The object store MUST check for byte range lock conflicts using the algorithm described in section 2.1.4.10 with ByteOffset set to InputBuffer.FileOffset, Length set to InputBuffer.CopyLength, IsExclusive set to FALSE, LockIntent set to FALSE, and Open set to Open. If a conflict is detected, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_FILE\_LOCK\_CONFLICT.
- Set ValidDataLength to **Open.Stream.ValidDataLength**.
- Set *FileSize* to **Open.Stream.Size**.
- If *ValidDataLength* is not equal to *FileSize*, set *VdlSameAsEof* to FALSE.
- Set *StartingCluster* to InputBuffer.FileOffset / Open.File.Volume.BytesPerCluster.
- Set LastClusterInFile to ClustersFromBytesTruncate(Open.File.Volume, FileSize).
- If *StartingCluster* is greater than *LastClusterInFile*:
  - The operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_END\_OF\_FILE.
- Else If *StartingCluster* is less than 0:
  - The operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- EndIf
- If **InputBuffer.FileOffset** is greater than or equal to *FileSize*, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_END\_OF\_FILE.
- If **InputBuffer.FileOffset** is greater than or equal to *ValidDataLength*:
  - Set **OutputBuffer.Token** to the Zero token as defined in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.81.
  - The operation MUST return STATUS\_SUCCESS, with BytesReturned set to OutputBufferLength, and OutputBuffer.Flags set to OFFLOAD\_READ\_FLAG\_ALL\_ZERO\_BEYOND\_CURRENT\_RANGE.
- EndIf
- If the sum of **InputBuffer.FileOffset** and **InputBuffer.CopyLength** is greater than **ValidDataLength**:
  - Set InputBuffer.CopyLength to ValidDataLength -InputBuffer.FileOffset.
  - If *VdlSameAsEof* is TRUE:
    - Set InputBuffer.CopyLength to BlockAlignTruncate(InputBuffer.CopyLength, Open.File.Volume.LogicalBytesPerSector).
    - Set *VdlTrimmedCopyLength* to **InputBuffer.CopyLength**.

- Set OutputBuffer.Flags to OFFLOAD\_READ\_FLAG\_ALL\_ZERO\_BEYOND\_CURRENT\_RANGE.
- EndIf
- EndIf
- For Each *Extent* in **Open.Stream.ExtentList** spanned by the range defined by **Input.FileOffset** and **Input.CopyLength**:
  - Append the partial or full *Extent* to *OffloadLCNList*.
- EndFor
- Construct the offload read command with the OffloadLCNList as the ranges, and Token length specified in InputBuffer.CopyLength as described in [INCITS-T10/11-059] and send it to the underlying storage subsystem, storing the status from the operation in StorageOffloadReadStatus, the number of bytes represented by the token in StorageOffloadBytesRead, and the Token in StorageOffloadToken.
- If the call was successful:
  - Set **OutputBuffer.Token** to *StorageOffloadToken*.
  - Set **OutputBuffer.TransferLength** to *StorageOffloadBytesRead*.
  - If OutputBuffer.Flag has the bit OFFLOAD\_READ\_FLAG\_ALL\_ZERO\_BEYOND\_CURRENT\_RANGE set:
    - If OutputBuffer.TransferLength is less than VdlTrimmedCopyLength, clear the OFFLOAD\_READ\_FLAG\_ALL\_ZERO\_BEYOND\_CURRENT\_RANGE bit in OutputBuffer.Flags.
  - EndIf
- Else:
  - If StorageOffloadReadStatus is equal to STATUS\_NOT\_SUPPORTED or if StorageOffloadReadStatus is equal to STATUS\_DEVICE\_FEATURE\_NOT\_SUPPORTED, then set Open.File.Volume.IsOffloadReadSupported to FALSE.
- EndIf
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - BytesReturned set to OutputBufferLength.
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

## 2.1.5.9.18 FSCTL\_OFFLOAD\_WRITE

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataFile.
- InputBuffer: An array of bytes containing a single FSCTL\_OFFLOAD\_WRITE\_INPUT structure, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.82, indicating the Token to use as the source, and the range of the file to be offload written to, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.81.
- **InputBufferSize:** The number of bytes in **InputBuffer**.
- **OutputBufferSize:** The number of bytes in **OutputBuffer**.

Upon completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.
- **OutputBuffer:** An array of bytes that contains a single FSCTL\_OFFLOAD\_WRITE\_OUTPUT structure, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.83.
- **BytesReturned:** The number of bytes written to **OutputBuffer**.

This operation also uses the following local variables:

- 32-bit unsigned integers (initialized to zero): *OutputBufferLength*
- 64-bit unsigned integers (initialized to zero): *NewValidDataLength*, *ValidDataLength*, *FileSize*, and *StorageOffloadBytesWritten*.
- A list of EXTENTS (initialized to empty): OffloadLCNList
- An NTSTATUS code: *StorageOffloadWriteStatus*

Support for this write operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_REQUEST.  $\leq 91 > 1000$ 

- If **Open.File.Volume.IsReadOnly** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_MEDIA\_WRITE\_PROTECTED.
- If **Open.File.Volume.IsOffloadWriteSupported** is FALSE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_NOT\_SUPPORTED.
- If **InputBufferSize** is less than the size of the **FSCTL\_OFFLOAD\_WRITE\_INPUT** structure size, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_BUFFER\_TOO\_SMALL.
- If **OutputBufferSize** is less than the size of the **FSCTL\_OFFLOAD\_WRITE\_OUTPUT** structure size, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_BUFFER\_TOO\_SMALL.
- If **InputBuffer.FileOffset** is NOT a multiple of **Open.File.Volume. LogicalBytesPerSector**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If **InputBuffer.CopyLength** is NOT a multiple of **Open.File.Volume. LogicalBytesPerSector**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If InputBuffer.TransferOffset is NOT a multiple of Open.File.Volume.LogicalBytesPerSector, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If **InputBuffer.Size** is not equal to the size of the **FSCTL\_OFFLOAD\_WRITE\_INPUT** structure size, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If the sum of **InputBuffer.FileOffset** and **InputBuffer.CopyLength** overflows 64 bits, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If **InputBuffer.CopyLength** is equal to 0, the operation SHOULD return immediately with STATUS\_SUCCESS.
- If **Open.Stream.StreamType** != **DataStream**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_OFFLOAD\_WRITE\_FILE\_NOT\_SUPPORTED.
- If **Open.Stream.IsSparse** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_OFFLOAD\_WRITE\_FILE\_NOT\_SUPPORTED.

- If **Open.Stream.IsEncrypted** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_OFFLOAD\_WRITE\_FILE\_NOT\_SUPPORTED.
- If **Open.Stream.IsCompressed** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_OFFLOAD\_WRITE\_FILE\_NOT\_SUPPORTED.
- If **Open.Stream.IsDeleted** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_FILE\_DELETED.
- If **InputBuffer.FileOffset** / **Open.File.Volume.BytesPerCluster** is less than 0, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If (InputBuffer.FileOffset + InputBuffer.CopyLength) is greater than Open.File.Volume.MaxFileSize, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS INVALID PARAMETER.
- The object store MUST check for byte range lock conflicts using the algorithm described in section 2.1.4.10 with ByteOffset set to InputBuffer.FileOffset, Length set to InputBuffer.CopyLength, IsExclusive set to TRUE, LockIntent set to FALSE, and Open set to Open. If a conflict is detected, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_FILE\_LOCK\_CONFLICT.
- If Open.File.Volume.IsUsnJournalActive is TRUE, the object store MUST post a USN change as specified in section 2.1.4.11 with File equal to File, Reason equal to USN\_REASON\_DATA\_OVERWRITE, and FileName equal to Open.File.Name.
- Set *FileSize* to **Open.Stream.Size**.
- Set ValidDataLength to **Open.Stream.ValidDataLength**.
- If **InputBuffer.FileOffset** is greater than or equal to **Open.Stream.FileSize**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_END\_OF\_FILE.
- If **InputBuffer.FileOffset** is greater than *ValidDataLength*, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_BEYOND\_VDL.
- For Each *Extent* in **Open.Stream.ExtentList** spanned by the range defined by **InputBuffer.FileOffset** and **InputBuffer.CopyLength**:
  - Append the partial or full *Extent* to *OffloadLCNList*.
- EndFor
- Construct the offload write command with the OffloadLCNList as the ranges, Token from
  InputBuffer.Token, token offset from InputBuffer.TransferOffset, and write length from
  InputBuffer.CopyLength as defined in [INCITS-T10/11-059] and send it to the underlying
  storage subsystem. Store the status from the operation in StorageOffloadWriteStatus, and the
  number of bytes written in StorageOffloadBytesWritten.
- If the operation was successful:
  - Set *NewValidDataLength* to **InputBuffer.FileOffset** + *StorageOffloadBytesWritten*.
  - If *NewValidDataLength* is greater than *ValidDataLength*:
    - Set **Open.Stream.VDL** to *NewValidDataLength*.
  - EndIf
  - Set **OutputBuffer.LengthWritten** to *StorageOffloadBytesWritten*.
  - Set **OutputBuffer.Size** to the size of the FSCTL\_OFFLOAD\_WRITE\_OUTPUT structure.
  - Set **OutputBuffer.Flags** to 0.

- Else:
  - If StorageOffloadWriteStatus is equal to STATUS\_NOT\_SUPPORTED or if OffloadWriteStatus is equal to STATUS\_DEVICE\_FEATURE\_NOT\_SUPPORTED, then set
     Open.File.Volume.IsOffloadWriteSupported to FALSE.
- EndIf
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - **BytesReturned** set to *OutputBufferLength*.
  - Status set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

#### 2.1.5.9.19 FSCTL\_QUERY\_ALLOCATED\_RANGES

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataFile.
- **InputBuffer:** An array of bytes containing a single FILE\_ALLOCATED\_RANGE\_BUFFER structure indicating the range to query for allocation, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.38.
- **InputBufferSize:** The number of bytes in **InputBuffer**.
- **OutputBufferSize:** The maximum number of bytes to return in **OutputBuffer**.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.
- **OutputBuffer:** An array of bytes that will return an array of zero or more FILE\_ALLOCATED\_RANGE\_BUFFER structures as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.38.
- **BytesReturned:** The number of bytes returned in **OutputBuffer**.

This operation uses the following local variables:

- 32-bit unsigned integer indicating the index of the next FILE\_ALLOCATED\_RANGE\_BUFFER to fill in **OutputBuffer** (initialized to 0): *OutputBufferIndex*.
- 64-bit unsigned integer QueryStart: Is initialized to ClustersFromBytesTruncate(Open.File.Volume, InputBuffer.FileOffset). This is the cluster containing the first byte of the queried range.
- 64-bit unsigned integer QueryNext: Is initialized to ClustersFromBytesTruncate(Open.File.Volume, (InputBuffer.FileOffset + InputBuffer.Length - 1) ) + 1. This is the cluster following the last cluster of the range.
- 64-bit unsigned integers (initialized to 0): *ExtentFirstVcn*, *ExtentNextVcn*, *RangeFirstVcn*, *RangeNextVcn*
- Boolean values (initialized to FALSE): FoundRangeStart, FoundRangeEnd
- Pointer to an EXTENTS element (initialized to NULL): Extent
- FILE\_ALLOCATED\_RANGE\_BUFFER (initialized to zeros): Range

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_REQUEST.  $\leq 92 > 1000$ 

- If **Open.Stream.StreamType** is DirectoryStream, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If InputBufferSize is less than sizeof(FILE\_ALLOCATED\_RANGE\_BUFFER), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If (InputBuffer.FileOffset < 0) or (InputBuffer.Length < 0) or (InputBuffer.Length > MAXLONGLONG InputBuffer.FileOffset), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER. If InputBuffer.Length is 0:
  - Set **BytesReturned** to 0.
  - Return STATUS\_SUCCESS.
- EndIf
- If OutputBufferSize < sizeof(FILE\_ALLOCATED\_RANGE\_BUFFER), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_BUFFER\_TOO\_SMALL.
- If **Open.Stream.IsSparse** is FALSE:
  - Set OutputBuffer.FileOffset to InputBuffer.FileOffset.
  - Set OutputBuffer.Length to InputBuffer.Length.
  - Set BytesReturned to sizeof(FILE\_ALLOCATED\_RANGE\_BUFFER).
  - Return STATUS\_SUCCESS.
- Else:
  - For sparse files, return a list of contiguous allocated ranges within the requested range. Contiguous allocated ranges in a sparse file might be fragmented on disk, therefore it is necessary to loop through the EXTENTS on this stream, coalescing the adjacent allocated EXTENTS into a single FILE\_ALLOCATED\_RANGE\_BUFFER entry.
  - Set **Status** to STATUS\_SUCCESS.
  - Set **BytesReturned** to 0.
  - For each *Extent* in **Open.Stream.ExtentList**:
    - Set *ExtentFirstVcn* to *ExtentNextVcn*.
    - Set *ExtentNextVcn* to *Extent*.**NextVcn**.
    - - If FoundRangeStart is FALSE:
        - If *QueryStart* < *ExtentFirstVcn*:
          - Set *FoundRangeStart* to TRUE.
          - Set *RangeFirstVcn* to *ExtentFirstVcn*.
        - Else If *ExtentFirstVcn* <= *QueryStart* and *QueryStart* < *ExtentNextVcn*:
          - Set *FoundRangeStart* to TRUE.
          - Set RangeFirstVcn to QueryStart.
        - EndIf

- EndIf
- If *FoundRangeStart* is TRUE:
  - If *QueryNext* <= *ExtentFirstVcn*:
    - Break out of the For loop.
  - Else If *ExtentFirstVcn* < *QueryNext* and *QueryNext* <= *ExtentNextVcn*:
    - Set FoundRangeEnd to TRUE.
    - Set RangeNextVcn to QueryNext.
  - Else (ExtentNextVcn < QueryNext):</p>
    - Set *FoundRangeEnd* to FALSE.
    - Set *RangeNextVcn* to *ExtentNextVcn*.
  - EndIf
- EndIf
- Else If *FoundRangeStart* is TRUE:
  - Set *FoundRangeEnd* to TRUE.
- EndIf
- If FoundRangeEnd is TRUE:
  - Set *FoundRangeStart* to FALSE and *FoundRangeEnd* to FALSE.
  - Add *Range* to *OutputBuffer* as follows:
    - Set Range.FileOffset to RangeFirstVcn \* Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize.
    - Set Range.Length to (RangeNextVcn RangeFirstVcn) \* Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize.
    - If OutputBufferSize < ((OutputBufferIndex + 1) \* sizeof(FILE\_ALLOCATED\_RANGE\_BUFFER) ) then:
      - Set *RangeFirstVcn* to 0 and *RangeNextVcn* to 0.
      - Set **Status** to STATUS\_BUFFER\_OVERFLOW.
      - Break out of the For loop.
    - EndIf
    - Copy Range to **OutputBuffer**[OutputBufferIndex].
    - Increment *OutputBufferIndex* by 1.
    - Set *RangeFirstVcn* to 0 and *RangeNextVcn* to 0.
- EndIf
- EndFor
- If *RangeNextVcn* is not 0:

- If OutputBufferSize < ((OutputBufferIndex + 1) \* sizeof(FILE\_ALLOCATED\_RANGE\_BUFFER)) then:
  - Set **Status** to STATUS\_BUFFER\_OVERFLOW.
- Else add Range to OutputBuffer as follows:
  - Set Range.FileOffset to RangeFirstVcn \* Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize.
  - Set Range.Length to (RangeNextVcn RangeFirstVcn) \* Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize.
  - Copy Range to **OutputBuffer**[OutputBufferIndex].
  - Increment *OutputBufferIndex* by 1.
- EndIf
- EndIf
- Bias the first and the last returned ranges so that they match the offset/length passed in, using the following algorithm:
- If *OutputBufferIndex* > 0:
  - If OutputBuffer[0].FileOffset < InputBuffer.FileOffset:</p>
    - Set OutputBuffer[0].Length to OutputBuffer[0].Length -(InputBuffer.FileOffset -OutputBuffer[0].FileOffset).
    - Set **OutputBuffer**[0].**FileOffset** to **InputBuffer.FileOffset**.
  - EndIf
  - If (OutputBuffer[OutputBufferIndex 1].FileOffset + OutputBuffer[OutputBufferIndex 1].Length) > (InputBuffer.FileOffset + InputBuffer.Length):
    - Set OutputBuffer[OutputBufferIndex 1].Length to InputBuffer.FileOffset + InputBuffer.Length - OutputBuffer[OutputBufferIndex - 1].FileOffset.
  - EndIf
- EndIf
- Endif
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - BytesReturned set to OutputBufferIndex \* sizeof(FILE\_ALLOCATED\_RANGE\_BUFFER).
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

## 2.1.5.9.20 FSCTL\_QUERY\_FAT\_BPB

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, this operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_REQUEST.  $\leq 93 > 1000$ 

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataFile or DirectoryFile.
- **OutputBufferSize:** The maximum number of bytes to return in **OutputBuffer**.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.
- **OutputBuffer:** An array of bytes that will return the first 0x24 bytes of sector zero, on a FAT **volume**.
- **BytesReturned:** The number of bytes returned in **OutputBuffer**.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **OutputBufferSize** is less than 0x24, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_BUFFER\_TOO\_SMALL.
- The operation will now copy the first 0x24 bytes of sector 0 of the storage device associated with **Open.File.Volume** into **OutputBuffer**.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - **BytesReturned** set to 0x24.
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

## 2.1.5.9.21 FSCTL\_QUERY\_FILE\_REGIONS

The server provides:

- **Open**: An Open of DataFile.
- **InputBuffer**: An array of bytes containing a single FILE\_REGION\_INPUT structure indicating the range of the **DataFile** to return data about, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.41. This input structure is optional.
- **InputBufferSize**: The number of bytes in **InputBuffer**.
- **OutputBufferSize**: The maximum number of bytes to return in **OutputBuffer**.

Upon completion, this object store MUST return:

- **Status**: An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.
- OutputBuffer: An array of bytes that will return a FILE\_REGION\_OUTPUT structure as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.42.
- **BytesReturned**: The number of bytes returned in **OutputBuffer**.

This operation uses the following local variables:

- A FILE\_REGION\_INPUT structure as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.41: InputRegion
- 32-bit unsigned integers (initialized to zero): OutputBufferIndex, Length
- 64-bit unsigned integers (initialized to zero): Vdl, Eof

- If InputBufferSize == 0:
  - Set InputRegion.FileOffset = 0
  - Set InputRegion.Length = MAXLONGLONG

- Set InputRegion.DesiredUsage = FILE\_REGION\_USAGE\_VALID\_CACHED\_DATA for NTFS or Set InputRegion.DesiredUsage = FILE\_REGION\_USAGE\_VALID\_NONCACHED\_DATA for ReFS
- ElseIf InputBufferSize < Sizeof(FILE\_REGION\_INPUT)</p>
  - The operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_BUFFER\_TOO\_SMALL.
- Else:
  - Set InputRegion = InputBuffer
- EndIf
- If *InputRegion.Length* <= 0, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If (*InputRegion.FileOffset* + *InputRegion.Length*) exceeds 63 bits, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER
- If InputRegion.DesiredUsage does NOT have flag FILE\_REGION\_USAGE\_VALID\_CACHED\_DATA (for NTFS) or flag FILE\_REGION\_USAGE\_VALID\_NONCACHED\_DATA (for ReFS) set, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER
- If OutputBuffer.Length < sizeof(FILE\_REGION\_OUTPUT), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_BUFFER\_TOO\_SMALL
- Set Vdl = Open.File.ValidDataLength
- Set Eof = Open.File.Eof
- Set Length = FieldOffset(OutputBuffer.Region[0])
- If (InputRegion.FileOffset > Eof) OR ((InputRegion.FileOffset == Eof) AND (Eof > 0)), the operation MUST return STATUS\_SUCCESS, with BytesReturned set to 0.
- If (InputRegion.FileOffset >= Vdl)
  - Set OutputBuffer.Region[OutputBufferIndex].FileOffset = InputRegion.FileOffset
  - Set OutputBuffer.Region[OutputBufferIndex].Length = min(InputRegion.Length, Eof -InputRegion.FileOffset)
  - Set OutputBuffer.Region[OutputBufferIndex].Usage = 0
  - Set OutputBuffer.Region[OutputBufferIndex].Reserved = 0
  - Set Length = Length + sizeof(FILE\_REGION\_INFO)
  - Set OutputBufferIndex = OutputBufferIndex + 1
  - Set OutputBuffer.TotalRegionEntryCount = OutputBuffer.TotalRegionEntryCount + 1
- Else
  - Set OutputBuffer.Region[OutputBufferIndex].FileOffset = InputRegion.FileOffset
  - Set OutputBuffer.Region[OutputBufferIndex].Length = min((Vdl -InputRegion.FileOffset), InputRegion.Length)
  - Set OutputBuffer.Region[OutputBufferIndex].Usage = InputRegion.DesiredUsage
  - Set OutputBuffer.Region[OutputBufferIndex].Reserved = 0
  - Set Length = Length + sizeof(FILE\_REGION\_INFO)

- Set OutputBufferIndex = OutputBufferIndex + 1
- Set OutputBuffer.TotalRegionEntryCount = OutputBuffer.TotalRegionEntryCount + 1
- If (Vdl < Eof) AND (OutputBuffer.Region[OutputBufferIndex 1]. Length <InputRegion.Length),</li>
  - If (Length + sizeof(FILE\_REGION\_INFO)) > OutputBufferSize)
  - Set OutputBuffer.TotalRegionEntryCount = OutputBuffer.TotalRegionEntryCount + 1
  - The operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_BUFFER\_OVERFLOW.
- Set OutputBuffer.Region[OutputBufferIndex].FileOffset = Vdl
- Set OutputBuffer.Region[OutputBufferIndex].Length = min(InputRegion.Length -OutputBuffer.Region[OutputBufferIndex - 1].Length, Eof -Vdl)
- Set OutputBuffer.Region[OutputBufferIndex].Usage = 0
- Set OutputBuffer.Region[OutputBufferIndex].Reserved = 0;
- Set Length = Length + sizeof(FILE\_REGION\_INFO)
- Set OutputBufferIndex = OutputBufferIndex + 1
- Set OutputBuffer.TotalRegionEntryCount = OutputBuffer.TotalRegionEntryCount + 1
- EndIf
- EndIf
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - OutputBuffer.RegionEntryCount set to OutputBufferIndex
  - **BytesReturned** set to *Length*
  - Status set to STATUS\_SUCCESS

## 2.1.5.9.22 FSCTL\_QUERY\_ON\_DISK\_VOLUME\_INFO

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataFile.
- **OutputBufferSize:** The maximum number of bytes to return in **OutputBuffer**.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.
- OutputBuffer: An array of bytes that will return a FILE\_QUERY\_ON\_DISK\_VOL\_INFO\_BUFFER as defined in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.44.
- **BytesReturned:** The number of bytes returned in **OutputBuffer**.

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_REQUEST. <a href="https://www.selimbuscuence.com"></a>

- If OutputBufferSize is less than *sizeof(*FILE\_QUERY\_ON\_DISK\_VOL\_INFO\_BUFFER), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_BUFFER\_TOO\_SMALL.
- The object store MUST populate the fields of **OutputBuffer** as follows:
  - OutputBuffer.DirectoryCount set to Open.File.Volume.DirectoryCount.
  - OutputBuffer.FileCount set to Open.File.Volume.FileCount.
  - OutputBuffer.FsFormatMajVersion set to Open.File.Volume.FsFormatMajVersion.
  - OutputBuffer.FsFormatMinVersion set to Open.File.Volume.FsFormatMinVersion.
  - OutputBuffer.FsFormatName set to the Unicode string "UDF".
  - OutputBuffer.FormatTime set to Open.File.Volume.FormatTime.
  - OutputBuffer.LastUpdateTime set to Open.File.Volume.LastUpdateTime.
  - OutputBuffer.CopyrightInfo set to Open.File.Volume.CopyrightInfo.
  - OutputBuffer.AbstractInfo set to Open.File.Volume.AbstractInfo.
  - OutputBuffer.FormattingImplementationInfo set to Open.File.Volume.FormattingImplementationInfo.
  - OutputBuffer.LastModifyingImplementationInfo set to Open.File.Volume.LastModifyingImplementationInfo.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - BytesReturned set to sizeof(FILE\_QUERY\_ON\_DISK\_VOL\_INFO\_BUFFER).
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

## 2.1.5.9.23 FSCTL\_QUERY\_SPARING\_INFO

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataFile.
- **OutputBufferSize:** The maximum number of bytes to return in **OutputBuffer**.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.
- **OutputBuffer:** An array of bytes that will return a FILE\_QUERY\_SPARING\_BUFFER as defined in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.46.
- **BytesReturned:** The number of bytes returned in **OutputBuffer**.

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_REQUEST.<<u>95></u>

- If OutputBufferSize is less than *sizeof(*FILE\_QUERY\_SPARING\_BUFFER), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- The object store MUST populate the fields of **OutputBuffer** as follows:

- OutputBuffer.SparingUnitBytes set to Open.File.Volume.SparingUnitBytes.
- OutputBuffer.SoftwareSparing set to Open.File.Volume.SoftwareSparing.
- OutputBuffer.TotalSpareBlocks set to Open.File.Volume.TotalSpareBlocks.
- OutputBuffer.FreeSpareBlocks set to Open.File.Volume.FreeSpareBlocks.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - **BytesReturned** set to *sizeof(:* FILE\_QUERY\_SPARING\_BUFFER).
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

## 2.1.5.9.24 FSCTL\_READ\_FILE\_USN\_DATA

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataFile or DirectoryFile.
- InputBuffer: An optional array of bytes containing a READ\_FILE\_USN\_DATA structure, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.47.
- **InputBufferSize:** The number of bytes in the **InputBuffer**.
- **OutputBufferSize:** The maximum number of bytes to return in **OutputBuffer**.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.
- **OutputBuffer:** An array of bytes that will return a USN\_RECORD\_V2 or USN\_RECORD\_V3 as defined in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.48.
- **BytesReturned:** The number of bytes returned in **OutputBuffer**.

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_REQUEST.  $\leq 96 \geq$ 

This operation uses the following local variables:

- 16-bit unsigned integers: MinMajorVersionSupported, MaxMajorVersionSupported, MajorVersionToUse
- Unicode string: LinkNameToUse
- 32-bit unsigned integers: LinkNameLength, RecordLength

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

Set *MinMajorVersionSupported* to 2.

Set MaxMajorVersionSupported to 3.<97>

Set MajorVersionToUse to 2.

#### If **InputBufferSize** >= *sizeof(*READ\_FILE\_USN\_DATA):<<u><98></u>

 If InputBuffer.MinMajorVersion > InputBuffer.MaxMajorVersion, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.

- If InputBuffer.MinMajorVersion > MaxMajorVersionSupported or InputBuffer.MaxMajorVersion < MinMajorVersionSupported, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If **InputBuffer.MaxMajorVersion** >= 3, set *MajorVersionToUse* to 3.

EndIf

If *MajorVersionToUse* == 3:

 If OutputBufferSize is less than *sizeof(*USN\_RECORD\_V3), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_BUFFER\_TOO\_SMALL.

Else:

 If OutputBufferSize is less than *sizeof(*USN\_RECORD\_V2), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_BUFFER\_TOO\_SMALL.

EndIf

The object store MUST choose a link name to use in constructing the reply, as shown in the following pseudocode:

- Set *LinkNameToUse* to empty.
- For each *Link* in **Open.File.LinkList**:
  - If *Link*.**ShortName** is not empty:
    - Set *LinkNameToUse* to *Link*.**Name**.
    - Break out of the For loop.
  - ElseIf *LinkNameToUse* is empty:
    - Set *LinkNameToUse* to *Link*.**Name**.
  - EndIf
- EndFor

Set *LinkNameLength* to the length, in bytes, of *LinkNameToUse*.

If MajorVersionToUse == 3:

Set *RecordLength* to *BlockAlign(FieldOffset(USN\_RECORD\_V3.FileName) + LinkNameLength*, 8).

Else:

Set *RecordLength* to *BlockAlign(FieldOffset(*USN\_RECORD\_V2.FileName) + LinkNameLength, 8).

EndIf

If **OutputBufferSize** is less than *RecordLength*, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_BUFFER\_TOO\_SMALL.

If *MajorVersionToUse* == 3, the object store MUST fill **OutputBuffer** with a USN\_RECORD\_V3 structure as follows:

• **OutputBuffer.RecordLength** set to *RecordLength*.

- OutputBuffer.MajorVersion set to 3.
- **OutputBuffer.MinorVersion** set to 0.
- OutputBuffer.FileReferenceNumber set to Open.File.FileId128.
- OutputBuffer.ParentFileReferenceNumber set to Open.Link.ParentFile.FileId128.
- OutputBuffer.Usn set to Open.File.Usn.
- **OutputBuffer.TimeStamp** set to 0.
- **OutputBuffer.Reason** set to 0.
- **OutputBuffer.SourceInfo** set to 0.
- **OutputBuffer.SecurityId** set to 0.
- **OutputBuffer.FileAttributes** set to **Open.File.FileAttributes**, or to FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_NORMAL if **Open.File.FileAttributes** is 0.
- **OutputBuffer.FileNameLength** set to *LinkNameLength*.
- **OutputBuffer.FileName** set to *LinkNameToUse*.

Else the object store MUST fill **OutputBuffer** with a USN\_RECORD\_V2 structure as follows:

- **OutputBuffer.RecordLength** set to *RecordLength*.
- **OutputBuffer.MajorVersion** set to 2.
- **OutputBuffer.MinorVersion** set to 0.
- OutputBuffer.FileReferenceNumber set to Open.File.FileId64.
- OutputBuffer.ParentFileReferenceNumber set to Open.Link.ParentFile.FileId64.
- OutputBuffer.Usn set to Open.File.Usn.
- **OutputBuffer.TimeStamp** set to 0.
- **OutputBuffer.Reason** set to 0.
- **OutputBuffer.SourceInfo** set to 0.
- **OutputBuffer.SecurityId** set to 0.
- **OutputBuffer.FileAttributes** set to **Open.File.FileAttributes**, or to FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_NORMAL if **Open.File.FileAttributes** is 0.
- **OutputBuffer.FileNameLength** set to *LinkNameLength* .
- **OutputBuffer.FileName** set to *LinkNameToUse*.

#### EndIf

The object store MUST pad **OutputBuffer** with trailing bytes of zeroes to bring the total number of bytes written into **OutputBuffer** up to *RecordLength*.

Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:

• **BytesReturned** set to *RecordLength*.

• Status set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

## 2.1.5.9.25 FSCTL\_RECALL\_FILE

The server provides:

• **Open:** An **Open** of a DataFile.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

• **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_REQUEST.  $\leq 100 >$ 

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **Open.File.FileType** is DirectoryFile, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_HANDLE.
  - If **Open.File.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_OFFLINE** is not set:
    - // The file has already been recalled.
  - Else
    - Recall **Open.File** from remote storage.
    - Clear Open.File.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_OFFLINE
  - EndIf
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

## 2.1.5.9.26 FSCTL\_SET\_COMPRESSION

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataFile or DirectoryFile.
- InputBuffer: An array of bytes containing a USHORT value indicating the requested compression state of the stream, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.51.
- **InputBufferSize:** The number of bytes in **InputBuffer**.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

• **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_REQUEST. <101><102>

The operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER under any of the following conditions:

- InputBufferSize is less than sizeof(USHORT) (2 bytes).
- **InputBuffer.CompressionState** is not one of the predefined values in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.55.

- If InputBuffer.CompressionState != COMPRESSION\_FORMAT\_NONE:
  - If compression support is disabled in the object store, <103> the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_COMPRESSION\_DISABLED.
  - If Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize is greater than 4,096, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_REQUEST, because compression is not supported on volumes with a cluster size greater than 4 KB.
- EndIf
- If **Open.File.Volume.IsReadOnly** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_MEDIA\_WRITE\_PROTECTED.
- If **Open.Stream.IsEncrypted** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_REQUEST.
- If (InputBuffer.CompressionState == COMPRESSION\_FORMAT\_NONE and Open.Stream.IsCompressed is FALSE) or (InputBuffer.CompressionState != COMPRESSION\_FORMAT\_NONE and Open.Stream.IsCompressed is TRUE), the operation MUST return STATUS\_SUCCESS at this point.
- The object store MUST initialize *ChangedAllocation* to FALSE.
- The object store MUST post a USN change as specified in section <u>2.1.4.11</u> with File equal to File, Reason equal to USN\_REASON\_COMPRESSION\_CHANGE, and FileName equal to Open.Link.Name.
- If **InputBuffer.CompressionState** != COMPRESSION\_FORMAT\_NONE:
  - If Open.Stream.AllocationSize is less than *BlockAlign*(Open.Stream.AllocationSize, Open.File.Volume.CompressionUnitSize), the object store MUST increase Open.Stream.AllocationSize to *BlockAlign*(Open.Stream.AllocationSize, Open.File.Volume.CompressionUnitSize). If there is not enough disk space, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_DISK\_FULL; otherwise the object store MUST set *ChangedAllocation* to TRUE.
- EndIf
- If InputBuffer.CompressionState == COMPRESSION\_FORMAT\_NONE, the object store MUST set Open.Stream.IsCompressed to FALSE; otherwise it MUST be set to TRUE.
- If **Open.Stream.StreamType** is DirectoryStream or **Open.Stream.Name** is empty, the object store MUST propagate the compression state to **Open.File**:
  - If Open.Stream.IsCompressed is TRUE, the object store MUST set Open.File.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_COMPRESSED to TRUE; otherwise it MUST be set to FALSE.
- EndIf
- Send directory change notification as specified in section <u>2.1.4.1</u>, with Volume equal to Open.File.Volume, Action equal to FILE\_ACTION\_MODIFIED, FilterMatch equal to FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_ATTRIBUTES, and FileName equal to Open.FileName.
- If **Open.Stream.StreamType** is DirectoryStream, the operation MUST return STATUS\_SUCCESS at this point.

