

# [MS-FSA-Diff]:

## File System Algorithms

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# 1 Introduction

This document defines an abstract model for how an object store can be implemented to support the Common Internet File System (CIFS) Protocol, the Server Message Block (SMB) Protocol, and the Server Message Block (SMB) Protocol versions 2 and 3 (described in [MS-CIFS], [MS-SMB] and [MS-SMB2], respectively).

Sections 1.6 and 2 of this specification are normative. All other sections and examples in this specification are informative.

## 1.1 Glossary

This document uses the following terms:

**Alternate Data Stream:** A named data stream that is part of a file or directory, which can be opened independently of the **default data stream**. Many operations on an alternate data stream affect only that stream and not other streams or the file or directory as a whole.

**backup:** The process of copying data to another storage location for safe keeping. This data can then be used to restore lost information in case of an equipment failure or catastrophic event.

**cluster:** The smallest allocation unit on a **volume**.

**compression unit:** A segment of a stream that the object store can compress, encrypt, or make sparse independently of other segments of the same stream.

**Default Data Stream:** The unnamed data stream in a non-directory file. Many operations on a default data stream affect the file as a whole.

**globally unique identifier (GUID):** A term used interchangeably with universally unique identifier (UUID) in Microsoft protocol technical documents (TDs). Interchanging the usage of these terms does not imply or require a specific algorithm or mechanism to generate the value. Specifically, the use of this term does not imply or require that the algorithms described in [RFC4122] or [C706] must be used for generating the **GUID**. See also universally unique identifier (UUID).

**mount point:** See mounted folder.

**reparse point:** An attribute that can be added to a file to store a collection of user-defined data that is opaque to NTFS or ReFS. If a file that has a reparse point is opened, the open will normally fail with STATUS\_REPARSE, so that the relevant file system filter driver can detect the open of a file associated with (owned by) this reparse point. At that point, each installed filter driver can check to see if it is the owner of the reparse point, and, if so, perform any special processing required for a file with that reparse point. The format of this data is understood by the application that stores the data and the file system filter that interprets the data and processes the file. For example, an encryption filter that is marked as the owner of a file's reparse point could look up the encryption key for that file. A file can have (at most) 1 reparse point associated with it. For more information, see [MS-FSCC].

**Restore:** The act of copying data (usually files) back to its original storage location from some other storage media after some form of data loss.

**security identifier (SID):** An identifier for security principals in Windows that is used to identify an account or a group. Conceptually, the **SID** is composed of an account authority portion (typically a domain) and a smaller integer representing an identity relative to the account authority, termed the relative identifier (RID). The **SID** format is specified in [MS-DTYP] section 2.4.2; a string representation of **SIDs** is specified in [MS-DTYP] section 2.4.2 and [MS-AZOD] section 1.1.1.2.

**server:** A computer on which the remote procedure call (RPC) server is executing.

**Software Defect Management:** A mechanism for the object store to manage and remap defective blocks on removable rewritable media (such as CD-RW, DVD-RW, and DVD+RW). Of the standard Windows file systems, only the UDFS file system supports Software Defect Management.

**symbolic link:** A **symbolic link** is a **reparse point** that points to another file system object. The object being pointed to is called the target. **Symbolic links** are transparent to users; the links appear as normal files or directories, and can be acted upon by the user or application in exactly the same manner. **Symbolic links** can be created using the FSCTL\_SET\_REPARSE\_POINT request as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.61. They can be deleted using the FSCTL\_DELETE\_REPARSE\_POINT request as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.5. Implementing **symbolic links** is optional for a file system.

**Unicode:** A character encoding standard developed by the Unicode Consortium that represents almost all of the written languages of the world. The **Unicode** standard [UNICODE5.0.0/2007] provides three forms (UTF-8, UTF-16, and UTF-32) and seven schemes (UTF-8, UTF-16, UTF-16 BE, UTF-16 LE, UTF-32, UTF-32 LE, and UTF-32 BE).

**volume:** A group of one or more partitions that forms a logical region of storage and the basis for a file system. A **volume** is an area on a storage device that is managed by the file system as a discrete logical storage unit. A partition contains at least one **volume**, and a volume can exist on one or more partitions.

**WinPE:** Windows Pre-installation Environment.

**MAY, SHOULD, MUST, SHOULD NOT, MUST NOT:** These terms (in all caps) are used as defined in [RFC2119]. All statements of optional behavior use either MAY, SHOULD, or SHOULD NOT.

## 1.2 References

Links to a document in the Microsoft Open Specifications library point to the correct section in the most recently published version of the referenced document. However, because individual documents in the library are not updated at the same time, the section numbers in the documents may not match. You can confirm the correct section numbering by checking the Errata.

### 1.2.1 Normative References

We conduct frequent surveys of the normative references to assure their continued availability. If you have any issue with finding a normative reference, please contact dochelp@microsoft.com. We will assist you in finding the relevant information.

[MS-DTYP] Microsoft Corporation, "Windows Data Types".

[MS-EFSR] Microsoft Corporation, "Encrypting File System Remote (EFSRPC) Protocol".

[MS-ERREF] Microsoft Corporation, "Windows Error Codes".

[MS-FSCC] Microsoft Corporation, "File System Control Codes".

[MS-LSAD] Microsoft Corporation, "Local Security Authority (Domain Policy) Remote Protocol".

[RFC2119] Bradner, S., "Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels", BCP 14, RFC 2119, March 1997, <http://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc2119.txt>

[RFC4122] Leach, P., Mealling, M., and Salz, R., "A Universally Unique Identifier (UUID) URN Namespace", RFC 4122, July 2005, <http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc4122.txt>



## 1.2.2 Informative References

[FSBO] Microsoft Corporation, "File System Behavior in the Microsoft Windows Environment", June 2008, <http://download.microsoft.com/download/4/3/8/43889780-8d45-4b2e-9d3a-c696a890309f/File%20System%20Behavior%20Overview.pdf>

[INCITS-T10/11-059] INCITS, "T10 specification 11-059", <http://www.t10.org/cgi-bin/ac.pl?t=d&f=11-059r9.pdf>

[MS-AUTHSOD] Microsoft Corporation, "Authentication Services Protocols Overview".

[MS-CIFS] Microsoft Corporation, "Common Internet File System (CIFS) Protocol".

[MS-SMB2] Microsoft Corporation, "Server Message Block (SMB) Protocol Versions 2 and 3".

[MS-SMB] Microsoft Corporation, "Server Message Block (SMB) Protocol".

[MSFT-WinPE] Microsoft Corporation, "What is Windows PE?", [http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/cc766093\(WS.10\).aspx](http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/cc766093(WS.10).aspx)

[SIS] Microsoft Corporation, "Single Instance Storage in Microsoft Windows Storage Server 2003 R2", May 2006, <http://download.microsoft.com/download/8/a/e/8ae7f07d-b888-4b17-84c3-e5a1976f406c/SingleInstanceStorage.doc>

## 1.3 Overview

None.

## 1.4 Relationship to Other Protocols

This is an algorithms document describing wire-visible behavior of a backing object store that is referenced by the following protocol documents:

- The Common Internet File System (CIFS) Protocol Specification [MS-CIFS]
- The Server Message Block (SMB) Protocol Specification [MS-SMB]
- The Server Message Block (SMB) Versions 2 and 3 Protocol Specification [MS-SMB2]

## 1.5 Applicability Statement

None.

## 1.6 Standards Assignments

None.

## 1.7 Versioning and Capability Negotiation

None.

## 1.8 Vendor-Extensible Fields

This algorithm uses NTSTATUS values as defined in [MS-ERREF] section 2.3. Vendors are free to choose their own values for this field, as long as the C bit (0x20000000) is set, indicating it is a customer code.

## 2 Algorithm Details

### 2.1 Object Store Details

#### 2.1.1 Abstract Data Model

This section describes a conceptual model of possible data organization that an implementation maintains to participate in this algorithm. The described organization is provided to facilitate the explanation of how the algorithm behaves. This document does not mandate that implementations adhere to this model as long as their external behavior is consistent with that described in this document.

The following abstract object types are defined in this document:

**Volume**

**TunnelCacheEntry**

**File**

**Link**

**Stream**

**Open**

**ByteRangeLock**

**ChangeNotifyEntry**

**NotifyEventEntry**

**Oplock**

**RHOpContext**

**CancelableOperations**

**SecurityContext**

The following shorthand forms are also used:

**DataFile:** A **File** object with a FileType of DataFile.

**DirectoryFile:** A **File** object with a FileType of DirectoryFile.

**ViewIndexFile:** A **File** object with a FileType of ViewIndexFile.

**DataStream:** A **Stream** object with a StreamType of DataStream.

**DirectoryStream:** A **Stream** object with a StreamType of DirectoryStream.

**ViewIndexStream:** A **Stream** object with a StreamType of ViewIndexStream.

Plural forms of all these object types are also used.

##### 2.1.1.1 Per Volume

The object store MUST implement the following persistent attributes:

- **RootDirectory:** The **DirectoryFile** for the root of this **volume**.
- **IsPhysicalRoot:** A Boolean that is TRUE if **RootDirectory** represents the root of the physical media format.
- **TotalSpace:** A 64-bit unsigned integer specifying the total size of the volume in bytes. This value MUST be a multiple of **ClusterSize**.
- **FreeSpace:** A 64-bit unsigned integer specifying the available space of the volume in bytes. This value MUST be a multiple of **ClusterSize**.
- **IsReadOnly:** A Boolean that is TRUE if the volume is read-only and MUST NOT be modified; otherwise, the volume is both readable and writable.
- **IsQuotasSupported:** A Boolean that is TRUE if the physical media format for this volume supports Quotas.
- **IsObjectIDsSupported:** A Boolean that is TRUE if the physical media format for this volume supports ObjectIDs.
- **IsReparsePointsSupported:** A Boolean that is TRUE if the physical media format for this volume supports ReparsePoints.
- **VolumeLabel:** A 16-character **Unicode** string containing the name of the volume. An empty value is supported.
- **LogicalBytesPerSector:** A 32-bit unsigned integer specifying the size of a sector for this volume in bytes. **LogicalBytesPerSector** MUST be a power of two and MUST be greater than or equal to 512 and less than or equal to **Volume.SystemPageSize**.
- **ClusterSize:** A 32-bit unsigned integer specifying the size of a **cluster** for this volume in bytes. **ClusterSize** MUST be a power of two, and MUST be greater than or equal to **LogicalBytesPerSector** and a power-of-two multiple of **LogicalBytesPerSector**. <1>
- **PhysicalBytesPerSector:** A 32-bit unsigned integer specifying the size of a physical sector for this volume in bytes. **PhysicalBytesPerSector** MUST be a power of two, MUST be greater than or equal to 512 and less than or equal to **Volume.SystemPageSize**, and MUST be greater than or equal to **Volume.LogicalBytesPerSector**.
- **PartitionOffset:** A 64-bit unsigned integer specifying the byte offset used to align the partition to a physical sector boundary.
- **SystemPageSize:** A 32-bit unsigned integer specifying the size, in bytes, of a page of memory in the system. This value is architecture dependent. <2>
- **VolumeCreationTime:** The time the volume was formatted in the FILETIME format specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.1.
- **VolumeSerialNumber:** A 32-bit unsigned integer that contains a number, randomly generated at format time, to uniquely identify the volume.
- **VolumeCharacteristics:** A bit field identifying various characteristics about the current volume as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.5.10.
- **CompressionUnitSize:** A 32-bit unsigned integer specifying the **compression unit** size in bytes, which is the granularity used when compressing, encrypting, or sparsifying portions of a stream independent of other portions of the same stream. Not all file systems support these features, and implementation of this field is optional. If one or more of these features are supported, the value of this field is implementation-defined but MUST be a power of two multiple of **ClusterSize**. <3>

- **CompressedChunkSize:** A 32-bit unsigned integer specifying the maximum size of each chunk in a compressed stream. Not all file systems support compression, and implementation of this field is optional. If compression is supported, the value of this field is implementation-defined but MUST be a power of two and MUST be less than or equal to **CompressionUnitSize**. <4>
- **ChecksumChunkSize:** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the size of each chunk in a stream that is configured with integrity. Not all file systems support integrity, and implementation of this field is optional. <5>
- **TunnelCacheList:** A list of zero or more **TunnelCacheEntries** providing metadata about recently deleted or renamed files. The list could be empty if the object store does not implement tunnel caching or if there are no recently deleted or renamed files on this volume.
- **ChangeNotifyList:** A list of zero or more **ChangeNotifyEntries** describing outstanding change notify requests for the volume.
- **GenerateShortNames:** A Boolean that is TRUE if short name creation support is enabled on this Volume. FALSE if short name creation is not supported on this Volume.
- **QuotaInformation:** A list of FILE\_QUOTA\_INFORMATION elements (per [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.33) that track the total **Stream.AllocationSize** per SID where the **File.SecurityDescriptor.Owner** field is equal to the SID. <6>
- **DefaultQuotaThreshold:** A 64-bit signed integer that contains the default per-user disk quota warning threshold in bytes. Not all file systems support this field, and implementation of this field is optional.
- **DefaultQuotaLimit:** A 64-bit signed integer that contains the default per-user disk quota limit in bytes. Not all file systems support this field, and implementation of this field is optional.
- **VolumeQuotaState:** A bitmask of flags defining the current quota state on the volume as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.5.2 under FileSystemControlFlags. Not all file systems support this field, and implementation of this field is optional.
- **VolumeId:** A **GUID** as specified in [RFC4122]. This value MAY be NULL.
- **ExtendedInfo:** A 48-byte structure containing extended VolumeId information, as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.5.6. <7>
- **IsUsnJournalActive:** A Boolean that is TRUE if a USN change journal is active on the volume. <8>
- **LastUsn:** A 64-bit unsigned integer indicating the positive USN number of the last record written to the USN change journal on the volume, or 0 if no USN records have been written. If **IsUsnJournalActive** is FALSE, **LastUsn** MUST be 0.
- **IsOffloadReadSupported:** A Boolean that is TRUE if the volume supports the FSCTL\_OFFLOAD\_READ operation. This bit is reset to TRUE at mount time, and is set to FALSE if an Offload Read operation fails for an implementation- or vendor-specific reason.
- **IsOffloadWriteSupported:** A Boolean that is TRUE if the volume supports the FSCTL\_OFFLOAD\_WRITE operation. This bit is reset to TRUE at mount time, and is set to FALSE if an Offload Write operation fails for an implementation- or vendor-specific reason.
- **MaxFileSize:** A 64-bit unsigned integer that denotes the maximum file size, in bytes, supported by the object store. <9>

The following fields are specific to UDF object stores:

- **DirectoryCount:** A 64-bit signed integer that indicates the count of directories on the volume, or -1 if not maintained by the object store.

- **FileCount:** A 64-bit signed integer that indicates the count of files on the volume, or -1 if not maintained by the object store.
- **FsFormatMajVersion:** A 16-bit unsigned integer indicating the major version of the file system format.
- **FsFormatMinVersion:** A 16-bit unsigned integer indicating the minor version of the file system format.
- **FormatTime:** The time the volume was formatted in the FILETIME format specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.1.
- **LastUpdateTime:** The time the volume was last updated in the FILETIME format specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.1.
- **CopyrightInfo:** A 68-byte buffer containing any copyright info associated with the volume.
- **AbstractInfo:** A 68-byte buffer containing any abstract info associated with the volume.
- **FormattingImplementationInfo:** A 68-byte buffer containing implementation-specific information; this field MAY contain the operating system version that the media was formatted by.
- **LastModifyingImplementationInfo:** A 68-byte buffer containing information written by the last implementation that modified the disk. This field is implementation-specific and MAY contain the operating system version that the media was last modified by.
- **SparingUnitBytes:** A 32-bit unsigned integer indicating the size in bytes of a sparing unit.
- **SoftwareSparing:** A Boolean that is TRUE if the ~~volume's~~ bad block sparing mechanism is implemented in software, FALSE if bad block sparing is implemented by the underlying hardware this volume is on.
- **TotalSpareBlocks:** A 32-bit unsigned integer indicating the total number of spare blocks.
- **FreeSpareBlocks:** A 32-bit unsigned integer indicating the available number of spare blocks.

The following fields are specific to the ReFS object store:

- **ClusterRefcount:** An array of 16-bit unsigned integers. The array is indexed by the LCN (Logical Cluster Number) of a cluster. The array has one entry for each cluster on the volume. The value of each entry is the number of EXTENTS entries that point to the cluster in all the **Stream.ExtentLists** on the volume. The number of elements in the array is  $\text{TotalSpace}/\text{ClusterSize}$ . If a given cluster's **ClusterRefcount** entry is zero, it is considered free and is available for reallocation.

Volatile Fields:

- **OpenFileList:** A list of all the **File** objects opened on **Volume**.

### 2.1.1.2 Per TunnelCacheEntry

Implementation of tunnel caching is optional. <10> If case-sensitive file name matching is enabled (for example, for POSIX compliance), the object store SHOULD NOT implement tunnel caching. If the object store implements tunnel caching, it MUST implement the following attributes in each **TunnelCacheEntry**:

- **EntryTime:** The time at which this **TunnelCacheEntry** was created. The object store SHOULD use this attribute to automatically purge this entry from the tunnel cache once the entry is 15 seconds old.
- **ParentFile:** The parent **DirectoryFile** that this **TunnelCacheEntry** refers to.

- **FileName:** A Unicode string specifying the long name of the file. This string MUST be greater than 0 characters and less than 256 characters in length. Valid characters for a file name are specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.5.
- **FileShortName:** A Unicode string specifying the short name of the file. If **KeyByShortName** is FALSE, this string could be empty. If the string is not empty, it MUST be 8.3-compliant as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.5.2.1.
- **KeyByShortName:** A Boolean that is TRUE when **FileShortName** is used as the key for this entry. FALSE when **FileName** is used as the key for this entry.
- **FileCreationTime:** The time that identifies when the file was created in the FILETIME format specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.1.
- **ObjectIdInfo:** A FILE\_OBJECTID\_INFORMATION structure (as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.28.1) that specifies the object ID information of the file at the time this **TunnelCacheEntry** was created.

### 2.1.1.3 Per File

The object store MUST implement the following persistent attributes:

- **FileType:** The type of file. This value MUST be DataFile, DirectoryFile, or ViewIndexFile.<11>
- **FileId128:** A 128-bit signed integer that identifies the file. This value MUST be persistent and MUST be unique on a given volume.
- **FileId64:** A 64-bit signed integer that identifies the file. If the field has a value of -1, the meaning of the field is undefined; otherwise this value MUST be persistent and MUST be unique on a given volume.
- **FileNumber:** A 64-bit unsigned integer. Not all file systems support this field, and implementation of this field is optional. If implemented, this value MUST be persistent and MUST be unique on a given volume.
- **LinkList:** A list of one or more **Links** to the file. A DirectoryFile MUST have exactly one element in **LinkList**. **LinkList** MUST have at most one element with a non-empty **ShortName**.<12>
- **SecurityDescriptor:** The security descriptor for this file, in the format specified in [MS-DTYP] section 2.4.6.
- **FileAttributes:** Attributes of the file in the form specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.6.
- **CreationTime:** The time that identifies when the file was created in the FILETIME format specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.1.<13>
- **LastModificationTime:** The time that identifies when the file contents were last modified in the FILETIME format specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.1.<14>
- **LastChangeTime:** The time that identifies when the file metadata or contents were last changed in the FILETIME format specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.1.<15>
- **LastAccessTime:** The time that identifies when the file was last accessed in the FILETIME format specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.1. Updating this value when accesses occur is optional.<16><17>
- **ExtendedAttributes:** A list of FILE\_FULL\_EA\_INFORMATION structures as defined by [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.15.<18>

- **ExtendedAttributesLength:** A 32-bit unsigned integer that contains the combined length of all the **ExtendedAttributes**. <19>
- **ObjectId:** A GUID as specified in [RFC4122]. This value can be NULL. If set to non-NULL, this value MUST be unique on a given volume. <20>
- **BirthVolumeId:** A GUID that uniquely identifies the volume on which the object resided when the object identifier was created, or zero if the volume had no object identifier at that time. After copy operations, move operations, or other file operations, this value is potentially different from the **VolumeId** of the volume on which the object currently resides.
- **BirthObjectId:** A GUID value containing the object identifier of the object at the time it was created. After copy operations, move operations, or other file operations, this value is potentially different from the **ObjectId** member at present. <21>
- **DomainId:** A GUID value that MUST be zero if created by the object store, but MUST be maintained if explicitly set by a client.
- **StreamList:** A list of zero or more **Streams** as defined in section 2.1.1.4. A **DataFile** MUST have one and only one unnamed **DataStream**; any additional streams MUST be named **DataStreams**. <22> A **DirectoryFile** MUST have one and only one unnamed **DirectoryStream**; any additional streams MUST be named **DataStreams**. For any two distinct elements *Stream1* and *Stream2* in **StreamList**, if *Stream1.StreamType* equals *Stream2.StreamType* then *Stream1.Name* MUST NOT match *Stream2.Name*.
- **ReparseTag:** A 32-bit unsigned integer containing the type of the **reparse point**, as defined in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.2.1. If this member is empty, there is no reparse point associated with this file.
- **ReparseGUID:** A GUID indicating the type of the reparse point. This field MUST contain a valid GUID if **ReparseTag** contains a non-Microsoft tag as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.2.1. Otherwise it MUST be empty.
- **ReparseData:** An array of bytes containing data associated with a reparse point, which is defined by the type of the reparse point, as described in [MS-FSCC] sections 2.1.2.1 through 2.1.3.2. If **ReparseTag** is empty, this member MUST be empty. If **ReparseTag** is not empty, this member could be empty, in which case there is no reparse data associated with this reparse point.
- **DirectoryList:** For a **DataFile**, this list MUST be empty. For a **DirectoryFile**, this is a list of **Links** contained in the directory. For any two distinct elements *Link1* and *Link2* in **DirectoryList**, *Link1.Name* MUST NOT match *Link2.Name* or *Link2.ShortName*. <23>
- **Volume:** The **Volume** on which the file resides.
- **Usn:** A 64-bit unsigned integer indicating the positive USN number of the last USN record written for this file, or 0 if no USN records have been written for this file.
- **IsSymbolicLink:** A Boolean that is TRUE if the file is a **mount point** or a **symbolic link** to another file or directory.
- **UserCertificateList:** A list of **ENCRYPTION\_CERTIFICATE** structures as specified in [MS-EFSR] section 2.2.8, used to determine which users can access the contents of any encrypted streams in the file. <24>

Volatile Fields:

- **OpenList:** A list of all **Opens** to this **File**.
- **PendingNotifications:** A 32-bit unsigned integer composed of flags indicating types of changes to file attributes for which directory change notifications are pending, as specified in [MS-SMB2] section 2.2.35, **CompletionFilter** field.

#### 2.1.1.4 Per Link

The object store MUST implement the following persistent attributes: <25>

- **Name:** A Unicode string specifying the name of the link. This string MUST be greater than 0 characters and less than 256 characters in length. Valid form for a link name is the same as the pathname specification in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.5.
- **ShortName:** A Unicode string specifying the short name of the link.<26> This value could be empty. If this value is not empty, it MUST be 8.3-compliant as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.5.2.1.
- **File:** The **File** that this link refers to.
- **ParentFile:** The parent **DirectoryFile** that this link resides in.
- **IsDeleted:** A Boolean that is TRUE if there is a pending delete operation on the link. New opens to the associated Stream MUST NOT be allowed.

Volatile Fields:

- **PendingNotifications:** A 32-bit unsigned integer composed of flags indicating types of changes to link attributes for which directory change notifications are pending, as specified in [MS-SMB2] section 2.2.35, **CompletionFilter** field.

#### 2.1.1.5 Per Stream

The object store MUST implement the following persistent attributes:

- **StreamType:** The type of stream. This value MUST be **DataStream**, **DirectoryStream**, or **ViewIndexStream**. <27>
- **Name:** A Unicode string of less than 256 characters specifying the name of the stream. Valid characters for a stream name are specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.5. If **StreamType** is **DataStream**, **Name** could be empty; this case indicates the **default data stream**. If **StreamType** is **DirectoryStream**, **Name** MUST be empty.
- **Size:** A 64-bit unsigned integer containing the size of the stream, in bytes.
- **AllocationSize:** A 64-bit unsigned integer containing the size, in bytes, of space reserved on the disk. This value MUST be a multiple of **File.Volume.ClusterSize**.
- **ValidDataLength:** A 64-bit unsigned integer containing the size, in bytes, of valid data in the stream. Not all file systems support this field, and implementation of this field is optional. If implemented, all data beyond this value MUST be returned as zero. For a **DataStream**, this value MUST be less than or equal to **Size**. For a **DirectoryStream**, this value MUST be equal to **Size**.
- **File:** The **File** in which the stream resides.
- **IsCompressed:** A Boolean that is TRUE if the contents of the stream are compressed.<28>
- **ChecksumAlgorithm:** A 16-bit unsigned integer that contains the integrity state of the stream as defined by [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.52.<29>
- **IsChecksumEnforcementOff:** A Boolean that is TRUE if the stream is a **DataStream** and **CHECKSUM\_ENFORCEMENT\_OFF** is specified.<30>
- **IsSparse:** A Boolean that is TRUE if the object store is storing a sparse representation of the stream.<31>



- **IsTemporary:** A Boolean that is TRUE if the object store optimizes its management of the stream because it is pending deletion.
- **IsEncrypted:** A Boolean that is TRUE if the contents of the stream are encrypted. <32>
- **ExtentList:** A list containing zero or more EXTENTS elements as defined by [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.24.1, ordered by **NextVcn**.

Volatile Fields:

- **Oplock:** An **Oplock** describing the opportunistic lock state of the stream. If **Oplock** is empty, there is no opportunistic lock on the stream.
- **ByteRangeLockList:** A list of zero or more **ByteRangeLocks** describing the bytes ranges of this stream that are currently locked.
- **IsDeleted:** A Boolean that is TRUE if there is a pending delete operation on the **Stream**. New opens to **Stream** MUST NOT be allowed.
- **IsDefectManagementDisabled:** A Boolean that is TRUE if **software defect management** is disabled on this stream. Not all file systems support this field; implementation of this field is optional.
- **PendingNotifications:** A 32-bit unsigned integer composed of flags indicating types of changes to stream attributes for which directory change notifications are pending, as specified in [MS-SMB2] section 2.2.35, **CompletionFilter** field.
- **ZeroOnDeallocate:** A Boolean that is TRUE when the object store MUST write zeroes to any range of the stream that is to be deallocated, prior to performing the deallocation. This helps to protect data in the stream from discovery by examining free space on the storage media. Not all file systems support this field, and implementation of this field is optional.

### 2.1.1.6 Per Open

The object store MUST implement the following:

- **RootOpen:** The **Open** that represents the root of the share.
- **FileName:** The absolute pathname of the opened file in the format specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.5.
- **File:** The **File** that is opened.
- **Link:** The **Link** through which **File** is opened. **Link** MUST be an element of **File.LinkList**.
- **Stream:** The **Stream** that is opened. **Stream** MUST be an element of **File.StreamList**.
- **GrantedAccess:** The access granted for this open as specified in [MS-SMB2] section 2.2.13.1.
- **RemainingDesiredAccess:** The access requested for this Open but not yet granted, as specified in [MS-SMB2] section 2.2.13.1.
- **SharingMode:** The sharing mode for this Open as specified in [MS-SMB2] section 2.2.13.
- **Mode:** The mode flags for this Open as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.24.
- **IsCaseInsensitive:** A Boolean that is TRUE if this Open is treated as case-insensitive.
- **HasBackupAccess:** A Boolean that is TRUE if the Open was performed by a user who is allowed to perform **backup** operations.

- **HasRestoreAccess:** A Boolean that is TRUE if the Open was performed by a user who is allowed to perform **restore** operations.
- **HasCreateSymbolicLinkAccess:** A Boolean that is TRUE if the Open was performed by a user who is allowed to create symbolic links.
- **HasManageVolumeAccess:** A Boolean that is TRUE if the Open was performed by a user who is allowed to manage the volume.
- **IsAdministrator:** A Boolean that is TRUE if the Open was performed by a user who is a member of the BUILTIN\Administrators group as specified in [MS-DTYP] section 2.4.2.4.
- **QueryPattern:** The Unicode string containing the query pattern used to filter directory query.
- **QueryLastEntry:** The last **Link** that was returned in a directory query.
- **LastQuotaId:** The index of the last SID returned during quota enumeration on this Open, or -1 if there has not been a quota enumeration on this Open.
- **CurrentByteOffset:** The byte offset immediately following the most recent successful synchronous read or write operation of one or more bytes, or 0 if there have not been any.
- **FindBySidRestartIndex:** A 64-bit unsigned integer specifying the starting index for a FSCTL\_FILE\_FILES\_BY\_SID operation.
- **UserSetModificationTime:** A Boolean that is TRUE if a user has explicitly set **File.LastModificationTime** through this Open.
- **UserSetChangeTime:** A Boolean that is TRUE if a user has explicitly set **File.LastChangeTime** through this Open.
- **UserSetAccessTime:** A Boolean that is TRUE if a user has explicitly set **File.LastAccessTime** through this Open.
- **NextEaEntry:** Contains a reference to the next FILE\_FULL\_EA\_INFORMATION entry in **File.ExtendedAttributes** to be returned the next time FileFullEaInformation is called using this Open as defined in section 2.1.5.11.12.<33>
- **TargetOplockKey:** A GUID value that can be used to identify the owner of the **Open** for the purpose of determining whether to break an oplock in response to a request delivered on a particular **Open**. Requests on an **Open** whose **Open.TargetOplockKey** value matches the **Open.TargetOplockKey** value associated with an oplock that exists on the **Stream** do not affect the oplock state (that is, do not cause the oplock to break). For a given **Open**, the **TargetOplockKey** value could be empty. An empty value MUST NOT be considered equal to anything other than itself. In other words, given two **Open** values, *Open1* and *Open2*, such that *Open1.TargetOplockKey* and/or *Open2.TargetOplockKey* are empty, *Open1.TargetOplockKey* MUST NOT be considered equal to *Open2.TargetOplockKey*.
- **ParentOplockKey:** A GUID value that can be used to identify the owner of an oplock on the parent directory of the **File** associated with the current **Open** for the purpose of determining whether to break an oplock on the parent in response to a request delivered on a particular **Open** to a child of that parent. Requests on an **Open** whose **Open.ParentOplockKey** value matches the **Open.TargetOplockKey** value associated with an oplock that exists on the parent directory **Stream** do not affect the parent's oplock state (that is, do not cause the oplock to break). For a given **Open**, the **TargetOplockKey** value could be empty. An empty value MUST NOT be considered equal to anything other than itself. In other words, given two **Open** values, *ParentOpen* on a directory and *ChildOpen* on a child (either file or directory), such that *ParentOpen.TargetOplockKey* and/or *ChildOpen.ParentOplockKey* are empty, *ParentOpen.TargetOplockKey* MUST NOT be considered equal to *ChildOpen.ParentOplockKey*.

### 2.1.1.7 Per ByteRangeLock

- **LockOffset:** A 64-bit unsigned integer specifying the offset, in bytes, from the beginning of a stream where the locked range begins.
- **LockLength:** A 64-bit unsigned integer specifying the length, in bytes, of the locked range.
- **IsExclusive:** A Boolean that is TRUE if this is an exclusive byte range lock, else FALSE if this is a shared byte range lock.
- **OwnerOpen:** The **Open** that owns this **ByteRangeLock**.
- **LockKey:** A 32-bit unsigned integer containing an identifier for the lock.

### 2.1.1.8 Per ChangeNotifyEntry

- **OpenedDirectory:** The **Open** of the **DirectoryFile** or **ViewIndexFile** to monitor for changes.
- **WatchTree:** A Boolean value, set to TRUE if changes to subdirectories MUST be notified, FALSE if not.
- **CompletionFilter:** A 32-bit unsigned integer composed of flags indicating the types of changes to monitor as specified in [MS-SMB2] section 2.2.35.
- **NotifyEventList:** A list of **NotifyEventEntries**, representing change events that were not yet reported to the user.

### 2.1.1.9 Per NotifyEventEntry

- **Action:** A 32-bit unsigned integer composed of flags indicating the type of change events that occurred, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.42.
- **FileName:** For **DirectoryFile** notifications, a non-null-terminated Unicode string containing the relative path and name of the file that changed. For **ViewIndexFile** notifications, a binary data structure containing information specific to the **ViewIndexFile** being monitored.
- **FileNameLength:** The length, in bytes, of **FileName**.

### 2.1.1.10 Per Oplock

- **ExclusiveOpen:** The **Open** used to request the opportunistic lock.
- **IIOplocks:** A list of zero or more **Opens** used to request a LEVEL\_TWO opportunistic lock, as specified in section 2.1.5.17.1.
- **ROplocks:** A list of zero or more **Opens** used to request a LEVEL\_GRANULAR(**RequestedOplockLevel:** READ\_CACHING) opportunistic lock, as specified in section 2.1.5.17.1.
- **RHOplocks:** A list of zero or more **Opens** used to request a LEVEL\_GRANULAR(**RequestedOplockLevel:** (READ\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING)) opportunistic lock, as specified in section 2.1.5.17.1.
- **RHBreakQueue:** A list of zero or more **RHOpContext** objects. This queue is used to track (READ\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING) oplocks as they are breaking.
- **WaitList:** A list of zero or more **Opens** belonging to operations that are waiting for an oplock to break, as specified in section 2.1.4.12.

- **State:** The current state of the oplock, expressed as a combination of one or more flags. Valid flags are:
  - NO\_OPLOCK - Indicates that this **Oplock** does not represent a currently granted or breaking oplock. This is semantically equivalent to the **Oplock** object being entirely absent from a **Stream**. This flag always appears alone.
  - LEVEL\_ONE\_OPLOCK - Indicates that this **Oplock** represents a Level 1 (also called Exclusive) oplock.
  - BATCH\_OPLOCK - Indicates that this **Oplock** represents a Batch oplock.
  - LEVEL\_TWO\_OPLOCK - Indicates that this **Oplock** represents a Level 2 (also called Shared) oplock.
  - EXCLUSIVE - Indicates that this **Oplock** represents an oplock that can be held by exactly one client at a time. This flag always appears in combination with other flags that indicate the actual oplock level. For example, (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING|EXCLUSIVE) represents a read caching and write caching oplock, which can be held by only one client at a time.
  - BREAK\_TO\_TWO - Indicates that this **Oplock** represents an oplock that is currently breaking from either Level 1 or Batch to Level 2; the oplock has broken but the break has not yet been acknowledged.
  - BREAK\_TO\_NONE - Indicates that this **Oplock** represents an oplock that is currently breaking from either Level 1 or Batch to None (that is, no oplock); the oplock has broken but the break has not yet been acknowledged.
  - BREAK\_TO\_TWO\_TO\_NONE - Indicates that this **Oplock** represents an oplock that is currently breaking from either Level 1 or Batch to None (that is, no oplock), and was previously breaking from Level 1 or Batch to Level 2; the oplock has broken but the break has not yet been acknowledged.
  - READ\_CACHING - Indicates that this **Oplock** represents an oplock that provides caching of reads; this provides the SMB 2.1 read caching lease, as described in [MS-SMB2] section 2.2.13.2.8.
  - HANDLE\_CACHING - Indicates that this **Oplock** represents an oplock that provides caching of handles; this provides the SMB 2.1 handle caching lease, as described in [MS-SMB2] section 2.2.13.2.8.
  - WRITE\_CACHING - Indicates that this **Oplock** represents an oplock that provides caching of writes; this provides the SMB 2.1 write caching lease, as described in [MS-SMB2] section 2.2.13.2.8.
  - MIXED\_R\_AND\_RH - Always appears together with READ\_CACHING and HANDLE\_CACHING. Indicates that this **Oplock** represents an oplock on which at least one client has been granted a read caching oplock, and at least one other client has been granted a read caching and handle caching oplock.
  - BREAK\_TO\_READ\_CACHING - Indicates that this **Oplock** represents an oplock that is currently breaking to an oplock that provides caching of reads; the oplock has broken but the break has not yet been acknowledged.
  - BREAK\_TO\_WRITE\_CACHING - Indicates that this **Oplock** represents an oplock that is currently breaking to an oplock that provides caching of writes; the oplock has broken but the break has not yet been acknowledged.

- **BREAK\_TO\_HANDLE\_CACHING** - Indicates that this **Oplock** represents an oplock that is currently breaking to an oplock that provides caching of handles; the oplock has broken but the break has not yet been acknowledged.
- **BREAK\_TO\_NO\_CACHING** - Indicates that this **Oplock** represents an oplock that is currently breaking to None (that is, no oplock); the oplock has broken but the break has not yet been acknowledged.

#### 2.1.1.11 Per RHOContext

- **Open:** The **Open** used to request this LEVEL\_GRANULAR(**RequestedOplockLevel:** (READ\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING)) opportunistic lock.
- **BreakingToRead:** A Boolean value that is TRUE if this oplock is breaking to READ\_CACHING, FALSE if it is breaking to None (that is, no oplock; the oplock is being broken completely).

#### 2.1.1.12 Per CancelableOperations

- **CancelableOperationList:** A global list of cancelable operations currently being processed by the object store. Items in this list are looked up via their **IORequest** Identifier as defined in section 2.1.5.19. Operations are inserted into this list when a cancelable operation waits.

#### 2.1.1.13 Per SecurityContext

- **SIDs:** An array of SID structures, as specified in [MS-DTYP] section 2.4.2, representing the security identifier of the user performing an operation and the security identifiers of all groups of which the user is a member.
- **OwnerIndex:** An index into **SIDs** indicating the SID of the user.
- **PrimaryGroup:** An index into **SIDs** indicating the SID of the user's primary group.
- **DefaultDACL:** An ACL structure, as specified in [MS-DTYP] section 2.4.5, representing the default DACL assigned to new files created by the user.
- **PrivilegeSet:** A set of privilege names, as specified in [MS-LSAD] section 3.1.1.2.1, representing the privileges held by the user.

### 2.1.2 Timers

The object store has no timers.

### 2.1.3 Initialization

On initialization, one or more **Volume** objects are initialized based on the data stored in the persistent store. This involves instantiating one or more **File** objects contained within the volume.

### 2.1.4 Common Algorithms

This section describes internal algorithms that are common across multiple triggered events.

#### 2.1.4.1 Algorithm for Reporting a Change Notification for a Directory or View Index

The inputs for this algorithm are:

- **Volume:** The volume this event occurs on.

- **Action:** A 32-bit unsigned integer describing the action that caused the change events to be notified, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.42.
- **FilterMatch:** A 32-bit unsigned integer field with flags representing possible change events, corresponding to a **ChangeNotifyEntry.CompletionFilter**. It is specified in [MS-SMB2] section 2.2.35.
- **FileName:** The pathname, relative to **Volume.RootDirectory**, of the file involved in the change event.
- **NotifyData:** A binary data structure containing information specific to the **ViewIndexFile** being monitored. This is an optional parameter, specified only for **ViewIndexFile** notifications.
- **NotifyDataLength:** The length, in bytes, of **NotifyData**. This is an optional parameter, specified only for **ViewIndexFile** notifications.

Pseudocode for the algorithm is as follows:

- For each **ChangeNotifyEntry** in **Volume.ChangeNotifyList**:
  - Initialize *SendNotification* to FALSE.
  - If **NotifyData** is specified: // this is a **ViewIndexFile** notification
    - If **ChangeNotifyEntry.OpenedDirectory.File** matches the **File** whose pathname is **FileName**, then *SendNotification* MUST be set to TRUE.
  - Else: // this is a **DirectoryFile** notification
    - If **ChangeNotifyEntry.OpenedDirectory.File** matches the **File** whose pathname is **FileName** or matches the immediate parent of this **File** and one or more of the flags in **FilterMatch** are present in **ChangeNotifyEntry.CompletionFilter**, then *SendNotification* MUST be set to TRUE.
    - Else If **ChangeNotifyEntry.WatchTree** is TRUE and **ChangeNotifyEntry.OpenedDirectory.File** matches an ancestor of the **File** whose pathname is **FileName** and one or more of the flags in **FilterMatch** are present in **ChangeNotifyEntry.CompletionFilter**, then *SendNotification* MUST be set to TRUE.
  - EndIf
  - If *SendNotification* is TRUE:
    - A **NotifyEventEntry** object MUST be constructed with:
      - **NotifyEventEntry.Action** set to **Action**.
      - If **NotifyData** is specified: // this is a **ViewIndexFile** notification
        - **NotifyEventEntry.FileName** set to **NotifyData**.
        - **NotifyEventEntry.FileNameLength** set to **NotifyDataLength**.
      - Else: // this is **DirectoryFile** notification
        - **NotifyEventEntry.FileName** set to the portion of **FileName** relative to **ChangeNotifyEntry.OpenedDirectory.FileName**.
        - **NotifyEventEntry.FileNameLength** set to the length, in bytes, of **NotifyEventEntry.FileName**.
    - EndIf

- Insert **NotifyEventEntry** into **ChangeNotifyEntry.NotifyEventList**.
- Processing will be performed as described in section 2.1.5.10.1.
- EndIf
- EndFor

#### 2.1.4.2 Algorithm for Detecting If Open Files Exist Under a Directory

The inputs for this algorithm are:

- **RootDirectory:** The DirectoryFile indicating the top-level directory under which to search for open files.
- **Open:** The **Open** for the request that is calling this algorithm.
- **Operation:** A code describing the operation being processed, per section 2.1.4.12.
- **OpParams:** Parameters associated with **Operation**, passed in from the calling request, per section 2.1.4.12.

The output is a Boolean. If the return value is TRUE, then no open files exist under the directory; if FALSE, then at least one open exists even after attempting to break oplocks.

Pseudocode for the algorithm is as follows:

- For each *Link* in **RootDirectory.DirectoryList**:
  - // Check for oplock breaks in this directory.
  - If Link.**File.OpenList** contains an *Open* with *Open.Link* equal to *Link*:
    - For each *Stream* in Link.**File.StreamList**:
      - If *Stream.Oplock* is not empty and *Stream.Oplock.State* contains either BATCH\_OPLOCK or HANDLE\_CACHING, the object store MUST check for an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12, with input values as follows:
        - **Open** equal to this algorithm's **Open**.
        - **Oplock** equal to *Stream.Oplock*.
        - **Operation** equal to this algorithm's **Operation**.
        - **OpParams** equal to this algorithm's **OpParams**.
    - EndIf
  - EndFor
- EndIf
- // See if all oplock holders have gotten out of the way.
- If Link.**File.OpenList** contains an *Open* with *Open.Link* equal to *Link*:
  - Return FALSE // An open still exists; deny the operation.
- EndIf
- // Recurse into any subdirectories.

- If *Link.File.FileType* is *DirectoryFile*, determine whether *Link.File* contains open files per section 2.1.4.2, with input values as follows:
  - **RootDirectory** equal to *Link.File*.
  - **Open** equal to this algorithms's **Open**.
  - **Operation** equal to this algorithms's **Operation**.
  - **OpParams** equal to this algorithms's **OpParams**.
- EndIf
- If *Link.File* contains open files as determined above:
  - Return FALSE. // An open exists deeper in the directory hierarchy.
- EndIf
- EndFor
- Return TRUE // No opens remaining.

### 2.1.4.3 Algorithm for Determining If a Character Is a Wildcard

The following set of characters MUST be treated as wildcards by the object store:

" \* < > ?

### 2.1.4.4 Algorithm for Determining if a FileName Is in an Expression

The inputs for this algorithm are:

- **FileName:** A Unicode string containing the file name string that is being matched. **Filename** cannot contain any wildcard characters.
- **Expression:** A Unicode string containing the regular expression that's being matched with **FileName**.
- **IgnoreCase:** A Boolean value indicating whether the match is case insensitive (TRUE) or case sensitive (FALSE).

This algorithm returns TRUE if **FileName** matches **Expression**, and FALSE if it does not.

Pseudocode for the algorithm is as follows:

- Part 1 -- Handle Special Case Optimizations
- If **FileName** is empty and **Expression** is not, the routine returns FALSE.
- If **Expression** is empty and **FileName** is not, the routine returns FALSE.
- If both **Expression** and **FileName** are empty, the routine returns TRUE.
- If the **Expression** is the wildcard "\*" or "\*.\*", the **FileName** matches the **Expression** and the routine returns TRUE.
- If the first character in the **Expression** is wildcard "\*" and the rest of the expression does not contain any wildcard characters (as per 2.1.4.3), then the remaining expression is compared against the tail end of the **FileName**. If the comparison succeeds then the routine returns TRUE.



- Part 2 -- Match Expression with FileName
- The **FileName** is string compared with **Expression** using the following wildcard rules:
  - \* (asterisk) Matches zero or more characters.
  - ? (question mark) Matches a single character.
  - DOS\_DOT (" quotation mark) Matches either a period or zero characters beyond the name string.
  - DOS\_QM (> greater than) Matches any single character or, upon encountering a period or end of name string, advances the expression to the end of the set of contiguous DOS\_QMs.
  - DOS\_STAR (< less than) Matches zero or more characters until encountering and matching the final . in the name.

#### 2.1.4.5 BlockAlign -- Macro to Round a Value Up to the Next Nearest Multiple of Another Value

The inputs for this algorithm are:

- **Value:** The value being rounded up.
- **Boundary - Value** is to be rounded up to a multiple of this value. **Boundary** MUST be a power of 2.

This algorithm returns the bitwise AND of (**Value** + (**Boundary** - 1)) with the 2's complement of **Boundary**.

Pseudocode for the algorithm is as follows:

- $\text{BlockAlign}(\text{Value}, \text{Boundary}) = (\text{Value} + (\text{Boundary} - 1)) \& \text{-(Boundary)}$

#### 2.1.4.6 BlockAlignTruncate -- Macro to Round a Value Down to the Next Nearest Multiple of Another Value

The inputs for this algorithm are:

- **Value:** The value being rounded down.
- **Boundary - Value** is to be rounded down to a multiple of this value. **Boundary** MUST be a power of 2.

This algorithm returns the bitwise AND of **Value** with the 2's complement of **Boundary**.

Pseudocode for the algorithm is as follows:

- $\text{BlockAlignTruncate}(\text{Value}, \text{Boundary}) = \text{Value} \& \text{-(Boundary)}$

#### 2.1.4.7 ClustersFromBytes -- Macro to Determine How Many Clusters a Given Number of Bytes Occupies

The inputs for this algorithm are:

- **ThisVolume:** A **Volume**.
- **Bytes:** The number of bytes.

Pseudocode for the algorithm is as follows:

- $\text{ClustersFromBytes}(\text{ThisVolume}, \text{Bytes}) = (\text{Bytes} + (\text{ThisVolume.ClusterSize} - 1)) / \text{ThisVolume.ClusterSize}$ .
- The value returned is the total number of clusters required to hold the specified number of bytes that start at a cluster boundary, including any remainder that does not fill a whole cluster.

#### 2.1.4.8 ClustersFromBytesTruncate -- Macro to Determine How Many Whole Clusters a Given Number of Bytes Occupies

The inputs for this algorithm are:

- **ThisVolume:** A Volume.
- **Bytes:** The number of bytes.

Pseudocode for the algorithm is as follows:

- $\text{ClustersFromBytesTruncate}(\text{ThisVolume}, \text{Bytes}) = \text{Bytes} / \text{ThisVolume.ClusterSize}$ .
- The value returned is the number of clusters that would be fully occupied by the specified number of bytes that start at a cluster boundary. Any remainder that does not fill a whole cluster is discarded.

#### 2.1.4.9 SidLength -- Macro to Provide the Length of a SID

The inputs for this algorithm are:

- **SID:** A SID, as described in [MS-DTYP] section 2.4.2.

This algorithm returns the size, in bytes, of **SID**. This is equal to the number of bytes occupied by the **Revision**, **SubAuthorityCount**, and **IdentifierAuthorityCount** fields of a SID. Added to this is the size of a **SubAuthority** field of a SID times **SID.SubAuthorityCount**.

Pseudocode for the algorithm is as follows:

- $\text{SidLength}(\text{SID}) = (8 + (4 * \text{SID.SubAuthorityCount}))$

#### 2.1.4.10 Algorithm for Determining If a Range Access Conflicts with Byte-Range Locks

The inputs for this algorithm are:

- **ByteOffset:** A 64-bit unsigned integer specifying the offset of the first byte of the range.
- **Length:** A 64-bit unsigned integer specifying the number of bytes in the range.
- **IsExclusive:** TRUE if the access to the range has exclusive intent, FALSE otherwise.
- **LockIntent:** TRUE if the access to the range has locking intent, FALSE if the intent is performing I/O (reads or writes).
- **Open:** The open to the file on which to check for range conflicts.
- **Key:** A 32-bit unsigned integer containing an identifier for the open by a specific process.

This algorithm outputs a Boolean value:

- TRUE if the range conflicts with byte-range locks.
- FALSE if the range does not conflict.

Pseudocode for the algorithm is as follows:

- If ((**ByteOffset** == 0) and (**Length** == 0)):
  - The {0, 0} range doesn't conflict with any byte-range lock.
  - Return FALSE.
- EndIf
- For each *ByteRangeLock* in **Open.Stream.ByteRangeLockList**:
  - If ((*ByteRangeLock*.**LockOffset** == 0) and (*ByteRangeLock*.**LockLength** == 0)):
    - The byte-range lock is over the {0, 0} range so there is no overlap by definition.
  - Else:
    - Initialize *LastByteOffset1* = **ByteOffset** + **Length** - 1.
    - Initialize *LastByteOffset2* = *ByteRangeLock*.**LockOffset** + *ByteRangeLock*.**LockLength** - 1.
    - If ((**ByteOffset** <= *LastByteOffset2*) and (*LastByteOffset1* >= *ByteRangeLock*.**LockOffset**)):
      - *ByteRangeLock* and the passed range overlap.
      - If (*ByteRangeLock*.**IsExclusive** == TRUE):
        - If (*ByteRangeLock*.**OwnerOpen** != **Open**) or (*ByteRangeLock*.**LockKey** != **Key**):
          - Exclusive byte-range locks block all access to other **Opens**.
          - Return TRUE.
        - Else If ((**IsExclusive** == TRUE) and (**LockIntent** == TRUE)):
          - Overlapping exclusive byte-range locks are not allowed even by the same owner.
          - Return TRUE.
      - EndIf
    - Else If (**IsExclusive** == TRUE):
      - The *ByteRangeLock* is shared, shared byte-range locks will block all access with exclusive intent.
      - Return TRUE.
    - EndIf
  - EndIf
- EndFor
- Return FALSE.

#### 2.1.4.11 Algorithm for Posting a USN Change for a File

The inputs for this algorithm are:

- **File:** The file this change occurs on.
- **Reason:** A 32-bit unsigned integer describing the change that occurred to the file, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.46.
- **FileName:** The pathname, relative to **Volume.RootDirectory**, of the file this change occurs on.

The algorithm MUST return at this point without taking any actions under any of the following conditions:

- If the object store does not support USN change journals.
- If **File.Volume.IsUsnJournalActive** is FALSE.
- If **Reason** is zero.

Pseudocode for the algorithm is as follows:

- Set *FileNameLength* to the length, in bytes, of **FileName**.
- Set *RecordLength* to an implementation-specific<34> value representing the number of bytes needed to persist the USN change to the store.
- Set **File.Volume.LastUsn** to **File.Volume.LastUsn** + *RecordLength*.
- Set **File.Usn** to **File.Volume.LastUsn**.

#### 2.1.4.12 Algorithm to Check for an Oplock Break

The inputs for this algorithm are:

- **Open:** The **Open** being used in the request calling this algorithm.
- **Oplock:** The **Oplock** being checked.
- **Operation:** A code describing the operation being processed.
- **OpParams:** Parameters associated with the **Operation** code that are passed in from the calling request. For example, if **Operation** is OPEN, as specified in section 2.1.5.1, then **OpParams** will have the members **DesiredAccess** and **CreateDisposition**. Each of these is a parameter to the open request as specified in section 2.1.5.1. This parameter could be empty, depending on the **Operation** code.
- **Flags:** An optional parameter. If unspecified it is considered to contain 0. Valid nonzero values are:
  - PARENT\_OBJECT

The algorithm uses the following local variables:

- Boolean values (initialized to FALSE): *BreakToTwo*, *BreakToNone*, *NeedToWait*
- *BreakCacheLevel* – MAY contain 0 or a combination of one or more of READ\_CACHING, WRITE\_CACHING, or HANDLE\_CACHING, as specified in section 2.1.1.10. Initialized to 0.
  - Note that there are only four legal nonzero combinations of flags for *BreakCacheLevel*:
    - (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING)

- (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING)
- WRITE\_CACHING
- HANDLE\_CACHING

Pseudocode for the algorithm is as follows:

If **Oplock** is not empty and **Oplock.State** is not NO\_OPLOCK:

- If **Flags** contains PARENT\_OBJECT:
  - If **Operation** is OPEN, as specified in section 2.1.5.1, or  
**Operation** is FLUSH\_DATA, as specified in section 2.1.5.6, or  
**Operation** is CLOSE, as specified in section 2.1.5.4, or  
**Operation** is FS\_CONTROL, as specified in section 2.1.5.9, and **OpParams.ControlCode** is FSCTL\_SET\_ENCRYPTION, or  
**Operation** is SET\_INFORMATION, as specified in section 2.1.5.14, and  
**OpParams.FileInformationClass** is one of FileBasicInformation or FileAllocationInformation or FileEndOfFileInformation or FileRenameInformation or FileLinkInformation or FileShortNameInformation or FileValidDataLengthInformation:
    - Set *BreakCacheLevel* to (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING).
  - EndIf
- Else:
  - Switch (**Operation**):
    - Case OPEN, as specified in section 2.1.5.1:
      - If **OpParams.DesiredAccess** contains no flags other than FILE\_READ\_ATTRIBUTES, FILE\_WRITE\_ATTRIBUTES, or SYNCHRONIZE, the algorithm returns at this point.
      - EndIf
      - If **OpParams.CreateDisposition** is FILE\_SUPERSEDE, FILE\_OVERWRITE, or FILE\_OVERWRITE\_IF:
        - Set *BreakToNone* to TRUE, set *BreakCacheLevel* to (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING).
      - Else
        - Set *BreakToTwo* to TRUE, set *BreakCacheLevel* to WRITE\_CACHING.
      - EndIf
    - EndCase
    - Case OPEN\_BREAK\_H, as specified in section 2.1.5.1:
      - Set *BreakCacheLevel* to HANDLE\_CACHING.
    - EndCase
    - Case CLOSE, as specified in section 2.1.5.4:

- If **Oplock.IIOplocks** is not empty:
  - For each **Open ThisOpen** in **Oplock.IIOplocks**:
    - If *ThisOpen* == **Open**:
      - Remove *ThisOpen* from **Oplock.IIOplocks**.
      - Notify the **server** of an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.3, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
        - **BreakingOplockOpen** equal to *ThisOpen*.
        - **NewOplockLevel** equal to LEVEL\_NONE.
        - **AcknowledgeRequired** equal to FALSE.
        - **OplockCompletionStatus** equal to STATUS\_SUCCESS.
      - (The operation does not end at this point; this call to 2.1.5.17.3 completes some earlier call to 2.1.5.17.2.)
    - EndIf
  - EndFor
  - Recompute **Oplock.State** according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.13, passing **Oplock** as the **ThisOplock** parameter.
- EndIf
- If **Oplock.ROplocks** is not empty:
  - For each **Open ThisOpen** in **Oplock.ROplocks**:
    - If *ThisOpen* == **Open**:
      - Remove *ThisOpen* from **Oplock.ROplocks**.
      - Notify the server of an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.3, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
        - **BreakingOplockOpen** equal to *ThisOpen*.
        - **NewOplockLevel** equal to LEVEL\_NONE.
        - **AcknowledgeRequired** equal to FALSE.
        - **OplockCompletionStatus** equal to STATUS\_OPLOCK\_HANDLE\_CLOSED.
      - (The operation does not end at this point; this call to 2.1.5.17.3 completes some earlier call to 2.1.5.17.2.)
    - EndIf
  - EndFor
  - Recompute **Oplock.State** according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.13, passing **Oplock** as the **ThisOplock** parameter.
- EndIf

- If **Oplock.RHOplocks** is not empty:
  - For each **Open ThisOpen** in **Oplock.RHOplocks**:
    - If *ThisOpen* == **Open**:
      - Remove *ThisOpen* from **Oplock.RHOplocks**.
      - Notify the server of an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.3, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
        - **BreakingOplockOpen** equal to *ThisOpen*.
        - **NewOplockLevel** equal to LEVEL\_NONE.
        - **AcknowledgeRequired** equal to FALSE.
        - **OplockCompletionStatus** equal to STATUS\_OPLOCK\_HANDLE\_CLOSED.
      - (The operation does not end at this point; this call to 2.1.5.17.3 completes some earlier call to 2.1.5.17.2.)
    - EndIf
  - EndFor
  - Recompute **Oplock.State** according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.13, passing **Oplock** as the **ThisOplock** parameter.
- EndIf
- If **Oplock.RHBreakQueue** is not empty:
  - For each **RHOpContext ThisContext** in **Oplock.RHBreakQueue**:
    - If *ThisContext.Open* == **Open**:
      - Remove *ThisContext* from **Oplock.RHBreakQueue**.
    - EndIf
  - EndFor
  - Recompute **Oplock.State** according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.13, passing **Oplock** as the **ThisOplock** parameter.
  - For each **Open WaitingOpen** on **Oplock.WaitList**:
    - If **Oplock.RHBreakQueue** is empty:
      - Indicate that the operation associated with *WaitingOpen* can continue according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12.1, setting **OpenToRelease** equal to *WaitingOpen*.
      - Remove *WaitingOpen* from **Oplock.WaitList**.
    - Else
      - If the value on every **RHOpContext.Open.TargetOplockKey** on **Oplock.RHBreakQueue** is equal to *WaitingOpen.TargetOplockKey*:

- Indicate that the operation associated with *WaitingOpen* can continue according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12.1, setting **OpenToRelease** equal to *WaitingOpen*.
      - Remove *WaitingOpen* from **Oplock.WaitList**.
    - EndIf
  - EndIf
- EndFor
- EndIf
- If **Open** equals **Open.Oplock.ExclusiveOpen**
  - If **Oplock.State** contains none of BREAK\_TO\_TWO, BREAK\_TO\_NONE, BREAK\_TO\_TWO\_TO\_NONE, BREAK\_TO\_READ\_CACHING, BREAK\_TO\_WRITE\_CACHING, BREAK\_TO\_HANDLE\_CACHING, or BREAK\_TO\_NO\_CACHING:
    - Notify the server of an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.3, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
      - **BreakingOplockOpen** equal to **Oplock.ExclusiveOpen**.
      - **NewOplockLevel** equal to LEVEL\_NONE.
      - **AcknowledgeRequired** equal to FALSE.
      - **OplockCompletionStatus** equal to:
        - STATUS\_OPLOCK\_HANDLE\_CLOSED if **Oplock.State** contains any of READ\_CACHING, WRITE\_CACHING, or HANDLE\_CACHING.
        - STATUS\_SUCCESS otherwise.
    - (The operation does not end at this point; this call to 2.1.5.17.3 completes some earlier call to 2.1.5.17.1.)
  - EndIf
  - Set **Oplock.ExclusiveOpen** to NULL.
  - Set **Oplock.State** to NO\_OPLOCK.
  - For each **Open** *WaitingOpen* on **Oplock.WaitList**:
    - Indicate that the operation associated with *WaitingOpen* can continue according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12.1, setting **OpenToRelease** equal to *WaitingOpen*.
    - Remove *WaitingOpen* from **Oplock.WaitList**.
  - EndFor
- EndIf
- EndCase
- Case READ, as specified in section 2.1.5.2:



- Set *BreakToTwo* to TRUE
- Set *BreakCacheLevel* to WRITE\_CACHING.
- EndCase
- Case FLUSH\_DATA, as specified in section 2.1.5.6:
  - Set *BreakToTwo* to TRUE
  - Set *BreakCacheLevel* to WRITE\_CACHING.
- EndCase
- Case LOCK\_CONTROL, as specified in section 2.1.5.7:
- Case WRITE, as specified in section 2.1.5.3:
  - Set *BreakToNone* to TRUE
  - Set *BreakCacheLevel* to (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING).
- EndCase
- Case SET\_INFORMATION, as specified in section 2.1.5.14:
  - Switch (**OpParams.FileInformationClass**):
    - Case FileEndOfFileInformation:
    - Case FileAllocationInformation:
      - Set *BreakToNone* to TRUE
      - Set *BreakCacheLevel* to (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING).
    - EndCase
    - Case FileRenameInformation:
    - Case FileLinkInformation:
    - Case FileShortNameInformation:
      - Set *BreakCacheLevel* to HANDLE\_CACHING.
      - If **Oplock.State** contains BATCH\_OPLOCK, set *BreakToNone* to TRUE.
    - EndCase
    - Case FileDispositionInformation:
      - If **OpParams.DeleteFile** is TRUE,
      - Set *BreakCacheLevel* to HANDLE\_CACHING.
    - EndCase
  - EndSwitch // FileInfoClass
  - Case FS\_CONTROL, as specified in section 2.1.5.9:
    - If **OpParams.ControlCode** is FSCTL\_SET\_ZERO\_DATA:

- Set *BreakToNone* to TRUE.
    - Set *BreakCacheLevel* to (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING).
  - EndIf
- EndCase
- EndSwitch // **Operation**
- EndIf
- If *BreakToTwo* is TRUE:
  - If (**Oplock.State** != LEVEL\_TWO\_OPLOCK) and
    - ((**Oplock.ExclusiveOpen** is empty) or
    - (**Oplock.ExclusiveOpen.TargetOplockKey** != **Open.TargetOplockKey**)):
      - If (**Oplock.State** contains EXCLUSIVE) and
        - (**Oplock.State** contains none of READ\_CACHING, WRITE\_CACHING, or HANDLE\_CACHING):
          - If **Oplock.State** contains none of BREAK\_TO\_TWO, BREAK\_TO\_NONE, BREAK\_TO\_TWO\_TO\_NONE, BREAK\_TO\_READ\_CACHING, BREAK\_TO\_WRITE\_CACHING, BREAK\_TO\_HANDLE\_CACHING, or BREAK\_TO\_NO\_CACHING:
            - // **Oplock.State** MUST contain either LEVEL\_ONE\_OPLOCK or BATCH\_OPLOCK.
            - Set BREAK\_TO\_TWO in **Oplock.State**.
            - Notify the server of an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.3, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
              - **BreakingOplockOpen** equal to **Oplock.ExclusiveOpen**.
              - **NewOplockLevel** equal to LEVEL\_TWO.
              - **AcknowledgeRequired** equal to TRUE.
              - **OplockCompletionStatus** equal to STATUS\_SUCCESS.
            - (The operation does not end at this point; this call to 2.1.5.17.3 completes some earlier call to 2.1.5.17.1.)
    - EndIf
    - The operation that called this algorithm MUST be cancelable by inserting it into **CancelableOperations.CancelableOperationList**.
    - The operation that called this algorithm waits until the oplock break is acknowledged, as specified in section 2.1.5.18, or the operation is canceled.
  - EndIf
- EndIf
- Else If *BreakToNone* is TRUE:
  - If (**Oplock.State** == LEVEL\_TWO\_OPLOCK) or

(**Oplock.ExclusiveOpen** is empty) or

(**Oplock.ExclusiveOpen.TargetOplockKey** != **Open.TargetOplockKey**):

- If (**Oplock.State** != NO\_OPLOCK) and

(**Oplock.State** contains neither WRITE\_CACHING nor HANDLE\_CACHING):

- If **Oplock.State** contains none of LEVEL\_TWO\_OPLOCK, BREAK\_TO\_TWO, BREAK\_TO\_NONE, BREAK\_TO\_TWO\_TO\_NONE, BREAK\_TO\_READ\_CACHING, BREAK\_TO\_WRITE\_CACHING, BREAK\_TO\_HANDLE\_CACHING, or BREAK\_TO\_NO\_CACHING:
  - // There could be a READ\_CACHING-only oplock here. Those are broken later on.
  - If **Oplock.State** contains READ\_CACHING, go to the *LeaveBreakToNone* label.
  - Set BREAK\_TO\_NONE in **Oplock.State**.
  - Notify the server of an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.3, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
    - **BreakingOplockOpen** equal to **Oplock.ExclusiveOpen**.
    - **NewOplockLevel** equal to LEVEL\_NONE.
    - **AcknowledgeRequired** equal to TRUE.
    - **OplockCompletionStatus** equal to STATUS\_SUCCESS.
  - (The operation does not end at this point; this call to 2.1.5.17.3 completes some earlier call to 2.1.5.17.1.)
- Else If **Oplock.State** equals LEVEL\_TWO\_OPLOCK or (LEVEL\_TWO\_OPLOCK|READ\_CACHING):
  - For each **Open ThisOpen** in **Oplock.IIOplocks**:
    - Remove *ThisOpen* from **Oplock.IIOplocks**.
    - Notify the server of an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.3, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
      - **BreakingOplockOpen** equal to *ThisOpen*.
      - **NewOplockLevel** equal to LEVEL\_NONE.
      - **AcknowledgeRequired** equal to FALSE.
      - **OplockCompletionStatus** equal to STATUS\_SUCCESS.
    - (The operation does not end at this point; this call to 2.1.5.17.3 completes some earlier call to 2.1.5.17.2.)
  - EndFor
  - If **Oplock.State** equals (LEVEL\_TWO\_OPLOCK|READ\_CACHING):
    - Set **Oplock.State** equal to READ\_CACHING.
  - Else
    - Set **Oplock.State** equal to NO\_OPLOCK.

- EndIf
- Go to the *LeaveBreakToNone* label.
- Else If **Oplock.State** contains BREAK\_TO\_TWO:
  - Clear BREAK\_TO\_TWO from **Oplock.State**.
  - Set BREAK\_TO\_TWO\_TO\_NONE in **Oplock.State**.
- EndIf
- If **Oplock.ExclusiveOpen** is not empty, and **Oplock.ExclusiveOpen.TargetOplockKey** equals **Open.TargetOplockKey**, go to the *LeaveBreakToNone* label.
- The operation that called this algorithm MUST be made cancelable by inserting it into **CancelableOperations.CancelableOperationList**.
- The operation that called this algorithm waits until the oplock break is acknowledged, as specified in section 2.1.5.18, or the operation is canceled.
- EndIf
- EndIf
- EndIf
- *LeaveBreakToNone* (goto destination label):
- If *BreakCacheLevel* is not 0:
  - If **Oplock.State** contains any flags that are in *BreakCacheLevel*:
    - If **Oplock.ExclusiveOpen** is not empty, call the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12.2, passing **Open** as the **OperationOpen** parameter, **Oplock.ExclusiveOpen** as the **OplockOpen** parameter, and **Flags** as the **Flags** parameter. If the algorithm returns TRUE:
      - The algorithm returns at this point.
    - Switch (**Oplock.State**):
      - Case (READ\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING|MIXED\_R\_AND\_RH):
      - Case READ\_CACHING:
      - Case (LEVEL\_TWO\_OPLOCK|READ\_CACHING):
        - If *BreakCacheLevel* contains READ\_CACHING:
          - For each **Open** *ThisOpen* in **Oplock.ROplocks**:
            - Call the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12.2, passing **Open** as the **OperationOpen** parameter, *ThisOpen* as the **OplockOpen** parameter, and **Flags** as the **Flags** parameter. If the algorithm returns FALSE:
              - Remove *ThisOpen* from **Oplock.ROplocks**.
              - Notify the server of an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.3, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
                - **BreakingOplockOpen** equal to *ThisOpen*.

- **NewOplockLevel** equal to LEVEL\_NONE.
    - **AcknowledgeRequired** equal to FALSE.
    - **OplockCompletionStatus** equal to STATUS\_SUCCESS.
  - (The operation does not end at this point; this call to 2.1.5.17.3 completes some earlier call to 2.1.5.17.2.)
- EndIf
- EndFor
- EndIf
- If **Oplock.State** equals (READ\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING|MIXED\_R\_AND\_RH):
  - // Do nothing; FALL THROUGH to next Case statement.
- Else
  - Recompute **Oplock.State** according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.13, passing **Oplock** as the **ThisOplock** parameter.
  - EndCase
- EndIf
- Case (READ\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING):
  - If *BreakCacheLevel* equals HANDLE\_CACHING:
    - For each **Open ThisOpen** in **Oplock.RHOplocks**:
      - If *ThisOpen.OplockKey* does not equal **Open.OplockKey**:
        - Remove *ThisOpen* from **Oplock.RHOplocks**.
        - Notify the server of an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.3, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
          - **BreakingOplockOpen** equal to *ThisOpen*.
          - **NewOplockLevel** equal to READ\_CACHING.
          - **AcknowledgeRequired** equal to TRUE.
          - **OplockCompletionStatus** equal to STATUS\_SUCCESS.
        - (The operation does not end at this point; this call to 2.1.5.17.3 completes some earlier call to 2.1.5.17.2.)
        - Initialize a new **RHOpContext** object, setting its fields as follows:
          - **RHOpContext.Open** set to *ThisOpen*.
          - **RHOpContext.BreakingToRead** to TRUE.
        - Add the new **RHOpContext** object to **Oplock.RHBreakQueue**.
        - Set *NeedToWait* to TRUE.
  - EndIf

- EndFor
- Else If *BreakCacheLevel* contains both READ\_CACHING and WRITE\_CACHING:
  - For each **RHOpContext** *ThisContext* in **Oplock.RHBreakQueue**:
    - Call the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12.2, passing **Open** as the **OperationOpen** parameter, *ThisContext.Open* as the **OplockOpen** parameter, and **Flags** as the **Flags** parameter. If the algorithm returns FALSE:
      - Set *ThisContext.BreakingToRead* to FALSE.
      - If *BreakCacheLevel* contains HANDLE\_CACHING:
        - Set *NeedToWait* to TRUE.
      - EndIf
    - EndIf
  - EndFor
  - For each **Open** *ThisOpen* in **Oplock.RHOplocks**:
    - Call the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12.2, passing **Open** as the **OperationOpen** parameter, *ThisOpen* as the **OplockOpen** parameter, and **Flags** as the **Flags** parameter. If the algorithm returns FALSE:
      - Remove *ThisOpen* from **Oplock.RHOplocks**.
      - Notify the server of an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.3, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
        - **BreakingOplockOpen** equal to *ThisOpen*.
        - **NewOplockLevel** equal to LEVEL\_NONE.
        - **AcknowledgeRequired** equal to TRUE.
        - **OplockCompletionStatus** equal to STATUS\_SUCCESS.
      - (The operation does not end at this point; this call to 2.1.5.17.3 completes some earlier call to 2.1.5.17.2.)
      - Initialize a new **RHOpContext** object, setting its fields as follows:
        - **RHOpContext.Open** set to *ThisOpen*.
        - **RHOpContext.BreakingToRead** to FALSE.
      - Add the new **RHOpContext** object to **Oplock.RHBreakQueue**.
      - If *BreakCacheLevel* contains HANDLE\_CACHING:
        - Set *NeedToWait* to TRUE.
      - EndIf
    - EndIf
  - EndFor

- EndIf
- // If the oplock is explicitly losing HANDLE\_CACHING, **RHBreakQueue** is not empty,
- // and the algorithm has not yet decided to wait, this operation might have to wait if
- // there is an oplock on **RHBreakQueue** with a non-matching key. This is done
- // because even if this operation didn't cause a break of a currently-granted Read-
- // Handle caching oplock, it might have done so had a currently-breaking oplock still
- // been granted.
- If (*NeedToWait* is FALSE) and

(**Oplock.RHBreakQueue** is empty) and

(*BreakCacheLevel* contains HANDLE\_CACHING):

- For each **RHOpContext** *ThisContext* in **Oplock.RHBreakQueue**:
  - If *ThisContext*.**Open.OplockKey** does not equal **Open.OplockKey**:
    - Set *NeedToWait* to TRUE.
    - Break out of the For loop.
  - EndIf
- EndFor
- EndIf
- Recompute **Oplock.State** according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.13, passing **Oplock** as the **ThisOplock** parameter.
- EndCase
- Case (READ\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING|BREAK\_TO\_READ\_CACHING):
  - If *BreakCacheLevel* contains READ\_CACHING:
    - For each **RHOpContext** *ThisContext* in **Oplock.RHBreakQueue**:
      - Call the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12.2, passing **Open** as the **OperationOpen** parameter, *ThisContext*.**Open** as the **OplockOpen** parameter, and **Flags** as the **Flags** parameter. If the algorithm returns FALSE:
        - Set *ThisContext*.**BreakingToRead** to FALSE.
      - EndIf
      - Recompute **Oplock.State** according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.13, passing **Oplock** as the **ThisOplock** parameter.
    - EndFor
  - EndIf

- If *BreakCacheLevel* contains HANDLE\_CACHING:
  - For each **RHOpContext** *ThisContext* in **Oplock.RHBreakQueue**:
    - If *ThisContext.Open.OplockKey* does not equal **Open.OplockKey**:
      - Set *NeedToWait* to TRUE.
      - Break out of the For loop.
    - EndIf
  - EndFor
- EndIf
- EndCase
- Case (READ\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING|BREAK\_TO\_NO\_CACHING):
  - If *BreakCacheLevel* contains HANDLE\_CACHING:
    - For each **RHOpContext** *ThisContext* in **Oplock.RHBreakQueue**:
      - If *ThisContext.Open.OplockKey* does not equal **Open.OplockKey**:
        - Set *NeedToWait* to TRUE.
        - Break out of the For loop.
      - EndIf
    - EndFor
  - EndIf
- EndCase
- Case (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING|EXCLUSIVE):
  - If *BreakCacheLevel* contains both READ\_CACHING and WRITE\_CACHING:
    - Notify the server of an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.3, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
      - **BreakingOplockOpen** equal to **Oplock.ExclusiveOpen**.
      - **NewOplockLevel** equal to LEVEL\_NONE.
      - **AcknowledgeRequired** equal to TRUE.
      - **OplockCompletionStatus** equal to STATUS\_SUCCESS.
    - (The operation does not end at this point; this call to 2.1.5.17.3 completes some earlier call to 2.1.5.17.1.)
    - Set **Oplock.State** to (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING|EXCLUSIVE|BREAK\_TO\_NO\_CACHING).
    - Set *NeedToWait* to TRUE.
  - Else If *BreakCacheLevel* contains WRITE\_CACHING:



- Notify the server of an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.3, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
  - **BreakingOplockOpen** equal to **Oplock.ExclusiveOpen**.
  - **NewOplockLevel** equal to READ\_CACHING.
  - **AcknowledgeRequired** equal to TRUE.
  - **OplockCompletionStatus** equal to STATUS\_SUCCESS.
- (The operation does not end at this point; this call to 2.1.5.17.3 completes some earlier call to 2.1.5.17.1.)
- Set **Oplock.State** to (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING|EXCLUSIVE|BREAK\_TO\_READ\_CACHING).
- Set *NeedToWait* to TRUE.
- EndIf
- EndCase
- Case (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING|EXCLUSIVE):
  - If *BreakCacheLevel* equals WRITE\_CACHING:
    - Notify the server of an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.3, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
      - **BreakingOplockOpen** equal to **Oplock.ExclusiveOpen**.
      - **NewOplockLevel** equal to (READ\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING).
      - **AcknowledgeRequired** equal to TRUE.
      - **OplockCompletionStatus** equal to STATUS\_SUCCESS.
    - (The operation does not end at this point; this call to 2.1.5.17.3 completes some earlier call to 2.1.5.17.1.)
    - Set **Oplock.State** to (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING|EXCLUSIVE|BREAK\_TO\_READ\_CACHING|BREAK\_TO\_HANDLE\_CACHING).
    - Set *NeedToWait* to TRUE.
  - Else If *BreakCacheLevel* equals HANDLE\_CACHING:
    - Notify the server of an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.3, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
      - **BreakingOplockOpen** equal to **Oplock.ExclusiveOpen**.
      - **NewOplockLevel** equal to (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING).
      - **AcknowledgeRequired** equal to TRUE.
      - **OplockCompletionStatus** equal to STATUS\_SUCCESS.
    - (The operation does not end at this point; this call to 2.1.5.17.3 completes some earlier call to 2.1.5.17.1.)

- Set **Oplock.State** to (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING|EXCLUSIVE|BREAK\_TO\_READ\_CACHING|BREAK\_TO\_WRITE\_CACHING).
- Set *NeedToWait* to TRUE.
- Else If *BreakCacheLevel* contains both READ\_CACHING and WRITE\_CACHING:
  - Notify the server of an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.3, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
    - **BreakingOplockOpen** equal to **Oplock.ExclusiveOpen**.
    - **NewOplockLevel** equal to LEVEL\_NONE.
    - **AcknowledgeRequired** equal to TRUE.
    - **OplockCompletionStatus** equal to STATUS\_SUCCESS.
  - (The operation does not end at this point; this call to 2.1.5.17.3 completes some earlier call to 2.1.5.17.1.)
  - Set **Oplock.State** to (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING|EXCLUSIVE|BREAK\_TO\_NO\_CACHING).
  - Set *NeedToWait* to TRUE.
- EndIf
- EndCase
- Case (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING|EXCLUSIVE|BREAK\_TO\_READ\_CACHING):
  - If *BreakCacheLevel* contains READ\_CACHING:
    - Set **Oplock.State** to (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING|EXCLUSIVE|BREAK\_TO\_NO\_CACHING).
  - EndIf
  - If *BreakCacheLevel* contains either READ\_CACHING or WRITE\_CACHING:
    - Set *NeedToWait* to TRUE.
  - EndIf
- EndCase
- Case (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING|EXCLUSIVE|BREAK\_TO\_NO\_CACHING):
  - If *BreakCacheLevel* contains either READ\_CACHING or WRITE\_CACHING:
    - Set *NeedToWait* to TRUE.
  - EndIf
- EndCase
- Case (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING|EXCLUSIVE|BREAK\_TO\_READ\_CACHING|BREAK\_TO\_WRITE\_CACHING):

- If *BreakCacheLevel* == WRITE\_CACHING:
  - Set **Oplock.State** to (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING|EXCLUSIVE|BREAK\_TO\_READ\_CACHING).
  - Else If *BreakCacheLevel* contains both READ\_CACHING and WRITE\_CACHING:
    - Set **Oplock.State** to (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING|EXCLUSIVE|BREAK\_TO\_NO\_CACHING).
  - EndIf
  - Set *NeedToWait* to TRUE.
- EndCase
- Case (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING|EXCLUSIVE|BREAK\_TO\_READ\_CACHING|BREAK\_TO\_HANDLE\_CACHING):
  - If *BreakCacheLevel* == HANDLE\_CACHING:
    - Set **Oplock.State** to (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING|EXCLUSIVE|BREAK\_TO\_READ\_CACHING).
  - Else If *BreakCacheLevel* contains READ\_CACHING:
    - Set **Oplock.State** to (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING|EXCLUSIVE|BREAK\_TO\_NO\_CACHING).
  - EndIf
  - Set *NeedToWait* to TRUE.
- EndCase
- Case (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING|EXCLUSIVE|BREAK\_TO\_READ\_CACHING):
  - If *BreakCacheLevel* contains READ\_CACHING, set **Oplock.State** to (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING|EXCLUSIVE|BREAK\_TO\_NO\_CACHING).
  - Set *NeedToWait* to TRUE.
- EndCase
- Case (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING|EXCLUSIVE|BREAK\_TO\_NO\_CACHING):
  - Set *NeedToWait* to TRUE.
- EndCase
- EndSwitch

- If *NeedToWait* is TRUE:
    - The operation that called this algorithm MUST be made cancelable by inserting it into **CancelableOperations.CancelableOperationList**.
    - The operation that called this algorithm waits until the oplock break is acknowledged, as specified in section 2.1.5.18, or the operation is canceled.
  - EndIf
  - EndIf
  - EndIf
- EndIf

#### 2.1.4.12.1 Algorithm for Request Processing After an Oplock Breaks

The inputs for this algorithm are:

- **OpenToRelease:** The **Open** used in the request that caused the oplock to break

Pseudocode for the algorithm is as follows:

- The request corresponding to **OpenToRelease** MUST resume from the point where it broke the oplock (that is, called section 2.1.4.12).

#### 2.1.4.12.2 Algorithm to Compare Oplock Keys

The inputs for this algorithm are:

- **OperationOpen:** The **Open** used in the request that can cause an oplock to break.
- **OplockOpen:** The **Open** originally used to request the oplock, per section 2.1.5.17.
- **Flags:** If unspecified it is considered to contain 0. Valid nonzero values are:
  - PARENT\_OBJECT

This algorithm returns TRUE if the appropriate oplock key field of **OperationOpen** equals **OplockOpen.TargetOplockKey**, and FALSE otherwise.

Pseudocode for the algorithm is as follows:

- If **OperationOpen** equals **OplockOpen**:
  - Return TRUE.
- If both **OperationOpen.TargetOplockKey** and **OperationOpen.ParentOplockKey** are empty or both **OplockOpen.TargetOplockKey** and **OplockKey.ParentOplockKey** are empty:
  - Return FALSE.
- If **OplockOpen.TargetOplockKey** is empty or  
 (**Flags** does not contain PARENT\_OBJECT and **OperationOpen.TargetOplockKey** is empty):
  - Return FALSE.
- If **Flags** contains PARENT\_OBJECT and  
**OperationOpen.ParentOplockKey** is empty:

- Return FALSE.
- If **Flags** contains PARENT\_OBJECT:
  - If **OperationOpen.ParentOplockKey** equals **OplockOpen.TargetOplockKey**:
    - Return TRUE.
  - Else:
    - Return FALSE.
  - EndIf
- Else:
  - If **OperationOpen.TargetOplockKey** equals **OplockOpen.TargetOplockKey**:
    - Return TRUE.
  - Else:
    - Return FALSE.
  - EndIf
- EndIf

#### 2.1.4.13 Algorithm to Recompute the State of a Shared Oplock

The inputs for this algorithm are:

- **ThisOplock**: The **Oplock** on whose state is being recomputed.

Pseudocode for the algorithm is as follows:

- If **ThisOplock.IIOplocks**, **ThisOplock.ROplocks**, **ThisOplock.RHOplocks**, and **ThisOplock.RHBreakQueue** are all empty:
  - Set **ThisOplock.State** to NO\_OPLOCK.
- Else If **ThisOplock.ROplocks** is not empty and either **ThisOplock.RHOplocks** or **ThisOplock.RHBreakQueue** are not empty:
  - Set **ThisOplock.State** to (READ\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING|MIXED\_R\_AND\_RH).
- Else If **ThisOplock.ROplocks** is empty and **ThisOplock.RHOplocks** is not empty:
  - Set **ThisOplock.State** to (READ\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING).
- Else If **ThisOplock.ROplocks** is not empty and **ThisOplock.IIOplocks** is not empty:
  - Set **ThisOplock.State** to (READ\_CACHING|LEVEL\_TWO\_OPLOCK).
- Else If **ThisOplock.ROplocks** is not empty and **ThisOplock.IIOplocks** is empty:
  - Set **ThisOplock.State** to READ\_CACHING.
- Else If **ThisOplock.ROplocks** is empty and **ThisOplock.IIOplocks** is not empty:
  - Set **ThisOplock.State** to LEVEL\_TWO\_OPLOCK.

- Else
  - // **ThisOplock.RHBreakQueue** MUST be non-empty by this point.
  - If **RHOpContext.BreakingToRead** is TRUE for every **RHOpContext** on **ThisOplock.RHBreakQueue**:
    - Set **ThisOplock.State** to (READ\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING|BREAK\_TO\_READ\_CACHING).
  - Else If **RHOpContext.BreakingToRead** is FALSE for every **RHOpContext** on **ThisOplock.RHBreakQueue**:
    - Set **ThisOplock.State** to (READ\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING|BREAK\_TO\_NO\_CACHING).
  - Else:
    - Set **ThisOplock.State** to (READ\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING).
  - EndIf
- EndIf

#### 2.1.4.14 AccessCheck -- Algorithm to Perform a General Access Check

The inputs for this algorithm are:

- **SecurityContext**: The **SecurityContext** of the user requesting access.
- **SecurityDescriptor**: The security descriptor of the object to which access is requested, in the format specified in [MS-DTYP] section 2.4.6.
- **DesiredAccess**: An ACCESS\_MASK indicating type of access requested, as specified in [MS-DTYP] section 2.4.3.

This algorithm returns a Boolean value:

- TRUE if the user has the necessary access to the object.
- FALSE otherwise.

Pseudocode for the algorithm is as follows:

- The object store MUST build a new *Token* object, in the format specified in [MS-DTYP] section 2.5.2, with fields initialized as follows:
  - **Sids** set to **SecurityContext.SIDs**.
  - **OwnerIndex** set to **SecurityContext.OwnerIndex**.
  - **PrimaryGroup** set to **SecurityContext.PrimaryGroup**.
  - **DefaultDACL** set to **SecurityContext.DefaultDACL**.
  - **Privileges** set to **SecurityContext.PrivilegeSet** in locally unique identifier (LUID) form, as specified in [MS-LSAD] section 3.1.1.2.1.
- The object store MUST use the access check algorithm described in [MS-DTYP] section 2.5.3.2, with input values as follows:
  - **SecurityDescriptor** set to the **SecurityDescriptor** above.

- **Token** set to *Token*.
  - **Access Request mask** set to **DesiredAccess**.
  - **Object Tree** set to NULL.
  - **PrincipalSelfSubst** set to NULL.
- If the access check returns success, return TRUE; otherwise return FALSE.

#### 2.1.4.15 **BuildRelativeName -- Algorithm for Building the Relative Path Name for a Link**

The inputs for this algorithm are:

- **Link:** A **Link** whose relative path name we are building.
- **RootDirectory:** A **DirectoryFile** indicating how far to walk up the directory hierarchy when building the relative path name.

This algorithm returns a Unicode string representing the portion of a Link's path name from **RootDirectory** to **Link** itself, inclusive. The returned string starts with a backslash and uses backslashes as path separators. If **Link** is not a descendant of **RootDirectory**, the algorithm returns an empty string to indicate this error.

Pseudocode for the algorithm is as follows:

- If **Link.File** equals **RootDirectory**:
  - Return "\".
- Else If **Link.File** equals **Link.File.Volume.RootDirectory**:
  - Return an empty string.
- Else If **Link.ParentFile** equals **RootDirectory**:
  - Return "\" + **Link.Name**.
- Else
  - Set *ParentRelativeName* to **BuildRelativeName(Link.ParentFile, RootDirectory)**.
  - If *ParentRelativeName* is empty:
    - Return an empty string.
  - Else
    - Return *ParentRelativeName* + "\" + **Link.Name**.
  - EndIf
- EndIf

#### 2.1.4.16 **FindAllFiles: Algorithm for Finding All Files Under a Directory**

The inputs for this algorithm are:

- **RootDirectory:** A **DirectoryFile** ADM element indicating the top-level directory for the search.

This algorithm returns a list of files that are descendants of **RootDirectory**, including **RootDirectory** itself.

The algorithm uses the following local variables:

- Lists of Files (initialized to empty): *FoundFiles*, *FilesToMerge*

Pseudocode for the algorithm follows:

- Insert **RootDirectory** into *FoundFiles*.
- For each *Link* in **RootDirectory.DirectoryList**:
  - If *Link.File.FileType* is DirectoryFile:
    - Set *FilesToMerge* to FindAllFiles(*Link.File*).
  - Else:
    - Set *FilesToMerge* to a list containing the single entry *Link.File*.
  - EndIf
  - For each *File* in *FilesToMerge*:
    - If *File* is not an element of *FoundFiles*, insert *File* into *FoundFiles*.
  - EndFor
- EndFor
- Return *FoundFiles*.

#### 2.1.4.17 Algorithm for Noting That a File Has Been Modified

The inputs for this algorithm are as follows:

- **Open**: The **Open** through which the file was modified.

The pseudocode for the algorithm is as follows:

- If **Open.UserSetModificationTime** is FALSE, set **Open.File.LastModificationTime** to the current system time.
- If **Open.UserSetChangeTime** is FALSE, set **Open.File.LastChangeTime** to the current system time.
- If **Open.UserSetAccessTime** is FALSE, set **Open.File.LastAccessTime** to the current system time.
- Set **Open.File.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_ARCHIVE** to TRUE.

#### 2.1.5 Higher-Layer Triggered Events

This section describes operations the object store performs in response to events triggered by higher-layer applications. The higher-layer application for this document is generally a server application that is processing requests for a local or remote client.

In performing these operations, the object store MAY make persistent changes to objects described in the abstract data model, section 2.1.1. If any operation fails, the object store SHOULD undo any



persistent changes that were made prior to the failure, unless specifically noted otherwise in the operation.

In addition to the parameters explicitly listed, each operation in this section takes an implementation-specific parameter (**IORequest**) that uniquely identifies the in-progress I/O operation. The caller generates the **IORequest** value and passes it in as an additional parameter to the event. The **IORequest** parameter is used to support operation cancellation, as specified in section 2.1.5.19.

When an operation completes or is canceled the object store MUST remove the associated **IORequest** operation from **CancelableOperations.CancelableOperationList**.

### 2.1.5.1 Server Requests an Open of a File

The server provides:

- **RootOpen:** An **Open** to the root of the share.
- **PathName:** A Unicode path relative to **RootOpen** for the file to be opened in the format specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.5.
- **SecurityContext:** The **SecurityContext** of the user performing the open.
- **DesiredAccess:** A bitmask indicating requested access for the open, as specified in [MS-SMB2] section 2.2.13.1.
- **ShareAccess:** A bitmask indicating sharing access for the open, as specified in [MS-SMB2] section 2.2.13.
- **CreateOptions:** A bitmask of options for the open, as specified in [MS-SMB2] section 2.2.13.
- **CreateDisposition:** The requested disposition for the open, as specified in [MS-SMB2] section 2.2.13.
- **DesiredFileAttributes:** A bitmask of requested file attributes for the open, as specified in [MS-SMB2] section 2.2.13.
- **IsCaseInsensitive:** A Boolean value. TRUE indicates that string comparisons performed in the context of this Open are case-insensitive; otherwise, they are case-sensitive.
- **TargetOplockKey:** A GUID value. This value could be empty.
- **UserCertificate:** An ENCRYPTION\_CERTIFICATE structure as specified in [MS-EFSR] section 2.2.8 and used when opening an encrypted stream. This value could be empty.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.

On success it MUST also return:

- **CreateAction:** A code defining the action taken by the open operation, as specified in [MS-SMB2] section 2.2.14 for the **CreateAction** field.
- **Open:** The newly created **Open**.

On STATUS\_REPARSE or STATUS\_STOPPED\_ON\_SYMLINK it MUST also return:

- **ReparseData:** The reparse point data associated with an existing file, in the format described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.2. The application MAY retry the open operation with a different **PathName** parameter constructed using **ReparseData**.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- Phase 1 -- Parameter Validation:
- Set *ValidDirectoryCreateOptions* = (FILE\_DIRECTORY\_FILE | FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_ALERT | FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_NONALERT | FILE\_WRITE\_THROUGH | FILE\_OPEN\_REMOTE\_INSTANCE | FILE\_COMPLETE\_IF\_OPLOCKED | FILE\_OPEN\_FOR\_BACKUP\_INTENT | FILE\_DELETE\_ON\_CLOSE | FILE\_OPEN\_FOR\_FREE\_SPACE\_QUERY | FILE\_OPEN\_BY\_FILE\_ID | FILE\_NO\_COMPRESSION | FILE\_OPEN\_REPARSE\_POINT | FILE\_OPEN\_REQUIRING\_OPLOCK).
- The operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER under any of the following conditions:
  - If **RootOpen.File.FileType** is DataFile.
  - If **ShareAccess**, **CreateOptions**, **CreateDisposition**, or **FileAttributes** are not valid values for a file object as specified in [MS-SMB2] section 2.2.13.
  - If (**CreateOptions.FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_ALERT** || **Create.FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_NONALERT**) && !**DesiredAccess.SYNCHRONIZE**.
  - If **CreateOptions.FILE\_DELETE\_ON\_CLOSE** && !**DesiredAccess.DELETE**.
  - If **CreateOptions.FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_ALERT** && **Create.FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_NONALERT**.
  - If **CreateOptions.FILE\_DIRECTORY\_FILE** is TRUE && **CreateOptions.FILE\_NON\_DIRECTORY\_FILE** is FALSE && ((**CreateOptions** & ~ *ValidDirectoryCreateOptions*) || (**CreateDisposition** != FILE\_CREATE && **CreateDisposition** != FILE\_OPEN && **CreateDisposition** != FILE\_OPEN\_IF)).
  - If **CreateOptions.FILE\_COMPLETE\_IF\_OPLOCKED** && **CreateOptions.FILE\_RESERVE\_OPFILTER**.
  - If **CreateOptions.FILE\_NO\_INTERMEDIATE\_BUFFERING** && **DesiredAccess.FILE\_APPEND\_DATA**.
- If **DesiredAccess** is zero, or if any of the bits in the mask 0x0CE0FE00 are set, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_ACCESS\_DENIED.
- If **CreateOptions.FILE\_DIRECTORY\_FILE** && **CreateOptions.FILE\_NON\_DIRECTORY\_FILE**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- The operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_OBJECT\_NAME\_INVALID under any of the following conditions:
  - If **PathName** is not valid as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.5.
  - If **PathName** contains a trailing backslash and **CreateOptions.FILE\_NON\_DIRECTORY\_FILE** is TRUE.
- If **DesiredFileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_ENCRYPTED** is specified, then the object store MUST set **CreateOptions.FILE\_NO\_COMPRESSION**.
- Phase 2 -- Volume State:
  - If **RootOpen.File.Volume.IsReadOnly** && (**CreateDisposition** == FILE\_CREATE || **CreateDisposition** == FILE\_SUPERSEDE || **CreateDisposition** == OVERWRITE || **CreateDisposition** == OVERWRITE\_IF) then the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_MEDIA\_WRITE\_PROTECTED.

- Phase 3 -- Initialization of **Open** Object:
- The object store MUST build a new **Open** object with fields initialized as follows:
  - **Open.RootOpen** set to **RootOpen**.
  - **Open.FileName** formed by concatenating **RootOpen.FileName** + "\" + **FileName**, stripping any redundant backslashes and trailing backslashes.
  - **Open.RemainingDesiredAccess** set to **DesiredAccess**.
  - **Open.SharingMode** set to **ShareAccess**.
  - **Open.Mode** set to (**CreateOptions** & (FILE\_WRITE\_THROUGH | FILE\_SEQUENTIAL\_ONLY | FILE\_NO\_INTERMEDIATE\_BUFFERING | FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_ALERT | FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_NONALERT | FILE\_DELETE\_ON\_CLOSE)).
  - **Open.IsCaseInsensitive** set to **IsCaseInsensitive**.
  - **Open.HasBackupAccess** set to TRUE if **SecurityContext.PrivilegeSet** contains "SeBackupPrivilege".
  - **Open.HasRestoreAccess** set to TRUE if **SecurityContext.PrivilegeSet** contains "SeRestorePrivilege".
  - **Open.HasCreateSymbolicLinkAccess** set to TRUE if **SecurityContext.PrivilegeSet** contains "SeCreateSymbolicLinkPrivilege".
  - **Open.HasManageVolumeAccess** set to TRUE if **SecurityContext.PrivilegeSet** contains "SeManageVolumePrivilege".
  - **Open.IsAdministrator** set to TRUE if **SecurityContext.SIDs** contains the well-known SID BUILTIN\Administrators as defined in [MS-DTYP] section 2.4.2.4.
  - **Open.TargetOplockKey** set to **TargetOplockKey**.
  - **Open.LastQuotaId** set to -1.
  - All other fields set to zero.
- Phase 4 -- Check for backup/restore intent
- If **CreateOptions.FILE\_OPEN\_FOR\_BACKUP\_INTENT** is set and (**CreateDisposition** == FILE\_OPEN || **CreateDisposition** == FILE\_OPEN\_IF || **CreateDisposition** == FILE\_OVERWRITE\_IF) and **Open.HasBackupAccess** is TRUE, then the object store SHOULD grant backup access as shown in the following pseudocode:
  - *BackupAccess* = (READ\_CONTROL | ACCESS\_SYSTEM\_SECURITY | FILE\_GENERIC\_READ | FILE\_TRAVERSE)
  - If **Open.RemainingDesiredAccess.MAXIMUM\_ALLOWED** is set then:
    - **Open.GrantedAccess** |= *BackupAccess*
  - Else:
    - **Open.GrantedAccess** |= (**Open.RemainingDesiredAccess** & *BackupAccess*)
  - EndIf
  - **Open.RemainingDesiredAccess** &= ~**Open.GrantedAccess**

- If **CreateOptions.FILE\_OPEN\_FOR\_BACKUP\_INTENT** is set and **Open.HasRestoreAccess** is TRUE, then the object store SHOULD grant restore access as shown in the following pseudocode:
  - $RestoreAccess = (WRITE\_DAC \mid WRITE\_OWNER \mid ACCESS\_SYSTEM\_SECURITY \mid FILE\_GENERIC\_WRITE \mid FILE\_ADD\_FILE \mid FILE\_ADD\_SUBDIRECTORY \mid DELETE)$
  - If **Open.RemainingDesiredAccess.MAXIMUM\_ALLOWED** is set then:
    - **Open.GrantedAccess** |= *RestoreAccess*
  - Else:
    - **Open.GrantedAccess** |= (**Open.RemainingDesiredAccess** & *RestoreAccess*)
  - EndIf
  - **Open.RemainingDesiredAccess** &= ~**Open.GrantedAccess**
- Phase 5 -- Parse pathname:
  - The object store MUST split **Open.FileName** into pathname components *PathName*<sub>1</sub> ... *PathName*<sub>n</sub>, using the backslash ("\") character as a delimiter. If any *PathName*<sub>i</sub> ends in a colon(":") character, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_OBJECT\_NAME\_INVALID. The object store MUST further split each *PathName*<sub>i</sub> into a file name component *FileName*<sub>i</sub>, stream name component *StreamName*<sub>i</sub>, and stream type name component *StreamTypeName*<sub>i</sub>, using the colon (":") character as a delimiter (*FileName*<sub>i</sub>:*StreamName*<sub>i</sub>:*StreamTypeName*<sub>i</sub>). If *StreamName*<sub>i</sub> or *StreamTypeName*<sub>i</sub> is not present in the name, the value MUST be set to an empty string.
- Phase 6 -- Location of file:
  - The object store MUST search for a filename matching **Open.FileName**. If **IsCaseInsensitive** is TRUE, then the search MUST be case-insensitive; otherwise it MUST be case-sensitive. Pseudocode for this search is as follows:
    - Set *ParentFile* = **RootOpen.File**.
    - // Examine each prefix pathname component in order.
    - For i = 1 to n-1: // n is the number of pathname components, from Phase 5.
      - If *StreamTypeName*<sub>i</sub> is non-empty:
        - Set *ComplexNameSuffix* = ":*StreamName*<sub>i</sub>:*StreamTypeName*<sub>i</sub>".
      - Else if *StreamTypeName*<sub>i</sub> is non-empty:
        - Set *ComplexNameSuffix* = ":*StreamName*<sub>i</sub>".
      - Else:
        - Set *ComplexNameSuffix* to empty.
    - EndIf
    - If *ComplexNameSuffix* is non-empty and *ComplexNameSuffix* is not equal to one of the complex name suffixes recognized by the object store<35> (using case-insensitive string comparisons), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_OBJECT\_NAME\_INVALID.
    - Search *ParentFile.DirectoryList* for a **Link** where **Link.Name** or **Link.ShortName** matches *FileName*<sub>i</sub>. If no such link is found, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_OBJECT\_PATH\_NOT\_FOUND.

- If **Link.File.FileType** is not `DirectoryFile`, the operation MUST be failed with `STATUS_NOT_A_DIRECTORY`.
- If **Open.GrantedAccess.FILE\_TRAVERSE** is not set and **AccessCheck(SecurityContext, Link.File.SecurityDescriptor, FILE\_TRAVERSE)** returns `FALSE`, the operation MAY be failed with `STATUS_ACCESS_DENIED`.
- If **Link.IsDeleted**, the operation MUST be failed with `STATUS_DELETE_PENDING`.
- If **Link.File.IsSymbolicLink** is `TRUE`, the operation MUST be failed with **Status** set to `STATUS_STOPPED_ON_SYMLINK` and **ReparsePointData** set to **Link.File.ReparsePointData**.
- Set *ParentFile* = **Link.File**.
- EndFor
- // Examine final pathname component.
- Set *FileNameToOpen* to *FileName<sub>n</sub>*, *StreamNameToOpen* to *StreamName<sub>n</sub>*, and *StreamTypeNameToOpen* to *StreamTypeName<sub>n</sub>*.
- If *StreamTypeNameToOpen* is non-empty and *StreamTypeNameToOpen* is not equal to one of the stream type names recognized by the object store<36> (using case-insensitive string comparisons), the operation MUST be failed with `STATUS_OBJECT_NAME_INVALID`.
- Search *ParentFile.DirectoryList* for a **Link** where **Link.Name** or **Link.ShortName** matches *FileNameToOpen*. If such a link is found:
  - Set **File** = **Link.File**.
  - Set **Open.File** to **File**.
  - Set **Open.Link** to **Link**.
- Else:
  - If (**CreateDisposition** == `FILE_OPEN` || **CreateDisposition** == `FILE_OVERWRITE`), the operation MUST be failed with `STATUS_OBJECT_NAME_NOT_FOUND`.
  - If **RootOpen.File.Volume.IsReadOnly** then the operation MUST be failed with `STATUS_MEDIA_WRITE_PROTECTED`.
- EndIf
- If *StreamTypeNameToOpen* is non-empty and has a value other than "\$DATA" or "\$INDEX\_ALLOCATION", the operation MUST be failed with `STATUS_ACCESS_DENIED`.
- Phase 7 -- Type of file to open:
- The object store MUST use the following algorithm to determine which type of file is being opened:
- Set *FileTypeToOpen* to empty.
- If **RootOpen.File.Volume.IsPhysicalRoot** is `TRUE`, then set *FileTypeToOpen* to `ViewIndexFile` under any of the following conditions:
  - If **RootOpen.File.Volume.IsObjectIDsSupported** is `TRUE`, **BuildRelativeName(Open.Link, Open.File.Volume.RootDirectory)** is equal to "\\\$Extend\\$ObjId", *StreamNameToOpen* is equal to "\$O", and *StreamTypeNameToOpen* is equal to "\$INDEX\_ALLOCATION" (using case-insensitive string comparisons).

- If **RootOpen.File.Volume.IsQuotasSupported** is TRUE, **BuildRelativeName(Open.Link, Open.File.Volume.RootDirectory)** is equal to "\\$Extend\\$Quota", *StreamNameToOpen* is equal to "\$O" or "\$Q", and *StreamTypeNameToOpen* is equal to "\$INDEX\_ALLOCATION" (using case-insensitive string comparisons).
- If **RootOpen.File.Volume.IsReparsePointsSupported** is TRUE, **BuildRelativeName(Open.Link, Open.File.Volume.RootDirectory)** is equal to "\\$Extend\\$Reparse", *StreamNameToOpen* is equal to "\$R", and *StreamTypeNameToOpen* is equal to "\$INDEX\_ALLOCATION" (using case-insensitive string comparisons).
- EndIf
- // Note that when *FileTypeToOpen* is ViewIndexFile, the file always exists in the object store and
- // **Open.File.FileType** is ViewIndexFile.
- If *FileTypeToOpen* is empty:
  - If *StreamTypeNameToOpen* is "\$INDEX\_ALLOCATION" and *StreamNameToOpen* has a value other than an empty stream or "\$I30", the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
  - If **CreateOptions.FILE\_DIRECTORY\_FILE** is TRUE then *FileTypeToOpen* = DirectoryFile.
  - Else if **CreateOptions.FILE\_NON\_DIRECTORY\_FILE** is TRUE then *FileTypeToOpen* = DataFile.
  - Else if *StreamTypeNameToOpen* is "\$INDEX\_ALLOCATION" then *FileTypeToOpen* = DirectoryFile.
  - Else if *StreamTypeNameToOpen* is "\$DATA" then *FileTypeToOpen* = DataFile.
  - Else if **Open.File** is not NULL and **Open.File.FileType** is DirectoryFile, then *FileTypeToOpen* = DirectoryFile.
  - Else if **PathName** contains a trailing backslash then *FileTypeToOpen* = DirectoryFile.
  - Else *FileTypeToOpen* = DataFile.
- EndIf
- If *FileTypeToOpen* is DirectoryFile and **Open.File** is not NULL and **Open.File.FileType** is not DirectoryFile:
  - If **CreateDisposition** == FILE\_CREATE then the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_OBJECT\_NAME\_COLLISION, else the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_NOT\_A\_DIRECTORY.
- EndIf
- If *FileTypeToOpen* is DataFile and *StreamNameToOpen* is empty and **Open.File** is not NULL and **Open.File.FileType** is DirectoryFile, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_FILE\_IS\_A\_DIRECTORY.
- Phase 8 -- Completion of open
- If **Open.File** is NULL, the object store MUST create a new file as described in section 2.1.5.1.1; otherwise the object store MUST open the existing file as described in section 2.1.5.1.2.

### 2.1.5.1.1 Creation of a New File

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If *FileTypeToOpen* is DirectoryFile and **DesiredFileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_TEMPORARY** is set, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If **DesiredFileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_READONLY** and **CreateOptions.FILE\_DELETE\_ON\_CLOSE** are both set, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_CANNOT\_DELETE.
- If **Open.RemainingDesiredAccess.ACCESS\_SYSTEM\_SECURITY** is set and **Open.GrantedAccess.ACCESS\_SYSTEM\_SECURITY** is not set and **SecurityContext.PrivilegeSet** does not contain "SeSecurityPrivilege", the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_ACCESS\_DENIED.
- If *FileTypeToOpen* is DataFile and **Open.GrantedAccess.FILE\_ADD\_FILE** is not set and **AccessCheck(SecurityContext, Open.Link.ParentFile.SecurityDescriptor, FILE\_ADD\_FILE)** returns FALSE and **Open.HasRestoreAccess** is FALSE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_ACCESS\_DENIED.
- If *FileTypeToOpen* is DirectoryFile and **Open.GrantedAccess.FILE\_ADD\_SUBDIRECTORY** is not set and **AccessCheck(SecurityContext, Open.Link.ParentFile.SecurityDescriptor, FILE\_ADD\_SUBDIRECTORY)** returns FALSE and **Open.HasRestoreAccess** is FALSE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_ACCESS\_DENIED.
- If the object store implements encryption and **DesiredFileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_ENCRYPTED** is TRUE:
  - If **UserCertificate** is empty, the operation MUST be failed with **STATUS\_CS\_ENCRYPTION\_NEW\_ENCRYPTED\_FILE**.
- EndIf
- The object store MUST build a new **File** object with fields initialized as follows:
  - **File.FileType** set to *FileTypeToOpen*.
  - **File.FileId128** assigned a new value. The value chosen is implementation-specific but MUST be unique among all files present on **RootOpen.File.Volume**.<37>
  - **File.FileId64** assigned a new value. The value chosen is implementation-specific<38> but MUST be either -1 or unique among all files present on **RootOpen.File.Volume**.
  - **File.FileNumber** assigned a new value. The value chosen is implementation-specific but MUST be unique among all files present on **RootOpen.File.Volume**.<39>
  - **File.FileAttributes** set to **DesiredFileAttributes**.
  - **File.CreationTime**, **File.LastModificationTime**, **File.LastChangeTime**, and **File.LastAccessTime** all initialized to the current system time.
  - **File.Volume** set to **RootOpen.File.Volume**.
  - All other fields set to zero.
- The object store MUST build a new **Link** object with fields initialized as follows:
  - **Link.File** set to **File**.
  - **Link.ParentFile** set to *ParentFile*.
  - All other fields set to zero.

- If **File.FileType** is DataFile and **Open.IsCaseInsensitive** is TRUE, and tunnel caching is implemented, the object store MUST search **File.Volume.TunnelCacheList** for a *TunnelCacheEntry* where *TunnelCacheEntry.ParentFile* equals **Link.ParentFile** and either (*TunnelCacheEntry.KeyByShortName* is FALSE and *TunnelCacheEntry.FileName* matches *FileNameToOpen*) or (*TunnelCacheEntry.KeyByShortName* is TRUE and *TunnelCacheEntry.FileShortName* matches *FileNameToOpen*). If such an entry is found, then:
    - Set **File.CreationTime** to *TunnelCacheEntry.FileCreationTime*.
    - If *TunnelCacheEntry.ObjectIdInfo.ObjectId* is not empty:
      - If *TunnelCacheEntry.ObjectIdInfo.ObjectId* is not unique on **File.Volume**:
        - The object store MUST construct a FILE\_OBJECTID\_INFORMATION structure (as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.28.1) *ObjectIdInfo* as follows:
          - *ObjectIdInfo.FileReference* set to **File.FileId64**.
          - *ObjectIdInfo.ObjectId* set to *TunnelCacheEntry.ObjectIdInfo.ObjectId*.
          - *ObjectIdInfo.BirthVolumeId* set to *TunnelCacheEntry.ObjectIdInfo.BirthVolumeId*.
          - *ObjectIdInfo.BirthObjectId* set to *TunnelCacheEntry.ObjectIdInfo.BirthObjectId*.
          - *ObjectIdInfo.DomainId* set to *TunnelCacheEntry.ObjectIdInfo.DomainId*.
        - Send directory change notification as per section 2.1.4.1, with **Volume** equal to **File.Volume**, **Action** equal to FILE\_ACTION\_ID\_NOT\_TUNNELLED, **FilterMatch** equal to FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_FILE\_NAME, **FileName** equal to "\$Extend\\$ObjId", **NotifyData** equal to **ObjectIdInfo**, and **NotifyDataLength** equal to **sizeof(FILE\_OBJECTID\_INFORMATION)**.
      - Else:
        - Set **File.ObjectId** to *TunnelCacheEntry.ObjectIdInfo.ObjectId*.
        - Set **File.BirthVolumeId** to *TunnelCacheEntry.ObjectIdInfo.BirthVolumeId*.
        - Set **File.BirthObjectId** to *TunnelCacheEntry.ObjectIdInfo.BirthObjectId*.
        - Set **File.DomainId** to *TunnelCacheEntry.ObjectIdInfo.DomainId*.
    - EndIf
  - EndIf
  - Set **Link.Name** to *TunnelCacheEntry.FileName*.
  - Set **Link.ShortName** to *TunnelCacheEntry.FileShortName* if that name is not already in use among all names and short names in **Link.ParentFile.DirectoryList**.
  - Remove *TunnelCacheEntry* from **File.Volume.TunnelCacheList**.
- Else:
  - Set **Link.Name** to *FileNameToOpen*.
- EndIf



- If short names are enabled and **Link.ShortName** is empty, then the object store MUST create a short name as follows:
  - If **Link.Name** is 8.3-compliant as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.5.2.1:
    - Set **Link.ShortName** to **Link.Name**.
  - Else:
    - Generate a new **Link.ShortName** that is 8.3-compliant as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.5.2.1. The string chosen is implementation-specific, but MUST be unique among all names and short names present in **Link.ParentFile.DirectoryList**.
  - EndIf
- EndIf
- The object store MUST now grant the full requested access, as shown by the following pseudocode:
  - If **Open.RemainingDesiredAccess.MAXIMUM\_ALLOWED** is set:
    - **Open.GrantedAccess** |= FILE\_ALL\_ACCESS
  - Else:
    - **Open.GrantedAccess** |= **Open.RemainingDesiredAccess**
  - EndIf
  - **Open.RemainingDesiredAccess** = 0
- The object store MUST initialize **File.SecurityDescriptor.Dacl** to **SecurityContext.DefaultDacl**. The object store SHOULD append any inheritable security information from **Link.ParentFile.SecurityDescriptor** to **File.SecurityDescriptor**.
- The object store MUST set **File.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_NOT\_CONTENT\_INDEXED** to the value of **Link.ParentFile.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_NOT\_CONTENT\_INDEXED**.
- The object store MUST clear any attribute flags from **File.FileAttributes** that cannot be directly set by applications, as follows:
  - *ValidSetAttributes* = (FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_READONLY | FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_HIDDEN | FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_SYSTEM | FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_ARCHIVE | FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_TEMPORARY | FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_OFFLINE | FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_NOT\_CONTENT\_INDEXED)
  - **File.FileAttributes** &= *ValidSetAttributes*
- If **File.FileType** is DataFile, then the object store MUST set **File.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_ARCHIVE**.
- If **File.FileType** is DirectoryFile, then the object store MUST set **File.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_DIRECTORY**.
- If **Link.ParentFile.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_ENCRYPTED** or **DesiredFileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_ENCRYPTED** is set, then the object store MUST set **File.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_ENCRYPTED**.
- If **Link.ParentFile.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_COMPRESSED** is set and **CreateOptions.FILE\_NO\_COMPRESSION** is not set, then the object store MUST set **File.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_COMPRESSED**.