- If Open.Stream.IsCompressed is FALSE and Open.Stream.AllocationSize is greater than BlockAlign(Open.Stream.Size, Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize), the object store SHOULD free excess allocation by setting Open.Stream.AllocationSize to BlockAlign(Open.Stream.Size, Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize). If any allocation is freed in this way, the object store MUST set ChangedAllocation to TRUE.
- If Open.Stream.IsSparse is TRUE, the object store SHOULD free any allocated compression unit-aligned extents beyond Open.Stream.ValidDataLength. If any allocation is freed in this way, the object store MUST set *ChangedAllocation* to TRUE.
- If *ChangedAllocation* is TRUE and **Open.Stream.Name** is empty, the object store MUST set **Open.File.PendingNotifications.**FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_SIZE to TRUE.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

## 2.1.5.9.27 FSCTL\_SET\_DEFECT\_MANAGEMENT

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataStream.
- **InputBuffer:** An array of bytes containing a Boolean as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.57.
- **InputBufferSize:** The number of bytes in **InputBuffer**.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

• **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality or the target media is not a software defect-managed media, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_REQUEST.<104>

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **Open.Stream.StreamType** is DirectoryStream, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If **InputBufferSize** is less than *sizeof(*Boolean) (1 byte), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If **Open.File.OpenList** contains more than one Open on this stream, this operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_SHARING\_VIOLATION.
- The object store MUST set **Open.File.DisableDefectManagement** to **InputBuffer.Disable**.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

## 2.1.5.9.28 FSCTL\_SET\_ENCRYPTION

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataFile or DirectoryFile.
- **InputBuffer:** An array of bytes containing an ENCRYPTION\_BUFFER structure indicating the requested encryption state of the stream or file, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.57.

#### • InputBufferSize: The number of bytes in InputBuffer.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

• **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.

This operation uses the following local variables:

Boolean value (initialized to FALSE): *ChangedFileEncryption* 

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_REQUEST.  $\leq 105 >$ 

- If **Open.File.Volume.IsReadOnly** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_MEDIA\_WRITE\_PROTECTED.
- If InputBufferSize is smaller than *BlockAlign(sizeof(*ENCRYPTION\_BUFFER), 4), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_BUFFER\_TOO\_SMALL.
- The operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER under any of the following conditions:
  - If **InputBuffer.EncryptionOperation** is not one of the predefined values in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.57.
  - If InputBuffer.EncryptionOperation == STREAM\_SET\_ENCRYPTION and Open.Stream.IsCompressed is TRUE.
- If InputBuffer.EncryptionOperation == FILE\_SET\_ENCRYPTION:
  - If **Open.File.Attributes**.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_ENCRYPTED is FALSE:
    - The object store MUST set **Open.File.FileAttributes**.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_ENCRYPTED to TRUE.
    - The object store MUST set
       Open.File.PendingNotifications.FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_ATTRIBUTES to TRUE.
    - The object store MUST set *ChangedFileEncryption* to TRUE.
  - EndIf
- ElseIf InputBuffer.EncryptionOperation == FILE\_CLEAR\_ENCRYPTION:
  - If **Open.File.Attributes**.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_ENCRYPTED is TRUE:
    - If there exists an *ExistingStream* in **Open.File.StreamList** such that *ExistingStream*.**IsEncrypted** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_REQUEST.
    - The object store MUST set **Open.File.FileAttributes**.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_ENCRYPTED to FALSE.
    - The object store MUST set
       Open.File.PendingNotifications.FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_ATTRIBUTES to TRUE.
    - The object store MUST set *ChangedFileEncryption* to TRUE.
  - EndIf

- ElseIf InputBuffer.EncryptionOperation == STREAM\_SET\_ENCRYPTION:
  - If **Open.Stream.IsEncrypted** is FALSE:
    - The object store MUST set **Open.Stream.IsEncrypted** to TRUE.
    - If **Open.File.Attributes**.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_ENCRYPTED is FALSE:
      - The object store MUST set **Open.File.FileAttributes**.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_ENCRYPTED to TRUE.
      - The object store MUST set
         Open.File.PendingNotifications.FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_ATTRIBUTES to TRUE.
    - EndIf
  - EndIf
- Else: // InputBuffer.EncryptionOperation == STREAM\_CLEAR\_ENCRYPTION
  - If **Open.Stream.IsEncrypted** is TRUE:
    - The object store MUST set **Open.Stream.IsEncrypted** to FALSE.
    - If there does not exist an *ExistingStream* in **Open.File.StreamList** such that *ExistingStream*.**IsEncrypted** is TRUE:
      - The object store MUST set **Open.File.FileAttributes**.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_ENCRYPTED to FALSE.
      - The object store MUST set
         Open.File.PendingNotifications.FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_ATTRIBUTES to TRUE.
    - EndIf
  - EndIf
- EndIf
- The object store MUST update the duplicated information as specified in section <u>2.1.4.18</u> with Link equal to **Open.Link**.
- If **Open.File.PendingNotifications** is nonzero:
  - Set *FilterMatch* = (**Open.File.PendingNotifications** | **Open.Link.PendingNotifications**).
  - Send directory change notification as specified in section <u>2.1.4.1</u>, with Volume equal to Open.File.Volume, Action equal to FILE\_ACTION\_MODIFIED, FilterMatch equal to *FilterMatch*, and FileName equal to Open.FileName.
  - For each *ExistingLink* in **Open.Link.ParentFile.DirectoryList**:
    - If *ExistingLink* is not equal to **Open.Link**:
      - ExistingLink.PendingNotifications |= Open.File.PendingNotifications
    - EndIf
  - EndFor
  - Set Open.Link.PendingNotifications to zero.
  - Set **Open.File.PendingNotifications** to zero.

- EndIf
- If the **Oplock** member of the **DirectoryStream** in **Open.Link.ParentFile.StreamList** (hereinafter referred to as *ParentOplock*) is not empty, the object store MUST check for an oplock break on the parent according to the algorithm in section <u>2.1.4.12</u>, with input values as follows:
  - Open equal to this operation's Open
  - **Oplock** equal to *ParentOplock*
  - **Operation** equal to "FS\_CONTROL"
  - **OpParams** containing a member **ControlCode** containing "FSCTL\_SET\_ENCRYPTION"
  - Flags equal to "PARENT\_OBJECT"
- The object store MUST post a USN change as specified in section <u>2.1.4.11</u> with File equal to File, Reason equal to USN\_REASON\_ENCRYPTION\_CHANGE, and FileName equal to Open.Link.Name.
- If *ChangedFileEncryption* is TRUE:
  - If Open.UserSetChangeTime is FALSE, update Open.File.LastChangeTime to the current time.
  - Set **Open.File.FileAttributes**.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_ARCHIVE to TRUE.
- EndIf
- Upon successful completion of this operation, the object store MUST return:
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

## 2.1.5.9.29 FSCTL\_SET\_INTEGRITY\_INFORMATION

The server provides: <106>

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataFile or DirectoryFile.
- InputBuffer: An array of bytes containing an FSCTL\_SET\_INTEGRITY\_INFORMATION\_BUFFER structure indicating the requested integrity state of the directory or file, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.59.
- **InputBufferSize:** The number of bytes in **InputBuffer**.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

• **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_REQUEST. <107><108>

The operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER under any of the following conditions:

- **InputBufferSize** is less than *sizeof(*FSCTL\_SET\_INTEGRITY\_INFORMATION\_BUFFER).
- **InputBuffer.ChecksumAlgorithm** is not one of the predefined values in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.59.

- If **Open.File.Volume.IsReadOnly** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_MEDIA\_WRITE\_PROTECTED.
- If **Open.Stream.StreamType** is DirectoryStream:
  - The object store MUST post a USN change as specified in section <u>2.1.4.11</u> with File equal to Directory, Reason equal to USN\_REASON\_INTEGRITY\_CHANGE, and FileName equal to **Open.Link.Name**.
  - If InputBuffer.ChecksumAlgorithm != CHECKSUM\_TYPE\_UNCHANGED, the object store MUST set Open.Stream.CheckSumAlgorithm to InputBuffer.ChecksumAlgorithm.
- EndIf
- If **Open.Stream.StreamType** is DataStream:
  - The object store MUST post a USN change as specified in section 2.1.4.11 with File equal to File, Reason equal to USN\_REASON\_INTEGRITY\_CHANGE, and FileName equal to Open.Link.Name.
  - If InputBuffer.ChecksumAlgorithm != CHECKSUM\_TYPE\_UNCHANGED, the object store MUST set Open.Stream.CheckSumAlgorithm to InputBuffer.ChecksumAlgorithm.
  - If (InputBuffer.Flags & FSCTL\_INTEGRITY\_FLAG\_CHECKSUM\_ENFORCEMENT\_OFF) != 0,
    - The object store MUST set **Open.Stream.StreamChecksumEnforcementOff** to TRUE.
  - Else:
    - The object store MUST set **Open.Stream.StreamChecksumEnforcementOff** to FALSE.
  - EndIf
- EndIf
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

#### 2.1.5.9.30 FSCTL\_SET\_OBJECT\_ID

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataFile or DirectoryFile.
- InputBuffer: An array of bytes containing a FILE\_OBJECTID\_BUFFER structure as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.3.
- **InputBufferSize:** The number of bytes in **InputBuffer**.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

• **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_REQUEST.  $\leq 109 >$ 

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

 If InputBufferSize is not equal to sizeof(FILE\_OBJECTID\_BUFFER), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.

- If **Volume.IsReadOnly** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_MEDIA\_WRITE\_PROTECTED.
- If **Open.File.Volume.IsObjectIDsSupported** is FALSE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_VOLUME\_NOT\_UPGRADED.
- If **Open.HasRestoreAccess** is FALSE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_ACCESS\_DENIED.
- If **Open.File.ObjectId** is not empty, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_OBJECT\_NAME\_COLLISION.
- If InputBuffer.ObjectId is not unique on Open.File.Volume, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_DUPLICATE\_NAME.
- Before completing the operation successfully, the object store MUST set:
  - Open.File.LastChangeTime to the current time.
  - Post a USN change as specified in section <u>2.1.4.11</u> with File equal to File, Reason equal to USN\_REASON\_OBJECT\_ID\_CHANGE, and FileName equal to Open.Link.Name.
  - Open.File.ObjectId to InputBuffer.ObjectId.
  - **Open.File.BirthVolumeId** to **InputBuffer.BirthVolumeId**.
  - **Open.File.BirthObjectId** to **InputBuffer.BirthObjectId**.
  - **Open.File.DomainId** to **InputBuffer.DomainId**.
  - The object store MUST construct a FILE\_OBJECTID\_INFORMATION structure (as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.28.1) ObjectIdInfo as follows:
    - *ObjectIdInfo*.**FileReference** set to zero.
    - *ObjectIdInfo*.**ObjectId** set to **Open.File.ObjectId**.
    - *ObjectIdInfo*.**BirthVolumeId** set to **Open.File.BirthVolumeId**.
    - *ObjectIdInfo*.**BirthObjectId** set to **Open.File.BirthObjectId**.
    - *ObjectIdInfo*.**DomainId** set to **Open.File.DomainId**.
  - Send directory change notification as specified in section <u>2.1.4.1</u>, with Volume equal to Open.File.Volume, Action equal to FILE\_ACTION\_ADDED, FilterMatch equal to FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_FILE\_NAME, FileName equal to "\\$Extend\\$ObjId", NotifyData equal to ObjectIdInfo, and NotifyDataLength equal to *sizeof(*FILE\_OBJECTID\_INFORMATION).

Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:

• **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

#### 2.1.5.9.31 FSCTL\_SET\_OBJECT\_ID\_EXTENDED

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataFile or DirectoryFile.
- **InputBuffer:** An array of bytes containing a FILE\_OBJECTID\_BUFFER structure as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.3.1.
- **InputBufferSize:** The number of bytes in **InputBuffer**.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

• **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_REQUEST.  $\leq 111 > 1000$ 

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **InputBufferSize** is not equal to *sizeof(*ObjectId.ExtendedInfo) (48 bytes), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If Volume.IsReadOnly is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_MEDIA\_WRITE\_PROTECTED.
- If **Open.File.Volume.IsObjectIDsSupported** is FALSE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_VOLUME\_NOT\_UPGRADED.
- If **Open.GrantedAccess** contains neither FILE\_WRITE\_DATA nor FILE\_WRITE\_ATTRIBUTES, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_ACCESS\_DENIED.
- If **Open.File.ObjectId** is empty, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_OBJECTID\_NOT\_FOUND.

Before completing the operation successfully, the object store MUST set:

- Open.File.LastChangeTime to the current time.
- Post a USN change as specified in section <u>2.1.4.11</u> with File equal to File, Reason equal to USN\_REASON\_OBJECT\_ID\_CHANGE, and FileName equal to Open.Link.Name.
- Open.File.BirthVolumeId to InputBuffer.BirthVolumeId.
- Open.File.BirthObjectId to InputBuffer.BirthObjectId.
- **Open.File.DomainId** to **InputBuffer.DomainId**.

Upon successful completion of this operation, the object store MUST return:

• **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

## 2.1.5.9.32 FSCTL\_SET\_REPARSE\_POINT

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataFile or DirectoryFile.
- **InputBufferSize:** The byte count of the **InputBuffer**.
- InputBuffer: An array of bytes containing a REPARSE\_DATA\_BUFFER or REPARSE\_GUID\_DATA\_BUFFER structure as defined in [MS-FSCC] sections 2.1.2.2 and 2.1.2.3, respectively.

On completion, the object store **MUST** return:

• **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_REQUEST.  $\leq 113 > 1000$ 

- Phase 1 -- Verify the parameters
- If (**Open.GrantedAccess** & (FILE\_WRITE\_DATA | FILE\_WRITE\_ATTRIBUTES)) == 0, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_ACCESS\_DENIED.
- If **Open.File.Volume.IsReadOnly** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_MEDIA\_WRITE\_PROTECTED.
- If **Open.File.Volume.IsReparsePointsSupported** is FALSE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_VOLUME\_NOT\_UPGRADED.
- If **InputBufferSize** is smaller than 8 bytes, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_IO\_REPARSE\_DATA\_INVALID.
- If **InputBufferSize** is larger than 16384 bytes, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_IO\_REPARSE\_DATA\_INVALID.
- If (InputBufferSize != InputBuffer.ReparseDataLength + 8) && (InputBufferSize != InputBuffer.ReparseDataLength + 24), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_IO\_REPARSE\_DATA\_INVALID.
- If **InputBuffer.ReparseTag** == IO\_REPARSE\_TAG\_MOUNT\_POINT and **Open.File.FileType** != DirectoryFile, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_NOT\_A\_DIRECTORY.
- If InputBuffer.ReparseTag == IO\_REPARSE\_TAG\_SYMLINK and Open.HasCreateSymbolicLinkAccess is FALSE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_ACCESS\_DENIED.
- If Open.File.FileType == DirectoryFile and Open.File.DirectoryList is not empty, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_DIRECTORY\_NOT\_EMPTY.
- If Open.File.FileType == DataFile and InputBuffer.ReparseTag == IO\_REPARSE\_TAG\_SYMLINK and Open.Stream.Size is nonzero, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_IO\_REPARSE\_DATA\_INVALID.
- If Open.File.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_REPARSE\_POINT is not set and Open.File.ExtendedAttributesLength is nonzero, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_EAS\_NOT\_SUPPORTED.
- Phase 2 -- Update the File
- If **Open.File.ReparseTag** is not empty (indicating that a **reparse point** is already assigned):
  - If **Open.File.ReparseTag** != **InputBuffer.ReparseTag**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_IO\_REPARSE\_TAG\_MISMATCH.
  - If Open.File.ReparseTag is a non-Microsoft tag and Open.File.ReparseGUID is not equal to InputBuffer.ReparseGUID, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_REPARSE\_ATTRIBUTE\_CONFLICT.
  - Copy InputBuffer.DataBuffer to Open.File.ReparseData.
- Else
  - Set **Open.File.ReparseTag** to **InputBuffer.ReparseTag**.
  - If InputBuffer.ReparseTag is a non-Microsoft Tag, then set Open.File.ReparseGUID to InputBuffer.ReparseGUID.
  - Set **Open.File.ReparseData** to **InputBuffer.ReparseData**.

- Set **Open.File.FileAttributes**.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_REPARSE\_POINT to TRUE.
- EndIf
- If Open.File.FileType == DataFile, set Open.File.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_ARCHIVE to TRUE.
- Update Open.File.LastChangeTime to the current system time.

Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:

• **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

### 2.1.5.9.33 FSCTL\_SET\_SHORT\_NAME\_BEHAVIOR

This control code is reserved for the **WinPE**  $\leq 115 \geq$  environment; the object store MUST return STATUS\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_REQUEST.

### 2.1.5.9.34 FSCTL\_SET\_SPARSE

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataStream.
- **InputBufferSize:** The byte count of the **InputBuffer**.
- **InputBuffer:** A buffer of type FILE\_SET\_SPARSE\_BUFFER as defined in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.67.

On completion, the object store **MUST** return:

• **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_REQUEST. <116><117>

- If **Open.Stream.StreamType** != DataStream, the object store MUST fail the operation and return STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If **Open.File.Volume.IsReadOnly** is TRUE, the object store MUST return STATUS\_MEDIA\_WRITE\_PROTECTED.
- If Open.GrantedAccess.FILE\_WRITE\_DATA is FALSE and Open.GrantedAccess.FILE\_WRITE\_ATTRIBUTES is FALSE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_ACCESS\_DENIED.
- The object store MUST post a USN change as specified in section <u>2.1.4.11</u> with File equal to File, Reason equal to USN\_REASON\_BASIC\_INFO\_CHANGE, and FileName equal to Open.Link.Name. If InputBuffer.SetSparse is TRUE:
  - The object store MUST set **Open.Stream.IsSparse** to TRUE.
  - The object store MUST set **Open.File.FileAttributes.**FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_SPARSE\_FILE to TRUE, indicating that at least one stream of the file is sparse.
- Else
  - For each *Extent* in **Open.Stream.ExtentList**:

- If *Extent*.LCN is un-allocated as specified in [MS-FSCC] 2.3.26.1:
  - The object store MUST fully allocate the *Extent*. If the space cannot be allocated, then the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_DISK\_FULL. The object store is not required to revert any allocations performed during the operation.
- EndIf
- EndFor
- The object store MUST set **Open.Stream.IsSparse** to FALSE.
- If there does not exist an *ExistingStream* in **Open.File.StreamList** such that *ExistingStream*.**IsSparse** is TRUE:
  - The object store MUST set **Open.File.FileAttributes.**FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_SPARSE\_FILE to FALSE, indicating that no streams of the file are sparse.
- EndIf
- EndIf
- Set **Open.File.PendingNotifications.**FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_ATTRIBUTES to TRUE.
- Upon successful completion of this operation, the object store MUST return:
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

# 2.1.5.9.35 FSCTL\_SET\_ZERO\_DATA

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataStream.
- **InputBufferSize:** The byte count of the **InputBuffer**.
- InputBuffer: An array of bytes containing a FILE\_ZERO\_DATA\_INFORMATION structure as defined in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.73.

On completion, the object store **MUST** return:

• **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.

This algorithm uses the following local variables:

- 64-bit signed integers: *StartingOffset*, *CurrentBytes*, *CurrentOffset*, *CurrentFinalByte*, *NextVcn*, *CurrentVcn*, *ClusterCount*
- 64-bit signed integer initialized to -1: *LastOffset*

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_REQUEST. <118><119>

The operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER under any of the following conditions:

- InputBufferSize is less than *sizeof(*FILE\_ZERO\_DATA\_INFORMATION).
- **InputBuffer.FileOffset** is less than 0.
- **InputBuffer.BeyondFinalZero** is less than 0.

- InputBuffer.FileOffset is greater than InputBuffer.BeyondFinalZero.
- **Open.Stream.StreamType** is not DataStream.

- If **Open.File.Volume.IsReadOnly** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_MEDIA\_WRITE\_PROTECTED.
- Set *StartingOffset* equal to **InputBuffer.FileOffset**.
- While TRUE:
  - If **Open.Stream.IsDeleted** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_FILE\_DELETED.
  - If *StartingOffset* is greater than or equal to **Open.Stream.Size**, or if *StartingOffset* is greater than or equal to **InputBuffer.BeyondFinalZero**, break out of the while loop.
  - Set *CurrentBytes* to **InputBuffer.BeyondFinalZero** *StartingOffset*.
  - If **InputBuffer.BeyondFinalZero** is greater than **Open.Stream.Size**, set *CurrentBytes* to **Open.Stream.Size** *StartingOffset*.
  - If *CurrentBytes* is greater than 0x40000000 (1 gigabyte), set *CurrentBytes* to 0x40000000.
  - If **Open.Stream.Oplock** is not empty, the object store MUST check for an oplock break according to the algorithm in section <u>2.1.4.12</u>, with input values as follows:
    - **Open** equal to this operation's **Open**
    - **Oplock** equal to **Open.Stream.Oplock**
    - **Operation** equal to "FS\_CONTROL"
    - **OpParams** containing a member **ControlCode** containing "FSCTL\_SET\_ZERO\_DATA"
  - The object store MUST check for byte range lock conflicts using the algorithm described in section 2.1.4.10 with ByteOffset set to StartingOffset, Length set to CurrentBytes, IsExclusive set to TRUE, LockIntent set to FALSE and Open set to Open. If a conflict is detected, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_FILE\_LOCK\_CONFLICT.
  - The object store MUST post a USN change as specified in section <u>2.1.4.11</u> with File equal to File, Reason equal to USN\_REASON\_DATA\_OVERWRITE, and FileName equal to Open.Link.Name.
  - The object store MUST note that the file has been modified as specified in section 2.1.4.17 with **Open** equal to **Open**.
  - If *LastOffset* is -1 and *StartingOffset* is greater than **Open.Stream.ValidDataLength**:
    - Zero the data in the file according to the algorithm in section <u>2.1.5.9.35.1</u>, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
      - Pass in the current **Open**.
      - StartingZero equal to Open.Stream.ValidDataLength.
      - ByteCount equal to StartingOffset -Open.Stream.ValidDataLength.
  - EndIf

- If **Open.Stream.IsCompressed** is TRUE, or if **Open.Stream.IsSparse** is TRUE:
  - Set CurrentOffset to StartingOffset & ~(Open.File.Volume.CompressionUnitSize 1). This aligns the starting point to a compression unit boundary, since when setting zero ranges on a sparse or compressed file, allocation is deleted in compression unit-aligned chunks.
  - Set *CurrentFinalByte* to **InputBuffer.BeyondFinalZero**.
  - If CurrentFinalByte is greater than or equal to Open.Stream.Size, set CurrentFinalByte to BlockAlign(Open.Stream.Size, Open.File.Volume.CompressionUnitSize).
  - Set NextVcn and CurrentVcn equal to ClustersFromBytesTruncate(Open.File.Volume, CurrentOffset).
  - While an unallocated range of the file exists starting at *NextVcn*:
    - *NextVcn* += The size of the unallocated range in **clusters**.
    - If (*NextVcn* \* **Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize**) is greater than or equal to *CurrentFinalByte*:
      - NextVcn = ClustersFromBytesTruncate(Open.File.Volume, CurrentFinalByte).
      - Break out of the While loop.
    - EndIf
  - EndWhile
  - NextVcn = BlockAlignTruncate(NextVcn, ClustersFromBytes(Open.File.Volume, Open.File.Volume.CompressionUnitSize) ). This aligns NextVcn to a compression unit boundary.
  - If *NextVcn* != *CurrentVcn*:
    - ClusterCount = NextVcn CurrentVcn
    - CurrentVcn += ClusterCount
  - EndIf
  - CurrentOffset = (CurrentVcn \* Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize)
  - If *CurrentOffset* >= *CurrentFinalByte*, break out of the while loop.
  - If CurrentOffset < StartingOffset:
    - If there are not enough free clusters on the storage media to accommodate a write of Open.File.Volume.CompressionUnitSize bytes, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_DISK\_FULL. The object store is not required to undo any file zeroing or range deallocation that has been performed during the operation.
    - CurrentBytes = Open.File.Volume.CompressionUnitSize (StartingOffset -CurrentOffset)
    - If (CurrentOffset + Open.File.Volume.CompressionUnitSize) > CurrentFinalByte:
      - CurrentBytes = CurrentFinalByte StartingOffset
    - EndIf

- The object store MUST write *CurrentBytes* zeroes into the stream beginning at *CurrentOffset* + (*StartingOffset* & (**Open.File.Volume.CompressionUnitSize** - 1)).
- CurrentOffset += (StartingOffset & (Open.File.Volume.CompressionUnitSize 1))
- ElseIf CurrentOffset + Open.File.Volume.CompressionUnitSize > CurrentFinalByte:
  - If there are not enough free clusters on the storage media to accommodate a write of Open.File.Volume.CompressionUnitSize bytes, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_DISK\_FULL. The object store is not required to undo any file zeroing or range deallocation that has been performed during the operation.
  - CurrentBytes = CurrentFinalByte & (**Open.File.Volume.CompressionUnitSize** 1)
  - The object store MUST write *CurrentBytes* zeroes into the stream beginning at *CurrentOffset*.
- Else
  - CurrentBytes = CurrentFinalByte CurrentOffset
  - If *CurrentBytes* is greater than 0x40000000, set *CurrentBytes* to 0x40000000.
  - CurrentBytes = BlockAlignTruncate(CurrentBytes, Open.File.Volume.CompressionUnitSize)
  - If (CurrentBytes != 0) and (NextVcn <= (CurrentVcn +ClustersFromBytesTruncate(Open.File.Volume, CurrentBytes) - 1)):
    - The object store MUST delete CurrentVcn + ClustersFromBytesTruncate(Open.File.Volume, CurrentBytes) - 1 clusters of allocation from the stream starting with the cluster at NextVcn.
  - EndIf
- EndIf
- Else
  - CurrentOffset = StartingOffset
  - CurrentFinalByte = ((CurrentOffset + 0x40000) & -(0x40000))
  - If *CurrentFinalByte* is greater than or equal to **Open.Stream.Size**, set *CurrentFinalByte* to **Open.Stream.Size**.
  - If *CurrentFinalByte* is greater than **InputBuffer.BeyondFinalZero**, set *CurrentFinalByte* to **InputBuffer.BeyondFinalZero**.
  - CurrentBytes = CurrentFinalByte CurrentOffset
  - If *CurrentBytes* != 0 and *CurrentOffset* is less than **Open.Stream.ValidDataLength**:
    - The object store MUST write *CurrentBytes* zeroes into the stream beginning at *CurrentOffset*.
  - EndIf
- EndIf
- If CurrentOffset + CurrentBytes is greater than Open.Stream.ValidDataLength and StartingOffset is less than Open.Stream.ValidDataLength:

- The object store MUST set **Open.Stream.ValidDataLength** equal to *CurrentOffset* + *CurrentBytes*.
- EndIf
- LastOffset = StartingOffset
- If *CurrentBytes* != 0, set *StartingOffset* equal to *CurrentOffset* + *CurrentBytes*.
- EndWhile
- If **Open.Mode** contains either FILE\_NO\_INTERMEDIATE\_BUFFERING or FILE\_WRITE\_THROUGH, the object store MUST flush all changes to the stream made during this operation, including any file size changes, to stable storage, and MUST fail the operation if the underlying physical storage reports an error flushing the data.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

### 2.1.5.9.35.1 Algorithm to Zero Data Beyond ValidDataLength

This algorithm returns no value.

The inputs for the algorithm are:

- **ThisOpen:** The **Open** for the stream being zeroed.
- **StartingZero:** A 64-bit signed integer. The offset into the stream to begin zeroing.
- **ByteCount:** The number of bytes to zero.

The algorithm uses the following local variables:

• 64-bit signed integers: ZeroStart, BeyondZeroEnd, LastCompressionUnit, ClustersToDeallocate

Pseudocode for the algorithm is as follows:

- Set ZeroStart to BlockAlign(StartingZero, ThisOpen.File.Volume.LogicalBytesPerSector).
- Set BeyondZeroEnd to BlockAlign(StartingZero + ByteCount, ThisOpen.File.Volume.LogicalBytesPerSector).
- If (ThisOpen.Stream.IsCompressed is FALSE) and (ThisOpen.Stream.IsSparse is FALSE) and (ZeroStart != StartingZero):
  - The object store MUST write zeroes into the stream from **StartingZero** to *ZeroStart*.
- EndIf
- If ((ThisOpen.Stream.IsCompressed is TRUE) or

(ThisOpen.Stream.IsSparse is TRUE)) and

(ByteCount > ThisOpen.File.Volume.CompressionUnitSize \* 2):

- If *BlockAlign*(*ZeroStart*, **ThisOpen.File.Volume.CompressionUnitSize**) != *ZeroStart*:
  - The object store MUST write zeroes into the stream from ZeroStart to BlockAlign(ZeroStart, ThisOpen.File.Volume.CompressionUnitSize).

- The object store MUST set ThisOpen.Stream.ValidDataLength to BlockAlign(ZeroStart, ThisOpen.File.Volume.CompressionUnitSize).
- Set ZeroStart equal to BlockAlign(ZeroStart, ThisOpen.File.Volume.CompressionUnitSize).
- EndIf
- Set LastCompressionUnit equal to BlockAlignTruncate(BeyondZeroEnd, ThisOpen.File.Volume.CompressionUnitSize).
- Set ClustersToDeallocate equal to ClustersFromBytes(ThisOpen.File.Volume, LastCompressionUnit - ZeroStart).
- The object store MUST delete *ClusterToDeallocate* clusters of allocation from the stream starting with the cluster at *ClustersFromBytes*(ThisOpen.File.Volume, *ZeroStart*).
- If LastCompressionUnit != BeyondZeroEnd:
  - The object store MUST write zeroes into the stream from *LastCompressionUnit* to *BeyondZeroEnd*.
  - The object store MUST set ThisOpen.Stream.ValidDataLength equal to StartingZero + ByteCount.
- EndIf
- The algorithm returns at this point.
- EndIf
- If ZeroStart = BeyondZeroEnd
  - The algorithm returns at this point.
- EndIf
- The object store MUST write zeroes into the stream from ZeroStart to BeyondZeroEnd.
- The object store MUST set ThisOpen.Stream.ValidDataLength equal to StartingZero + ByteCount.

### 2.1.5.9.36 FSCTL\_SET\_ZERO\_ON\_DEALLOCATION

The server provides:

• **Open:** An **Open** of a DataStream.

On completion the object store MUST return:

• **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_REQUEST.  $\leq 120 >$ 

The operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_ACCESS\_DENIED under either of the following conditions:

- **Open.Stream.StreamType** is not DataStream.
- **Open.GrantedAccess** contains neither FILE\_WRITE\_DATA nor FILE\_APPEND\_DATA.

- The object store MUST set **Open.Stream.ZeroOnDeallocate** to TRUE.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

# 2.1.5.9.37 FSCTL\_SIS\_COPYFILE

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataStream or DirectoryStream.
- **InputBuffer:** An array of bytes containing a single SI\_COPYFILE structure indicating the source and destination files to copy, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.73.
- **InputBufferSize:** The number of bytes in **InputBuffer**.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

• **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.

This routine uses the following local variables:

• **Opens**: SourceOpen, DestinationOpen

The purpose of this operation is to make it look like a copy from the source file to the destination file has occurred when in reality no data is actually copied. This operation modifies the source file in such a way that the **clusters** associated with it can be shared across multiple files. The destination file is created and modified to point at the same shared clusters that the source file points to.<121>

Support for Single Instance Storage is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_REQUEST.<<122>

- If **Open.IsAdministrator** is FALSE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_ACCESS\_DENIED.
- If **InputBufferSizes** is less than **sizeof(**SI\_COPYFILE), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER\_1.
- If InputBuffer.Flags contains any flags besides COPYFILE\_SIS\_LINK and COPYFILE\_SIS\_REPLACE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER\_2.
- If **InputBuffer.SourceFileNameLength** or **InputBuffer.DestinationFileNameLength** is <= zero, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER\_3.
- If InputBuffer.SourceFileNameLength or InputBuffer.DestinationFileNameLength is > MAXUSHORT (0xfff), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If *FieldOffset*(InputBuffer.SourceFileName) + InputBuffer.SourceFileNameLength + InputBuffer.DestinationFileNameLength is > InputBufferSize, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER\_4.
- SourceOpen set to the **Open** returned from a successful call to open a file as defined in section 2.1.5.1, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
  - RootOpen: Set to Open.RootOpen.
  - PathName: Set to InputBuffer.SourceFileName.
  - SecurityContext: Set to empty.

- **DesiredAccess:** Set to GENERIC\_READ.
- ShareAccess: If the source file is already controlled by SIS (meaning the source file already has a reparse point of type IO\_REPARSE\_TAG\_SIS), then set to FILE\_SHARE\_READ, else set to zero.
- **CreateOptions:** Set To FILE\_NON\_DIRECTORY\_FILE | FILE\_NO\_INTERMEDIATE\_BUFFERING.
- **CreateDisposition:** Set to FILE\_OPEN.
- **DesiredFileAttributes:** Set to FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_NORMAL.
- **IsCaseInsensitive:** Set to TRUE.
- TargetOplockKey: Set to Empty.
- If the request fails, this operation MUST be failed with the returned STATUS.
- The operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_OBJECT\_TYPE\_MISMATCH under any of the following conditions:
  - If *SourceOpen*.**File.LinkList** contains more than one entry (meaning this file has hardlinks).
  - If *SourceOpen*.**Stream**.**IsEncrypted** is TRUE.
  - If *SourceOpen*.**File.ReparseTag** is empty or is not IO\_REPARSE\_TAG\_SIS (as defined in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.2.1) and **InputBuffer.Flags.COPYFILE\_SIS\_LINK** is TRUE.
- If *SourceOpen*.**File.ReparseTag** is not empty and is not IO\_REPARSE\_TAG\_SIS, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- DestinationOpen set to the Open returned from a successful call to create a file as defined in section 2.1.5.1, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
  - **RootOpen:** Set to **Open.RootOpen**.
  - PathName: Set to InputBuffer.DestinationFileName.
  - SecurityContext: Set to empty.
  - **DesiredAccess:** Set to GENERIC\_READ | GENERIC\_WRITE | DELETE.
  - ShareAccess: Set to zero.
  - **CreateOptions:** Set to FILE\_NON\_DIRECTORY\_FILE.
  - **CreateDisposition:** If **InputBuffer.Flags.COPYFILE\_SIS\_REPLACE** is TRUE, set to FILE\_OVERWRITE\_IF, else set to FILE\_CREATE.
  - **DesiredFileAttributes:** Set to FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_NORMAL.
  - **IsCaseInsensitive:** Set to TRUE.
  - TargetOplockKey: Set to Empty.
- If the request fails, this operation MUST be failed with the returned STATUS.
- If SourceOpen.File.Volume is not equal to DestinationOpen.File.Volume is not equal to Open.File.Volume, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_NOT\_SAME\_DEVICE.
- Share the clusters between the source and destination file.
- DestinationOpen.ReparseTag set to IO\_REPARSE\_TAG\_SIS.

- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

# 2.1.5.9.38 FSCTL\_WRITE\_USN\_CLOSE\_RECORD

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataStream or DirectoryStream.
- **OutputBufferSize:** The maximum number of bytes to return in **OutputBuffer**.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.
- OutputBuffer: An array of bytes that will return a Usn structure representing the current USN of the file, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.76.
- **BytesReturned:** The number of bytes returned in **OutputBuffer**.

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_REQUEST.  $\underline{<126>}$ 

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **Open.File.Volume.IsReadOnly** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_MEDIA\_WRITE\_PROTECTED.
- If OutputBufferSize is less than *sizeof(Usn)*, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If **Open.File.Volume.IsUsnJournalActive** is FALSE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_JOURNAL\_NOT\_ACTIVE.
- The object store MUST post a USN change as specified in section <u>2.1.4.11</u> with File equal to File, Reason equal to USN\_REASON\_CLOSE, and FileName equal to Open.Link.Name.
- The object store MUST populate the fields of **OutputBuffer** as follows:
  - OutputBuffer.Usn set to Open.File.Usn.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - BytesReturned set to sizeof(Usn).
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

# 2.1.5.10 Server Requests Change Notifications for a Directory

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DirectoryStream or ViewIndexStream.
- **OutputBufferSize:** The maximum number of bytes to return in **OutputBuffer**.
- **WatchTree:** A Boolean indicating whether the directory is monitored recursively.
- CompletionFilter: A 32-bit unsigned integer composed of flags indicating the types of changes to monitor as specified in [MS-SMB2] section 2.2.35.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.
- **OutputBuffer:** An array of bytes containing the notification data.
- **ByteCount:** The count of the bytes in the array.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- The Open.File.Volume.ChangeNotifyList MUST be searched for a ChangeNotifyEntry where ChangeNotifyEntry.OpenedDirectory matches Open.
- If there were no matching **ChangeNotifyEntries**, one MUST be constructed so that:
  - ChangeNotifyEntry.OpenedDirectory points to Open.
  - ChangeNotifyEntry.WatchTree is set to WatchTree.
  - ChangeNotifyEntry.CompletionFilter is set to CompletionFilter.
  - ChangeNotifyEntry.NotifyEventList is initialized to an empty list.
  - Insert ChangeNotifyEntry at the end of Open.File.Volume.ChangeNotifyList.
- EndIf
- Insert operation into CancelableOperations.CancelableOperationList.
- Wait for a Change Notify as specified in section 2.1.5.10.1

#### 2.1.5.10.1 Waiting for Change Notification to be Reported

Wait until the following conditions are satisfied:

- There are one or more elements in **ChangeNotifyEntry.NotifyEventList**.
- This change notification request is the oldest outstanding request on this **Open**. This means
  multiple change notification requests on the same **Open** are completed sequentially and in first-infirst-out (FIFO) order.
- The operation is canceled as specified in section <u>2.1.5.19</u>.

- When a **ChangeNotifyEntry**.**NotifyEventList** element is available:
  - If all entries from ChangeNotifyEntry.NotifyEventList fit in OutputBufferSize bytes:
    - Remove all NotifyEventEntries from ChangeNotifyEntry.NotifyEventList.
      - Copy NotifyEventEntries to OutputBuffer.
      - Set Status to STATUS\_SUCCESS.
      - Set ByteCount to the size of OutputBuffer, in bytes.
  - Else:
    - Set **Status** to STATUS\_NOTIFY\_ENUM\_DIR.
    - Set ByteCount to zero.

- EndIf
- EndIf

### 2.1.5.11 Server Requests a Query of File Information

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataStream or DirectoryStream.
- **OutputBufferSize:** The maximum number of bytes to be returned in **OutputBuffer**.
- **FileInformationClass:** The type of information being queried, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.
- **OutputBuffer:** An array of bytes containing the file information. The structure of these bytes is dependent on **FileInformationClass**, as noted in the relevant subsection.
- **ByteCount:** The number of bytes stored in **OutputBuffer**.

If **FileInformationClass** is not defined in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_INFO\_CLASS.

### 2.1.5.11.1 FileAccessInformation

**OutputBuffer** is of type FILE\_ACCESS\_INFORMATION as described in [MS-FSCC] 2.4.1.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If OutputBufferSize is smaller than *sizeof(*FILE\_ACCESS\_INFORMATION), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INFO\_LENGTH\_MISMATCH.
- **OutputBuffer** MUST be constructed as follows:
  - **OutputBuffer.AccessFlags** set to **Open.GrantedAccess**.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - ByteCount set to sizeof(FILE\_ACCESS\_INFORMATION)
  - Status set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

### 2.1.5.11.2 FileAlignmentInformation

**OutputBuffer** is of type FILE\_ALIGNMENT\_INFORMATION as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.3.

- If OutputBufferSize is smaller than *sizeof(*FILE\_ALIGNMENT\_INFORMATION), the operation MUST be failed with Status STATUS\_INFO\_LENGTH\_MISMATCH.
- **OutputBuffer** MUST be constructed as follows:
  - OutputBuffer.AlignmentRequirement set to one of the alignment requirement values specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.3 based on the characteristics of the device on which the File is stored.

- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - ByteCount set to *sizeof(*FILE\_ALIGNMENT\_INFORMATION).
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

### 2.1.5.11.3 FileAllInformation

**OutputBuffer** is of type FILE\_ALL\_INFORMATION as described in [MS-FSCC] 2.4.2.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If OutputBufferSize is smaller than BlockAlign(FieldOffset(FILE\_ALL\_INFORMATION.NameInformation.FileName) + 2, 8), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INFO\_LENGTH\_MISMATCH.
- The object store MUST populate the fields of **OutputBuffer** as follows:
  - OutputBuffer.BasicInformation MUST be filled using the algorithm described in section <u>2.1.5.11.6</u>.
  - OutputBuffer.StandardInformation MUST be filled using the operation described in section 2.1.5.11.27.
  - **OutputBuffer.InternalInformation** MUST be filled using the operation described in section <u>2.1.5.11.17</u>.
  - OutputBuffer.EaInformation MUST be filled using the operation described in section <u>2.1.5.11.10</u>.
  - OutputBuffer.AccessInformation MUST be filled using the operation described in section 2.1.5.11.1.
  - OutputBuffer.PositionInformation MUST be filled using the operation described in section <u>2.1.5.11.23</u>.
  - OutputBuffer.ModeInformation MUST be filled using the operation described in section <u>2.1.5.11.18</u>.
  - OutputBuffer.AlignmentInformation MUST be filled using the operation described in section <u>2.1.5.11.2</u>.
  - **OutputBuffer.NameInformation** MUST be filled using the operation described in section <u>2.1.5.11.19</u>, saving the returned ByteCount in *NameInformationLength* and the returned Status in *NameInformationStatus*.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - ByteCount set to *FieldOffset(FILE\_ALL\_INFORMATION.NameInformation) + NameInformationLength*.
  - **Status** set to *NameInformationStatus*.

### 2.1.5.11.4 FileAlternateNameInformation

**OutputBuffer** is of type FILE\_NAME\_INFORMATION as described in [MS-FSCC] 2.4.5.

- If OutputBufferSize is smaller than BlockAlign(FieldOffset(FILE\_NAME\_INFORMATION.FileName) + 2, 4), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INFO\_LENGTH\_MISMATCH.
- If **Open.Link.ShortName** is empty, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_OBJECT\_NAME\_NOT\_FOUND.
- **OutputBuffer** MUST be constructed as follows:
  - OutputBuffer.FileNameLength set to the length, in bytes, of Open.Link.ShortName.
  - OutputBuffer.FileName set to Open.Link.ShortName.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - ByteCount set to *FieldOffset(*FILE\_NAME\_INFORMATION.FileName) + OutputBuffer.FileNameLength.
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

### 2.1.5.11.5 FileAttributeTagInformation

**OutputBuffer** is of type FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_TAG\_INFORMATION as defined in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.6.

- If OutputBufferSize is smaller than *sizeof(*FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_TAG\_INFORMATION), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INFO\_LENGTH\_MISMATCH.
- If **Open.GrantedAccess** does not contain FILE\_READ\_ATTRIBUTES, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_ACCESS\_DENIED.
- If **Open.Stream.StreamType** is DirectoryStream:
  - The object store MUST set OutputBuffer.FileAttributes equal to the value of Open.File.FileAttributes.
  - The object store MUST set FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_DIRECTORY in **OutputBuffer.FileAttributes**.
- Else:
  - This is a DataStream. The object store MUST set OutputBuffer.FileAttributes equal to the value of Open.File.FileAttributes. The following attribute values, if they are set in Open.File.FileAttributes, MUST NOT be copied to OutputBuffer.FileAttributes (attribute flags are defined in [MS-FSCC] section 2.6):
    - FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_COMPRESSED
    - FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_TEMPORARY
    - FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_SPARSE\_FILE
    - FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_ENCRYPTED
    - FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_INTEGRITY\_STREAM<127>
  - If Open.Stream.IsSparse is TRUE, the object store MUST set FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_SPARSE\_FILE in OutputBuffer.FileAttributes.
  - If Open.Stream.IsEncrypted is TRUE, the object store MUST set FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_ENCRYPTED in OuputBuffer.FileAttributes.

- If **Open.Stream.IsTemporary** is TRUE, the object store MUST set FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_TEMPORARY in **OutputBuffer.FileAttributes**.
- If Open.Stream.IsCompressed is TRUE, the object store MUST set FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_COMPRESSED in OutputBuffer.FileAttributes.
- If Open.Stream.ChecksumAlgorithm != CHECKSUM\_TYPE\_NONE, the object store MUST set FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_INTEGRITY\_STREAM in OutputBuffer.FileAttributes.
- EndIf
- If OutputBuffer.FileAttributes is 0, the object store MUST set FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_NORMAL in OutputBuffer.FileAttributes.
- OutputBuffer.ReparseTag MUST be set to Open.File.ReparseTag.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - **ByteCount** set to *sizeof(*FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_TAG\_INFORMATION).
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

#### 2.1.5.11.6 FileBasicInformation

**OutputBuffer** is of type FILE\_BASIC\_INFORMATION as defined in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.7.

- If OutputBufferSize is smaller than *BlockAlign(sizeof(FILE\_BASIC\_INFORMATION)*, 8), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INFO\_LENGTH\_MISMATCH.
- If **Open.GrantedAccess** does not contain FILE\_READ\_ATTRIBUTES, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_ACCESS\_DENIED.
- The object store MUST set **OutputBuffer.CreationTime** equal to **Open.File.CreationTime**.
- The object store MUST set OutputBuffer.LastWriteTime equal to Open.File.LastModificationTime.
- The object store MUST set **OutputBuffer.ChangeTime** equal to **Open.File.LastChangeTime**.
- The object store MUST set **OutputBuffer.LastAccessTime** equal to **Open.File.LastAccessTime**.
- If **Open.Stream.StreamType** is DirectoryStream:
  - The object store MUST set OutputBuffer.FileAttributes equal to the value of Open.File.FileAttributes.
  - The object store MUST set FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_DIRECTORY in **OutputBuffer.FileAttributes**.
- Else:
  - This is a DataStream. The object store MUST set OutputBuffer.FileAttributes equal to the value of Open.File.FileAttributes. The following attribute values, if they are set in Open.File.FileAttributes, MUST NOT be copied to OutputBuffer.FileAttributes (attribute flags are defined in [MS-FSCC] section 2.6):
    - FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_COMPRESSED
    - FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_TEMPORARY
    - FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_SPARSE\_FILE

- FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_ENCRYPTED
- FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_INTEGRITY\_STREAM<129>
- If Open.Stream.IsSparse is TRUE, the object store MUST set FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_SPARSE\_FILE in OutputBuffer.FileAttributes.
- If **Open.Stream.IsEncrypted** is TRUE, the object store MUST set FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_ENCRYPTED in **OuputBuffer.FileAttributes**.
- If Open.Stream.IsTemporary is TRUE, the object store MUST set FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_TEMPORARY in OutputBuffer.FileAttributes.
- If Open.Stream.IsCompressed is TRUE, the object store MUST set FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_COMPRESSED in OutputBuffer.FileAttributes.
- If Open.Stream.ChecksumAlgorithm != CHECKSUM\_TYPE\_NONE, the object store MUST set FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_INTEGRITY\_STREAM in OutputBuffer.FileAttributes.<a href="https://www.stream.checksumAlgorithm">stream.checksumAlgorithm</a> != CHECKSUM\_TYPE\_NONE, the object store MUST set FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_INTEGRITY\_STREAM in OutputBuffer.FileAttributes.<a href="https://www.stream.checksumAlgorithm">stream.checksumAlgorithm</a> != CHECKSUM\_TYPE\_NONE, the object store MUST set FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_INTEGRITY\_STREAM in OutputBuffer.FileAttributes.</a></a>
- EndIf
- If OutputBuffer.FileAttributes is 0, the object store MUST set FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_NORMAL in OutputBuffer.FileAttributes.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - ByteCount set to sizeof(FILE\_BASIC\_INFORMATION).
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

### 2.1.5.11.7 FileBothDirectoryInformation

This operation is not supported and MUST be failed with STATUS\_ INVALID\_INFO\_CLASS.

#### 2.1.5.11.8 FileCompressionInformation

**OutputBuffer** is of type FILE\_COMPRESSION\_INFORMATION as defined in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.9.<a href="https://www.section.com">section</a>

- If OutputBufferSize is smaller than sizeof(FILE\_COMPRESSION\_INFORMATION), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INFO\_LENGTH\_MISMATCH.
- The object store MUST initialize all fields in **OutputBuffer** to zero.
- If **Open.Stream.StreamType** is DirectoryStream:
  - If **Open.File.FileAttributes**.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_COMPRESSED is TRUE:
    - The object store MUST set OutputBuffer.CompressionState to COMPRESSION\_FORMAT\_LZNT1.
  - Else:
    - The object store MUST set **OutputBuffer.CompressionState** to COMPRESSION\_FORMAT\_NONE.
  - EndIf
- Else:

- The object store MUST set OutputBuffer.CompressedFileSize to the number of bytes actually allocated on the underlying physical storage for storing the compressed data. This value MUST be a multiple of Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize and MUST be less than or equal to Open.Stream.AllocationSize.
- If **Open.Stream.IsCompressed** is TRUE:
  - The object store MUST set OutputBuffer.CompressionState to COMPRESSION\_FORMAT\_LZNT1.
- Else:
  - The object store MUST set OutputBuffer.CompressionState to COMPRESSION\_FORMAT\_NONE.
- EndIf
- EndIf
- If OutputBuffer.CompressionState is not equal to COMPRESSION\_FORMAT\_NONE, the object store MUST set:
  - OutputBuffer.CompressedUnitShift to the base-2 logarithm of Open.File.Volume.CompressionUnitSize.
  - OutputBuffer.ChunkShift to the base-2 logarithm of Open.File.Volume.CompressedChunkSize.
  - **OutputBuffer.ClusterShift** to the base-2 logarithm of **Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize**.
- EndIf
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - ByteCount set to sizeof(FILE\_COMPRESSION\_INFORMATION).
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

### 2.1.5.11.9 FileDirectoryInformation

This operation is not supported and MUST be failed with STATUS\_ INVALID\_INFO\_CLASS.

### 2.1.5.11.10 FileEaInformation

**OutputBuffer** is of type FILE\_EA\_INFORMATION as described in [MS-FSCC] 2.4.12.<132>

- If OutputBufferSize is smaller than *sizeof(FILE\_EA\_INFORMATION)*, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INFO\_LENGTH\_MISMATCH.
- The object store MUST set:
  - OutputBuffer.EaSize set to Open.File.ExtendedAttributesLength. If
     Open.File.ExtendedAttributesLength is a nonzero value, OutputBuffer.EaSize is incremented by 4 to account for the header.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - ByteCount set to *sizeof(*FILE\_EA\_INFORMATION).

• **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

# 2.1.5.11.11 FileFullDirectoryInformation

This operation is not supported and MUST be failed with STATUS\_ INVALID\_INFO\_CLASS.

# 2.1.5.11.12 FileFullEaInformation

**OutputBuffer** is of type FILE\_FULL\_EA\_INFORMATION as described in [MS-FSCC] 2.4.15.<133>

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- The object store MUST initialize **OutputBuffer** to zero.
- If **Open.GrantedAccess** does not contain FILE\_READ\_EA, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_ACCESS\_DENIED.
- If **Open.File.ExtendedAttributes** is not empty:
  - OutputBuffer is filled with as many complete FILE\_FULL\_EA\_INFORMATION entries from Open.File.ExtendedAttributes, starting with Open.NextEaEntry, as can be contained in OutputBufferSize bytes.
  - **Open.NextEaEntry** is set to point to the entry after the last entry returned, if any.
- Endif
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - **ByteCount** set to the size, in bytes, of all FILE\_FULL\_EA\_INFORMATION entries returned.
  - Status set to:
    - STATUS\_NO\_EAS\_ON\_FILE if there were no entries to return in **Open.File.ExtendedAttributes**.
    - STATUS\_BUFFER\_TOO\_SMALL if **OutputBufferSize** is too small to hold **Open.NextEaEntry**. No entries are returned.
    - STATUS\_BUFFER\_OVERFLOW if at least one entry was returned in **OutputBuffer** but there are still additional entries to return.
    - STATUS\_SUCCESS when one or more entries were returned from
       Open.File.ExtendedAttributes and there are no more entries to return.

# 2.1.5.11.13 FileHardLinkInformation

This operation is not supported and MUST be failed with STATUS\_NOT\_SUPPORTED.

# 2.1.5.11.14 FileIdBothDirectoryInformation

This operation is not supported and MUST be failed with STATUS\_ INVALID\_INFO\_CLASS.

# 2.1.5.11.15 FileIdFullDirectoryInformation

This operation is not supported and MUST be failed with STATUS\_ INVALID\_INFO\_CLASS.

# 2.1.5.11.16 FileIdGlobalTxDirectoryInformation

This operation is not supported and MUST be failed with STATUS\_ INVALID\_INFO\_CLASS.

### 2.1.5.11.17 FileInternalInformation

**OutputBuffer** is of type FILE\_INTERNAL\_INFORMATION as described in [MS-FSCC] 2.4.20.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If OutputBufferSize is smaller than *sizeof(*FILE\_INTERNAL\_INFORMATION), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INFO\_LENGTH\_MISMATCH.
- **OutputBuffer** MUST be constructed as follows:
  - OutputBuffer.IndexNumber set to Open.File.FileId64.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - ByteCount set to *sizeof(*FILE\_INTERNAL\_INFORMATION).
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

#### 2.1.5.11.18 FileModeInformation

**OutputBuffer** is of type FILE\_MODE\_INFORMATION as described in [MS-FSCC] 2.4.24.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If OutputBufferSize is smaller than *sizeof(FILE\_MODE\_INFORMATION)*, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INFO\_LENGTH\_MISMATCH.
- **OutputBuffer** MUST be constructed as follows:
  - **OutputBuffer.Mode** MUST be set to **Open.Mode**.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - ByteCount set to *sizeof(*FILE\_MODE\_INFORMATION).
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

#### 2.1.5.11.19 FileNameInformation

This operation is not supported from a remote client, it is only supported from a local client or as part of processing a query for the FileAllInformation operation as specified in section 2.1.5.11.3. If used to query from a remote client, this operation MUST be failed with a status code of STATUS\_NOT\_SUPPORTED.

**OutputBuffer** is of type FILE\_NAME\_INFORMATION as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.5.

This routine uses the following local variables:

- Unicode string: *FileName*
- 32-bit unsigned integers: *FileNameLength*, *AvailableNameLength*

- If OutputBufferSize is smaller than BlockAlign(FieldOffset(FILE\_NAME\_INFORMATION.FileName) + 2, 4), the operation MUST be failed with a status code of STATUS\_INFO\_LENGTH\_MISMATCH.
- Set FileName to BuildRelativeName(Open.Link, Open.File.Volume.RootDirectory).
- Set *FileNameLength* to the length, in bytes, of *FileName*.

- Set **OutputBuffer.FileNameLength** to *FileNameLength*.
- Set AvailableNameLength to BlockAlignTruncate((OutputBufferSize -FieldOffset(FILE\_NAME\_INFORMATION.FileName)), 2).
- If *AvailableNameLength < FileNameLength*, the object store MUST fail the operation with:
  - AvailableNameLength bytes copied from FileName to **OutputBuffer.FileName**.
  - ByteCount set to *FieldOffset(*FILE\_NAME\_INFORMATION.FileName) + AvailableNameLength.
  - Status set to STATUS\_BUFFER\_OVERFLOW.
- EndIf
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - *FileNameLength* bytes copied from *FileName* to **OutputBuffer.FileName**.
  - ByteCount set to *FieldOffset(*FILE\_NAME\_INFORMATION.FileName) + *FileNameLength*.
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

### 2.1.5.11.20 FileNamesInformation

This operation is not supported as a file information class, it is only supported as a directory information class, as specified in section 2.1.5.5.3.6. If used to query file information STATUS\_INVALID\_INFO\_CLASS MUST be returned.

### 2.1.5.11.21 FileNetworkOpenInformation

**OutputBuffer** is of type FILE\_NETWORK\_OPEN\_INFORMATION as defined in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.27.

- If OutputBufferSize is smaller than *sizeof(*FILE\_NETWORK\_OPEN\_INFORMATION), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INFO\_LENGTH\_MISMATCH.
- If **Open.GrantedAccess** does not contain FILE\_READ\_ATTRIBUTES, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_ACCESS\_DENIED.
- **OutputBuffer** MUST be constructed as follows:
  - **OutputBuffer.CreationTime** set to **Open.File.CreationTime**.
  - OutputBuffer.LastWriteTime set to Open.File.LastModificationTime.
  - OutputBuffer.ChangeTime set to Open.File.LastChangeTime.
  - OutputBuffer.LastAccessTime set to Open.File.LastAccessTime.
  - OutputBuffer.FileAttributes set to Open.File.FileAttributes.
  - If **Open.Stream.StreamType** is DirectoryStream:
    - FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_DIRECTORY, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.6, MUST always be set in **OutputBuffer.FileAttributes.**
  - Else:

- For a DataStream, the following attribute values, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.6, MUST NOT be copied to **OutputBuffer.FileAttributes**:
  - FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_COMPRESSED
  - FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_TEMPORARY
  - FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_SPARSE\_FILE
  - FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_ENCRYPTED
  - FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_INTEGRITY\_STREAM<134>
- If Open.Stream.IsSparse is TRUE, the object store MUST set FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_SPARSE\_FILE in OutputBuffer.FileAttributes.
- If **Open.Stream.IsEncrypted** is TRUE, set FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_ENCRYPTED in **OuputBuffer.FileAttributes**.
- If **Open.Stream.IsTemporary** is TRUE, set FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_TEMPORARY in **OutputBuffer.FileAttributes**.
- If Open.Stream.IsCompressed is TRUE, set FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_COMPRESSED in OutputBuffer.FileAttributes.
- If Open.Stream.ChecksumAlgorithm != CHECKSUM\_TYPE\_NONE, the object store MUST set FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_INTEGRITY\_STREAM<135> in OutputBuffer.FileAttributes.
- OutputBuffer.AllocationSize set to Open.Stream.AllocationSize.
- OutputBuffer.EndOfFile set to Open.Stream.Size.
- EndIf
  - If OutputBuffer.FileAttributes is 0, set FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_NORMAL in OutputBuffer.FileAttributes.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - ByteCount set to *sizeof(*FILE\_NETWORK\_OPEN\_INFORMATION).
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

### 2.1.5.11.22 FileObjectIdInformation

This operation is not supported and MUST be failed with STATUS\_NOT\_SUPPORTED.

#### 2.1.5.11.23 FilePositionInformation

**OutputBuffer** is of type FILE\_POSITION\_INFORMATION, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.32.

- If **OutputBufferSize** is less than the size, in bytes, of the FILE\_POSITION\_INFORMATION structure, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INFO\_LENGTH\_MISMATCH.
- The objects store MUST set OutputBuffer.CurrentByteOffset equal to Open.CurrentByteOffset.
- The operation returns STATUS\_SUCCESS.

### 2.1.5.11.24 FileQuotaInformation

This operation is not supported as a file information class; it is supported only as a server request, as specified in section 2.1.5.20. If used to query file information, STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER MUST be returned.

### 2.1.5.11.25 FileReparsePointInformation

This operation is not supported as a file information class; it is only supported as a directory enumeration class, as specified in section 2.1.5.5.2. If used to query file information STATUS\_NOT\_SUPPORTED MUST be returned.

#### 2.1.5.11.26 FileSfioReserveInformation

This operation is not supported and MUST be failed with STATUS\_NOT\_SUPPORTED.

#### 2.1.5.11.27 FileStandardInformation

**OutputBuffer** is of type FILE\_STANDARD\_INFORMATION, as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.38.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If OutputBufferSize is smaller than *sizeof(*FILE\_STANDARD\_INFORMATION), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INFO\_LENGTH\_MISMATCH.
- **OutputBuffer** MUST be constructed as follows:
  - If **Open.Stream.StreamType** is DirectoryStream, set **OutputBuffer.Directory** to 1 else 0.
  - If **Open.Stream.StreamType** is DirectoryStream or **Open.Stream.Name** is empty:
    - If **Open.Link.IsDeleted** is TRUE, set **OutputBuffer.DeletePending** to 1 else 0.
  - Else:
    - If **Open.Stream.IsDeleted** is TRUE, set **OutputBuffer.DeletePending** to 1 else 0.
  - EndIf
    - OutputBuffer.NumberOfLinks set to the number of Link elements in Open.File.LinkList, except if Link.IsDeleted field is TRUE (that is, the number of notdeleted links to the file).<137>
    - If **OutputBuffer.NumberOfLinks** is 0, set **OutputBuffer.DeletePending** to 1.
    - OutputBuffer.AllocationSize set to Open.Stream.AllocationSize.
    - OutputBuffer.EndOfFile set to Open.Stream.Size.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - ByteCount set to *sizeof(*FILE\_STANDARD\_INFORMATION).
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

#### 2.1.5.11.28 FileStandardLinkInformation

This operation is not supported and MUST be failed with STATUS\_ INVALID\_INFO\_CLASS.

### 2.1.5.11.29 FileStreamInformation

**OutputBuffer** is of type FILE\_STREAM\_INFORMATION, as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.40. Object stores that do not support alternate data streams SHOULD<<u>138></u> return STATUS\_INVALID\_INFO\_CLASS.

This routine uses the following local variables:

- 32-bit unsigned integer: *StreamNameLength*, *RemainingLength*, *ThisElementSize*, *PreviousElementPadding*
- **Stream**: *ThisStream*
- Pointer to a buffer of type FILE\_STREAM\_INFORMATION: *CurrentPosition*, *LastPosition*

- If **OutputBufferSize** is smaller than **sizeof**(FILE\_STREAM\_INFORMATION), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INFO\_LENGTH\_MISMATCH.
- Initialize PreviousElementPadding to 0.
- Initialize *CurrentPosition* to point to the 0th byte of **OutputBuffer**.
- Initialize *RemainingLength* to be equal to **OutputBufferSize**.
- For each **Stream** *ThisStream* of **Open.File**:
  - Set StreamNameLength equal to the length, in bytes, of ThisStream.Name plus the length, in bytes, of the Unicode string "\$DATA" plus the length, in bytes, of two Unicode characters. This accommodates the length of the full stream name in the form :<ThisStream.Name>:\$DATA.
  - Set *ThisElementSize* equal to the byte offset of *CurrentPosition*.**StreamName** plus *StreamNameLength*.
  - If *ThisElementSize* plus *PreviousElementPadding* is greater than *RemainingLength*, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_BUFFER\_OVERFLOW.
  - The object store MUST set *CurrentPosition*.**StreamSize** equal to *ThisStream*.**Size**.
  - The object store MUST set *CurrentPosition*.**AllocationSize** equal to *ThisStream*.**AllocationSize**.
  - The object store MUST set *CurrentPosition*.**StreamNameLength** equal to *StreamNameLength*.
  - The object store MUST set *CurrentPosition*.StreamName to the Unicode character ":", then append *ThisStream*.Name, then append the Unicode character ":", then append the Unicode string "\$DATA".
  - Set *PreviousElementPadding* equal to **BlockAlign**(*ThisElementSize*, 8) minus *ThisElementSize*. The value *PreviousElementPadding* is used to align each FILE\_STREAM\_INFORMATION element in **OutputBuffer** on an 8-byte boundary.
  - The object store MUST set *CurrentPosition*.**NextEntryOffset** equal to *ThisElementSize* plus *PreviousElementPadding*.
  - Set RemainingLength equal to RemainingLength minus (ThisElementSize plus PreviousElementPadding).
  - Set *LastPosition* equal to *CurrentPosition*.

- Advance CurrentPosition by a number of bytes equal to ThisElementSize plus PreviousElementPadding.
- EndFor
- The object store MUST set *LastPosition*.**NextEntryOffset** equal to 0.
- The operation returns STATUS\_SUCCESS.

### 2.1.5.11.30 FileNormalizedNameInformation

**OutputBuffer** is of type FILE\_NAME\_INFORMATION as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.7.

This routine uses the following local variables:

- Unicode string: *FileName*
- 32-bit unsigned integers: FileNameLength, AvailableNameLength

- If the **Open** was created with FILE\_OPEN\_BY\_FILE\_ID in CreateOptions and **Open.GrantedAccess.FILE\_TRAVERSE** is not set, the operation MUST be failed with a status code of STATUS\_ACCESS\_DENIED.
- If **Link.ParentFile** is NULL and the **Open** was created without FILE\_OPEN\_BY\_FILE\_ID in CreateOptions, the operation MUST be failed with a status code of STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If OutputBufferSize is smaller than BlockAlign(FieldOffset(FILE\_NAME\_INFORMATION.FileName) + 2, 4), the operation MUST be failed with a status code of STATUS\_INFO\_LENGTH\_MISMATCH.
- Set FileName to BuildNormalizedRelativeName(Open.Link, Open.File.Volume.RootDirectory).
- Set *FileNameLength* to the length, in bytes, of *FileName*.
- Set OutputBuffer.FileNameLength to FileNameLength.
- Set AvailableNameLength to BlockAlignTruncate((OutputBufferSize -FieldOffset(FILE\_NAME\_INFORMATION.FileName)), 2).
- If *AvailableNameLength < FileNameLength*, the object store MUST fail the operation with:
  - AvailableNameLength bytes copied from FileName to **OutputBuffer.FileName**.
  - *ByteCount* set to *FieldOffset(*FILE\_NAME\_INFORMATION.FileName) + *AvailableNameLength*.
  - Status set to STATUS\_BUFFER\_OVERFLOW.
- EndIf
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - *FileNameLength* bytes copied from *FileName* to **OutputBuffer.FileName**.
  - **ByteCount** set to *FieldOffset*(FILE\_NAME\_INFORMATION.FileName) + *FileNameLength*.
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

### 2.1.5.12 Server Requests a Query of File System Information

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataFile or DirectoryFile.
- **OutputBufferSize:** The maximum number of bytes to be returned in **OutputBuffer**.
- **FsInformationClass:** The type of information being queried, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.5.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.
- **OutputBuffer:** An array of bytes containing the file system information. The structure of these bytes is dependent on **FsInformationClass**, as noted in the relevant subsection.
- **ByteCount:** The number of bytes stored in **OutputBuffer**.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

• If **FsInformationClass** is not defined in [MS-FSCC] section 2.5, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.

### 2.1.5.12.1 FileFsVolumeInformation

**OutputBuffer** is of type FILE\_FS\_VOLUME\_INFORMATION, as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.5.9.

This routine uses the following local variables:

• 32-bit unsigned integers: RemainingLength, BytesToCopy

- If OutputBufferSize is smaller than BlockAlign(FieldOffset(FILE\_FS\_VOLUME\_INFORMATION.VolumeLabel), 8), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INFO\_LENGTH\_MISMATCH.
- **OutputBuffer** MUST be constructed as follows:
  - OutputBuffer.VolumeCreationTime set to Open.File.Volume.VolumeCreationTime.
  - OutputBuffer.VolumeSerialNumber set to Open.File.Volume.VolumeSerialNumber.
  - **OutputBuffer.VolumeLabelLength** set to the length, in bytes, of the **Open.File.Volume.VolumeLabel** string. This value can be zero.
  - OutputBuffer.SupportsObjects set to TRUE.
- Set RemainingLength to OutputBufferSize -FieldOffset(FILE\_FS\_VOLUME\_INFORMATION.VolumeLabel).
- If RemainingLength < OutputBuffer.VolumeLabelLength:</p>
  - Set *BytesToCopy* to *RemainingLength*.
- Else:
  - Set *BytesToCopy* to **OutputBuffer.VolumeLabelLength**.
- EndIf

- Copy *BytesToCopy* bytes from **Volume.VolumeLable** to **OutputBuffer.VolumeLabel**.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - ByteCount set to *FieldOffset(FILE\_FS\_VOLUME\_INFORMATION.VolumeLabel)* + BytesToCopy.
  - Status set to STATUS\_BUFFER\_OVERFLOW if BytesToCopy < OutputBuffer.VolumeLabelLength else STATUS\_SUCCESS.

#### 2.1.5.12.2 FileFsLabelInformation

This operation is not supported and MUST be failed with STATUS\_NOT\_SUPPORTED.

### 2.1.5.12.3 FileFsSizeInformation

**OutputBuffer** is of type FILE\_FS\_SIZE\_INFORMATION as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.5.8.

This routine uses the following local variables:

- 64-bit unsigned integer: *RemainingQuota*
- FILE\_QUOTA\_INFORMATION element: QuotaEntry

- If OutputBufferSize is smaller than sizeof(FILE\_FS\_SIZE\_INFORMATION), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INFO\_LENGTH\_MISMATCH.
- **OutputBuffer** MUST be constructed as follows:
  - OutputBuffer.TotalAllocationUnits set to Open.File.Volume.TotalSpace / Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize.
  - OutputBuffer.AvailableAllocationUnits set to Open.File.Volume.FreeSpace / Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize.
  - OutputBuffer.SectorsPerAllocationUnit set to Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize / Open.File.Volume.LogicalBytesPerSector.
  - OutputBuffer.BytesPerSector set to Open.File.Volume.LogicalBytesPerSector.
- If Open.File.Volume.QuotaInformation contains an entry QuotaEntry that matches the SID of the current Open, the object store MUST modify the returned information based on QuotaEntry as follows:
  - If *QuotaEntry*.**QuotaLimit** < **Open.File.Volume.TotalSpace**:
    - OutputBuffer.TotalAllocationUnits MUST be set to QuotaEntry.QuotaLimit / Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize.
  - EndIf
  - If *QuotaEntry*.**QuotaLimit** <= *QuotaEntry*.**QuotaUsed**:
    - *RemainingQuota* MUST be set to 0.
  - Else
    - *RemainingQuota* MUST be set to *QuotaEntry*.**QuotaLimit** *QuotaEntry*.**QuotaUsed**.
  - EndIf

- If RemainingQuota < Open.File.Volume.FreeSpace:</p>
  - OutputBuffer.AvailableAllocationUnits MUST be set to RemainingQuota / Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize.
- EndIf
- EndIf
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - ByteCount MUST be set to *sizeof(*FILE\_FS\_SIZE\_INFORMATION).
  - Status set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

### 2.1.5.12.4 FileFsDeviceInformation

**OutputBuffer** is of type FILE\_FS\_DEVICE\_INFORMATION, as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.5.10.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If OutputBufferSize is smaller than *sizeof(*FILE\_FS\_DEVICE\_INFORMATION), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INFO\_LENGTH\_MISMATCH.
- **OutputBuffer** MUST be constructed as follows:
  - OutputBuffer.DeviceType set to FILE\_DEVICE\_DISK or FILE\_DEVICE\_CD\_ROM, as defined in [MS-FSCC] section 2.5.10, depending on the type of media that Open.File.Volume is mounted on.
  - OutputBuffer.Characteristics set to Open.File.Volume.VolumeCharacteristics.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - ByteCount set to sizeof(FILE\_FS\_DEVICE\_INFORMATION).
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

### 2.1.5.12.5 FileFsAttributeInformation

**OutputBuffer** is of type FILE\_FS\_ATTRIBUTE\_INFORMATION, as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.5.1.