- If **Link.ParentFile.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_INTEGRITY\_STREAM** is set or **DesiredFileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_INTEGRITY\_STREAM** is set, then the object store MUST set **File.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_INTEGRITY\_STREAM**.<40>
- If **Link.ParentFile.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_NO\_SCRUB\_DATA** is set or **DesiredFileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_NO\_SCRUB\_DATA** is set, then the object store MUST set **File.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_NO\_SCRUB\_DATA**.<41>
- If the object store implements encryption and **File.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_ENCRYPTED** is TRUE, insert **UserCertificate** into **File.UserCertificateList**.
- If **File.FileType** is DataFile and *StreamNameToOpen* is not empty, then the object store MUST create a default unnamed stream for the file as follows:<42>
  - Build a new **Stream** object **DefaultStream** with all fields initially set to zero.
  - Set **DefaultStream.File** to **File**.
  - If the object store implements encryption and **File.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_ENCRYPTED** is TRUE, set **DefaultStream.IsEncrypted** to TRUE.
  - Add **DefaultStream** to **File.StreamList**.
- EndIf
- If *StreamTypeNameToOpen* is empty or "\$DATA", then the object store MUST create a new data stream for the file as follows:
  - Build a new **Stream** object with all fields initially set to zero.
  - Set **Stream.StreamType** to DataStream.
  - Set **Stream.Name** to *StreamNameToOpen*.
  - Set **Stream.File** to **File**.
  - Add **Stream** to **File.StreamList**.
  - Set **Open.Stream** to **Stream**.
- Else the object store MUST create a new directory stream as follows:
  - Build a new **Stream** object with all fields initially set to zero.
  - Set **Stream.StreamType** to DirectoryStream.
  - Set **Stream.File** to **File**.
  - Add **Stream** to **File.StreamList**.
  - Set **Open.Stream** to **Stream**.
- EndIf
- If the object store implements encryption and **File.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_ENCRYPTED** is TRUE:
  - If **File.FileType** is DataFile, set **Stream.IsEncrypted** to TRUE.
- EndIf

- The object store MUST set **Open.File** to **File**.
- The object store MUST set **Open.Link** to **Link**.
- The object store MUST insert **Link** into **File.LinkList**.
- The object store MUST insert **Link** into **Link.ParentFile.DirectoryList**.
- The object store MUST update **Link.ParentFile.LastModificationTime**, **Link.ParentFile.LastChangeTime**, and **Link.ParentFile.LastAccessTime** to the current system time.
- If the **Oplock** member of the **DirectoryStream** in **Link.ParentFile.StreamList** (hereinafter referred to as *ParentOplock*) is not empty, the object store MUST check for an oplock break on the parent according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12, with input values as follows:
  - **Open** equal to this operation's **Open**
  - **Oplock** equal to *ParentOplock*
  - **Operation** equal to "OPEN"
  - **Flags** equal to "PARENT\_OBJECT"
- The object store MUST insert **File** into **File.Volume.OpenFileList**.
- The object store MUST insert **Open** into **File.OpenList**.
- If **File.FileType** is DirectoryFile:
  - *FilterMatch* = FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_DIR\_NAME
- Else:
  - *FilterMatch* = FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_FILE\_NAME
- EndIf
- The object store MUST send directory change notification as per section 2.1.4.1 with **Volume** equal to **File.Volume**, **Action** equal to FILE\_ACTION\_ADDED, **FilterMatch** equal to *FilterMatch*, and **FileName** equal to **Open.FileName**.
- If Stream.Name is not empty:
  - Send directory change notification as per section 2.1.4.1, with **Volume** equal to **File.Volume**, **Action** equal to FILE\_ACTION\_ADDED\_STREAM, *FilterMatch* equal to FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGED\_STREAM\_NAME, and **FileName** equal to **Open.FileName** + ":" + **Stream.Name**.
- EndIf
- The object store MUST return:
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.
  - **CreateAction** set to FILE\_CREATED.
  - The **Open** object created previously.

### 2.1.5.1.2 Open of an Existing File

Files that require knowledge of extended attributes cannot be opened by applications that do not understand extended attributes. If **CreateOptions.FILE\_NO\_EA\_KNOWLEDGE** is set and (*FileTypeToOpen* is DirectoryFile or (*FileTypeToOpen* is DataFile and *StreamNameToOpen* is empty)) and **File.ExtendedAttributes** contains an *ExistingEa* where *ExistingEa.Flags.FILE\_NEED\_EA* is set, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_ACCESS\_DENIED.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **CreateOptions.FILE\_OPEN\_REPARSE\_POINT** is not set and **File.ReparsePointTag** is not empty, then the operation MUST be failed with **Status** set to STATUS\_REPARSE and **ReparsePointData** set to **File.ReparsePointData**.
- If *FileTypeToOpen* is DirectoryFile:
  - If **CreateDisposition** is FILE\_OPEN or FILE\_OPEN\_IF then:
    - Perform access checks as described in section 2.1.5.1.2.1. If this fails with STATUS\_SHARING\_VIOLATION:
      - If **Open.Stream.Oplock** is not empty and **Open.Stream.Oplock.State** contains HANDLE\_CACHING, the object store MUST check for an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12, with input values as follows:
        - **Open** equal to this operation's **Open**
        - **Oplock** equal to **Open.Stream.Oplock**
        - **Operation** equal to "OPEN\_BREAK\_H"
      - Perform access checks as described in section 2.1.5.1.2.1. If this fails, the request MUST be failed with the same status.
    - EndIf
    - Perform sharing access checks as described in section 2.1.5.1.2.2. If this fails with STATUS\_SHARING\_VIOLATION:
      - If **Open.Stream.Oplock** is not empty and **Open.Stream.Oplock.State** contains HANDLE\_CACHING, the object store MUST check for an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12, with input values as follows:
        - **Open** equal to this operation's **Open**
        - **Oplock** equal to **Open.Stream.Oplock**
      - Perform sharing access checks as described in section 2.1.5.1.2.2. If this fails, the request MUST be failed with the same status.
    - EndIf
    - If **Open.File.OpenList** is empty, **Open.SharingMode** does not contain FILE\_SHARE\_READ, and **AccessCheck(SecurityContext, File.SecurityDescriptor, FILE\_GENERIC\_WRITE)** returns FALSE:
      - If **CreateOptions.FILE\_DISALLOW\_EXCLUSIVE** is TRUE: <43>
        - The operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_ACCESS\_DENIED.
      - Else:
        - The object store MUST set **Open.SharingMode.FILE\_SHARE\_READ** to TRUE.

- EndIf
  - EndIf
  - Set **CreateAction** to FILE\_OPENED.
- Else:
  - // Existing directories cannot be overwritten/superseded.
  - If **File == File.Volume.RootDirectory**, then the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_ACCESS\_DENIED, else the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_OBJECT\_NAME\_COLLISION.
- EndIf
- Else if *FileTypeToOpen* is DataFile:
  - The object store MUST search **File.StreamList** for a **Stream** with **Stream.Name** matching *StreamNameToOpen*. If **IsCaseInsensitive** is TRUE, then the search MUST be case-insensitive; otherwise it MUST be case-sensitive.
  - If **Stream** was found:
    - Set **Open.Stream** to **Stream**.
    - If **CreateDisposition** is FILE\_CREATE, then the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_OBJECT\_NAME\_COLLISION.
    - If **CreateDisposition** is FILE\_OPEN or FILE\_OPEN\_IF:
      - If **Open.Stream.Oplock** is not empty and **Open.Stream.Oplock.State** contains BATCH\_OPLOCK, the object store MUST check for an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12, with input values as follows:
        - **Open** equal to this operation's **Open**
        - **Oplock** equal to **Open.Stream.Oplock**
        - **Operation** equal to "OPEN"
        - **OpParams** containing two members:
          - **DesiredAccess** equal to this operation's **DesiredAccess**
          - **CreateDisposition** equal to this operation's **CreateDisposition**
      - Perform access checks as described in section 2.1.5.1.2.1. If this fails with STATUS\_SHARING\_VIOLATION:
        - If **Open.Stream.Oplock** is not empty and **Open.Stream.Oplock.State** contains HANDLE\_CACHING, the object store MUST check for an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12, with input values as follows:
          - **Open** equal to this operation's **Open**
          - **Oplock** equal to **Open.Stream.Oplock**
          - **Operation** equal to "OPEN\_BREAK\_H"
        - Perform access checks as described in section 2.1.5.1.2.1. If this fails, the request MUST be failed with the same status.

- EndIf
- Perform sharing access checks as described in section 2.1.5.1.2.2. If this fails with STATUS\_SHARING\_VIOLATION:
  - If **Open.Stream.Oplock** is not empty and **Open.Stream.Oplock.State** contains HANDLE\_CACHING, the object store MUST check for an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12, with input values as follows:
    - **Open** equal to this operation's **Open**
    - **Oplock** equal to **Open.Stream.Oplock**
    - **Operation** equal to "OPEN\_BREAK\_H"
  - Perform sharing access checks as described in section 2.1.5.1.2.2. If this fails, the request MUST be failed with the same status.
- EndIf
- Set **CreateAction** to FILE\_OPENED.
- Else:
  - If **File.Volume.IsReadOnly** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_MEDIA\_WRITE\_PROTECTED.
  - If **Open.Stream.Oplock** is not empty and **Open.Stream.Oplock.State** contains BATCH\_OPLOCK, the object store MUST check for an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12, with input values as follows:
    - **Open** equal to this operation's **Open**
    - **Oplock** equal to **Open.Stream.Oplock**
    - **Operation** equal to "OPEN"
    - **OpParams** containing two members:
      - **DesiredAccess** equal to this operation's **DesiredAccess**
      - **CreateDisposition** equal to this operation's **CreateDisposition**
  - If **Stream.Name** is empty:
    - If **File.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_HIDDEN** is TRUE and **DesiredFileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_HIDDEN** is FALSE, then the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_ACCESS\_DENIED.
    - If **File.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_SYSTEM** is TRUE and **DesiredFileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_SYSTEM** is FALSE, then the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_ACCESS\_DENIED.
    - Set **DesiredFileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_ARCHIVE** to TRUE.
    - Set **DesiredFileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_NORMAL** to FALSE.
    - Set **DesiredFileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_NOT\_CONTENT\_INDEXED** to FALSE.
    - If **File.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_ENCRYPTED** is TRUE, then set **DesiredFileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_ENCRYPTED** to TRUE.

- If **Open.HasRestoreAccess** is TRUE, then the object store MUST set **Open.GrantedAccess.FILE\_WRITE\_EA** to TRUE. Otherwise, the object store MUST set **Open.RemainingDesiredAccess.FILE\_WRITE\_EA** to TRUE.
- If **Open.HasRestoreAccess** is TRUE, then the object store MUST set **Open.GrantedAccess.FILE\_WRITE\_ATTRIBUTES** to TRUE. Otherwise, the object store MUST set **Open.RemainingDesiredAccess.FILE\_WRITE\_ATTRIBUTES** to TRUE.
- EndIf
- If **CreateDisposition** is FILE\_SUPERSEDE:
  - If **Open.HasRestoreAccess** is TRUE, then the object store MUST set **Open.GrantedAccess.DELETE** to TRUE. Otherwise, the object store MUST set **Open.RemainingDesiredAccess.DELETE** to TRUE.
- Else:
  - If **Open.HasRestoreAccess** is TRUE, then the object store MUST set **Open.GrantedAccess.FILE\_WRITE\_DATA** to TRUE. Otherwise, the object store MUST set **Open.RemainingDesiredAccess.FILE\_WRITE\_DATA** to TRUE.
- EndIf
- **Open.RemainingDesiredAccess** &= ~**Open.GrantedAccess**
- Perform access checks as described in section 2.1.5.1.2.1. If this fails with STATUS\_SHARING\_VIOLATION:
  - If **Open.Stream.Oplock** is not empty and **Open.Stream.Oplock.State** contains HANDLE\_CACHING, the object store MUST check for an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12, with input values as follows:
    - **Open** equal to this operation's **Open**
    - **Oplock** equal to **Open.Stream.Oplock**
    - **Operation** equal to "OPEN\_BREAK\_H"
  - Perform access checks as described in section 2.1.5.1.2.1. If this fails, the request MUST be failed with the same status.
- EndIf
- Perform sharing access checks as described in section 2.1.5.1.2.2. If this fails with STATUS\_SHARING\_VIOLATION:
  - If **Open.Stream.Oplock** is not empty and **Open.Stream.Oplock.State** contains HANDLE\_CACHING, the object store MUST check for an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12, with input values as follows:
    - **Open** equal to this operation's **Open**
    - **Oplock** equal to **Open.Stream.Oplock**
    - **Operation** equal to "OPEN\_BREAK\_H"
  - Perform sharing access checks as described in section 2.1.5.1.2.2. If this fails, the request MUST be failed with the same status.
- EndIf

- Note that the file has been modified as specified in section 2.1.4.17 with **Open** equal to **Open**.
  - If **CreateDisposition** is FILE\_SUPERSEDE, the object store MUST set **CreateAction** to FILE\_SUPERSEDED; otherwise, it MUST set **CreateAction** to FILE\_OVERWRITTEN.
- EndIf
- Else: // **Stream** not found.
  - If **CreateDisposition** is FILE\_OPEN or FILE\_OVERWRITE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_OBJECT\_NAME\_NOT\_FOUND.
  - If **Open.GrantedAccess**.FILE\_WRITE\_DATA is not set and **Open.RemainingDesiredAccess**.FILE\_WRITE\_DATA is not set:
    - If **Open.HasRestoreAccess** is TRUE, then the object store MUST set **Open.GrantedAccess**.FILE\_WRITE\_DATA to TRUE; otherwise, the object store MUST set **Open.RemainingDesiredAccess**.FILE\_WRITE\_DATA to TRUE.
  - EndIf
  - Perform access checks as described in section 2.1.5.1.2.1. If this fails, the request MUST be failed with the same status.
  - If **File.Volume.IsReadOnly** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_MEDIA\_WRITE\_PROTECTED.
  - Update **File.LastChangeTime** to the current time.
  - Set **File.FileAttributes**.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_ARCHIVE to TRUE.
  - Build a new **Stream** object with all fields initially set to zero.
  - Set **Stream.StreamType** to DataStream.
  - Set **Stream.Name** to *StreamNameToOpen*.
  - Set **Stream.File** to **File**.
  - Add **Stream** to **File.StreamList**.
  - Set **Open.Stream** to **Stream**.
  - Set **CreateAction** to FILE\_CREATED.
- EndIf.
- Else: // *FileTypeToOpen* is ViewIndexFile
  - // Note that when *FileTypeToOpen* is ViewIndexFile, the stream always exists in the file
  - // **Open.Stream.StreamType** is ViewIndexStream.
- EndIf
- If the object store implements encryption:
  - If (**CreateAction** is FILE\_OVERWRITTEN or FILE\_SUPERSEDED) and (**Stream.Name** is empty) and (**DesiredFileAttributes**.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_ENCRYPTED is TRUE) and (**File.FileAttributes**.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_ENCRYPTED is FALSE), then:



- If **File.OpenList** is non-empty, then the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_SHARING\_VIOLATION.
- EndIf
- EndIf
- If **CreateAction** is one of FILE\_OVERWRITTEN or FILE\_SUPERSEDED, then:
  - If **Stream.Name** is empty:
    - Set **File.FileAttributes** to **DesiredFileAttributes**.
  - EndIf
- EndIf
- If the object store implements encryption and **File.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_ENCRYPTED** is TRUE:
  - If **CreateAction** is FILE\_OPENED:
    - If **Stream.IsEncrypted** is TRUE:
      - If **UserCertificate** is empty, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_CS\_ENCRYPTION\_EXISTING\_ENCRYPTED\_FILE.
      - If **UserCertificate** is not in **File.UserCertificateList**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_ACCESS\_DENIED.
    - EndIf
  - Else: // we are creating, overwriting, or superseding a stream
    - If **UserCertificate** is empty, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_CS\_ENCRYPTION\_NEW\_ENCRYPTED\_FILE.
    - If **Stream.Name** is empty:
      - If **File.UserCertificateList** is empty, insert **UserCertificate** into **File.UserCertificateList**.
    - Else:
      - If **UserCertificate** is not in **File.UserCertificateList**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_ACCESS\_DENIED.
    - EndIf
    - If **File.FileType** is DataFile, set **Stream.IsEncrypted** to TRUE.
  - EndIf
- EndIf
- If **CreateAction** is one of FILE\_CREATED, FILE\_OVERWRITTEN or FILE\_SUPERSEDED, then:
  - The object store MUST set *FilterMatch* to a set of flags capturing modifications to the existing file's persistent attributes performed during the Open operation.

- Send directory change notification as per section 2.1.4.1, with **Volume** equal to **File.Volume**, **Action** equal to FILE\_ACTION\_MODIFIED, **FilterMatch** equal to *FilterMatch*, and **FileName** equal to **Open.FileName**.
- EndIf
- If **CreateAction** is FILE\_CREATED, then the object store MUST insert **Stream** into **File.StreamList**.
- If **File** is not in **File.Volume.OpenFileList**, the object store MUST insert it.
- The object store MUST insert **Open** into **File.OpenList**.
- If Stream.Name is not empty:
  - If **CreateAction** is FILE\_CREATED:
    - Send directory change notification as per section 2.1.4.1, with **Volume** equal to **File.Volume**, **Action** equal to FILE\_ACTION\_ADDED\_STREAM, *FilterMatch* equal to FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGED\_STREAM\_NAME, and **FileName** equal to **Open.FileName** + ":" + **Stream.Name**.
  - If **CreateAction** is one of FILE\_OVERWRITTEN or FILE\_SUPERSEDED:
    - Send directory change notification as per section 2.1.4.1, with **Volume** equal to **File.Volume**, **Action** equal to FILE\_ACTION\_MODIFIED\_STREAM, *FilterMatch* equal to (FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_STREAM\_SIZE | FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_STREAM\_WRITE), and **FileName** equal to **Open.FileName** + ":" + **Stream.Name**.
- EndIf
- EndIf
- The object store MUST return:
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.
  - **CreateAction** set to FILE\_OPENED.
  - The **Open** object created previously.

#### 2.1.5.1.2.1 Algorithm to Check Access to an Existing File

The inputs to the algorithm are:

- **Open:** The **Open** for an in-progress Open operation to an existing file.

On completion, the algorithm returns:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result of the access check.

This object store MUST perform access checks when opening an existing file, making use of the file's security descriptor and possibly the parent file's security descriptor.

Pseudocode for these checks is as follows:

- If **Open.File.FileType** is DataFile and (**File.FileAttributes**.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_READONLY && (**DesiredAccess**.FILE\_WRITE\_DATA || **DesiredAccess**.FILE\_APPEND\_DATA)), then return STATUS\_ACCESS\_DENIED.
- If ((**File.FileAttributes**.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_READONLY || **File.Volume.IsReadOnly**) && **CreateOptions**.FILE\_DELETE\_ON\_CLOSE), then return STATUS\_CANNOT\_DELETE.

- If **Open.RemainingDesiredAccess** is nonzero:
  - If **Open.RemainingDesiredAccess.MAXIMUM\_ALLOWED** is TRUE:
    - For each Access Flag in **FILE\_ALL\_ACCESS**, the object store MUST set **Open.GrantedAccess.Access** if **AccessCheck(SecurityContext, File.SecurityDescriptor, Access)** returns TRUE.
    - If **File.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_READONLY** or **File.Volume.IsReadOnly**, then the object store MUST clear (**FILE\_WRITE\_DATA | FILE\_APPEND\_DATA | FILE\_ADD\_SUBDIRECTORY | FILE\_DELETE\_CHILD**) from **Open.GrantedAccess**.
  - Else:
    - For each Access Flag in **Open.RemainingDesired.Access**, the object store MUST set **Open.GrantedAccess.Access** if **AccessCheck(SecurityContext, File.SecurityDescriptor, Access)** returns TRUE.
  - EndIf
  - If (**Open.RemainingDesiredAccess.MAXIMUM\_ALLOWED** || **Open.RemainingDesiredAccess.DELETE**), the object store MUST set **Open.GrantedAccess.DELETE** if **AccessCheck(SecurityContext, Open.Link.ParentFile.SecurityDescriptor, FILE\_DELETE\_CHILD)** returns TRUE.
  - If (**Open.RemainingDesiredAccess.MAXIMUM\_ALLOWED** || **Open.RemainingDesiredAccess.FILE\_READ\_ATTRIBUTES**), the object store MUST set **Open.GrantedAccess.FILE\_READ\_ATTRIBUTES** if **AccessCheck(SecurityContext, Open.Link.ParentFile.SecurityDescriptor, FILE\_LIST\_DIRECTORY)** returns TRUE.
  - **Open.RemainingDesiredAccess &= ~(Open.GrantedAccess | MAXIMUM\_ALLOWED)**
  - If **Open.RemainingDesiredAccess** is nonzero, then return **STATUS\_ACCESS\_DENIED**.
- EndIf

Since deletion of a file's primary stream implies deletion of the entire file, including any **alternate data streams**, the object store MUST check for sharing conflicts involving deletion of the primary stream and the sharing modes of all opens to the file.

Pseudocode for these checks is as follows:

- If **Open.SharingMode.FILE\_SHARE\_DELETE** is FALSE and **Open.GrantedAccess** contains any one or more of (**FILE\_EXECUTE | FILE\_READ\_DATA | FILE\_WRITE\_DATA | FILE\_APPEND\_DATA | DELETE**):
  - For each *ExistingOpen* in **Open.File.OpenList**:
    - If *ExistingOpen*.~~Mode~~.~~FILE\_GrantedAccess~~.~~DELETE\_ON\_CLOSE~~ is TRUE and (*ExistingOpen*.**Stream.StreamType** is **DirectoryStream** or *ExistingOpen*.**Stream.Name** is empty), then return **STATUS\_SHARING\_VIOLATION**.
  - EndFor
- EndIf
- If **Open.GrantedAccess.DELETE** is TRUE and (**Open.Stream.StreamType** is **DirectoryStream** or **Open.Stream.Name** is empty):
  - For each *ExistingOpen* in **Open.File.OpenList**:

- If *ExistingOpen*.**SharingMode**.FILE\_SHARE\_DELETE is FALSE, and *ExistingOpen*.**GrantedAccess** contains one or more of (FILE\_EXECUTE | FILE\_READ\_DATA | FILE\_WRITE\_DATA | FILE\_APPEND\_DATA | DELETE), then return STATUS\_SHARING\_VIOLATION.
- EndFor
- EndIf
- Return STATUS\_SUCCESS.

#### 2.1.5.1.2.2 Algorithm to Check Sharing Access to an Existing Stream or Directory

The inputs to the algorithm are:

- **Open:** The **Open** for an in-progress Open operation to an existing stream or directory.

On completion, the algorithm returns:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result of the sharing check.

The object store MUST perform sharing checks when opening an existing stream or directory.

Pseudocode for these checks is as follows:

- If **AccessCheck**(**SecurityContext**, **Open.Link.ParentFile.SecurityDescriptor**, FILE\_WRITE\_DATA) returns FALSE, the object store MUST set **Open.SharingMode**.FILE\_SHARE\_READ to TRUE.
- If **DesiredAccess** contains any of (FILE\_READ\_DATA | FILE\_EXECUTE | FILE\_WRITE\_DATA | FILE\_APPEND\_DATA | DELETE):
  - For each *ExistingOpen* in **Open.File.OpenList**:
    - If *ExistingOpen*.**Stream** equals **Open.Stream** and *ExistingOpen*.**GrantedAccess** contains any of (FILE\_READ\_DATA | FILE\_EXECUTE | FILE\_WRITE\_DATA | FILE\_APPEND\_DATA | DELETE), then return STATUS\_SHARING\_VIOLATION under any of the following conditions:
      - If *ExistingOpen*.**SharingMode**.FILE\_SHARE\_READ is FALSE and *DesiredAccess*.**Open.GrantedAccess** contains either FILE\_READ\_DATA or FILE\_EXECUTE
      - If *ExistingOpen*.**SharingMode**.FILE\_SHARE\_WRITE is FALSE and *DesiredAccess*.**Open.GrantedAccess** contains either FILE\_WRITE\_DATA or FILE\_APPEND\_DATA
      - If *ExistingOpen*.**SharingMode**.FILE\_SHARE\_DELETE is FALSE and *ExistingOpen*.**Open.GrantedAccess** contains DELETE
      - If **Open.SharingMode**.FILE\_SHARE\_READ is FALSE and *ExistingOpen*.**GrantedAccess** contains either FILE\_READ\_DATA or FILE\_EXECUTE
      - If **Open.SharingMode**.FILE\_SHARE\_WRITE is FALSE and *ExistingOpen*.**GrantedAccess** contains either FILE\_WRITE\_DATA or FILE\_APPEND\_DATA
      - If **Open.SharingMode**.FILE\_SHARE\_DELETE is FALSE and *ExistingOpen*.**GrantedAccess** contains DELETE
- EndIf

- EndFor
- EndIf
- If **Open.Stream.Oplock** is not empty, the object store MUST check for an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12, with input values as follows:
  - **Open** equal to this operation's **Open**
  - **Oplock** equal to **Open.Stream.Oplock**
  - **Operation** equal to "OPEN"
  - **OpParams** containing two members:
    - **DesiredAccess** equal to this operation's **DesiredAccess**
    - **CreateDisposition** equal to this operation's **CreateDisposition**
  - EndIf
  - Return STATUS\_SUCCESS.

### 2.1.5.2 Server Requests a Read

The server provides:

- **Open:** The **Open** of the DataFile to read from.
- **ByteOffset:** The absolute byte offset in the stream from which to read data.
- **ByteCount:** The requested number of bytes to read.
- **Unbuffered:** A Boolean value. TRUE indicates that the read is unbuffered (read directly from disk after writing and removing any cached data for this range); otherwise, the value of **Open.Mode.FILE\_NO\_INTERMEDIATE\_BUFFERING** determines whether the read is unbuffered.
- **Key:** A 32-bit unsigned integer containing an identifier for the open by a specific process.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.
- **OutputBuffer:** An array of bytes that were read.
- **BytesRead:** The number of bytes that were read.

This operation uses the following local variables:

- Boolean values (initialized to FALSE): *IsUnbuffered*

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **Unbuffered** is TRUE or **Open.Mode.FILE\_NO\_INTERMEDIATE\_BUFFERING** is TRUE, then set *IsUnbuffered* to TRUE.
- If *IsUnbuffered* is TRUE & (**ByteOffset** >= 0), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER under any of the following conditions:
  - (**ByteOffset** % **Open.File.Volume.LogicalBytesPerSector**) is not zero.

- **(ByteCount % Open.File.Volume.LogicalBytesPerSector)** is not zero.
- If **ByteOffset** is negative, then the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If **(ByteOffset + ByteCount)** is larger than MAXLONGLONG (0x7fffffffffffffff), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If **ByteCount** is zero, the object store MUST return:
  - **BytesRead** set to zero.
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.
- Set *RequestedByteCount* to **ByteCount**.
- If **Open.Stream.Oplock** is not empty, the object store MUST check for an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12, with input values as follows:
  - **Open** equal to this operation's **Open**
  - **Oplock** equal to **Open.Stream.Oplock**
  - **Operation** equal to "READ"
  - **OpParams** empty
- Determine if the read is in conflict with an existing byte range lock on **Open.Stream** using the algorithm described in section 2.1.4.10 (with **ByteOffset** set to **ByteOffset**, **Length** set to **ByteCount**, **IsExclusive** set to FALSE, **LockIntent** set to FALSE, server provided **Key** and **Open** set to **Open**). If the algorithm returns TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_FILE\_LOCK\_CONFLICT.
- If **ByteOffset** >= **Open.Stream.Size**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_END\_OF\_FILE.
- If **(ByteOffset + ByteCount)** >= **Open.Stream.Size**, truncate **ByteCount** to **(Open.Stream.Size - ByteOffset)** and then set *RequestedByteCount* to **ByteCount**.
- If *IsUnbuffered* is TRUE:
  - The object store MUST write any unwritten cached data for this range of the stream to disk.
  - The object store MUST remove from the cache any cached data for this range of the stream.
  - If **(ByteOffset** >= **Open.Stream.ValidDataLength**):
    - If **Open.Mode.FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_ALERT** is TRUE or **Open.Mode.FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_NONALERT** is TRUE, the object store MUST set **Open.CurrentByteOffset** to **(ByteOffset + ByteCount)**.
    - If **Open.File.UserSetAccessTime** is FALSE, the object store MUST update **Open.File.LastAccessTime** to the current system time.
    - The object store MUST return:
      - **BytesRead** set to **ByteCount**.
      - **OutputBuffer** filled with **ByteCount** zero(s).
      - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.
- EndIf

- If  $((\text{ByteOffset} + \text{ByteCount}) \geq \text{Open.Stream.ValidDataLength})$ , truncate **ByteCount** to  $(\text{Open.Stream.ValidDataLength} - \text{ByteOffset})$ .
- Set *BytesToRead* to **BlockAlign**(**ByteCount**, **Open.File.Volume.LogicalBytesPerSector**).
- Read *BytesToRead* bytes from the disk at offset **ByteOffset** for this stream into **OutputBuffer**. If the read from the disk failed, the operation MUST be failed with the same error status.
- If *RequestedByteCount* > **ByteCount**, zero out **OutputBuffer** between **ByteCount** and *RequestedByteCount*.
- If **Open.Mode.FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_ALERT** is TRUE or **Open.Mode.FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_NONALERT** is TRUE, the object store MUST set **Open.CurrentByteOffset** to  $(\text{ByteOffset} + \text{RequestedByteCount})$ .
- If **Open.File.UserSetAccessTime** is FALSE, the object store MUST update **Open.File.LastAccessTime** to the current system time.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - **BytesRead** set to *RequestedByteCount*.
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.
- Else
  - Read **ByteCount** bytes at offset **ByteOffset** from the cache for this stream into **OutputBuffer**.
  - If **Open.Mode.FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_ALERT** is TRUE or **Open.Mode.FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_NONALERT** is TRUE, the object store MUST set **Open.CurrentByteOffset** to  $(\text{ByteOffset} + \text{ByteCount})$ .
  - If **Open.File.UserSetAccessTime** is FALSE, the object store MUST update **Open.File.LastAccessTime** to the current system time.
  - Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
    - **BytesRead** set to **ByteCount**.
    - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.
- EndIf

### 2.1.5.3 Server Requests a Write

The server provides:

- **Open:** The **Open** of the DataFile to write to.
- **InputBuffer:** An array of bytes to write.
- **ByteOffset:** The absolute byte offset in the stream where data is written. **ByteOffset** could be negative, which means the write occurs at the end of the stream.
- **ByteCount:** The number of bytes in **InputBuffer** to write.
- **Unbuffered:** A Boolean value. TRUE indicates that the write is unbuffered (written directly to disk after writing and removing any cached data for this range); otherwise, the value of

**Open.Mode.FILE\_NO\_INTERMEDIATE\_BUFFERING** determines whether the write is unbuffered.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.
- **BytesWritten:** The number of bytes written.

This operation uses the following local variables:

Boolean values (initialized to FALSE): *DoingIoAtEof*, *IsUnbuffered*

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **Unbuffered** is TRUE or **Open.Mode.FILE\_NO\_INTERMEDIATE\_BUFFERING** is TRUE, then set *IsUnbuffered* to TRUE.
- If *IsUnbuffered* is TRUE and (**ByteOffset** >= 0), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER under any of the following conditions:
  - If (**ByteOffset** % **Open.File.Volume.LogicalBytesPerSector**) is not zero.
  - If (**ByteCount** % **Open.File.Volume.LogicalBytesPerSector**) is not zero.
- If **ByteOffset** equals -2, then set **ByteOffset** to **Open.CurrentByteOffset**.
- If **Open.File.Volume.IsReadOnly**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_MEDIA\_WRITE\_PROTECTED.
- If ((**ByteOffset** + **ByteCount**) > MAXLONGLONG (0x7fffffffffffffff) and (**ByteOffset** >= 0), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If **ByteCount** is zero, the object store MUST return:
  - **BytesWritten** set to 0.
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.
- If ((**ByteOffset** < 0) and (**Open.Stream.Size** + **ByteCount**) > MAXLONGLONG (0x7fffffffffffffff), the operation MUST fail with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If (**ByteOffset** < 0), set **ByteOffset** to **Open.Stream.Size**.
- If (**ByteOffset** + **ByteCount**) > MAXFILESIZE (0xffffffff0000), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- Initialize *UsnReason* to zero.
- If (**ByteOffset** + **ByteCount**) > **Open.Stream.Size**, set *UsnReason.USN\_REASON\_DATA\_EXTEND* to TRUE.
- If **ByteOffset** < **Open.Stream.Size**, set *UsnReason.USN\_REASON\_DATA\_OVERWRITE* to TRUE.
- If **Open.Stream.Oplock** is not empty, the object store MUST check for an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12, with input values as follows:
  - **Open** equal to this operation's **Open**
  - **Oplock** equal to **Open.Stream.Oplock**
  - **Operation** equal to "WRITE"



- **OpParams** empty
- Determine if the write is in conflict with an existing byte range lock on **Open.Stream** using the algorithm described in section 2.1.4.10 (with **ByteOffset** set to **ByteOffset**, **Length** set to **ByteCount**, **IsExclusive** set to TRUE, **LockIntent** set to FALSE and **Open** set to **Open**). If the algorithm returns TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_FILE\_LOCK\_CONFLICT.
- The object store MUST post a USN change as per section 2.1.4.11 with **File** equal to **File**, **Reason** equal to *UsnReason*, and **FileName** equal to **Open.Link.Name**.
- If  $((\mathbf{ByteOffset} + \mathbf{ByteCount}) > \mathbf{Open.Stream.ValidDataLength})$ , then set *DoingIoAtEof* to TRUE.
- If  $((\mathbf{ByteOffset} + \mathbf{ByteCount}) > \mathbf{Open.Stream.AllocationSize})$ , the object store MUST increase **Open.Stream.AllocationSize** to **BlockAlign(ByteOffset + ByteCount, Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize)**. If there is not enough disk space, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_DISK\_FULL.
- If *IsUnbuffered* is TRUE:
  - The object store MUST write any unwritten cached data for this range of the stream to disk.
  - The object store MUST remove from the cache any cached data for this range of the stream.
  - If the object store supports **Open.Volume.ClusterRefCount**, it MUST check the reference count of each cluster that is being updated by this operation. If any cluster being updated has a reference count other than 1, the object store MUST do the following:
    - The object store MUST remove the EXTENTS containing the cluster and decrement the reference count of the cluster in **Open.Volume.ClusterRefCount**.
    - The Object store MUST allocate free clusters on the volume and insert new EXTENTS in the **Open.Stream.ExtentList** pointing to the newly allocated cluster.
    - The object store MUST increment the reference count of the newly allocated cluster in **Open.Volume.ClusterRefCount**.
  - If *DoingIoAtEof* is TRUE, and  $(\mathbf{Open.Stream.ValidDataLength} < \mathbf{ByteOffset})$ , write zeroes to the location on disk corresponding to the range between **Open.Stream.ValidDataLength** and **ByteOffset** in the stream, and then write the first **ByteCount** bytes of **InputBuffer** to the location on disk corresponding to the range starting at offset **ByteOffset** in the stream. If either write to the disk failed, the operation MUST be failed with the corresponding error status.
- EndIf
- If *IsUnbuffered* is FALSE, *DoingIoAtEof* is TRUE, and  $(\mathbf{Open.Stream.ValidDataLength} < \mathbf{ByteOffset})$ , zero out the range between **Open.Stream.ValidDataLength** and **ByteOffset** in the cache for this stream and then write the first **ByteCount** bytes of **InputBuffer** into the cache for this stream at offset **ByteOffset**. If there would not be enough disk space to flush the cache, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_DISK\_FULL. If **Open.Mode.FILE\_WRITE\_THROUGH** is TRUE, the cache write will also trigger a flush of the cache for that range to the disk.
- If **Open.Mode.FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_ALERT** is TRUE or **Open.Mode.FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_NONALERT** is TRUE, the object store MUST set **Open.CurrentByteOffset** to  $(\mathbf{ByteOffset} + \mathbf{ByteCount})$ .
- The object store MUST note that the file has been modified as specified in section 2.1.4.17 with **Open** equal to **Open**.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST set:

- **Open.Stream.Size** to the maximum of **Open.Stream.Size** or (**ByteOffset** + **ByteCount**).
- **Open.Stream.ValidDataLength** to the maximum of **Open.Stream.ValidDataLength** or (**ByteOffset** + **ByteCount**).
- **BytesWritten** to **ByteCount**.
- **Status** to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

#### 2.1.5.4 Server Requests Closing an Open

The server provides:

- **Open:** The **Open** that the application is to close.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.

This operation uses the following local variables:

- Boolean values (initialized to FALSE): *LinkDeleted*, *StreamDeleted*, *FileDeleted*, *PostUsnClose*

The **Open** provided by the application MUST be removed from **Open.File.OpenList**.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- Phase 1 - Delete on Close:
- If **Open.Mode.FILE\_DELETE\_ON\_CLOSE** is TRUE:
  - If **Open.Stream.Name** is empty:
    - If (**Open.Stream.StreamType** is DataStream or **Open.File.DirectoryList** is empty), then **Open.Link.IsDeleted** MUST be set to TRUE.
  - Else:
    - **Open.Stream.IsDeleted** MUST be set to TRUE.
  - EndIf
- EndIf
- Phase 2 -Stream Deletion:
- If **Open.Stream.IsDeleted** is TRUE and **Open.File.OpenList** does not contain any Opens on **Open.Stream** (this is a close of the last Open to a stream that has been marked deleted), then:
  - **Open.Stream** MUST be removed from **Open.File.StreamList**.
  - If **Open.Stream.IsSparse** is TRUE, and there does not exist an *ExistingStream* in **Open.File.StreamList** such that *ExistingStream.IsSparse* is TRUE:
    - The object store MUST set **Open.File.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_SPARSE\_FILE** to FALSE, indicating that no streams of the file are sparse.
    - The object store MUST post a USN change as per section 2.1.4.11 with **File** equal to **File**, **Reason** equal to USN\_REASON\_STREAM\_CHANGE | USN\_REASON\_BASIC\_INFO\_CHANGE, and **FileName** equal to **Open.Link.Name**.
  - Else:

- The object store MUST post a USN change as per section 2.1.4.11 with **File** equal to **File**, **Reason** equal to **USN\_REASON\_STREAM\_CHANGE**, and **FileName** equal to **Open.Link.Name**.
  - EndIf
  - *StreamDeleted* MUST be set to TRUE.
  - *PostUsnClose* MUST be set to TRUE.
- EndIf
- Phase 3 - File Deletion:
- If **Open.Link.IsDeleted** is TRUE and there does not exist an *ExistingOpen* in **Open.File.OpenList** that has *ExistingOpen.Link* equal to **Open.Link**:
  - Remove **Open.Link** from **Open.File.LinkList**.
  - Remove **Open.Link** from **Open.Link.ParentFile.DirectoryList**.
  - Set *LinkDeleted* to TRUE.
  - If **Open.File.LinkList** is empty:
    - Set *FileDeleted* to TRUE.
  - EndIf
- EndIf
- Phase 4 - Truncate on Close:
- Set *AllocationClusters* to **ClustersFromBytes(Open.File.Volume, Open.Stream.AllocationSize)**.
- Set *FileClusters* to **ClustersFromBytes(Open.File.Volume, Open.Stream.FileSize)**.
- If *AllocationClusters* > *FileClusters*:
  - This file has excess allocation. The object store SHOULD free (*AllocationClusters* - *FileClusters*) clusters of allocation from the end of the stream, and set **Open.Stream.AllocationSize** to *FileClusters* \* **Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize**.
  - If the object store supports **Open.File.Volume.ClusterRefCount**, the object store MUST decrement the reference count of each cluster that is pointed to by the EXTENTS in the **Open.Stream.ExtentList** that were freed by the previous step. If the corresponding cluster's reference count goes to zero, the cluster MUST be freed.
- EndIf
- Phase 5 -- Directory Change Notification:
- When a directory **Open** with outstanding directory change notification requests is closed, these requests are completed using the algorithm below.
- If **Open.Stream.StreamType** is **DirectoryStream**:
  - For each **ChangeNotifyEntry** in **Volume.ChangeNotifyList** where **ChangeNotifyEntry.OpenedDirectory** is equal to **Open** then the following actions MUST be taken:

- Remove **ChangeNotifyEntry** from **Volume.ChangeNotifyList**.
- Complete the **ChangeNotify** operation with status STATUS\_NOTIFY\_CLEANUP.
- EndFor
- EndIf
- If **Open.Link** is deleted, a directory change notification on **Open.Link.ParentFile** MUST be issued. Pseudocode for these notifications is as follows:
  - If *LinkDeleted* is TRUE:
    - Set *Action* to FILE\_ACTION\_REMOVED.
    - If **Open.Stream.StreamType** is DirectoryStream:
      - Set *FilterMatch* to FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_DIR\_NAME.
    - Else:
      - Set *FilterMatch* to FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_FILE\_NAME.
    - EndIf
    - Send directory change notification as per section 2.1.4.1 with **Volume** equal to **Open.File.Volume**, **Action** equal to *Action*, **FilterMatch** equal to *FilterMatch*, and **FileName** equal to **Open.FileName**.
  - EndIf
- If **Open.Stream** was deleted, then the stream deletion change notification MUST be issued. Pseudocode for this notification is as follows:
  - If *StreamDeleted* is TRUE:
    - Set *Action* to FILE\_ACTION\_REMOVED\_STREAM.
    - Set *FilterMatch* to FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_STREAM\_NAME.
    - Send directory change notification as per section 2.1.4.1 with **Volume** equal to **Open.File.Volume**, **Action** equal to *Action*, **FilterMatch** equal to *FilterMatch* and **FileName** equal to **Open.FileName** + ":" + **Stream.Name**.
  - EndIf
- If **Open.File** has had other changes that were not notified, a directory change notification reflecting those changes MUST be issued. Pseudocode for this notification is as follows:
  - Set *FilterMatch* to **Open.File.PendingNotifications**.
  - If *FilterMatch* is nonzero:
    - Set *Action* to FILE\_ACTION\_MODIFIED.
    - Send directory change notification as per section 2.1.4.1 with **Volume** equal to **Open.File.Volume**, **Action** equal to *Action*, **FilterMatch** equal to *FilterMatch* and **FileName** equal to **Open.FileName**.
    - Set **Open.File.PendingNotifications** to zero.
  - EndIf

- If this is an **Open** to a named data **Stream** (**Open.Stream.StreamType** is **DataStream** and **Open.Stream.Name** is not empty) and there have been changes to it that weren't previously notified, a directory change notification reflecting those changes MUST be issued. Pseudocode for this notification is as follows:
  - Set *FilterMatch* to **Open.Stream.PendingNotifications**.
  - If *FilterMatch* is nonzero:
    - Set *Action* to **FILE\_ACTION\_MODIFIED\_STREAM**.
    - Send directory change notification as per section 2.1.4.1 with **Volume** equal to **Open.File.Volume**, **Action** equal to *Action*, **FilterMatch** equal to *FilterMatch* and **FileName** equal to **Open.FileName**+ ":" + **Stream.Name**.
    - Set **Open.Stream.PendingNotifications** to zero.
  - EndIf
  - If *LinkDeleted* is TRUE:
    - If *FileDeleted* is FALSE:
      - Post a USN change as per section 2.1.4.11 with **File** equal to **File**, **Reason** equal to **USN\_REASON\_HARD\_LINK\_CHANGE**, and **FileName** equal to **Open.Link.Name**.
      - Set *PostUsnClose* to TRUE.
    - Else:
      - Post a USN change as per section 2.1.4.11 with **File** equal to **File**, **Reason** equal to **USN\_REASON\_FILE\_DELETE | USN\_REASON\_CLOSE**, and **FileName** equal to **Open.Link.Name**.
    - EndIf
  - EndIf
  - If *FileDeleted* is TRUE and **Open.File.ObjectId** is not empty:
    - The object store MUST construct a **FILE\_OBJECTID\_INFORMATION** structure (as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.28.1) *ObjectIdInfo* as follows:
      - *ObjectIdInfo.FileReference* set to zero.
      - *ObjectIdInfo.ObjectId* set to **Open.File.ObjectId**.
      - *ObjectIdInfo.BirthVolumeId* set to **Open.File.BirthVolumeId**.
      - *ObjectIdInfo.BirthObjectId* set to **Open.File.BirthObjectId**.
      - *ObjectIdInfo.DomainId* set to **Open.File.DomainId**.
    - Send directory change notification as per section 2.1.4.1, with **Volume** equal to **Open.File.Volume**, **Action** equal to **FILE\_ACTION\_REMOVED\_BY\_DELETE**, **FilterMatch** equal to **FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_FILE\_NAME**, **FileName** equal to "\\\$Extend\\$ObjId", **NotifyData** equal to **ObjectIdInfo**, and **NotifyDataLength** equal to **sizeof(FILE\_OBJECTID\_INFORMATION)**.
  - EndIf
  - Phase 6 -- USN Journal:

- If *PostUsnClose* is TRUE:
  - Post a USN change as per section 2.1.4.11 with **File** equal to **File**, **Reason** equal to **USN\_REASON\_CLOSE**, and **FileName** equal to **Open.Link.Name**.
- EndIf
- Phase 7 -- Tunnel Cache:
  - If *LinkDeleted* is TRUE, then a new **TunnelCacheEntry** object *TunnelCacheEntry* MUST be constructed and added to the **Open.File.Volume.TunnelCacheList** as follows:
    - *TunnelCacheEntry.EntryTime* MUST be set to the current time.
    - *TunnelCacheEntry.ParentFile* MUST be set to **Open.Link.ParentFile**.
    - *TunnelCacheEntry.FileName* MUST be set to **Open.Link.Name**.
    - *TunnelCacheEntry.FileShortName* MUST be set to **Open.Link.ShortName**.
    - If **Open.FileName** matches **Open.Link.ShortName** then *TunnelCacheEntry.KeyByShortName* MUST be set to TRUE, else *TunnelCacheEntry.KeyByShortName* MUST be set to FALSE.
    - *TunnelCacheEntry.FileCreationTime* MUST be set to **Open.File.CreationTime**.
    - *TunnelCacheEntry.ObjectIdInfo* MUST be set to **Open.File.ObjectId**.
    - *TunnelCacheEntry.ObjectIdInfo.BirthVolumeId* MUST be set to **Open.File.BirthVolumeId**.
    - *TunnelCacheEntry.ObjectIdInfo.BirthObjectId* MUST be set to **Open.File.BirthObjectId**.
    - *TunnelCacheEntry.ObjectIdInfo.DomainId* MUST be set to **Open.File.DomainId**.
- EndIf
- If **Open.File.FileType** is **DirectoryFile** and *LinkDeleted* is TRUE, then **Open.File** MUST have every *TunnelCacheEntry* associated with it invalidated:
  - For every *ExistingTunnelCacheEntry* in **Open.File.Volume.TunnelCacheList**:
    - If *ExistingTunnelCacheEntry.ParentFile* matches **Open.File**, then *ExistingTunnelCacheEntry* MUST be removed from **Open.File.Volume.TunnelCacheList**.
  - EndFor
- EndIf
- Phase 8 -- Oplock Cleanup:
  - If **Open.Stream.Oplock** is not empty, the object store MUST check for an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12, with input values as follows:
    - **Open** equal to this operation's **Open**
    - **Oplock** equal to **Open.Stream.Oplock**
    - **Operation** equal to "CLOSE"
    - **OpParams** empty
  - If *LinkDeleted* is TRUE or *FileDeleted* is TRUE:

- If the **Oplock** member of the **DirectoryStream** in **Open.Link.ParentFile.StreamList** (hereinafter referred to as *ParentOplock*) is not empty, the object store MUST check for an oplock break on the parent according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12, with input values as follows:
  - **Open** equal to this operation's **Open**
  - **Oplock** equal to *ParentOplock*
  - **Operation** equal to "CLOSE"
  - **Flags** equal to "PARENT\_OBJECT"
- EndIf
- Phase 9 -- Byte Range Locks:
- All elements from **Open.Stream.ByteRangeLockList** where **ByteRangeLock.OwnerOpen == Open** MUST be removed.
- Phase 10 - Update Timestamps
- If *LinkDeleted* is TRUE and *FileDeleted* is FALSE:
  - If **Open.UserSetChangeTime** is FALSE, update **Open.File.LastChangeTime** to the current time.
  - Set **Open.File.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_ARCHIVE** to TRUE.
- EndIf
- If **Open.GrantedAccess.FILE\_EXECUTE** is TRUE and **Open.UserSetAccessTime** is FALSE:
  - Update **Open.File.LastAccessTime** to the current time.
- EndIf
- Upon successful completion of this operation, the object store MUST return:
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

### 2.1.5.5 Server Requests Querying a Directory

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DirectoryStream.
- **FileInformationClass:** The type of information being queried, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.
- **OutputBufferSize:** The maximum number of bytes to return in **OutputBuffer**.
- **RestartScan:** A Boolean value which, if TRUE, indicates that enumeration is restarted from the beginning of the directory. If FALSE, enumeration continues from the last position.
- **ReturnSingleEntry:** A Boolean value which, if TRUE, indicates that at most one entry MUST be returned. If FALSE, a variable count of entries could be returned, not to exceed **OutputBufferSize** bytes.
- **FileIndex:** An index number from which to resume the enumeration if the object store supports it (optional).

- **FileNamePattern:** A Unicode string containing the file name pattern to match. The object store MUST treat any asterisk ("\*") and question mark ("?") characters in **FileNamePattern** as wildcards. **FileNamePattern** could be empty. The object store MUST treat an empty value as equivalent to the pattern "\*".

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.
- **OutputBuffer:** An array of bytes containing the query results. The structure of these bytes is dependent on the **FileInformationClass**, as noted in the relevant subsection.
- **ByteCount:** The number of bytes stored in **OutputBuffer**.

### 2.1.5.5.1 FileObjectIdInformation

The following local variable is used:

- Boolean value (initialized to FALSE): *EmptyPattern*

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_REQUEST.<44>

**OutputBuffer** is an array of one or more FILE\_OBJECTID\_INFORMATION structures as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.28.

This Information class can only be sent to a specific directory that maintains a list of all ObjectIDs on the volume. The name of this directory is: "\\$Extend\\$ObjId:\$O:\$INDEX\_ALLOCATION". If it is sent to any other file or directory on the volume, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_INFO\_CLASS.<45>

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **FileNamePattern** is not empty and **FileNamePattern.Length** (0 is a valid length) is not a multiple of 4, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If **FileNamePattern** is empty, the object store MUST set *EmptyPattern* to TRUE; otherwise it MUST set *EmptyPattern* to FALSE.
- If **FileNamePattern.Length** is less than the size of an ObjectId (16 bytes), **FileNamePattern.Buffer** will be zero filled up to the size of ObjectId.
- The object store MUST search the volume for *Files* having *File.ObjectId* matching **FileNamePattern**. To determine if there is a match, **FileNamePattern.Buffer** is compared to **ObjectId** in chunks of ULONG (4 bytes). Any comparison where the **ObjectId** chunk is greater than or equal to the **FileNamePattern.Buffer** chunk is considered a match. If **FileNamePattern.Length** is longer than the size of **ObjectId** and the first 16 bytes (size of **ObjectId**) of **FileNamePattern.Buffer** is identical to *ObjectId*, **FileNamePatter.Buffer** is considered as greater than **ObjectId**.<46>
- If **RestartScan** is FALSE and *EmptyPattern* is TRUE and there is no match, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_NO\_MORE\_FILES.
- The operation MUST fail with STATUS\_NO\_SUCH\_FILE under any of the following conditions:
  - *EmptyPattern* is FALSE and there is no match.
  - *EmptyPattern* is TRUE and **RestartScan** is TRUE and there is no match.
- The operation MUST fail with STATUS\_BUFFER\_OVERFLOW if **OutputBufferSize** < sizeof(FILE\_OBJECTID\_INFORMATION).



- If there is at least one match, the operation is considered successful. The object store MUST return:
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.
  - **OutputBuffer** containing an array of as many FILE\_OBJECTID\_INFORMATION structures that match the query as will fit in **OutputBuffer** unless **ReturnSingleEntry** is TRUE, in which case only a single entry will be stored in **OutputBuffer**. To continue the query, **FileNamePattern** MUST be empty and RestartScan MUST be FALSE.
  - **ByteCount** set to the number of bytes filled in **OutputBuffer**.

### 2.1.5.5.2 FileReparsePointInformation

The following local variable is used:

- Boolean value (initialized to FALSE): *EmptyPattern*

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_REQUEST.<47>

**OutputBuffer** is an array of one or more FILE\_REPARSE\_POINT\_INFORMATION structures as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.35.

This Information class can only be sent to a specific directory that maintains a list of all Reparse Points on **Open.File.Volume**. The name of this directory is: "\\$Extend\\$Reparse:\$R:\$INDEX\_ALLOCATION". If it is sent to any other file or directory on **Open.File.Volume**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_INFO\_CLASS.<48>

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **FileNamePattern** is not empty and **FileNamePattern.Length** (0 is a valid length) is not a multiple of 4, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If **FileNamePattern** is empty, the object store MUST set *EmptyPattern* to TRUE; otherwise it MUST set *EmptyPattern* to FALSE.
- If **FileNamePattern.Length** is less than the size of a **ReparseTag** (4 bytes), **FileNamePattern.Buffer** will be zero filled up to the size of ReparseTag.
- If *EmptyPattern* is FALSE:
  - The object store MUST search **Open.File.Volume** for *Files* having **File ReparseTag** matching **FileNamePattern**.
- Else
  - The object store MUST match all reparse tags on the volume.
- EndIf
- If **RestartScan** is FALSE and *EmptyPattern* is TRUE and there is no match, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_NO\_MORE\_FILES.
- The operation MUST fail with STATUS\_NO\_SUCH\_FILE under any of the following conditions:
  - *EmptyPattern* is FALSE and there is no match.
  - *EmptyPattern* is TRUE and **RestartScan** is TRUE and there is no match.

- The operation MUST fail with STATUS\_BUFFER\_OVERFLOW if **OutputBuffer** is not large enough to hold the first matching entry.
- If there is at least one match, the operation is considered successful. The object store MUST return:
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.
  - **OutputBuffer** containing an array of as many FILE\_REPARSE\_POINT\_INFORMATION structures that match the query as will fit in **OutputBuffer** unless **ReturnSingleEntry** is TRUE, in which case only a single entry will be stored in **OutputBuffer**. To continue the query, **FileNamePattern** MUST be empty and **RestartScan** MUST be FALSE.
  - **ByteCount** set to the number of bytes filled in **OutputBuffer**.

### 2.1.5.5.3 Directory Information Queries

This section describes how the object store processes directory queries for the following **FileInformationClass** values:

- FileBothDirectoryInformation
- FileDirectoryInformation
- FileFullDirectoryInformation
- FileIdBothDirectoryInformation
- FileIdFullDirectoryInformation
- FileNamesInformation

This algorithm uses the following local variables:

- Boolean value (initialized to FALSE): *FirstQuery*
- **Link**: *Link*
- **Stream**: *DefaultStream*
- 32-bit Unsigned integers: *FileNameBytesToCopy*, *BaseLength*, *FoundNameLength*
- Pointer to given **FileInformationClass** Structure: *Entry*, *LastEntry*
- Status (initialized to STATUS\_SUCCESS): *StatusToReturn*

Pseudocode for the algorithm is as follows:

- If **OutputBufferSize** is less than the size needed to return a single entry, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INFO\_LENGTH\_MISMATCH. The below subsections describe the initial size checks for **OutputBufferSize** to determine whether any entries can be returned.
- If **Open.File** is not a **DirectoryFile**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If **Open.QueryPattern** is empty:
  - If **FileNamePattern** is empty:
    - Set **FileNamePattern** to "\*".
  - Else:

- If **FileNamePattern** is not a valid filename component as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.5, with the exceptions that wildcard characters described in section 2.1.4.3 are permitted and the strings "." and ".." are permitted, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_OBJECT\_NAME\_INVALID.
- EndIf
- *FirstQuery* = TRUE
- Set **Open.QueryPattern** to **FileNamePattern** for use in subsequent queries.
- Else:
  - *FirstQuery* = FALSE
- EndIf
- If **RestartScan** is TRUE or **Open.QueryLastEntry** is empty:
  - Set **Open.QueryLastEntry** to the first *Link* in **Open.File.DirectoryList**, thus enumerating the directory from its beginning.
- EndIf
- Set *Entry* and *LastEntry* to point to the front of **OutputBuffer**.
- Set **ByteCount** to zero.
- Set *BaseLength* to **FieldOffset(FileInformationClass.FileName)**. In other words save the size of the fixed length portion of the given Information Class.
- For each *Link* in **Open.File.DirectoryList** starting at **Open.QueryLastEntry**:
  - If **ReturnSingleEntry** is TRUE and *Entry* != **OutputBuffer**, then break.
  - If *FirstQuery* is TRUE, the object store MUST set the "." and ".." file names as the first two records returned unless one of the following is TRUE:
    - **Open.File** == **File.Volume.RootDirectory**
    - **FileNamePattern** == "."
    - **FileNamePattern** contains wildcard characters as described in section 2.1.4.3 and the Unicode string "." matches **FileNamePattern** according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.4.
- EndIf
- If *Link.Name* or *Link.ShortName* matches **FileNamePattern** as described in section 2.1.4.4 using the following parameters: **FileName** set to *Link.Name* then *Link.ShortName* if not empty, **Expression** set to **FileNamePattern** and **Ignorecase** set to **Open.IsCaseInsensitive**, then:
  - Set *FoundNameLength* to the length, in bytes, of *Link.Name*.
  - If *Entry* != **OutputBuffer** (one or more structures have already been copied into **OutputBuffer**) and (**ByteCount** + *BaseLength* + *FoundNameLength*) > **OutputBufferSize** then break.
  - Set *DefaultStream* to the entry in *Link.File.StreamList* where *DefaultStream.Name* is empty (locate the default stream for the given file or directory).

- The object store MUST copy the fixed portion of the given **FileInformationClass** structure to *Entry* as described in the subsections below. This does not include copying the **FileName** field.
- If  $(\text{ByteCount} + \text{BaseLength} + \text{FoundNameLength}) > \text{OutputBufferSize}$  then:
  - Set *FileNameBytesToCopy* to  $\text{OutputBufferSize} - \text{ByteCount} - \text{BaseLength}$ .
  - Set *StatusToReturn* to STATUS\_BUFFER\_OVERFLOW.
  - The scenario where a partial filename is returned only occurs on the first record being returned. The earlier checks guarantee that there will be room for the fixed portion of the given **FileInformationClass** structure.
- EndIf
- Copy *FileNameBytesToCopy* bytes from *Link.Name* into **FileInformationClass.FileName** field.
- Set *LastEntry.NextEntryOffset* to  $\text{Entry} - \text{OutputBuffer}$ .
- Set **ByteCount** to  $\text{BlockAlign}(\text{ByteCount}, 8) + \text{BaseLength} + \text{FileNameBytesToCopy}$ .
- If *StatusToReturn*  $\neq$  STATUS\_SUCCESS, then break.
- Set *LastEntry* to *Entry*.
- Set *Entry* to  $\text{OutputBuffer} + \text{ByteCount}$ , which points to the beginning of the next record to be returned (if any).
- EndIfSet **Open.QueryLastEntry** to *Link*.
- EndFor
- If no records are being returned:
  - If *FirstQuery* is TRUE:
    - Set *StatusToReturn* to STATUS\_NO\_SUCH\_FILE, which means no files were found in this directory that match the given wildcard pattern.
  - Else:
    - Set *StatusToReturn* to STATUS\_NO\_MORE\_FILES, which means no more files were found in this directory that match the given wildcard pattern.
- EndIf
- If **Open.File.UserSetAccessTime** is FALSE, the object store MUST update **Open.File.LastAccessTime** to the current system time.
- The object store MUST return:
  - **Status** set to *StatusToReturn*.
  - **OutputBuffer** containing an array of as many entries that match the query as will fit in **OutputBufferSize**.
  - **BytesReturned** containing the number of bytes filled in **OutputBuffer**.

#### 2.1.5.5.3.1 FileBothDirectoryInformation

**OutputBuffer** is an array of one or more FILE\_BOTH\_DIR\_INFORMATION structures as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.8. *Entry* is a parameter to this routine that points to the current FILE\_BOTH\_DIR\_INFORMATION structure to fill out. Note that the FileName field is not set in this section.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **OutputBufferSize** is smaller than **FieldOffset**(FILE\_BOTH\_DIR\_INFORMATION.FileName), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INFO\_LENGTH\_MISMATCH.
- The object store MUST process this query using the algorithm described in section 2.1.5.5.3.
- *Entry* MUST be constructed as follows:
  - *Entry.NextEntryOffset* set to zero
  - *Entry.FileIndex* set to zero
  - *Entry.CreationTime* set to *Link.File.CreationTime*
  - *Entry.LastAccessTime* set to *Link.File.LastAccessTime*
  - *Entry.LastWriteTime* set to *Link.File.LastModificationTime*
  - *Entry.ChangeTime* set to *Link.File.LastChangeTime*
  - *Entry.EndOfFile* set to *DefaultStream.Size*
  - *Entry.AllocationSize* set to *DefaultStream.AllocationSize*
  - *Entry.FileAttributes* set to *Link.File.FileAttributes*
  - If *Link.File.FileType* is DirectoryFile:
    - *Entry.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_DIRECTORY* is set
  - EndIf
  - If *Entry.FileAttributes* has no attributes set:
    - *Entry.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_NORMAL* is set
  - EndIf
  - If *Link.File.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_REPARSE\_POINT* is set:
    - *Entry.EaSize* set to *Link.File.ReparseTag*
  - Else:
    - *Entry.EaSize* set to *Link.File.ExtendedAttributesLength*<49>
  - EndIf
  - If *Link.ShortName* is not empty:
    - *Entry.ShortNameLength* set to the length, in bytes, of *Link.ShortName*
    - *Entry.ShortName* set to *Link.ShortName* padding with zeroes as necessary
  - Else:
    - *Entry.ShortNameLength* set to zero

- *Entry*.**ShortName** is filled with zeroes
- EndIf
- *Entry*.**FileNameLength** set to the length ,in bytes, of *Link*.**Name**

### 2.1.5.5.3.2 FileDirectoryInformation

**OutputBuffer** is an array of one or more FILE\_DIRECTORY\_INFORMATION structures as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.10. *Entry* is a parameter to this routine that points to the current FILE\_DIRECTORY\_INFORMATION structure to fill out. Note that the FileName field is not set in this section.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **OutputBufferSize** is smaller than **FieldOffset**(FILE\_DIRECTORY\_INFORMATION.FileName), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INFO\_LENGTH\_MISMATCH.
- The object store MUST process this query using the algorithm described in section 2.1.5.5.3.
- *Entry* MUST be constructed as follows:
  - *Entry*.**NextEntryOffset** set to zero
  - *Entry*.**FileIndex** set to zero
  - *Entry*.**CreationTime** set to *Link*.**File.CreationTime**
  - *Entry*.**LastAccessTime** set to *Link*.**File.LastAccessTime**
  - *Entry*.**LastWriteTime** set to *Link*.**File.LastModificationTime**
  - *Entry*.**ChangeTime** set to *Link*.**File.LastChangeTime**
  - *Entry*.**EndOfFile** set to *DefaultStream*.**Size**
  - *Entry*.**AllocationSize** set to *DefaultStream*.**AllocationSize**
  - *Entry*.**FileAttributes** set to *Link*.**File.FileAttributes**
  - If *Link*.**File.FileType** is DirectoryFile:
    - *Entry*.**FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_DIRECTORY** is set
  - EndIf
  - If *Entry*.**FileAttributes** has no attributes set:
    - *Entry*.**FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_NORMAL** is set
  - EndIf
  - *Entry*.**FileNameLength** set to the length ,in bytes, of *Link*.**Name**

### 2.1.5.5.3.3 FileFullDirectoryInformation

**OutputBuffer** is an array of one or more FILE\_FULL\_DIR\_INFORMATION structures as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.14. *Entry* is a parameter to this routine that points to the current FILE\_FULL\_DIR\_INFORMATION structure to fill out. Note that the FileName field is not set in this section.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **OutputBufferSize** is smaller than **FieldOffset**(FILE\_FULL\_DIR\_INFORMATION.FileName), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INFO\_LENGTH\_MISMATCH.
- The object store MUST process this query using the algorithm described in section 2.1.5.5.3.
- *Entry* MUST be constructed as follows:
  - *Entry.NextEntryOffset* set to zero
  - *Entry.FileIndex* set to zero
  - *Entry.CreationTime* set to *Link.File.CreationTime*
  - *Entry.LastAccessTime* set to *Link.File.LastAccessTime*
  - *Entry.LastWriteTime* set to *Link.File.LastModificationTime*
  - *Entry.ChangeTime* set to *Link.File.LastChangeTime*
  - *Entry.EndOfFile* set to *DefaultStream.Size*
  - *Entry.AllocationSize* set to *DefaultStream.AllocationSize*
  - *Entry.FileAttributes* set to *Link.File.FileAttributes*
  - If *Link.File.FileType* is DirectoryFile:
    - *Entry.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_DIRECTORY* is set
  - EndIf
  - If *Entry.FileAttributes* has no attributes set:
    - *Entry.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_NORMAL* is set
  - EndIf
  - If *Link.File.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_REPARSE\_POINT* is SET:
    - *Entry.EaSize* set to *Link.File.ReparseTag*
  - Else:
    - *Entry.EaSize* set to *Link.File.ExtendedAttributesLength*<50>
  - EndIf
    - *Entry.FileNameLength* set to the length, in bytes, of *Link.Name*

#### 2.1.5.5.3.4 FileIdBothDirectoryInformation

**OutputBuffer** is an array of one or more FILE\_ID\_BOTH\_DIR\_INFORMATION structures as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.17. *Entry* is a parameter to this routine that points to the current FILE\_ID\_BOTH\_DIR\_INFORMATION structure to fill out. Note that the FileName field is not set in this section.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **OutputBufferSize** is smaller than **FieldOffset**(FILE\_ID\_BOTH\_DIR\_INFORMATION.FileName), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INFO\_LENGTH\_MISMATCH.
- The object store MUST process this query using the algorithm described in section 2.1.5.5.3.

- *Entry* MUST be constructed as follows:
  - *Entry.NextEntryOffset* set to zero
  - *Entry.FileIndex* set to zero
  - *Entry.CreationTime* set to *Link.File.CreationTime*
  - *Entry.LastAccessTime* set to *Link.File.LastAccessTime*
  - *Entry.LastWriteTime* set to *Link.File.LastModificationTime*
  - *Entry.ChangeTime* set to *Link.File.LastChangeTime*
  - *Entry.EndOfFile* set to *DefaultStream.Size*
  - *Entry.AllocationSize* set to *DefaultStream.AllocationSize*
  - *Entry.FileAttributes* set to *Link.File.FileAttributes*
  - If *Link.File.FileType* is DirectoryFile:
    - *Entry.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_DIRECTORY* is set
    - EndIf
    - If *Entry.FileAttributes* has no attributes set:
      - *Entry.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_NORMAL* is set
      - EndIf
    - If *Link.File.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_REPARSE\_POINT* is SET:
      - *Entry.EaSize* set to *Link.File.ReparseTag*
    - Else:
      - *Entry.EaSize* set to *Link.File.ExtendedAttributesLength*<51>
    - EndIf
    - If *Link.ShortName* is not empty:
      - *Entry.ShortNameLength* set to the length, in bytes, of *Link.ShortName*
      - *Entry.ShortName* set to *Link.ShortName* padding with zeroes as necessary
    - Else:
      - *Entry.ShortNameLength* set to zero
      - *Entry.ShortName* filled with zeroes
    - EndIf
    - *Entry.FileID* set to *Link.File.FileId64*
    - *Entry.FileNameLength* set to the length, in bytes, of *Link.Name*

#### 2.1.5.5.3.5 FileIdFullDirectoryInformation



**OutputBuffer** is an array of one or more FILE\_ID\_FULL\_DIR\_INFORMATION structures as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.18. *Entry* is a parameter to this routine that points to the current FILE\_ID\_FULL\_DIR\_INFORMATION structure to fill out. Note that the FileName field is not set in this section.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **OutputBufferSize** is smaller than **FieldOffset**(FILE\_ID\_FULL\_DIR\_INFORMATION.FileName), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INFO\_LENGTH\_MISMATCH.
- The object store MUST process this query using the algorithm described in section 2.1.5.5.3.
- *Entry* MUST be constructed as follows:
  - *Entry.NextEntryOffset* set to zero
  - *Entry.FileIndex* set to zero
  - *Entry.CreationTime* set to *Link.File.CreationTime*
  - *Entry.LastAccessTime* set to *Link.File.LastAccessTime*
  - *Entry.LastWriteTime* set to *Link.File.LastModificationTime*
  - *Entry.ChangeTime* set to *Link.File.LastChangeTime*
  - *Entry.EndOfFile* set to *DefaultStream.Size*
  - *Entry.AllocationSize* set to *DefaultStream.AllocationSize*
  - *Entry.FileAttributes* set to *Link.File.FileAttributes*
  - If *Link.File.FileType* is DirectoryFile:
    - *Entry.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_DIRECTORY* is set
  - EndIf
  - If *Entry.FileAttributes* has no attributes set:
    - *Entry.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_NORMAL* is set
  - EndIf
  - If *Link.File.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_REPARSE\_POINT* is SET:
    - *Entry.EaSize* set to *Link.File.ReparseTag*
  - Else:
    - *Entry.EaSize* set to *Link.File.ExtendedAttributesLength*<52>
  - EndIf
  - *Entry.FileID* set to *Link.File.FileId64*
  - *Entry.FileNameLength* set to the length, in bytes, of *Link.Name*

### 2.1.5.5.3.6 FileNamesInformation

**OutputBuffer** is an array of one or more FILE\_NAMES\_INFORMATION structures as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.26. *Entry* is a parameter to this routine that points to the current FILE\_NAMES\_INFORMATION structure to fill out. Note that the FileName field is not set in this section.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **OutputBufferSize** is smaller than **FieldOffset(FILE\_NAMES\_INFORMATION.FileName)**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INFO\_LENGTH\_MISMATCH.
- The object store MUST process this query using the algorithm described in section 2.1.5.5.3.
- *Entry* MUST be constructed as follows:
  - *Entry.NextEntryOffset* set to zero
  - *Entry.FileIndex* set to zero
  - *Entry.FileNameLength* set to the length, in bytes, of *Link.Name*

### 2.1.5.6 Server Requests Flushing Cached Data

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataFile or DirectoryFile for which it is to flush cached data.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.

The object store MUST flush all persistent attributes for **Open.File** to stable storage. In addition:

- If **Open.File.Volume.IsReadOnly** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_MEDIA\_WRITE\_PROTECTED.
- The operation MUST be failed with the status code returned from the underlying physical storage. The operation flushes all eligible objects; however, only the first failure encountered is returned.
- The operation ensures that the directory structure is persisted to stable storage. <53>

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **Open.FileType** is DirectoryFile:
  - *CurrentDirectory* = **Open.DirectoryFile**
    - Flush *CurrentDirectory*
  - While *CurrentDirectory* != *CurrentDirectory.Volume.RootDirectory*:
    - Set *CurrentLink* to the head of *CurrentDirectory.LinkList*, which is the only link because directories cannot have hard links.
    - *CurrentDirectory* = *CurrentLink.ParentFile*
      - Flush *CurrentDirectory*
  - EndWhile
- EndIf
- Flush all open objects on the volume.

- If **Open.File** is equal to **Open.File.Volume.RootDirectory**:
  - For each *OpenFile* in **Open.File.Volume.OpenFileList**:
    - Flush *OpenFile*
  - EndFor
- EndIf

### 2.1.5.7 Server Requests a Byte-Range Lock

The server provides:

- **Open**: An **Open** of a *DataStream*.
- **FileOffset**: A 64-bit unsigned integer containing the starting offset, in bytes.
- **Length**: A 64-bit unsigned integer containing the length, in bytes. This value MAY be zero.
- **ExclusiveLock**: A Boolean indicating whether the range is to be locked exclusively (TRUE) or shared (FALSE).
- **FailImmediately**: A Boolean indicating whether the lock request is to fail (TRUE) if the range is locked by another open or if it is to wait until the lock can be acquired (FALSE).
- **LockKey**: A 32-bit unsigned integer containing an identifier for the lock being obtained by a specific process.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status**: An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- [Validation]
  - If **Open.Stream.StreamType** is *DirectoryStream*, return `STATUS_INVALID_PARAMETER`, as byte range locks are not permitted on directories.
  - If  $((\text{FileOffset} + \text{Length} - 1) < \text{FileOffset}) \ \&\& \ \text{Length} \neq 0$ 
    - This means that the requested range contains one or more bytes with offsets beyond the maximum 64-bit unsigned integer. The operation MUST be failed with `STATUS_INVALID_LOCK_RANGE`.
- EndIf
- [Processing]
  - If  $(\text{FileOffset} < \text{Open.Stream.AllocationSize}) < 54 >$  and **Open.Stream.Oplock** is not empty, the object store MUST check for an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12, with input values as follows:
    - **Open** equal to this operation's **Open**
    - **Oplock** equal to **Open.Stream.Oplock**
    - **Operation** equal to "LOCK\_CONTROL"
    - **OpParams** empty

- The object store MUST check for byte range lock conflicts by using the algorithm described in section 2.1.4.10, with **ByteOffset** set to **FileOffset**, **Length** set to **Length**, **IsExclusive** set to **ExclusiveLock**, **LockIntent** set to TRUE, and **Open** set to **Open**. If a conflict is detected, then:
  - If **FailImmediately** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_LOCK\_NOT\_GRANTED.
  - Else
    - Insert operation into **CancelableOperations.CancelableOperationList**.
    - Wait until there are no overlapping **ByteRangeLocks** or until the operation is canceled per section 2.1.5.19. Overlapping **ByteRangeLocks** can be removed from **ByteRangeLockList** in different ways:
      - The **ByteRangeLock** can be explicitly unlocked as described in section 2.1.5.8.
      - The **ByteRangeLock.OwnerOpen** can be closed as described in section 2.1.5.4.
  - EndIf
- EndIf
- Initialize a new *ByteRangeLock*:
  - *ByteRangeLock.LockOffset* MUST be initialized to **FileOffset**.
  - *ByteRangeLock.LockLength* MUST be initialized to **Length**.
  - *ByteRangeLock.IsExclusive* MUST be initialized to **ExclusiveLock**.
  - *ByteRangeLock.OwnerOpen* MUST be initialized to **Open**.
  - *ByteRangeLock.LockKey* MUST be set to the server provided **LockKey**, if provided.
- Insert *ByteRangeLock* into **Open.Stream.ByteRangeLockList**.
- Complete this operation with STATUS\_SUCCESS.

### 2.1.5.8 Server Requests an Unlock of a Byte-Range

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a *DataStream*.
- **FileOffset:** A 64-bit unsigned integer containing the starting offset, in bytes.
- **Length:** A 64-bit unsigned integer containing the length, in bytes.
- **LockKey:** A 32-bit unsigned integer containing an identifier for the lock being obtained by a specific process.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- [Validation]
- If **Open.Stream.StreamType** is *DirectoryStream*, return STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER, as byte range locks are not permitted on directories.

- If (((**FileOffset** + **Length** - 1) < **FileOffset**) && **Length** != 0)
  - This means that the requested range contains one or more bytes with offsets beyond the maximum 64-bit unsigned integer. The operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_LOCK\_RANGE.
- EndIf
- [Processing]
- Initialize *LockToRemove* to NULL.
- For each *ByteRangeLock* in **Open.Stream.ByteRangeLockList**:
  - If ((*ByteRangeLock.LockOffset* == **FileOffset**) and (*ByteRangeLock.LockLength* == **Length**) and (*ByteRangeLock.OwnerOpen* == **Open**) and (*ByteRangeLock.LockKey* == **LockKey**)) then:
    - Set *LockToRemove* to *ByteRangeLock*.
      - If (*LockToRemove.ExclusiveLock* == TRUE) then break.
      - EndIf
- EndFor
- If *LockToRemove* is not NULL:
  - Remove *LockToRemove* from **Open.Stream.ByteRangeLockList**.
  - Complete this operation with STATUS\_SUCCESS.
- Else:
  - Complete this operation with STATUS\_RANGE\_NOT\_LOCKED.
- EndIf

### 2.1.5.9 Server Requests an FsControl Request

The following section describes various File System Control (FSCTLs) operations that are implemented by the Object Store. Not all of these operations are implemented by all file systems.

#### 2.1.5.9.1 FSCTL\_CREATE\_OR\_GET\_OBJECT\_ID

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataFile or DirectoryFile.
- **OutputBufferSize:** The maximum number of bytes to return in **OutputBuffer**.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.
- **OutputBuffer:** An array of bytes that will return a FILE\_OBJECTID\_BUFFER structure as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.3.
- **BytesReturned:** The number of bytes returned in **OutputBuffer**.

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_REQUEST.<55>

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **Open.File.Volume.IsObjectIDsSupported** is FALSE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_VOLUME\_NOT\_UPGRADED.
- If **OutputBufferSize** is less than **sizeof(FILE\_OBJECTID\_BUFFER)**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If **Open.File.ObjectId** is empty:
  - If **Open.File.Volume.IsReadOnly**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_MEDIA\_WRITE\_PROTECTED.
  - The object store MUST set **Open.File.ObjectId** to a newly generated ObjectId GUID that is unique on **Open.File.Volume**.<56>
- EndIf
- If a new **Open.File.ObjectId** was generated above or if **Open.File.BirthVolumeId** and **Open.File.BirthObjectId** are both empty:
  - If **Open.File.Volume.IsReadOnly**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_MEDIA\_WRITE\_PROTECTED.
  - If **Open.File.BirthVolumeId** is empty, the object store MUST set **Open.File.BirthVolumeId** to **Open.File.Volume.VolumeId**.
  - If **Open.File.BirthObjectId** is empty, the object store MUST set **Open.File.BirthObjectId** to **Open.File.ObjectId**.
  - The object store MUST set **Open.File.DomainId** to empty.
  - The object store MUST post a USN change as per section 2.1.4.11 with **File** equal to **File**, **Reason** equal to USN\_REASON\_OBJECT\_ID\_CHANGE, and **FileName** equal to **Open.Link.Name**.
  - The object store MUST construct a FILE\_OBJECTID\_INFORMATION structure (as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.28.1) *ObjectIdInfo* as follows:
    - *ObjectIdInfo.FileReference* set to zero.
    - *ObjectIdInfo.ObjectId* set to **Open.File.ObjectId**.
    - *ObjectIdInfo.BirthVolumeId* set to **Open.File.BirthVolumeId**.
    - *ObjectIdInfo.BirthObjectId* set to **Open.File.BirthObjectId**.
    - *ObjectIdInfo.DomainId* set to **Open.File.DomainId**.
  - Send directory change notification as per section 2.1.4.1, with **Volume** equal to **Open.File.Volume**, **Action** equal to FILE\_ACTION\_ADDED, **FilterMatch** equal to FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_FILE\_NAME, **FileName** equal to "\\\$Extend\$ObjId", **NotifyData** equal to *ObjectIdInfo*, and **NotifyDataLength** equal to **sizeof(FILE\_OBJECTID\_INFORMATION)**.
- EndIf

If a new **Open.File.ObjectId** was generated above, the object store MUST update **Open.File.LastChangeTime**.<57>

The object store MUST populate the fields of **OutputBuffer** as follows:

- **OutputBuffer.ObjectId** set to **Open.File.ObjectId**.
- **OutputBuffer.BirthVolumeId** set to **Open.File.BirthVolumeId**.
- **OutputBuffer.BirthObjectId** set to **Open.File.BirthObjectId**.
- **OutputBuffer.DomainId** set to **Open.File.DomainId**.

Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:

- **BytesReturned** set to *sizeof*(FILE\_OBJECTID\_BUFFER).
- **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

#### 2.1.5.9.2 FSCTL\_DELETE\_OBJECT\_ID

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataFile or DirectoryFile.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_REQUEST.<58>

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **Open.File.Volume.IsObjectIDsSupported** is FALSE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_VOLUME\_NOT\_UPGRADED.
- If **Volume.IsReadOnly** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_MEDIA\_WRITE\_PROTECTED.
- If **Open.File.ObjectId** is empty, the operation MUST be completed with STATUS\_SUCCESS.
- Update **Open.File.LastChangeTime** to the current time.<59>
- Post a USN change as per section 2.1.4.11 with **File** equal to **File**, **Reason** equal to USN\_REASON\_OBJECT\_ID\_CHANGE, and **FileName** equal to **Open.Link.Name**.
  - The object store MUST construct a FILE\_OBJECTID\_INFORMATION structure (as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.28.1) *ObjectIdInfo* as follows:
    - *ObjectIdInfo.FileReference* set to zero.
    - *ObjectIdInfo.ObjectId* set to **Open.File.ObjectId**.
    - *ObjectIdInfo.BirthVolumeId* set to **Open.File.BirthVolumeId**.
    - *ObjectIdInfo.BirthObjectId* set to **Open.File.BirthObjectId**.
    - *ObjectIdInfo.DomainId* set to **Open.File.DomainId**.
- Send directory change notification as per section 2.1.4.1, with **Volume** equal to **Open.File.Volume**, **Action** equal to FILE\_ACTION\_REMOVED, **FilterMatch** equal to FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_FILE\_NAME, **FileName** equal to "\$Extend\$ObjId", **NotifyData** equal to *ObjectIdInfo*, and **NotifyDataLength** equal to *sizeof*(FILE\_OBJECTID\_INFORMATION).

- Set **Open.File.ObjectId** to empty.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

### 2.1.5.9.3 FSCTL\_DELETE\_REPARSE\_POINT

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataFile or DirectoryFile.
- **ReparseTag:** An identifier indicating the type of the reparse point to delete, as defined in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.2.1.
- **ReparseGUID:** A GUID indicating the type of the reparse point to delete.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_REQUEST.<60>

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- Phase 1 -- Verify the parameters.
- If (**Open.GrantedAccess** & (FILE\_WRITE\_DATA | FILE\_WRITE\_ATTRIBUTES)) == 0, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_ACCESS\_DENIED.
- If **Open.File.Volume.IsReadOnly** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_MEDIA\_WRITE\_PROTECTED.
- If **Open.File.Volume.IsReparsePointsSupported** is FALSE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_VOLUME\_NOT\_UPGRADED.
- If the **ReparseTag** is either IO\_REPARSE\_TAG\_RESERVED\_ZERO or IO\_REPARSE\_TAG\_RESERVED\_ONE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_IO\_REPARSE\_TAG\_INVALID. The reserved reparse tags are defined in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.2.1.
- If **ReparseTag** is a non-Microsoft Reparse Tag, then the **ReparseGUID** MUST be a valid GUID; otherwise the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_IO\_REPARSE\_DATA\_INVALID.
- Phase 2 -- Validate that the requested tag deletion type matches with the stored tag type.
- If (**ReparseTag** != **Open.File.ReparseTag**), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_IO\_REPARSE\_TAG\_MISMATCH.
- If (**ReparseTag** is a non-Microsoft Reparse Tag && **Open.File.ReparseGUID** != **ReparseGUID**), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_REPARSE\_ATTRIBUTE\_CONFLICT.
- Phase 3 -- Remove the reparse point from the File.
- Set **Open.File.ReparseData**, **Open.File.ReparseGUID**, and **Open.File.ReparseTag** to empty.
- Update **Open.File.LastChangeTime** to the current system time.<61>
- If **Open.File.FileType** == DataFile, set **Open.File.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_ARCHIVE** to TRUE.



- Set **Open.File.PendingNotifications**.FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_LAST\_ACCESS to TRUE.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

#### 2.1.5.9.4 FSCTL\_DUPLICATE\_EXTENTS\_TO\_FILE

The server provides:

- **Open**: An **Open** of a DataStream.
- **InputBuffer**: An array of bytes containing a single DUPLICATE\_EXTENTS\_DATA structure indicating the source stream, and source and target regions to copy, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.7.
- **InputBufferSize**: The number of bytes in **InputBuffer**.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status**: An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.

This routine uses the following local variables:

- **Stream**: Source
- 64-bit signed integers: *ClusterCount*, *ClusterNum*, *SourceVcn*, *TargetVcn*, *SourceLcn*, *TargetLcn*
- **EXTENTS**: *NewPreviousExtent*, *NewNextExtent*

The purpose of this operation is to make it look like a copy of a region from the source stream to the target stream has occurred when in reality no data is actually copied. This operation modifies the target stream's extent list such that, the same clusters are pointed to by both the source and target streams' extent lists for the region being copied.

Support for FSCTL\_DUPLICATE\_EXTENTS\_TO\_FILE is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_REQUEST.<62>

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **InputBufferSizes** is less than **sizeof(DUPLICATE\_EXTENTS\_DATA)**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_BUFFER\_TOO\_SMALL
- If **Open.File.Volume.IsReadOnly** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_MEDIA\_WRITE\_PROTECTED.
- If **InputBuffer.SourceFileOffset** is NOT a multiple of **Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If **InputBuffer.TargetFileOffset** is NOT a multiple of **Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If **InputBuffer.ByteCount** is NOT a multiple of **Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If **InputBuffer.ByteCount** is equal to 0, the operation SHOULD return immediately with STATUS\_SUCCESS.
- If **Open.Stream.StreamType** != **DataStream**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_NOT\_SUPPORTED.

- If **InputBuffer.FileHandle** does not represent an open Handle to a **DataStream** with FILE\_READ\_DATA| FILE\_READ\_ATTRIBUTES level access, the operation fails with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- Set *Source* to **InputBuffer.FileHandle.Stream**.
- If *Source.Size* is less than **InputBuffer.SourceFileOffset** + **InputBuffer.ByteCount** the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_NOT\_SUPPORTED.
- If *Source.Volume* != **Open.File.Volume** the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If *Source.IsSparse* != **Open.Stream.IsSparse** and *Source.IsSparse* is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_NOT\_SUPPORTED.
- The object store MUST check for byte range lock conflicts on **Open.Stream** using the algorithm described in section 2.1.4.10 with **ByteOffset** set to **InputBuffer.TargetFileOffset**, **Length** set to **InputBuffer.ByteCount**, **IsExclusive** set to TRUE, **LockIntent** set to FALSE, and **Open** set to **Open**. If a conflict is detected, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_FILE\_LOCK\_CONFLICT.
- The object store MUST check for byte range lock conflicts on *Source* using the algorithm described in section 2.1.4.10 with **ByteOffset** set to **InputBuffer.SourceFileOffset**, **Length** set to **InputBuffer.ByteCount**, **IsExclusive** set to FALSE, **LockIntent** set to FALSE, and **Open** set to **InputBuffer.FileHandle**. If a conflict is detected, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_FILE\_LOCK\_CONFLICT.
- The object store MUST modify **Open.Stream.ExtentList** so that all LCNs in the applicable VCN range match the LCNs in *Source.ExtentList* in the same VCN range, taking care to adjust the **Open.File.Volume.ClusterRecount** array accordingly. Pseudo-code for this is as follows:
  - $ClusterCount = InputBuffer.ByteCount / Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize$
  - For each *ClusterNum* from 0 to (*ClusterCount* - 1):
    - $SourceVcn = (InputBuffer.SourceFileOffset / Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize) + ClusterNum$
    - $TargetVcn = (InputBuffer.TargetFileOffset / Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize) + ClusterNum$
    - Find the index *SourceIndex* of the element in *Source.ExtentList* such that (*Source.ExtentList[SourceIndex].NextVcn* > *SourceVcn*) and (*SourceIndex* == 0 or *Source.ExtentList[SourceIndex-1].NextVcn* <= *SourceVcn*).
    - Find the index *TargetIndex* of the element in **Open.Stream.ExtentList** such that (**Open.Stream.ExtentList[TargetIndex].NextVcn** > *TargetVcn*) and (*TargetIndex* == 0 or **Open.Stream.ExtentList[TargetIndex-1].NextVcn** <= *TargetVcn*).
    - // The purpose of this next section is to determine the *SourceLcn* based on *Source.ExtentList[SourceIndex]* and *SourceVcn*.
    - If *Source.ExtentList[SourceIndex].Lcn* == 0xfffffffffffffff (indicating an unallocated extent as per [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.24.1):
      - $SourceLcn = 0xfffffffffffffff$
    - Else if *SourceIndex* == 0:
      - $SourceLcn = Source.ExtentList[SourceIndex].Lcn + SourceVcn$

- Else
  - $SourceLcn = Source. \text{ExtentList}[SourceIndex].Lcn + (SourceVcn - Source. \text{ExtentList}[SourceIndex-1].NextVcn)$
- EndIf
- // The purpose of this next section is to determine the *TargetLcn* based on **Open.Stream.ExtentList[TargetIndex]** and *TargetVcn*.
- If **Open.Stream.ExtentList[TargetIndex].Lcn == 0xffffffffffffff**:
  - $TargetLcn = 0xffffffffffffff$
- Else if *TargetIndex == 0*:
  - $TargetLcn = \text{Open.Stream.ExtentList}[TargetIndex].Lcn + TargetVcn$
- Else
  - $TargetLcn = \text{Open.Stream.ExtentList}[TargetIndex].Lcn + (TargetVcn - \text{Open.Stream.ExtentList}[TargetIndex-1].NextVcn)$
- EndIf
- If *TargetLcn != SourceLcn*:
  - If *SourceLcn != 0xffffffffffffff*, the object store MUST increment **Open.File.Volume.ClusterRefCount[SourceLcn]**.
  - If *TargetLcn != 0xffffffffffffff*, the object store MUST decrement **Open.File.Volume.ClusterRefCount[TargetLcn]**. If **Open.File.Volume.ClusterRefCount[TargetLcn]** goes to zero the cluster MUST be freed.
  - // The purpose of this next section is to determine what new EXTENTS structures need to be added to the streams **ExtentList**.
  - If (*TargetIndex == 0 and TargetVcn != 0*) or (*TargetIndex != 0 and TargetVcn != Open.Stream.ExtentList[TargetIndex-1].NextVcn*), the object store MUST initialize a new EXTENTS element *NewPreviousExtent* as follows:
    - *NewPreviousExtent.NextVcn* set to *TargetVcn*
    - *NewPreviousExtent.Lcn* set to **Open.Stream.ExtentList[TargetIndex].Lcn**
  - Else
    - Set *NewPreviousExtent* to NULL
- EndIf
- If (*TargetVcn != Open.Stream.ExtentList[TargetIndex].NextVcn - 1*), the object store MUST initialize a new EXTENTS element *NewNextExtent* as follows:
  - *NewNextExtent.NextVcn* set to **Open.Stream.ExtentList[TargetIndex].NextVcn**
  - *NewNextExtent.Lcn* set to *TargetLcn + 1* if *TargetLcn != 0xffffffffffffff*, otherwise set to  $0xffffffffffffff$
- Else

- Set *NewNextExtent* to NULL
- EndIf
- The object store MUST modify **Open.Stream.ExtentList**[*TargetIndex*] as follows:
  - Set **Open.Stream.ExtentList**[*TargetIndex*].**NextVcn** to *TargetVcn* + 1
  - Set **Open.Stream.ExtentList**[*TargetIndex*].**Lcn** to *SourceLcn*
  - If *NewPreviousExtent* != NULL, the object store MUST insert *NewPreviousExtent* into **Open.Stream.ExtentList**, coalescing with any adjacent EXTENTS elements that are contiguous with respect to LCN.
  - If *NewNextExtent* != NULL, the object store MUST insert *NewNextExtent* into **Open.Stream.ExtentList**, coalescing with any adjacent EXTENTS elements that are contiguous with respect to LCN.
- EndIf
- EndFor
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - Status set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

#### 2.1.5.9.5 FSCTL\_FILE\_LEVEL\_TRIM

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataFile.
- **InputBuffer:** An array of bytes containing a single **FILE\_LEVEL\_TRIM** structure, followed by zero or more **FILE\_LEVEL\_TRIM\_RANGE** structures, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.75.1.
- **InputBufferSize:** The number of bytes in **InputBuffer**.
- **OutputBufferSize:** The maximum number of bytes to return in **OutputBuffer**.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.
- **OutputBuffer:** An optional array of bytes that contains a single **FILE\_LEVEL\_TRIM\_OUTPUT** structure, as specified in ([MS-FSCC] section 2.3.76).
- **BytesReturned:** The number of bytes written to **OutputBuffer**.

This operation also uses the following local variables:

- 64-bit unsigned integers (initialized to zero): *AlignmentAdjust*, *TempOffLen*, *TrimRange*, *TrimOffset*.
- An NTSTATUS code: *TrimStatus*.

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_REQUEST.<63>

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **Open.Stream.IsEncrypted** is TRUE OR **Open.Stream.IsCompressed** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.

- If **InputBuffer.Size** is < **sizeof(FILE\_LEVEL\_TRIM)**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If **InputBuffer.NumRanges** is <= 0, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If **InputBuffer.NumRanges** \* **sizeof(FILE\_LEVEL\_TRIM\_RANGE)** overflows 32-bits, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If **InputBuffer.NumRanges** \* **sizeof(FILE\_LEVEL\_TRIM\_RANGE)** + **sizeof(FILE\_LEVEL\_TRIM)** overflows 32-bits, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If **OutputBufferSize** != 0 AND **OutputBufferSize** is < **sizeof(FILE\_LEVEL\_TRIM\_OUTPUT)**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If **Open.File.Volume.IsUsnJournalActive** is TRUE, the object store MUST post a USN change as per section 2.1.4.11 with File equal to **Open.File**, Reason equal to USN\_REASON\_DATA\_OVERWRITE, and **FileName** equal to **Open.File.Name**.
- Set **OutputBuffer.NumRangesProcessed** = 0.
- For each *TrimRange* in **InputBuffer.Ranges**:
  - Set *TrimOffset* = **TrimRange.Offset**
  - Set *TrimLength* = **TrimRange.Length**
  - If ((*TrimOffset* % **Open.File.Volume.SystemPageSize**) != 0):
    - *AlignmentAdjust* = *TrimOffset* % **Open.File.Volume.SystemPageSize**
    - If (*TrimOffset* + **Open.File.Volume.SystemPageSize** - *AlignmentAdjust*) overflows 64-bits, the operation fails with STATUS\_INTEGER\_OVERFLOW.
    - If (*TrimLength* >= (**Open.File.Volume.SystemPageSize** - *AlignmentAdjust*):
      - Decrement *TrimLength* by (**Open.File.Volume.SystemPageSize** - *AlignmentAdjust*)
    - Else:
      - Set *TrimLength* to 0
    - EndIf
    - If (*TrimOffset* < **Open.Stream.AllocationSize**):
      - Set *TempOffLen* to *TrimOffset* + *TrimLength*
      - If **TempOffLen** overflows 64-bits, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INTEGER\_OVERFLOW.
      - If *TempOffLen* > **Open.Stream.AllocationSize**:
        - *TrimLength* = **Open.Stream.AllocationSize** - *TrimOffset*
      - EndIf
    - EndIf
    - Decrement *TrimLength* by (*TrimLength* % **Open.File.Volume.SystemPageSize**)
    - If *TrimLength* == 0, skip further processing on this range and continue to the next range.

- The object store MUST check for byte range lock conflicts using the algorithm described in section 2.1.4.10 with **ByteOffset** set to *TrimOffset*, **Length** set to *TrimLength*, **IsExclusive** set to TRUE, **LockIntent** set to FALSE, and **Open** set to **Open**. If a conflict is detected, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_FILE\_LOCK\_CONFLICT.

Construct a list of the LBAs that the object store denotes as the range of the file specified with *TrimOffset* and *TrimLength*. Send a TRIM command to the underlying storage device with the constructed list of LBAs. For ATA devices, this command is the T13 defined "TRIM". For SCSI/SAS devices, this command is the T10 defined "UNMAP". Store the status from the operation in *TrimStatus*.

- If the command was successful:
  - Increment **OutputBuffer.NumRanges** by 1
- Else,
  - The operation MUST return immediately with status set to *TrimStatus*.
- EndIf
- EndFor
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - **BytesReturned** set to 0 If `OutputBufferSize == 0`, **sizeof(FILE\_LEVEL\_TRIM\_OUTPUT)** otherwise
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

#### 2.1.5.9.6 FSCTL\_FILESYSTEM\_GET\_STATISTICS

The server provides:

- **Open:** An Open of a DataFile or DirectoryFile.
- **OutputBufferSize:** The maximum number of bytes to return in **OutputBuffer**.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.
- **OutputBuffer:** An array of bytes that will return an array of statistical data, one entry per (logical or physical) host processor.
- **BytesReturned:** The number of bytes returned in **OutputBuffer**.

This operation also uses the following local variables:

- An array of bytes (initially empty): *FileSystemStatistics*.

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_REQUEST.<64>

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **OutputBufferSize** is less than `sizeof(FILESYSTEM_STATISTICS)`, the operation is failed with STATUS\_BUFFER\_TOO\_SMALL.
- If **OutputBufferSize** is less than the total size of statistics information, then only **OutputBufferSize** bytes will be returned, and the operation MUST succeed but return with STATUS\_BUFFER\_OVERFLOW.

- For each host processor, add one entry to *FileSystemStatistics* as follows:
  - FILESYSTEM\_STATISTICS structure as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.10.1.
  - An optional file system-specific structure as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.10.2.<65>
  - Padding bytes of zeros to bring total size of each entry to be a multiple of 64 bytes.
- EndFor
- If **OutputBufferSize** is less than the total size of *FileSystemStatistics*, the object store MUST:
  - Copy **OutputBufferSize** bytes from *FileSystemStatistics* to **OutputBuffer**.
  - Set **BytesReturned** to the number of bytes copied to **OutputBuffer**.
  - Return **Status** set to STATUS\_BUFFER\_OVERFLOW.
- EndIf

Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:

- Copy *FileSystemStatistics* to **OutputBuffer**.
- Set **BytesReturned** to the number of bytes copied to **OutputBuffer**.
- Return **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

#### 2.1.5.9.7 FSCTL\_FIND\_FILES\_BY\_SID

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DirectoryStream.
- **FindBySidData:** An array of bytes containing a FIND\_BY\_SID\_DATA structure as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.11.
- **OutputBufferSize:** The maximum number of bytes to return in **OutputBuffer**.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.
- **OutputBuffer:** An array of bytes that contains an 8-byte aligned array of **FILE\_NAME\_INFORMATION** ([MS-FSCC] section 2.1.7) structures. For more information, see [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.12.
- **BytesReturned:** The number of bytes written to **OutputBuffer**.

This operation also uses the following local variables:

- A list of **Links** (initialized to empty): *MatchingLinks*.
- Unicode string: *RelativeName*.
- 32-bit unsigned integers (initialized to zero): *OutputBufferOffset*, *NameLength*.

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_REQUEST.<66>

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **Open.Stream.StreamType** is **DataStream**, the operation MUST be failed with **STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER**.
- If **Open.HasManageVolumeAccess** is **FALSE** and **Open.HasBackupAccess** is **FALSE**, the operation MUST be failed with **STATUS\_ACCESS\_DENIED**.
- If **Open.File.Volume.QuotaInformation** is empty, the operation MUST succeed with **BytesReturned** set to zero and **Status** set to **STATUS\_NO\_QUOTAS\_FOR\_ACCOUNT**.
- If **OutputBufferSize** is less than 8, the minimum size required to return a **FILE\_NAME\_INFORMATION** structure with trailing padding, the operation MUST be failed with **STATUS\_INVALID\_USER\_BUFFER**.
- If **FindBySidData.Restart** is **TRUE**, **Open.FindBySidRestartIndex** MUST be set to zero.
- For each *File* in **FindAllFiles(Open.File.Volume.RootDirectory):<67>**
  - If *File.SecurityDescriptor.OwnerSid* matches **FindBySidData.SID** and *File.FileNumber* is greater than or equal to **Open.FindBySidRestartIndex**, insert the first element of *File.LinkList* into *MatchingLinks*.
- EndFor
- Sort *MatchingLinks* in ascending order by **File.FileNumber**.
- For each *Link* in *MatchingLinks*:
  - Set *RelativeName* to **BuildRelativeName(Link.File, Open.File)**.
  - If *RelativeName* is not empty (which means that *Link* represents **Open.File** or a descendant of it):
    - Strip off the leading backslash ("\") character from *RelativeName*.
    - Set *NameLength* to the length of *RelativeName*, in bytes.
    - If (**OutputBufferLength - OutputBufferOffset**) is less than **BlockAlign(NameLength + 6, 8)**:
      - **BytesReturned** is set to *OutputBufferOffset*.
      - If *OutputBufferOffset* is not zero:
        - The operation returns with **STATUS\_SUCCESS**.
      - Else:
        - The operation MUST be failed with **STATUS\_BUFFER\_TOO\_SMALL**.
      - EndIf
    - EndIf
    - Construct a **FILE\_NAME\_INFORMATION** structure starting at **OutputBuffer[OutputBufferOffset]**, with the first 4 bytes (the **FileNameLength**) set to *NameLength*, and the next *NameLength* bytes (the **FileName**) set to *RelativeName*.
    - $OutputBufferOffset = OutputBufferOffset + \mathbf{BlockAlign}(NameLength + 6, 8)$ .
  - EndIf
  - Set **Open.FindBySidRestartIndex** to *Link.File.FileNumber* + 1.



- EndFor
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - **BytesReturned** set to *OutputBufferOffset*.
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

#### 2.1.5.9.8 FSCTL\_GET\_COMPRESSION

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataStream or DirectoryStream.
- **OutputBufferSize:** The maximum number of bytes to return in **OutputBuffer**.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.
- **OutputBuffer:** An array of bytes that will return a USHORT value representing the compression state of the stream, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.14.
- **BytesReturned:** The number of bytes returned in **OutputBuffer**.

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_REQUEST.<68>

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **OutputBufferSize** is less than *sizeof(USHORT)* (2 bytes), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If **Open.Stream.StreamType** is DirectoryStream:
  - If **Open.File.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_COMPRESSED** is TRUE:
    - The object store MUST set **OutputBuffer.CompressionState** to COMPRESSION\_FORMAT\_LZNT1.
  - Else:
    - The object store MUST set **OutputBuffer.CompressionState** to COMPRESSION\_FORMAT\_NONE.
  - EndIf
- Else:
  - If **Open.Stream.IsCompressed** is TRUE:
    - The object store MUST set **OutputBuffer.CompressionState** to COMPRESSION\_FORMAT\_LZNT1.
  - Else:
    - The object store MUST set **OutputBuffer.CompressionState** to COMPRESSION\_FORMAT\_NONE.
  - EndIf
- EndIf

- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - **BytesReturned** set to *sizeof*(USHORT) (2 bytes).
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

#### 2.1.5.9.9 FSCTL\_GET\_INTEGRITY\_INFORMATION

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataStream or DirectoryStream.
- **OutputBufferSize:** The maximum number of bytes to return in **OutputBuffer**.

Upon completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.
- **OutputBuffer:** An array of bytes that will return an FSCTL\_GET\_INTEGRITY\_INFORMATION\_BUFFER structure, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.52.
- **BytesReturned:** The number of bytes returned in **OutputBuffer**.

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_REQUEST.<69>

The operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER under any of the following conditions:

- **OutputBufferSize** is less than *sizeof*(FSCTL\_GET\_INTEGRITY\_INFORMATION\_BUFFER).
- **Open.Stream.StreamType** is not DirectoryStream or DataStream.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- The object store MUST initialize all fields in **OutputBuffer** to zero.
- The object store MUST set **OutputBuffer.CheckSumAlgorithm** to **Open.Stream.ChecksumAlgorithm**.
- The object store MUST set **OutputBuffer.ChecksumChunkSizeInBytes** to **Open.File.Volume.ChecksumChunkSize**.
- The object store MUST set **OutputBuffer.ClusterSizeInBytes** to **Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize**.
- If **Open.Stream.StreamType** is DataStream and **Open.Stream.ChecksumEnforcementOff** is TRUE, then the object store MUST set **OutputBuffer.Flags** to FSCTL\_INTEGRITY\_FLAG\_CHECKSUM\_ENFORCEMENT\_OFF.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - **ByteCount** set to *sizeof*(FSCTL\_GET\_INTEGRITY\_INFORMATION\_BUFFER).
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

#### 2.1.5.9.10 FSCTL\_GET\_NTFS\_VOLUME\_DATA

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataFile or DirectoryFile.

- **OutputBufferSize:** The maximum number of bytes to return in **OutputBuffer**.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.
- **OutputBuffer:** An array of bytes that will return a NTFS\_VOLUME\_DATA\_BUFFER structure as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.16.
- **BytesReturned:** The number of bytes returned in **OutputBuffer**.

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_REQUEST.<70>

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **OutputBufferSize** is less than **sizeof(NTFS\_VOLUME\_DATA\_BUFFER)**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_BUFFER\_TOO\_SMALL.
- The object store MUST populate the fields of **OutputBuffer** as follows:<71>
  - **OutputBuffer.VolumeSerialNumber** set to **Open.File.Volume.VolumeSerialNumber**.
  - **OutputBuffer.NumberSectors** set to **Open.File.Volume.TotalSpace / Open.File.Volume.LogicalBytesPerSector**.
  - **OutputBuffer.TotalClusters** set to **Open.File.Volume.TotalSpace / Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize**.
  - **OutputBuffer.FreeClusters** set to **Open.File.Volume.FreeSpace / Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize**.
  - **OutputBuffer.TotalReserved** set to an implementation-specific value.
  - **OutputBuffer.BytesPerSector** set to **Open.File.Volume.LogicalBytesPerSector**.
  - **OutputBuffer.BytesPerCluster** set to **Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize**.
  - **OutputBuffer.BytesPerFileRecordSegment** set to an implementation-specific value.
  - **OutputBuffer.ClustersPerFileRecordSegment** set to an implementation-specific value.
  - **OutputBuffer.MftValidDataLength** set to an implementation-specific value.
  - **OutputBuffer.MftStartLcn** set to an implementation-specific value.
  - **OutputBuffer.Mft2StartLcn** set to an implementation-specific value.
  - **OutputBuffer.MftZoneStart** set to an implementation-specific value.
  - **OutputBuffer.MftZoneEnd** set to an implementation-specific value.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - **BytesReturned** set to **sizeof(NTFS\_VOLUME\_DATA\_BUFFER)**.
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

#### 2.1.5.9.11 FSCTL\_GET\_REFS\_VOLUME\_DATA

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataFile or DirectoryFile.
- **OutputBufferSize:** The maximum number of bytes to return in **OutputBuffer**.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.
- **OutputBuffer:** An array of bytes that will return a REFS\_VOLUME\_DATA\_BUFFER structure as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.18.
- **BytesReturned:** The number of bytes returned in **OutputBuffer**.

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_REQUEST.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **OutputBufferSize** is less than **sizeof(REFS\_VOLUME\_DATA\_BUFFER)**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_BUFFER\_TOO\_SMALL.
- The object store MUST populate the fields of **OutputBuffer** as follows:
  - **OutputBuffer.VolumeSerialNumber** set to **Open.File.Volume.VolumeSerialNumber**.
  - **OutputBuffer.NumberSectors** set to **Open.File.Volume.TotalSpace / Open.File.Volume.LogicalBytesPerSector**.
  - **OutputBuffer.TotalClusters** set to **Open.File.Volume.TotalSpace / Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize**.
  - **OutputBuffer.FreeClusters** set to **Open.File.Volume.FreeSpace / Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize**.
  - **OutputBuffer.TotalReserved** set to an implementation-specific value.
  - **OutputBuffer.BytesPerSector** set to **Open.File.Volume.LogicalBytesPerSector**.
  - **OutputBuffer.BytesPerCluster** set to **Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize**.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - **BytesReturned** set to **sizeof(REFS\_VOLUME\_DATA\_BUFFER)**.
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

#### 2.1.5.9.12 FSCTL\_GET\_OBJECT\_ID

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataFile or DirectoryFile.
- **OutputBufferSize:** The maximum number of bytes to return in **OutputBuffer**.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.
- **OutputBuffer:** An array of bytes that will return a FILE\_OBJECTID\_BUFFER structure as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.3.
- **BytesReturned:** The number of bytes returned in **OutputBuffer**.

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_REQUEST.<72>

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **Open.File.Volume.IsObjectIDsSupported** is FALSE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_VOLUME\_NOT\_UPGRADED.
- If **OutputBufferSize** is less than **sizeof(FILE\_OBJECTID\_BUFFER)**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If **Open.File.ObjectId** is empty, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_OBJECTID\_NOT\_FOUND.
- The object store MUST populate the fields of **OutputBuffer** as follows:
  - **OutputBuffer.ObjectId** set to **Open.File.ObjectId**.
  - **OutputBuffer.BirthVolumeId** set to **Open.File.BirthVolumeId**.
  - **OutputBuffer.BirthObjectId** set to **Open.File.BirthObjectId**.
  - **OutputBuffer.DomainId** set to **Open.File.DomainId**.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - **BytesReturned** set to **sizeof (FILE\_OBJECTID\_BUFFER)**.
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

#### 2.1.5.9.13 FSCTL\_GET\_REPARSE\_POINT

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataFile or DirectoryFile.
- **OutputBufferSize:** The maximum number of bytes to return in **OutputBuffer**.