This routine uses the following local variables:

• 32-bit unsigned integer: *RemainingLength*, *BytesToCopy* 

- If OutputBufferSize is smaller than BlockAlign(FieldOffset(FILE\_FS\_ATTRIBUTE\_INFORMATION.FileSystemName), 4), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INFO\_LENGTH\_MISMATCH.
- **OutputBuffer** MUST be constructed as follows:
  - OutputBuffer.FileSystemAttributes set to appropriate values, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.5.1, based on the implementation of the given file system.<a href="https://www.system.com">system.com</a>
  - OutputBuffer.MaximumComponentNameLength set to different values depending on the file system.<140>

- **OutputBuffer.FileSystemNameLength** set to the length, in bytes, of the name of the file system on **Open.File.Volume**.
- Set RemainingLength to OutputBufferSize -FieldOffset(FILE\_FS\_ATTRIBUTE\_INFORMATION.FileSystemName).
- If *RemainingLength* < **OutputBuffer.FileSystemNameLength**.
  - Set *BytesToCopy* to *RemainingLength*.
- Else
  - Set *BytesToCopy* to **OutputBuffer.FileSystemNameLength**.
- EndIf
- Copy *BytesToCopy* bytes from the file system name string to **OutputBuffer.FileSystemName**.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - ByteCount set to FieldOffset(FILE\_FS\_ATTRIBUTE\_INFORMATION.FileSystemName)+ BytesToCopy.
  - Status set to STATUS\_BUFFER\_OVERFLOW if BytesToCopy < OutputBuffer.FileSystemNameLength else STATUS\_SUCCESS.

#### 2.1.5.12.6 FileFsControlInformation

**OutputBuffer** is of type FILE\_FS\_CONTROL\_INFORMATION, as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.5.2.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If OutputBufferSize is smaller than *BlockAlign(sizeof(FILE\_FS\_CONTROL\_INFORMATION)*, 8) the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INFO\_LENGTH\_MISMATCH.
- Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If **Open.File.Volume.IsQuotasSupported** is FALSE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_VOLUME\_NOT\_UPGRADED.
- The object store MUST initialize all fields in **OutputBuffer** to zero.
- If Quotas are supported on **Open.File.Volume**, the object store MUST set fields in **OutputBuffer** as follows:
  - OutputBuffer.DefaultQuotaThreshold set to Open.File.Volume.DefaultQuotaThreshold.
  - OutputBuffer.DefaultQuotaLimit set to Open.File.Volume.DefaultQuotaLimit.
  - OutputBuffer.FileSystemControlFlags set to Open.File.Volume.VolumeQuotaState.
- EndIf
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - **ByteCount** set to *sizeof(*FILE\_FS\_CONTROL\_INFORMATION).
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

### 2.1.5.12.7 FileFsFullSizeInformation

**OutputBuffer** is of type FILE\_FS\_FULL\_SIZE\_INFORMATION, as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.5.4.

This routine uses the following local variables:

- 64-bit unsigned integer: *RemainingQuota*
- FILE\_QUOTA\_INFORMATION element: *QuotaEntry*

- If OutputBufferSize is smaller than *sizeof(*FILE\_FS\_FULL\_SIZE\_INFORMATION), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INFO\_LENGTH\_MISMATCH.
- **OutputBuffer** MUST be constructed as follows:
  - OutputBuffer.TotalAllocationUnits set to Open.File.Volume.TotalSpace / Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize.
  - OutputBuffer.CallerAvailableAllocationUnits set to Open.File.Volume.FreeSpace / Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize.
  - OutputBuffer.ActualAvailableAllocationUnits set to Open.File.Volume.FreeSpace / Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize.
  - OutputBuffer.SectorsPerAllocationUnit set to Volume.ClusterSize / Open.File.Volume. LogicalBytesPerSector.
  - OutputBuffer.BytesPerSector set to Open.File.Volume. LogicalBytesPerSector.
- If Open.File.Volume.QuotaInformation contains an entry QuotaEntry that matches the SID of the current Open, the object store MUST modify the returned information based on QuotaEntry as follows:
  - If *QuotaEntry*.**QuotaLimit** < **Open.File.Volume.TotalSpace**:
    - OutputBuffer.TotalAllocationUnits MUST be set to *QuotaEntry*.QuotaLimit / Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize.
  - EndIf
  - If *QuotaEntry*.**QuotaLimit** <= *QuotaEntry*.**QuotaUsed**:
    - *RemainingQuota* MUST be set to 0.
  - Else
    - *RemainingQuota* MUST be set to *QuotaEntry*.**QuotaLimit** *QuotaEntry*.**QuotaUsed**.
  - EndIf
  - If *RemainingQuota* < **Open.File.Volume.FreeSpace**:
    - OutputBuffer.CallerAvailableAllocationUnits MUST be set to RemainingQuota / Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize.
  - EndIf
- EndIf
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:

- **ByteCount** set to *sizeof(FILE\_FS\_FULL\_SIZE\_INFORMATION)*.
- **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

# 2.1.5.12.8 FileFsObjectIdInformation

**OutputBuffer** is a FILE\_FS\_OBJECTID\_INFORMATION structure as described in <u>[MS-FSCC]</u> section 2.5.6.<<u>142></u>

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If OutputBufferSize is less than *sizeof(*FILE\_FS\_OBJECTID\_INFORMATION), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INFO\_LENGTH\_MISMATCH.
- Support for ObjectIDs is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the
  operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If **Open.File.Volume.IsObjectIDsSupported** is FALSE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_VOLUME\_NOT\_UPGRADED.
- If **Open.File.Volume.VolumeId** is empty, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_OBJECT\_NAME\_NOT\_FOUND.
- **OutputBuffer** MUST be constructed as follows:
  - OutputBuffer.ObjectId set to Open.File.Volume.VolumeId.
  - OutputBuffer.ExtendedInfo set to Open.File.Volume.ExtendedInfo.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - **ByteCount** set to *sizeof(*FILE\_FS\_OBJECTID\_INFORMATION).
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

# 2.1.5.12.9 FileFsDriverPathInformation

This operation is not supported and MUST be failed with STATUS\_NOT\_SUPPORTED.

# 2.1.5.12.10 FileFsSectorSizeInformation

**OutputBuffer** is of type FILE\_FS\_SECTOR\_SIZE\_INFORMATION as defined in [MS-FSCC] section 2.5.7.

- If **OutputBufferSize** is smaller than sizeof(FILE\_FS\_SECTOR\_SIZE\_INFORMATION), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INFO\_LENGTH\_MISMATCH.
- OutputBuffer MUST be constructed as follows:
  - OutputBuffer.LogicalBytesPerSector set to Open.File.Volume.LogicalBytesPerSector.
  - **OutputBuffer.PhysicalBytesPerSectorForAtomicity** is computed as follows:
    - Set **OutputBuffer.PhysicalBytesPerSectorForAtomicity** to the physical sector size reported from the storage device underlying the object store.
    - If there was an issue with retrieving the physical sector size information:

- Set OutputBuffer.PhysicalBytesPerSectorForAtomicity to Open.File.Volume.LogicalBytesPerSector.
- ElseIf OutputBuffer.PhysicalBytesPerSectorForAtomicity is NOT a power of two, OR

OutputBuffer.PhysicalBytesPerSectorForAtomicity is less than Open.File.Volume.LogicalBytesPerSector, OR

**OutputBuffer.PhysicalBytesPerSectorForAtomicity** is not a multiple of **Open.File.Volume.LogicalBytesPerSector**:

- Set OutputBuffer.PhysicalBytesPerSectorForAtomicity to Open.File.Volume.LogicalBytesPerSector.
- EndIf
- OutputBuffer.PhysicalBytesPerSectorForPerformance is set to OutputBuffer.PhysicalBytesPerSectorForAtomicity.
- OutputBuffer.FileSystemEffectivePhysicalBytesPerSectorForAtomicity is computed as follows:
  - If OutputBuffer.PhysicalBytesPerSectorForAtomicity is greater than Open.File.Volume.SystemPageSize:
    - Set OutputBuffer.FileSystemEffectivePhysicalBytesPerSectorForAtomicity to Open.File.Volume.SystemPageSize.
  - Else:
    - Set OutputBuffer.FileSystemEffectivePhysicalBytesPerSectorForAtomicity to OutputBuffer.PhysicalBytesPerSectorForAtomicity.
  - EndIf
- **OutputBuffer.ByteOffsetForSectorAlignment** is computed as follows:
  - Set OutputBuffer.ByteOffsetForSectorAlignment to the physical offset alignment reported by the storage device.
  - If there was an issue with retrieving the physical offset alignment:
    - Set **OutputBuffer.ByteOffsetForSectorAlignment** to SSINFO\_OFFSET\_UNKNOWN.
  - EndIf
- **OutputBuffer.ByteOffsetForPartitionAlignment** is computed as follows:
  - Set OutputBuffer.ByteOffsetForPartitionAlignment to (Open.File.Volume.PartitionOffset % OutputBuffer.PhysicalBytesPerSectorForAtomicity).
- **OutputBuffer.Flags** is set as follows:
  - Set SSINFO\_FLAGS\_ALIGNED\_DEVICE, SSINFO\_FLAGS\_PARTITION\_ALIGNED\_ON\_DEVICE flags in OutputBuffer.Flags.
  - If **OutputBuffer.ByteOffsetForSectorAlignment** is not zero:
    - Clear SSINFO\_FLAGS\_ALIGNED\_DEVICE flag in **OutputBuffer.Flags**.
  - EndIf

- If OutputBuffer.ByteOffsetForSectorAlignment is not equal to ((OutputBuffer.PhysicalBytesPerSectorForAtomicity – OutputBuffer.ByteOffsetForPartitionAlignment) % OutputBuffer.PhysicalBytesPerSectorForAtomicity :
  - Clear SSINFO\_FLAGS\_PARTITION\_ALIGNED\_ON\_DEVICE flag in OutputBuffer.Flags
- EndIf
- Query the storage device underlying the object store to determine if there is a seek penalty. If there is not a seek penalty, set SSINFO\_FLAGS\_NO\_SEEK\_PENALTY flag in OutputBuffer.Flags.
- Query the storage device underlying the object store to determine if either the TRIM (T13-ATA) or UNMAP (T10-SCSI/SAS) commands are supported. If either command is supported, set SSINFO\_FLAGS\_TRIM\_ENABLED flag in **OutputBuffer.Flags**.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - **ByteCount** set to the size of the FILE\_FS\_SECTOR\_SIZE\_INFORMATION structure
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

#### 2.1.5.13 Server Requests a Query of Security Information

If the object store does not implement security, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_REQUEST.  $\underline{<144>}$ 

The server provides:

- **Open:** The **Open** on which security information is being queried.
- **OutputBufferSize:** The maximum number of bytes to return in **OutputBuffer**.
- **SecurityInformation:** A SECURITY\_INFORMATION data type, as defined in [MS-DTYP] section 2.4.7.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.
- **OutputBuffer:** An array of **OutputBufferSize** bytes formatted as a SECURITY\_DESCRIPTOR structure in self-relative format, as described in [MS-DTYP] section 2.4.6.
- ByteCount: If the operation returns STATUS\_SUCCESS, this will be set to the count of bytes filled into OutputBuffer. If the operation returns STATUS\_BUFFER\_OVERFLOW, this will be set to the required size, in bytes, of OutputBuffer so that the security descriptor will fit.

This routine uses the following local variables:

- A 32-bit unsigned integer used as a byte index into **OutputBuffer**: *NextFree*
- 32-bit unsigned integers: SaclLength, MaclLength

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

 Let *sizeof(SECURITY\_DESCRIPTOR\_RELATIVE)* equal the number of bytes occupied by the Revision, Sbz1, Control, OffsetOwner, OffsetGroup, OffsetSacl, and OffsetDacl fields of OutputBuffer (that is, the total size of those fields in a SECURITY\_DESCRIPTOR in self-relative format, as described in [MS-DTYP] section 2.4.6).

- The operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_ACCESS\_DENIED under either of the following conditions:
  - SecurityInformation contains any of OWNER\_SECURITY\_INFORMATION, GROUP\_SECURITY\_INFORMATION, LABEL\_SECURITY\_INFORMATION, or DACL\_SECURITY\_INFORMATION, and Open.GrantedAccess does not contain READ\_CONTROL.
  - SecurityInformation contains SACL\_SECURITY\_INFORMATION and Open.GrantedAccess does not contain ACCESS\_SYSTEM\_SECURITY.
- If Open.Stream.StreamType is DataStream and Open.Stream.Name is not empty, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER; security information can be may only be queried on a file or directory handle, not on a stream handle.
- If **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor** is empty:
  - If OutputBufferSize is smaller than *sizeof*(SECURITY\_DESCRIPTOR\_RELATIVE), the object store MUST set ByteCount equal to *sizeof*(SECURITY\_DESCRIPTOR\_RELATIVE), and the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_BUFFER\_OVERFLOW.
  - The object store MUST set OutputBuffer.Revision equal to 1; all other fields of OutputBuffer MUST be filled with NULL characters.
  - The object store MUST set the Self Relative (SR) bit in **OutputBuffer.Control**.
  - The operation returns STATUS\_SUCCESS at this point.
- EndIf
- Set ByteCount equal to sizeof(SECURITY\_DESCRIPTOR\_RELATIVE).
- If SecurityInformation contains OWNER\_SECURITY\_INFORMATION and Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Owner is not NULL:
  - ByteCount += BlockAlign(SidLength(Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Owner), 4)
- EndIf
- If SecurityInformation contains GROUP\_SECURITY\_INFORMATION and Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Group is not NULL:
  - ByteCount += BlockAlign(SidLength (Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Group), 4)
- EndIf
- If SecurityInformation contains DACL\_SECURITY\_INFORMATION and the DACL Present (DP) bit is set in Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Control and Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Dacl is not NULL:
  - ByteCount += *BlockAlign*(*SidLength*(Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Dacl.AclSize), 4)
- EndIf
- If SecurityInformation contains SACL\_SECURITY\_INFORMATION|LABEL\_SECURITY\_INFORMATION and the SACL Present (SP) bit is set in Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Control and
  - Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Sacl is not NULL:
  - SaclLength = BlockAlign(SidLength(Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Sacl.AclSize), 4)

- **ByteCount** += SaclLength
- Else
  - If SecurityInformation contains SACL\_SECURITY\_INFORMATION and the SACL Present (SP) bit is set in Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Control and Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Sacl is not NULL:
    - SaclLength = **BlockAlign**(SidLength(Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Sacl.AclSize), 4)
    - For each access control entry (ACE) (as defined in [MS-DTYP] section 2.4.4) in Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Sacl whose AceType field is SYSTEM\_MANDATORY\_LABEL\_ACE\_TYPE:
      - SaclLength -= this ACE's AceSize field
    - EndFor
    - **ByteCount** += SaclLength
  - EndIf
  - If SecurityInformation contains LABEL\_SECURITY\_INFORMATION and the SACL Present (SP) bit is set in Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Control and Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Sacl is not NULL:
    - MaclLength = BlockAlign( (size of ACL as defined in [MS-DTYP] section 2.4.5), 4)
    - For each ACE (as defined in [MS-DTYP] section 2.4.4) in Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Sacl whose AceType field is SYSTEM\_MANDATORY\_LABEL\_ACE\_TYPE:
      - *MaclLength* += this ACE's **AceSize** field
    - EndFor
    - **ByteCount** += MaclLength
  - EndIf
- EndIf
- If **ByteCount** is greater than **OutputBufferSize**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_BUFFER\_OVERFLOW.
- The object store MUST set OutputBuffer.Revision equal to 1; all other fields of OutputBuffer MUST be filled with NULL characters.
- The object store MUST set the Self Relative (SR) bit in **OutputBuffer.Control**.
- Set NextFree to sizeof(SECURITY\_DESCRIPTOR\_RELATIVE) (that is, to the offset of OutputBuffer.OwnerSid).
- If SecurityInformation contains OWNER\_SECURITY\_INFORMATION and Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Owner is not NULL:
  - The object store MUST copy *SidLength*(Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Owner) bytes from Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Owner to OutputBuffer at the position of *NextFree*.
  - The object store MUST set **OutputBuffer.OffsetOwner** equal to *NextFree*.

- The object store MUST set the state of the Owner Defaulted (OD) bit of OutputBuffer.Control equal to the state of the same bit in Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Control.
- NextFree += BlockAlign(SidLength(Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Owner), 4).
- EndIf
- If SecurityInformation contains GROUP\_SECURITY\_INFORMATION and Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Group is not NULL:
  - The object store MUST copy *SidLength*(Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Group) bytes from Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Group to OutputBuffer at the position of *NextFree*.
  - The object store MUST set **OutputBuffer.OffsetGroup** equal to *NextFree*.
  - The object store MUST set the state of the Group Defaulted (GD) bit of **OutputBuffer.Control** equal to the state of the same bit in **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Control**.
  - NextFree += BlockAlign(SidLength(Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Group), 4).
- EndIf
- If **SecurityInformation** contains DACL\_SECURITY\_INFORMATION:
  - The object store MUST set the state of the DACL Present (DP), DACL Defaulted (DD), DACL Protected (PD), and DACL Auto-Inherited (DI) bits of **OutputBuffer.Control** equal to the state of the same bits in **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Control**.
  - If the DACL Present (DP) bit is set in Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Control and Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Dacl is not NULL:
    - The object store MUST copy **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Dacl.AclSize** bytes from **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Dacl** to **OutputBuffer** at the position of *NextFree*.
    - The object store MUST set **OutputBuffer.OffsetDacl** equal to *NextFree*.
    - NextFree += BlockAlign(Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Dacl.AclSize, 4).
  - EndIf
- EndIf
- If SecurityInformation contains SACL\_SECURITY\_INFORMATION|LABEL\_SECURITY\_INFORMATION:
  - The object store MUST set the state of the SACL Present (SP), SACL Defaulted (SD), SACL Protected (PS), and SACL Auto-Inherited (SI) bits of **OutputBuffer.Control** equal to the state of the same bits in **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Control**.
  - If the SACL Present (SP) bit is set in Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Control and Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Sacl is not NULL:
    - The object store MUST copy **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Sacl.AclSize** bytes from **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Sacl** to **OutputBuffer** at the position of *NextFree*.
    - The object store MUST set **OutputBuffer.OffsetSacl** equal to *NextFree*.
    - NextFree += SaclLength.
  - EndIf

- Else
  - If **SecurityInformation** contains SACL\_SECURITY\_INFORMATION:
    - The object store MUST set the state of the SACL Present (SP), SACL Defaulted (SD), SACL Protected (PS), and SACL Auto-Inherited (SI) bits of **OutputBuffer.Control** equal to the state of the same bits in **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Control**.
    - If the SACL Present (SP) bit is set in Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Control and Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Sacl is not NULL:
      - Perform an ACE copy according to the algorithm in section <u>2.1.5.13.1</u>, setting the ACE copy algorithm's parameters as follows:
        - **DestSacl** equal to the position in **OutputBuffer** of *NextFree*.
        - SrcSacl equal to Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Sacl.
        - **CopyAudit** set to TRUE.
      - The object store MUST set **OutputBuffer.OffsetSacl** equal to *NextFree*.
      - NextFree += SaclLength.
    - EndIf
  - Else If **SecurityInformation** contains LABEL\_SECURITY\_INFORMATION:
    - The object store MUST set the state of the SACL Present (SP), SACL Defaulted (SD), SACL Protected (PS), and SACL Auto-Inherited (SI) bits of **OutputBuffer.Control** equal to the state of the same bits in **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Control**.
    - If the SACL Present (SP) bit is set in **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Control** and **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Sacl** is not NULL:
      - Perform an ACE copy according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.13.1, setting the ACE copy algorithm's parameters as follows:
        - **DestSacl** equal to the position in **OutputBuffer** of *NextFree*.
        - SrcSacl equal to Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Sacl.
        - **CopyAudit** set to FALSE.
      - The object store MUST set **OutputBuffer.OffsetSacl** equal to *NextFree*.
      - NextFree += MaclLength.
    - EndIf
  - EndIf
- EndIf
- The operation returns STATUS\_SUCCESS.

### 2.1.5.13.1 Algorithm for Copying Audit or Label ACEs Into a Buffer

The inputs for an ACE copy are:

• **DestSacl:** A destination buffer formatted as an access control list (ACL), as defined in [MS-DTYP] section 2.4.5.

- **SrcSacl:** A source buffer formatted as an ACL, as defined in [MS-DTYP] section 2.4.5.
- CopyAudit: A Boolean value. If TRUE, this algorithm copies only ACEs whose AceType field is not SYSTEM\_MANDATORY\_LABEL\_ACE\_TYPE. If FALSE, this algorithm copies only ACEs whose AceType field is SYSTEM\_MANDATORY\_LABEL\_ACE\_TYPE.

The ACE copy algorithm uses the following local variables:

- ACE (as defined in [MS-DTYP] section 2.4.4): ThisAce
- Byte pointer: *NextFree*

Pseudocode for the algorithm is as follows:

- Copy (size of ACL as defined in [MS-DTYP] section 2.4.5) bytes from **SrcSacl** to **DestSacl**.
- Set **DestSacl.AceCount** to 0.
- Set **DestSacl.AclSize** to (size of ACL as defined in [MS-DTYP] section 2.4.5).
- Set NextFree to (size of ACL as defined in [MS-DTYP] section 2.4.5) bytes from the beginning of DestSacl.
- For each ACE *ThisAce* in **SrcSacl**:
  - If ((**CopyAudit** is TRUE and *ThisAce*.**AceType** is not SYSTEM\_MANDATORY\_LABEL\_ACE\_TYPE) or (**CopyAudit** is FALSE and *ThisAce*.**AceType** is SYSTEM\_MANDATORY\_LABEL\_ACE\_TYPE)):
    - Copy *ThisAce*.**AceSize** bytes from *ThisAce* to *NextFree*.
    - DestSacl.AceCount += 1
    - DestSacl.AclSize = DestSacl.AclSize + ThisAce.AceSize
    - Advance *NextFree* by *ThisAce*.**AceSize** bytes.
  - EndIf
- EndFor

## 2.1.5.14 Server Requests Setting of File Information

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataFile or DirectoryFile.
- **FileInformationClass:** The type of information being applied, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.
- **InputBuffer:** A buffer that contains the information to be applied to the object.
- **InputBufferSize:** The size of the buffer provided.

The object store MUST return:

• **Status:** An NTSTATUS code indicating the result of the operation.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

• If **Open.File.Volume.IsReadOnly** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_MEDIA\_WRITE\_PROTECTED.

### 2.1.5.14.1 FileAllocationInformation

**InputBuffer** is of type FILE\_ALLOCATION\_INFORMATION as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.4.

This operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER under any of the following conditions:

- If **Open.Stream.StreamType** is DirectoryStream.
- If InputBuffer.AllocationSize is greater than the maximum file size allowed by the object store.<145>

- If **InputBufferSize** is less than the size, in bytes, of the FILE\_ALLOCATION\_INFORMATION structure, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INFO\_LENGTH\_MISMATCH.
- If **Open.GrantedAccess** does not contain FILE\_WRITE\_DATA, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_ACCESS\_DENIED.
- If **Open.Stream.Oplock** is not empty, the object store MUST check for an oplock break according to the algorithm in section <u>2.1.4.12</u>, with input values as follows:
  - **Open** equal to this operation's **Open**
  - Oplock equal to Open.Stream.Oplock
  - **Operation** equal to "SET\_INFORMATION"
  - **OpParams** containing a member **FileInformationClass** containing **FileAllocationInformation**
- If the **Oplock** member of the **DirectoryStream** in **Open.Link.ParentFile.StreamList** (hereinafter referred to as *ParentOplock*) is not empty, the object store MUST check for an oplock break on the parent according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12, with input values as follows:
  - **Open** equal to this operation's **Open**
  - **Oplock** equal to *ParentOplock*
  - **Operation** equal to "SET\_INFORMATION"
  - **OpParams** containing a member **FileInformationClass** containing **FileAllocationInformation**
  - Flags equal to "PARENT\_OBJECT"
- If Open.Stream.IsDeleted is TRUE, the operation SHOULD return STATUS\_SUCCESS.
- Set NewAllocationSize to BlockAlign(InputBuffer.AllocationSize,Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize) as described in section 2.1.4.5.
- If Open.Stream.AllocationSize is equal to NewAllocationSize, the operation MUST return STATUS\_SUCCESS.
- If the space for *NewAllocationSize* cannot be reserved in the storage media, then the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_DISK\_FULL.
- **Open.Stream.AllocationSize** MUST be set to *NewAllocationSize*.
- If InputBuffer.AllocationSize is less than Open.Stream.Size:

- Set NewFileSize to min(Open.Stream.Size, NewAllocationSize<146>).
- If *NewFileSize* is less than **Open.Stream.Size**:
  - The object store MUST set **Open.Stream.Size** to *NewFileSize*, truncating the stream.
  - The object store MUST post a USN change as specified in section 2.1.4.11 with File equal to File, Reason equal to USN\_REASON\_DATA\_TRUNCATION, and FileName equal to Open.Link.Name.
  - If the object store supports Open.File.Volume.ClusterRefcount, for each EXTENTS that
    is removed from Open.Stream.ExtentList as a result of truncation, for each cluster that
    is being referred to by the EXTENTS being removed, its entry in
    Open.File.Volume.ClusterRefcount MUST be decremented. If the corresponding
    cluster's reference count goes to zero, then that cluster MUST also be freed.
- EndIf
- EndIf
- If Open.Stream.ValidDataLength is greater than Open.Stream.Size, then the object store MUST set Open.Stream.ValidDataLength to Open.Stream.Size.
- The object store MUST note that the file has been modified as specified in section 2.1.4.17 with **Open** equal to **Open**.
- The object store MUST update the duplicated information as specified in section 2.1.4.18 with Link equal to **Open.Link**.
- The operation returns STATUS\_SUCCESS.

### 2.1.5.14.2 FileBasicInformation

**InputBuffer** is of type FILE\_BASIC\_INFORMATION as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.7.

- If **InputBufferSize** is less than **sizeof(**FILE\_BASIC\_INFORMATION), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INFO\_LENGTH\_MISMATCH.
- The operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER under any of the following conditions:
  - If **InputBuffer.CreationTime** is less than -1.
  - If **InputBuffer.LastAccessTime** is less than -1.
  - If **InputBuffer.LastWriteTime** is less than -1.
  - If InputBuffer.ChangeTime is less than -1.<147>
  - If InputBuffer.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_DIRECTORY is TRUE and Open.Stream.StreamType is DataStream.
  - If InputBuffer.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_TEMPORARY is TRUE and Open.File.FileType is DirectoryFile.
- The object store MUST initialize local variables as follows:
  - *CurrentTime* to the current system time.
  - OriginalFileAttributes to **Open.File.FileAttributes**.

- UsnReason to 0.
- ValidSetAttributes to (FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_READONLY | FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_HIDDEN | FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_SYSTEM | FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_ARCHIVE | FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_TEMPORARY | FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_OFFLINE | FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_NOT\_CONTENT\_INDEXED)
- *BreakParentOplock* to FALSE.
- If **InputBuffer.FileAttributes** != 0:
  - If **Open.File** is equal to **Open.File.Volume.RootDirectory**, the object store MUST NOT allow the application to change the hidden or system attributes:
    - ValidSetAttributes &= ~(FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_HIDDEN | FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_SYSTEM)
  - EndIf
  - **Open.File.FileAttributes** &= ~*ValidSetAttributes*
  - **Open.File.FileAttributes** |= (**InputBuffer.FileAttributes** & ValidSetAttributes)
  - If **Open.File.FileAttributes** is not equal to *OriginalFileAttributes*:
    - Set *BreakParentOplock* to TRUE.
    - The object store MUST set
       Open.File.PendingNotifications.FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_ATTRIBUTES to TRUE.
    - If **InputBuffer.FileAttributes**.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_TEMPORARY is TRUE, the object store MUST set **Open.Stream.IsTemporary** to TRUE; otherwise it MUST be set to FALSE.
    - If Open.UserSetChangeTime is FALSE and InputBuffer.ChangeTime != -1, the object store MUST set Open.File.LastChangeTime to CurrentTime.
    - If **Open.File.FileAttributes** is not equal to *OriginalFileAttributes*, the object store MUST set *UsnReason*.USN\_REASON\_BASIC\_INFO\_CHANGE to TRUE.
    - If Open.File.FileAttributes. FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_NOT\_CONTENT\_INDEXED is not equal to OriginalFileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_NOT\_CONTENT\_INDEXED, the object store MUST set UsnReason.USN\_REASON\_INDEXABLE\_CHANGE to TRUE.
    - The object store MUST update the duplicated information as specified in section 2.1.4.18 with **Link** equal to **Open.Link**.
  - EndIf
- EndIf
- If **InputBuffer.ChangeTime** != 0:
  - The object store MUST set **Open.UserSetChangeTime** to TRUE.
  - If InputBuffer.ChangeTime != -1:
    - Set *BreakParentOplock* to TRUE.
    - If **InputBuffer.ChangeTime** !=**Open.File.LastChangeTime**, the object store MUST set *UsnReason*.USN\_REASON\_BASIC\_INFO\_CHANGE to TRUE.
    - The object store MUST set **Open.File.LastChangeTime** to **InputBuffer.ChangeTime**.
  - EndIf

- EndIf
- If **InputBuffer.CreationTime** != 0 and **InputBuffer.CreationTime** != -1:
  - Set *BreakParentOplock* to TRUE.
  - If **InputBuffer.CreationTime** != **Open.File.CreationTime**, the object store MUST set *UsnReason*.USN\_REASON\_BASIC\_INFO\_CHANGE to TRUE.
  - The object store MUST set Open.File.CreationTime to InputBuffer.CreationTime.
  - The object store MUST set Open.File.PendingNotifications.FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_CREATION to TRUE.
  - If Open.UserSetChangeTime is FALSE and InputBuffer.ChangeTime != -1, the object store MUST set Open.File.LastChangeTime to CurrentTime.
- EndIf
- If InputBuffer.LastAccessTime != 0:
  - The object store MUST set **Open.UserSetAccessTime** to TRUE.
  - If InputBuffer.LastAccessTime != -1:
    - Set *BreakParentOplock* to TRUE.
    - If InputBuffer. LastAccessTime != Open.File.LastAccessTime, the object store MUST set UsnReason.USN\_REASON\_BASIC\_INFO\_CHANGE to TRUE.
    - The object store MUST set Open.File.LastAccessTime to InputBuffer. LastAccessTime.
    - The object store MUST set
       Open.File.PendingNotifications.FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_LAST\_ACCESS to TRUE.
    - If Open.UserSetChangeTime is FALSE and InputBuffer.ChangeTime != -1, the object store MUST set Open.File.LastChangeTime to CurrentTime.
  - EndIf
- EndIf
- If **InputBuffer.LastWriteTime** != 0:
  - The object store MUST set **Open.UserSetModificationTime** to TRUE.
  - If InputBuffer.LastWriteTime != -1:
    - Set *BreakParentOplock* to TRUE.
    - If InputBuffer. LastWriteTime != Open.File.LastModificationTime, the object store MUST set UsnReason.USN\_REASON\_BASIC\_INFO\_CHANGE to TRUE.
    - The object store MUST set Open.File.LastModificationTime to InputBuffer. LastWriteTime.
    - The object store MUST set
       Open.File.PendingNotifications.FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_LAST\_WRITE to TRUE.
    - If **Open.UserSetChangeTime** is FALSE and **InputBuffer.ChangeTime** != -1, the object store MUST set **Open.File.LastChangeTime** to *CurrentTime*.

- EndIf
- EndIf
- If *BreakParentOplock* is TRUE:
  - If the **Oplock** member of the **DirectoryStream** in **Open.Link.ParentFile.StreamList** (hereinafter referred to as *ParentOplock*) is not empty, the object store MUST check for an oplock break on the parent according to the algorithm in section <u>2.1.4.12</u>, with input values as follows:
    - **Open** equal to this operation's **Open**.
    - **Oplock** equal to *ParentOplock*.
    - **Operation** equal to "SET\_INFORMATION"
    - **OpParams** containing a member **FileInformationClass** containing **FileBasicInformation**
    - Flags equal to "PARENT\_OBJECT"
- EndIf
- The object store MUST post a USN change as specified in section <u>2.1.4.11</u> with **File** equal to **File**, **Reason** equal to *UsnReason*, and **FileName** equal to **Open.Link.Name**.
- The operation returns STATUS\_SUCCESS.

### 2.1.5.14.3 FileDispositionInformation

**InputBuffer** is of type FILE\_DISPOSITION\_INFORMATION as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.11.

- If **InputBufferSize** is less than the size, in bytes, of the FILE\_DISPOSITION\_INFORMATION structure, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INFO\_LENGTH\_MISMATCH.
- If **Open.GrantedAccess** does not contain DELETE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_ACCESS\_DENIED.
- If **InputBuffer.DeletePending** is TRUE:
  - If File.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_READONLY is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_CANNOT\_DELETE.
  - If **Open.Stream.Name** is empty:
    - If **Open.Stream.StreamType** is DirectoryStream and **Open.File.DirectoryList** is not empty, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_DIRECTORY\_NOT\_EMPTY.
    - Set **Open.Link.IsDeleted** to TRUE.
    - If **Open.Stream.StreamType** is DirectoryStream:
      - For each ChangeNotifyEntry in Volume.ChangeNotifyList where ChangeNotifyEntry
         .OpenedDirectory.File is equal to Open.File then the following actions MUST be
         taken:
        - Remove *ChangeNotifyEntry* from **Volume.ChangeNotifyList**.
        - Complete the **ChangeNotify** operation with status STATUS\_DELETE\_PENDING.

- EndFor
- EndIf
- Else:
  - Set **Open.Stream.IsDeleted** to TRUE.
- EndIf
- Else:
  - If **Open.Stream.Name** is empty:
    - Set Open.Link.IsDeleted to FALSE.
  - Else:
    - Set Open.Stream.IsDeleted to FALSE.
  - EndIf
- EndIf
- The operation returns STATUS\_SUCCESS.