On completion, the object store **MUST** return:

- **OutputBuffer:** An array of bytes containing a REPARSE\_DATA\_BUFFER or REPARSE\_GUID\_DATA\_BUFFER structure as defined in [MS-FSCC] sections 2.1.2.2 and 2.1.2.3, respectively.
- **BytesReturned:** The number of bytes returned to the caller.
- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_REQUEST.<73>

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **Open.File.Volume.IsReparsePointsSupported** is FALSE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_VOLUME\_NOT\_UPGRADED.
- Phase 1 -- Check whether there is a reparse point on the **File**
- If **Open.File.ReparseTag** is empty, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_NOT\_A\_REPARSE\_POINT.

- Phase 2 -- Verify that **OutputBufferSize** is large enough to contain the reparse point data header.
- If **Open.File.ReparseTag** is a Microsoft reparse tag as defined in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.2.1, then **OutputBufferSize** MUST be  $\geq$  **sizeof(REPARSE\_DATA\_BUFFER)**. If not, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_BUFFER\_TOO\_SMALL.
- If **Open.File.ReparseTag** is a non-Microsoft reparse tag, then **OutputBufferSize** MUST be  $\geq$  **sizeof(REPARSE\_GUID\_DATA\_BUFFER)**. If it is not, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_BUFFER\_TOO\_SMALL.
- Phase 3 -- Return the reparse data
- Set **OutputBuffer.ReparseTag** to **Open.File.ReparseTag**.
- Set **OutputBuffer.ReparseDataLength** to the size of **Open.File.ReparseData**, in bytes.
- Set **OutputBuffer.Reserved** to zero.
- Copy as much of **Open.File.ReparseData** as can fit into the remainder of **OutputBuffer** starting at **OutputBuffer.DataBuffer**.
- If **Open.File.ReparseTag** is a non-Microsoft reparse tag, set **OutputBuffer.ReparseGUID** to **Open.File.ReparseGUID**.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - **BytesReturned** set to the number of bytes written to **OutputBuffer**.
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

#### 2.1.5.9.14 FSCTL\_GET\_RETRIEVAL\_POINTERS

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataStream or DirectoryStream.
- **StartingVcnBuffer:** An array of bytes containing a STARTING\_VCN\_INPUT\_BUFFER as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.23.
- **OutputBufferSize:** The maximum number of bytes to return in **OutputBuffer**.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **OutputBuffer:** An array of bytes that will return a RETRIEVAL\_POINTERS\_BUFFER as defined in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.24.
- **BytesReturned:** The number of bytes returned to the caller.
- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- Phase 1 -- Verify Parameters
- If the size of **StartingVcnBuffer** is less than **sizeof(STARTING\_VCN\_INPUT\_BUFFER)**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If **OutputBufferSize** is smaller than **sizeof(RETRIEVAL\_POINTERS\_BUFFER)**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_BUFFER\_TOO\_SMALL.

- If **StartingVcnBuffer.StartingVcn** is negative, the operation MUST be failed with **STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER**.
- If **StartingVcnBuffer.StartingVcn** is greater than or equal to **Open.Stream.AllocationSize** divided by **Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize**, the operation MUST be failed with **STATUS\_END\_OF\_FILE**.
- Phase 2 -- Locate and copy the extents into **OutputBuffer**.
- Find the first *Extent* in **Open.Stream.ExtentList** where *Extent.NextVcn* is greater than **StartingVcnBuffer.StartingVcn**.
- Set **OutputBuffer.StartingVcn** to the previous element's **NextVcn**. If the element is the first one in **Open.Stream.ExtentList**, set **OutputBuffer.StartVcn** to zero.
- Copy as many EXTENTS elements from **Open.Stream.ExtentList** starting with *Extent* as will fit into the remaining space in **OutputBuffer**, at offset **OutputBuffer.Extents**.
- Set **OutputBuffer.ExtentCount** to the number of EXTENTS elements copied.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - **BytesReturned** set to the number of bytes written to **OutputBuffer**.
  - **Status** set to **STATUS\_SUCCESS** if all of the elements in **Open.Stream.ExtentList** were copied into **OutputBuffer.Extents**, else **STATUS\_BUFFER\_OVERFLOW**.

#### 2.1.5.9.15 FSCTL\_IS\_PATHNAME\_VALID

This operation always returns **STATUS\_SUCCESS**.

#### 2.1.5.9.16 FSCTL\_LMR\_GET\_LINK\_TRACKING\_INFORMATION

This operation MUST be failed with **STATUS\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_REQUEST**.

#### 2.1.5.9.17 FSCTL\_LMR\_SET\_LINK\_TRACKING\_INFORMATION

This operation MUST be failed with **STATUS\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_REQUEST**.

#### 2.1.5.9.18 FSCTL\_OFFLOAD\_READ

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataFile.
- **InputBuffer:** An array of bytes containing a single **FSCTL\_OFFLOAD\_READ\_INPUT** structure, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.77, indicating the Token that indicates the range of the file to offload read, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.79.
- **InputBufferSize:** The number of bytes in **InputBuffer**.
- **OutputBufferSize:** The number of bytes in **OutputBuffer**.

Upon completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.
- **OutputBuffer:** An array of bytes that contains a single **FSCTL\_OFFLOAD\_READ\_OUTPUT** structure, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.78, which contains the Token for the read data, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.79.

- **BytesReturned:** The number of bytes written to **OutputBuffer**.

This operation also uses the following local variables:

- Boolean (initialized to FALSE): *VdIsSameAsEof*
- 32-bit unsigned integers (initialized to zero): *OutputBufferLength*
- 64-bit unsigned integers (initialized to zero): *StartingCluster*, *ValidDataLength*, *FileSize*, *LastClusterInFile*, *VdTrimmedCopyLength*, and *StorageOffloadBytesRead*
- A list of EXTENTS (initialized to empty): *OffloadLCNList*
- An NTSTATUS code: *StorageOffloadReadStatus*
- A STORAGE\_OFFLOAD\_TOKEN structure, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.79: *StorageOffloadReadToken*

Support for this read operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_REQUEST.<74>

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **Open.File.Volume.IsOffloadReadSupported** is FALSE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_NOT\_SUPPORTED.
- If **InputBufferSize** is less than the size of the FSCTL\_OFFLOAD\_READ\_INPUT structure size, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_BUFFER\_TOO\_SMALL.
- If **OutputBufferSize** is less than the size of the FSCTL\_OFFLOAD\_READ\_OUTPUT structure size, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_BUFFER\_TOO\_SMALL.
- If **InputBuffer.FileOffset** is not a multiple of **Open.File.Volume.LogicalBytesPerSector**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If **InputBuffer.CopyLength** is not a multiple of **Open.File.Volume.LogicalBytesPerSector**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If **InputBuffer.Size** is not equal to the size of the FSCTL\_OFFLOAD\_READ\_INPUT structure size, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If the sum of **InputBuffer.FileOffset** and **InputBuffer.CopyLength** overflows 64 bits, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If **InputBuffer.CopyLength** is equal to 0, the operation SHOULD return immediately with STATUS\_SUCCESS.
- If **Open.Stream.StreamType** != DataStream, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_OFFLOAD\_READ\_FILE\_NOT\_SUPPORTED.
- If **Open.Stream.IsSparse** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_OFFLOAD\_READ\_FILE\_NOT\_SUPPORTED.
- If **Open.Stream.IsEncrypted** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_OFFLOAD\_READ\_FILE\_NOT\_SUPPORTED.
- If **Open.Stream.IsCompressed** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_OFFLOAD\_READ\_FILE\_NOT\_SUPPORTED.
- If **Open.Stream.IsDeleted** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_FILE\_DELETED.



- If **InputBuffer.FileOffset / Open.File.Volume.BytesPerCluster** is less than 0, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- The object store MUST check for byte range lock conflicts using the algorithm described in section 2.1.4.10 with **ByteOffset** set to **InputBuffer.FileOffset**, **Length** set to **InputBuffer.CopyLength**, **IsExclusive** set to FALSE, **LockIntent** set to FALSE, and **Open** set to **Open**. If a conflict is detected, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_FILE\_LOCK\_CONFLICT.
- Set *ValidDataLength* to **Open.Stream.ValidDataLength**.
- Set *FileSize* to **Open.Stream.Size**.
- If *ValidDataLength* is not equal to *FileSize*, set *VdIsSameAsEof* to FALSE.
- Set *StartingCluster* to **InputBuffer.FileOffset / Open.File.Volume.BytesPerCluster**.
- Set *LastClusterInFile* to **ClustersFromBytesTruncate(Open.File.Volume, FileSize)**.
- If *StartingCluster* is greater than *LastClusterInFile*:
  - The operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_END\_OF\_FILE.
- Else If *StartingCluster* is less than 0:
  - The operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- EndIf
- If **InputBuffer.FileOffset** is greater than or equal to *FileSize*, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_END\_OF\_FILE.
- If **InputBuffer.FileOffset** is greater than or equal to *ValidDataLength*:
  - Set **OutputBuffer.Token** to the Zero token as defined in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.79.
  - The operation MUST return STATUS\_SUCCESS, with **BytesReturned** set to **OutputBuffer.Length**, and **OutputBuffer.Flags** set to OFFLOAD\_READ\_FLAG\_ALL\_ZERO\_BEYOND\_CURRENT\_RANGE.
- EndIf
- If the sum of **InputBuffer.FileOffset** and **InputBuffer.CopyLength** is greater than **ValidDataLength**:
  - Set **InputBuffer.CopyLength** to **ValidDataLength - InputBuffer.FileOffset**.
  - If *VdIsSameAsEof* is TRUE:
    - Set **InputBuffer.CopyLength** to **BlockAlignTruncate(InputBuffer.CopyLength, Open.File.Volume.LogicalBytesPerSector)**.
    - Set *VdTrimmedCopyLength* to **InputBuffer.CopyLength**.
    - Set **OutputBuffer.Flags** to OFFLOAD\_READ\_FLAG\_ALL\_ZERO\_BEYOND\_CURRENT\_RANGE.
  - EndIf
- EndIf

- For Each *Extent* in **Open.Stream.ExtentList** spanned by the range defined by **Input.FileOffset** and **Input.CopyLength**:
  - Append the partial or full *Extent* to *OffloadLCNList*.
- EndFor
- Construct the offload read command with the *OffloadLCNList* as the ranges, and *Token* length specified in **InputBuffer.CopyLength** as per [INCITS-T10/11-059] and send it to the underlying storage subsystem, storing the status from the operation in *StorageOffloadReadStatus*, the number of bytes represented by the token in *StorageOffloadBytesRead*, and the Token in *StorageOffloadToken*.
- If the call was successful:
  - Set **OutputBuffer.Token** to *StorageOffloadToken*.
  - Set **OutputBuffer.TransferLength** to *StorageOffloadBytesRead*.
  - If **OutputBuffer.Flag** has the bit OFFLOAD\_READ\_FLAG\_ALL\_ZERO\_BEYOND\_CURRENT\_RANGE set:
    - If **OutputBuffer.TransferLength** is less than *VdlTrimmedCopyLength*, clear the OFFLOAD\_READ\_FLAG\_ALL\_ZERO\_BEYOND\_CURRENT\_RANGE bit in **OutputBuffer.Flags**.
  - EndIf
- Else:
  - If *StorageOffloadReadStatus* is equal to STATUS\_NOT\_SUPPORTED or if *StorageOffloadReadStatus* is equal to STATUS\_DEVICE\_FEATURE\_NOT\_SUPPORTED, then set **Open.File.Volume.IsOffloadReadSupported** to FALSE.
- EndIf
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - **BytesReturned** set to **OutputBufferLength**.
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

#### 2.1.5.9.19 FSCTL\_OFFLOAD\_WRITE

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataFile.
- **InputBuffer:** An array of bytes containing a single FSCTL\_OFFLOAD\_WRITE\_INPUT structure, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.80, indicating the Token to use as the source, and the range of the file to be offload written to, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.79.
- **InputBufferSize:** The number of bytes in **InputBuffer**.
- **OutputBufferSize:** The number of bytes in **OutputBuffer**.

Upon completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.
- **OutputBuffer:** An array of bytes that contains a single FSCTL\_OFFLOAD\_WRITE\_OUTPUT structure, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.81.

- **BytesReturned:** The number of bytes written to **OutputBuffer**.

This operation also uses the following local variables:

- 32-bit unsigned integers (initialized to zero): *OutputBufferLength*
- 64-bit unsigned integers (initialized to zero): *NewValidDataLength*, *ValidDataLength*, *FileSize*, and *StorageOffloadBytesWritten*.
- A list of EXTENTS (initialized to empty): *OffloadLCNList*
- An NTSTATUS code: *StorageOffloadWriteStatus*

Support for this write operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_REQUEST.<75>

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **Open.File.Volume.IsReadOnly** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_MEDIA\_WRITE\_PROTECTED.
- If **Open.File.Volume.IsOffloadWriteSupported** is FALSE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_NOT\_SUPPORTED.
- If **InputBufferSize** is less than the size of the **FSCTL\_OFFLOAD\_WRITE\_INPUT** structure size, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_BUFFER\_TOO\_SMALL.
- If **OutputBufferSize** is less than the size of the **FSCTL\_OFFLOAD\_WRITE\_OUTPUT** structure size, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_BUFFER\_TOO\_SMALL.
- If **InputBuffer.FileOffset** is NOT a multiple of **Open.File.Volume.LogicalBytesPerSector**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If **InputBuffer.CopyLength** is NOT a multiple of **Open.File.Volume.LogicalBytesPerSector**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If **InputBuffer.TransferOffset** is NOT a multiple of **Open.File.Volume.LogicalBytesPerSector**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If **InputBuffer.Size** is not equal to the size of the **FSCTL\_OFFLOAD\_WRITE\_INPUT** structure size, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If the sum of **InputBuffer.FileOffset** and **InputBuffer.CopyLength** overflows 64 bits, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If **InputBuffer.CopyLength** is equal to 0, the operation SHOULD return immediately with STATUS\_SUCCESS.
- If **Open.Stream.StreamType** != **DataStream**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_OFFLOAD\_WRITE\_FILE\_NOT\_SUPPORTED.
- If **Open.Stream.IsSparse** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_OFFLOAD\_WRITE\_FILE\_NOT\_SUPPORTED.
- If **Open.Stream.IsEncrypted** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_OFFLOAD\_WRITE\_FILE\_NOT\_SUPPORTED.
- If **Open.Stream.IsCompressed** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_OFFLOAD\_WRITE\_FILE\_NOT\_SUPPORTED.
- If **Open.Stream.IsDeleted** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_FILE\_DELETED.

- If **InputBuffer.FileOffset** / **Open.File.Volume.BytesPerCluster** is less than 0, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If (**InputBuffer.FileOffset** + **InputBuffer.CopyLength**) is greater than **Open.File.Volume.MaxFileSize**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- The object store MUST check for byte range lock conflicts using the algorithm described in section 2.1.4.10 with **ByteOffset** set to **InputBuffer.FileOffset**, **Length** set to **InputBuffer.CopyLength**, **IsExclusive** set to TRUE, **LockIntent** set to FALSE, and **Open** set to **Open**. If a conflict is detected, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_FILE\_LOCK\_CONFLICT.
- If **Open.File.Volume.IsUsnJournalActive** is TRUE, the object store MUST post a USN change as per section 2.1.4.11 with **File** equal to **File**, **Reason** equal to USN\_REASON\_DATA\_OVERWRITE, and **FileName** equal to **Open.FileName**.
- Set *FileSize* to **Open.Stream.Size**.
- Set *ValidDataLength* to **Open.Stream.ValidDataLength**.
- If **InputBuffer.FileOffset** is greater than or equal to **Open.Stream.FileSize**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_END\_OF\_FILE.
- If **InputBuffer.FileOffset** is greater than *ValidDataLength*, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_BEYOND\_VDL.
- For Each *Extent* in **Open.Stream.ExtentList** spanned by the range defined by **InputBuffer.FileOffset** and **InputBuffer.CopyLength**:
  - Append the partial or full *Extent* to *OffloadLCNList*.
- EndFor
- Construct the offload write command with the *OffloadLCNList* as the ranges, Token from **InputBuffer.Token**, token offset from **InputBuffer.TransferOffset**, and write length from **InputBuffer.CopyLength** as defined in [INCITS-T10/11-059] and send it to the underlying storage subsystem. Store the status from the operation in *StorageOffloadWriteStatus*, and the number of bytes written in *StorageOffloadBytesWritten*.
- If the operation was successful:
  - Set *NewValidDataLength* to **InputBuffer.FileOffset** + *StorageOffloadBytesWritten*.
  - If *NewValidDataLength* is greater than *ValidDataLength*:
    - Set **Open.Stream.VDL** to *NewValidDataLength*.
  - EndIf
  - Set **OutputBuffer.LengthWritten** to *StorageOffloadBytesWritten*.
  - Set **OutputBuffer.Size** to the size of the FSCTL\_OFFLOAD\_WRITE\_OUTPUT structure.
  - Set **OutputBuffer.Flags** to 0.
- Else:
  - If *StorageOffloadWriteStatus* is equal to STATUS\_NOT\_SUPPORTED or if *OffloadWriteStatus* is equal to STATUS\_DEVICE\_FEATURE\_NOT\_SUPPORTED, then set **Open.File.Volume.IsOffloadWriteSupported** to FALSE.
- EndIf

- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - **BytesReturned** set to *OutputBufferLength*.
  - Status set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

#### 2.1.5.9.20 FSCTL\_QUERY\_ALLOCATED\_RANGES

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataFile.
- **InputBuffer:** An array of bytes containing a single FILE\_ALLOCATED\_RANGE\_BUFFER structure indicating the range to query for allocation, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.36.
- **InputBufferSize:** The number of bytes in **InputBuffer**.
- **OutputBufferSize:** The maximum number of bytes to return in **OutputBuffer**.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.
- **OutputBuffer:** An array of bytes that will return an array of zero or more FILE\_ALLOCATED\_RANGE\_BUFFER structures as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.36.
- **BytesReturned:** The number of bytes returned in **OutputBuffer**.

This operation uses the following local variables:

- 32-bit unsigned integer indicating the index of the next FILE\_ALLOCATED\_RANGE\_BUFFER to fill in **OutputBuffer** (initialized to 0): *OutputBufferIndex*.
- 64-bit unsigned integer *QueryStart*: Is initialized to **ClustersFromBytesTruncate(Open.File.Volume, InputBuffer.FileOffset)**. This is the cluster containing the first byte of the queried range.
- 64-bit unsigned integer *QueryNext*: Is initialized to **ClustersFromBytesTruncate(Open.File.Volume, (InputBuffer.FileOffset + InputBuffer.Length - 1) ) + 1**. This is the cluster following the last cluster of the range.
- 64-bit unsigned integers (initialized to 0): *ExtentFirstVcn*, *ExtentNextVcn*, *RangeFirstVcn*, *RangeNextVcn*
- Boolean values (initialized to FALSE): *FoundRangeStart*, *FoundRangeEnd*
- Pointer to an EXTENTS element (initialized to NULL): *Extent*
- FILE\_ALLOCATED\_RANGE\_BUFFER (initialized to zeros): *Range*

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_REQUEST.<76>

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **Open.Stream.StreamType** is DirectoryStream, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If **InputBufferSize** is less than **sizeof(FILE\_ALLOCATED\_RANGE\_BUFFER)**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.

- If (**InputBuffer.FileOffset** < 0) or (**InputBuffer.Length** < 0) or (**InputBuffer.Length** > MAXLONGLONG - **InputBuffer.FileOffset**), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER. If **InputBuffer.Length** is 0:
  - Set **BytesReturned** to 0.
  - Return STATUS\_SUCCESS.
- EndIf
- If **OutputBufferSize** < **sizeof(FILE\_ALLOCATED\_RANGE\_BUFFER)**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_BUFFER\_TOO\_SMALL.
- If **Open.Stream.IsSparse** is FALSE:
  - Set **OutputBuffer.FileOffset** to **InputBuffer.FileOffset**.
  - Set **OutputBuffer.Length** to **InputBuffer.Length**.
  - Set **BytesReturned** to **sizeof(FILE\_ALLOCATED\_RANGE\_BUFFER)**.
  - Return STATUS\_SUCCESS.
- Else:
  - For sparse files, return a list of contiguous allocated ranges within the requested range. Contiguous allocated ranges in a sparse file might be fragmented on disk, therefore it is necessary to loop through the EXTENTS on this stream, coalescing the adjacent allocated EXTENTS into a single FILE\_ALLOCATED\_RANGE\_BUFFER entry.
  - Set **Status** to STATUS\_SUCCESS.
  - Set **BytesReturned** to 0.
  - For each *Extent* in **Open.Stream.ExtentList**:
    - Set *ExtentFirstVcn* to *ExtentNextVcn*.
    - Set *ExtentNextVcn* to *Extent.NextVcn*.
    - If *Extent.Lcn* != 0xffffffffffff, meaning *Extent* is allocated (not a sparse hole):
      - If *FoundRangeStart* is FALSE:
        - If *QueryStart* < *ExtentFirstVcn*:
          - Set *FoundRangeStart* to TRUE.
          - Set *RangeFirstVcn* to *ExtentFirstVcn*.
        - Else If *ExtentFirstVcn* <= *QueryStart* and *QueryStart* < *ExtentNextVcn*:
          - Set *FoundRangeStart* to TRUE.
          - Set *RangeFirstVcn* to *QueryStart*.
      - EndIf
    - EndIf
    - If *FoundRangeStart* is TRUE:
      - If *QueryNext* <= *ExtentFirstVcn*:

- Break out of the For loop.
- Else If *ExtentFirstVcn* < *QueryNext* and *QueryNext* <= *ExtentNextVcn*:
  - Set *FoundRangeEnd* to TRUE.
  - Set *RangeNextVcn* to *QueryNext*.
- Else (*ExtentNextVcn* < *QueryNext*):
  - Set *FoundRangeEnd* to FALSE.
  - Set *RangeNextVcn* to *ExtentNextVcn*.
- EndIf
- EndIf
- Else If *FoundRangeStart* is TRUE:
  - Set *FoundRangeEnd* to TRUE.
- EndIf
- If *FoundRangeEnd* is TRUE:
  - Set *FoundRangeStart* to FALSE and *FoundRangeEnd* to FALSE.
  - Add *Range* to *OutputBuffer* as follows:
    - Set *Range*.**FileOffset** to *RangeFirstVcn* \* **Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize**.
    - Set *Range*.**Length** to (*RangeNextVcn* - *RangeFirstVcn*) \* **Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize**.
    - If **OutputBufferSize** < ((*OutputBufferIndex* + 1) \* **sizeof(FILE\_ALLOCATED\_RANGE\_BUFFER)**) then:
      - Set *RangeFirstVcn* to 0 and *RangeNextVcn* to 0.
      - Set **Status** to STATUS\_BUFFER\_OVERFLOW.
      - Break out of the For loop.
    - EndIf
    - Copy *Range* to **OutputBuffer**[*OutputBufferIndex*].
    - Increment *OutputBufferIndex* by 1.
    - Set *RangeFirstVcn* to 0 and *RangeNextVcn* to 0.
  - EndIf
- EndFor
- If *RangeNextVcn* is not 0:
  - If **OutputBufferSize** < ((*OutputBufferIndex* + 1) \* **sizeof(FILE\_ALLOCATED\_RANGE\_BUFFER)**) then:
    - Set **Status** to STATUS\_BUFFER\_OVERFLOW.

- Else add *Range* to *OutputBuffer* as follows:
  - Set *Range.FileOffset* to  $RangeFirstVcn * \text{Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize}$ .
  - Set *Range.Length* to  $(RangeNextVcn - RangeFirstVcn) * \text{Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize}$ .
  - Copy *Range* to **OutputBuffer**[*OutputBufferIndex*].
  - Increment *OutputBufferIndex* by 1.
- EndIf
- EndIf
- Bias the first and the last returned ranges so that they match the offset/length passed in, using the following algorithm:
- If *OutputBufferIndex* > 0:
  - If **OutputBuffer**[0].FileOffset < **InputBuffer.FileOffset**:
    - Set **OutputBuffer**[0].Length to **OutputBuffer**[0].Length - (**InputBuffer.FileOffset** - **OutputBuffer**[0].FileOffset).
    - Set **OutputBuffer**[0].FileOffset to **InputBuffer.FileOffset**.
  - EndIf
  - If (**OutputBuffer**[*OutputBufferIndex* - 1].FileOffset + **OutputBuffer**[*OutputBufferIndex* - 1].Length) > (**InputBuffer.FileOffset** + **InputBuffer.Length**):
    - Set **OutputBuffer**[*OutputBufferIndex* - 1].Length to **InputBuffer.FileOffset** + **InputBuffer.Length** - **OutputBuffer**[*OutputBufferIndex* - 1].FileOffset.
  - EndIf
- EndIf
- Endif
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - **BytesReturned** set to  $OutputBufferIndex * \text{sizeof}(\text{FILE\_ALLOCATED\_RANGE\_BUFFER})$ .
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

#### 2.1.5.9.21 FSCTL\_QUERY\_FAT\_BPB

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, this operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_REQUEST.<77>

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataFile or DirectoryFile.
- **OutputBufferSize:** The maximum number of bytes to return in **OutputBuffer**.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.



- **OutputBuffer:** An array of bytes that will return the first 0x24 bytes of sector zero, on a FAT volume.
- **BytesReturned:** The number of bytes returned in **OutputBuffer**.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **OutputBufferSize** is less than 0x24, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_BUFFER\_TOO\_SMALL.
- The operation will now copy the first 0x24 bytes of sector 0 of the storage device associated with **Open.File.Volume** into **OutputBuffer**.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - **BytesReturned** set to 0x24.
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

### 2.1.5.9.22 FSCTL\_QUERY\_FILE\_REGIONS

The server provides:

- **Open:** An Open of DataFile.
- **InputBuffer:** An array of bytes containing a single FILE\_REGION\_INPUT structure indicating the range of the **DataFile** to return data about, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.39. This input structure is optional.
- **InputBufferSize:** The number of bytes in **InputBuffer**.
- **OutputBufferSize:** The maximum number of bytes to return in **OutputBuffer**.

Upon completion, this object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.
- **OutputBuffer:** An array of bytes that will return a FILE\_REGION\_OUTPUT structure as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.40.
- **BytesReturned:** The number of bytes returned in **OutputBuffer**.

This operation uses the following local variables:

- A FILE\_REGION\_INPUT structure as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.39: *InputRegion*
- 32-bit unsigned integers (initialized to zero): *OutputBufferIndex, Length*
- 64-bit unsigned integers (initialized to zero): *Vdl, Eof*

Pseudocode for this operation is as follows:

- If **InputBufferSize** == 0:
  - Set *InputRegion.FileOffset* = 0
  - Set *InputRegion.Length* = MAXLONGLONG
  - Set *InputRegion.DesiredUsage* = FILE\_REGION\_USAGE\_VALID\_CACHED\_DATA for NTFS or Set *InputRegion.DesiredUsage* = FILE\_REGION\_USAGE\_VALID\_NONCACHED\_DATA for ReFS
- ElseIf **InputBufferSize** < *Sizeof(FILE\_REGION\_INPUT)*

- The operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_BUFFER\_TOO\_SMALL.
- Else:
  - Set *InputRegion* = **InputBuffer**
- EndIf
- If *InputRegion.Length* <= 0, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If (*InputRegion.FileOffset* + *InputRegion.Length*) exceeds 63 bits, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER
- If *InputRegion.DesiredUsage* does NOT have flag FILE\_REGION\_USAGE\_VALID\_CACHED\_DATA (for NTFS) or flag FILE\_REGION\_USAGE\_VALID\_NONCACHED\_DATA (for ReFS) set, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER
- If **OutputBuffer.Length** < *sizeof*(FILE\_REGION\_OUTPUT), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_BUFFER\_TOO\_SMALL
- Set *Vdl* = **Open.File.ValidDataLength**
- Set *Eof* = **Open.File.Eof**
- Set *Length* = **FieldOffset(OutputBuffer.Region[0])**
- If (*InputRegion.FileOffset* > *Eof*) OR ((*InputRegion.FileOffset* == *Eof*) AND (*Eof* > 0)), the operation MUST return STATUS\_SUCCESS, with **BytesReturned** set to 0.
- If (*InputRegion.FileOffset* >= *Vdl*)
  - Set **OutputBuffer.Region[OutputBufferIndex].FileOffset** = *InputRegion.FileOffset*
  - Set **OutputBuffer.Region[OutputBufferIndex].Length** = *min*(*InputRegion.Length*, *Eof* - *InputRegion.FileOffset*)
  - Set **OutputBuffer.Region[OutputBufferIndex].Usage** = 0
  - Set **OutputBuffer.Region[OutputBufferIndex].Reserved** = 0
  - Set *Length* = *Length* + *sizeof*(FILE\_REGION\_INFO)
  - Set *OutputBufferIndex* = *OutputBufferIndex* + 1
  - Set **OutputBuffer.TotalRegionEntryCount** = **OutputBuffer.TotalRegionEntryCount** + 1
- Else
  - Set **OutputBuffer.Region[OutputBufferIndex].FileOffset** = *InputRegion.FileOffset*
  - Set **OutputBuffer.Region[OutputBufferIndex].Length** = *min*((*Vdl* - *InputRegion.FileOffset*), *InputRegion.Length*)
  - Set **OutputBuffer.Region[OutputBufferIndex].Usage** = FILE\_REGION\_USAGE\_VALID\_CACHED\_DATA*InputRegion.DesiredUsage*
  - Set **OutputBuffer.Region[OutputBufferIndex].Reserved** = 0
  - Set *Length* = *Length* + *sizeof*(FILE\_REGION\_INFO)
  - Set *OutputBufferIndex* = *OutputBufferIndex* + 1
  - Set **OutputBuffer.TotalRegionEntryCount** = **OutputBuffer.TotalRegionEntryCount** + 1

- If (*Vdl* < *Eof*) AND (**OutputBuffer.Region**[*OutputBufferIndex* - 1]. *Length* < **InputRegion.Length**),
  - If (*Length* + **sizeof**(FILE\_REGION\_INFO)) > **OutputBufferSize**)
  - Set **OutputBuffer.TotalRegionEntryCount** = **OutputBuffer.TotalRegionEntryCount** + 1
  - The operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_BUFFER\_OVERFLOW.
- Set **OutputBuffer.Region**[*OutputBufferIndex*].**FileOffset** = *Vdl*
- Set **OutputBuffer.Region**[*OutputBufferIndex*].**Length** = **min**(**InputRegion.Length** - **OutputBuffer.Region**[*OutputBufferIndex* - 1].**Length**, *Eof* - *Vdl*)
- Set **OutputBuffer.Region**[*OutputBufferIndex*].**Usage** = 0
- Set **OutputBuffer.Region**[*OutputBufferIndex*].**Reserved** = 0;
- Set *Length* = *Length* + **sizeof**(FILE\_REGION\_INFO)
- Set *OutputBufferIndex* = *OutputBufferIndex* + 1
- Set **OutputBuffer.TotalRegionEntryCount** = **OutputBuffer.TotalRegionEntryCount** + 1
- EndIf
- EndIf
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - **OutputBuffer.RegionEntryCount** set to *OutputBufferIndex*
  - **BytesReturned** set to *Length*
  - Status set to STATUS\_SUCCESS

### 2.1.5.9.23 FSCTL\_QUERY\_ON\_DISK\_VOLUME\_INFO

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataFile.
- **OutputBufferSize:** The maximum number of bytes to return in **OutputBuffer**.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.
- **OutputBuffer:** An array of bytes that will return a FILE\_QUERY\_ON\_DISK\_VOL\_INFO\_BUFFER as defined in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.42.
- **BytesReturned:** The number of bytes returned in **OutputBuffer**.

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_REQUEST.<78>

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **OutputBufferSize** is less than **sizeof**(FILE\_QUERY\_ON\_DISK\_VOL\_INFO\_BUFFER), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_BUFFER\_TOO\_SMALL.

- The object store MUST populate the fields of **OutputBuffer** as follows:
  - **OutputBuffer.DirectoryCount** set to **Open.File.Volume.DirectoryCount**.
  - **OutputBuffer.FileCount** set to **Open.File.Volume.FileCount**.
  - **OutputBuffer.FsFormatMajVersion** set to **Open.File.Volume.FsFormatMajVersion**.
  - **OutputBuffer.FsFormatMinVersion** set to **Open.File.Volume.FsFormatMinVersion**.
  - **OutputBuffer.FsFormatName** set to the Unicode string "UDF".
  - **OutputBuffer.FormatTime** set to **Open.File.Volume.FormatTime**.
  - **OutputBuffer.LastUpdateTime** set to **Open.File.Volume.LastUpdateTime**.
  - **OutputBuffer.CopyrightInfo** set to **Open.File.Volume.CopyrightInfo**.
  - **OutputBuffer.AbstractInfo** set to **Open.File.Volume.AbstractInfo**.
  - **OutputBuffer.FormattingImplementationInfo** set to **Open.File.Volume.FormattingImplementationInfo**.
  - **OutputBuffer.LastModifyingImplementationInfo** set to **Open.File.Volume.LastModifyingImplementationInfo**.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - **BytesReturned** set to *sizeof*(FILE\_QUERY\_ON\_DISK\_VOL\_INFO\_BUFFER).
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

#### 2.1.5.9.24 FSCTL\_QUERY\_SPARING\_INFO

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataFile.
- **OutputBufferSize:** The maximum number of bytes to return in **OutputBuffer**.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.
- **OutputBuffer:** An array of bytes that will return a FILE\_QUERY\_SPARING\_BUFFER as defined in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.44.
- **BytesReturned:** The number of bytes returned in **OutputBuffer**.

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_REQUEST.<79>

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **OutputBufferSize** is less than *sizeof*(FILE\_QUERY\_SPARING\_BUFFER), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- The object store MUST populate the fields of **OutputBuffer** as follows:
  - **OutputBuffer.SparingUnitBytes** set to **Open.File.Volume.SparingUnitBytes**.
  - **OutputBuffer.SoftwareSparing** set to **Open.File.Volume.SoftwareSparing**.

- **OutputBuffer.TotalSpareBlocks** set to **Open.File.Volume.TotalSpareBlocks**.
- **OutputBuffer.FreeSpareBlocks** set to **Open.File.Volume.FreeSpareBlocks**.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - **BytesReturned** set to *sizeof*(FILE\_QUERY\_SPARING\_BUFFER).
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

#### 2.1.5.9.25 FSCTL\_READ\_FILE\_USN\_DATA

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataFile or DirectoryFile.
- **InputBuffer:** An optional array of bytes containing a READ\_FILE\_USN\_DATA structure, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.45.
- **InputBufferSize:** The number of bytes in the **InputBuffer**.
- **OutputBufferSize:** The maximum number of bytes to return in **OutputBuffer**.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.
- **OutputBuffer:** An array of bytes that will return a USN\_RECORD\_V2 or USN\_RECORD\_V3 as defined in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.46.
- **BytesReturned:** The number of bytes returned in **OutputBuffer**.

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_REQUEST.<80>

This operation uses the following local variables:

- 16-bit unsigned integers: *MinMajorVersionSupported*, *MaxMajorVersionSupported*, *MajorVersionToUse*
- Unicode string: *LinkNameToUse*
- 32-bit unsigned integers: *LinkNameLength*, *RecordLength*

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

Set *MinMajorVersionSupported* to 2.

Set *MaxMajorVersionSupported* to 3.<81>

Set *MajorVersionToUse* to 2.

If **InputBufferSize** >= *sizeof*(READ\_FILE\_USN\_DATA):<82>

- If **InputBuffer.MinMajorVersion** > **InputBuffer.MaxMajorVersion**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If **InputBuffer.MinMajorVersion** > *MaxMajorVersionSupported* or **InputBuffer.MaxMajorVersion** < *MinMajorVersionSupported*, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.<83>
- If **InputBuffer.MaxMajorVersion** >= 3, set *MajorVersionToUse* to 3.

EndIf

If *MajorVersionToUse* == 3:

- If **OutputBufferSize** is less than **sizeof(USN\_RECORD\_V3)**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_BUFFER\_TOO\_SMALL.

Else:

- If **OutputBufferSize** is less than **sizeof(USN\_RECORD\_V2)**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_BUFFER\_TOO\_SMALL.

EndIf

The object store MUST choose a link name to use in constructing the reply, as shown in the following pseudocode:

- Set *LinkNameToUse* to empty.
- For each *Link* in **Open.File.LinkList**:
  - If *Link.ShortName* is not empty:
    - Set *LinkNameToUse* to *Link.Name*.
    - Break out of the For loop.
  - ElseIf *LinkNameToUse* is empty:
    - Set *LinkNameToUse* to *Link.Name*.
  - EndIf
- EndFor

Set *LinkNameLength* to the length, in bytes, of *LinkNameToUse*.

If *MajorVersionToUse* == 3:

- Set *RecordLength* to **BlockAlign(FieldOffset(USN\_RECORD\_V3.FileName) + LinkNameLength, 8)**.

Else:

- Set *RecordLength* to **BlockAlign(FieldOffset(USN\_RECORD\_V2.FileName) + LinkNameLength, 8)**.

EndIf

If **OutputBufferSize** is less than *RecordLength*, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_BUFFER\_TOO\_SMALL.

If *MajorVersionToUse* == 3, the object store MUST fill **OutputBuffer** with a USN\_RECORD\_V3 structure as follows:

- **OutputBuffer.RecordLength** set to *RecordLength*.
- **OutputBuffer.MajorVersion** set to 3.
- **OutputBuffer.MinorVersion** set to 0.
- **OutputBuffer.FileReferenceNumber** set to **Open.File.FileId128**.

- **OutputBuffer.ParentFileReferenceNumber** set to **Open.Link.ParentFile.FileId128**.
- **OutputBuffer.Usn** set to **Open.File.Usn**.
- **OutputBuffer.TimeStamp** set to 0.
- **OutputBuffer.Reason** set to 0.
- **OutputBuffer.SourceInfo** set to 0.
- **OutputBuffer.SecurityId** set to 0.
- **OutputBuffer.FileAttributes** set to **Open.File.FileAttributes**, or to FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_NORMAL if **Open.File.FileAttributes** is 0.
- **OutputBuffer.FileNameLength** set to *LinkNameLength*.
- **OutputBuffer.FileName** set to *LinkNameToUse*.

Else the object store MUST fill **OutputBuffer** with a USN\_RECORD\_V2 structure as follows:

- **OutputBuffer.RecordLength** set to *RecordLength*.
- **OutputBuffer.MajorVersion** set to 2.
- **OutputBuffer.MinorVersion** set to 0.
- **OutputBuffer.FileReferenceNumber** set to **Open.File.FileId64**.
- **OutputBuffer.ParentFileReferenceNumber** set to **Open.Link.ParentFile.FileId64**.
- **OutputBuffer.Usn** set to **Open.File.Usn**.
- **OutputBuffer.TimeStamp** set to 0.
- **OutputBuffer.Reason** set to 0.
- **OutputBuffer.SourceInfo** set to 0.
- **OutputBuffer.SecurityId** set to 0.
- **OutputBuffer.FileAttributes** set to **Open.File.FileAttributes**, or to FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_NORMAL if **Open.File.FileAttributes** is 0.
- **OutputBuffer.FileNameLength** set to *LinkNameLength* .
- **OutputBuffer.FileName** set to *LinkNameToUse*.

EndIf

The object store MUST pad **OutputBuffer** with trailing bytes of zeroes to bring the total number of bytes written into **OutputBuffer** up to *RecordLength*.

Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:

- **BytesReturned** set to *RecordLength*.
- **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

#### 2.1.5.9.26 FSCTL\_RECALL\_FILE

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataFile.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_REQUEST.<84>

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **Open.File.FileType** is DirectoryFile, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_HANDLE.
  - If **Open.File.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_OFFLINE** is not set:
    - // The file has already been recalled.
  - Else
    - Recall **Open.File** from remote storage.
    - Clear **Open.File.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_OFFLINE**
  - EndIf
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

#### 2.1.5.9.27 FSCTL\_SET\_COMPRESSION

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataFile or DirectoryFile.
- **InputBuffer:** An array of bytes containing a USHORT value indicating the requested compression state of the stream, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.49.
- **InputBufferSize:** The number of bytes in **InputBuffer**.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_REQUEST.<85><86>

The operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER under any of the following conditions:

- **InputBufferSize** is less than **sizeof(USHORT)** (2 bytes).
- **InputBuffer.CompressionState** is not one of the predefined values in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.53.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **InputBuffer.CompressionState** != COMPRESSION\_FORMAT\_NONE:
  - If compression support is disabled in the object store, <87> the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_COMPRESSION\_DISABLED.



- If **Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize** is greater than 4,096, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_REQUEST, because compression is not supported on volumes with a cluster size greater than 4 KB.
- EndIf
- If **Open.File.Volume.IsReadOnly** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_MEDIA\_WRITE\_PROTECTED.
- If **Open.Stream.IsEncrypted** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_REQUEST.
- If (**InputBuffer.CompressionState** == COMPRESSION\_FORMAT\_NONE and **Open.Stream.IsCompressed** is FALSE) or (**InputBuffer.CompressionState** != COMPRESSION\_FORMAT\_NONE and **Open.Stream.IsCompressed** is TRUE), the operation MUST return STATUS\_SUCCESS at this point.
- The object store MUST initialize *ChangedAllocation* to FALSE.
- The object store MUST post a USN change as per section 2.1.4.11 with **File** equal to **File**, **Reason** equal to USN\_REASON\_COMPRESSION\_CHANGE, and **FileName** equal to **Open.Link.Name**.
- If **InputBuffer.CompressionState** != COMPRESSION\_FORMAT\_NONE:
  - If **Open.Stream.AllocationSize** is less than **BlockAlign(Open.Stream.AllocationSize, Open.File.Volume.CompressionUnitSize)**, the object store MUST increase **Open.Stream.AllocationSize** to **BlockAlign(Open.Stream.AllocationSize, Open.File.Volume.CompressionUnitSize)**. If there is not enough disk space, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_DISK\_FULL; otherwise the object store MUST set *ChangedAllocation* to TRUE.
- EndIf
- If **InputBuffer.CompressionState** == COMPRESSION\_FORMAT\_NONE, the object store MUST set **Open.Stream.IsCompressed** to FALSE; otherwise it MUST be set to TRUE.
- If **Open.Stream.StreamType** is DirectoryStream or **Open.Stream.Name** is empty, the object store MUST propagate the compression state to **Open.File**:
  - If **Open.Stream.IsCompressed** is TRUE, the object store MUST set **Open.File.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_COMPRESSED** to TRUE; otherwise it MUST be set to FALSE.
- EndIf
- Send directory change notification as per section 2.1.4.1, with **Volume** equal to **Open.File.Volume**, **Action** equal to FILE\_ACTION\_MODIFIED, **FilterMatch** equal to FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_ATTRIBUTES, and **FileName** equal to **Open.FileName**.
- If **Open.Stream.StreamType** is DirectoryStream, the operation MUST return STATUS\_SUCCESS at this point.
- If **Open.Stream.IsCompressed** is FALSE and **Open.Stream.AllocationSize** is greater than **BlockAlign(Open.Stream.Size, Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize)**, the object store SHOULD free excess allocation by setting **Open.Stream.AllocationSize** to **BlockAlign(Open.Stream.Size, Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize)**. If any allocation is freed in this way, the object store MUST set *ChangedAllocation* to TRUE.
- If **Open.Stream.IsSparse** is TRUE, the object store SHOULD free any allocated compression unit-aligned extents beyond **Open.Stream.ValidDataLength**. If any allocation is freed in this way, the object store MUST set *ChangedAllocation* to TRUE.

- If *ChangedAllocation* is TRUE and **Open.Stream.Name** is empty, the object store MUST set **Open.File.PendingNotifications.FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_SIZE** to TRUE.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

#### 2.1.5.9.28 FSCTL\_SET\_DEFECT\_MANAGEMENT

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataStream.
- **InputBuffer:** An array of bytes containing a Boolean as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.55.
- **InputBufferSize:** The number of bytes in **InputBuffer**.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality or the target media is not a software defect-managed media, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_REQUEST.<88>

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **Open.Stream.StreamType** is DirectoryStream, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If **InputBufferSize** is less than *sizeof*(Boolean) (1 byte), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If **Open.File.OpenList** contains more than one Open on this stream, this operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_SHARING\_VIOLATION.
- The object store MUST set **Open.File.DisableDefectManagement** to **InputBuffer.Disable**.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

#### 2.1.5.9.29 FSCTL\_SET\_ENCRYPTION

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataFile or DirectoryFile.
- **InputBuffer:** An array of bytes containing an ENCRYPTION\_BUFFER structure indicating the requested encryption state of the stream or file, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.55.
- **InputBufferSize:** The number of bytes in **InputBuffer**.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.

This operation uses the following local variables:

- Boolean value (initialized to FALSE): *ChangedFileEncryption*

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_REQUEST.<89>

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **Open.File.Volume.IsReadOnly** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_MEDIA\_WRITE\_PROTECTED.
- If **InputBufferSize** is smaller than **BlockAlign(sizeof(ENCRYPTION\_BUFFER), 4)**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_BUFFER\_TOO\_SMALL.
- The operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER under any of the following conditions:
  - If **InputBuffer.EncryptionOperation** is not one of the predefined values in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.55.
  - If **InputBuffer.EncryptionOperation** == STREAM\_SET\_ENCRYPTION and **Open.Stream.IsCompressed** is TRUE.
- If **InputBuffer.EncryptionOperation** == FILE\_SET\_ENCRYPTION:
  - If **Open.File.Attributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_ENCRYPTED** is FALSE:
    - The object store MUST set **Open.File.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_ENCRYPTED** to TRUE.
    - The object store MUST set **Open.File.PendingNotifications.FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_ATTRIBUTES** to TRUE.
    - The object store MUST set *ChangedFileEncryption* to TRUE.
  - EndIf
- ElseIf **InputBuffer.EncryptionOperation** == FILE\_CLEAR\_ENCRYPTION:
  - If **Open.File.Attributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_ENCRYPTED** is TRUE:
    - If there exists an *ExistingStream* in **Open.File.StreamList** such that *ExistingStream.IsEncrypted* is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_REQUEST.
    - The object store MUST set **Open.File.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_ENCRYPTED** to FALSE.
    - The object store MUST set **Open.File.PendingNotifications.FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_ATTRIBUTES** to TRUE.
    - The object store MUST set *ChangedFileEncryption* to TRUE.
  - EndIf
- ElseIf **InputBuffer.EncryptionOperation** == STREAM\_SET\_ENCRYPTION:
  - If **Open.Stream.IsEncrypted** is FALSE:
    - The object store MUST set **Open.Stream.IsEncrypted** to TRUE.
  - If **Open.File.Attributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_ENCRYPTED** is FALSE:
    - The object store MUST set **Open.File.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_ENCRYPTED** to TRUE.

- The object store MUST set **Open.File.PendingNotifications**.FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_ATTRIBUTES to TRUE.
  - EndIf
- EndIf
- Else: // **InputBuffer.EncryptionOperation** == STREAM\_CLEAR\_ENCRYPTION
  - If **Open.Stream.IsEncrypted** is TRUE:
    - The object store MUST set **Open.Stream.IsEncrypted** to FALSE.
    - If there does not exist an *ExistingStream* in **Open.File.StreamList** such that *ExistingStream.IsEncrypted* is TRUE:
      - The object store MUST set **Open.File.FileAttributes**.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_ENCRYPTED to FALSE.
      - The object store MUST set **Open.File.PendingNotifications**.FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_ATTRIBUTES to TRUE.
  - EndIf
- EndIf
- EndIf
- If **Open.File.PendingNotifications** is nonzero:
  - Set *FilterMatch* = (**Open.File.PendingNotifications** | **Open.Link.PendingNotifications**).
  - Send directory change notification as per section 2.1.4.1, with **Volume** equal to **Open.File.Volume**, **Action** equal to FILE\_ACTION\_MODIFIED, **FilterMatch** equal to *FilterMatch*, and **FileName** equal to **Open.FileName**.
  - For each *ExistingLink* in **Open.Link.ParentFile.DirectoryList**:
    - If *ExistingLink* is not equal to **Open.Link**:
      - *ExistingLink.PendingNotifications* |= **Open.File.PendingNotifications**
    - EndIf
  - EndFor
  - Set **Open.Link.PendingNotifications** to zero.
  - Set **Open.File.PendingNotifications** to zero.
- EndIf
- If the **Oplock** member of the **DirectoryStream** in **Open.Link.ParentFile.StreamList** (hereinafter referred to as *ParentOplock*) is not empty, the object store MUST check for an oplock break on the parent according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12, with input values as follows:
  - **Open** equal to this operation's **Open**
  - **Oplock** equal to *ParentOplock*
  - **Operation** equal to "FS\_CONTROL"
  - **OpParams** containing a member **ControlCode** containing "FSCTL\_SET\_ENCRYPTION"

- **Flags** equal to "PARENT\_OBJECT"
- The object store MUST post a USN change as per section 2.1.4.11 with **File** equal to **File**, **Reason** equal to USN\_REASON\_ENCRYPTION\_CHANGE, and **FileName** equal to **Open.Link.Name**.
- If *ChangedFileEncryption* is TRUE:
  - If **Open.UserSetChangeTime** is FALSE, update **Open.File.LastChangeTime** to the current time.
  - Set **Open.File.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_ARCHIVE** to TRUE.
- EndIf
- Upon successful completion of this operation, the object store MUST return:
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

### 2.1.5.9.30 FSCTL\_SET\_INTEGRITY\_INFORMATION

The server provides: <90>

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataFile or DirectoryFile.
- **InputBuffer:** An array of bytes containing an FSCTL\_SET\_INTEGRITY\_INFORMATION\_BUFFER structure indicating the requested integrity state of the directory or file, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.57.
- **InputBufferSize:** The number of bytes in **InputBuffer**.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_REQUEST.<91><92>

The operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER under any of the following conditions:

- **InputBufferSize** is less than *sizeof*(FSCTL\_SET\_INTEGRITY\_INFORMATION\_BUFFER).
- **InputBuffer.ChecksumAlgorithm** is not one of the predefined values in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.57.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **Open.File.Volume.IsReadOnly** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_MEDIA\_WRITE\_PROTECTED.
- If **Open.Stream.StreamType** is DirectoryStream:
  - The object store MUST post a USN change as specified in section 2.1.4.11 with File equal to Directory, Reason equal to USN\_REASON\_INTEGRITY\_CHANGE, and FileName equal to **Open.Link.Name**.
  - If **InputBuffer.ChecksumAlgorithm** != CHECKSUM\_TYPE\_UNCHANGED, the object store MUST set **Open.Stream.CheckSumAlgorithm** to **InputBuffer.ChecksumAlgorithm**.
- EndIf
- If **Open.Stream.StreamType** is DataStream:

- The object store MUST post a USN change as specified in section 2.1.4.11 with File equal to File, Reason equal to USN\_REASON\_INTEGRITY\_CHANGE, and FileName equal to **Open.Link.Name**.
- If **InputBuffer.ChecksumAlgorithm** != CHECKSUM\_TYPE\_UNCHANGED, the object store MUST set **Open.Stream.CheckSumAlgorithm** to **InputBuffer.ChecksumAlgorithm**.
- If (**InputBuffer.Flags** & FSCTL\_INTEGRITY\_FLAG\_CHECKSUM\_ENFORCEMENT\_OFF) != 0,
  - The object store MUST set **Open.Stream.StreamChecksumEnforcementOff** to TRUE.
  - Else:
    - The object store MUST set **Open.Stream.StreamChecksumEnforcementOff** to FALSE.
  - EndIf
- EndIf
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

### 2.1.5.9.31 FSCTL\_SET\_OBJECT\_ID

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataFile or DirectoryFile.
- **InputBuffer:** An array of bytes containing a FILE\_OBJECTID\_BUFFER structure as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.3.
- **InputBufferSize:** The number of bytes in **InputBuffer**.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_REQUEST.<93>

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **InputBufferSize** is not equal to **sizeof(FILE\_OBJECTID\_BUFFER)**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If **Volume.IsReadOnly** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_MEDIA\_WRITE\_PROTECTED.
- If **Open.File.Volume.IsObjectIDsSupported** is FALSE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_VOLUME\_NOT\_UPGRADED.
- If **Open.HasRestoreAccess** is FALSE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_ACCESS\_DENIED.
- If **Open.File.ObjectId** is not empty, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_OBJECT\_NAME\_COLLISION.
- If **InputBuffer.ObjectId** is not unique on **Open.File.Volume**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_DUPLICATE\_NAME.
- Before completing the operation successfully, the object store MUST set:

- **Open.File.LastChangeTime** to the current time.<94>
- Post a USN change as per section 2.1.4.11 with **File** equal to **File**, **Reason** equal to USN\_REASON\_OBJECT\_ID\_CHANGE, and **FileName** equal to **Open.Link.Name**.
- **Open.File.ObjectId** to **InputBuffer.ObjectId**.
- **Open.File.BirthVolumeId** to **InputBuffer.BirthVolumeId**.
- **Open.File.BirthObjectId** to **InputBuffer.BirthObjectId**.
- **Open.File.DomainId** to **InputBuffer.DomainId**.
- The object store MUST construct a FILE\_OBJECTID\_INFORMATION structure (as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.28.1) *ObjectIdInfo* as follows:
  - *ObjectIdInfo.FileReference* set to zero.
  - *ObjectIdInfo.ObjectId* set to **Open.File.ObjectId**.
  - *ObjectIdInfo.BirthVolumeId* set to **Open.File.BirthVolumeId**.
  - *ObjectIdInfo.BirthObjectId* set to **Open.File.BirthObjectId**.
  - *ObjectIdInfo.DomainId* set to **Open.File.DomainId**.
- Send directory change notification as per section 2.1.4.1, with **Volume** equal to **Open.File.Volume**, **Action** equal to FILE\_ACTION\_ADDED, **FilterMatch** equal to FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_FILE\_NAME, **FileName** equal to "\\$Extend\\$ObjId", **NotifyData** equal to *ObjectIdInfo*, and **NotifyDataLength** equal to *sizeof(FILE\_OBJECTID\_INFORMATION)*.

Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:

- **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

### 2.1.5.9.32 FSCTL\_SET\_OBJECT\_ID\_EXTENDED

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataFile or DirectoryFile.
- **InputBuffer:** An array of bytes containing a FILE\_OBJECTID\_BUFFER structure as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.3.1.
- **InputBufferSize:** The number of bytes in **InputBuffer**.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_REQUEST.<95>

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **InputBufferSize** is not equal to *sizeof(ObjectId.ExtendedInfo)* (48 bytes), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If **Volume.IsReadOnly** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_MEDIA\_WRITE\_PROTECTED.

- If **Open.File.Volume.IsObjectIDsSupported** is FALSE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_VOLUME\_NOT\_UPGRADED.
- If **Open.GrantedAccess** contains neither FILE\_WRITE\_DATA nor FILE\_WRITE\_ATTRIBUTES, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_ACCESS\_DENIED.
- If **Open.File.ObjectId** is empty, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_OBJECTID\_NOT\_FOUND.

Before completing the operation successfully, the object store MUST set:

- **Open.File.LastChangeTime** to the current time.<96>
- Post a USN change as per section 2.1.4.11 with **File** equal to **File**, **Reason** equal to USN\_REASON\_OBJECT\_ID\_CHANGE, and **FileName** equal to **Open.Link.Name**.
- **Open.File.BirthVolumeId** to **InputBuffer.BirthVolumeId**.
- **Open.File.BirthObjectId** to **InputBuffer.BirthObjectId**.
- **Open.File.DomainId** to **InputBuffer.DomainId**.

Upon successful completion of this operation, the object store MUST return:

- **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

### 2.1.5.9.33 FSCTL\_SET\_REPARSE\_POINT

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataFile or DirectoryFile.
- **InputBufferSize:** The byte count of the **InputBuffer**.
- **InputBuffer:** An array of bytes containing a REPARSE\_DATA\_BUFFER or REPARSE\_GUID\_DATA\_BUFFER structure as defined in [MS-FSCC] sections 2.1.2.2 and 2.1.2.3, respectively.

On completion, the object store **MUST** return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_REQUEST.<97>

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- Phase 1 -- Verify the parameters
- If (**Open.GrantedAccess** & (FILE\_WRITE\_DATA | FILE\_WRITE\_ATTRIBUTES)) == 0, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_ACCESS\_DENIED.
- If **Open.File.Volume.IsReadOnly** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_MEDIA\_WRITE\_PROTECTED.
- If **Open.File.Volume.IsReparsePointsSupported** is FALSE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_VOLUME\_NOT\_UPGRADED.
- If **InputBufferSize** is smaller than 8 bytes, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_IO\_REPARSE\_DATA\_INVALID.



- If **InputBufferSize** is larger than 16384 bytes, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_IO\_REPARSE\_DATA\_INVALID.
- If (**InputBufferSize** != **InputBuffer.ReparseDataLength** + 8) && (**InputBufferSize** != **InputBuffer.ReparseDataLength** + 24), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_IO\_REPARSE\_DATA\_INVALID.
- If **InputBuffer.ReparseTag** == IO\_REPARSE\_TAG\_MOUNT\_POINT and **Open.File.FileType** != DirectoryFile, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_NOT\_A\_DIRECTORY.
- If **InputBuffer.ReparseTag** == IO\_REPARSE\_TAG\_SYMLINK and **Open.HasCreateSymbolicLinkAccess** is FALSE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_ACCESS\_DENIED.
- If **Open.File.FileType** == DirectoryFile and **Open.File.DirectoryList** is not empty, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_DIRECTORY\_NOT\_EMPTY.
- If **Open.File.FileType** == DataFile and **InputBuffer.ReparseTag** == IO\_REPARSE\_TAG\_SYMLINK and **Open.Stream.Size** is nonzero, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_IO\_REPARSE\_DATA\_INVALID.
- If **Open.File.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_REPARSE\_POINT** is not set and **Open.File.ExtendedAttributesLength** is nonzero, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_EAS\_NOT\_SUPPORTED.
- Phase 2 -- Update the File
- If **Open.File.ReparseTag** is not empty (indicating that a reparse point is already assigned):
  - If **Open.File.ReparseTag** != **InputBuffer.ReparseTag**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_IO\_REPARSE\_TAG\_MISMATCH.
  - If **Open.File.ReparseTag** is a non-Microsoft tag and **Open.File.ReparseGUID** is not equal to **InputBuffer.ReparseGUID**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_REPARSE\_ATTRIBUTE\_CONFLICT.
  - Copy **InputBuffer.DataBuffer** to **Open.File.ReparseData**.
- Else
  - Set **Open.File.ReparseTag** to **InputBuffer.ReparseTag**.
  - If **InputBuffer.ReparseTag** is a non-Microsoft Tag, then set **Open.File.ReparseGUID** to **InputBuffer.ReparseGUID**.
  - Set **Open.File.ReparseData** to **InputBuffer.ReparseData**.
  - Set **Open.File.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_REPARSE\_POINT** to TRUE.
- EndIf
- If **Open.File.FileType** == DataFile, set **Open.File.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_ARCHIVE** to TRUE.
- Update **Open.File.LastChangeTime** to the current system time. <98>

Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:

- **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

#### 2.1.5.9.34 FSCTL\_SET\_SHORT\_NAME\_BEHAVIOR

This control code is reserved for the **WinPE** <99> environment; the object store **MUST** return STATUS\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_REQUEST.

### 2.1.5.9.35 FSCTL\_SET\_SPARSE

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a **DataStream**.
- **InputBufferSize:** The byte count of the **InputBuffer**.
- **InputBuffer:** A buffer of type FILE\_SET\_SPARSE\_BUFFER as defined in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.65.

On completion, the object store **MUST** return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation **MUST** be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_REQUEST.<100><101>

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **Open.Stream.StreamType** != **DataStream**, the object store **MUST** fail the operation and return STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If **Open.File.Volume.IsReadOnly** is TRUE, the object store **MUST** return STATUS\_MEDIA\_WRITE\_PROTECTED.
- If **Open.GrantedAccess.FILE\_WRITE\_DATA** is FALSE and **Open.GrantedAccess.FILE\_WRITE\_ATTRIBUTES** is FALSE, the operation **MUST** be failed with STATUS\_ACCESS\_DENIED.
- The object store **MUST** post a USN change as per section 2.1.4.11 with **File** equal to **File**, **Reason** equal to USN\_REASON\_BASIC\_INFO\_CHANGE, and **FileName** equal to **Open.Link.Name**. If **InputBuffer.SetSparse** is TRUE:
  - The object store **MUST** set **Open.Stream.IsSparse** to TRUE.
  - The object store **MUST** set **Open.File.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_SPARSE\_FILE** to TRUE, indicating that at least one stream of the file is sparse.
- Else
  - For each *Extent* in **Open.Stream.ExtentList**:
    - If *Extent.LCN* is un-allocated as per [MS-FSCC] 2.3.24.1:
      - The object store **MUST** fully allocate the *Extent*. If the space cannot be allocated, then the operation **MUST** be failed with STATUS\_DISK\_FULL. The object store is not required to revert any allocations performed during the operation.
    - EndIf
  - EndFor
  - The object store **MUST** set **Open.Stream.IsSparse** to FALSE.
  - If there does not exist an *ExistingStream* in **Open.File.StreamList** such that *ExistingStream.IsSparse* is TRUE:

- The object store MUST set **Open.File.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_SPARSE\_FILE** to FALSE, indicating that no streams of the file are sparse.
- EndIf
- EndIf
- Set **Open.File.PendingNotifications.FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_ATTRIBUTES** to TRUE.
- Upon successful completion of this operation, the object store MUST return:
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

### 2.1.5.9.36 FSCTL\_SET\_ZERO\_DATA

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a **DataStream**.
- **InputBufferSize:** The byte count of the **InputBuffer**.
- **InputBuffer:** An array of bytes containing a **FILE\_ZERO\_DATA\_INFORMATION** structure as defined in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.71.

On completion, the object store **MUST** return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.

This algorithm uses the following local variables:

- 64-bit signed integers: *StartingOffset*, *CurrentBytes*, *CurrentOffset*, *CurrentFinalByte*, *NextVcn*, *CurrentVcn*, *ClusterCount*
- 64-bit signed integer initialized to -1: *LastOffset*

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_REQUEST.<102><103>

The operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER under any of the following conditions:

- **InputBufferSize** is less than *sizeof(FILE\_ZERO\_DATA\_INFORMATION)*.
- **InputBuffer.FileOffset** is less than 0.
- **InputBuffer.BeyondFinalZero** is less than 0.
- **InputBuffer.FileOffset** is greater than **InputBuffer.BeyondFinalZero**.
- **Open.Stream.StreamType** is not **DataStream**.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **Open.File.Volume.IsReadOnly** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_MEDIA\_WRITE\_PROTECTED.
- Set *StartingOffset* equal to **InputBuffer.FileOffset**.
- While TRUE:
  - If **Open.Stream.IsDeleted** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_FILE\_DELETED.

- If *StartingOffset* is greater than or equal to **Open.Stream.Size**, or if *StartingOffset* is greater than or equal to **InputBuffer.BeyondFinalZero**, break out of the while loop.
- Set *CurrentBytes* to **InputBuffer.BeyondFinalZero - StartingOffset**.
- If **InputBuffer.BeyondFinalZero** is greater than **Open.Stream.Size**, set *CurrentBytes* to **Open.Stream.Size - StartingOffset**.
- If *CurrentBytes* is greater than 0x40000000 (1 gigabyte), set *CurrentBytes* to 0x40000000.
- If **Open.Stream.Oplock** is not empty, the object store MUST check for an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12, with input values as follows:
  - **Open** equal to this operation's **Open**
  - **Oplock** equal to **Open.Stream.Oplock**
  - **Operation** equal to "FS\_CONTROL"
  - **OpParams** containing a member **ControlCode** containing "FSCTL\_SET\_ZERO\_DATA"
- The object store MUST check for byte range lock conflicts using the algorithm described in section 2.1.4.10 with **ByteOffset** set to *StartingOffset*, **Length** set to *CurrentBytes*, **IsExclusive** set to TRUE, **LockIntent** set to FALSE and **Open** set to **Open**. If a conflict is detected, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_FILE\_LOCK\_CONFLICT.
- The object store MUST post a USN change as per section 2.1.4.11 with **File** equal to **File**, **Reason** equal to USN\_REASON\_DATA\_OVERWRITE, and **FileName** equal to **Open.Link.Name**.
- The object store MUST note that the file has been modified as per section 2.1.4.17 with **Open** equal to **Open**.
- If *LastOffset* is -1 and *StartingOffset* is greater than **Open.Stream.ValidDataLength**:
  - Zero the data in the file according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.9.36.1, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
    - Pass in the current **Open**.
    - **StartingZero** equal to **Open.Stream.ValidDataLength**.
    - **ByteCount** equal to *StartingOffset - Open.Stream.ValidDataLength*.
- EndIf
- If **Open.Stream.IsCompressed** is TRUE, or if **Open.Stream.IsSparse** is TRUE:
  - Set *CurrentOffset* to *StartingOffset* & ~(**Open.File.Volume.CompressionUnitSize** - 1). This aligns the starting point to a compression unit boundary, since when setting zero ranges on a sparse or compressed file, allocation is deleted in compression unit-aligned chunks.
  - Set *CurrentFinalByte* to **InputBuffer.BeyondFinalZero**.
  - If *CurrentFinalByte* is greater than or equal to **Open.Stream.Size**, set *CurrentFinalByte* to **BlockAlign(Open.Stream.Size, Open.File.Volume.CompressionUnitSize)**.
  - Set *NextVcn* and *CurrentVcn* equal to **ClustersFromBytesTruncate(Open.File.Volume, CurrentOffset)**.
  - While an unallocated range of the file exists starting at *NextVcn*:

- $NextVcn +=$  The size of the unallocated range in clusters.
- If  $(NextVcn * \text{Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize})$  is greater than or equal to  $CurrentFinalByte$ :
  - $NextVcn = \text{ClustersFromBytesTruncate}(\text{Open.File.Volume}, CurrentFinalByte)$ .
  - Break out of the While loop.
- EndIf
- EndWhile
- $NextVcn = \text{BlockAlignTruncate}(NextVcn, \text{ClustersFromBytes}(\text{Open.File.Volume}, \text{Open.File.Volume.CompressionUnitSize}))$ . This aligns  $NextVcn$  to a compression unit boundary.
- If  $NextVcn \neq CurrentVcn$ :
  - $ClusterCount = NextVcn - CurrentVcn$
  - $CurrentVcn += ClusterCount$
- EndIf
- $CurrentOffset = (CurrentVcn * \text{Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize})$
- If  $CurrentOffset \geq CurrentFinalByte$ , break out of the while loop.
- If  $CurrentOffset < StartingOffset$ :
  - If there are not enough free clusters on the storage media to accommodate a write of **Open.File.Volume.CompressionUnitSize** bytes, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_DISK\_FULL. The object store is not required to undo any file zeroing or range deallocation that has been performed during the operation.
  - $CurrentBytes = \text{Open.File.Volume.CompressionUnitSize} - (StartingOffset - CurrentOffset)$
  - If  $(CurrentOffset + \text{Open.File.Volume.CompressionUnitSize}) > CurrentFinalByte$ :
    - $CurrentBytes = CurrentFinalByte - StartingOffset$
  - EndIf
  - The object store MUST write  $CurrentBytes$  zeroes into the stream beginning at  $CurrentOffset + (StartingOffset \& (\text{Open.File.Volume.CompressionUnitSize} - 1))$ .
  - $CurrentOffset += (StartingOffset \& (\text{Open.File.Volume.CompressionUnitSize} - 1))$
- ElseIf  $CurrentOffset + \text{Open.File.Volume.CompressionUnitSize} > CurrentFinalByte$ :
  - If there are not enough free clusters on the storage media to accommodate a write of **Open.File.Volume.CompressionUnitSize** bytes, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_DISK\_FULL. The object store is not required to undo any file zeroing or range deallocation that has been performed during the operation.
  - $CurrentBytes = CurrentFinalByte \& (\text{Open.File.Volume.CompressionUnitSize} - 1)$
  - The object store MUST write  $CurrentBytes$  zeroes into the stream beginning at  $CurrentOffset$ .

- Else
    - $CurrentBytes = CurrentFinalByte - CurrentOffset$
    - If  $CurrentBytes$  is greater than 0x40000000, set  $CurrentBytes$  to 0x40000000.
    - $CurrentBytes = \mathbf{BlockAlignTruncate}(CurrentBytes, \mathbf{Open.File.Volume.CompressionUnitSize})$
    - If ( $CurrentBytes \neq 0$ ) and ( $NextVcn \leq (CurrentVcn + \mathbf{ClustersFromBytesTruncate}(\mathbf{Open.File.Volume}, CurrentBytes) - 1)$ ):
      - The object store MUST delete  $CurrentVcn + \mathbf{ClustersFromBytesTruncate}(\mathbf{Open.File.Volume}, CurrentBytes) - 1$  clusters of allocation from the stream starting with the cluster at  $NextVcn$ .
    - EndIf
  - EndIf
  - Else
    - $CurrentOffset = StartingOffset$
    - $CurrentFinalByte = ((CurrentOffset + 0x40000) \& -(0x40000))$
    - If  $CurrentFinalByte$  is greater than or equal to **Open.Stream.Size**, set  $CurrentFinalByte$  to **Open.Stream.Size**.
    - If  $CurrentFinalByte$  is greater than **InputBuffer.BeyondFinalZero**, set  $CurrentFinalByte$  to **InputBuffer.BeyondFinalZero**.
    - $CurrentBytes = CurrentFinalByte - CurrentOffset$
    - If  $CurrentBytes \neq 0$  and  $CurrentOffset$  is less than **Open.Stream.ValidDataLength**:
      - The object store MUST write  $CurrentBytes$  zeroes into the stream beginning at  $CurrentOffset$ .
    - EndIf
  - EndIf
  - If  $CurrentOffset + CurrentBytes$  is greater than **Open.Stream.ValidDataLength** and  $StartingOffset$  is less than **Open.Stream.ValidDataLength**:
    - The object store MUST set **Open.Stream.ValidDataLength** equal to  $CurrentOffset + CurrentBytes$ .
  - EndIf
  - $LastOffset = StartingOffset$
  - If  $CurrentBytes \neq 0$ , set  $StartingOffset$  equal to  $CurrentOffset + CurrentBytes$ .
- EndWhile
- If **Open.Mode** contains either FILE\_NO\_INTERMEDIATE\_BUFFERING or FILE\_WRITE\_THROUGH, the object store MUST flush all changes to the stream made during this operation, including any file size changes, to stable storage, and MUST fail the operation if the underlying physical storage reports an error flushing the data.

- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

### 2.1.5.9.36.1 Algorithm to Zero Data Beyond ValidDataLength

This algorithm returns no value.

The inputs for the algorithm are:

- **ThisOpen:** The **Open** for the stream being zeroed.
- **StartingZero:** A 64-bit signed integer. The offset into the stream to begin zeroing.
- **ByteCount:** The number of bytes to zero.

The algorithm uses the following local variables:

- 64-bit signed integers: *ZeroStart*, *BeyondZeroEnd*, *LastCompressionUnit*, *ClustersToDeallocate*

Pseudocode for the algorithm is as follows:

- Set *ZeroStart* to **BlockAlign**(**StartingZero**, **ThisOpen.File.Volume.LogicalBytesPerSector**).
- Set *BeyondZeroEnd* to **BlockAlign**(**StartingZero** + **ByteCount**, **ThisOpen.File.Volume.LogicalBytesPerSector**).
- If (**ThisOpen.Stream.IsCompressed** is FALSE) and (**ThisOpen.Stream.IsSparse** is FALSE) and (*ZeroStart* != **StartingZero**):
  - The object store MUST write zeroes into the stream from **StartingZero** to *ZeroStart*.
- EndIf
- If ((**ThisOpen.Stream.IsCompressed** is TRUE) or (**ThisOpen.Stream.IsSparse** is TRUE)) and (**ByteCount** > **ThisOpen.File.Volume.CompressionUnitSize** \* 2):
  - If **BlockAlign**(*ZeroStart*, **ThisOpen.File.Volume.CompressionUnitSize**) != *ZeroStart*:
    - The object store MUST write zeroes into the stream from *ZeroStart* to **BlockAlign**(*ZeroStart*, **ThisOpen.File.Volume.CompressionUnitSize**).
    - The object store MUST set **ThisOpen.Stream.ValidDataLength** to **BlockAlign**(*ZeroStart*, **ThisOpen.File.Volume.CompressionUnitSize**).
    - Set *ZeroStart* equal to **BlockAlign**(*ZeroStart*, **ThisOpen.File.Volume.CompressionUnitSize**).
  - EndIf
  - Set *LastCompressionUnit* equal to **BlockAlignTruncate**(*BeyondZeroEnd*, **ThisOpen.File.Volume.CompressionUnitSize**).
  - Set *ClustersToDeallocate* equal to **ClustersFromBytes**(**ThisOpen.File.Volume**, *LastCompressionUnit* - *ZeroStart*).
  - The object store MUST delete *ClusterToDeallocate* clusters of allocation from the stream starting with the cluster at **ClustersFromBytes**(**ThisOpen.File.Volume**, *ZeroStart*).

- If *LastCompressionUnit* != *BeyondZeroEnd*:
  - The object store MUST write zeroes into the stream from *LastCompressionUnit* to *BeyondZeroEnd*.
  - The object store MUST set **ThisOpen.Stream.ValidDataLength** equal to **StartingZero + ByteCount**.
- EndIf
- The algorithm returns at this point.
- EndIf
- If *ZeroStart* = *BeyondZeroEnd*
  - The algorithm returns at this point.
- EndIf
- The object store MUST write zeroes into the stream from *ZeroStart* to *BeyondZeroEnd*.
- The object store MUST set **ThisOpen.Stream.ValidDataLength** equal to **StartingZero + ByteCount**.

#### 2.1.5.9.37 FSCTL\_SET\_ZERO\_ON\_DEALLOCATION

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a *DataStream*.

On completion the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_REQUEST.<104>

The operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_ACCESS\_DENIED under either of the following conditions:

- **Open.Stream.StreamType** is not *DataStream*.
- **Open.GrantedAccess** contains neither FILE\_WRITE\_DATA nor FILE\_APPEND\_DATA.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- The object store MUST set **Open.Stream.ZeroOnDeallocate** to TRUE.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

#### 2.1.5.9.38 FSCTL\_SIS\_COPYFILE

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a *DataStream* or *DirectoryStream*.
- **InputBuffer:** An array of bytes containing a single SI\_COPYFILE structure indicating the source and destination files to copy, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.71.
- **InputBufferSize:** The number of bytes in **InputBuffer**.



On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.

This routine uses the following local variables:

- **Opens:** *SourceOpen, DestinationOpen*

The purpose of this operation is to make it look like a copy from the source file to the destination file has occurred when in reality no data is actually copied. This operation modifies the source file in such a way that the clusters associated with it can be shared across multiple files. The destination file is created and modified to point at the same shared clusters that the source file points to.<105>

Support for [SIS] is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_REQUEST.<106>

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **Open.IsAdministrator** is FALSE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_ACCESS\_DENIED.
- If **InputBufferSizes** is less than **sizeof(SI\_COPYFILE)**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER\_1.
- If **InputBuffer.Flags** contains any flags besides COPYFILE\_SIS\_LINK and COPYFILE\_SIS\_REPLACE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER\_2.
- If **InputBuffer.SourceFileNameLength** or **InputBuffer.DestinationFileNameLength** is <= zero, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER\_3.
- If **InputBuffer.SourceFileNameLength** or **InputBuffer.DestinationFileNameLength** is > MAXUSHORT (0xffff), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If **FieldOffset(InputBuffer.SourceFileName) + InputBuffer.SourceFileNameLength + InputBuffer.DestinationFileNameLength** is > **InputBufferSize**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER\_4.
- *SourceOpen* set to the **Open** returned from a successful call to open a file as defined in section 2.1.5.1, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
  - **RootOpen:** Set to **Open.RootOpen**.
  - **PathName:** Set to **InputBuffer.SourceFileName**.
  - **SecurityContext:** Set to empty.<107>
  - **DesiredAccess:** Set to GENERIC\_READ.
  - **ShareAccess:** If the source file is already controlled by SIS (meaning the source file already has a reparse point of type IO\_REPARSE\_TAG\_SIS), then set to FILE\_SHARE\_READ, else set to zero.
  - **CreateOptions:** Set To FILE\_NON\_DIRECTORY\_FILE | FILE\_NO\_INTERMEDIATE\_BUFFERING.
  - **CreateDisposition:** Set to FILE\_OPEN.
  - **DesiredFileAttributes:** Set to FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_NORMAL.
  - **IsCaseInsensitive:** Set to TRUE.
  - **TargetOplockKey:** Set to Empty.
- If the request fails, this operation MUST be failed with the returned STATUS.

- The operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_OBJECT\_TYPE\_MISMATCH under any of the following conditions:
  - If *SourceOpen*.**File.LinkList** contains more than one entry (meaning this file has hardlinks).
  - If *SourceOpen*.**Stream.IsEncrypted** is TRUE.
  - If *SourceOpen*.**File.ReparseTag** is empty or is not IO\_REPARSE\_TAG\_SIS (as defined in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.2.1) and **InputBuffer.Flags.COPYFILE\_SIS\_LINK** is TRUE.
- If *SourceOpen*.**File.ReparseTag** is not empty and is not IO\_REPARSE\_TAG\_SIS, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- *DestinationOpen* set to the **Open** returned from a successful call to create a file as defined in section 2.1.5.1, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
  - **RootOpen:** Set to **Open.RootOpen**.
  - **PathName:** Set to **InputBuffer.DestinationFileName**.
  - **SecurityContext:** Set to empty.<108>
  - **DesiredAccess:** Set to GENERIC\_READ | GENERIC\_WRITE | DELETE.
  - **ShareAccess:** Set to zero.
  - **CreateOptions:** Set to FILE\_NON\_DIRECTORY\_FILE.
  - **CreateDisposition:** If **InputBuffer.Flags.COPYFILE\_SIS\_REPLACE** is TRUE, set to FILE\_OVERWRITE\_IF, else set to FILE\_CREATE.
  - **DesiredFileAttributes:** Set to FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_NORMAL.
  - **IsCaseInsensitive:** Set to TRUE.
  - **TargetOplockKey:** Set to Empty.
- If the request fails, this operation MUST be failed with the returned STATUS.
- If *SourceOpen*.**File.Volume** is not equal to *DestinationOpen*.**File.Volume** is not equal to **Open.File.Volume**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_NOT\_SAME\_DEVICE.
- Share the clusters between the source and destination file.<109>
- *DestinationOpen*.**ReparseTag** set to IO\_REPARSE\_TAG\_SIS.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

#### 2.1.5.9.39 FSCTL\_WRITE\_USN\_CLOSE\_RECORD

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataStream or DirectoryStream.
- **OutputBufferSize:** The maximum number of bytes to return in **OutputBuffer**.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.

- **OutputBuffer:** An array of bytes that will return a **Usn** structure representing the current USN of the file, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.74.
- **BytesReturned:** The number of bytes returned in **OutputBuffer**.

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_REQUEST.<110>

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **Open.File.Volume.IsReadOnly** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_MEDIA\_WRITE\_PROTECTED.
- If **OutputBufferSize** is less than **sizeof(Usn)**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If **Open.File.Volume.IsUsnJournalActive** is FALSE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_JOURNAL\_NOT\_ACTIVE.
- The object store MUST post a USN change as per section 2.1.4.11 with **File** equal to **File**, **Reason** equal to USN\_REASON\_CLOSE, and **FileName** equal to **Open.Link.Name**.
- The object store MUST populate the fields of **OutputBuffer** as follows:
  - **OutputBuffer.Usn** set to **Open.File.Usn**.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - **BytesReturned** set to **sizeof(Usn)**.
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

### 2.1.5.10 Server Requests Change Notifications for a Directory

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DirectoryStream or ViewIndexStream.
- **OutputBufferSize:** The maximum number of bytes to return in **OutputBuffer**.
- **WatchTree:** A Boolean indicating whether the directory is monitored recursively.
- **CompletionFilter:** A 32-bit unsigned integer composed of flags indicating the types of changes to monitor as specified in [MS-SMB2] section 2.2.35.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.
- **OutputBuffer:** An array of bytes containing the notification data.
- **ByteCount:** The count of the bytes in the array.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- The **Open.File.Volume.ChangeNotifyList** MUST be searched for a **ChangeNotifyEntry** where **ChangeNotifyEntry.OpenedDirectory** matches **Open**.
- If there were no matching **ChangeNotifyEntries**, one MUST be constructed so that:
  - **ChangeNotifyEntry.OpenedDirectory** points to **Open**.

- **ChangeNotifyEntry.WatchTree** is set to **WatchTree**.
- **ChangeNotifyEntry.CompletionFilter** is set to **CompletionFilter**.
- **ChangeNotifyEntry.NotifyEventList** is initialized to an empty list.
- Insert **ChangeNotifyEntry** at the end of **Open.File.Volume.ChangeNotifyList**.
- EndIf
- Insert operation into **CancelableOperations.CancelableOperationList**.
- Wait for a Change Notify per section 2.1.5.10.1

#### 2.1.5.10.1 Waiting for Change Notification to be Reported

Wait until the following conditions are satisfied:

- There are one or more elements in **ChangeNotifyEntry.NotifyEventList**.
- This change notification request is the oldest outstanding request on this **Open**. This means multiple change notification requests on the same **Open** are completed sequentially and in first-in-first-out (FIFO) order.
- The operation is canceled per section 2.1.5.19.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- When a **ChangeNotifyEntry.NotifyEventList** element is available:
  - If all entries from ChangeNotifyEntry.NotifyEventList fit in OutputBufferSize bytes:
    - Remove all NotifyEventEntries from ChangeNotifyEntry.NotifyEventList.
    - Copy NotifyEventEntries to OutputBuffer.
    - Set Status to STATUS\_SUCCESS.
    - Set ByteCount to the size of OutputBuffer, in bytes.
  - Else:
    - Set **Status** to STATUS\_NOTIFY\_ENUM\_DIR.
    - Set **ByteCount** to zero.
  - EndIf
- EndIf

#### 2.1.5.11 Server Requests a Query of File Information

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataStream or DirectoryStream.
- **OutputBufferSize:** The maximum number of bytes to be returned in **OutputBuffer**.
- **FileInformationClass:** The type of information being queried, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.
- **OutputBuffer:** An array of bytes containing the file information. The structure of these bytes is dependent on **FileInformationClass**, as noted in the relevant subsection.
- **ByteCount:** The number of bytes stored in **OutputBuffer**.

If **FileInformationClass** is not defined in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_INFO\_CLASS.

#### 2.1.5.11.1 FileAccessInformation

**OutputBuffer** is of type FILE\_ACCESS\_INFORMATION as described in [MS-FSCC] 2.4.1.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **OutputBufferSize** is smaller than **sizeof(FILE\_ACCESS\_INFORMATION)**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INFO\_LENGTH\_MISMATCH.
- **OutputBuffer** MUST be constructed as follows:
  - **OutputBuffer.AccessFlags** set to **Open.GrantedAccess**.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - **ByteCount** set to **sizeof(FILE\_ACCESS\_INFORMATION)**
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

#### 2.1.5.11.2 FileAlignmentInformation

**OutputBuffer** is of type FILE\_ALIGNMENT\_INFORMATION as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.3.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **OutputBufferSize** is smaller than **sizeof(FILE\_ALIGNMENT\_INFORMATION)**, the operation MUST be failed with Status STATUS\_INFO\_LENGTH\_MISMATCH.
- **OutputBuffer** MUST be constructed as follows:
  - **OutputBuffer.AlignmentRequirement** set to one of the alignment requirement values specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.3 based on the characteristics of the device on which the File is stored.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - **ByteCount** set to **sizeof(FILE\_ALIGNMENT\_INFORMATION)**.
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

#### 2.1.5.11.3 FileAllInformation

**OutputBuffer** is of type FILE\_ALL\_INFORMATION as described in [MS-FSCC] 2.4.2.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **OutputBufferSize** is smaller than **BlockAlign(FieldOffset(FILE\_ALL\_INFORMATION.NameInformation.FileName) + 2, 8)**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INFO\_LENGTH\_MISMATCH.
- The object store MUST populate the fields of **OutputBuffer** as follows:

- **OutputBuffer.BasicInformation** MUST be filled using the algorithm described in section 2.1.5.11.6.
- **OutputBuffer.StandardInformation** MUST be filled using the operation described in section 2.1.5.11.27.
- **OutputBuffer.InternalInformation** MUST be filled using the operation described in section 2.1.5.11.17.
- **OutputBuffer.EaInformation** MUST be filled using the operation described in section 2.1.5.11.10.
- **OutputBuffer.AccessInformation** MUST be filled using the operation described in section 2.1.5.11.1.
- **OutputBuffer.PositionInformation** MUST be filled using the operation described in section 2.1.5.11.23.
- **OutputBuffer.ModeInformation** MUST be filled using the operation described in section 2.1.5.11.18.
- **OutputBuffer.AlignmentInformation** MUST be filled using the operation described in section 2.1.5.11.2.
- **OutputBuffer.NameInformation** MUST be filled using the operation described in section 2.1.5.11.19, saving the returned ByteCount in *NameInformationLength* and the returned Status in *NameInformationStatus*.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - **ByteCount** set to **FieldOffset(FILE\_ALL\_INFORMATION.NameInformation) + NameInformationLength**.
  - **Status** set to *NameInformationStatus*.

#### 2.1.5.11.4 FileAlternateNameInformation

**OutputBuffer** is of type FILE\_NAME\_INFORMATION as described in [MS-FSCC] 2.4.5.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **OutputBufferSize** is smaller than **BlockAlign(FieldOffset(FILE\_NAME\_INFORMATION.FileName) + 2, 4)**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INFO\_LENGTH\_MISMATCH.
- If **Open.Link.ShortName** is empty, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_OBJECT\_NAME\_NOT\_FOUND.
- **OutputBuffer** MUST be constructed as follows:
  - **OutputBuffer.FileNameLength** set to the length, in bytes, of **Open.Link.ShortName**.
  - **OutputBuffer.FileName** set to **Open.Link.ShortName**.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - **ByteCount** set to **FieldOffset(FILE\_NAME\_INFORMATION.FileName) + OutputBuffer.FileNameLength**.
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

### 2.1.5.11.5 FileAttributeTagInformation

**OutputBuffer** is of type FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_TAG\_INFORMATION as defined in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.6.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **OutputBufferSize** is smaller than **sizeof(FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_TAG\_INFORMATION)**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INFO\_LENGTH\_MISMATCH.
- If **Open.GrantedAccess** does not contain FILE\_READ\_ATTRIBUTES, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_ACCESS\_DENIED.
- If **Open.Stream.StreamType** is DirectoryStream:
  - The object store MUST set **OutputBuffer.FileAttributes** equal to the value of **Open.File.FileAttributes**.
  - The object store MUST set FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_DIRECTORY in **OutputBuffer.FileAttributes**.
- Else:
  - This is a DataStream. The object store MUST set **OutputBuffer.FileAttributes** equal to the value of **Open.File.FileAttributes**. The following attribute values, if they are set in **Open.File.FileAttributes**, MUST NOT be copied to **OutputBuffer.FileAttributes** (attribute flags are defined in [MS-FSCC] section 2.6):
    - FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_COMPRESSED
    - FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_TEMPORARY
    - FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_SPARSE\_FILE
    - FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_ENCRYPTED
    - FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_INTEGRITY\_STREAM<111>
  - If **Open.Stream.IsSparse** is TRUE, the object store MUST set FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_SPARSE\_FILE in **OutputBuffer.FileAttributes**.
  - If **Open.Stream.IsEncrypted** is TRUE, the object store MUST set FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_ENCRYPTED in **OutputBuffer.FileAttributes**.
  - If **Open.Stream.IsTemporary** is TRUE, the object store MUST set FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_TEMPORARY in **OutputBuffer.FileAttributes**.
  - If **Open.Stream.IsCompressed** is TRUE, the object store MUST set FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_COMPRESSED in **OutputBuffer.FileAttributes**.
  - If **Open.Stream.ChecksumAlgorithm** != CHECKSUM\_TYPE\_NONE, the object store MUST set FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_INTEGRITY\_STREAM in **OutputBuffer.FileAttributes**.<112>
- EndIf
- If **OutputBuffer.FileAttributes** is 0, the object store MUST set FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_NORMAL in **OutputBuffer.FileAttributes**.
- **OutputBuffer.ReparseTag** MUST be set to **Open.File.ReparseTag**.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - **ByteCount** set to **sizeof(FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_TAG\_INFORMATION)**.

- **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

### 2.1.5.11.6 FileBasicInformation

**OutputBuffer** is of type FILE\_BASIC\_INFORMATION as defined in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.7.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **OutputBufferSize** is smaller than **BlockAlign(sizeof(FILE\_BASIC\_INFORMATION), 8)**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INFO\_LENGTH\_MISMATCH.
- If **Open.GrantedAccess** does not contain FILE\_READ\_ATTRIBUTES, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_ACCESS\_DENIED.
- The object store MUST set **OutputBuffer.CreationTime** equal to **Open.File.CreationTime**.
- The object store MUST set **OutputBuffer.LastWriteTime** equal to **Open.File.LastModificationTime**.
- The object store MUST set **OutputBuffer.ChangeTime** equal to **Open.File.LastChangeTime**.
- The object store MUST set **OutputBuffer.LastAccessTime** equal to **Open.File.LastAccessTime**.
- If **Open.Stream.StreamType** is DirectoryStream:
  - The object store MUST set **OutputBuffer.FileAttributes** equal to the value of **Open.File.FileAttributes**.
  - The object store MUST set FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_DIRECTORY in **OutputBuffer.FileAttributes**.
- Else:
  - This is a DataStream. The object store MUST set **OutputBuffer.FileAttributes** equal to the value of **Open.File.FileAttributes**. The following attribute values, if they are set in **Open.File.FileAttributes**, MUST NOT be copied to **OutputBuffer.FileAttributes** (attribute flags are defined in [MS-FSCC] section 2.6):
    - FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_COMPRESSED
    - FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_TEMPORARY
    - FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_SPARSE\_FILE
    - FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_ENCRYPTED
    - FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_INTEGRITY\_STREAM<113>
  - If **Open.Stream.IsSparse** is TRUE, the object store MUST set FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_SPARSE\_FILE in **OutputBuffer.FileAttributes**.
  - If **Open.Stream.IsEncrypted** is TRUE, the object store MUST set FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_ENCRYPTED in **OutputBuffer.FileAttributes**.
  - If **Open.Stream.IsTemporary** is TRUE, the object store MUST set FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_TEMPORARY in **OutputBuffer.FileAttributes**.
  - If **Open.Stream.IsCompressed** is TRUE, the object store MUST set FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_COMPRESSED in **OutputBuffer.FileAttributes**.
  - If **Open.Stream.ChecksumAlgorithm** != CHECKSUM\_TYPE\_NONE, the object store MUST set FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_INTEGRITY\_STREAM in **OutputBuffer.FileAttributes**.<114>



- EndIf
- If **OutputBuffer.FileAttributes** is 0, the object store MUST set FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_NORMAL in **OutputBuffer.FileAttributes**.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - **ByteCount** set to *sizeof*(FILE\_BASIC\_INFORMATION).
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

#### 2.1.5.11.7 FileBothDirectoryInformation

This operation is not supported and MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_INFO\_CLASS.

#### 2.1.5.11.8 FileCompressionInformation

**OutputBuffer** is of type FILE\_COMPRESSION\_INFORMATION as defined in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.9.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **OutputBufferSize** is smaller than *sizeof*(FILE\_COMPRESSION\_INFORMATION), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INFO\_LENGTH\_MISMATCH.
- The object store MUST initialize all fields in **OutputBuffer** to zero.
- If **Open.Stream.StreamType** is DirectoryStream:
  - If **Open.File.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_COMPRESSED** is TRUE:
    - The object store MUST set **OutputBuffer.CompressionState** to COMPRESSION\_FORMAT\_LZNT1.
  - Else:
    - The object store MUST set **OutputBuffer.CompressionState** to COMPRESSION\_FORMAT\_NONE.
  - EndIf
- Else:
  - The object store MUST set **OutputBuffer.CompressedFileSize** to the number of bytes actually allocated on the underlying physical storage for storing the compressed data. This value MUST be a multiple of **Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize** and MUST be less than or equal to **Open.Stream.AllocationSize**.
  - If **Open.Stream.IsCompressed** is TRUE:
    - The object store MUST set **OutputBuffer.CompressionState** to COMPRESSION\_FORMAT\_LZNT1.
  - Else:
    - The object store MUST set **OutputBuffer.CompressionState** to COMPRESSION\_FORMAT\_NONE.
  - EndIf
- EndIf

- If **OutputBuffer.CompressionState** is not equal to `COMPRESSION_FORMAT_NONE`, the object store MUST set:
  - **OutputBuffer.CompressedUnitShift** to the base-2 logarithm of **Open.File.Volume.CompressionUnitSize**.
  - **OutputBuffer.ChunkShift** to the base-2 logarithm of **Open.File.Volume.CompressedChunkSize**.
  - **OutputBuffer.ClusterShift** to the base-2 logarithm of **Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize**.
- EndIf
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - **ByteCount** set to *sizeof*(`FILE_COMPRESSION_INFORMATION`).
  - **Status** set to `STATUS_SUCCESS`.

#### 2.1.5.11.9 FileDirectoryInformation

This operation is not supported and MUST be failed with `STATUS_INVALID_INFO_CLASS`.

#### 2.1.5.11.10 FileEaInformation

**OutputBuffer** is of type `FILE_EA_INFORMATION` as described in [MS-FSCC] 2.4.12.<115>

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **OutputBufferSize** is smaller than *sizeof*(`FILE_EA_INFORMATION`), the operation MUST be failed with `STATUS_INFO_LENGTH_MISMATCH`.
- The object store MUST set:
  - **OutputBuffer.EaSize** set to **Open.File.ExtendedAttributesLength**. If **Open.File.ExtendedAttributesLength** is a nonzero value, **OutputBuffer.EaSize** is incremented by 4 to account for the header.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - **ByteCount** set to *sizeof*(`FILE_EA_INFORMATION`).
  - **Status** set to `STATUS_SUCCESS`.

#### 2.1.5.11.11 FileFullDirectoryInformation

This operation is not supported and MUST be failed with `STATUS_INVALID_INFO_CLASS`.

#### 2.1.5.11.12 FileFullEaInformation

**OutputBuffer** is of type `FILE_FULL_EA_INFORMATION` as described in [MS-FSCC] 2.4.15.<116>

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- The object store MUST initialize **OutputBuffer** to zero.
- If **Open.GrantedAccess** does not contain `FILE_READ_EA`, the operation MUST be failed with `STATUS_ACCESS_DENIED`.
- If **Open.File.ExtendedAttributes** is not empty:

- **OutputBuffer** is filled with as many complete FILE\_FULL\_EA\_INFORMATION entries from **Open.File.ExtendedAttributes**, starting with **Open.NextEaEntry**, as can be contained in **OutputBufferSize** bytes.
- **Open.NextEaEntry** is set to point to the entry after the last entry returned, if any.
- Endif
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - **ByteCount** set to the size, in bytes, of all FILE\_FULL\_EA\_INFORMATION entries returned.
  - **Status** set to:
    - STATUS\_NO\_EAS\_ON\_FILE if there were no entries to return in **Open.File.ExtendedAttributes**.
    - STATUS\_BUFFER\_TOO\_SMALL if **OutputBufferSize** is too small to hold **Open.NextEaEntry**. No entries are returned.
    - STATUS\_BUFFER\_OVERFLOW if at least one entry was returned in **OutputBuffer** but there are still additional entries to return.
    - STATUS\_SUCCESS when one or more entries were returned from **Open.File.ExtendedAttributes** and there are no more entries to return.

#### 2.1.5.11.13 FileHardLinkInformation

This operation is not supported and MUST be failed with STATUS\_NOT\_SUPPORTED.

#### 2.1.5.11.14 FileIdBothDirectoryInformation

This operation is not supported and MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_INFO\_CLASS.

#### 2.1.5.11.15 FileIdFullDirectoryInformation

This operation is not supported and MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_INFO\_CLASS.

#### 2.1.5.11.16 FileIdGlobalTxDirectoryInformation

This operation is not supported and MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_INFO\_CLASS.

#### 2.1.5.11.17 FileInternalInformation

**OutputBuffer** is of type FILE\_INTERNAL\_INFORMATION as described in [MS-FSCC] 2.4.20.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **OutputBufferSize** is smaller than **sizeof(FILE\_INTERNAL\_INFORMATION)**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INFO\_LENGTH\_MISMATCH.
- **OutputBuffer** MUST be constructed as follows:
  - **OutputBuffer.IndexNumber** set to **Open.File.FileId64**.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - **ByteCount** set to **sizeof(FILE\_INTERNAL\_INFORMATION)**.
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

### 2.1.5.11.18 FileModeInformation

**OutputBuffer** is of type FILE\_MODE\_INFORMATION as described in [MS-FSCC] 2.4.24.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **OutputBufferSize** is smaller than **sizeof(FILE\_MODE\_INFORMATION)**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INFO\_LENGTH\_MISMATCH.
- **OutputBuffer** MUST be constructed as follows:
  - **OutputBuffer.Mode** MUST be set to **Open.Mode**.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - **ByteCount** set to **sizeof(FILE\_MODE\_INFORMATION)**.
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

### 2.1.5.11.19 FileNameInformation

This operation is not supported from a remote client, it is only supported from a local client or as part of processing a query for the FileAllInformation operation as specified in section 2.1.5.11.3. If used to query from a remote client, this operation MUST be failed with a status code of STATUS\_NOT\_SUPPORTED.

**OutputBuffer** is of type FILE\_NAME\_INFORMATION as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.5.

This routine uses the following local variables:

- Unicode string: *FileName*
- 32-bit unsigned integers: *FileNameLength*, *AvailableNameLength*

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **OutputBufferSize** is smaller than **BlockAlign(FieldOffset(FILE\_NAME\_INFORMATION.FileName) + 2, 4)**, the operation MUST be failed with a status code of STATUS\_INFO\_LENGTH\_MISMATCH.
- Set *FileName* to **BuildRelativeName(Open.Link, Open.File.Volume.RootDirectory)**.
- Set *FileNameLength* to the length, in bytes, of *FileName*.
- Set **OutputBuffer.FileNameLength** to *FileNameLength*.
- Set *AvailableNameLength* to **BlockAlignTruncate((OutputBufferSize - FieldOffset(FILE\_NAME\_INFORMATION.FileName)), 2)**.
- If *AvailableNameLength* < *FileNameLength*, the object store MUST fail the operation with:
  - *AvailableNameLength* bytes copied from *FileName* to **OutputBuffer.FileName**.
  - **ByteCount** set to **FieldOffset(FILE\_NAME\_INFORMATION.FileName) + AvailableNameLength**.
  - Status set to STATUS\_BUFFER\_OVERFLOW.
- EndIf
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:

- *FileNameLength* bytes copied from *FileName* to **OutputBuffer.FileName**.
- **ByteCount** set to **FieldOffset(FILE\_NAME\_INFORMATION.FileName) + FileNameLength**.
- **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

#### 2.1.5.11.20 FileNamesInformation

This operation is not supported as a file information class, it is only supported as a directory information class, as specified in section 2.1.5.5.3.6. If used to query file information STATUS\_INVALID\_INFO\_CLASS MUST be returned.

#### 2.1.5.11.21 FileNetworkOpenInformation

**OutputBuffer** is of type FILE\_NETWORK\_OPEN\_INFORMATION as defined in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.27.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **OutputBufferSize** is smaller than **sizeof(FILE\_NETWORK\_OPEN\_INFORMATION)**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INFO\_LENGTH\_MISMATCH.
- If **Open.GrantedAccess** does not contain FILE\_READ\_ATTRIBUTES, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_ACCESS\_DENIED.
- **OutputBuffer** MUST be constructed as follows:
  - **OutputBuffer.CreationTime** set to **Open.File.CreationTime**.
  - **OutputBuffer.LastWriteTime** set to **Open.File.LastModificationTime**.
  - **OutputBuffer.ChangeTime** set to **Open.File.LastChangeTime**.
  - **OutputBuffer.LastAccessTime** set to **Open.File.LastAccessTime**.
  - **OutputBuffer.FileAttributes** set to **Open.File.FileAttributes**.
  - If **Open.Stream.StreamType** is DirectoryStream:
    - FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_DIRECTORY, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.6, MUST always be set in **OutputBuffer.FileAttributes**.
  - Else:
    - For a DataStream, the following attribute values, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.6, MUST NOT be copied to **OutputBuffer.FileAttributes**:
      - FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_COMPRESSED
      - FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_TEMPORARY
      - FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_SPARSE\_FILE
      - FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_ENCRYPTED
      - FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_INTEGRITY\_STREAM<117>
    - If **Open.Stream.IsSparse** is TRUE, the object store MUST set FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_SPARSE\_FILE in **OutputBuffer.FileAttributes**.
    - If **Open.Stream.IsEncrypted** is TRUE, set FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_ENCRYPTED in **OutputBuffer.FileAttributes**.

- If **Open.Stream.IsTemporary** is TRUE, set FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_TEMPORARY in **OutputBuffer.FileAttributes**.
- If **Open.Stream.IsCompressed** is TRUE, set FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_COMPRESSED in **OutputBuffer.FileAttributes**.
- If **Open.Stream.ChecksumAlgorithm** != CHECKSUM\_TYPE\_NONE, the object store MUST set FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_INTEGRITY\_STREAM<118> in **OutputBuffer.FileAttributes**.
- **OutputBuffer.AllocationSize** set to **Open.Stream.AllocationSize**.
- **OutputBuffer.EndOfFile** set to **Open.Stream.Size**.
- EndIf
  - If **OutputBuffer.FileAttributes** is 0, set FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_NORMAL in **OutputBuffer.FileAttributes**.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - **ByteCount** set to *sizeof*(FILE\_NETWORK\_OPEN\_INFORMATION).
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

#### 2.1.5.11.22 FileObjectIdInformation

This operation is not supported and MUST be failed with STATUS\_NOT\_SUPPORTED.

#### 2.1.5.11.23 FilePositionInformation

**OutputBuffer** is of type FILE\_POSITION\_INFORMATION, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.32.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **OutputBufferSize** is less than the size, in bytes, of the FILE\_POSITION\_INFORMATION structure, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INFO\_LENGTH\_MISMATCH.
- The objects store MUST set **OutputBuffer.CurrentByteOffset** equal to **Open.CurrentByteOffset**.
- The operation returns STATUS\_SUCCESS.<119>

#### 2.1.5.11.24 FileQuotaInformation

This operation is not supported as a file information class; it is supported only as a server request, as specified in section 2.1.5.20. If used to query file information, STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER MUST be returned.

#### 2.1.5.11.25 FileReparsePointInformation

This operation is not supported as a file information class; it is only supported as a directory enumeration class, as specified in section 2.1.5.5.2. If used to query file information STATUS\_NOT\_SUPPORTED MUST be returned.

#### 2.1.5.11.26 FileSfioReserveInformation

This operation is not supported and MUST be failed with STATUS\_NOT\_SUPPORTED.

#### 2.1.5.11.27 FileStandardInformation

**OutputBuffer** is of type FILE\_STANDARD\_INFORMATION, as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.38.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **OutputBufferSize** is smaller than **sizeof(FILE\_STANDARD\_INFORMATION)**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INFO\_LENGTH\_MISMATCH.
- **OutputBuffer** MUST be constructed as follows:
  - If **Open.Stream.StreamType** is DirectoryStream, set **OutputBuffer.Directory** to 1 else 0.
  - If **Open.Stream.StreamType** is DirectoryStream or **Open.Stream.Name** is empty:
    - If **Open.Link.IsDeleted** is TRUE, set **OutputBuffer.DeletePending** to 1 else 0.
  - Else:
    - If **Open.Stream.IsDeleted** is TRUE, set **OutputBuffer.DeletePending** to 1 else 0.
  - EndIf
    - **OutputBuffer.NumberOfLinks** set to the number of **Link** elements in **Open.File.LinkList**, except if **Link.IsDeleted** field is TRUE (that is, the number of not-deleted links to the file).<120>
    - If **OutputBuffer.NumberOfLinks** is 0, set **OutputBuffer.DeletePending** to 1.
    - **OutputBuffer.AllocationSize** set to **Open.Stream.AllocationSize**.
    - **OutputBuffer.EndOfFile** set to **Open.Stream.Size**.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - **ByteCount** set to **sizeof(FILE\_STANDARD\_INFORMATION)**.
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

#### 2.1.5.11.28 FileStandardLinkInformation

This operation is not supported and MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_INFO\_CLASS.

#### 2.1.5.11.29 FileStreamInformation

**OutputBuffer** is of type FILE\_STREAM\_INFORMATION, as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.40.

This routine uses the following local variables:

- 32-bit unsigned integer: *StreamNameLength*, *RemainingLength*, *ThisElementSize*, *PreviousElementPadding*
- **Stream**: *ThisStream*
- Pointer to a buffer of type FILE\_STREAM\_INFORMATION: *CurrentPosition*, *LastPosition*

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- Initialize *PreviousElementPadding* to 0.
- Initialize *CurrentPosition* to point to the 0th byte of **OutputBuffer**.
- Initialize *RemainingLength* to be equal to **OutputBufferSize**.

- For each **Stream** *ThisStream* of **Open.File**:
  - Set *StreamNameLength* equal to the length, in bytes, of *ThisStream.Name* plus the length, in bytes, of the Unicode string "\$DATA" plus the length, in bytes, of two Unicode characters. This accommodates the length of the full stream name in the form :<*ThisStream.Name*>:\$DATA.
  - Set *ThisElementSize* equal to the byte offset of *CurrentPosition.StreamName* plus *StreamNameLength*.
  - If *ThisElementSize* plus *PreviousElementPadding* is greater than *RemainingLength*, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_BUFFER\_OVERFLOW.
  - The object store MUST set *CurrentPosition.StreamSize* equal to *ThisStream.Size*.
  - The object store MUST set *CurrentPosition.AllocationSize* equal to *ThisStream.AllocationSize*.
  - The object store MUST set *CurrentPosition.StreamNameLength* equal to *StreamNameLength*.
  - The object store MUST set *CurrentPosition.StreamName* to the Unicode character ":", then append *ThisStream.Name*, then append the Unicode character ":", then append the Unicode string "\$DATA".
  - Set *PreviousElementPadding* equal to **BlockAlign**(*ThisElementSize*, 8) minus *ThisElementSize*. The value *PreviousElementPadding* is used to align each FILE\_STREAM\_INFORMATION element in **OutputBuffer** on an 8-byte boundary.
  - The object store MUST set *CurrentPosition.NextEntryOffset* equal to *ThisElementSize* plus *PreviousElementPadding*.
  - Set *RemainingLength* equal to *RemainingLength* minus (*ThisElementSize* plus *PreviousElementPadding*).
  - Set *LastPosition* equal to *CurrentPosition*.
  - Advance *CurrentPosition* by a number of bytes equal to *ThisElementSize* plus *PreviousElementPadding*.
- EndFor
- The object store MUST set *LastPosition.NextEntryOffset* equal to 0.
- The operation returns STATUS\_SUCCESS.

### 2.1.5.12 Server Requests a Query of File System Information

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataFile or DirectoryFile.
- **OutputBufferSize:** The maximum number of bytes to be returned in **OutputBuffer**.
- **FsInformationClass:** The type of information being queried, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.5.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.



- **OutputBuffer:** An array of bytes containing the file system information. The structure of these bytes is dependent on **FsInformationClass**, as noted in the relevant subsection.
- **ByteCount:** The number of bytes stored in **OutputBuffer**.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **FsInformationClass** is not defined in [MS-FSCC] section 2.5, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.

#### 2.1.5.12.1 FileFsVolumeInformation

**OutputBuffer** is of type FILE\_FS\_VOLUME\_INFORMATION, as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.5.9.

This routine uses the following local variables:

- 32-bit unsigned integers: *RemainingLength*, *BytesToCopy*

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **OutputBufferSize** is smaller than **BlockAlign(FieldOffset(FILE\_FS\_VOLUME\_INFORMATION.VolumeLabel), 8)**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INFO\_LENGTH\_MISMATCH.
- **OutputBuffer** MUST be constructed as follows:
  - **OutputBuffer.VolumeCreationTime** set to **Open.File.Volume.VolumeCreationTime**.
  - **OutputBuffer.VolumeSerialNumber** set to **Open.File.Volume.VolumeSerialNumber**.
  - **OutputBuffer.VolumeLabelLength** set to the length, in bytes, of the **Open.File.Volume.VolumeLabel** string. This value can be zero.
  - **OutputBuffer.SupportsObjects** set to TRUE.
- Set *RemainingLength* to **OutputBufferSize - FieldOffset(FILE\_FS\_VOLUME\_INFORMATION.VolumeLabel)**.
- If *RemainingLength* < **OutputBuffer.VolumeLabelLength**:
  - Set *BytesToCopy* to *RemainingLength*.
- Else:
  - Set *BytesToCopy* to **OutputBuffer.VolumeLabelLength**.
- EndIf
- Copy *BytesToCopy* bytes from **Volume.VolumeLabel** to **OutputBuffer.VolumeLabel**.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - **ByteCount** set to **FieldOffset(FILE\_FS\_VOLUME\_INFORMATION.VolumeLabel) + BytesToCopy**.
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_BUFFER\_OVERFLOW if *BytesToCopy* < **OutputBuffer.VolumeLabelLength** else STATUS\_SUCCESS.

#### 2.1.5.12.2 FileFsLabelInformation

This operation is not supported and MUST be failed with STATUS\_NOT\_SUPPORTED.

### 2.1.5.12.3 FileFsSizeInformation

**OutputBuffer** is of type FILE\_FS\_SIZE\_INFORMATION as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.5.8.

This routine uses the following local variables:

- 64-bit unsigned integer: *RemainingQuota*
- FILE\_QUOTA\_INFORMATION element: *QuotaEntry*

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **OutputBufferSize** is smaller than **sizeof(FILE\_FS\_SIZE\_INFORMATION)**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INFO\_LENGTH\_MISMATCH.
- **OutputBuffer** MUST be constructed as follows:
  - **OutputBuffer.TotalAllocationUnits** set to **Open.File.Volume.TotalSpace / Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize**.
  - **OutputBuffer.AvailableAllocationUnits** set to **Open.File.Volume.FreeSpace / Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize**.
  - **OutputBuffer.SectorsPerAllocationUnit** set to **Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize / Open.File.Volume.LogicalBytesPerSector**.
  - **OutputBuffer.BytesPerSector** set to **Open.File.Volume.LogicalBytesPerSector**.
- If **Open.File.Volume.QuotaInformation** contains an entry *QuotaEntry* that matches the SID of the current **Open**, the object store MUST modify the returned information based on *QuotaEntry* as follows:
  - If *QuotaEntry.QuotaLimit* < **Open.File.Volume.TotalSpace**:
    - **OutputBuffer.TotalAllocationUnits** MUST be set to *QuotaEntry.QuotaLimit / Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize*.
  - EndIf
  - If *QuotaEntry.QuotaLimit* <= *QuotaEntry.QuotaUsed*:
    - *RemainingQuota* MUST be set to 0.
  - Else
    - *RemainingQuota* MUST be set to *QuotaEntry.QuotaLimit - QuotaEntry.QuotaUsed*.
  - EndIf
  - If *RemainingQuota* < **Open.File.Volume.FreeSpace**:
    - **OutputBuffer.AvailableAllocationUnits** MUST be set to *RemainingQuota / Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize*.
  - EndIf
- EndIf
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - **ByteCount** MUST be set to **sizeof(FILE\_FS\_SIZE\_INFORMATION)**.