# 2.1.5.14.4 FileEndOfFileInformation

**InputBuffer** is of type FILE\_END\_OF\_FILE\_INFORMATION as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.13.<a href="https://www.section.com">section</a>

- If InputBufferSize is less than the size, in bytes, of the FILE\_END\_OF\_FILE\_INFORMATION structure, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INFO\_LENGTH\_MISMATCH.
- The operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER under any of the following conditions:
  - If **Open.Stream.StreamType** is DirectoryStream.
  - If **InputBuffer.EndOfFile** is greater than the maximum file size allowed by the object store.<a href="https://www.store.edu/store.edu
  - If **Open.GrantedAccess** does not contain FILE\_WRITE\_DATA, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_ACCESS\_DENIED.
- If **Open.Stream.Oplock** is not empty, the object store MUST check for an oplock break according to the algorithm in section <u>2.1.4.12</u>, with input values as follows:
  - **Open** equal to this operation's **Open**
  - Oplock equal to Open.Stream.Oplock
  - **Operation** equal to "SET\_INFORMATION"
  - OpParams containing a member FileInformationClass containing FileEndOfFileInformation
- If the **Oplock** member of the **DirectoryStream** in **Open.Link.ParentFile.StreamList** (hereinafter referred to as *ParentOplock*) is not empty, the object store MUST check for an oplock break on the parent according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12, with input values as follows:

- **Open** equal to this operation's **Open**
- **Oplock** equal to *ParentOplock*
- **Operation** equal to "SET\_INFORMATION"
- OpParams containing a member FileInformationClass containing FileEndOfFileInformation
- Flags equal to "PARENT\_OBJECT"
- If **Open.Stream.IsDeleted** is TRUE, the operation SHOULD return STATUS\_SUCCESS.
- If **Open.Stream.Size** is equal to **InputBuffer.EndOfFile**, the operation MUST return STATUS\_SUCCESS at this point.
- If **InputBuffer.EndOfFile** is greater than **Open.Stream.Size**:
  - The object store MUST post a USN change as specified in section <u>2.1.4.11</u> with File equal to File, Reason equal to USN\_REASON\_DATA\_EXTEND, and FileName equal to Open.Link.Name.
- Else:
  - The object store MUST post a USN change as specified in section 2.1.4.11 with File equal to File, Reason equal to USN\_REASON\_DATA\_TRUNCATION, and FileName equal to Open.Link.Name.
- EndIf
- If InputBuffer.EndOfFile is greater than Open.Stream.AllocationSize, the object store MUST set Open.Stream.AllocationSize to *BlockAlign*(InputBuffer.EndOfFile, Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize). If the space cannot be reserved, then the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_DISK\_FULL.
- If the previous condition is true and the object Store supports
   Open.File.Volume.ClusterRefcount, for each cluster that has been reserved by the previous operation, the corresponding entry for that cluster's LCN in Open.File.Volume.ClusterRefcount MUST be incremented.
- If InputBuffer.EndOfFile is less than (*BlockAlign*(Open.Stream.Size, Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize) -Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize), the object store SHOULD set Open.Stream.AllocationSize to BlockAlign (InputBuffer.EndOfFile, Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize).
- If **Open.Stream.ValidDataLength** is greater than **InputBuffer.EndOfFile**, the object store MUST set **Open.Stream.ValidDataLength** to **InputBuffer.EndOfFile**.
- The object store MUST set **Open.Stream.Size** to **InputBuffer.EndOfFile**.
- The object store MUST note that the file has been modified as specified in section 2.1.4.17 with **Open** equal to **Open**.
- The object store MUST update the duplicated information as specified in section 2.1.4.18 with Link equal to **Open.Link**.
- The operation returns STATUS\_SUCCESS.

## 2.1.5.14.5 FileFullEaInformation

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_REQUEST.  $\leq 150 >$ 

**InputBuffer** is of type FILE\_FULL\_EA\_INFORMATION, as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.15.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If Open.File.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_REPARSE\_POINT is TRUE, the object store MUST fail the operation with STATUS\_EAS\_NOT\_SUPPORTED.
- For each *Ea* in **InputBuffer**:
  - If *Ea*.**EaName** is not well-formed as specified in [MS-FSCC] 2.4.15, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_EA\_NAME.
  - If *Ea*.Flags does not contain a valid set of flags as specified in [MS-FSCC] 2.4.15, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_EA\_NAME.
  - If *Ea*.**EaName** exists in the **Open.File.ExtendedAttributes**, remove that entry from **Open.File.ExtendedAttributes**, updating **Open.File.ExtendedAttributesLength** to reflect the new list size.
  - If *Ea*.**EaValueLength** is NOT zero, add *Ea* to **Open.File.ExtendedAttributes**, updating **Open.File.ExtendedAttributesLength** to reflect the new list size
  - If Open.File.ExtendedAttributesLength becomes greater than 64 KB 5 bytes, the object store MUST fail the operation with STATUS\_EA\_TOO\_LARGE and undo any changes made as part of this operation.
- EndFor
- If Open.UserSetChangeTime is FALSE, the object store MUST update Open.File.LastChangeTime to the current time.
- The object store MUST set **Open.File.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_ARCHIVE** to TRUE.
- The object store MUST post a USN change as specified in section <u>2.1.4.11</u> with File equal to File, Reason equal to USN\_REASON\_EA\_CHANGE, and FileName equal to Open.Link.Name.
- Set Open.File.PendingNotifications.FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_EA to TRUE and Open.File.PendingNotifications.FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_ATTRIBUTES to TRUE.

### 2.1.5.14.6 FileLinkInformation

**InputBuffer** is of type FILE\_LINK\_INFORMATION\_TYPE\_1, as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.21.1, for 32-bit local clients; or of type FILE\_LINK\_INFORMATION\_TYPE\_2, as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.21.2, for remote clients or 64-bit local clients. **Open** represents the pre-existing file to which a new link named in **InputBuffer.FileName** will be created.

- If **InputBufferSize** is less than the size, in bytes, of the FILE\_LINK\_INFORMATION\_TYPE\_1 structure (for 32-bit local clients) or the FILE\_LINK\_INFORMATION\_TYPE\_2 structure (for remote clients or 64-bit local clients), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INFO\_LENGTH\_MISMATCH.
- If Open.Stream.StreamType is DataStream and Open.Stream.Name is not empty, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If **Open.File.FileType** is DirectoryFile, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_FILE\_IS\_A\_DIRECTORY.

- If **Open.Link.IsDeleted** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_ACCESS\_DENIED.
- If **InputBuffer.FileName** is not valid as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.5, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_OBJECT\_NAME\_INVALID.
- If **Open.File.LinkList** has 1024 or more entries, the operation SHOULD be failed with STATUS\_TOO\_MANY\_LINKS.
- Split **InputBuffer.FileName** into *PathName* and *FileName*, as specified in section 2.1.5.1.
- Open *DestinationDirectory* from *PathName*, as specified in section 2.1.5.1. If the open fails for any reason, the object store MUST fail the request with that error. This request requires that the caller has FILE\_ADD\_FILE access on the *DestinationDirectory* -- if not, the store MUST fail with STATUS\_ACCESS\_DENIED.
- Search DestinationDirectory.File.DirectoryList for an ExistingLink where ExistingLink.Name or ExistingLink.ShortName matches FileName using case-sensitivity according to Open.IsCaseInsensitive. If such a link is found:
  - If **InputBuffer.ReplaceIfExists** is TRUE:
    - Set *ReplacedLinkName* = *DestinationDirectory*.**FileName** + *FileName*.
    - Remove *ExistingLink* from *ExistingLink*.File.LinkList.
    - Remove *ExistingLink* from *DestinationDirectory*.**File.DirectoryList**.
    - Set *DeletedLink* to TRUE.
  - Else:
    - The operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_OBJECT\_NAME\_COLLISION.
  - EndIf
- EndIf
- The object store MUST build a new Link object *NewLink* with fields initialized as follows:
  - *NewLink*.Name set to *FileName*.
  - *NewLink*.File set to Open.File.
  - *NewLink*.**ParentFile** set to *DestinationDirectory*.**File**.
  - All other fields set to zero.
- The object store MUST update the duplicated information as specified in section 2.1.4.18 with Link equal to *NewLink*.
- The object store MUST insert NewLink into Open.File.LinkList
- The object store MUST insert *NewLink* into *DestinationDirectory*.File.DirectoryList.
- The object store MUST update DestinationDirectory.File.LastModificationTime, DestinationDirectory.File.LastAccessTime, and DestinationDirectory.File.LastChangeTime.
- If the **Oplock** member of the **DirectoryStream** in *DestinationDirectory*.**File.StreamList** (hereinafter referred to as *ParentOplock*) is not empty, the object store MUST check for an oplock break on the parent according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12, with input values as follows:
  - **Open** equal to this operation's **Open**

- **Oplock** equal to *ParentOplock*
- **Operation** equal to "SET\_INFORMATION"
- OpParams containing a member FileInformationClass containing FileLinkInformation
- Flags equal to "PARENT\_OBJECT"
- If Open.UserSetChangeTime is FALSE, the object store MUST update Open.File.LastChangeTime to the current time.
- The object store MUST set **Open.File.FileAttributes**.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_ARCHIVE.
- If *DeletedLink* is TRUE:
  - If *ReplacedLinkName* equals **InputBuffer.FileName** in a case-sensitive comparison:
    - // In this case, the link name has not changed, but the file it refers to has changed.
    - Action = FILE\_ACTION\_MODIFIED
    - FilterMatch = FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_ATTRIBUTES | FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_SIZE | FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_LAST\_WRITE | FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_LAST\_ACCESS | FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_CREATION | FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_SECURITY | FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_EA
    - Send directory change notification as specified in section <u>2.1.4.1</u>, with Volume equal to File.Volume, Action equal to Action, FilterMatch equal to FilterMatch, and FileName equal to InputBuffer.FileName.
  - Else
    - // In this case, the implementer replaced a link, but the new link created differs only in case.
    - Action = FILE\_ACTION\_REMOVED
    - *FilterMatch* = FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_FILE\_NAME
    - Send directory change notification as specified in section 2.1.4.1, with Volume equal to File.Volume, Action equal to Action, FilterMatch equal to FilterMatch, and FileName equal to InputBuffer.FileName.
    - Action = FILE\_ACTION\_ADDED
    - *FilterMatch* = FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_FILE\_NAME
    - Send directory change notification as specified in section 2.1.4.1, with Volume equal to File.Volume, Action equal to Action, FilterMatch equal to FilterMatch, and FileName equal to InputBuffer.FileName.
  - EndIf
- Else
  - // If the implementer did not delete a link, all that needs to be done is to notify that a new link
    was created.
  - Action = FILE\_ACTION\_ADDED
  - *FilterMatch* = FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_FILE\_NAME

- Send directory change notification as specified in section 2.1.4.1, with Volume equal to File.Volume, Action equal to Action, FilterMatch equal to FilterMatch, and FileName equal to InputBuffer.FileName.
- EndIf
- The operation returns STATUS\_SUCCESS.

### 2.1.5.14.7 FileModeInformation

**InputBuffer** is of type FILE\_MODE\_INFORMATION, as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.24.

- If **InputBufferSize** is less than the size, in bytes, of the FILE\_MODE\_INFORMATION structure, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INFO\_LENGTH\_MISMATCH.
- The operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER under any of the following conditions:
  - **InputBuffer.Mode** contains any flag, as defined in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.24, other than the following:
    - FILE\_WRITE\_THROUGH
    - FILE\_SEQUENTIAL\_ONLY
    - FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_ALERT
    - FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_NONALERT
  - InputBuffer.Mode contains either FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_ALERT or FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_NONALERT, but Open.Mode contains neither FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_ALERT nor FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_NONALERT.
  - Open.Mode contains either FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_ALERT or FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_NONALERT, but InputBuffer.Mode contains neither the FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_ALERT nor FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_NONALERT flags.
  - **InputBuffer.Mode** contains both FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_ALERT and FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_NONALERT.
- If **Open.Mode** does not contain FILE\_NO\_INTERMEDIATE\_BUFFERING:
  - If InputBuffer.Mode contains FILE\_WRITE\_THROUGH, set
     Open.Mode.FILE\_WRITE\_THROUGH to TRUE; otherwise set it to FALSE.
- EndIf
- If InputBuffer.Mode contains FILE\_SEQUENTIAL\_ONLY, set
   Open.Mode.FILE\_SEQUENTIAL\_ONLY to TRUE; otherwise set it to FALSE.
- If **Open.Mode** contains either FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_ALERT or FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_NONALERT:
  - If InputBuffer.Mode contains FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_ALERT, set
     Open.Mode.FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_ALERT to TRUE; otherwise set it to FALSE.
  - If InputBuffer.Mode contains FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_NONALERT, set
     Open.Mode.FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_NONALERT to TRUE; otherwise set it to FALSE.

- EndIf
- The operation returns STATUS\_SUCCESS.

## 2.1.5.14.8 FileObjectIdInformation

This operation is not supported and MUST be failed with STATUS\_NOT\_SUPPORTED.

#### 2.1.5.14.9 FilePositionInformation

**InputBuffer** is of type FILE\_POSITION\_INFORMATION, as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.32.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **InputBufferSize** is less than the size, in bytes, of the FILE\_POSITION\_INFORMATION structure, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INFO\_LENGTH\_MISMATCH.
- The operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER under either of the following conditions:
  - **InputBuffer.CurrentByteOffset** is less than 0.
  - Open.Mode contains FILE\_NO\_INTERMEDIATE\_BUFFERING and InputBuffer.CurrentByteOffset is not an integer multiple of Open.File.Volume.LogicalBytesPerSector.
- The object store MUST set Open.**CurrentByteOffset** equal to InputBuffer.CurrentByteOffset.
- The operation returns STATUS\_SUCCESS.<<151>

### 2.1.5.14.10 FileQuotaInformation

This operation is not supported and MUST be failed with STATUS\_NOT\_SUPPORTED

### 2.1.5.14.11 FileRenameInformation

**InputBuffer** is of type FILE\_RENAME\_INFORMATION\_TYPE\_1, as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.34.1, for 32-bit local clients; or of type FILE\_RENAME\_INFORMATION\_TYPE\_2, as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.34.2, for remote clients or 64-bit local clients. **Open.FileName** is the pre-existing file name that will be changed by this operation.

This routine uses the following local variables:

- Unicode strings: PathName, RootPathName, NewLinkName, PrevFullLinkName, SourceFullLinkName, DestFullLinkName
- Files: SourceDirectory, DestinationDirectory
- Links: TargetLink, NewLink
- Boolean values (initialized to FALSE): TargetExistsSameFile, ExactCaseMatch, MoveToNewDir, OverwriteSourceLink, RemoveTargetLink, FoundLink, MatchedShortName
- Boolean values (initialized to TRUE): ActivelyRemoveSourceLink, RemoveSourceLink, AddTargetLink
- 32-bit unsigned integers: *FilterMatch*, *Action*

- If **InputBufferSize** is less than the size, in bytes, of the FILE\_RENAME\_INFORMATION\_TYPE\_1 structure (for 32-bit local clients) or the FILE\_RENAME\_INFORMATION\_TYPE\_2 structure (for remote clients or 64-bit local clients), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INFO\_LENGTH\_MISMATCH.
- If **Open.GrantedAccess** does not contain DELETE, as defined in [MS-SMB2] section 2.2.13.1, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_ACCESS\_DENIED.
- The operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER under any of the following conditions:
  - If **InputBuffer.FileNameLength** is equal to zero.
  - If InputBuffer.FileNameLength is an odd number.
  - If InputBuffer.FileNameLength is greater than InputBufferLength minus the byte offset into the FILE\_RENAME\_INFORMATION InputBuffer of the InputBuffer.FileName field (that is, the total length of InputBuffer as given in InputBufferLength is insufficient to contain the fixed-size fields of InputBuffer plus the length of InputBuffer.FileName).
  - If this operation is from a remote client, and either InputBuffer.RootDirectory is nonzero or the first character of InputBuffer.FileName is '\'.
  - If InputBuffer.RootDirectory is nonzero and the first character of InputBuffer.FileName is '\'.
- If InputBuffer.RootDirectory is nonzero:
  - The object store MUST set *RootPathName* to the full pathname from Open.File.Volume.RootDirectory to the file represented by InputBuffer.RootDirectory, in an implementation-specific manner.
  - The object store MUST set *DestFullLinkName* to *RootPathName* + '\' + InputBuffer.FileName.
- Else:
  - The object store MUST set *DestFullLinkName* to **InputBuffer.FileName**.
- EndIf
- Split *DestFullLinkName* into *PathName* and *NewLinkName* as specified in section 2.1.5.1.
- If the first character of InputBuffer.FileName is '\' or InputBuffer.RootDirectory is nonzero or this operation is from a remote client:
  - Open DestinationDirectory as specified in section 2.1.5.1, setting the open file operation's parameters as follows:
    - **PathName** equal to *PathName*.
    - DesiredAccess equal to FILE\_ADD\_FILE|SYNCHRONIZE, additionally specifying FILE\_ADD\_SUBDIRECTORY if Open.File.FileType is DirectoryFile.
    - **ShareAccess** equal to FILE\_SHARE\_READ|FILE\_SHARE\_WRITE.
    - **CreateOptions** equal to FILE\_OPEN\_FOR\_BACKUP\_INTENT.
    - **CreateDisposition** equal to FILE\_OPEN.
  - If open of *DestinationDirectory* fails:

- The operation MUST fail with the error returned by the open of *DestinationDirectory*.
- Else if *DestinationDirectory*.**Volume** is not equal to **Open.File.Volume**:
  - The operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_NOT\_SAME\_DEVICE.
- EndIf
- Else
  - If **InputBuffer.FileName** contains the character '\', the object store MUST fail the operation with STATUS\_OBJECT\_NAME\_INVALID.
  - Set *DestinationDirectory* equal to **Open.Link.ParentFile**.
- EndIf
- If **Open.Stream.Oplock** is not empty, the object store MUST check for an oplock break according to the algorithm in section <u>2.1.4.12</u>, with input values as follows:
  - **Open** equal to this operation's **Open**.
  - Oplock equal to Open.Stream.Oplock.
  - **Operation** equal to "SET\_INFORMATION".
  - **OpParams** containing a member **FileInformationClass** containing FileRenameInformation.
- If the first character of **InputBuffer.FileName** is ':':
  - Perform a stream rename according to the algorithm in section <u>2.1.5.14.11.1</u>, setting the stream rename algorithm's parameters as follows:
    - Pass in the current **Open**.
    - ReplaceIfExists equal to InputBuffer.ReplaceIfExists.
    - NewStreamName equal to InputBuffer.FileName.
  - If the stream rename algorithm fails, the operation MUST fail with the same status code.
  - The operation returns STATUS\_SUCCESS at this point.
- EndIf
- If **Open.Link.IsDeleted** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_ACCESS\_DENIED.
- If **Open.File.FileType** is DirectoryFile, determine whether **Open.File** contains open files as specified in section <u>2.1.4.2</u>, with input values as follows:
  - File equal to Open.File.
  - **Open** equal to this operation's **Open**.
  - **Operation** equal to "SET\_INFORMATION".
  - **OpParams** containing a member **FileInformationClass** containing FileRenameInformation.
- If **Open.File** contains open files as specified in section 2.1.4.2, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_ACCESS\_DENIED.
- If **InputBuffer.FileName** is not valid as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.5, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_OBJECT\_NAME\_INVALID.

- If *DestinationDirectory* is the same as **Open.Link.ParentFile**:
  - If *NewLinkName* is a case-sensitive exact match with **Open.Link.Name**, the operation MUST return STATUS\_SUCCESS at this point.
- Else
  - Set *MoveToNewDir* to TRUE.
- EndIf
- If NewLinkName matches the Name or ShortName of any Link in DestinationDirectory.DirectoryList using case-sensitivity according to Open.IsCaseInsensitive:
  - Set *FoundLink* to TRUE.
  - Set *TargetLink* to the existing Link found in *DestinationDirectory*.DirectoryList. Because the name could have been found using a case-insensitive search (if Open.IsCaseInsensitive is TRUE), this preserves the case of the found name.
  - If *NewLinkName* matched *TargetLink*.**ShortName**, set *MatchedShortName* to TRUE.
  - Set *RemoveTargetLink* to TRUE.
  - If *TargetLink*.**File.FileId128** equals **Open.File.FileId128**, set *TargetExistsSameFile* to TRUE. This detects a rename to another existing link to the same file.
  - If (TargetLink.Name is a case-sensitive exact match with NewLinkName) or

(*MatchedShortName* is TRUE and

TargetLink.ShortName is a case-sensitive exact match with NewLinkName):

- Set *ExactCaseMatch* to TRUE.
- EndIf
- If *TargetExistsSameFile* is TRUE:
  - If *MoveToNewDir* is FALSE:
    - If Open.Link.ShortName is not empty and *TargetLink*.ShortName is not empty (this
      is the case where both the source link and the (existing) requested target are part of
      the primary link to the same file; this case occurs, for example, in a rename that only
      changes the case of the name):
      - Set ActivelyRemoveSourceLink to FALSE.
      - Set *OverwriteSourceLink* to TRUE.
      - If *ExactCaseMatch* is TRUE, set *RemoveSourceLink* to FALSE (because this algorithm earlier succeeded upon detecting an exact match between the name by which the file was opened and the new requested name, this case only occurs when the file was opened by one half of its primary link, and the requested rename target is the other half; for example, opening a file by its short name and renaming it to its long name).
    - Else If (**Open.Link.Name** is a case-sensitive exact match with *TargetLink*.**Name**) or

(MatchedShortName is TRUE and

**Open.Link.Name** is a case-sensitive exact match with *TargetLink*.**ShortName**) (this detects the case where the implementer is just changing the case of a single link; for example, given a file with links "primary", "link1", "link2", all in the same directory, the implementer is doing "ren link1 LINK1", and not "ren link1 link2"):

- Set *ActivelyRemoveSourceLink* to FALSE.
- Set *OverwriteSourceLink* to TRUE.
- EndIf
- EndIf
- If *ExactCaseMatch* is TRUE and

(OverwriteSourceLink is FALSE or

#### **Open.IsCaseInsensitive** is TRUE or

#### Open.Link.ShortName is empty)

- Set *RemoveTargetLink* and *AddTargetLink* to FALSE.
- EndIf
- EndIf
- If *RemoveTargetLink* is TRUE:
  - If *TargetExistsSameFile* is FALSE and **InputBuffer.ReplaceIfExists** is FALSE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_OBJECT\_NAME\_COLLISION.
  - Set *PrevFullLinkName* to the full pathname from **Open.File.Volume.RootDirectory** to *TargetLink*.
  - If *TargetExistsSameFile* is FALSE:
    - The operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_ACCESS\_DENIED under any of the following conditions:
      - If *TargetLink*.**File.FileType** is DirectoryFile.
      - If *TargetLink*.**File.FileAttributes.**FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_READONLY is TRUE.
    - If *TargetLink*.**IsDeleted** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_DELETE\_PENDING.
    - If the caller does not have DELETE access to TargetLink.File:
      - If the caller does not have FILE\_DELETE\_CHILD access to *DestinationDirectory*:
        - The operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_ACCESS\_DENIED.
      - EndIf
    - EndIf
    - For each Stream on TargetLink.File:
      - If *TargetLink*.File.OpenList contains an Open with a Stream matching the current Stream, and that Stream's Oplock is not empty, the object store MUST

check for an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12, with input values as follows:

- **Open** equal to this operation's **Open**.
- **Oplock** equal to the found **Stream's Oplock**.
- **Operation** equal to SET\_INFORMATION.
- **OpParams** containing a member **FileInformationClass** containing **FileEndOfFileInformation**.
- If there was not an oplock to be broken and *TargetLink*.File.OpenList contains an Open with a Stream matching the current Stream, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_ACCESS\_DENIED.
- EndFor
- If *TargetLink*.**File.LinkList** contains exactly one element:
  - The object store MUST delete *TargetLink*.**File** as specified in section <u>2.1.5.4</u>; if this fails, the operation MUST be failed with the same status.
- Else
  - The object store MUST delete *TargetLink* as specified in section 2.1.5.4; if this fails, the operation MUST be failed with the same status.
  - The object store MUST post a USN change as specified in section <u>2.1.4.11</u> with File equal to File, Reason equal to (USN\_REASON\_HARD\_LINK\_CHANGE | USN\_REASON\_CLOSE), and FileName equal to *TargetLink*.Name.
- EndIf
- Else
  - The object store MUST post a USN change as specified in section 2.1.4.11 with File equal to File, Reason equal to USN\_REASON\_RENAME\_OLD\_NAME, and FileName equal to TargetLink.Name.
  - The object store MUST delete *TargetLink* as specified in section 2.1.5.4; if this fails, the operation MUST be failed with the same status.
- EndIf
- EndIf
- EndIf
- The object store MUST post a USN change as specified in section 2.1.4.11 with File equal to File, Reason equal to USN\_REASON\_RENAME\_OLD\_NAME, and FileName equal to Open.Link.Name.
- If *RemoveSourceLink* is TRUE:
  - Set *SourceDirectory* to **Open.Link.ParentFile**.
  - If ActivelyRemoveSourceLink is TRUE:
    - Remove **Open.Link** from **Open.File.LinkList**.
    - Remove **Open.Link** from **Open.Link.ParentFile.DirectoryList**.

- A new **TunnelCacheEntry** object *TunnelCacheEntry* MUST be constructed and added to the **Open.File.Volume.TunnelCacheList** as follows:
  - *TunnelCacheEntry*.EntryTime MUST be set to the current time.
  - TunnelCacheEntry.ParentFile MUST be set to Open.Link.ParentFile.
  - *TunnelCacheEntry*.**FileName** MUST be set to **Open.Link.Name**.
  - TunnelCacheEntry.FileShortName MUST be set to Open.Link.ShortName.
  - If **Open.FileName** matches **Open.Link.ShortName**, then *TunnelCacheEntry*.**KeyByShortName** MUST be set to TRUE, else *TunnelCacheEntry*.**KeyByShortName** MUST be set to FALSE.
  - *TunnelCacheEntry*.**FileCreationTime** MUST be set to **Open.File.CreationTime**.
  - *TunnelCacheEntry*.ObjectIdInfo.ObjectId MUST be set to Open.File.ObjectId.
  - TunnelCacheEntry.ObjectIdInfo.BirthVolumeId MUST be set to Open.File.BirthVolumeId.
  - TunnelCacheEntry.ObjectIdInfo.BirthObjectId MUST be set to Open.File.BirthObjectId.
  - *TunnelCacheEntry*.**ObjectIdInfo.DomainId** MUST be set to **Open.File.DomainId**.
- EndIf
- If **Open.File.FileType** is DirectoryFile, then **Open.File** MUST have every **TunnelCacheEntry** associated with it invalidated:
  - For every *ExistingTunnelCacheEntry* in **Open.File.Volume.TunnelCacheList**:
    - If ExistingTunnelCacheEntry.ParentFile matches Open.File, then ExistingTunnelCacheEntry MUST be removed from Open.File.Volume.TunnelCacheList.
  - EndFor
- EndIf
- EndIf
- Set *SourceFullLinkName* to **Open.FileName**.
- EndIf
- If AddTargetLink is TRUE:
  - The operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_ACCESS\_DENIED if either of the following conditions are true:
    - **Open.File.FileType** is DirectoryFile and the caller does not have FILE\_ADD\_SUBDIRECTORY access on *DestinationDirectory*.
    - **Open.File.FileType** is DataFile and the caller does not have FILE\_ADD\_FILE access on *DestinationDirectory*.
  - The object store MUST create a new **Link** object *NewLink*, initialized as follows:
    - *NewLink*.File equal to Open.File.

- NewLink. ParentFile equal to DestinationDirectory.
- All other fields set to zero.
- If Open.File.FileType is DataFile and Open.IsCaseInsensitive is TRUE, and tunnel caching is implemented, the object store MUST search Open.File.Volume.TunnelCacheList for a *TunnelCacheEntry* where *TunnelCacheEntry*.ParentFile equals *DestinationDirectory* and either (*TunnelCacheEntry*.KeyByShortName is FALSE and *TunnelCacheEntry*.FileName matches *NewLinkName*) or (*TunnelCacheEntry*.KeyByShortName is TRUE and *TunnelCacheEntry*.FileShortName matches *NewLinkName*). If such an entry is found:
  - Set *NewLink*.File.CreationTime to *TunnelCacheEntry*.FileCreationTime.
  - Set *NewLink*.**File**.**PendingNotifications**. FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_CREATION to TRUE.
  - If *TunnelCacheEntry*.**ObjectIdInfo.ObjectId** is not empty:
    - If **Open.File.ObjectId** is not empty:
      - The object store MUST construct a FILE\_OBJECTID\_INFORMATION structure (as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.28.1) *ObjectIdInfo* as follows:
        - *ObjectIdInfo*.FileReference set to Open.File.FileId64.
        - *ObjectIdInfo*.**ObjectId** set to *TunnelCacheEntry*.**ObjectIdInfo**.**ObjectId**.
        - ObjectIdInfo.BirthVolumeId set to TunnelCacheEntry.ObjectIdInfo.BirthVolumeId.
        - ObjectIdInfo.BirthObjectId set to TunnelCacheEntry.ObjectIdInfo.BirthObjectId.
        - *ObjectIdInfo*.**DomainId** set to *TunnelCacheEntry*.**ObjectIdInfo.DomainId**.
      - Send directory change notification as specified in section <u>2.1.4.1</u>, with Volume equal to Open.File.Volume, Action equal to
        FILE\_ACTION\_TUNNELLED\_ID\_COLLISION, FilterMatch equal to
        FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_FILE\_NAME, FileName equal to "\\$Extend\\$ObjId",
        NotifyData equal to ObjectIdInfo, and NotifyDataLength equal to
        sizeof(FILE\_OBJECTID\_INFORMATION).
    - Else if *TunnelCacheEntry*.ObjectIdInfo.ObjectId is not unique on Open.File.Volume:
      - The object store MUST construct a FILE\_OBJECTID\_INFORMATION structure (as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.28.1) *ObjectIdInfo* as follows:
        - ObjectIdInfo.FileReference set to Open.File.FileId64.
        - *ObjectIdInfo*.**ObjectId** set to *TunnelCacheEntry*.**ObjectIdInfo**.**ObjectId**.
        - *ObjectIdInfo*.**BirthVolumeId** set to *TunnelCacheEntry*.**ObjectIdInfo.BirthVolumeId**.
        - ObjectIdInfo.BirthObjectId set to TunnelCacheEntry.ObjectIdInfo.BirthObjectId.
        - *ObjectIdInfo*.**DomainId** set to *TunnelCacheEntry*.**ObjectIdInfo**.**DomainId**.
      - Send directory change notification as specified in section 2.1.4.1, with Volume equal to Open.File.Volume, Action equal to FILE\_ACTION\_ID\_NOT\_TUNNELLED,

**FilterMatch** equal to FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_FILE\_NAME, **FileName** equal to "\\$Extend\\$ObjId", **NotifyData** equal to *ObjectIdInfo*, and **NotifyDataLength** equal to *sizeof(*FILE\_OBJECTID\_INFORMATION).

- Else:
  - Set NewLink.File.ObjectId to TunnelCacheEntry.ObjectIdInfo.ObjectId.
  - Set NewLink.File.BirthVolumeId to TunnelCacheEntry.ObjectIdInfo.BirthVolumeId.
  - Set NewLink.File.BirthObjectId to TunnelCacheEntry.ObjectIdInfo.BirthObjectId.
  - Set *NewLink*.**File.DomainId** to *TunnelCacheEntry*.**ObjectIdInfo.DomainId**.
- EndIf
- EndIf
- Set *NewLink*.**Name** to *TunnelCacheEntry*.**FileName**.
- Set NewLink.ShortName to TunnelCacheEntry.FileShortName if that name is not already in use among all names and short names in NewLink.ParentFile.DirectoryList.
- Remove *TunnelCacheEntry* from *NewLink*.**File.Volume.TunnelCacheList**.
- Else:
  - Set *NewLink*.**Name** to *NewLinkName*.
- EndIf
- If Open.Link.ShortName is not empty and Open.IsCaseInsensitive is TRUE and NewLink.ShortName is empty, then if short names are enabled, the object store MUST create a short name as follows:
  - If NewLink.Name is 8.3-compliant as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.5.2.1:
    - Set *NewLink*.ShortName to *NewLink*.Name.
  - Else:
    - Generate a NewLink.ShortName that is 8.3-compliant as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.5.2.1. The string chosen is implementation-specific, but MUST be unique among all names and short names present in DestinationDirectory.DirectoryList.
  - EndIf
- EndIf
- The object store MUST update the duplicated information as specified in section 2.1.4.18 with **Link** equal to *NewLink*.
- The object store MUST add *NewLink* to *DestinationDirectory*.**DirectoryList**.
- The object store MUST replace **Open.Link** with *NewLink*.
- If *MoveToNewDir* is TRUE:
  - *DestinationDirectory*.LastModificationTime MUST be updated.