- **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

#### 2.1.5.12.4 FileFsDeviceInformation

**OutputBuffer** is of type FILE\_FS\_DEVICE\_INFORMATION, as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.5.10.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **OutputBufferSize** is smaller than **sizeof(FILE\_FS\_DEVICE\_INFORMATION)**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INFO\_LENGTH\_MISMATCH .
- **OutputBuffer** MUST be constructed as follows:
  - **OutputBuffer.DeviceType** set to FILE\_DEVICE\_DISK or FILE\_DEVICE\_CD\_ROM, as defined in [MS-FSCC] section 2.5.10, depending on the type of media that **Open.File.Volume** is mounted on.
  - **OutputBuffer.Characteristics** set to **Open.File.Volume.VolumeCharacteristics**.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - **ByteCount** set to **sizeof(FILE\_FS\_DEVICE\_INFORMATION)**.
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

#### 2.1.5.12.5 FileFsAttributeInformation

**OutputBuffer** is of type FILE\_FS\_ATTRIBUTE\_INFORMATION, as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.5.1.

This routine uses the following local variables:

- 32-bit unsigned integer: *RemainingLength*, *BytesToCopy*

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **OutputBufferSize** is smaller than **BlockAlign(FieldOffset(FILE\_FS\_ATTRIBUTE\_INFORMATION.FileSystemName), 4)**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INFO\_LENGTH\_MISMATCH.
- **OutputBuffer** MUST be constructed as follows:
  - **OutputBuffer.FileSystemAttributes** set to appropriate values, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.5.1, based on the implementation of the given file system.<121>
  - **OutputBuffer.MaximumComponentNameLength** set to different values depending on the file system.<122>
  - **OutputBuffer.FileSystemNameLength** set to the length, in bytes, of the name of the file system on **Open.File.Volume**.
- Set *RemainingLength* to **OutputBufferSize - FieldOffset(FILE\_FS\_ATTRIBUTE\_INFORMATION.FileSystemName)**.
- If *RemainingLength* < **OutputBuffer.FileSystemNameLength**.
  - Set *BytesToCopy* to *RemainingLength*.
- Else
  - Set *BytesToCopy* to **OutputBuffer.FileSystemNameLength**.

- EndIf
- Copy *BytesToCopy* bytes from the file system name string to **OutputBuffer.FileSystemName**.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - **ByteCount** set to **FieldOffset(FILE\_FS\_ATTRIBUTE\_INFORMATION.FileSystemName)+BytesToCopy**.
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_BUFFER\_OVERFLOW if *BytesToCopy* < **OutputBuffer.FileSystemNameLength** else STATUS\_SUCCESS.

#### 2.1.5.12.6 FileFsControlInformation

**OutputBuffer** is of type FILE\_FS\_CONTROL\_INFORMATION, as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.5.2.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **OutputBufferSize** is smaller than **BlockAlign(sizeof(FILE\_FS\_CONTROL\_INFORMATION), 8)** the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INFO\_LENGTH\_MISMATCH.
- Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.<123>
- If **Open.File.Volume.IsQuotasSupported** is FALSE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_VOLUME\_NOT\_UPGRADED.
- The object store MUST initialize all fields in **OutputBuffer** to zero.
- If Quotas are supported on **Open.File.Volume**, the object store MUST set fields in **OutputBuffer** as follows:
  - **OutputBuffer.DefaultQuotaThreshold** set to **Open.File.Volume.DefaultQuotaThreshold**.
  - **OutputBuffer.DefaultQuotaLimit** set to **Open.File.Volume.DefaultQuotaLimit**.
  - **OutputBuffer.FileSystemControlFlags** set to **Open.File.Volume.VolumeQuotaState**.
- EndIf
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - **ByteCount** set to **sizeof(FILE\_FS\_CONTROL\_INFORMATION)**.
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

#### 2.1.5.12.7 FileFsFullSizeInformation

**OutputBuffer** is of type FILE\_FS\_FULL\_SIZE\_INFORMATION, as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.5.4.

This routine uses the following local variables:

- 64-bit unsigned integer: *RemainingQuota*
- FILE\_QUOTA\_INFORMATION element: *QuotaEntry*

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **OutputBufferSize** is smaller than **sizeof(FILE\_FS\_FULL\_SIZE\_INFORMATION)**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INFO\_LENGTH\_MISMATCH.

- **OutputBuffer** MUST be constructed as follows:
  - **OutputBuffer.TotalAllocationUnits** set to **Open.File.Volume.TotalSpace / Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize**.
  - **OutputBuffer.CallerAvailableAllocationUnits** set to **Open.File.Volume.FreeSpace / Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize**.
  - **OutputBuffer.ActualAvailableAllocationUnits** set to **Open.File.Volume.FreeSpace / Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize**.
  - **OutputBuffer.SectorsPerAllocationUnit** set to **Volume.ClusterSize / Open.File.Volume.LogicalBytesPerSector**.
  - **OutputBuffer.BytesPerSector** set to **Open.File.Volume.LogicalBytesPerSector**.
- If **Open.File.Volume.QuotaInformation** contains an entry *QuotaEntry* that matches the SID of the current **Open**, the object store MUST modify the returned information based on *QuotaEntry* as follows:
  - If *QuotaEntry.QuotaLimit* < **Open.File.Volume.TotalSpace**:
    - **OutputBuffer.TotalAllocationUnits** MUST be set to *QuotaEntry.QuotaLimit / Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize*.
  - EndIf
  - If *QuotaEntry.QuotaLimit* <= *QuotaEntry.QuotaUsed*:
    - *RemainingQuota* MUST be set to 0.
  - Else
    - *RemainingQuota* MUST be set to *QuotaEntry.QuotaLimit - QuotaEntry.QuotaUsed*.
  - EndIf
  - If *RemainingQuota* < **Open.File.Volume.FreeSpace**:
    - **OutputBuffer.CallerAvailableAllocationUnits** MUST be set to *RemainingQuota / Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize*.
  - EndIf
- EndIf
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - **ByteCount** set to *sizeof(FILE\_FS\_FULL\_SIZE\_INFORMATION)*.
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

#### 2.1.5.12.8 FileFsObjectIdInformation

**OutputBuffer** is a FILE\_FS\_OBJECTID\_INFORMATION structure as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.5.6.<124>

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **OutputBufferSize** is less than *sizeof(FILE\_FS\_OBJECTID\_INFORMATION)*, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INFO\_LENGTH\_MISMATCH.

- Support for ObjectIDs is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.<125>
- If **Open.File.Volume.IsObjectIDsSupported** is FALSE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_VOLUME\_NOT\_UPGRADED.
- If **Open.File.Volume.VolumeId** is empty, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_OBJECT\_NAME\_NOT\_FOUND.
- **OutputBuffer** MUST be constructed as follows:
  - **OutputBuffer.ObjectId** set to **Open.File.Volume.VolumeId**.
  - **OutputBuffer.ExtendedInfo** set to **Open.File.Volume.ExtendedInfo**.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - **ByteCount** set to *sizeof(FILE\_FS\_OBJECTID\_INFORMATION)*.
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

#### 2.1.5.12.9 FileFsDriverPathInformation

This operation is not supported and MUST be failed with STATUS\_NOT\_SUPPORTED.

#### 2.1.5.12.10 FileFsSectorSizeInformation

**OutputBuffer** is of type FILE\_FS\_SECTOR\_SIZE\_INFORMATION as defined in [MS-FSCC] section 2.5.7.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **OutputBufferSize** is smaller than sizeof(FILE\_FS\_SECTOR\_SIZE\_INFORMATION), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INFO\_LENGTH\_MISMATCH.
- **OutputBuffer** MUST be constructed as follows:
  - **OutputBuffer.LogicalBytesPerSector** set to **Open.File.Volume.LogicalBytesPerSector**.
  - **OutputBuffer.PhysicalBytesPerSectorForAtomicity** is computed as follows:
    - Set **OutputBuffer.PhysicalBytesPerSectorForAtomicity** to the physical sector size reported from the storage device underlying the object store.
    - If there was an issue with retrieving the physical sector size information:
      - Set **OutputBuffer.PhysicalBytesPerSectorForAtomicity** to **Open.File.Volume.LogicalBytesPerSector**.
    - ElseIf **OutputBuffer.PhysicalBytesPerSectorForAtomicity** is NOT a power of two, OR

**OutputBuffer.PhysicalBytesPerSectorForAtomicity** is less than **Open.File.Volume.LogicalBytesPerSector**, OR

**OutputBuffer.PhysicalBytesPerSectorForAtomicity** is not a multiple of **Open.File.Volume.LogicalBytesPerSector**:

- Set **OutputBuffer.PhysicalBytesPerSectorForAtomicity** to **Open.File.Volume.LogicalBytesPerSector**.
- EndIf

- **OutputBuffer.PhysicalBytesPerSectorForPerformance** is set to **OutputBuffer.PhysicalBytesPerSectorForAtomicity**.
- **OutputBuffer.FileSystemEffectivePhysicalBytesPerSectorForAtomicity** is computed as follows:
  - If **OutputBuffer.PhysicalBytesPerSectorForAtomicity** is greater than **Open.File.Volume.SystemPageSize**:
    - Set **OutputBuffer.FileSystemEffectivePhysicalBytesPerSectorForAtomicity** to **Open.File.Volume.SystemPageSize**.
  - Else:
    - Set **OutputBuffer.FileSystemEffectivePhysicalBytesPerSectorForAtomicity** to **OutputBuffer.PhysicalBytesPerSectorForAtomicity**.
  - EndIf
- **OutputBuffer.ByteOffsetForSectorAlignment** is computed as follows:
  - Set **OutputBuffer.ByteOffsetForSectorAlignment** to the physical offset alignment reported by the storage device.
  - If there was an issue with retrieving the physical offset alignment:
    - Set **OutputBuffer.ByteOffsetForSectorAlignment** to SSINFO\_OFFSET\_UNKNOWN.
  - EndIf
- **OutputBuffer.ByteOffsetForPartitionAlignment** is computed as follows:
  - Set **OutputBuffer.ByteOffsetForPartitionAlignment** to **(Open.File.Volume.PartitionOffset % OutputBuffer.PhysicalBytesPerSectorForAtomicity)**.
- **OutputBuffer.Flags** is set as follows:
  - Set SSINFO\_FLAGS\_ALIGNED\_DEVICE, SSINFO\_FLAGS\_PARTITION\_ALIGNED\_ON\_DEVICE flags in **OutputBuffer.Flags**.
  - If **OutputBuffer.ByteOffsetForSectorAlignment** is not zero:
    - Clear SSINFO\_FLAGS\_ALIGNED\_DEVICE flag in **OutputBuffer.Flags**.
  - EndIf
  - If **OutputBuffer.ByteOffsetForSectorAlignment** is not equal to **((OutputBuffer.PhysicalBytesPerSectorForAtomicity - OutputBuffer.ByteOffsetForPartitionAlignment) % OutputBuffer.PhysicalBytesPerSectorForAtomicity** :
    - Clear SSINFO\_FLAGS\_PARTITION\_ALIGNED\_ON\_DEVICE flag in **OutputBuffer.Flags**
  - EndIf
  - Query the storage device underlying the object store to determine if there is a seek penalty. If there is not a seek penalty, set SSINFO\_FLAGS\_NO\_SEEK\_PENALTY flag in **OutputBuffer.Flags**.

- Query the storage device underlying the object store to determine if either the TRIM (T13-ATA) or UNMAP (T10-SCSI/SAS) commands are supported. If either command is supported, set SSINFO\_FLAGS\_TRIM\_ENABLED flag in **OutputBuffer.Flags**.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - **ByteCount** set to the size of the FILE\_FS\_SECTOR\_SIZE\_INFORMATION structure
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

### 2.1.5.13 Server Requests a Query of Security Information

The server provides:

- **Open:** The **Open** on which security information is being queried.
- **OutputBufferSize:** The maximum number of bytes to return in **OutputBuffer**.
- **SecurityInformation:** A SECURITY\_INFORMATION data type, as defined in [MS-DTYP] section 2.4.7.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.
- **OutputBuffer:** An array of **OutputBufferSize** bytes formatted as a SECURITY\_DESCRIPTOR structure in self-relative format, as described in [MS-DTYP] section 2.4.6.
- **ByteCount:** If the operation returns STATUS\_SUCCESS, this will be set to the count of bytes filled into **OutputBuffer**. If the operation returns STATUS\_BUFFER\_OVERFLOW, this will be set to the required size, in bytes, of **OutputBuffer** so that the security descriptor will fit.

This routine uses the following local variables:

- A 32-bit unsigned integer used as a byte index into **OutputBuffer**: *NextFree*
- 32-bit unsigned integers: *SaclLength*, *MaclLength*

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- Let **sizeof(SECURITY\_DESCRIPTOR\_RELATIVE)** equal the number of bytes occupied by the **Revision**, **Sbz1**, **Control**, **OffsetOwner**, **OffsetGroup**, **OffsetSacl**, and **OffsetDacl** fields of **OutputBuffer** (that is, the total size of those fields in a SECURITY\_DESCRIPTOR in self-relative format, as described in [MS-DTYP] section 2.4.6).
- The operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_ACCESS\_DENIED under either of the following conditions:
  - **SecurityInformation** contains any of OWNER\_SECURITY\_INFORMATION, GROUP\_SECURITY\_INFORMATION, LABEL\_SECURITY\_INFORMATION, or DACL\_SECURITY\_INFORMATION, and **Open.GrantedAccess** does not contain READ\_CONTROL.
  - **SecurityInformation** contains SACL\_SECURITY\_INFORMATION and **Open.GrantedAccess** does not contain ACCESS\_SYSTEM\_SECURITY.
- If **Open.Stream.StreamType** is DataStream and **Open.Stream.Name** is not empty, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER; security information can be may only be queried on a file or directory handle, not on a stream handle.
- If **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor** is empty:



- If **OutputBufferSize** is smaller than **sizeof(SECURITY\_DESCRIPTOR\_RELATIVE)**, the object store MUST set **ByteCount** equal to **sizeof(SECURITY\_DESCRIPTOR\_RELATIVE)**, and the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_BUFFER\_OVERFLOW.
- The object store MUST set **OutputBuffer.Revision** equal to 1; all other fields of **OutputBuffer** MUST be filled with NULL characters.
- The object store MUST set the Self Relative (SR) bit in **OutputBuffer.Control**.
- The operation returns STATUS\_SUCCESS at this point.
- EndIf
- Set **ByteCount** equal to **sizeof(SECURITY\_DESCRIPTOR\_RELATIVE)**.
- If **SecurityInformation** contains OWNER\_SECURITY\_INFORMATION and **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Owner** is not NULL:
  - **ByteCount** += **BlockAlign(SidLength(Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Owner), 4)**
- EndIf
- If **SecurityInformation** contains GROUP\_SECURITY\_INFORMATION and **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Group** is not NULL:
  - **ByteCount** += **BlockAlign(SidLength(Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Group), 4)**
- EndIf
- If **SecurityInformation** contains DACL\_SECURITY\_INFORMATION and the DACL Present (DP) bit is set in **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Control** and **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Dacl** is not NULL:
  - **ByteCount** += **BlockAlign(SidLength(Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Dacl.AclSize), 4)**
- EndIf
- If **SecurityInformation** contains SACL\_SECURITY\_INFORMATION|LABEL\_SECURITY\_INFORMATION and the SACL Present (SP) bit is set in **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Control** and
  - **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Sacl** is not NULL:
    - *SaclLength* = **BlockAlign(SidLength(Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Sacl.AclSize), 4)**
    - **ByteCount** += *SaclLength*
- Else
  - If **SecurityInformation** contains SACL\_SECURITY\_INFORMATION and the SACL Present (SP) bit is set in **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Control** and **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Sacl** is not NULL:
    - *SaclLength* = **BlockAlign(SidLength(Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Sacl.AclSize), 4)**
    - For each access control entry (ACE) (as defined in [MS-DTYP] section 2.4.4) in **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Sacl** whose **AceType** field is SYSTEM\_MANDATORY\_LABEL\_ACE\_TYPE:
      - *SaclLength* -= this ACE's **AceSize** field
    - EndFor

- **ByteCount** += *SaclLength*
- EndIf
- If **SecurityInformation** contains LABEL\_SECURITY\_INFORMATION and the SACL Present (SP) bit is set in **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Control** and **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Sacl** is not NULL:
  - *MaclLength* = **BlockAlign**( (size of ACL as defined in [MS-DTYP] section 2.4.5), 4)
  - For each ACE (as defined in [MS-DTYP] section 2.4.4) in **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Sacl** whose **AceType** field is SYSTEM\_MANDATORY\_LABEL\_ACE\_TYPE:
    - *MaclLength* += this ACE's **AceSize** field
  - EndFor
  - **ByteCount** += *MaclLength*
- EndIf
- EndIf
- If **ByteCount** is greater than **OutputBufferSize**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_BUFFER\_OVERFLOW.
- The object store MUST set **OutputBuffer.Revision** equal to 1; all other fields of **OutputBuffer** MUST be filled with NULL characters.
- The object store MUST set the Self Relative (SR) bit in **OutputBuffer.Control**.
- Set *NextFree* to **sizeof**(SECURITY\_DESCRIPTOR\_RELATIVE) (that is, to the offset of **OutputBuffer.OwnerSid**).
- If **SecurityInformation** contains OWNER\_SECURITY\_INFORMATION and **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Owner** is not NULL:
  - The object store MUST copy **SidLength**(**Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Owner**) bytes from **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Owner** to **OutputBuffer** at the position of *NextFree*.
  - The object store MUST set **OutputBuffer.OffsetOwner** equal to *NextFree*.
  - The object store MUST set the state of the Owner Defaulted (OD) bit of **OutputBuffer.Control** equal to the state of the same bit in **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Control**.
  - *NextFree* += **BlockAlign**(**SidLength**(**Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Owner**), 4).
- EndIf
- If **SecurityInformation** contains GROUP\_SECURITY\_INFORMATION and **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Group** is not NULL:
  - The object store MUST copy **SidLength**(**Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Group**) bytes from **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Group** to **OutputBuffer** at the position of *NextFree*.
  - The object store MUST set **OutputBuffer.OffsetGroup** equal to *NextFree*.
  - The object store MUST set the state of the Group Defaulted (GD) bit of **OutputBuffer.Control** equal to the state of the same bit in **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Control**.

- $NextFree += \mathit{BlockAlign}(\mathit{SidLength}(\mathit{Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Group}), 4)$ .
- EndIf
- If **SecurityInformation** contains `DACL_SECURITY_INFORMATION`:
  - The object store MUST set the state of the DACL Present (DP), DACL Defaulted (DD), DACL Protected (PD), and DACL Auto-Inherited (DI) bits of **OutputBuffer.Control** equal to the state of the same bits in **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Control**.
  - If the DACL Present (DP) bit is set in **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Control** and **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Dacl** is not NULL:
    - The object store MUST copy **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Dacl.AclSize** bytes from **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Dacl** to **OutputBuffer** at the position of *NextFree*.
    - The object store MUST set **OutputBuffer.OffsetDacl** equal to *NextFree*.
    - $NextFree += \mathit{BlockAlign}(\mathit{Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Dacl.AclSize}, 4)$ .
  - EndIf
- EndIf
- If **SecurityInformation** contains `SACL_SECURITY_INFORMATION|LABEL_SECURITY_INFORMATION`:
  - The object store MUST set the state of the SACL Present (SP), SACL Defaulted (SD), SACL Protected (PS), and SACL Auto-Inherited (SI) bits of **OutputBuffer.Control** equal to the state of the same bits in **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Control**.
  - If the SACL Present (SP) bit is set in **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Control** and **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Sacl** is not NULL:
    - The object store MUST copy **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Sacl.AclSize** bytes from **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Sacl** to **OutputBuffer** at the position of *NextFree*.
    - The object store MUST set **OutputBuffer.OffsetSacl** equal to *NextFree*.
    - $NextFree += \mathit{SaclLength}$ .
  - EndIf
- Else
  - If **SecurityInformation** contains `SACL_SECURITY_INFORMATION`:
    - The object store MUST set the state of the SACL Present (SP), SACL Defaulted (SD), SACL Protected (PS), and SACL Auto-Inherited (SI) bits of **OutputBuffer.Control** equal to the state of the same bits in **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Control**.
    - If the SACL Present (SP) bit is set in **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Control** and **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Sacl** is not NULL:
      - Perform an ACE copy according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.13.1, setting the ACE copy algorithm's parameters as follows:
        - **DestSacl** equal to the position in **OutputBuffer** of *NextFree*.
        - **SrcSacl** equal to **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Sacl**.
        - **CopyAudit** set to TRUE.

- The object store MUST set **OutputBuffer.OffsetSacl** equal to *NextFree*.
- *NextFree* += *SaclLength*.
- EndIf
- Else If **SecurityInformation** contains LABEL\_SECURITY\_INFORMATION:
  - The object store MUST set the state of the SACL Present (SP), SACL Defaulted (SD), SACL Protected (PS), and SACL Auto-Inherited (SI) bits of **OutputBuffer.Control** equal to the state of the same bits in **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Control**.
  - If the SACL Present (SP) bit is set in **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Control** and **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Sacl** is not NULL:
    - Perform an ACE copy according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.13.1, setting the ACE copy algorithm's parameters as follows:
      - **DestSacl** equal to the position in **OutputBuffer** of *NextFree*.
      - **SrcSacl** equal to **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Sacl**.
      - **CopyAudit** set to FALSE.
    - The object store MUST set **OutputBuffer.OffsetSacl** equal to *NextFree*.
    - *NextFree* += *MaclLength*.
  - EndIf
- EndIf
- The operation returns STATUS\_SUCCESS.

### 2.1.5.13.1 Algorithm for Copying Audit or Label ACEs Into a Buffer

The inputs for an ACE copy are:

- **DestSacl:** A destination buffer formatted as an access control list (ACL), as defined in [MS-DTYP] section 2.4.5.
- **SrcSacl:** A source buffer formatted as an ACL, as defined in [MS-DTYP] section 2.4.5.
- **CopyAudit:** A Boolean value. If TRUE, this algorithm copies only ACEs whose **AceType** field is not SYSTEM\_MANDATORY\_LABEL\_ACE\_TYPE. If FALSE, this algorithm copies only ACEs whose **AceType** field is SYSTEM\_MANDATORY\_LABEL\_ACE\_TYPE.

The ACE copy algorithm uses the following local variables:

- ACE (as defined in [MS-DTYP] section 2.4.4): *ThisAce*
- Byte pointer: *NextFree*

Pseudocode for the algorithm is as follows:

- Copy (size of ACL as defined in [MS-DTYP] section 2.4.5) bytes from **SrcSacl** to **DestSacl**.
- Set **DestSacl.AceCount** to 0.
- Set **DestSacl.AclSize** to (size of ACL as defined in [MS-DTYP] section 2.4.5).

- Set *NextFree* to (size of ACL as defined in [MS-DTYP] section 2.4.5) bytes from the beginning of **DestSacl**.
- For each ACE *ThisAce* in **SrcSacl**:
  - If ((**CopyAudit** is TRUE and *ThisAce.AceType* is not SYSTEM\_MANDATORY\_LABEL\_ACE\_TYPE) or (**CopyAudit** is FALSE and *ThisAce.AceType* is SYSTEM\_MANDATORY\_LABEL\_ACE\_TYPE)):
    - Copy *ThisAce.AceSize* bytes from *ThisAce* to *NextFree*.
    - **DestSacl.AceCount** += 1
    - **DestSacl.AclSize** = **DestSacl.AclSize** + *ThisAce.AceSize*
    - Advance *NextFree* by *ThisAce.AceSize* bytes.
  - EndIf
- EndFor

#### 2.1.5.14 Server Requests Setting of File Information

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a DataFile or DirectoryFile.
- **FileInformationClass:** The type of information being applied, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.
- **InputBuffer:** A buffer that contains the information to be applied to the object.
- **InputBufferSize:** The size of the buffer provided.

The object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code indicating the result of the operation.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **Open.File.Volume.IsReadOnly** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_MEDIA\_WRITE\_PROTECTED.

##### 2.1.5.14.1 FileAllocationInformation

**InputBuffer** is of type FILE\_ALLOCATION\_INFORMATION as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.4.

This operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER under any of the following conditions:

- If **Open.Stream.StreamType** is DirectoryStream.
- If **InputBuffer.AllocationSize** is greater than the maximum file size allowed by the object store.<126>

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **Open.GrantedAccess** does not contain FILE\_WRITE\_DATA, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_ACCESS\_DENIED.

- If **Open.Stream.Oplock** is not empty, the object store MUST check for an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12, with input values as follows:
  - **Open** equal to this operation's **Open**
  - **Oplock** equal to **Open.Stream.Oplock**
  - **Operation** equal to "SET\_INFORMATION"
  - **OpParams** containing a member **FileInformationClass** containing **FileAllocationInformation**
- If the **Oplock** member of the **DirectoryStream** in **Open.Link.ParentFile.StreamList** (hereinafter referred to as *ParentOplock*) is not empty, the object store MUST check for an oplock break on the parent according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12, with input values as follows:
  - **Open** equal to this operation's **Open**
  - **Oplock** equal to *ParentOplock*
  - **Operation** equal to "SET\_INFORMATION"
  - **OpParams** containing a member **FileInformationClass** containing **FileAllocationInformation**
  - **Flags** equal to "PARENT\_OBJECT"
- If **Open.Stream.IsDeleted** is TRUE, the operation SHOULD return STATUS\_SUCCESS.
- Set *NewAllocationSize* to **BlockAlign(InputBuffer.AllocationSize, Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize)** as described in section 2.1.4.5.
- If **Open.Stream.AllocationSize** is equal to *NewAllocationSize*, the operation MUST return STATUS\_SUCCESS.
- If the space for *NewAllocationSize* cannot be reserved in the storage media, then the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_DISK\_FULL.
- **Open.Stream.AllocationSize** MUST be set to *NewAllocationSize*.
- If **InputBuffer.AllocationSize** is less than **Open.Stream.Size**:
  - Set *NewFileSize* to **min(Open.Stream.Size, NewAllocationSize<127>)**.
  - If *NewFileSize* is less than **Open.Stream.Size**:
    - The object store MUST set **Open.Stream.Size** to *NewFileSize*, truncating the stream.
    - The object store MUST post a USN change as per section 2.1.4.11 with **File** equal to **File**, **Reason** equal to USN\_REASON\_DATA\_TRUNCATION, and **FileName** equal to **Open.Link.Name**.
    - If the object store supports **Open.File.Volume.ClusterRefcount**, for each EXTENTS that is removed from **Open.Stream.ExtentList** as a result of truncation, for each cluster that is being referred to by the EXTENTS being removed, its entry in **Open.File.Volume.ClusterRefcount** MUST be decremented. If the corresponding cluster's reference count goes to zero, then that cluster MUST also be freed.
  - EndIf
- EndIf

- If **Open.Stream.ValidDataLength** is greater than **Open.Stream.Size**, then the object store MUST set **Open.Stream.ValidDataLength** to **Open.Stream.Size**.
- The object store MUST note that the file has been modified as per section 2.1.4.17 with **Open** equal to **Open**.
- The operation returns STATUS\_SUCCESS.

#### 2.1.5.14.2 FileBasicInformation

**InputBuffer** is of type FILE\_BASIC\_INFORMATION as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.7.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **InputBufferSize** is less than **sizeof(FILE\_BASIC\_INFORMATION)**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INFO\_LENGTH\_MISMATCH.
- The operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER under any of the following conditions:
  - If **InputBuffer.CreationTime** is less than -1.
  - If **InputBuffer.LastAccessTime** is less than -1.
  - If **InputBuffer.LastWriteTime** is less than -1.
  - If **InputBuffer.ChangeTime** is less than -1.
  - If **InputBuffer.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_DIRECTORY** is TRUE and **Open.Stream.StreamType** is **DataStream**.
  - If **InputBuffer.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_TEMPORARY** is TRUE and **Open.File.FileType** is **DirectoryFile**.
- The object store MUST initialize local variables as follows:
  - *CurrentTime* to the current system time.
  - *OriginalFileAttributes* to **Open.File.FileAttributes**.
  - *UsnReason* to 0.
  - *ValidSetAttributes* to (FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_READONLY | FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_HIDDEN | FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_SYSTEM | FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_ARCHIVE | FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_TEMPORARY | FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_OFFLINE | FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_NOT\_CONTENT\_INDEXED)
  - *BreakParentOplock* to FALSE.
- If **InputBuffer.FileAttributes** != 0:
  - If **Open.File** is equal to **Open.File.Volume.RootDirectory**, the object store MUST NOT allow the application to change the hidden or system attributes:
    - *ValidSetAttributes* &= ~(FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_HIDDEN | FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_SYSTEM)
  - EndIf
  - **Open.File.FileAttributes** &= ~*ValidSetAttributes*
  - **Open.File.FileAttributes** |= (**InputBuffer.FileAttributes** & *ValidSetAttributes*)
  - If **Open.File.FileAttributes** is not equal to *OriginalFileAttributes*:

- Set *BreakParentOplock* to TRUE.
- The object store MUST set **Open.File.PendingNotifications.FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_ATTRIBUTES** to TRUE.
- If **InputBuffer.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_TEMPORARY** is TRUE, the object store MUST set **Open.Stream.IsTemporary** to TRUE; otherwise it MUST be set to FALSE.
- If **Open.UserSetChangeTime** is FALSE and **InputBuffer.ChangeTime** != -1, the object store MUST set **Open.File.LastChangeTime** to *CurrentTime*.
- If **Open.File.FileAttributes** is not equal to *OriginalFileAttributes*, the object store MUST set *UsnReason.USN\_REASON\_BASIC\_INFO\_CHANGE* to TRUE.
- If **Open.File.FileAttributes**.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_NOT\_CONTENT\_INDEXED is not equal to *OriginalFileAttributes*.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_NOT\_CONTENT\_INDEXED, the object store MUST set *UsnReason.USN\_REASON\_INDEXABLE\_CHANGE* to TRUE.
- EndIf
- EndIf
- If **InputBuffer.ChangeTime** != 0:
  - The object store MUST set **Open.UserSetChangeTime** to TRUE.
  - If **InputBuffer.ChangeTime** != -1:
    - Set *BreakParentOplock* to TRUE.
    - If **InputBuffer.ChangeTime** != **Open.File.LastChangeTime**, the object store MUST set *UsnReason.USN\_REASON\_BASIC\_INFO\_CHANGE* to TRUE.
    - The object store MUST set **Open.File.LastChangeTime** to **InputBuffer.ChangeTime**.
  - EndIf
- EndIf
- If **InputBuffer.CreationTime** != 0 and **InputBuffer.CreationTime** != -1:
  - Set *BreakParentOplock* to TRUE.
  - If **InputBuffer.CreationTime** != **Open.File.CreationTime**, the object store MUST set *UsnReason.USN\_REASON\_BASIC\_INFO\_CHANGE* to TRUE.
  - The object store MUST set **Open.File.CreationTime** to **InputBuffer.CreationTime**.
  - The object store MUST set **Open.File.PendingNotifications.FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_CREATION** to TRUE.
  - If **Open.UserSetChangeTime** is FALSE and **InputBuffer.ChangeTime** != -1, the object store MUST set **Open.File.LastChangeTime** to *CurrentTime*.
- EndIf
- If **InputBuffer.LastAccessTime** != 0:
  - The object store MUST set **Open.UserSetAccessTime** to TRUE.
  - If **InputBuffer.LastAccessTime** != -1:



- Set *BreakParentOplock* to TRUE.
- If **InputBuffer.LastAccessTime** != **Open.File.LastAccessTime**, the object store MUST set *UsnReason.USN\_REASON\_BASIC\_INFO\_CHANGE* to TRUE.
- The object store MUST set **Open.File.LastAccessTime** to **InputBuffer.LastAccessTime**.
- The object store MUST set **Open.File.PendingNotifications.FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_LAST\_ACCESS** to TRUE.
- If **Open.UserSetChangeTime** is FALSE and **InputBuffer.ChangeTime** != -1, the object store MUST set **Open.File.LastChangeTime** to *CurrentTime*.
- EndIf
- EndIf
- If **InputBuffer.LastWriteTime** != 0:
  - The object store MUST set **Open.UserSetModificationTime** to TRUE.
  - If **InputBuffer.LastWriteTime** != -1:
    - Set *BreakParentOplock* to TRUE.
    - If **InputBuffer.LastWriteTime** != **Open.File.LastModificationTime**, the object store MUST set *UsnReason.USN\_REASON\_BASIC\_INFO\_CHANGE* to TRUE.
    - The object store MUST set **Open.File.LastModificationTime** to **InputBuffer.LastWriteTime**.
    - The object store MUST set **Open.File.PendingNotifications.FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_LAST\_WRITE** to TRUE.
    - If **Open.UserSetChangeTime** is FALSE and **InputBuffer.ChangeTime** != -1, the object store MUST set **Open.File.LastChangeTime** to *CurrentTime*.
  - EndIf
- EndIf
- If *BreakParentOplock* is TRUE:
  - If the **Oplock** member of the **DirectoryStream** in **Open.Link.ParentFile.StreamList** (hereinafter referred to as *ParentOplock*) is not empty, the object store MUST check for an oplock break on the parent according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12, with input values as follows:
    - **Open** equal to this operation's **Open**.
    - **Oplock** equal to *ParentOplock*.
    - **Operation** equal to "SET\_INFORMATION"
    - **OpParams** containing a member **FileInformationClass** containing **FileBasicInformation**
    - **Flags** equal to "PARENT\_OBJECT"
- EndIf

- The object store MUST post a USN change as per section 2.1.4.11 with **File** equal to **File**, **Reason** equal to *UsnReason*, and **FileName** equal to **Open.Link.Name**.
- The operation returns STATUS\_SUCCESS.

### 2.1.5.14.3 FileDispositionInformation

**InputBuffer** is of type FILE\_DISPOSITION\_INFORMATION as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.11.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **Open.GrantedAccess** does not contain DELETE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_ACCESS\_DENIED.
- If **InputBuffer.DeletePending** is TRUE:
  - If **File.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_READONLY** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_CANNOT\_DELETE.
  - If **Open.Stream.Name** is empty:
    - If **Open.Stream.StreamType** is DirectoryStream and **Open.File.DirectoryList** is not empty, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_DIRECTORY\_NOT\_EMPTY.
    - Set **Open.Link.IsDeleted** to TRUE.
    - If **Open.Stream.StreamType** is DirectoryStream:
      - For each *ChangeNotifyEntry* in **Volume.ChangeNotifyList** where *ChangeNotifyEntry.OpenedDirectory.File* is equal to **Open.File** then the following actions MUST be taken:
        - Remove *ChangeNotifyEntry* from **Volume.ChangeNotifyList**.
        - Complete the **ChangeNotify** operation with status STATUS\_DELETE\_PENDING.
      - EndFor
    - EndIf
  - Else:
    - Set **Open.Stream.IsDeleted** to TRUE.
  - EndIf
- Else:
  - If **Open.Stream.Name** is empty:
    - **Set Open.Link.IsDeleted** to FALSE.
  - Else:
    - **Set Open.Stream.IsDeleted** to FALSE.
  - EndIf
- EndIf
- The operation returns STATUS\_SUCCESS.

#### 2.1.5.14.4 FileEndOfFileInformation

**InputBuffer** is of type FILE\_END\_OF\_FILE\_INFORMATION as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.13.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- The operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER under any of the following conditions:
  - If **Open.Stream.StreamType** is DirectoryStream.
  - If **InputBuffer.EndOfFile** is greater than the maximum file size allowed by the object store.<128>
  - If **Open.GrantedAccess** does not contain FILE\_WRITE\_DATA, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_ACCESS\_DENIED.
- If **Open.Stream.Oplock** is not empty, the object store MUST check for an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12, with input values as follows:
  - **Open** equal to this operation's **Open**
  - **Oplock** equal to **Open.Stream.Oplock**
  - **Operation** equal to "SET\_INFORMATION"
  - **OpParams** containing a member **FileInformationClass** containing **FileEndOfFileInformation**
- If the **Oplock** member of the **DirectoryStream** in **Open.Link.ParentFile.StreamList** (hereinafter referred to as *ParentOplock*) is not empty, the object store MUST check for an oplock break on the parent according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12, with input values as follows:
  - **Open** equal to this operation's **Open**
  - **Oplock** equal to *ParentOplock*
  - **Operation** equal to "SET\_INFORMATION"
  - **OpParams** containing a member **FileInformationClass** containing **FileEndOfFileInformation**
  - **Flags** equal to "PARENT\_OBJECT"
- If **Open.Stream.IsDeleted** is TRUE, the operation SHOULD return STATUS\_SUCCESS.
- If **Open.Stream.Size** is equal to **InputBuffer.EndOfFile**, the operation MUST return STATUS\_SUCCESS at this point.
- If **InputBuffer.EndOfFile** is greater than **Open.Stream.Size**:
  - The object store MUST post a USN change as per section 2.1.4.11 with **File** equal to **File**, **Reason** equal to USN\_REASON\_DATA\_EXTEND, and **FileName** equal to **Open.Link.Name**.
- Else:
  - The object store MUST post a USN change as per section 2.1.4.11 with **File** equal to **File**, **Reason** equal to USN\_REASON\_DATA\_TRUNCATION, and **FileName** equal to **Open.Link.Name**.
- EndIf

- If **InputBuffer.EndOfFile** is greater than **Open.Stream.AllocationSize**, the object store MUST set **Open.Stream.AllocationSize** to **BlockAlign(InputBuffer.EndOfFile, Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize)**. If the space cannot be reserved, then the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_DISK\_FULL.
- If the previous condition is true and the object Store supports **Open.File.Volume.ClusterRefCount**, for each cluster that has been reserved by the previous operation, the corresponding entry for that cluster's LCN in **Open.File.Volume.ClusterRefCount** MUST be incremented.
- If **InputBuffer.EndOfFile** is less than (**BlockAlign(Open.Stream.Size, Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize) - Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize**), the object store SHOULD set **Open.Stream.AllocationSize** to **BlockAlign (InputBuffer.EndOfFile, Open.File.Volume.ClusterSize)**.
- If **Open.Stream.ValidDataLength** is greater than **InputBuffer.EndOfFile**, the object store MUST set **Open.Stream.ValidDataLength** to **InputBuffer.EndOfFile**.
- The object store MUST set **Open.Stream.Size** to **InputBuffer.EndOfFile**.
- The object store MUST note that the file has been modified as per section 2.1.4.17 with **Open** equal to **Open**.
- The operation returns STATUS\_SUCCESS.

#### 2.1.5.14.5 FileFullEaInformation

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_REQUEST.<129>

**InputBuffer** is of type FILE\_FULL\_EA\_INFORMATION, as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.15.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **Open.File.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_REPARSE\_POINT** is TRUE, the object store MUST fail the operation with STATUS\_EAS\_NOT\_SUPPORTED.
- For each *Ea* in **InputBuffer**:
  - If *Ea*.**EaName** is not well-formed as per [MS-FSCC] 2.4.15, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_EA\_NAME.
  - If *Ea*.**Flags** does not contain a valid set of flags as per [MS-FSCC] 2.4.15, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_EA\_NAME.
  - If *Ea*.**EaName** exists in the **Open.File.ExtendedAttributes**, remove that entry from **Open.File.ExtendedAttributes**, updating **Open.File.ExtendedAttributesLength** to reflect the new list size.
  - If *Ea*.**EaValueLength** is NOT zero, add *Ea* to **Open.File.ExtendedAttributes**, updating **Open.File.ExtendedAttributesLength** to reflect the new list size
  - If **Open.File.ExtendedAttributesLength** becomes greater than 64 KB - 5 bytes, the object store MUST fail the operation with STATUS\_EA\_TOO\_LARGE and undo any changes made as part of this operation.
- EndFor
- If **Open.UserSetChangeTime** is FALSE, the object store MUST update **Open.File.LastChangeTime** to the current time.

- The object store MUST set **Open.File.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_ARCHIVE** to TRUE.
- The object store MUST post a USN change as per section 2.1.4.11 with **File** equal to **File**, **Reason** equal to USN\_REASON\_EA\_CHANGE, and **FileName** equal to **Open.Link.Name**.
- Set **Open.File.PendingNotifications.FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_EA** to TRUE and **Open.File.PendingNotifications.FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_ATTRIBUTES** to TRUE.

#### 2.1.5.14.6 FileLinkInformation

**InputBuffer** is of type FILE\_LINK\_INFORMATION, as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.21.<130>

**Open** represents the pre-existing file to which a new link named in **InputBuffer.FileName** will be created.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **Open.Stream.StreamType** is DataStream and **Open.Stream.Name** is not empty, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If **Open.File.FileType** is DirectoryFile, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_FILE\_IS\_A\_DIRECTORY.
- If **Open.Link.IsDeleted** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_ACCESS\_DENIED.
- If **InputBuffer.FileName** is not valid as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.5, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_OBJECT\_NAME\_INVALID.
- If **Open.File.LinkList** has 1024 or more entries, the operation SHOULD be failed with STATUS\_TOO\_MANY\_LINKS.
- Split **InputBuffer.FileName** into *PathName* and *FileName*, as per section 2.1.5.1.
- Open *DestinationDirectory* from *PathName*, as per section 2.1.5.1. If the open fails for any reason, the object store MUST fail the request with that error. This request requires that the caller has FILE\_ADD\_FILE access on the *DestinationDirectory* -- if not, the store MUST fail with STATUS\_ACCESS\_DENIED.
- Search *DestinationDirectory.File.DirectoryList* for an *ExistingLink* where *ExistingLink.Name* or *ExistingLink.ShortName* matches *FileName* using case-sensitivity according to **Open.IsCaseInsensitive**. If such a link is found:
  - If **InputBuffer.ReplaceIfExists** is TRUE:
    - Set *ReplacedLinkName* = *DestinationDirectory.FileName* + *FileName*.
    - Remove *ExistingLink* from *ExistingLink.File.LinkList*.
    - Remove *ExistingLink* from *DestinationDirectory.File.DirectoryList*.
    - Set *DeletedLink* to TRUE.
  - Else:
    - The operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_OBJECT\_NAME\_COLLISION.
  - EndIf
- EndIf
- The object store MUST build a new Link object *NewLink* with fields initialized as follows:

- *NewLink*.**Name** set to *FileName*.
- *NewLink*.**File** set to **Open.File**.
- *NewLink*.**ParentFile** set to *DestinationDirectory.File*.
- All other fields set to zero.
- The object store MUST insert *NewLink* into **Open.File.LinkList**
- The object store MUST insert *NewLink* into *DestinationDirectory.File.DirectoryList*.
- The object store MUST update *DestinationDirectory.File.LastModifiedTime*, *DestinationDirectory.File.LastAccessedTime*, and *DestinationDirectory.File.LastChangeTime*.
- If the **Oplock** member of the **DirectoryStream** in *DestinationDirectory.File.StreamList* (hereinafter referred to as *ParentOplock*) is not empty, the object store MUST check for an oplock break on the parent according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12, with input values as follows:
  - **Open** equal to this operation's **Open**
  - **Oplock** equal to *ParentOplock*
  - **Operation** equal to "SET\_INFORMATION"
  - **OpParams** containing a member **FileInformationClass** containing **FileLinkInformation**
  - **Flags** equal to "PARENT\_OBJECT"
- If **Open.UserSetChangeTime** is FALSE, the object store MUST update **Open.File.LastChangeTime** to the current time.
- The object store MUST set **Open.File.FileAttributes**.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_ARCHIVE.
- If *DeletedLink* is TRUE:
  - If *ReplacedLinkName* equals **InputBuffer.FileName** in a case-sensitive comparison:
    - // In this case, the link name has not changed, but the file it refers to has changed.
    - *Action* = FILE\_ACTION\_MODIFIED
    - *FilterMatch* = FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_ATTRIBUTES | FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_SIZE | FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_LAST\_WRITE | FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_LAST\_ACCESS | FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_CREATION | FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_SECURITY | FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_EA
    - Send directory change notification as per section 2.1.4.1, with **Volume** equal to **File.Volume**, **Action** equal to *Action*, **FilterMatch** equal to *FilterMatch*, and **FileName** equal to **InputBuffer.FileName**.
  - Else
    - // In this case, the implementer replaced a link, but the new link created differs only in case.
    - *Action* = FILE\_ACTION\_REMOVED
    - *FilterMatch* = FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_FILE\_NAME

- Send directory change notification as per section 2.1.4.1, with **Volume** equal to **File.Volume**, **Action** equal to *Action*, **FilterMatch** equal to *FilterMatch*, and **FileName** equal to **InputBuffer.FileName**.
- *Action* = FILE\_ACTION\_ADDED
- *FilterMatch* = FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_FILE\_NAME
- Send directory change notification as per section 2.1.4.1, with **Volume** equal to **File.Volume**, **Action** equal to *Action*, **FilterMatch** equal to *FilterMatch*, and **FileName** equal to **InputBuffer.FileName**.
- EndIf
- Else
  - // If the implementer did not delete a link, all that needs to be done is to notify that a new link was created.
  - *Action* = FILE\_ACTION\_ADDED
  - *FilterMatch* = FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_FILE\_NAME
  - Send directory change notification as per section 2.1.4.1, with **Volume** equal to **File.Volume**, **Action** equal to *Action*, **FilterMatch** equal to *FilterMatch*, and **FileName** equal to **InputBuffer.FileName**.
- EndIf
- The operation returns STATUS\_SUCCESS.

#### 2.1.5.14.7 FileModeInformation

**InputBuffer** is of type FILE\_MODE\_INFORMATION, as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.24.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- The operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER under any of the following conditions:
  - **InputBuffer.Mode** contains any flag, as defined in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.24, other than the following:
    - FILE\_WRITE\_THROUGH
    - FILE\_SEQUENTIAL\_ONLY
    - FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_ALERT
    - FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_NONALERT
  - **InputBuffer.Mode** contains either FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_ALERT or FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_NONALERT, but **Open.Mode** contains neither FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_ALERT nor FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_NONALERT.
  - **Open.Mode** contains either FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_ALERT or FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_NONALERT, but **InputBuffer.Mode** contains neither the FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_ALERT nor FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_NONALERT flags.
  - **InputBuffer.Mode** contains both FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_ALERT and FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_NONALERT.

- If **Open.Mode** does not contain FILE\_NO\_INTERMEDIATE\_BUFFERING:
  - If **InputBuffer.Mode** contains FILE\_WRITE\_THROUGH, set **Open.Mode.FILE\_WRITE\_THROUGH** to TRUE; otherwise set it to FALSE.
- EndIf
- If **InputBuffer.Mode** contains FILE\_SEQUENTIAL\_ONLY, set **Open.Mode.FILE\_SEQUENTIAL\_ONLY** to TRUE; otherwise set it to FALSE.
- If **Open.Mode** contains either FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_ALERT or FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_NONALERT:
  - If **InputBuffer.Mode** contains FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_ALERT, set **Open.Mode.FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_ALERT** to TRUE; otherwise set it to FALSE.
  - If **InputBuffer.Mode** contains FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_NONALERT, set **Open.Mode.FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_NONALERT** to TRUE; otherwise set it to FALSE.
- EndIf
- The operation returns STATUS\_SUCCESS.

#### 2.1.5.14.8 FileObjectIdInformation

This operation is not supported and MUST be failed with STATUS\_NOT\_SUPPORTED.

#### 2.1.5.14.9 FilePositionInformation

**InputBuffer** is of type FILE\_POSITION\_INFORMATION, as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.32.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **InputBufferSize** is less than the size, in bytes, of the FILE\_POSITION\_INFORMATION structure, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INFO\_LENGTH\_MISMATCH.
- The operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER under either of the following conditions:
  - **InputBuffer.CurrentByteOffset** is less than 0.
  - **Open.Mode** contains FILE\_NO\_INTERMEDIATE\_BUFFERING and **InputBuffer.CurrentByteOffset** is not an integer multiple of **Open.File.Volume.LogicalBytesPerSector**.
- The object store MUST set **Open.CurrentByteOffset** equal to **InputBuffer.CurrentByteOffset**.
- The operation returns STATUS\_SUCCESS.<131>

#### 2.1.5.14.10 FileQuotaInformation

This operation is not supported and MUST be failed with STATUS\_NOT\_SUPPORTED

#### 2.1.5.14.11 FileRenameInformation

**InputBuffer** is of type FILE\_RENAME\_INFORMATION, as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.34. **Open.FileName** is the pre-existing file name that will be changed by this operation.

This routine uses the following local variables:



- Unicode strings: *PathName*, *RootPathName*, *NewLinkName*, *PrevFullLinkName*, *SourceFullLinkName*, *DestFullLinkName*
- **Files:** *SourceDirectory*, *DestinationDirectory*
- **Links:** *TargetLink*, *NewLink*
- Boolean values (initialized to FALSE): *TargetExistsSameFile*, *ExactCaseMatch*, *MoveToNewDir*, *OverwriteSourceLink*, *RemoveTargetLink*, *FoundLink*, *MatchedShortName*
- Boolean values (initialized to TRUE): *ActivelyRemoveSourceLink*, *RemoveSourceLink*, *AddTargetLink*
- 32-bit unsigned integers: *FilterMatch*, *Action*

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **Open.GrantedAccess** does not contain DELETE, as defined in [MS-SMB2] section 2.2.13.1, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_ACCESS\_DENIED.
- The operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER under any of the following conditions:
  - If **InputBuffer.FileNameLength** is equal to zero.
  - If **InputBuffer.FileNameLength** is an odd number.
  - If **InputBuffer.FileNameLength** is greater than **InputBufferLength** minus the byte offset into the FILE\_RENAME\_INFORMATION **InputBuffer** of the **InputBuffer.FileName** field (that is, the total length of **InputBuffer** as given in **InputBufferLength** is insufficient to contain the fixed-size fields of **InputBuffer** plus the length of **InputBuffer.FileName**).
  - If this operation is from a remote client, and either **InputBuffer.RootDirectory** is nonzero or the first character of **InputBuffer.FileName** is '\\.
  - If **InputBuffer.RootDirectory** is nonzero and the first character of **InputBuffer.FileName** is '\\.
- If **InputBuffer.RootDirectory** is nonzero:
  - The object store MUST set *RootPathName* to the full pathname from **Open.File.Volume.RootDirectory** to the file represented by **InputBuffer.RootDirectory**, in an implementation-specific manner.
  - The object store MUST set *DestFullLinkName* to *RootPathName* + '\\' + **InputBuffer.FileName**.
- Else:
  - The object store MUST set *DestFullLinkName* to **InputBuffer.FileName**.
- EndIf
- Split *DestFullLinkName* into *PathName* and *NewLinkName* per section 2.1.5.1.
- If the first character of **InputBuffer.FileName** is '\\' or **InputBuffer.RootDirectory** is nonzero or this operation is from a remote client:
  - Open *DestinationDirectory* per section 2.1.5.1, setting the open file operation's parameters as follows:
    - **PathName** equal to *PathName*.

- **DesiredAccess** equal to FILE\_ADD\_FILE|SYNCHRONIZE, additionally specifying FILE\_ADD\_SUBDIRECTORY if **Open.File.FileType** is DirectoryFile.
- **ShareAccess** equal to FILE\_SHARE\_READ|FILE\_SHARE\_WRITE.
- **CreateOptions** equal to FILE\_OPEN\_FOR\_BACKUP\_INTENT.
- **CreateDisposition** equal to FILE\_OPEN.
- If open of *DestinationDirectory* fails:
  - The operation MUST fail with the error returned by the open of *DestinationDirectory*.
- Else if *DestinationDirectory.Volume* is not equal to **Open.File.Volume**:
  - The operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_NOT\_SAME\_DEVICE.
- EndIf
- Else
  - If **InputBuffer.FileName** contains the character '\', the object store MUST fail the operation with STATUS\_OBJECT\_NAME\_INVALID.
  - Set *DestinationDirectory* equal to **Open.Link.ParentFile**.
- EndIf
- If **Open.Stream.Oplock** is not empty, the object store MUST check for an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12, with input values as follows:
  - **Open** equal to this operation's **Open**.
  - **Oplock** equal to **Open.Stream.Oplock**.
  - **Operation** equal to "SET\_INFORMATION".
  - **OpParams** containing a member **FileInformationClass** containing FileRenameInformation.
- If the first character of **InputBuffer.FileName** is ':':
  - Perform a stream rename according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.14.11.1, setting the stream rename algorithm's parameters as follows:
    - Pass in the current **Open**.
    - **ReplaceIfExists** equal to **InputBuffer.ReplaceIfExists**.
    - **NewStreamName** equal to **InputBuffer.FileName**.
  - If the stream rename algorithm fails, the operation MUST fail with the same status code.
  - The operation returns STATUS\_SUCCESS at this point.
- EndIf
- If **Open.Link.IsDeleted** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_ACCESS\_DENIED.
- If **Open.File.FileType** is DirectoryFile, determine whether **Open.File** contains open files per section 2.1.4.2, with input values as follows:
  - **File** equal to **Open.File**.

- **Open** equal to this operation's **Open**.
- **Operation** equal to "SET\_INFORMATION".
- **OpParams** containing a member **FileInformationClass** containing FileRenameInformation.
- If **Open.File** contains open files per section 2.1.4.2, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_ACCESS\_DENIED.
- If **InputBuffer.FileName** is not valid as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.5, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_OBJECT\_NAME\_INVALID.
- If *DestinationDirectory* is the same as **Open.Link.ParentFile**:
  - If *NewLinkName* is a case-sensitive exact match with **Open.Link.Name**, the operation MUST return STATUS\_SUCCESS at this point.
- Else
  - Set *MoveToNewDir* to TRUE.
- EndIf
- If *NewLinkName* matches the **Name** or **ShortName** of any **Link** in *DestinationDirectory.DirectoryList* using case-sensitivity according to **Open.IsCaseInsensitive**:
  - Set *FoundLink* to TRUE.
  - Set *TargetLink* to the existing **Link** found in *DestinationDirectory.DirectoryList*. Because the name could have been found using a case-insensitive search (if **Open.IsCaseInsensitive** is TRUE), this preserves the case of the found name.
  - If *NewLinkName* matched *TargetLink.ShortName*, set *MatchedShortName* to TRUE.
  - Set *RemoveTargetLink* to TRUE.
  - If *TargetLink.File.FileId128* equals **Open.File.FileId128**, set *TargetExistsSameFile* to TRUE. This detects a rename to another existing link to the same file.
  - If (*TargetLink.Name* is a case-sensitive exact match with *NewLinkName*) or (*MatchedShortName* is TRUE and *TargetLink.ShortName* is a case-sensitive exact match with *NewLinkName*):
    - Set *ExactCaseMatch* to TRUE.
  - EndIf
  - If *TargetExistsSameFile* is TRUE:
    - If *MoveToNewDir* is FALSE:
      - If **Open.Link.ShortName** is not empty and *TargetLink.ShortName* is not empty (this is the case where both the source link and the (existing) requested target are part of the primary link to the same file; this case occurs, for example, in a rename that only changes the case of the name):
        - Set *ActivelyRemoveSourceLink* to FALSE.
        - Set *OverwriteSourceLink* to TRUE.