- *DestinationDirectory*.LastAccessTime MUST be updated.
- *DestinationDirectory*.LastChangeTime MUST be updated.
- EndIf
- EndIf
- The object store MUST change the compname component (as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.5) of **Open.FileName** to *NewLinkName*.
- If *RemoveSourceLink* is TRUE:
  - *SourceDirectory*.LastModificationTime MUST be updated.
  - SourceDirectory.LastAccessTime MUST be updated.
  - SourceDirectory.LastChangeTime MUST be updated.
- EndIf
- The object store MUST update Open.File.LastChangeTime.
- If Open.File.FileType is DataFile, the object store MUST set Open.File.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_ARCHIVE.
- FilterMatch = 0
- If *RemoveTargetLink* is TRUE and *OverwriteSourceLink* is FALSE and *ExactCaseMatch* is FALSE:
  - If TargetLink.File.FileType is DirectoryFile
    - *FilterMatch* = FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_DIR\_NAME
  - Else
    - *FilterMatch* = FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_FILE\_NAME
  - EndIf
  - The object store MUST report a directory change notification as specified in section 2.1.4.1 with Volume equal to Open.File.Volume, Action equal to FILE\_ACTION\_REMOVED, and FileName set to PrevFullLinkName with a FilterMatch of FilterMatch.
- EndIf
- If *RemoveSourceLink* is TRUE:
  - If **Open.File.FileType** is DirectoryFile
    - *FilterMatch* = FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_DIR\_NAME
  - Else
    - *FilterMatch* = FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_FILE\_NAME
  - EndIf
  - If MoveToNewDir is TRUE or AddTargetLink is FALSE or RemoveTargetLink and ExactCaseMatch are TRUE: Action = FILE\_ACTION\_REMOVED
  - Else

- Action = FILE\_ACTION\_REMOVED\_OLD\_NAME
- EndIf
- The object store MUST report a directory change notification as specified in section 2.1.4.1 with Volume equal to Open.File.Volume, Action equal to Action, and FileName set to SourceFullLinkName with a FilterMatch of FilterMatch.
- EndIf
- If *FoundLink* is FALSE or (*OverwriteSourceLink* is TRUE and *ExactCaseMatch* is FALSE) or (*RemoveTargetLink* is TRUE and *ExactCaseMatch* is FALSE):
  - If *MoveToNewDir* is TRUE, set *Action* to FILE\_ACTION\_ADDED; otherwise set *Action* to FILE\_ACTION\_RENAMED\_NEW\_NAME.
- Else If *RemoveTargetLink* is TRUE and *TargetExistsSameFile* is FALSE:
  - FilterMatch = FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_ATTRIBUTES | FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_SIZE | FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_LAST\_WRITE | FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_LAST\_ACCESS | FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_CREATION | FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_SECURITY | FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_EA
  - Action = FILE\_ACTION\_MODIFIED
- EndIf
- If FilterMatch != 0:
  - The object store MUST report a directory change notification as specified in section 2.1.4.1 with Volume equal to Open.File.Volume, Action equal to Action, and FileName set to Open.FileName with a FilterMatch of FilterMatch.
- EndIf
- If *MoveToNewDir* is TRUE:
  - If the **Oplock** member of the **DirectoryStream** in *DestinationDirectory*.**StreamList** (hereinafter referred to as *DestinationParentOplock*) is not empty, the object store MUST check for an oplock break on the parent according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12, with input values as follows:
    - **Open** equal to this operation's **Open**
    - **Oplock** equal to *DestinationParentOplock*
    - **Operation** equal to "SET\_INFORMATION"
    - **OpParams** containing a member **FileInformationClass** containing **FileRenameInformation**
    - Flags equal to "PARENT\_OBJECT"
- EndIf
- If the **Oplock** member of the **DirectoryStream** in **Open.Link.ParentFile.StreamList** (hereinafter referred to as *SourceParentOplock*) is not empty, the object store MUST check for an oplock break on the parent according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12, with input values as follows:
  - Open equal to this operation's Open

- **Oplock** equal to *SourceParentOplock*
- **Operation** equal to "SET\_INFORMATION"
- **OpParams** containing a member **FileInformationClass** containing **FileRenameInformation**
- Flags equal to "PARENT\_OBJECT"
- The operation returns STATUS\_SUCCESS.

### 2.1.5.14.11.1Algorithm for Performing Stream Rename

The inputs for a stream rename are:

- **Open:** an **Open** for the stream being renamed.
- ReplaceIfExists: A Boolean value. If TRUE and the target stream exists and the operation is successful, the target stream MUST be replaced. If FALSE and the target stream exists, the operation MUST fail.
- **NewStreamName:** A **Unicode** string indicating the new name for the stream. This string MUST begin with the Unicode character ":".

The stream rename algorithm uses the following local variables:

- Unicode strings: *StreamName*, *StreamTypeName*
- Streams: TargetStream, NewDefaultStream

Pseudocode for the algorithm is as follows:

- Split **NewStreamName** into a stream name component *StreamName* and attribute type component *StreamTypeName*, using the character ":" as a delimiter.
- The operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER under any of the following conditions:
  - The last character of **NewStreamName** is ":".
  - The character ":" occurs more than three times in **NewStreamName**.
  - If *StreamName* contains any characters invalid for a streamname as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.5, or any wildcard characters as defined in section 2.1.4.3.
  - If *StreamTypeName* contains any characters invalid for a streamname as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.5, or any wildcard characters as defined in section 2.1.4.3.
  - Both *StreamName* and *StreamTypeName* are zero-length.
  - *StreamName* is more than 255 Unicode characters in length.
  - If *StreamName* is zero-length and **Open.File.FileType** is DirectoryFile, because a DirectoryFile cannot have an unnamed data stream.
- The operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_OBJECT\_TYPE\_MISMATCH if either of the following conditions are true:
  - **Open.Stream.StreamType** is DataStream and *StreamTypeName* is not the Unicode string "\$DATA".

- Open.Stream.StreamType is DirectoryStream and StreamTypeName is not the Unicode string "\$INDEX\_ALLOCATION".
- If **Open.Stream.StreamType** is DirectoryStream, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If *StreamName* is a case-insensitive match with **Open.Stream.Name**, the operation MUST return STATUS\_SUCCESS at this point.
- If the length of *StreamName* is not 0, the object store MUST search **Open.File.StreamList** for a **Stream** with **Stream.Name** matching *StreamName*, ignoring case, setting *TargetStream* to the result.
- If *TargetStream* is found:
  - If **ReplaceIfExists** is FALSE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_OBJECT\_NAME\_COLLISION.
  - If *TargetStream*.**File.OpenList** contains any Opens to *TargetStream*, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
  - If *TargetStream*.**Size** is not 0, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
  - If *TargetStream*.**AllocationSize** is not 0, the object store SHOULD release any associated allocation and MUST set *TargetStream*.**AllocationSize** to 0.
- Else // *TargetStream* is not found:
  - The object store MUST build a new **Stream** object *TargetStream* with all fields initially set to zero.
  - Set *TargetStream*.File to Open.File.
  - Add *TargetStream* to **Open.File.StreamList**.
- EndIf
- Set TargetStream.Name to StreamName.
- Set *TargetStream*.**Size** to **Open.Stream.Size**.
- If Open.Stream.IsSparse is TRUE, set TargetStream.IsSparse to TRUE.
- Move **Open.Stream.ExtentList** to *TargetStream*.
- Set *TargetStream*.**AllocationSize** to **Open.Stream.AllocationSize**.
- If **Open.Stream.Name** is empty, the object store MUST create a new default unnamed stream for the file as follows:
  - The object store MUST build a new **Stream** object *NewDefaultStream* with all fields initially set to zero.
  - Set *NewDefaultStream*.File to **Open.File**.
  - Add *NewDefaultStream* to **Open.File.StreamList**.
- EndIf
- Remove **Open.Stream** from **Open.File.StreamList**.

- Set **Open.Stream** to *TargetStream*.
- The object store MUST post a USN change as specified in section <u>2.1.4.11</u> with File equal to Open.File, Reason equal to USN\_REASON\_STREAM\_CHANGE, and FileName equal to Open.Link.Name.
- The object store MUST note that the file has been modified as specified in section 2.1.4.17 with **Open** equal to **Open**.
- Return STATUS\_SUCCESS.

#### 2.1.5.14.12 FileSfioReserveInformation

This operation is not supported and MUST be failed with STATUS\_NOT\_SUPPORTED.

### 2.1.5.14.13 FileShortNameInformation

InputBuffer is of type FILE\_NAME\_INFORMATION, as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.37.<153>

Pseudocode for the algorithm is as follows:

- If **InputBufferSize** is less than the size, in bytes, of the FILE\_NAME\_INFORMATION structure, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INFO\_LENGTH\_MISMATCH.
- If **Open.File.Volume.IsReadOnly** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_MEDIA\_WRITE\_PROTECTED.
- The operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER under any of the following conditions:
  - If **InputBuffer.FileName** starts with '\'.
  - If **Open.File** is equal to **Open.File.Volume.RootDirectory**.
  - If **Open.Stream.StreamType** is DataStream and **Open.Stream.Name** is not empty.
  - If **InputBuffer.FileName** is not a valid 8.3 name as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.5.2.1.
  - If **Open.IsCaseInsensitive** is FALSE.
- The operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_ACCESS\_DENIED under any of the following conditions:
  - If **Open.GrantedAccess** contains neither FILE\_WRITE\_DATA nor FILE\_WRITE\_ATTRIBUTES as defined in [MS-SMB2] section 2.2.13.1.
  - If **Open.Link.IsDeleted** is TRUE.
  - If **Open.Mode.FILE\_DELETE\_ON\_CLOSE** is TRUE.
- If **Open.HasRestoreAccess** is FALSE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_PRIVILEGE\_NOT\_HELD.
- If **Open.File.Volume.GenerateShortNames** is FALSE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_SHORT\_NAMES\_NOT\_ENABLED\_ON\_VOLUME.
- If **Open.File.FileType** is DirectoryFile, determine whether **Open.File** contains open files as specified in section <u>2.1.4.2</u>, with input values as follows:
  - File equal to Open.File.

- **Open** equal to this operation's **Open**.
- **Operation** equal to "SET\_INFORMATION".
- **OpParams** containing a member **FileInformationClass** containing **FileShortNameInformation**.
- If **Open.File** contains open files as specified in section 2.1.4.2, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_ACCESS\_DENIED.
- If **Open.File.FileType** is DirectoryFile:
  - FilterMatch = FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_DIR\_NAME
- Else
  - FilterMatch = FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_FILE\_NAME
- EndIf
- If InputBuffer.FileName is empty:
  - If **Open.Link.ShortName** is not empty:
    - OldShortName = **Open.Link.ShortName**.
    - Set **Open.Link.ShortName** to empty.
    - Send directory change notification as specified in section <u>2.1.4.1</u>, with Volume equal to Open.File.Volume, Action equal to FILE\_ACTION\_REMOVED, and FileName set to OldShortName with a FilterMatch of FilterMatch.
  - EndIf
  - Return STATUS\_SUCCESS.
- EndIf
- If **InputBuffer.FileName** equals **Open.Link.ShortName**, return STATUS\_SUCCESS.
- For each *Link* in **Open.File.LinkList**:
  - If *Link* is not equal to **Open.Link** and *Link*.**ShortName** is not empty, the operation MUST fail with STATUS\_OBJECT\_NAME\_COLLISION.
- EndFor
- For each *Link* in **Open.Link.ParentFile.DirectoryList**:
  - If *Link* is not equal to **Open.Link** and **InputBuffer.FileName** matches *Link*.**Name** or *Link*.**ShortName**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_OBJECT\_NAME\_COLLISION.
- EndFor
- If **Open.Link.ShortName** is not empty:
  - Send directory change notification as specified in section 2.1.4.1, with Volume equal to Open.File.Volume, Action equal to FILE\_ACTION\_RENAMED\_OLD\_NAME, and FileName set to Open.Link.ShortName with a FilterMatch of *FilterMatch*.
- EndIf

- If the **Oplock** member of the **DirectoryStream** in **Open.Link.ParentFile.StreamList** (hereinafter referred to as *ParentOplock*) is not empty, the object store MUST check for an oplock break on the parent according to the algorithm in section <u>2.1.4.12</u>, with input values as follows:
  - Open equal to this operation's Open
  - **Oplock** equal to *ParentOplock*
  - **Operation** equal to "SET\_INFORMATION"
  - **OpParams** containing a member **FileInformationClass** containing **FileShortNameInformation**
  - Flags equal to "PARENT\_OBJECT"
- Send directory change notification as specified in section 2.1.4.1, with Volume equal to Open.File.Volume, Action equal to FILE\_ACTION\_RENAMED\_NEW\_NAME, and FileName set to InputBuffer.FileName with a FilterMatch of *FilterMatch*.
- Set Open.Link.ShortName to InputBuffer.FileName.
- The object store MUST update Open.Link.ParentFile.LastModificationTime, Open.Link.ParentFile.LastAccessTime, and Open.Link.ParentFile.LastChangeTime to the current time.
- If Open.UserSetChangeTime is FALSE, the object store MUST update Open.File.LastChangeTime to the current time.
- If **Open.File.FileType** is DataFile, the object store MUST set **Open.File.FileAttributes**.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_ARCHIVE.
- Return STATUS\_SUCCESS.

## 2.1.5.14.14 FileValidDataLengthInformation

**InputBuffer** is of type FILE\_VALID\_DATA\_LENGTH\_INFORMATION as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.41.<154>

- If **InputBufferSize** is less than the size, in bytes, of the FILE\_VALID\_DATA\_LENGTH\_INFORMATION structure, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INFO\_LENGTH\_MISMATCH.
- If **Open.File.Volume.IsReadOnly** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_MEDIA\_WRITE\_PROTECTED.
- If **Open.HasManageVolumeAccess** is FALSE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_PRIVILEGE\_NOT\_HELD.
- The operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER under any of the following conditions:
  - If **Open.Stream.ValidDataLength** is greater than **InputBuffer.ValidDataLength**.
  - If **Open.Stream.IsCompressed** is TRUE.
  - If **Open.Stream.IsSparse** is TRUE.
  - If **Open.File.FileType** is DirectoryFile.

- If **Open.Stream.Oplock** is not empty, the object store MUST check for an oplock break according to the algorithm in section <u>2.1.4.12</u>, with input values as follows:
  - **Open** equal to this operation's **Open**.
  - **Oplock** equal to **Open.Stream.Oplock**.
  - **Operation** equal to "SET\_INFORMATION".
  - **OpParams** containing a member **FileInformationClass** containing **FileValidDataLengthInformation**.
- **Open.Stream.ValidDataLength** MUST be set to **InputBuffer.ValidDataLength**.
- Return STATUS\_SUCCESS.

### 2.1.5.15 Server Requests Setting of File System Information

The server provides:

- **Open:** The **Open** on which **volume** information is being applied.
- **FsInformationClass:** The type of information being applied, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.5.
- **InputBuffer:** A buffer that contains the volume information to be applied to the object.
- **InputBufferSize:** The size of the buffer provided.

The object store MUST return:

• **Status:** An NTSTATUS code indicating the result of the operation.

### 2.1.5.15.1 FileFsVolumeInformation

This operation is not supported and MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_INFO\_CLASS.

### 2.1.5.15.2 FileFsLabelInformation

This operation is not supported and MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_INFO\_CLASS.

### 2.1.5.15.3 FileFsSizeInformation

This operation is not supported and MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_INFO\_CLASS.

### 2.1.5.15.4 FileFsDeviceInformation

This operation is not supported and MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_INFO\_CLASS.

### 2.1.5.15.5 FileFsAttributeInformation

This operation is not supported and MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_INFO\_CLASS.

### 2.1.5.15.6 FileFsControlInformation

**InputBuffer** is of type FILE\_FS\_CONTROL\_INFORMATION, as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.5.2.

- If **InputBufferSize** is smaller than **BlockAlign(sizeof(**FILE\_FS\_CONTROL\_INFORMATION), 8) the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INFO\_LENGTH\_MISMATCH.
- Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the
  operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If **Open.File.Volume.IsQuotasSupported** is FALSE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_VOLUME\_NOT\_UPGRADED.
- **Open.File.Volume** MUST be updated as follows:
  - Open.File.Volume.DefaultQuotaThreshold set to InputBuffer.DefaultQuotaThreshold.
  - Open.File.Volume.DefaultQuotaLimit set to InputBuffer.DefaultQuotaLimit.
  - **Open.File.Volume.VolumeQuotaState** set to **InputBuffer.FileSystemControlFlags**. The FILE\_VC\_QUOTAS\_INCOMPLETE and FILE\_VC\_QUOTAS\_REBUILDING flags as well as any undefined flags are cleared from **InputBuffer.FileSystemControlFlags** before being saved.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

#### 2.1.5.15.7 FileFsFullSizeInformation

This operation is not supported and MUST be failed with STATUS\_ INVALID\_INFO\_CLASS.

### 2.1.5.15.8 FileFsObjectIdInformation

**InputBuffer** is a FILE\_FS\_OBJECTID\_INFORMATION structure, as described in <u>[MS-FSCC]</u> section 2.5.6.<a><br/>
2.5.6.</a>

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If InputBufferSize is less than sizeof(FILE\_FS\_OBJECTID\_INFORMATION), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_INFO\_CLASS.
- Support for ObjectIDs is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the
  operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If **Open.File.Volume.IsObjectIDsSupported** is FALSE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_VOLUME\_NOT\_UPGRADED.
- **Open.File.Volume** MUST be updated as follows:
  - **Open.File.Volume.VolumeId** set to **InputBuffer.ObjectId**.
  - **Open.File.Volume.ExtendedInfo** set to **InputBuffer.ExtendedInfo**.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - Status set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

#### 2.1.5.15.9 FileFsDriverPathInformation

This operation is not supported and MUST be failed with STATUS\_ INVALID\_INFO\_CLASS.

### 2.1.5.15.10 FileFsSectorSizeInformation

This operation is not supported and MUST be failed with STATUS\_ INVALID\_INFO\_CLASS.

### 2.1.5.16 Server Requests Setting of Security Information

If the object store does not implement security, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_REQUEST.  $\underline{<158>}$ 

The server provides:

- **Open** The **Open** on which security information is being applied.
- SecurityInformation A SECURITY\_INFORMATION data type as defined in [MS-DTYP] section 2.4.7.
- **InputBuffer** A buffer that contains the security descriptor to be applied to the object. The security descriptor is a SECURITY\_DESCRIPTOR structure in self-relative format, as described in [MS-DTYP] section 2.4.6.
- **InputBufferSize** The size of the buffer provided.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

• **Status** - An NTSTATUS code indicating the result of the operation.

This routine uses the following local variables:

Boolean values (initialized to FALSE): DisableOwnerAces, ServerObject, DaclUntrusted

The operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_ACCESS\_DENIED under any of the following conditions:

- SecurityInformation contains any of OWNER\_SECURITY\_INFORMATION, GROUP\_SECURITY\_INFORMATION, or LABEL\_SECURITY\_INFORMATION, and Open.GrantedAccess does not contain WRITE\_OWNER.
- SecurityInformation contains DACL\_SECURITY\_INFORMATION and Open.GrantedAccess does not contain WRITE\_DAC.
- SecurityInformation contains SACL\_SECURITY\_INFORMATION and Open.GrantedAccess does not contain ACCESS\_SYSTEM\_SECURITY.

- If Open.Stream.StreamType is DataStream and Open.Stream.Name is not zero-length, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER; security information can be set on a file or directory handle, not on a stream handle.
- If **Open.Stream.Oplock** is not empty, the object store MUST check for an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12, with input values as follows:
  - **Open** equal to this operation's **Open**
  - **Oplock** equal to **Open.Stream.Oplock**
  - **Operation** equal to "SET\_SECURITY"
  - **OpParams** empty
- The object store MUST post a USN change as specified in section <u>2.1.4.11</u> with File equal to File, Reason equal to USN\_REASON\_SECURITY\_CHANGE, and FileName equal to Open.Link.Name.
- If the Server Security (SS) bit is set in **InputBuffer.Control**, set *ServerObject* to TRUE, otherwise set it to FALSE.

- If the DACL Trusted (DT) bit is set in **InputBuffer.Control**, set *DaclUntrusted* to FALSE, otherwise set it to TRUE.
- If **SecurityInformation** contains OWNER\_SECURITY\_INFORMATION:
  - If **SecurityInformation** contains DACL\_SECURITY\_INFORMATION, set *DisableOwnerAces* to FALSE, otherwise set it to TRUE.
  - If **InputBuffer.OwnerSid** is not present, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_OWNER.
  - If **InputBuffer.OwnerSid** is not a valid owner SID for a file in the object store, as determined in an implementation-specific manner, the object store MUST return STATUS\_INVALID\_OWNER.
- Else
  - If **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Owner** is NULL, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_OWNER.
- EndIf
- The object store MUST set **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor** to **InputBuffer**.
- If **Open.File.FileType** is not DirectoryFile:
  - The object store MUST set **Open.File.FileAttributes.**FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_ARCHIVE.
  - The object store MUST update Open.File.LastChangeTime.
- EndIf
- The operation returns STATUS\_SUCCESS.

### 2.1.5.17 Server Requests an Oplock

The server provides:

- **Open** The **Open** on which the oplock is being requested.
- **Type** The type of oplock being requested. Valid values are as follows:
  - LEVEL\_TWO (Corresponds to SMB2\_OPLOCK\_LEVEL\_II as described in [MS-SMB2] section 2.2.13.)
  - LEVEL\_ONE (Corresponds to SMB2\_OPLOCK\_LEVEL\_EXCLUSIVE as described in [MS-SMB2] section 2.2.13.)
  - LEVEL\_BATCH (Corresponds to SMB2\_OPLOCK\_LEVEL\_BATCH as described in [MS-SMB2] section 2.2.13.)
  - LEVEL\_GRANULAR (Corresponds to SMB2\_OPLOCK\_LEVEL\_LEASE as described in [MS-SMB2] section 2.2.13.) If this oplock type is specified, the server MUST additionally provide the RequestedOplockLevel parameter.
- RequestedOplockLevel A combination of zero or more of the following flags, which are only given for LEVEL\_GRANULAR Type Oplocks:
  - READ\_CACHING
  - HANDLE\_CACHING

WRITE\_CACHING

#### Following is a list of legal nonzero combinations of **RequestedOplockLevel:**

- READ\_CACHING
- READ\_CACHING | WRITE\_CACHING
- READ\_CACHING | HANDLE\_CACHING
- READ\_CACHING | WRITE\_CACHING | HANDLE\_CACHING

Notes for the operation follow:

- If the oplock is not granted, the request completes at this point.
- If the oplock is granted, the request does not complete until the oplock is broken; the operation waits for this to happen. Processing of an oplock break is described in section <u>2.1.5.17.3</u>. Whether the oplock is granted or not, the object store MUST return:
  - **Status** An NTSTATUS code indicating the result of the operation.
- If the oplock is granted, then when the oplock breaks and the request finally completes, the object store MUST additionally return:
  - NewOplockLevel: The type of oplock the requested oplock has been broken to. Valid values are as follows:
    - LEVEL\_NONE (that is, no oplock)
    - LEVEL\_TWO
    - A combination of one or more of the following flags:
      - READ\_CACHING
      - HANDLE\_CACHING
      - WRITE\_CACHING
  - AcknowledgeRequired: A Boolean value; TRUE if the server MUST acknowledge the oplock break, FALSE if not, as specified in section <u>2.1.5.17.2</u>.

- If **Open.Stream.StreamType** is DirectoryStream:
  - The operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER under either of the following conditions:
    - **Type** is not LEVEL\_GRANULAR.
    - **Type** is LEVEL\_GRANULAR but **RequestedOplockLevel** is neither READ\_CACHING nor (READ\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING).
- If **Type** is LEVEL\_ONE or LEVEL\_BATCH:
  - The operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_OPLOCK\_NOT\_GRANTED under either of the following conditions:
    - **Open.File.OpenList** contains more than one Open whose **Stream** is the same as **Open.Stream**.

- **Open.Mode** contains either FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_ALERT or FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_NONALERT.
- Request an exclusive oplock according to the algorithm in section <u>2.1.5.17.1</u>, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
  - Pass in the current **Open**.
  - **RequestedOplock** equal to **Type**.
- The operation MUST at this point return any status code returned by the exclusive oplock request algorithm.
- Else If **Type** is LEVEL\_TWO:
  - The operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_OPLOCK\_NOT\_GRANTED under either of the following conditions:
    - Open.Stream.ByteRangeLockList is not empty and Open.Stream.AllocationSize is greater than any ByteRangeLock.LockOffset in Open.Stream.ByteRangeLockList.
    - **Open.Mode** contains either FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_ALERT or FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_NONALERT.
  - Request a shared oplock according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.2, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
    - Pass in the current **Open**.
    - **RequestedOplock** equal to **Type**.
    - **GrantingInAck** equal to FALSE.
  - The operation MUST at this point return any status code returned by the shared oplock request algorithm.
- Else If **Type** is LEVEL\_GRANULAR:
  - If **RequestedOplockLevel** is READ\_CACHING or (READ\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING):
    - The operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_OPLOCK\_NOT\_GRANTED under either of the following conditions:
      - Open.Stream.ByteRangeLockList is not empty and Open.Stream.AllocationSize is greater than any ByteRangeLock.LockOffset in Open.Stream.ByteRangeLockList.<161>
      - **Open.Mode** contains either FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_ALERT or FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_NONALERT.
    - Request a shared oplock according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.2, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
      - Pass in the current **Open**.
      - **RequestedOplock** equal to **RequestedOplockLevel**.
      - **GrantingInAck** equal to FALSE.
    - The operation MUST at this point return any status code returned by the shared oplock request algorithm.

- Else If RequestedOplockLevel is (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING) or (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING):
  - If **Open.Mode** contains either FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_ALERT or FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_NONALERT, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_OPLOCK\_NOT\_GRANTED.
  - Request an exclusive oplock according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.1, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
    - Pass in the current **Open**.
    - **RequestedOplock** equal to **RequestedOplockLevel**.
  - The operation MUST at this point return any status code returned by the exclusive oplock request algorithm.
- Else if **RequestedOplockLevel** is 0 (that is, no flags):
  - The operation MUST return STATUS\_SUCCESS at this point.
- Else
  - The operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- EndIf
- EndIf

### 2.1.5.17.1 Algorithm to Request an Exclusive Oplock

The inputs for requesting an exclusive oplock are:

- **Open:** The **Open** on which the oplock is being requested.
- **RequestedOplock:** The oplock type being requested.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status**: An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.
- **NewOplockLevel**: The type of oplock that the requested oplock has been broken to. If a failure status is returned in **Status**, the value of this field is undefined. Valid values are as follows:
  - LEVEL\_NONE (that is, no oplock)
  - LEVEL\_TWO
  - A combination of one or more of the following flags:
    - READ\_CACHING
    - HANDLE\_CACHING
    - WRITE\_CACHING
- AcknowledgeRequired: A Boolean value: TRUE if the server MUST acknowledge the oplock break; FALSE if not, as specified in section <u>2.1.5.18</u>. If a failure status is returned in Status, the value of this field is undefined.

The exclusive oplock request algorithm uses the following local variables:

Boolean value (initialized to FALSE): GrantExclusiveOplock

Pseudocode for the algorithm is as follows:

- If **Open.Stream.Oplock** is empty:
  - Build a new **Oplock** object with fields initialized as follows:
    - **Oplock.State** set to NO\_OPLOCK.
    - All other fields set to 0/empty.
  - Store the new **Oplock** object in **Open.Stream.Oplock**.
- EndIf
- If **Open.Stream.Oplock.State** contains LEVEL\_TWO\_OPLOCK or NO\_OPLOCK:
  - If **Open.Stream.Oplock.State** contains LEVEL\_TWO\_OPLOCK and **RequestedOplock** contains one or more of READ\_CACHING, HANDLE\_CACHING, or WRITE\_CACHING, the operation MUST be failed with **Status** set to STATUS\_OPLOCK\_NOT\_GRANTED.
  - If **Open.Stream.Oplock.State** is equal to LEVEL\_TWO\_OPLOCK:
    - Remove the first **Open** *ThisOpen* from **Open.Stream.Oplock.IIOplocks** (there is supposed to be exactly one present), and notify the server of an oplock break according to the algorithm in section <u>2.1.5.17.3</u>, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
      - BreakingOplockOpen equal to ThisOpen.
      - **NewOplockLevel** equal to LEVEL\_NONE.
      - AcknowledgeRequired equal to FALSE.
      - **OplockCompletionStatus** equal to STATUS\_SUCCESS.
    - (The operation does not end at this point; this call to 2.1.5.17.3 completes some earlier call to <u>2.1.5.17.2</u>.)
  - EndIf
  - If **Open.File.OpenList** contains more than one Open whose **Stream** is the same as **Open.Stream**, and NO\_OPLOCK is present in **Open.Stream.Oplock.State**:
    - The operation MUST be failed with **Status** set to STATUS\_OPLOCK\_NOT\_GRANTED.
  - EndIf
  - If **Open.Stream.IsDeleted** is TRUE and **RequestedOplock** contains HANDLE\_CACHING:
    - The operation MUST be failed with **Status** set to STATUS\_OPLOCK\_NOT\_GRANTED.
  - EndIf
  - Set *GrantExclusiveOplock* to TRUE.
- Else If (Open.Stream.Oplock.State contains one or more of READ\_CACHING, WRITE\_CACHING, or HANDLE\_CACHING) and (Open.Stream.Oplock.State contains none of BREAK\_TO\_TWO, BREAK\_TO\_NONE, BREAK\_TO\_TWO\_TO\_NONE, BREAK\_TO\_READ\_CACHING, BREAK\_TO\_WRITE\_CACHING, BREAK\_TO\_HANDLE\_CACHING, or BREAK\_TO\_NO\_CACHING) and (Open.Stream.Oplock.RHBreakQueue is empty):

- // This is a granular oplock and it is not breaking.
- If RequestedOplock contains none of READ\_CACHING, WRITE\_CACHING, or HANDLE\_CACHING, the operation MUST be failed with Status set to STATUS\_OPLOCK\_NOT\_GRANTED.
- If Open.Stream.IsDeleted is TRUE and RequestedOplock contains HANDLE\_CACHING, the operation MUST be failed with Status set to STATUS\_OPLOCK\_NOT\_GRANTED.
- Switch (Open.Stream.Oplock.State):
  - Case READ\_CACHING:
    - If RequestedOplock is neither (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING) nor (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING), the operation MUST be failed with Status set to STATUS\_OPLOCK\_NOT\_GRANTED.
    - For each **Open** *ThisOpen* in **Open.Stream.Oplock.ROplocks:** 
      - If *ThisOpen*.TargetOplockKey != Open.TargetOplockKey, the operation MUST be failed with Status set to STATUS\_OPLOCK\_NOT\_GRANTED.
    - EndFor
    - For each **Open** *ThisOpen* in **Open.Stream.Oplock.ROplocks**:
      - Remove *ThisOpen* from **Open.Stream.Oplock.ROplocks**.
      - Notify the server of an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.3, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
        - BreakingOplockOpen equal to ThisOpen.
        - NewOplockLevel equal to RequestedOplock.
        - AcknowledgeRequired equal to FALSE.
        - OplockCompletionStatus equal to STATUS\_OPLOCK\_SWITCHED\_TO\_NEW\_HANDLE.
      - (The operation does not end at this point; this call to 2.1.5.17.3 completes some earlier call to 2.1.5.17.2.)
    - EndFor
    - Set *GrantExclusiveOplock* to TRUE.
  - EndCase
  - Case (READ\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING):
    - If RequestedOplock is not (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING) or Open.Stream.Oplock.RHBreakQueue is not empty, the operation MUST be failed with Status set to STATUS\_OPLOCK\_NOT\_GRANTED.
    - For each **Open** *ThisOpen* in **Open.Stream.Oplock.RHOplocks**:
      - If *ThisOpen*.TargetOplockKey != Open.TargetOplockKey, the operation MUST be failed with Status set to STATUS\_OPLOCK\_NOT\_GRANTED.
    - EndFor

- For each **Open** *ThisOpen* in **Open.Stream.Oplock.RHOplocks**:
  - Remove *ThisOpen* from **Open.Stream.Oplock.RHOplocks**.
  - Notify the server of an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.3, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
    - BreakingOplockOpen equal to ThisOpen.
    - NewOplockLevel equal to RequestedOplock.
    - AcknowledgeRequired equal to FALSE.
    - **OplockCompletionStatus** equal to STATUS\_OPLOCK\_SWITCHED\_TO\_NEW\_HANDLE.
  - (The operation does not end at this point; this call to 2.1.5.17.3 completes some earlier call to 2.1.5.17.2.)
- EndFor
- Set *GrantExclusiveOplock* to TRUE.
- EndCase
- Case (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING|EXCLUSIVE):
  - If **RequestedOplock** is not (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING), the operation MUST be failed with **Status** set to STATUS\_OPLOCK\_NOT\_GRANTED.
- // Deliberate FALL-THROUGH to next Case statement.
- Case (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING|EXCLUSIVE):
  - If RequestedOplock is neither (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING) nor (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING), the operation MUST be failed with Status set to STATUS\_OPLOCK\_NOT\_GRANTED.
  - If Open.TargetOplockKey !=
     Open.Stream.Oplock.ExclusiveOpen.TargetOplockKey, the operation MUST be failed with Status set to STATUS\_OPLOCK\_NOT\_GRANTED.
  - Notify the server of an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.3, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
    - BreakingOplockOpen equal to Open.Stream.Oplock.ExclusiveOpen.
    - NewOplockLevel equal to RequestedOplock.
    - AcknowledgeRequired equal to FALSE.
    - **OplockCompletionStatus** equal to STATUS\_OPLOCK\_SWITCHED\_TO\_NEW\_HANDLE.
  - (The operation does not end at this point; this call to 2.1.5.17.3 completes some earlier call to 2.1.5.17.1.)
  - Set Open.Stream.Oplock.ExclusiveOpen to NULL.
  - Set *GrantExclusiveOplock* to TRUE.

- EndCase
- DefaultCase:
  - The operation MUST be failed with **Status** set to STATUS\_OPLOCK\_NOT\_GRANTED.
- EndSwitch
- Else
  - The operation MUST be failed with **Status** set to STATUS\_OPLOCK\_NOT\_GRANTED.
- EndIf
- If *GrantExclusiveOplock* is TRUE:
  - Set **Open.Stream.Oplock.ExclusiveOpen** equal to **Open**.
  - Set **Open.Stream.Oplock.State** equal to (**RequestedOplock**|EXCLUSIVE).
  - This operation MUST be made cancelable by inserting it into CancelableOperations.CancelableOperationList.
  - This operation waits until the oplock is broken or canceled, as specified in section 2.1.5.17.3. When the operation specified in section 2.1.5.17.3 is called, its following input parameters are transferred to this routine and then returned by it:
    - **Status** is set to **OplockCompletionStatus** from the operation specified in section 2.1.5.17.3.
    - **NewOplockLevel** is set to **NewOplockLevel** from the operation specified in section 2.1.5.17.3.
    - **AcknowledgeRequired** is set to **AcknowledgeRequired** from the operation specified in section 2.1.5.17.3.
- EndIf

# 2.1.5.17.2 Algorithm to Request a Shared Oplock

The inputs for requesting a shared oplock are:

- **Open:** The **Open** on which the oplock is being requested.
- **RequestedOplock:** The oplock type being requested.
- **GrantingInAck:** A Boolean value, TRUE if this oplock is being requested as part of an oplock break acknowledgement, FALSE if not.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status**: An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.
- **NewOplockLevel**: The type of oplock that the requested oplock has been broken to. If a failure status is returned in **Status**, the value of this field is undefined. Valid values are as follows:
  - LEVEL\_NONE (that is, no oplock)
  - LEVEL\_TWO
  - A combination of one or more of the following flags:

- READ\_CACHING
- HANDLE\_CACHING
- WRITE\_CACHING
- AcknowledgeRequired: A Boolean value: TRUE if the server MUST acknowledge the oplock break; FALSE if not, as specified in section <u>2.1.5.18</u>. If a failure status is returned in **Status**, the value of this field is undefined.

The shared oplock request algorithm uses the following local variables:

Boolean value (initialized to FALSE): OplockGranted

Pseudocode for the algorithm is as follows:

- If Open.Stream.Oplock is empty:
  - Build a new **Oplock** object with fields initialized as follows:
    - **Oplock.State** set to NO\_OPLOCK.
    - All other fields set to 0/empty.
  - Store the new **Oplock** object in **Open.Stream.Oplock**.
- EndIf
- If (**GrantingInAck** is FALSE) and

(**Open.Stream.Oplock.State** contains one or more of BREAK\_TO\_TWO, BREAK\_TO\_NONE, BREAK\_TO\_TWO\_TO\_NONE, BREAK\_TO\_READ\_CACHING, BREAK\_TO\_WRITE\_CACHING, BREAK\_TO\_HANDLE\_CACHING, BREAK\_TO\_NO\_CACHING, or EXCLUSIVE), then:

- The operation MUST be failed with **Status** set to STATUS\_OPLOCK\_NOT\_GRANTED.
- EndIf
- Switch (**RequestedOplock**):
  - Case LEVEL\_TWO:
    - The operation MUST be failed with Status set to STATUS\_OPLOCK\_NOT\_GRANTED if Open.Stream.Oplock.State is anything other than the following:
      - NO\_OPLOCK
      - LEVEL\_TWO\_OPLOCK
      - READ\_CACHING
      - (LEVEL\_TWO\_OPLOCK|READ\_CACHING)
  - // Deliberate FALL-THROUGH to next Case statement.
  - Case READ\_CACHING:
    - The operation MUST be failed with Status set to STATUS\_OPLOCK\_NOT\_GRANTED if GrantingInAck is FALSE and Open.Stream.Oplock.State is anything other than the following:
      - NO\_OPLOCK

- LEVEL\_TWO\_OPLOCK
- READ\_CACHING
- (LEVEL\_TWO\_OPLOCK|READ\_CACHING)
- (READ\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING)
- (READ\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING|MIXED\_R\_AND\_RH)
- (READ\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING|BREAK\_TO\_READ\_CACHING)
- (READ\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING|BREAK\_TO\_NO\_CACHING)
- If GrantingInAck is FALSE:
  - If there is an Open on Open.Stream.Oplock.RHOplocks whose TargetOplockKey is equal to Open.TargetOplockKey, the operation MUST be failed with Status set to STATUS\_OPLOCK\_NOT\_GRANTED.
  - If there is an Open on Open.Stream.Oplock.RHBreakQueue whose TargetOplockKey is equal to Open.TargetOplockKey, the operation MUST be failed with Status set to STATUS\_OPLOCK\_NOT\_GRANTED.
  - If there is an Open ThisOpen on Open.Stream.Oplock.ROplocks whose TargetOplockKey is equal to Open.TargetOplockKey (there is supposed to be at most one present):
    - Remove *ThisOpen* from **Open.Stream.Oplock.ROplocks**.
    - Notify the server of an oplock break according to the algorithm in section <u>2.1.5.17.3</u>, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
      - BreakingOplockOpen equal to ThisOpen.
      - NewOplockLevel equal to READ\_CACHING.
      - **AcknowledgeRequired** equal to FALSE.
      - **OplockCompletionStatus** equal to STATUS\_OPLOCK\_SWITCHED\_TO\_NEW\_HANDLE.
    - (The operation does not end at this point; this call to 2.1.5.17.3 completes some earlier call to 2.1.5.17.2.)
  - EndIf
- EndIf
- If **RequestedOplock** equals LEVEL\_TWO:
  - Add Open to Open.Stream.Oplock.IIOplocks.
- Else // RequestedOplock equals READ\_CACHING:
  - Add Open to Open.Stream.Oplock.ROplocks.
- EndIf
- Recompute **Open.Stream.Oplock.State** according to the algorithm in section <u>2.1.4.13</u>, passing **Open.Stream.Oplock** as the **ThisOplock** parameter.

- Set OplockGranted to TRUE.
- EndCase
- Case (READ\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING):
  - The operation MUST be failed with Status set to STATUS\_OPLOCK\_NOT\_GRANTED if GrantingInAck is FALSE and Open.Stream.Oplock.State is anything other than the following:
    - NO\_OPLOCK
    - READ\_CACHING
    - (READ\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING)
    - (READ\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING|MIXED\_R\_AND\_RH)
    - (READ\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING|BREAK\_TO\_READ\_CACHING)
    - (READ\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING|BREAK\_TO\_NO\_CACHING)
  - If **Open.Stream.IsDeleted** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with **Status** set to STATUS\_OPLOCK\_NOT\_GRANTED.
  - If **GrantingInAck** is FALSE:
    - If there is an Open ThisOpen on Open.Stream.Oplock.ROplocks whose TargetOplockKey is equal to Open.TargetOplockKey (there is supposed to be at most one present):
      - Remove *ThisOpen* from **Open.Stream.Oplocks.ROplocks**.

Notify the server of an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.3, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:

- BreakingOplockOpen equal to ThisOpen.
- **NewOplockLevel** equal to (READ\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING).
- AcknowledgeRequired equal to FALSE.
- OplockCompletionStatus equal to STATUS\_OPLOCK\_SWITCHED\_TO\_NEW\_HANDLE.
- (The operation does not end at this point; this call to 2.1.5.17.3 completes some earlier call to 2.1.5.17.2.)
- EndIf
- If there is an Open ThisOpen on Open.Stream.Oplock.RHOplocks whose TargetOplockKey is equal to Open.TargetOplockKey (there is supposed to be at most one present):
  - Remove *ThisOpen* from **Open.Stream.Oplocks.RHOplocks**.
  - Notify the server of an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.3, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
    - BreakingOplockOpen equal to ThisOpen.
    - **NewOplockLevel** equal to (READ\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING).

- AcknowledgeRequired equal to FALSE.
- **OplockCompletionStatus** equal to STATUS\_OPLOCK\_SWITCHED\_TO\_NEW\_HANDLE.
- (The operation does not end at this point; this call to 2.1.5.17.3 completes some earlier call to 2.1.5.17.2.)
- EndIf
- EndIf
- Add Open to Open.Stream.Oplock.RHOplocks.
- Recompute Open.Stream.Oplock.State according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.13, passing Open.Stream.Oplock as the ThisOplock parameter.
- Set *OplockGranted* to TRUE.
- EndCase
- // No other value of **RequestedOplock** is possible.
- EndSwitch
- If *OplockGranted* is TRUE:
  - This operation MUST be made cancelable by inserting it into CancelableOperations.CancelableOperationList.
  - The operation waits until the oplock is broken or canceled, as specified in section 2.1.5.17.3. When the operation specified in section 2.1.5.17.3 is called, its following input parameters are transferred to this routine and returned by it:
    - **Status** is set to **OplockCompletionStatus** from the operation specified in section 2.1.5.17.3.
    - **NewOplockLevel** is set to **NewOplockLevel** from the operation specified in section 2.1.5.17.3.
    - **AcknowledgeRequired** is set to **AcknowledgeRequired** from the operation specified in section 2.1.5.17.3.
- EndIf

## 2.1.5.17.3 Indicating an Oplock Break to the Server

The inputs for indicating an oplock break to the server are:

- **BreakingOplockOpen:** The **Open** used to request the oplock that is now breaking.
- NewOplockLevel: The type of oplock the requested oplock has been broken to. Valid values are as follows:
  - LEVEL\_NONE (that is, no oplock)
  - LEVEL\_TWO
  - A combination of one or more of the following flags:
    - READ\_CACHING

- HANDLE\_CACHING
- WRITE\_CACHING
- AcknowledgeRequired: A Boolean value; TRUE if the server MUST acknowledge the oplock break, FALSE if not, as specified in section <u>2.1.5.18</u>.
- **OplockCompletionStatus:** The NTSTATUS code to return to the server.

This algorithm simply represents the completion of an oplock request, as specified in section 2.1.5.17.1 or section 2.1.5.17.2. The server is expected to associate the return status from this algorithm with **BreakingOplockOpen**, which is the **Open** passed in when it requested the oplock that is now breaking.

It is important to note that because several oplocks can be outstanding in parallel, although this algorithm represents the completion of an oplock request, it might not result in the completion of the algorithm that called it. In particular, calling this algorithm will result in completion of the caller only if **BreakingOplockOpen** is the same as the **Open** with which the calling algorithm was itself called. To mitigate confusion, each algorithm that refers to this section will specify whether that algorithm's operation terminates at that point or not.

The object store MUST return **OplockCompletionStatus**, **AcknowledgeRequired**, and **NewOplockLevel** to the server (the algorithm is as specified in section 2.1.5.17.1 and section 2.1.5.17.2).

#### 2.1.5.18 Server Acknowledges an Oplock Break

The server provides:

- **Open** The **Open** associated with the oplock that has broken.
- **Type** As part of the acknowledgement, the server indicates a new oplock it would like in place of the one that has broken. Valid values are as follows:
  - LEVEL\_NONE
  - LEVEL\_TWO
  - LEVEL\_GRANULAR If this oplock type is specified, the server additionally provides:
    - **RequestedOplockLevel** A combination of zero or more of the following flags:
      - READ\_CACHING
      - HANDLE\_CACHING
      - WRITE\_CACHING

If the server requests a new oplock and it is granted, the request does not complete until the oplock is broken; the operation waits for this to happen. Processing of an oplock break is described in section 2.1.5.17.3. Whether the new oplock is granted or not, the object store MUST return:

• **Status** - An NTSTATUS code indicating the result of the operation.

If the server requests a new oplock and it is granted, then when the oplock breaks and the request finally completes, the object store MUST additionally return:

- NewOplockLevel: The type of oplock the requested oplock has been broken to. Valid values are as follows:
  - LEVEL\_NONE (that is, no oplock)

- LEVEL\_TWO
- A combination of one or more of the following flags:
  - READ\_CACHING
  - HANDLE\_CACHING
  - WRITE\_CACHING
- **AcknowledgeRequired:** A Boolean value; TRUE if the server MUST acknowledge the oplock break, FALSE if not, as specified in section <u>2.1.5.17.2</u>.

This routine uses the following local variables:

 Boolean values (initialized to FALSE): NewOplockGranted, ReturnBreakToNone, FoundMatchingRHOplock

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If Open.Stream.Oplock is empty, the operation MUST be failed with Status set to STATUS\_INVALID\_OPLOCK\_PROTOCOL.
- If **Type** is LEVEL\_NONE or LEVEL\_TWO:
  - If Open.Stream.Oplock.ExclusiveOpen is not equal to Open, the operation MUST be failed with Status set to STATUS\_INVALID\_OPLOCK\_PROTOCOL.
  - If **Type** is LEVEL\_TWO and **Open.Stream.Oplock.State** contains BREAK\_TO\_TWO:
    - Set **Open.Stream.Oplock.State** to LEVEL\_TWO\_OPLOCK.
    - Set NewOplockGranted to TRUE.
  - Else If **Open.Stream.Oplock.State** contains BREAK\_TO\_TWO or BREAK\_TO\_NONE:
    - Set **Open.Stream.Oplock.State** to NO\_OPLOCK.
  - Else If **Open.Stream.Oplock.State** contains BREAK\_TO\_TWO\_TO\_NONE:
    - Set **Open.Stream.Oplock.State** to NO\_OPLOCK.
    - Set *ReturnBreakToNone* to TRUE.
  - Else
    - The operation MUST be failed with **Status** set to STATUS\_INVALID\_OPLOCK\_PROTOCOL.
  - EndIf
  - For each **Open** *WaitingOpen* on **Open.Stream.Oplock.WaitList**:
    - Indicate that the operation associated with *WaitingOpen* can continue according to the algorithm in section <u>2.1.4.12.1</u>, setting **OpenToRelease** equal to *WaitingOpen*.
    - Remove *WaitingOpen* from **Open.Stream.Oplock.WaitList**.
  - EndFor
  - Set Open.Stream.Oplock.ExclusiveOpen to NULL.
  - If *NewOplockGranted* is TRUE:

- The operation waits until the newly-granted Level 2 oplock is broken, as specified in section 2.1.5.17.3.
- Else If *ReturnBreakToNone* is TRUE:
  - In this case the server was expecting the oplock to break to Level 2, but because the oplock is actually breaking to None (that is, no oplock), the object store MUST indicate an oplock break to the server according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.3, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
    - BreakingOplockOpen equal to Open.
    - **NewOplockLevel** equal to LEVEL\_NONE.
    - AcknowledgeRequired equal to FALSE.
    - **OplockCompletionStatus** equal to STATUS\_SUCCESS.
  - (Because BreakingOplockOpen is equal to the passed-in Open, the operation ends at this point.)
- Else
  - The operation MUST return **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS at this point.
- EndIf
- Else If **Type** is LEVEL\_GRANULAR:
  - Let BREAK\_LEVEL\_MASK = (BREAK\_TO\_READ\_CACHING | BREAK\_TO\_WRITE\_CACHING | BREAK\_TO\_HANDLE\_CACHING | BREAK\_TO\_NO\_CACHING)
  - Let R\_AND\_RH\_GRANTED = (READ\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING|MIXED\_R\_AND\_RH)
  - Let RH\_GRANTED = (READ\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING)
  - // If there are no BREAK\_LEVEL\_MASK flags set, this is invalid, unless the
  - // state is R\_AND\_RH\_GRANTED or RH\_GRANTED, in which case we'll need to see if
  - // the **RHBreakQueue** is empty.
  - If (**Open.Stream.Oplock.State** does not contain any flag in *BREAK\_LEVEL\_MASK* and

(**Open.Stream.Oplock.State** != *R\_AND\_RH\_GRANTED*) and

(**Open.Stream.Oplock.State** != *RH\_GRANTED*)) or

(((**Open.Stream.Oplock.State** == *R\_AND\_RH\_GRANTED*) or

(**Open.Stream.Oplock.State** == *RH\_GRANTED*)) and

Open.Stream.Oplock.RHBreakQueue is empty):

- The request MUST be failed with **Status** set to STATUS\_INVALID\_OPLOCK\_PROTOCOL.
- EndIf
- Switch **Open.Stream.Oplock.State** 
  - Case (READ\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING|MIXED\_R\_AND\_RH):
  - Case (READ\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING):

- Case (READ\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING|BREAK\_TO\_READ\_CACHING):
- Case (READ\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING|BREAK\_TO\_NO\_CACHING):
  - For each **RHOpContext** *ThisContext* in **Open.Stream.Oplock.RHBreakQueue**:
    - If *ThisContext*.**Open** equals **Open**:
      - Set FoundMatchingRHOplock to TRUE.
      - If *ThisContext*.**BreakingToRead** is FALSE:
        - If RequestedOplockLevel is not 0 and Open.Stream.Oplock.WaitList is not empty:
          - The object store MUST indicate an oplock break to the server according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.3, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
            - BreakingOplockOpen equal to Open.
            - NewOplockLevel equal to LEVEL\_NONE.
            - AcknowledgeRequired equal to TRUE.
            - **OplockCompletionStatus** equal to STATUS\_CANNOT\_GRANT\_REQUESTED\_OPLOCK.
          - (Because BreakingOplockOpen is equal to the passed-in Open, the operation ends at this point.)
        - EndIf
      - Else // ThisContext.BreakingToRead is TRUE.
        - If Open.Stream.Oplock.WaitList is not empty and (RequestedOplockLevel is (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING) or (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING)):
          - The object store MUST indicate an oplock break to the server according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.3, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
            - BreakingOplockOpen equal to Open.
            - NewOplockLevel equal to READ\_CACHING.
            - AcknowledgeRequired equal to TRUE.
            - **OplockCompletionStatus** equal to STATUS\_CANNOT\_GRANT\_REQUESTED\_OPLOCK.
          - (Because BreakingOplockOpen is equal to the passed-in Open, the operation ends at this point.)
        - EndIf
      - EndIf
      - Remove *ThisContext* from **Open.Stream.Oplock.RHBreakQueue**.
      - For each **Open** *WaitingOpen* on **Open.Stream.Oplock.WaitList**:

- // The operation waiting for the Read-Handle oplock to break can continue if
- // there are no more Read-Handle oplocks outstanding, or if all the remaining
- // Read-Handle oplocks have the same oplock key as the waiting operation.
- If (Open.Stream.Oplock.RHBreakQueue is empty) or (all RHOpContext.Open.TargetOplockKey values on Open.Stream.Oplock.RHBreakQueue are equal to WaitingOpen.TargetOplockKey):
  - Indicate that the operation associated with *WaitingOpen* can continue according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12.1, setting
     **OpenToRelease** equal to *WaitingOpen*.
  - Remove *WaitingOpen* from **Open.Stream.Oplock.WaitList**.
- EndIf
- EndFor
- If **RequestedOplockLevel** is 0 (that is, no flags):
  - Recompute Open.Stream.Oplock.State according to the algorithm in section <u>2.1.4.13</u>, passing Open.Stream.Oplock as the ThisOplock parameter.
  - The algorithm MUST return **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS at this point.
- Else If **RequestedOplockLevel** does not contain WRITE\_CACHING:
  - The object store MUST request a shared oplock according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.2, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
    - Pass in the current **Open**.
    - RequestedOplock equal to RequestedOplockLevel.
    - **GrantingInAck** equal to TRUE.
  - The operation MUST at this point return any status code returned by the shared oplock request algorithm.
- Else
  - Set **Open.Stream.Oplock.ExclusiveOpen** to *ThisContext*.**Open**.
  - Set Open.Stream.Oplock.State to (RequestedOplockLevel|EXCLUSIVE).
  - This operation MUST be made cancelable by inserting it into **CancelableOperations.CancelableOperationList**.
  - This operation waits until the oplock is broken or canceled, as specified in section 2.1.5.17.3.
- EndIf
- Break out of the For loop.

- EndIf
- EndFor
- If FoundMatchingRHOplock is FALSE:
  - The operation MUST be failed with **Status** set to STATUS\_INVALID\_OPLOCK\_PROTOCOL.
- EndIf
- The operation returns **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS at this point.
- EndCase
- Case (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING|EXCLUSIVE|BREAK\_TO\_READ\_CACHING):
- Case (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING|EXCLUSIVE|BREAK\_TO\_NO\_CACHING):
- Case (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING|EXCLUSIVE|BREAK\_TO\_READ\_CA CHING|BREAK\_TO\_WRITE\_CACHING):
- Case (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING|EXCLUSIVE|BREAK\_TO\_READ\_CA CHING|BREAK\_TO\_HANDLE\_CACHING):
- Case (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING|EXCLUSIVE|BREAK\_TO\_READ\_CA CHING):
- Case (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING|EXCLUSIVE|BREAK\_TO\_NO\_CACHI NG):
  - If Open.Stream.Oplock.ExclusiveOpen != Open:
    - The operation MUST be failed with Status set to STATUS\_INVALID\_OPLOCK\_PROTOCOL.
  - EndIf
  - If Open.Stream.Oplock.WaitList is not empty and Open.Stream.Oplock.State does not contain HANDLE\_CACHING and RequestedOplockLevel is (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING):
    - The object store MUST indicate an oplock break to the server according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.3, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
      - BreakingOplockOpen equal to Open.
      - NewOplockLevel equal to:
        - (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING) if **Open.Stream.Oplock.State** contains each of BREAK\_TO\_READ\_CACHING and BREAK\_TO\_WRITE\_CACHING and not BREAK\_TO\_HANDLE\_CACHING.
        - (READ\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING) if **Open.Stream.Oplock.State** contains each of BREAK\_TO\_READ\_CACHING and BREAK\_TO\_HANDLE\_CACHING and not BREAK\_TO\_WRITE\_CACHING.

- READ\_CACHING if **Open.Stream.Oplock.State** contains BREAK\_TO\_READ\_CACHING and neither BREAK\_TO\_WRITE\_CACHING nor BREAK\_TO\_HANDLE\_CACHING.
- LEVEL\_NONE if **Open.Stream.Oplock.State** contains BREAK\_TO\_NO\_CACHING.
- AcknowledgeRequired equal to TRUE.
- OplockCompletionStatus equal to STATUS\_CANNOT\_GRANT\_REQUESTED\_OPLOCK.
- (Because BreakingOplockOpen is equal to the passed-in Open, the operation ends at this point.)
- Else
  - If **Open.Stream.IsDeleted** is TRUE and **RequestedOplockLevel** contains HANDLE\_CACHING:
    - The object store MUST indicate an oplock break to the server according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.3, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
      - BreakingOplockOpen equal to Open.
      - NewOplockLevel equal to RequestedOplockLevel without HANDLE\_CACHING (for example if RequestedOplockLevel is (READ\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING), then NewOplockLevel would be just READ\_CACHING).
      - AcknowledgeRequired equal to TRUE.
      - **OplockCompletionStatus** equal to STATUS\_CANNOT\_GRANT\_REQUESTED\_OPLOCK.
    - (Because BreakingOplockOpen is equal to the passed-in Open, the operation ends at this point.)
  - EndIf
  - For each **Open** *WaitingOpen* on **Open.Stream.Oplock.WaitList**:
    - Indicate that the operation associated with *WaitingOpen* can continue according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12.1, setting **OpenToRelease** equal to *WaitingOpen*.
    - Remove *WaitingOpen* from **Open.Stream.Oplock.WaitList**.
  - EndFor
  - If **RequestedOplockLevel** does not contain WRITE\_CACHING:
    - Set Open.Stream.Oplock.ExclusiveOpen to NULL.
  - EndIf
  - If RequestedOplockLevel is 0 (that is, no flags):
    - Set **Open.Stream.Oplock.State** to NO\_OPLOCK.
    - The operation returns **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS at this point.

- Else If RequestedOplockLevel does not contain WRITE\_CACHING:
  - The object store MUST request a shared oplock according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.2, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
    - Pass in the current **Open**.
    - RequestedOplock equal to RequestedOplockLevel.
    - **GrantingInAck** equal to TRUE.
  - The operation MUST at this point return any status code returned by the shared oplock request algorithm.
- Else

// Note that because this oplock is being set up as part of an acknowledgement of an exclusive oplock break, Open.Stream.Oplock.ExclusiveOpen was set at the time of the original oplock request; it contains Open.

- Set **Open.Stream.Oplock.State** to (**RequestedOplockLevel**|EXCLUSIVE).
- This operation MUST be made cancelable by inserting it into CancelableOperations.CancelableOperationList.
- This operation waits until the oplock is broken or canceled, as specified in section 2.1.5.17.3.
- Endif
- EndIf
- EndCase
- DefaultCase:
  - The operation MUST be failed with Status set to STATUS\_INVALID\_OPLOCK\_PROTOCOL.
- EndSwitch
- EndIf

# 2.1.5.19 Server Requests Canceling an Operation

The server provides:

IORequest: An implementation-specific identifier that is unique for each outstanding IO operation, as described in [MS-CIFS] section 3.3.5.52.

No information is returned.

Cancellation provides the ability for operations that block for extended periods of time to be terminated, thus providing better end-user responsiveness. How operation cancellation is implemented is object store specific.

The Object Store MUST maintain a list of waiting operations that can be canceled by adding them to the **CancelableOperations.CancelableOperationList** as defined in section 2.1.1.12.

Each operation receives an implementation-specific identifier (**IORequest**) that uniquely identifies an in-progress I/O operation, as specified in section 2.1.5.

When a cancellation request is received, scan **CancelableOperations.CancelableOperationList** looking for an operation *CanceledOperation* that matches **IORequest**. If found, *CanceledOperation* MUST be removed from **CancelableOperations.CancelableOperationList** and *CanceledOperation* MUST be failed with STATUS\_CANCELED returned for the status of the canceled operation. If not found, the cancel request returns performing no action.<a href="https://www.status.com">status.com</a>

## 2.1.5.20 Server Requests Querying Quota Information

The server provides:

- **Open:** An Open of a Quota Stream<163>.
- **OutputBufferSize:** The maximum number of bytes to return in **OutputBuffer**.
- **ReturnSingleEntry:** A Boolean that, if TRUE, indicates at most one entry MUST be returned. If FALSE, one or more entries MAY be returned, up to what will fit in **OutputBufferSize** bytes.
- SidList: An optional array of one or more FILE\_GET\_QUOTA\_INFORMATION structures as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.33.1. This identifies the SIDs whose quota information is to be returned.
- SidListLength: The length, in bytes, of the SidList array. If no SidList array is provided, this MUST be set to zero.
- **StartSid:** An optional SID identifying the entry at which to begin scanning quota information. This parameter is ignored if the **SidList** parameter is specified. If no **StartSid** SID is provided, this field is empty.
- **RestartScan:** A Boolean that, if TRUE, indicates that enumeration is restarted from the beginning of the quota list. If FALSE, enumeration continues from the last position.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.
- **OutputBuffer:** An array of one or more FILE\_QUOTA\_INFORMATION structures as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.33.
- **ByteCount:** The number of bytes stored in **OutputBuffer**.

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_REQUEST. <a href="https://www.statuality.com"></a>

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **SidList** is not empty and **SidListLength** is not a multiple of 4, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If SidListLength is not zero but less than sizeof(FILE\_GET\_QUOTA\_INFORMATION), SidList will be zero filled up to sizeof(FILE\_GET\_QUOTA\_INFORMATION).
- If **SidList** is not empty:
  - For each entry in **SidList**, the object store MUST return a FILE\_QUOTA\_INFORMATION structure as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.33, where the data returned is from the **Open.File.Volume.QuotaInformation** entry with the same SID.

- If SidList includes a SID that does not map to an existing SID in the Open.File.Volume.QuotaInformation list, the object store MUST return a FILE\_QUOTA\_INFORMATION structure (as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.33) that is filled with zeros.
- If **ReturnSingleEntry** is TRUE, the object store MUST return information only on the first SID in **SidList**. No other **SidList** entries other than the first are processed by the object store.
- **RestartScan** and **StartSid** are ignored.
- Else: // SidList is empty
  - If **OutputBufferSize** is less than *sizeof*(FILE\_QUOTA\_INFORMATION), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_BUFFER\_TOO\_SMALL.
  - If **StartSid** is not empty:
    - If **StartSid** is not found in **Open.File.Volume.QuotaInformation** then the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
    - Set Open.LastQuotaId to the index of the entry in Open.File.Volume.QuotaInformation that matches StartSid.
    - **RestartScan** is ignored.
  - Else:
    - If RestartScan is TRUE or Open.LastQuotaId is -1:
      - Set **Open.LastQuotaId** to the index of the first entry in the **Open.File.Volume.QuotaInformation** list.
    - Else:
      - Set Open.LastQuotaId to the index of the entry after the current value of Open.LastQuotaId of Open.File.Volume.QuotaInformation list.
    - EndIf
  - EndIf
  - The object store MUST return a FILE\_QUOTA\_INFORMATION structure (as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.33) that corresponds to the entry in
     Open.File.Volume.QuotaInformationList that has the index specified by
     Open.LastQuotaId.
  - If **ReturnSingleEntry** is TRUE, the object store MUST return information on only a single quota entry.
  - If ReturnSingleEntry is FALSE and Open.LastQuotaId is not at the end of the Open.File.Volume.QuotaInformation list and more FILE\_QUOTA\_INFORMATION structures will fit in the remaining ByteCount, then more FILE\_QUOTA\_INFORMATION structures SHOULD be returned until either Open.LastQuotaId is at the end of Open.File.Volume.QuotaInformation list or no more FILE\_QUOTA\_INFORMATION structures will fit in OutputBuffer.
  - The operation MUST fail with STATUS\_NO\_MORE\_ENTRIES when no entries are returned.
  - Open.LastQuotaId MUST be set to point to the entry in Open.File.Volume.QuotaInformation that represents the last returned FILE\_QUOTA\_INFORMATION structure in OutputBuffer.

- EndIf
- Upon successful completion, the object store MUST return:
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.
  - **ByteCount** set to the count, in bytes, of how much data was filled into **OutputBuffer**.

## 2.1.5.21 Server Requests Setting Quota Information

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a Quota Stream<165>.
- **InputBuffer:** A buffer that contains one or more aligned FILE\_QUOTA\_INFORMATION structures as defined in <u>[MS-FSCC]</u> section 2.4.33.
- **InputBufferSize:** The size, in bytes, of **InputBuffer**.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

• **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_REQUEST.  $\leq 166 >$ 

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **InputBufferSize** is zero, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- For each FILE\_QUOTA\_INFORMATION structure *quota* in **InputBuffer**:
  - Scan **Open.File.Volume.QuotaInformation** for an entry that matches *quota*.**Sid** and if found, save a pointer in *matchedQuota*; else set *matchedQuota* to empty.
  - If quota.Sid == BUILTIN\_ADMINISTRATORS (as defined in [MS-DTYP] section 2.4.2.4) and quota.QuotaLimit != -1, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_ACCESS\_DENIED. A quota limit cannot be specified on the administrators account.
  - If *quota*.**QuotaLimit** == -2 //The quota is being deleted
    - If *matchedQuota* is not empty:
      - Remove *matchedQuota* from **Open.File.Volume.QuotaInformation** and delete it.
      - Set *matchedQuota* to empty.
    - Else
      - The operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_NO\_MATCH
    - Endif
  - Else if *matchedQuota* is not empty:
    - Set *matchedQuota*.QuotaThreshold to *quota*.QuotaThreshold.
    - Set *matchedQuota*.**QuotaLimit** to *quota*.**QuotaLimit**.
    - Set *matchedQuota*.**ChangeTime** to the current time.
  - Else: //matchedQuota is empty:

- Set *matchedQuota* to a newly allocated FILE\_QUOTA\_INFORMATION structure.
- Set *matchedQuota*.**Sid** to *quota*.**Sid**.
- Set *matchedQuota*.**SidLength** to the length of *quota*.**Sid.**
- Set *matchedQuota*.**QuotaThreshold** to *quota*.**QuotaThreshold**.
- Set *matchedQuota*.**QuotaLimit** to *quota*.**QuotaLimit**.
- Set *matchedQuota*.**ChangeTime** to the current time.
- Insert *matchedQuota* into **Volume.QuotaInformation**.
- matchedQuota.QuotaUsed is updated in the background by scanning all files in
   Open.File.Volume where File.SecurityDescriptor.Owner == matchedQuota.Sid.
- EndIf
- Upon successful completion, the object store MUST return:
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

# 3 Algorithm Examples

None.

# 4 Security

## 4.1 Security Considerations for Implementers

Security is opaque to file systems. Some file systems store security descriptors as opaque blobs and then call security support routines to perform the necessary security checks. Other file systems do not implement security. Security considerations are called out in the sections where they are used. Please refer to [MS-AUTHSOD] for a security overview.

## 4.2 Index of Security Parameters

Security parameter	Section
SecurityContext	2.1.4.14
SecurityDescriptor	2.1.4.14
SecurityContext	<u>2.1.5.1</u>
SecurityInformation	2.1.5.13
SecurityInformation	2.1.5.16

# **5** Appendix A: Product Behavior

The information in this specification is applicable to the following Microsoft products or supplemental software. References to product versions include updates to those products.

- Windows 2000 operating system
- Windows XP operating system
- Windows Server 2003 operating system
- Windows Vista operating system
- Windows Server 2008 operating system
- Windows 7 operating system
- Windows Server 2008 R2 operating system
- Windows 8 operating system
- Windows Server 2012 operating system
- Windows 8.1 operating system
- Windows Server 2012 R2 operating system
- Windows 10 operating system
- Windows Server 2016 operating system
- Windows Server operating system
- Windows Server 2019 operating system

Exceptions, if any, are noted in this section. If an update version, service pack or Knowledge Base (KB) number appears with a product name, the behavior changed in that update. The new behavior also applies to subsequent updates unless otherwise specified. If a product edition appears with the product version, behavior is different in that product edition.

Unless otherwise specified, any statement of optional behavior in this specification that is prescribed using the terms "SHOULD" or "SHOULD NOT" implies product behavior in accordance with the SHOULD or SHOULD NOT prescription. Unless otherwise specified, the term "MAY" implies that the product does not follow the prescription.

<1> Section 2.1.1.1: NTFS uses a default **cluster** size of 4 KB, a maximum cluster size of 64 KB on Windows 10 v1703 operating system and Windows Server 2016 and prior, and 2 MB on Windows 10 v1709 operating system and Windows Server 2019 and later, and a minimum cluster size of 512 bytes. ReFS in Windows 8 and subsequent use a fixed cluster size of 64 KB. ReFS in Windows 10, Windows Server 2016, Windows Server operating system, and Windows Server 2019 use a default cluster size of 4 KB. ReFS also supports a 64-KB cluster size.

<2> Section 2.1.1.1: For AMD64, x86, and ARM systems, this value is 4 KB. For ia64 systems, this value is 8 KB.

 $\leq$  3> Section 2.1.1.1: In NTFS, the CompressionUnitSize is 64 KB for encrypted files, 64 KB for sparse files, and the lesser of 64 KB or (16 \* **ClusterSize**) for compressed files. Other file systems do not implement this field.

<4> Section 2.1.1.1: In NTFS, the CompressedChunkSize is 4 KB. Other Windows file systems do not implement this field.

<<u><5> Section 2.1.1.1</u>: Only ReFS supports integrity.

<6> Section 2.1.1.1: Only NTFS supports quotas.

<7> Section 2.1.1.1: This field is present for compatibility with the file level FileObjectIdInformation structure ([MS-FSCC] section 2.4.28). These fields are not currently used by Windows and always contain zeroes.

<8> Section 2.1.1.1: The USN journal is supported on ReFS all versions and NTFS version 3.0 volumes or greater. The USN journal is active by default on Windows Vista and subsequent. The USN journal is not active by default on Windows-based servers.

<u><9> Section 2.1.1.1</u>: For Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Server 2003, Windows Vista, Windows Server 2008, Windows 7, and Windows Server 2008 R2, the maximum file size of a file on an NTFS volume is the smaller of  $(2^{32} - 1)$  \* cluster size, and 16 terabytes (TB). For Windows 8 and Windows Server 2012, the maximum file size of a file on an NTFS volume is  $(2^{32} - 1)$  \* cluster size. For Windows 8.1 and subsequent the maximum file size of a file on an NTFS volume is ( $((2^{32} + 1) + 1) + 1)$ ) \* cluster size = 64K). For example, if the cluster size is 512 bytes, the maximum file size is 2 TB.

<10> Section 2.1.1.2: ReFS does not implement the TunnelCache.

<<u>11> Section 2.1.1.3</u>: Only NTFS supports view index files.

<12> Section 2.1.1.3: ReFS and exFAT do not implement **ShortNames**.

<<u>13> Section 2.1.1.3</u>: The following table defines the support of file time stamps across various Windows file systems. More information can be found in section 6 of the File System Behavior Overview document [FSBO].

Timestamp	ReFS	NTFS	FAT	EXFAT	UDFS
CreationTime	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in local time 10 millisecond granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 10 millisecond granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 1 microsecond granularity
LastAccessTime	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity Updated at 60 minute granularity	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity Updated at 60 minute granularity	Stored in local time 1 day granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 2 second granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 1 microsecond granularity
ChangeTime	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Not Supported	Not Supported	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 1 microsecond granularity
LastWriteTime	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in local time 2 second granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 10 millisecond granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 1 microsecond granularity

<14> Section 2.1.1.3: The following table defines the support of file time stamps across various Windows file systems. More information can be found in section 6 of the File System Behavior Overview document [FSBO].

Timestamp	ReFS	NTFS	FAT	EXFAT	UDFS
CreationTime	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in local time 10 millisecond granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 10 millisecond granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 1 microsecond granularity
LastAccessTime	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity Updated at 60 minute granularity	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity Updated at 60 minute granularity	Stored in local time 1 day granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 2 second granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 1 microsecond granularity
ChangeTime	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Not Supported	Not Supported	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 1 microsecond granularity
LastWriteTime	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in local time 2 second granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 10 millisecond granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 1 microsecond granularity

<15> Section 2.1.1.3: The following table defines the support of file time stamps across various Windows file systems. More information can be found in section 6 of the File System Behavior Overview document [FSBO].

Timestamp	ReFS	NTFS	FAT	EXFAT	UDFS
CreationTime	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in local time 10 millisecond granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 10 millisecond granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 1 microsecond granularity
LastAccessTime	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity Updated at 60 minute granularity	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity Updated at 60 minute granularity	Stored in local time 1 day granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 2 second granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 1 microsecond granularity
ChangeTime	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Not Supported	Not Supported	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 1 microsecond granularity

Timestamp	ReFS	NTFS	FAT	EXFAT	UDFS
LastWriteTime	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in local time 2 second granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 10 millisecond granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 1 microsecond granularity

<16> Section 2.1.1.3: In Windows Vista and subsequent, LastAccessTime updates are disabled by default in the ReFS and NTFS file systems. It is only updated when the file is closed. This behavior is controlled by the following registry key:

HKLM\System\CurrentControlSet\Control\FileSystem\NtfsDisableLastAccessUpdate. A nonzero value means LastAccessTime updates are disabled. A value of zero means they are enabled.

<<u>17> Section 2.1.1.3</u>: The following table defines the support of file time stamps across various Windows file systems. More information can be found in section 6 of the File System Behavior Overview document [FSBO].

Timestamp	ReFS	NTFS	FAT	EXFAT	UDFS
CreationTime	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in local time 10 millisecond granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 10 millisecond granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 1 microsecond granularity
LastAccessTime	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity Updated at 60 minute granularity	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity Updated at 60 minute granularity	Stored in local time 1 day granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 2 second granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 1 microsecond granularity
ChangeTime	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Not Supported	Not Supported	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 1 microsecond granularity
LastWriteTime	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in local time 2 second granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 10 millisecond granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 1 microsecond granularity

<18> Section 2.1.1.3: Only NTFS implements EAs.

<19> Section 2.1.1.3: Only NTFS implements EAs.

<20> Section 2.1.1.3: Only NTFS implements object IDs.

<21> Section 2.1.1.3: Only NTFS implements object IDs.

<22> Section 2.1.1.3: Only NTFS and UDFS implement named streams.

<23> Section 2.1.1.3: ReFS and exFAT do not implement ShortNames.

<24> Section 2.1.1.3: Only NTFS implements encryption.

<25> Section 2.1.1.4: For ReFS, there will always be exactly one link per file or directory.

<26> Section 2.1.1.4: On ReFS or exFAT, this field MUST be empty.

<27> Section 2.1.1.4: The following table defines the support of file time stamps across various Windows file systems. More information can be found in section 6 of the File System Behavior Overview document [FSBO].

Timestamp	ReFS	NTFS	FAT	EXFAT	UDFS
CreationTime	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in local time 10 millisecond granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 10 millisecond granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 1 microsecond granularity
LastAccessTime	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity Updated at 60 minute granularity	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity Updated at 60 minute granularity	Stored in local time 1 day granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 2 second granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 1 microsecond granularity
ChangeTime	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Not Supported	Not Supported	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 1 microsecond granularity
LastWriteTime	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in local time 2 second granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 10 millisecond granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 1 microsecond granularity

<28> Section 2.1.1.4: The following table defines the support of file time stamps across various Windows file systems. More information can be found in section 6 of the File System Behavior Overview document [FSBO].

Timestamp	ReFS	NTFS	FAT	EXFAT	UDFS
CreationTime	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	100 nanosecond local time granularity 10 millisecond		local time local time d 10 millisecond 1 microseco	
LastAccessTime	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity Updated at 60	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity Updated at 60	Stored in local time 1 day granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 2 second	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 1 microsecond

Timestamp	ReFS	NTFS	FAT	EXFAT	UDFS
	minute granularity	minute granularity		granularity	granularity
ChangeTime	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Not Supported	Not Supported	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 1 microsecond granularity
LastWriteTime	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in local time 2 second granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 10 millisecond granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 1 microsecond granularity

<29> Section 2.1.1.4: The following table defines the support of file time stamps across various Windows file systems. More information can be found in section 6 of the File System Behavior Overview document [FSBO].

Timestamp	ReFS	NTFS	FAT	EXFAT	UDFS
CreationTime	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in local time 10 millisecond granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 10 millisecond granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 1 microsecond granularity
LastAccessTime	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity Updated at 60 minute granularity	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity Updated at 60 minute granularity	Stored in local time 1 day granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 2 second granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 1 microsecond granularity
ChangeTime	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Not Supported	Not Supported	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 1 microsecond granularity
LastWriteTime	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in local time 2 second granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 10 millisecond granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 1 microsecond granularity

<30> Section 2.1.1.4: In Windows Vista and subsequent LastAccessTime updates are disabled by default in the ReFS and NTFS file systems. It is only updated when the file is closed. This behavior is controlled by the following registry key:

HKLM\System\CurrentControlSet\Control\FileSystem\NtfsDisableLastAccessUpdate. A nonzero value means LastAccessTime updates are disabled. A value of zero means they are enabled.

<<u>31> Section 2.1.1.4</u>: The following table defines the support of file time stamps across various Windows file systems. More information can be found in section 6 of the File System Behavior Overview document [FSBO].

Timestamp	ReFS	NTFS	FAT	EXFAT	UDFS	
CreationTime	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in local time 10 millisecond granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 10 millisecond granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 1 microsecond granularity	
LastAccessTime	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity Updated at 60 minute granularity	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity Updated at 60 minute granularity	Stored in local time 1 day granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 2 second granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 1 microsecond granularity	
ChangeTime	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Not Supported	Not Supported	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 1 microsecond granularity	
LastWriteTime	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in local time 2 second granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 10 millisecond granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 1 microsecond granularity	

- <32> Section 2.1.1.4: Only NTFS implements EAs.
- <<u>33> Section 2.1.1.5</u>: Only NTFS supports view index streams.
- <34> Section 2.1.1.5: Only NTFS supports compression.
- <<u>35> Section 2.1.1.5</u>: Only ReFS supports integrity.
- <<u>36> Section 2.1.1.5</u>: Only ReFS supports integrity.
- <37> Section 2.1.1.5: Only NTFS, ReFS, and UDFS support sparse files.
- <39> Section 2.1.1.6: Only NTFS implements EAs.

<40> Section 2.1.4.11: NTFS sets RecordLength to BlockAlign(FieldOffset(USN\_RECORD\_V2.FileName) + FileNameLength, 8). ReFS sets RecordLength to BlockAlign(FieldOffset(USN\_RECORD\_V3.FileName) + FileNameLength, 8).

<41> Section 2.1.4.12: Windows 2000 through Windows Server 2008 R2 do not perform any of the following checks because PARENT\_OBJECT is never set in the **Flags** field so you will always take the ELSE statement to the SWITCH statement.

Windows 8 and Windows Server 2012 will perform the following checks before the Switch(**Operation**) statement:

- If **Flags** contains PARENT\_OBJECT:
  - If **Operation** is OPEN, as specified in section <u>2.1.5.1</u>, or

**Operation** is FLUSH\_DATA, as specified in section <u>2.1.5.6</u>, or

**Operation** is CLOSE, as specified in section <u>2.1.5.4</u>, or

**Operation** is FS\_CONTROL, as specified in section 2.1.5.9, and **OpParams.ControlCode** is FSCTL\_SET\_ENCRYPTION, or

**Operation** is SET\_INFORMATION, as specified in section <u>2.1.5.14</u>, and **OpParams.FileInformationClass** is one of FileBasicInformation or FileAllocationInformation or FileEndOfFileInformation or FileRenameInformation or FileLinkInformation or FileShortNameInformation or FileValidDataLengthInformation.

- Set *BreakCacheState* to (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING).
- Else:
  - Switch (Operation):

<42> Section 2.1.5.1: NTFS and ReFS recognize the following complex name suffixes:

- ":\$I30"
- "::\$INDEX\_ALLOCATION"
- ":\$I30:\$INDEX\_ALLOCATION"
- "::\$BITMAP"
- ":\$I30:\$BITMAP"
- "::\$ATTRIBUTE\_LIST"
- "::\$REPARSE\_POINT"

Other Windows file systems do not recognize any complex name suffixes.

<43> Section 2.1.5.1: NTFS and ReFS recognize the following stream type names:

- "\$STANDARD\_INFORMATION"
- "\$ATTRIBUTE\_LIST"
- "\$FILE\_NAME"
- "\$OBJECT\_ID"
- "\$SECURITY\_DESCRIPTOR"
- "\$VOLUME\_NAME"
- "\$VOLUME\_INFORMATION"
- "\$DATA"
- "\$INDEX\_ROOT"
- "\$INDEX\_ALLOCATION"
- "\$BITMAP"

- "\$REPARSE\_POINT"
- "\$EA\_INFORMATION"
- "\$EA"
- "\$LOGGED\_UTILITY\_STREAM"

Other Windows file systems do not recognize any stream type names.

<44> Section 2.1.5.1: Only the NTFS and ReFS file systems support complex name suffixes and StreamTypeNames. File systems that do not support this return STATUS\_OBJECT\_NAME\_INVALID.

<45> Section 2.1.5.1.1: For the NTFS file system, the **FileId128** consists of a 48-bit index into the MFT (the low 48 bits) and a 16-bit sequence number (the next higher 16 bits), with the high 64 bits unused and always equal to 0. For the ReFS file system, the **FileId128** consists of a 64-bit index uniquely identifying the file's parent directory on the volume (the low 64 bits) and a 64-bit index uniquely identifying the file within that directory (the high 64 bits).

<46> Section 2.1.5.1.1: For the NTFS file system this is the index and sequence number portions (low 64 bits) of the **FileId128**. The ReFS file system maps a subset of the possible **FileId128** values to **FileId64** values using a reversible algorithm; for values outside of this subset, ReFS sets the **FileId64** to -1.

<47> Section 2.1.5.1.1: For the NTFS file system, this is the index portion (low 48 bits) of the FileId128. The ReFS file system does not implement this field.

<u><48> Section 2.1.5.1.1</u>: Only ReFS supports FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_INTEGRITY\_STREAM.

<49> Section 2.1.5.1.1: Only NTFS and ReFS support FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_NO\_SCRUB\_DATA.

<<u><50> Section 2.1.5.1.1</u>: Only NTFS and UDFS implement named streams.

<51> Section 2.1.5.1.2: Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Server 2003, and Windows Vista, treat the FILE\_DISALLOW\_EXCLUSIVE option as always being FALSE.

<<u><52> Section 2.1.5.5.1</u>: This is implemented only by the NTFS file system.

<53> Section 2.1.5.5.1: This directory is only available on NTFS volumes formatted to NTFS version 3.0 or late.

<<u>54> Section 2.1.5.5.1</u>: "\*" is treated as 0x0000002A during the search, and it gives the practical behavior of a wildcard since an ObjectId starts with a much larger value. Similarly, "?" is treated as 0x0000003F and so practically it behaves like "\*".

<55> Section 2.1.5.5.2: This is implemented only by the NTFS file system. This is not implemented on the FAT32 file system and STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER will be returned.

 $\leq$  Section 2.1.5.5.2: This directory is only available on NTFS volumes formatted to NTFS version 3.x.

<<u>57> Section 2.1.5.5.3</u>: Windows Vista operating system with Service Pack 1 (SP1), Windows Server 2008, Windows 7, and Windows Server 2008 R2 execute this portion only when FirstQuery is TRUE; the remaining conditions are ignored. This means the query pattern for a given Open cannot be changed once it is set.

<58> Section 2.1.5.5.3.1: For ReFS, this value MUST be zero.

<59> Section 2.1.5.5.3.3: For ReFS, this value MUST be zero.

<60> Section 2.1.5.5.3.4: For ReFS, this value MUST be zero.

<61> Section 2.1.5.5.3.5: For ReFS, this value MUST be zero.

<<u><62> Section 2.1.5.6</u>: This is only implemented by the NTFS file system. Other file systems return STATUS\_SUCCESS and perform no other action.

<63> Section 2.1.5.7: In Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Server 2003, Windows Vista, Windows Server 2008, Windows 7, and Windows Server 2008 R2, NTFS checks for an oplock break even when (FileOffset >= Open.Stream.AllocationSize).

<64> Section 2.1.5.9.1: This is only implemented by the NTFS file system.

<65> Section 2.1.5.9.1: If the generated ObjectId collides with existing ObjectIds on the **volume**, Windows retries up to 16 times before failing the operation with STATUS\_DUPLICATE\_NAME.

<66> Section 2.1.5.9.1: The file system only updates LastChangeTime if no user has explicitly set LastChangeTime. The NTFS and ReFS file systems defer setting LastChangeTime until the handle is closed.

<67> Section 2.1.5.9.2: This is only implemented by the NTFS file system.

<68> Section 2.1.5.9.2: The file system only updates LastChangeTime if no user has explicitly set LastChangeTime. The NTFS and ReFS file systems defer setting LastChangeTime until the handle is closed.

<69> Section 2.1.5.9.3: This is only implemented by the NTFS file system.

<70> Section 2.1.5.9.3: The file system only updates LastChangeTime if no user has explicitly set LastChangeTime. The NTFS and ReFS file systems defer setting LastChangeTime until the handle is closed.

<71> Section 2.1.5.9.4: FSCTL\_DUPLICATE\_EXTENTS\_TO\_FILE is only supported by the ReFS file system in Windows 10, Windows Server 2016, Windows Server operating system, and Windows Server 2019.

<72> Section 2.1.5.9.4: Windows returns STATUS\_INVALID\_HANDLE if the source file handle is closed.

<73> Section 2.1.5.9.4: The ReFS file system in Windows Server 2016, Windows Server operating system, and Windows Server 2019 does not check for byte range lock conflicts on **Open.Stream**.

<74> Section 2.1.5.9.4: The ReFS file system in Windows Server 2016, Windows Server operating system, and Windows Server 2019 does not check for byte range lock conflicts on Source.

<75> Section 2.1.5.9.5: FSCTL\_DUPLICATE\_EXTENTS\_TO\_FILE\_EX is only supported by the ReFS file system in Windows 10 v1803 operating system and Windows Server v1803 operating system.

<76> Section 2.1.5.9.5: Windows returns STATUS\_INVALID\_HANDLE if the source file handle is closed.

<77> Section 2.1.5.9.5: The ReFS file system in Windows 10 v1803 and Windows Server v1803 does not check for byte range lock conflicts on **Open.Stream**.

<78> Section 2.1.5.9.5: The ReFS file system in Windows 10 v1803 and Windows Server v1803 does not check for byte range lock conflicts on Source.

<79> Section 2.1.5.9.6: If the Open is a directory on a Cluster Shared Volume File System (CSVFS), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_NOT\_IMPLEMENTED.

<80> Section 2.1.5.9.7: This is only implemented by the ReFS, NTFS, FAT, FAT32, and exFAT file systems.

<81> Section 2.1.5.9.7: The NTFS file system sets an NTFS\_STATISTICS structure as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.12.2. The FAT file system sets a FAT\_STATISTICS structure as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.12.3. The EXFAT file system sets a EXFAT\_STATISTICS structure as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.12.4.

<82> Section 2.1.5.9.8: This is only implemented by the NTFS file system.

<<u>83> Section 2.1.5.9.8</u>: Some file systems have more efficient mechanisms to obtain a list of files. For instance, NTFS iterates through all base file records of the MFT.

<u><84> Section 2.1.5.9.9</u>: This is only implemented by the NTFS and ReFS file systems.

<85> Section 2.1.5.9.10: This operation is only implemented by the ReFS file system.

<<u>86> Section 2.1.5.9.11</u>: This is only implemented by the NTFS file system.

<87> Section 2.1.5.9.11: Several of the fields being set in this section are specific to how the NTFS file system is implemented and are not defined in the Object Stores Abstract Data Model.

<<u>88> Section 2.1.5.9.13</u>: This is only implemented by the NTFS file system.

<89> Section 2.1.5.9.14: This is only implemented by the ReFS and NTFS file systems.

<<u><90> Section 2.1.5.9.17</u>: This is implemented only by the NTFS file system.

<91> Section 2.1.5.9.18: This is implemented only by the NTFS file system.

<<u>92> Section 2.1.5.9.19</u>: This is only implemented by the ReFS and NTFS file systems.

<<u>93> Section 2.1.5.9.20</u>: Support for this FSCTL is only implemented in the FAT file system. The data returned by this FSCTL is incomplete and incorrect on FAT32, and it is unsupported on all other file systems, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.43.

<<u><94> Section 2.1.5.9.22</u>: This is only implemented by the UDFS file system.

<<u>95> Section 2.1.5.9.23</u>: This is only implemented by the UDFS file system.

<96> Section 2.1.5.9.24: This is only implemented by the ReFS and NTFS file systems.

<97> Section 2.1.5.9.24: In Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Server 2003, Windows Vista, Windows Server 2008, Windows 7, Windows Server 2008 R2, Windows 8, and Windows Server 2012, NTFS uses a *MaxMajorVersionSupported* value of 2.

<98> Section 2.1.5.9.24: In Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Server 2003, Windows Vista, Windows Server 2008, Windows 7 and Windows Server 2008 R2, NTFS ignores the input buffer completely; all requests are treated as having an **InputBufferSize** of 0.

<99> Section 2.1.5.9.24: In Windows 8 and Windows Server 2012, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_NOT\_IMPLEMENTED.

<100> Section 2.1.5.9.25: This file system request is handled by the optional hierarchical storage management (HSM) file system filter. This filter has been deprecated as of Windows Server 2008 and is a server-only feature.

<101> Section 2.1.5.9.26: If the Open is a directory on a Cluster Shared Volume File System (CSVFS), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_NOT\_IMPLEMENTED.

<102> Section 2.1.5.9.26: This method is fully supported with NTFS, but for ReFS, it is only supported and returns STATUS\_SUCCESS when **CompressionState** is set to COMPRESSION\_FORMAT\_NONE. The method fails with STATUS\_NOT\_SUPPORTED for any other value of **CompressionState**.

<103> Section 2.1.5.9.26: NTFS File Compression can be disabled globally on a system by setting the registry key HKLM\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\Control\FileSystem\NtfsDisableCompression to 1 and then rebooting the system to have the change take effect. Compression can be re-enabled by setting this key to zero and rebooting the system.

<104> Section 2.1.5.9.27: This is only implemented by the UDFS file system on media types that require software defect management.

<105> Section 2.1.5.9.28: This is implemented by the NTFS file system and the FAT32 file systems on Windows 10 v1511 operating system, Windows Server 2016 and subsequent.

<106> Section 2.1.5.9.29: Only ReFS supports integrity.

<107> Section 2.1.5.9.29: If the Open is a directory on a Cluster Shared Volume File System (CSVFS), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_NOT\_IMPLEMENTED.

<108> Section 2.1.5.9.29: This is implemented only by the ReFS file system.

<109> Section 2.1.5.9.30: This is only implemented by the NTFS file system.

<110> Section 2.1.5.9.30: The file system only updates **LastChangeTime** if no user has explicitly set **LastChangeTime**. The NTFS and ReFS file systems defer setting **LastChangeTime** until the handle is closed.

<111> Section 2.1.5.9.31: This is only implemented by the NTFS file system.

<112> Section 2.1.5.9.31: The file system only updates LastChangeTime if no user has explicitly set LastChangeTime. The NTFS and ReFS file systems defer setting the LastChangeTime until the handle is closed.

<<u>113> Section 2.1.5.9.32</u>: This is only implemented by the ReFS and NTFS file systems. The FAT32 file system will return STATUS\_IO\_REPARSE\_DATA\_INVALID.

<114> Section 2.1.5.9.32: The file system only updates LastChangeTime if no user has explicitly set LastChangeTime. The NTFS and ReFS file systems defer setting the LastChangeTime until the handle is closed.

<115> Section 2.1.5.9.33: WinPE stands for the Windows Preinstallation Environment. For more information please see [MSFT-WinPE].

<<u>116> Section 2.1.5.9.34</u>: If the Open is a directory on a Cluster Shared Volume File System (CSVFS), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_NOT\_IMPLEMENTED.

<<u>117> Section 2.1.5.9.34</u>: This is only implemented by the NTFS file system and by the ReFS file system on non-integrity streams. In Windows 8.1 and subsequent, ReFS supports this for both conventional and integrity streams.

<118> Section 2.1.5.9.35: If the Open is a directory on a Cluster Shared Volume File System (CSVFS), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_NOT\_IMPLEMENTED.

<119> Section 2.1.5.9.35: This is only implemented by the NTFS file system and by the ReFS file system on non-integrity streams. In Windows 8.1 and subsequent, ReFS supports this for both conventional and integrity streams.

<120> Section 2.1.5.9.36: This is only implemented by the NTFS file system and FAT32 file system on Windows 10 v1511, Windows Server 2016 and subsequent.

<121> Section 2.1.5.9.37: Single Instance Storage is an optional feature available in the following versions of Windows Server: Windows Storage Server 2003 R2 operating system, Standard Edition, Windows Storage Server 2008, and Windows Storage Server 2008 R2. Single Instance Storage is not supported directly by any of the Windows file systems but is implemented as a file system filter.

<122> Section 2.1.5.9.37: This is implemented only by the NTFS file system. The FAT32 file system will return STATUS\_NOT\_SUPPORTED.

<123> Section 2.1.5.9.37: In the Windows environment file system are implemented in kernel mode. If a NULL security context is specified and the originator of the operation is running in kernel mode, a built-in SYSTEM security context is used that grants all access.

<124> Section 2.1.5.9.37: In the Windows environment file system are implemented in kernel mode. If a NULL security context is specified and the originator of the operation is running in kernel mode, a built-in SYSTEM security context is used that grants all access.

<125> Section 2.1.5.9.37: In the Windows environment this is done by creating a new file in what is known as the "SIS Common Store". **Reparse points** are attached to any file controlled by Single Instance Storage that contains information on how to access the Common Store file that contains the data for this file.

<126> Section 2.1.5.9.38: This is only implemented by the NTFS file system.

<127> Section 2.1.5.11.5: Only ReFS supports integrity.

<128> Section 2.1.5.11.5: Only ReFS supports integrity.

<129> Section 2.1.5.11.6: Only ReFS supports integrity.

<130> Section 2.1.5.11.6: Only ReFS supports integrity.

<<u>131> Section 2.1.5.11.8</u>: The FAT32 file system doesn't support FILE\_COMPRESSION\_INFORMATION and will return STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.

<132> Section 2.1.5.11.10: Only the NTFS file system implements EAs.

<133> Section 2.1.5.11.12: This operation is only supported by the NTFS file system.

<134> Section 2.1.5.11.21: Available only in ReFS.

<135> Section 2.1.5.11.21: Available only in ReFS.

<136> Section 2.1.5.11.23: If **Open.Mode** contains neither FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_ALERT nor FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_NONALERT, this operation does not return meaningful information in **OutputBuffer.CurrentByteOffset**, because **Open.CurrentByteOffset** is not maintained for any **Open** that does not have either of those flags set.

<137> Section 2.1.5.11.27: This algorithm is only implemented by NTFS and ReFS. The FAT, EXFAT, CDFS, and UDFS file systems always return 1.

<<u>138> Section 2.1.5.11.29</u>: The FAT32 file system doesn't support FILE\_STREAM\_INFORMATION and will return STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.

<139> Section 2.1.5.12.5: The following table defines what FileSystemAttributes flags, as defined in [MS-FSCC] section 2.5.1, are set by various Windows file systems and why they are set:

	ReFS	NTFS	FAT	EXFAT	UDFS	CDFS
FILE_SUPPORTS_USN_JOURNAL 0x02000000	Always Set	Set if 3.0 format or higher volume				
FILE_SUPPORTS_OPEN_BY_FILE_ID 0x01000000	Always Set	Always Set			Set if volume mounted read-	Always Set

	ReFS	NTFS	FAT	EXFAT	UDFS	CDFS
					only	
FILE_SUPPORTS_EXTENDED_ATTRIBUTES 0x00800000		Always Set				
FILE_SUPPORTS_HARD_LINKS 0x00400000		Always Set			Always Set	
FILE_SUPPORTS_TRANSACTIONS 0x00200000		Set if 3.0 format or higher volume				
FILE_SEQUENTIAL_WRITE_ONCE 0x00100000					Set if volume not mounted read- only	
FILE_READ_ONLY_VOLUME 0x00080000	Set if volume mounted read- only	Set if volume mounted read-only	Set if volume mounted read- only	Set if volume mounted read- only	Set if volume mounted read- only	Always Set
FILE_NAMED_STREAMS 0x00040000		Always Set			Set if 2.0 format or higher	
FILE_SUPPORTS_ENCRYPTION 0x00020000		Set if 3.0 format or higher volume and encryption is enabled on the system				
FILE_SUPPORTS_OBJECT_IDS 0x00010000		Set if 3.0 format or higher volume				
FILE_VOLUME_IS_COMPRESSED 0x00008000						
FILE_SUPPORTS_REMOTE_STORAGE 0x00000100						
FILE_SUPPORTS_REPARSE_POINTS 0x00000080	Always Set	Set if 3.0 format or higher volume				
FILE_SUPPORTS_SPARSE_FILES 0x00000040		Set if 3.0 format or higher				

	ReFS	NTFS	FAT	EXFAT	UDFS	CDFS
		volume				
FILE_VOLUME_QUOTAS 0x00000020		Set if 3.0 format or higher volume				
FILE_FILE_COMPRESSION 0x00000010		Set if volume cluster size is 4K or less				
FILE_PERSISTENT_ACLS 0x00000008	Always Set	Always Set				
FILE_UNICODE_ON_DISK 0x00000004	Always Set	Always Set	Always Set	Always Set	Always Set	Set if Joliet Format
FILE_CASE_PRESERVED_NAMES 0x00000002	Always Set	Always Set	Always Set	Always Set	Always Set	
FILE_CASE_SENSITIVE_SEARCH 0x00000001	Always Set	Always Set			Always Set	Always Set

<140> Section 2.1.5.12.5: The following table defines the MaximumComponentNameLength, as defined in [MS-FSCC] section 2.5.1, that is set by each file system:

	ReFS	NTFS	FAT	EXFAT	UDFS	CDFS
MaximumComponentNameLength Value	255	255	255	255	254	110 if Joliet Format 221 otherwise

<141> Section 2.1.5.12.6: This is implemented only by the NTFS file system.

<142> Section 2.1.5.12.8: ReFS does not implement object IDs.

<143> Section 2.1.5.12.8: This is implemented only by the NTFS file system.

<144> Section 2.1.5.13: The FAT32 file system will return ACCESS\_DENIED.

 $\leq$  145> Section 2.1.5.14.1: The following table describes the maximum file size supported by various Windows File Systems.

	ReFS	NTFS	FAT	EXFAT	UDFS	CDFS
MaximumFileSize	((2^32)-1) * ClusterSize	16 TB for Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Server 2003, Windows Vista, Windows Server 2008, Windows 7, and Windows Server 2008 R2 (((2^32)-1) * ClusterSize) for Windows 8 and Windows Server 2012 (((2^32) * ClusterSize) - 64K) for	4 GB	16 exabytes	8 TB	8 TB

ReFS	NTFS	FAT	EXFAT	UDFS	CDFS
	Windows 8.1 and subsequent The physical format will support 16 exabytes.				

<146> Section 2.1.5.14.1: The FAT, FAT32, exFAT, and UDFS file systems instead set *NewFileSize* to **min(Open.Stream.Size, InputBuffer.AllocationSize**).

<147> Section 2.1.5.14.2: The FAT32 file system doesn't process the **ChangeTime** field.

 $\leq$  148> Section 2.1.5.14.4: The FAT32 file system will return STATUS\_DISK\_FULL if the object size is greater than 2^32 – 1 bytes.

 $\leq$  149> Section 2.1.5.14.4: The following table describes the maximum file size supported by various Windows File Systems.

	ReFS	NTFS	FAT	EXFAT	UDFS	CDFS
MaximumFileSize	((2^32)-1) * ClusterSize	16 TB for Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Server 2003, Windows Vista, Windows Server 2008, Windows 7, and Windows Server 2008 R2	4 GB	16 exabytes	8 TB	8 TB
		(((2^32)-1) * ClusterSize) for Windows 8 and Windows Server 2012				
		(((2^32) * ClusterSize) - 64K) for Windows 8.1 and subsequent				
		The physical format will support 16 exabytes.				

<150> Section 2.1.5.14.5: Only NTFS implements EAs.

<151> Section 2.1.5.14.9: If **Open.Mode** contains neither FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_ALERT nor FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_NONALERT, this operation does not have any meaningful effect, because **Open.CurrentByteOffset** is not used for any **Open** that does not have either of those flags set.

<152> Section 2.1.5.14.11: The file system only updates **LastChangeTime** if no user has explicitly set **LastChangeTime**. The NTFS and ReFS file systems defer setting **LastChangeTime** until the handle is closed.

<153> Section 2.1.5.14.13: ReFS does not implement short names.

<154> Section 2.1.5.14.14: ValidDataLength is an internal implementation detail of the NTFS, FAT, FAT32, ExFAT, and the ReFS file system. It is not a notion that exists in other Windows file systems. ValidDataLength refers to a high-watermark in the file that is considered to be initialized data by a user writing in the region or by the file system writing zeros. Any reads within that value are required to return data from the persistent store. Any reads beyond that value are required to return zeros. On the NTFS and ReFS file systems, when committing the file to media the value for ValidataLength is retained. The FAT, FAT32, and ExFAT file systems do not retain the value of ValidDataLength. FSCTL\_QUERY\_FILE\_REGIONS, as specified in section 2.1.5.9.21, can be used to retrieve the value of ValidDataLength from the media but this FSCTL is only supported on NTFS and ReFS.

<155> Section 2.1.5.15.6: This is implemented only by the NTFS file system.

<156> Section 2.1.5.15.8: Only NTFS implements object IDs.

<157> Section 2.1.5.15.8: This is only implemented by the NTFS file system.

<158> Section 2.1.5.16: The FAT32 file system will return ACCESS\_DENIED.

<159> Section 2.1.5.16: The file system only updates **LastChangeTime** if no user has explicitly set **LastChangeTime**. The NTFS and ReFS file systems defer setting **LastChangeTime** until the handle is closed.

<160> Section 2.1.5.17: In Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Server 2003, Windows Vista, Windows Server 2008, Windows 7, and Windows Server 2008 R2, NTFS does not grant the oplock even when **Open.Stream.AllocationSize** is greater than any **ByteRangeLock.LockOffset** in **Open.Stream.ByteRangeLockList**.

<161> Section 2.1.5.17: In Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Server 2003, Windows Vista, Windows Server 2008, Windows 7, and Windows Server 2008 R2, NTFS does not grant the oplock even when **Open.Stream.AllocationSize** is greater than any **ByteRangeLock.LockOffset** in **Open.Stream.ByteRangeLockList**.

<162> Section 2.1.5.19: In Windows file systems, operations are only cancelable if they are blocked and put on a wait queue of some kind. Operations that are actively being processed are not cancelable.

<163> Section 2.1.5.20: The name of the quota file in the Windows environment is:

\$Extend\\$Quota:\$Q:\$INDEX\_ALLOCATION

Opening the quota stream is only supported when the share is defined at the root of the volume.

<164> Section 2.1.5.20: This operation is implemented only by the NTFS file system.

<165> Section 2.1.5.21: The name of the quota file in the Windows environment is:

\$Extend\\$Quota:\$Q:\$INDEX\_ALLOCATION

<166> Section 2.1.5.21: This operation is only implemented by the NTFS file system.

# 6 Change Tracking

This section identifies changes that were made to this document since the last release. Changes are classified as Major, Minor, or None.

The revision class **Major** means that the technical content in the document was significantly revised. Major changes affect protocol interoperability or implementation. Examples of major changes are:

- A document revision that incorporates changes to interoperability requirements.
- A document revision that captures changes to protocol functionality.

The revision class **Minor** means that the meaning of the technical content was clarified. Minor changes do not affect protocol interoperability or implementation. Examples of minor changes are updates to clarify ambiguity at the sentence, paragraph, or table level.

The revision class **None** means that no new technical changes were introduced. Minor editorial and formatting changes may have been made, but the relevant technical content is identical to the last released version.

The changes made to this document are listed in the following table. For more information, please contact <u>dochelp@microsoft.com</u>.

Section	Description	Revision class
2.1.1.1 Per Volume	Updated the maximum cluster size for NTFS.	Major
2.1.4.12 Algorithm to Check for an Oplock Break	8596 : Added a case for SET_SECURITY.	Major
2.1.4.12 Algorithm to Check for an Oplock Break	8990 : Updated the processing rules for OPEN_BREAK_H.	Major
2.1.5.1 Server Requests an Open of a File	8583 : Updated the Stream processing rules in Phase 7.	Major
2.1.5.1.1 Creation of a New File	8583 : Updated the Stream processing rules.	Major
2.1.5.1.2 Open of an Existing File	8583 : Updated the Stream processing rules.	Major
2.1.5.6 Server Requests Flushing Cached Data	Updated the processing rules for flushing cached data.	Major
2.1.5.9.4 FSCTL_DUPLICATE_EXTENTS_TO_FILE	9074 : Updated the processing rules for SourceFileID.	Major
2.1.5.9.4 FSCTL_DUPLICATE_EXTENTS_TO_FILE	9074 : Updated the processing rules for SourceFileID.	Major
2.1.5.9.5 FSCTL_DUPLICATE_EXTENTS_TO_FILE_EX	9054 : Added processing rules for InputBuffer.StructureSize.	Major
2.1.5.9.5 FSCTL_DUPLICATE_EXTENTS_TO_FILE_EX	9074 : Updated the processing rules for the FSCTL_DUPLICATE_EXTENTS_TO_FILE_EX structure.	Major
2.1.5.16 Server Requests Setting of Security Information	8596 : Added processing rules for SET_SECURITY.	Major
5 Appendix A: Product Behavior	Added Windows Server 2019 to the list of applicable products and product behavior notes.	Major

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