- If *ExactCaseMatch* is TRUE, set *RemoveSourceLink* to FALSE (because this algorithm earlier succeeded upon detecting an exact match between the name by which the file was opened and the new requested name, this case only occurs when the file was opened by one half of its primary link, and the requested rename target is the other half; for example, opening a file by its short name and renaming it to its long name).
- Else If (**Open.Link.Name** is a case-sensitive exact match with *TargetLink.Name*) or (*MatchedShortName* is TRUE and

**Open.Link.Name** is a case-sensitive exact match with *TargetLink.ShortName*) (this detects the case where the implementer is just changing the case of a single link; for example, given a file with links "primary", "link1", "link2", all in the same directory, the implementer is doing "ren link1 LINK1", and not "ren link1 link2"):

- Set *ActivelyRemoveSourceLink* to FALSE.
- Set *OverwriteSourceLink* to TRUE.
- EndIf
- EndIf
- If *ExactCaseMatch* is TRUE and (*OverwriteSourceLink* is FALSE or **Open.IsCaseInsensitive** is TRUE or **Open.Link.ShortName** is empty)
  - Set *RemoveTargetLink* and *AddTargetLink* to FALSE.
  - EndIf
- EndIf
- If *RemoveTargetLink* is TRUE:
  - If *TargetExistsSameFile* is FALSE and **InputBuffer.ReplaceIfExists** is FALSE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_OBJECT\_NAME\_COLLISION.
  - Set *PrevFullLinkName* to the full pathname from **Open.File.Volume.RootDirectory** to *TargetLink*.
  - If *TargetExistsSameFile* is FALSE:
    - The operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_ACCESS\_DENIED under any of the following conditions:
      - If *TargetLink.File.FileType* is DirectoryFile.
      - If *TargetLink.File.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_READONLY* is TRUE.
    - If *TargetLink.IsDeleted* is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_DELETE\_PENDING.
    - If the caller does not have DELETE access to *TargetLink.File*:
      - If the caller does not have FILE\_DELETE\_CHILD access to *DestinationDirectory*:

- The operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_ACCESS\_DENIED.
  - EndIf
- EndIf
- For each **Stream** on *TargetLink.File*:
  - If *TargetLink.File.OpenList* contains an **Open** with a **Stream** matching the current **Stream**, and that **Stream's Oplock** is not empty, the object store MUST check for an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12, with input values as follows:
    - **Open** equal to this operation's **Open**.
    - **Oplock** equal to the found **Stream's Oplock**.
    - **Operation** equal to SET\_INFORMATION.
    - **OpParams** containing a member **FileInformationClass** containing **FileEndOfFileInformation**.
  - If there was not an oplock to be broken and *TargetLink.File.OpenList* contains an **Open** with a **Stream** matching the current **Stream**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_ACCESS\_DENIED.
- EndFor
- If *TargetLink.File.LinkList* contains exactly one element:
  - The object store MUST delete *TargetLink.File* per section 2.1.5.4; if this fails, the operation MUST be failed with the same status.
- Else
  - The object store MUST delete *TargetLink* per section 2.1.5.4; if this fails, the operation MUST be failed with the same status.
  - The object store MUST post a USN change as per section 2.1.4.11 with **File** equal to **File**, **Reason** equal to (USN\_REASON\_HARD\_LINK\_CHANGE | USN\_REASON\_CLOSE), and **FileName** equal to *TargetLink.Name*.
- EndIf
- Else
  - The object store MUST post a USN change as per section 2.1.4.11 with **File** equal to **File**, **Reason** equal to USN\_REASON\_RENAME\_OLD\_NAME, and **FileName** equal to *TargetLink.Name*.
  - The object store MUST delete *TargetLink* per section 2.1.5.4; if this fails, the operation MUST be failed with the same status.
- EndIf
- EndIf
- EndIf
- The object store MUST post a USN change as per section 2.1.4.11 with **File** equal to **File**, **Reason** equal to USN\_REASON\_RENAME\_OLD\_NAME, and **FileName** equal to **Open.Link.Name**.

- If *RemoveSourceLink* is TRUE:
  - Set *SourceDirectory* to **Open.Link.ParentFile**.
  - If *ActivelyRemoveSourceLink* is TRUE:
    - Remove **Open.Link** from **Open.File.LinkList**.
    - Remove **Open.Link** from **Open.Link.ParentFile.DirectoryList**.
    - A new **TunnelCacheEntry** object *TunnelCacheEntry* MUST be constructed and added to the **Open.File.Volume.TunnelCacheList** as follows:
      - *TunnelCacheEntry.EntryTime* MUST be set to the current time.
      - *TunnelCacheEntry.ParentFile* MUST be set to **Open.Link.ParentFile**.
      - *TunnelCacheEntry.FileName* MUST be set to **Open.Link.Name**.
      - *TunnelCacheEntry.FileShortName* MUST be set to **Open.Link.ShortName**.
      - If **Open.FileName** matches **Open.Link.ShortName**, then *TunnelCacheEntry.KeyByShortName* MUST be set to TRUE, else *TunnelCacheEntry.KeyByShortName* MUST be set to FALSE.
      - *TunnelCacheEntry.FileCreationTime* MUST be set to **Open.File.CreationTime**.
      - *TunnelCacheEntry.ObjectIdInfo.ObjectId* MUST be set to **Open.File.ObjectId**.
      - *TunnelCacheEntry.ObjectIdInfo.BirthVolumeId* MUST be set to **Open.File.BirthVolumeId**.
      - *TunnelCacheEntry.ObjectIdInfo.BirthObjectId* MUST be set to **Open.File.BirthObjectId**.
      - *TunnelCacheEntry.ObjectIdInfo.DomainId* MUST be set to **Open.File.DomainId**.
  - EndIf
  - If **Open.File.FileType** is **DirectoryFile**, then **Open.File** MUST have every **TunnelCacheEntry** associated with it invalidated:
    - For every *ExistingTunnelCacheEntry* in **Open.File.Volume.TunnelCacheList**:
      - If *ExistingTunnelCacheEntry.ParentFile* matches **Open.File**, then *ExistingTunnelCacheEntry* MUST be removed from **Open.File.Volume.TunnelCacheList**.
    - EndFor
  - EndIf
  - Set *SourceFullLinkName* to **Open.FileName**.
- EndIf
- If *AddTargetLink* is TRUE:
  - The operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_ACCESS\_DENIED if either of the following conditions are true:

- **Open.File.FileType** is DirectoryFile and the caller does not have FILE\_ADD\_SUBDIRECTORY access on *DestinationDirectory*.
- **Open.File.FileType** is DataFile and the caller does not have FILE\_ADD\_FILE access on *DestinationDirectory*.
- The object store MUST create a new **Link** object *NewLink*, initialized as follows:
  - *NewLink.File* equal to **Open.File**.
  - *NewLink.ParentFile* equal to *DestinationDirectory*.
  - All other fields set to zero.
- If **Open.File.FileType** is DataFile and **Open.IsCaseInsensitive** is TRUE, and tunnel caching is implemented, the object store MUST search **Open.File.Volume.TunnelCacheList** for a *TunnelCacheEntry* where *TunnelCacheEntry.ParentFile* equals *DestinationDirectory* and either (*TunnelCacheEntry.KeyByShortName* is FALSE and *TunnelCacheEntry.FileName* matches *NewLinkName*) or (*TunnelCacheEntry.KeyByShortName* is TRUE and *TunnelCacheEntry.FileShortName* matches *NewLinkName*). If such an entry is found:
  - Set *NewLink.File.CreationTime* to *TunnelCacheEntry.FileCreationTime*.
  - Set *NewLink.File.PendingNotifications*. FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_CREATION to TRUE.
  - If *TunnelCacheEntry.ObjectIdInfo.ObjectId* is not empty:
    - If **Open.File.ObjectId** is not empty:
      - The object store MUST construct a FILE\_OBJECTID\_INFORMATION structure (as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.28.1) *ObjectIdInfo* as follows:
        - *ObjectIdInfo.FileReference* set to **Open.File.FileId64**.
        - *ObjectIdInfo.ObjectId* set to *TunnelCacheEntry.ObjectIdInfo.ObjectId*.
        - *ObjectIdInfo.BirthVolumeId* set to *TunnelCacheEntry.ObjectIdInfo.BirthVolumeId*.
        - *ObjectIdInfo.BirthObjectId* set to *TunnelCacheEntry.ObjectIdInfo.BirthObjectId*.
        - *ObjectIdInfo.DomainId* set to *TunnelCacheEntry.ObjectIdInfo.DomainId*.
      - Send directory change notification as per section 2.1.4.1, with **Volume** equal to **Open.File.Volume**, **Action** equal to FILE\_ACTION\_TUNNELLED\_ID\_COLLISION, **FilterMatch** equal to FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_FILE\_NAME, **FileName** equal to "\\\$Extend\ObjId", **NotifyData** equal to *ObjectIdInfo*, and **NotifyDataLength** equal to **sizeof(FILE\_OBJECTID\_INFORMATION)**.
    - Else if *TunnelCacheEntry.ObjectIdInfo.ObjectId* is not unique on **Open.File.Volume**:
      - The object store MUST construct a FILE\_OBJECTID\_INFORMATION structure (as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.28.1) *ObjectIdInfo* as follows:
        - *ObjectIdInfo.FileReference* set to **Open.File.FileId64**.
        - *ObjectIdInfo.ObjectId* set to *TunnelCacheEntry.ObjectIdInfo.ObjectId*.
        - *ObjectIdInfo.BirthVolumeId* set to *TunnelCacheEntry.ObjectIdInfo.BirthVolumeId*.

- *ObjectIdInfo*.**BirthObjectId** set to *TunnelCacheEntry*.**ObjectIdInfo**.**BirthObjectId**.
- *ObjectIdInfo*.**DomainId** set to *TunnelCacheEntry*.**ObjectIdInfo**.**DomainId**.
- Send directory change notification as per section 2.1.4.1, with **Volume** equal to **Open.File.Volume**, **Action** equal to FILE\_ACTION\_ID\_NOT\_TUNNELLED, **FilterMatch** equal to FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_FILE\_NAME, **FileName** equal to "\\$Extend\\$ObjId", **NotifyData** equal to *ObjectIdInfo*, and **NotifyDataLength** equal to **sizeof**(FILE\_OBJECTID\_INFORMATION).
- Else:
  - Set *NewLink*.**File.ObjectId** to *TunnelCacheEntry*.**ObjectIdInfo**.**ObjectId**.
  - Set *NewLink*.**File.BirthVolumeId** to *TunnelCacheEntry*.**ObjectIdInfo**.**BirthVolumeId**.
  - Set *NewLink*.**File.BirthObjectId** to *TunnelCacheEntry*.**ObjectIdInfo**.**BirthObjectId**.
  - Set *NewLink*.**File.DomainId** to *TunnelCacheEntry*.**ObjectIdInfo**.**DomainId**.
- EndIf
- EndIf
- Set *NewLink*.**Name** to *TunnelCacheEntry*.**FileName**.
- Set *NewLink*.**ShortName** to *TunnelCacheEntry*.**FileShortName** if that name is not already in use among all names and short names in *NewLink*.**ParentFile.DirectoryList**.
- Remove *TunnelCacheEntry* from *NewLink*.**File.Volume.TunnelCacheList**.
- Else:
  - Set *NewLink*.**Name** to *NewLinkName*.
- EndIf
- If **Open.Link.ShortName** is not empty and **Open.IsCaseInsensitive** is TRUE and *NewLink*.**ShortName** is empty, then if short names are enabled, the object store MUST create a short name as follows:
  - If *NewLink*.**Name** is 8.3-compliant as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.5.2.1:
    - Set *NewLink*.**ShortName** to *NewLink*.**Name**.
  - Else:
    - Generate a *NewLink*.**ShortName** that is 8.3-compliant as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.5.2.1. The string chosen is implementation-specific, but MUST be unique among all names and short names present in *DestinationDirectory*.**DirectoryList**.
- EndIf
- EndIf
- The object store MUST add *NewLink* to *DestinationDirectory*.**DirectoryList**.
- The object store MUST replace **Open.Link** with *NewLink*.



- If *MoveToNewDir* is TRUE:
  - *DestinationDirectory.LastModifiedTime* MUST be updated.
  - *DestinationDirectory.LastAccessedTime* MUST be updated.
  - *DestinationDirectory.LastChangeTime* MUST be updated.
- EndIf
- EndIf
- The object store MUST change the compname component (as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.1.5) of **Open.FileName** to *NewLinkName*.
- If *RemoveSourceLink* is TRUE:
  - *SourceDirectory.LastModifiedTime* MUST be updated.
  - *SourceDirectory.LastAccessedTime* MUST be updated.
  - *SourceDirectory.LastChangeTime* MUST be updated.
- EndIf
- The object store MUST update **Open.File.LastChangeTime**.<132>
- If **Open.File.FileType** is *DataFile*, the object store MUST set **Open.File.FileAttributes**.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_ARCHIVE.
- *FilterMatch* = 0
- If *RemoveTargetLink* is TRUE and *OverwriteSourceLink* is FALSE and *ExactCaseMatch* is FALSE:
  - If *TargetLink.File.FileType* is *DirectoryFile*
    - *FilterMatch* = FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_DIR\_NAME
  - Else
    - *FilterMatch* = FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_FILE\_NAME
  - EndIf
  - The object store MUST report a directory change notification per section 2.1.4.1 with **Volume** equal to **Open.File.Volume**, **Action** equal to FILE\_ACTION\_REMOVED, and **FileName** set to *PrevFullLinkName* with a **FilterMatch** of *FilterMatch*.
- EndIf
- If *RemoveSourceLink* is TRUE:
  - If **Open.File.FileType** is *DirectoryFile*
    - *FilterMatch* = FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_DIR\_NAME
  - Else
    - *FilterMatch* = FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_FILE\_NAME
  - EndIf

- If *MoveToNewDir* is TRUE or *AddTargetLink* is FALSE or *RemoveTargetLink* and *ExactCaseMatch* are TRUE: *Action* = FILE\_ACTION\_REMOVED
- Else
  - *Action* = FILE\_ACTION\_REMOVED\_OLD\_NAME
- EndIf
- The object store MUST report a directory change notification per section 2.1.4.1 with **Volume** equal to **Open.File.Volume**, **Action** equal to *Action*, and **FileName** set to *SourceFullLinkName* with a **FilterMatch** of *FilterMatch*.
- EndIf
- If *FoundLink* is FALSE or (*OverwriteSourceLink* is TRUE and *ExactCaseMatch* is FALSE) or (*RemoveTargetLink* is TRUE and *ExactCaseMatch* is FALSE):
  - If *MoveToNewDir* is TRUE, set *Action* to FILE\_ACTION\_ADDED; otherwise set *Action* to FILE\_ACTION\_RENAMED\_NEW\_NAME.
- Else If *RemoveTargetLink* is TRUE and *TargetExistsSameFile* is FALSE:
  - *FilterMatch* = FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_ATTRIBUTES | FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_SIZE | FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_LAST\_WRITE | FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_LAST\_ACCESS | FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_CREATION | FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_SECURITY | FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_EA
  - *Action* = FILE\_ACTION\_MODIFIED
- EndIf
- If *FilterMatch* != 0:
  - The object store MUST report a directory change notification per section 2.1.4.1 with **Volume** equal to **Open.File.Volume**, **Action** equal to *Action*, and **FileName** set to **Open.FileName** with a **FilterMatch** of *FilterMatch*.
- EndIf
- If *MoveToNewDir* is TRUE:
  - If the **Oplock** member of the **DirectoryStream** in *DestinationDirectory.StreamList* (hereinafter referred to as *DestinationParentOplock*) is not empty, the object store MUST check for an oplock break on the parent according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12, with input values as follows:
    - **Open** equal to this operation's **Open**
    - **Oplock** equal to *DestinationParentOplock*
    - **Operation** equal to "SET\_INFORMATION"
    - **OpParams** containing a member **FileInformationClass** containing **FileRenameInformation**
    - **Flags** equal to "PARENT\_OBJECT"
- EndIf
- If the **Oplock** member of the **DirectoryStream** in **Open.Link.ParentFile.StreamList** (hereinafter referred to as *SourceParentOplock*) is not empty, the object store MUST check for an

oplock break on the parent according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12, with input values as follows:

- **Open** equal to this operation's **Open**
  - **Oplock** equal to *SourceParentOplock*
  - **Operation** equal to "SET\_INFORMATION"
  - **OpParams** containing a member **FileInformationClass** containing **FileRenameInformation**
  - **Flags** equal to "PARENT\_OBJECT"
- The operation returns STATUS\_SUCCESS.

#### 2.1.5.14.11.1 Algorithm for Performing Stream Rename

The inputs for a stream rename are:

- **Open:** an **Open** for the stream being renamed.
- **ReplaceIfExists:** A Boolean value. If TRUE and the target stream exists and the operation is successful, the target stream MUST be replaced. If FALSE and the target stream exists, the operation MUST fail.
- **NewStreamName:** A Unicode string indicating the new name for the stream. This string MUST begin with the Unicode character ":".

The stream rename algorithm uses the following local variables:

- Unicode strings: *StreamName*, *StreamTypeName*
- **Streams:** *TargetStream*, *NewDefaultStream*

Pseudocode for the algorithm is as follows:

- Split **NewStreamName** into a stream name component *StreamName* and attribute type component *StreamTypeName*, using the character ":" as a delimiter.
- The operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER under any of the following conditions:
  - The last character of **NewStreamName** is ":".
  - The character ":" occurs more than three times in **NewStreamName**.
  - If *StreamName* contains any characters invalid for a streamname as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.5, or any wildcard characters as defined in section 2.1.4.3.
  - If *StreamTypeName* contains any characters invalid for a streamname as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.5, or any wildcard characters as defined in section 2.1.4.3.
  - Both *StreamName* and *StreamTypeName* are zero-length.
  - *StreamName* is more than 255 Unicode characters in length.
  - If *StreamName* is zero-length and **Open.File.FileType** is DirectoryFile, because a DirectoryFile cannot have an unnamed data stream.
- The operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_OBJECT\_TYPE\_MISMATCH if either of the following conditions are true:

- **Open.Stream.StreamType** is *DataStream* and *StreamTypeName* is not the Unicode string "\$DATA".
- **Open.Stream.StreamType** is *DirectoryStream* and *StreamTypeName* is not the Unicode string "\$INDEX\_ALLOCATION".
- If **Open.Stream.StreamType** is *DirectoryStream*, the operation MUST be failed with *STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER*.
- If *StreamName* is a case-insensitive match with **Open.Stream.Name**, the operation MUST return *STATUS\_SUCCESS* at this point.
- If the length of *StreamName* is not 0, the object store MUST search **Open.File.StreamList** for a **Stream** with **Stream.Name** matching *StreamName*, ignoring case, setting *TargetStream* to the result.
- If *TargetStream* is found:
  - If **ReplaceIfExists** is FALSE, the operation MUST be failed with *STATUS\_OBJECT\_NAME\_COLLISION*.
  - If *TargetStream.File.OpenList* contains any Opens to *TargetStream*, the operation MUST be failed with *STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER*.
  - If *TargetStream.Size* is not 0, the operation MUST be failed with *STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER*.
  - If *TargetStream.AllocationSize* is not 0, the object store SHOULD release any associated allocation and MUST set *TargetStream.AllocationSize* to 0.
- Else // *TargetStream* is not found:
  - The object store MUST build a new **Stream** object *TargetStream* with all fields initially set to zero.
  - Set *TargetStream.File* to **Open.File**.
  - Add *TargetStream* to **Open.File.StreamList**.
- EndIf
- Set *TargetStream.Name* to *StreamName*.
- Set *TargetStream.Size* to **Open.Stream.Size**.
- If **Open.Stream.IsSparse** is TRUE, set *TargetStream.IsSparse* to TRUE.
- Move **Open.Stream.ExtentList** to *TargetStream*.
- Set *TargetStream.AllocationSize* to **Open.Stream.AllocationSize**.
- If **Open.Stream.Name** is empty, the object store MUST create a new default unnamed stream for the file as follows:
  - The object store MUST build a new **Stream** object *NewDefaultStream* with all fields initially set to zero.
  - Set *NewDefaultStream.File* to **Open.File**.
  - Add *NewDefaultStream* to **Open.File.StreamList**.
- EndIf

- Remove **Open.Stream** from **Open.File.StreamList**.
- Set **Open.Stream** to *TargetStream*.
- The object store MUST post a USN change as per section 2.1.4.11 with **File** equal to **Open.File**, **Reason** equal to USN\_REASON\_STREAM\_CHANGE, and **FileName** equal to **Open.Link.Name**.
- The object store MUST note that the file has been modified as per section 2.1.4.17 with **Open** equal to **Open**.
- Return STATUS\_SUCCESS.

#### 2.1.5.14.12 FileSfioReserveInformation

This operation is not supported and MUST be failed with STATUS\_NOT\_SUPPORTED.

#### 2.1.5.14.13 FileShortNameInformation

**InputBuffer** is of type FILE\_NAME\_INFORMATION, as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.37.<133>

Pseudocode for the algorithm is as follows:

- If **Open.File.Volume.IsReadOnly** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_MEDIA\_WRITE\_PROTECTED.
- The operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER under any of the following conditions:
  - If **InputBuffer.FileName** starts with '\'.
  - If **Open.File** is equal to **Open.File.Volume.RootDirectory**.
  - If **Open.Stream.StreamType** is DataStream and **Open.Stream.Name** is not empty.
  - If **InputBuffer.FileName** is not a valid 8.3 name as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.1.5.2.1.
  - If **Open.IsCaseInsensitive** is FALSE.
- The operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_ACCESS\_DENIED under any of the following conditions:
  - If **Open.GrantedAccess** contains neither FILE\_WRITE\_DATA nor FILE\_WRITE\_ATTRIBUTES as defined in [MS-SMB2] section 2.2.13.1.
  - If **Open.Link.IsDeleted** is TRUE.
  - If **Open.Mode.FILE\_DELETE\_ON\_CLOSE** is TRUE.
- If **Open.HasRestoreAccess** is FALSE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_PRIVILEGE\_NOT\_HELD.
- If **Open.File.Volume.GenerateShortNames** is FALSE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_SHORT\_NAMES\_NOT\_ENABLED\_ON\_VOLUME.
- If **Open.File.FileType** is DirectoryFile, determine whether **Open.File** contains open files as per section 2.1.4.2, with input values as follows:
  - **File** equal to **Open.File**.
  - **Open** equal to this operation's **Open**.

- **Operation** equal to "SET\_INFORMATION".
- **OpParams** containing a member **FileInformationClass** containing **FileShortNameInformation**.
- If **Open.File** contains open files as per section 2.1.4.2, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_ACCESS\_DENIED.
- If **Open.File.FileType** is DirectoryFile:
  - *FilterMatch* = FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_DIR\_NAME
- Else
  - *FilterMatch* = FILE\_NOTIFY\_CHANGE\_FILE\_NAME
- EndIf
- If **InputBuffer.FileName** is empty:
  - If **Open.Link.ShortName** is not empty:
    - *OldShortName* = **Open.Link.ShortName**.
    - Set **Open.Link.ShortName** to empty.
    - Send directory change notification as per section 2.1.4.1, with **Volume** equal to **Open.File.Volume**, **Action** equal to FILE\_ACTION\_REMOVED, and **FileName** set to *OldShortName* with a **FilterMatch** of *FilterMatch*.
  - EndIf
  - Return STATUS\_SUCCESS.
- EndIf
- If **InputBuffer.FileName** equals **Open.Link.ShortName**, return STATUS\_SUCCESS.
- For each *Link* in **Open.File.LinkList**:
  - If *Link* is not equal to **Open.Link** and *Link.ShortName* is not empty, the operation MUST fail with STATUS\_OBJECT\_NAME\_COLLISION.
- EndFor
- For each *Link* in **Open.Link.ParentFile.DirectoryList**:
  - If *Link* is not equal to **Open.Link** and **InputBuffer.FileName** matches *Link.Name* or *Link.ShortName*, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_OBJECT\_NAME\_COLLISION.
- EndFor
- If **Open.Link.ShortName** is not empty:
  - Send directory change notification as per section 2.1.4.1, with **Volume** equal to **Open.File.Volume**, **Action** equal to FILE\_ACTION\_RENAMED\_OLD\_NAME, and **FileName** set to **Open.Link.ShortName** with a **FilterMatch** of *FilterMatch*.
- EndIf

- If the **Oplock** member of the **DirectoryStream** in **Open.Link.ParentFile.StreamList** (hereinafter referred to as *ParentOplock*) is not empty, the object store MUST check for an oplock break on the parent according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12, with input values as follows:
  - **Open** equal to this operation's **Open**
  - **Oplock** equal to *ParentOplock*
  - **Operation** equal to "SET\_INFORMATION"
  - **OpParams** containing a member **FileInformationClass** containing **FileShortNameInformation**
  - **Flags** equal to "PARENT\_OBJECT"
- Send directory change notification as per section 2.1.4.1, with **Volume** equal to **Open.File.Volume**, **Action** equal to FILE\_ACTION\_RENAMED\_NEW\_NAME, and **FileName** set to **InputBuffer.FileName** with a **FilterMatch** of *FilterMatch*.
- Set **Open.Link.ShortName** to **InputBuffer.FileName**.
- The object store MUST update **Open.Link.ParentFile.LastModifiedTime**, **Open.Link.ParentFile.LastAccessedTime**, and **Open.Link.ParentFile.LastChangeTime** to the current time.
- If **Open.UserSetChangeTime** is FALSE, the object store MUST update **Open.File.LastChangeTime** to the current time.
- If **Open.File.FileType** is DataFile, the object store MUST set **Open.File.FileAttributes**.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_ARCHIVE.
- Return STATUS\_SUCCESS.

#### 2.1.5.14.14 FileValidDataLengthInformation

**InputBuffer** is of type FILE\_VALID\_DATA\_LENGTH\_INFORMATION as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.41.<134>

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **Open.File.Volume.IsReadOnly** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_MEDIA\_WRITE\_PROTECTED.
- If **Open.HasManageVolumeAccess** is FALSE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_PRIVILEGE\_NOT\_HELD.
- The operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER under any of the following conditions:
  - If **Open.Stream.ValidDataLength** is greater than **InputBuffer.ValidDataLength**.
  - If **Open.Stream.IsCompressed** is TRUE.
  - If **Open.Stream.IsSparse** is TRUE.
  - If **Open.File.FileType** is DirectoryFile.
- If **Open.Stream.Oplock** is not empty, the object store MUST check for an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12, with input values as follows:
  - **Open** equal to this operation's **Open**.

- **Oplock** equal to **Open.Stream.Oplock**.
- **Operation** equal to "SET\_INFORMATION".
- **OpParams** containing a member **FileInformationClass** containing **FileValidDataLengthInformation**.
- **Open.Stream.ValidDataLength** MUST be set to **InputBuffer.ValidDataLength**.
- Return STATUS\_SUCCESS.

### 2.1.5.15 Server Requests Setting of File System Information

The server provides:

- **Open:** The **Open** on which volume information is being applied.
- **FsInformationClass:** The type of information being applied, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.5.
- **InputBuffer:** A buffer that contains the volume information to be applied to the object.
- **InputBufferSize:** The size of the buffer provided.

The object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code indicating the result of the operation.

#### 2.1.5.15.1 FileFsVolumeInformation

This operation is not supported and MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_INFO\_CLASS.

#### 2.1.5.15.2 FileFsLabelInformation

This operation is not supported and MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_INFO\_CLASS.

#### 2.1.5.15.3 FileFsSizeInformation

This operation is not supported and MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_INFO\_CLASS.

#### 2.1.5.15.4 FileFsDeviceInformation

This operation is not supported and MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_INFO\_CLASS.

#### 2.1.5.15.5 FileFsAttributeInformation

This operation is not supported and MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_INFO\_CLASS.

#### 2.1.5.15.6 FileFsControlInformation

**InputBuffer** is of type FILE\_FS\_CONTROL\_INFORMATION, as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.5.2.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **InputBufferSize** is smaller than **BlockAlign(sizeof(FILE\_FS\_CONTROL\_INFORMATION), 8)** the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_INFO\_CLASS.
- Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.<135>



- If **Open.File.Volume.IsQuotasSupported** is FALSE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_VOLUME\_NOT\_UPGRADED.
- **Open.File.Volume** MUST be updated as follows:
  - **Open.File.Volume.DefaultQuotaThreshold** set to **InputBuffer.DefaultQuotaThreshold**.
  - **Open.File.Volume.DefaultQuotaLimit** set to **InputBuffer.DefaultQuotaLimit**.
  - **Open.File.Volume.VolumeQuotaState** set to **InputBuffer.FileSystemControlFlags**. The FILE\_VC\_QUOTAS\_INCOMPLETE and FILE\_VC\_QUOTAS\_REBUILDING flags as well as any undefined flags are cleared from **InputBuffer.FileSystemControlFlags** before being saved.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

#### 2.1.5.15.7 FileFsFullSizeInformation

This operation is not supported and MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_INFO\_CLASS.

#### 2.1.5.15.8 FileFsObjectIdInformation

**InputBuffer** is a FILE\_FS\_OBJECTID\_INFORMATION structure, as described in [MS-FSCC] section 2.5.6.<136>

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **InputBufferSize** is less than **sizeof(FILE\_FS\_OBJECTID\_INFORMATION)**, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_INFO\_CLASS.
- Support for ObjectIDs is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.<137>
- If **Open.File.Volume.IsObjectIDsSupported** is FALSE, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_VOLUME\_NOT\_UPGRADED.
- **Open.File.Volume** MUST be updated as follows:
  - **Open.File.Volume.VolumeId** set to **InputBuffer.ObjectId**.
  - **Open.File.Volume.ExtendedInfo** set to **InputBuffer.ExtendedInfo**.
- Upon successful completion of the operation, the object store MUST return:
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

#### 2.1.5.15.9 FileFsDriverPathInformation

This operation is not supported and MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_INFO\_CLASS.

#### 2.1.5.15.10 FileFsSectorSizeInformation

This operation is not supported and MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_INFO\_CLASS.

#### 2.1.5.16 Server Requests Setting of Security Information

If the object store does not implement security, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_REQUEST.

The server provides:

- **Open** - The **Open** on which security information is being applied.
- **SecurityInformation** - A SECURITY\_INFORMATION data type as defined in [MS-DTYP] section 2.4.7.
- **InputBuffer** - A buffer that contains the security descriptor to be applied to the object. The security descriptor is a SECURITY\_DESCRIPTOR structure in self-relative format, as described in [MS-DTYP] section 2.4.6.
- **InputBufferSize** - The size of the buffer provided.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status** - An NTSTATUS code indicating the result of the operation.

This routine uses the following local variables:

- Boolean values (initialized to FALSE): *DisableOwnerAces*, *ServerObject*, *DaclUntrusted*

The operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_ACCESS\_DENIED under any of the following conditions:

- **SecurityInformation** contains any of OWNER\_SECURITY\_INFORMATION, GROUP\_SECURITY\_INFORMATION, or LABEL\_SECURITY\_INFORMATION, and **Open.GrantedAccess** does not contain WRITE\_OWNER.
- **SecurityInformation** contains DACL\_SECURITY\_INFORMATION and **Open.GrantedAccess** does not contain WRITE\_DAC.
- **SecurityInformation** contains SACL\_SECURITY\_INFORMATION and **Open.GrantedAccess** does not contain ACCESS\_SYSTEM\_SECURITY.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **Open.Stream.StreamType** is DataStream and **Open.Stream.Name** is not zero-length, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER; security information can be set on a file or directory handle, not on a stream handle.
- The object store MUST post a USN change as per section 2.1.4.11 with **File** equal to **File**, **Reason** equal to USN\_REASON\_SECURITY\_CHANGE, and **FileName** equal to **Open.Link.Name**.
- If the Server Security (SS) bit is set in **InputBuffer.Control**, set *ServerObject* to TRUE, otherwise set it to FALSE.
- If the DACL Trusted (DT) bit is set in **InputBuffer.Control**, set *DaclUntrusted* to FALSE, otherwise set it to TRUE.
- If **SecurityInformation** contains OWNER\_SECURITY\_INFORMATION:
  - If **SecurityInformation** contains DACL\_SECURITY\_INFORMATION, set *DisableOwnerAces* to FALSE, otherwise set it to TRUE.
  - If **InputBuffer.OwnerSid** is not present, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_OWNER.
  - If **InputBuffer.OwnerSid** is not a valid owner SID for a file in the object store, as determined in an implementation-specific manner, the object store MUST return STATUS\_INVALID\_OWNER.
- Else

- If **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor.Owner** is NULL, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_OWNER.
- EndIf
- The object store MUST set **Open.File.SecurityDescriptor** to **InputBuffer**.
- If **Open.File.FileType** is not DirectoryFile:
  - The object store MUST set **Open.File.FileAttributes.FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_ARCHIVE**.
  - The object store MUST update **Open.File.LastChangeTime.<138>**
- EndIf
- The operation returns STATUS\_SUCCESS.

### 2.1.5.17 Server Requests an Oplock

The server provides:

- **Open** - The **Open** on which the oplock is being requested.
- **Type** - The type of oplock being requested. Valid values are as follows:
  - LEVEL\_TWO (Corresponds to SMB2\_OPLOCK\_LEVEL\_II as described in [MS-SMB2] section 2.2.13.)
  - LEVEL\_ONE (Corresponds to SMB2\_OPLOCK\_LEVEL\_EXCLUSIVE as described in [MS-SMB2] section 2.2.13.)
  - LEVEL\_BATCH (Corresponds to SMB2\_OPLOCK\_LEVEL\_BATCH as described in [MS-SMB2] section 2.2.13.)
  - LEVEL\_GRANULAR (Corresponds to SMB2\_OPLOCK\_LEVEL\_LEASE as described in [MS-SMB2] section 2.2.13.) If this oplock type is specified, the server MUST additionally provide the **RequestedOplockLevel** parameter.
- **RequestedOplockLevel** - A combination of zero or more of the following flags, which are only given for LEVEL\_GRANULAR **Type** Oplocks:
  - READ\_CACHING
  - HANDLE\_CACHING
  - WRITE\_CACHING

Following is a list of legal nonzero combinations of **RequestedOplockLevel**:

- READ\_CACHING
- READ\_CACHING | WRITE\_CACHING
- READ\_CACHING | HANDLE\_CACHING
- READ\_CACHING | WRITE\_CACHING | HANDLE\_CACHING

Notes for the operation follow:

- If the oplock is not granted, the request completes at this point.

- If the oplock is granted, the request does not complete until the oplock is broken; the operation waits for this to happen. Processing of an oplock break is described in section 2.1.5.17.3. Whether the oplock is granted or not, the object store MUST return:
  - **Status** - An NTSTATUS code indicating the result of the operation.
- If the oplock is granted, then when the oplock breaks and the request finally completes, the object store MUST additionally return:
  - **NewOplockLevel:** The type of oplock the requested oplock has been broken to. Valid values are as follows:
    - LEVEL\_NONE (that is, no oplock)
    - LEVEL\_TWO
    - A combination of one or more of the following flags:
      - READ\_CACHING
      - HANDLE\_CACHING
      - WRITE\_CACHING
  - **AcknowledgeRequired:** A Boolean value; TRUE if the server MUST acknowledge the oplock break, FALSE if not, as specified in section 2.1.5.17.2.

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **Open.Stream.StreamType** is DirectoryStream:
  - The operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER under either of the following conditions:
    - **Type** is not LEVEL\_GRANULAR.
    - **Type** is LEVEL\_GRANULAR but **RequestedOplockLevel** is neither READ\_CACHING nor (READ\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING).
- If **Type** is LEVEL\_ONE or LEVEL\_BATCH:
  - The operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_OPLOCK\_NOT\_GRANTED under either of the following conditions:
    - **Open.File.OpenList** contains more than one Open whose **Stream** is the same as **Open.Stream**.
    - **Open.Mode** contains either FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_ALERT or FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_NONALERT.
  - Request an exclusive oplock according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.1, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
    - Pass in the current **Open**.
    - **RequestedOplock** equal to **Type**.
  - The operation MUST at this point return any status code returned by the exclusive oplock request algorithm.
- Else If **Type** is LEVEL\_TWO:

- The operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_OPLOCK\_NOT\_GRANTED under either of the following conditions:
  - **Open.Stream.ByteRangeLockList** is not empty.
  - **Open.Mode** contains either FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_ALERT or FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_NONALERT.
- Request a shared oplock according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.2, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
  - Pass in the current **Open**.
  - **RequestedOplock** equal to **Type**.
  - **GrantingInAck** equal to FALSE.
- The operation MUST at this point return any status code returned by the shared oplock request algorithm.
- Else If **Type** is LEVEL\_GRANULAR:
  - If **RequestedOplockLevel** is READ\_CACHING or (READ\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING):
    - The operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_OPLOCK\_NOT\_GRANTED under either of the following conditions:
      - **Open.Stream.ByteRangeLockList** is not empty.
      - **Open.Mode** contains either FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_ALERT or FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_NONALERT.
    - Request a shared oplock according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.2, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
      - Pass in the current **Open**.
      - **RequestedOplock** equal to **RequestedOplockLevel**.
      - **GrantingInAck** equal to FALSE.
    - The operation MUST at this point return any status code returned by the shared oplock request algorithm.
  - Else If **RequestedOplockLevel** is (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING) or (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING):
    - If **Open.Mode** contains either FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_ALERT or FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_NONALERT, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_OPLOCK\_NOT\_GRANTED.
    - Request an exclusive oplock according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.1, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
      - Pass in the current **Open**.
      - **RequestedOplock** equal to **RequestedOplockLevel**.
    - The operation MUST at this point return any status code returned by the exclusive oplock request algorithm.
  - Else if **RequestedOplockLevel** is 0 (that is, no flags):

- The operation MUST return STATUS\_SUCCESS at this point.
- Else
  - The operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- EndIf
- EndIf

### 2.1.5.17.1 Algorithm to Request an Exclusive Oplock

The inputs for requesting an exclusive oplock are:

- **Open:** The **Open** on which the oplock is being requested.
- **RequestedOplock:** The oplock type being requested.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.
- **NewOplockLevel:** The type of oplock that the requested oplock has been broken to. If a failure status is returned in **Status**, the value of this field is undefined. Valid values are as follows:
  - LEVEL\_NONE (that is, no oplock)
  - LEVEL\_TWO
  - A combination of one or more of the following flags:
    - READ\_CACHING
    - HANDLE\_CACHING
    - WRITE\_CACHING
- **AcknowledgeRequired:** A Boolean value: TRUE if the server MUST acknowledge the oplock break; FALSE if not, as specified in section 2.1.5.18. If a failure status is returned in **Status**, the value of this field is undefined.

The exclusive oplock request algorithm uses the following local variables:

- Boolean value (initialized to FALSE): *GrantExclusiveOplock*

Pseudocode for the algorithm is as follows:

- If **Open.Stream.Oplock** is empty:
  - Build a new **Oplock** object with fields initialized as follows:
    - **Oplock.State** set to NO\_OPLOCK.
    - All other fields set to 0/empty.
  - Store the new **Oplock** object in **Open.Stream.Oplock**.
- EndIf
- If **Open.Stream.Oplock.State** contains LEVEL\_TWO\_OPLOCK or NO\_OPLOCK:

- If **Open.Stream.Oplock.State** contains LEVEL\_TWO\_OPLOCK and **RequestedOplock** contains one or more of READ\_CACHING, HANDLE\_CACHING, or WRITE\_CACHING, the operation MUST be failed with **Status** set to STATUS\_OPLOCK\_NOT\_GRANTED.
- If **Open.Stream.Oplock.State** is equal to LEVEL\_TWO\_OPLOCK:
  - Remove the first **Open ThisOpen** from **Open.Stream.Oplock.IIOplocks** (there is supposed to be exactly one present), and notify the server of an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.3, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
    - **BreakingOplockOpen** equal to *ThisOpen*.
    - **NewOplockLevel** equal to LEVEL\_NONE.
    - **AcknowledgeRequired** equal to FALSE.
    - **OplockCompletionStatus** equal to STATUS\_SUCCESS.
  - (The operation does not end at this point; this call to 2.1.5.17.3 completes some earlier call to 2.1.5.17.2.)
- EndIf
- EndIf
- If **Open.File.OpenList** contains more than one Open whose **Stream** is the same as **Open.Stream**, and NO\_OPLOCK is present in **Open.Stream.Oplock.State**, the operation MUST be failed with **Status** set to STATUS\_OPLOCK\_NOT\_GRANTED.
- If **Open.Stream.IsDeleted** is TRUE and **RequestedOplock** contains HANDLE\_CACHING, the operation MUST be failed with **Status** set to STATUS\_OPLOCK\_NOT\_GRANTED.
- Set *GrantExclusiveOplock* to TRUE.
- Else If (**Open.Stream.Oplock.State** contains one or more of READ\_CACHING, WRITE\_CACHING, or HANDLE\_CACHING) and
  - (**Open.Stream.Oplock.State** contains none of BREAK\_TO\_TWO, BREAK\_TO\_NONE, BREAK\_TO\_TWO\_TO\_NONE, BREAK\_TO\_READ\_CACHING, BREAK\_TO\_WRITE\_CACHING, BREAK\_TO\_HANDLE\_CACHING, or BREAK\_TO\_NO\_CACHING) and (**Open.Stream.Oplock.RHBreakQueue** is empty):
    - // This is a granular oplock and it is not breaking.
    - If **RequestedOplock** contains none of READ\_CACHING, WRITE\_CACHING, or HANDLE\_CACHING, the operation MUST be failed with **Status** set to STATUS\_OPLOCK\_NOT\_GRANTED.
    - If **Open.Stream.IsDeleted** is TRUE and **RequestedOplock** contains HANDLE\_CACHING, the operation MUST be failed with **Status** set to STATUS\_OPLOCK\_NOT\_GRANTED.
- Switch (**Open.Stream.Oplock.State**):
  - Case READ\_CACHING:
    - If **RequestedOplock** is neither (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING) nor (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING), the operation MUST be failed with **Status** set to STATUS\_OPLOCK\_NOT\_GRANTED.
    - For each **Open ThisOpen** in **Open.Stream.Oplock.ROplocks**:

- If *ThisOpen.TargetOplockKey* != **Open.TargetOplockKey**, the operation MUST be failed with **Status** set to STATUS\_OPLOCK\_NOT\_GRANTED.
- EndFor
- For each **Open ThisOpen** in **Open.Stream.Oplock.ROplocks**:
  - Remove *ThisOpen* from **Open.Stream.Oplock.ROplocks**.
  - Notify the server of an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.3, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
    - **BreakingOplockOpen** equal to *ThisOpen*.
    - **NewOplockLevel** equal to **RequestedOplock**.
    - **AcknowledgeRequired** equal to FALSE.
    - **OplockCompletionStatus** equal to STATUS\_OPLOCK\_SWITCHED\_TO\_NEW\_HANDLE.
  - (The operation does not end at this point; this call to 2.1.5.17.3 completes some earlier call to 2.1.5.17.2.)
- EndFor
- Set *GrantExclusiveOplock* to TRUE.
- EndCase
- Case (READ\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING):
  - If **RequestedOplock** is not (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING) or **Open.Stream.Oplock.RHBreakQueue** is not empty, the operation MUST be failed with **Status** set to STATUS\_OPLOCK\_NOT\_GRANTED.
  - For each **Open ThisOpen** in **Open.Stream.Oplock.RHOpllocks**:
    - If *ThisOpen.TargetOplockKey* != **Open.TargetOplockKey**, the operation MUST be failed with **Status** set to STATUS\_OPLOCK\_NOT\_GRANTED.
  - EndFor
  - For each **Open ThisOpen** in **Open.Stream.Oplock.RHOpllocks**:
    - Remove *ThisOpen* from **Open.Stream.Oplock.RHOpllocks**.
    - Notify the server of an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.3, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
      - **BreakingOplockOpen** equal to *ThisOpen*.
      - **NewOplockLevel** equal to **RequestedOplock**.
      - **AcknowledgeRequired** equal to FALSE.
      - **OplockCompletionStatus** equal to STATUS\_OPLOCK\_SWITCHED\_TO\_NEW\_HANDLE.
    - (The operation does not end at this point; this call to 2.1.5.17.3 completes some earlier call to 2.1.5.17.2.)



- EndFor
- Set *GrantExclusiveOplock* to TRUE.
- EndCase
- Case (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING|EXCLUSIVE):
  - If **RequestedOplock** is not (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING), the operation MUST be failed with **Status** set to STATUS\_OPLOCK\_NOT\_GRANTED.
  - // Deliberate FALL-THROUGH to next Case statement.
  - Case (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING|EXCLUSIVE):
    - If **RequestedOplock** is neither (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING) nor (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING), the operation MUST be failed with **Status** set to STATUS\_OPLOCK\_NOT\_GRANTED.
    - If **Open.TargetOplockKey** != **Open.Stream.Oplock.ExclusiveOpen.TargetOplockKey**, the operation MUST be failed with **Status** set to STATUS\_OPLOCK\_NOT\_GRANTED.
    - Notify the server of an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.3, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
      - **BreakingOplockOpen** equal to **Open.Stream.Oplock.ExclusiveOpen**.
      - **NewOplockLevel** equal to **RequestedOplock**.
      - **AcknowledgeRequired** equal to FALSE.
      - **OplockCompletionStatus** equal to STATUS\_OPLOCK\_SWITCHED\_TO\_NEW\_HANDLE.
    - (The operation does not end at this point; this call to 2.1.5.17.3 completes some earlier call to 2.1.5.17.1.)
    - Set **Open.Stream.Oplock.ExclusiveOpen** to NULL.
    - Set *GrantExclusiveOplock* to TRUE.
  - EndCase
  - DefaultCase:
    - The operation MUST be failed with **Status** set to STATUS\_OPLOCK\_NOT\_GRANTED.
- EndSwitch
- Else
  - The operation MUST be failed with **Status** set to STATUS\_OPLOCK\_NOT\_GRANTED.
- EndIf
- If *GrantExclusiveOplock* is TRUE:
  - Set **Open.Stream.Oplock.ExclusiveOpen** equal to **Open**.
  - Set **Open.Stream.Oplock.State** equal to (**RequestedOplock**|EXCLUSIVE).

- This operation MUST be made cancelable by inserting it into **CancelableOperations.CancelableOperationList**.
- This operation waits until the oplock is broken or canceled, as specified in section 2.1.5.17.3. When the operation specified in section 2.1.5.17.3 is called, its following input parameters are transferred to this routine and then returned by it:
  - **Status** is set to **OplockCompletionStatus** from the operation specified in section 2.1.5.17.3.
  - **NewOplockLevel** is set to **NewOplockLevel** from the operation specified in section 2.1.5.17.3.
  - **AcknowledgeRequired** is set to **AcknowledgeRequired** from the operation specified in section 2.1.5.17.3.
- EndIf

### 2.1.5.17.2 Algorithm to Request a Shared Oplock

The inputs for requesting a shared oplock are:

- **Open:** The **Open** on which the oplock is being requested.
- **RequestedOplock:** The oplock type being requested.
- **GrantingInAck:** A Boolean value, TRUE if this oplock is being requested as part of an oplock break acknowledgement, FALSE if not.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.
- **NewOplockLevel:** The type of oplock that the requested oplock has been broken to. If a failure status is returned in **Status**, the value of this field is undefined. Valid values are as follows:
  - LEVEL\_NONE (that is, no oplock)
  - LEVEL\_TWO
  - A combination of one or more of the following flags:
    - READ\_CACHING
    - HANDLE\_CACHING
    - WRITE\_CACHING
- **AcknowledgeRequired:** A Boolean value: TRUE if the server MUST acknowledge the oplock break; FALSE if not, as specified in section 2.1.5.18. If a failure status is returned in **Status**, the value of this field is undefined.

The shared oplock request algorithm uses the following local variables:

- Boolean value (initialized to FALSE): *OplockGranted*

Pseudocode for the algorithm is as follows:

- If **Open.Stream.Oplock** is empty:
  - Build a new **Oplock** object with fields initialized as follows:

- **Oplock.State** set to NO\_OPLOCK.
- All other fields set to 0/empty.
- Store the new **Oplock** object in **Open.Stream.Oplock**.
- EndIf
- If (**GrantingInAck** is FALSE) and
  - (**Open.Stream.Oplock.State** contains one or more of BREAK\_TO\_TWO, BREAK\_TO\_NONE, BREAK\_TO\_TWO\_TO\_NONE, BREAK\_TO\_READ\_CACHING, BREAK\_TO\_WRITE\_CACHING, BREAK\_TO\_HANDLE\_CACHING, BREAK\_TO\_NO\_CACHING, or EXCLUSIVE), then:
    - The operation MUST be failed with **Status** set to STATUS\_OPLOCK\_NOT\_GRANTED.
- EndIf
- Switch (**RequestedOplock**):
  - Case LEVEL\_TWO:
    - The operation MUST be failed with **Status** set to STATUS\_OPLOCK\_NOT\_GRANTED if **Open.Stream.Oplock.State** is anything other than the following:
      - NO\_OPLOCK
      - LEVEL\_TWO\_OPLOCK
      - READ\_CACHING
      - (LEVEL\_TWO\_OPLOCK|READ\_CACHING)
  - // Deliberate FALL-THROUGH to next Case statement.
  - Case READ\_CACHING:
    - The operation MUST be failed with **Status** set to STATUS\_OPLOCK\_NOT\_GRANTED if **GrantingInAck** is FALSE and **Open.Stream.Oplock.State** is anything other than the following:
      - NO\_OPLOCK
      - LEVEL\_TWO\_OPLOCK
      - READ\_CACHING
      - (LEVEL\_TWO\_OPLOCK|READ\_CACHING)
      - (READ\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING)
      - (READ\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING|MIXED\_R\_AND\_RH)
      - (READ\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING|BREAK\_TO\_READ\_CACHING)
      - (READ\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING|BREAK\_TO\_NO\_CACHING)
    - If **GrantingInAck** is FALSE:
      - If there is an **Open** on **Open.Stream.Oplock.RHOplocks** whose **TargetOplockKey** is equal to **Open.TargetOplockKey**, the operation MUST be failed with **Status** set to STATUS\_OPLOCK\_NOT\_GRANTED.

- If there is an **Open** on **Open.Stream.Oplock.RHBreakQueue** whose **TargetOplockKey** is equal to **Open.TargetOplockKey**, the operation MUST be failed with **Status** set to STATUS\_OPLOCK\_NOT\_GRANTED.
- If there is an **Open** *ThisOpen* on **Open.Stream.Oplock.ROplocks** whose **TargetOplockKey** is equal to **Open.TargetOplockKey** (there is supposed to be at most one present):
  - Remove *ThisOpen* from **Open.Stream.Oplock.ROplocks**.
  - Notify the server of an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.3, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
    - **BreakingOplockOpen** equal to *ThisOpen*.
    - **NewOplockLevel** equal to READ\_CACHING.
    - **AcknowledgeRequired** equal to FALSE.
    - **OplockCompletionStatus** equal to STATUS\_OPLOCK\_SWITCHED\_TO\_NEW\_HANDLE.
  - (The operation does not end at this point; this call to 2.1.5.17.3 completes some earlier call to 2.1.5.17.2.)
- EndIf
- EndIf
- If **RequestedOplock** equals LEVEL\_TWO:
  - Add **Open** to **Open.Stream.Oplock.IIOplocks**.
- Else // **RequestedOplock** equals READ\_CACHING:
  - Add **Open** to **Open.Stream.Oplock.ROplocks**.
- EndIf
- Recompute **Open.Stream.Oplock.State** according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.13, passing **Open.Stream.Oplock** as the **ThisOplock** parameter.
- Set *OplockGranted* to TRUE.
- EndCase
- Case (READ\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING):
  - The operation MUST be failed with **Status** set to STATUS\_OPLOCK\_NOT\_GRANTED if **GrantingInAck** is FALSE and **Open.Stream.Oplock.State** is anything other than the following:
    - NO\_OPLOCK
    - READ\_CACHING
    - (READ\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING)
    - (READ\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING|MIXED\_R\_AND\_RH)
  - If **Open.Stream.IsDeleted** is TRUE, the operation MUST be failed with **Status** set to STATUS\_OPLOCK\_NOT\_GRANTED.

- If **GrantingInAck** is FALSE:
  - If there is an **Open** *ThisOpen* on **Open.Stream.Oplock.ROplocks** whose **TargetOplockKey** is equal to **Open.TargetOplockKey** (there is supposed to be at most one present):
    - Remove *ThisOpen* from **Open.Stream.Oplocks.ROplocks**.

Notify the server of an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.3, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:

- **BreakingOplockOpen** equal to *ThisOpen*.
- **NewOplockLevel** equal to (READ\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING).
- **AcknowledgeRequired** equal to FALSE.
- **OplockCompletionStatus** equal to STATUS\_OPLOCK\_SWITCHED\_TO\_NEW\_HANDLE.
- (The operation does not end at this point; this call to 2.1.5.17.3 completes some earlier call to 2.1.5.17.2.)
- EndIf
- If there is an **Open** *ThisOpen* on **Open.Stream.Oplock.RHOplocks** whose **TargetOplockKey** is equal to **Open.TargetOplockKey** (there is supposed to be at most one present):
  - Notify the server of an oplock break according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.3, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
    - **BreakingOplockOpen** equal to *ThisOpen*.
    - **NewOplockLevel** equal to (READ\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING).
    - **AcknowledgeRequired** equal to FALSE.
    - **OplockCompletionStatus** equal to STATUS\_OPLOCK\_SWITCHED\_TO\_NEW\_HANDLE.
    - (The operation does not end at this point; this call to 2.1.5.17.3 completes some earlier call to 2.1.5.17.2.)
  - EndIf
- EndIf
- Add **Open** to **Open.Stream.Oplock.RHOplocks**.
- Recompute **Open.Stream.Oplock.State** according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.13, passing **Open.Stream.Oplock** as the **ThisOplock** parameter.
- Set *OplockGranted* to TRUE.
- EndCase
- // No other value of **RequestedOplock** is possible.
- EndSwitch
- If *OplockGranted* is TRUE:

- This operation MUST be made cancelable by inserting it into **CancelableOperations.CancelableOperationList**.
- The operation waits until the oplock is broken or canceled, as specified in section 2.1.5.17.3. When the operation specified in section 2.1.5.17.3 is called, its following input parameters are transferred to this routine and returned by it:
  - **Status** is set to **OplockCompletionStatus** from the operation specified in section 2.1.5.17.3.
  - **NewOplockLevel** is set to **NewOplockLevel** from the operation specified in section 2.1.5.17.3.
  - **AcknowledgeRequired** is set to **AcknowledgeRequired** from the operation specified in section 2.1.5.17.3.
- EndIf

### 2.1.5.17.3 Indicating an Oplock Break to the Server

The inputs for indicating an oplock break to the server are:

- **BreakingOplockOpen:** The **Open** used to request the oplock that is now breaking.
- **NewOplockLevel:** The type of oplock the requested oplock has been broken to. Valid values are as follows:
  - LEVEL\_NONE (that is, no oplock)
  - LEVEL\_TWO
  - A combination of one or more of the following flags:
    - READ\_CACHING
    - HANDLE\_CACHING
    - WRITE\_CACHING
- **AcknowledgeRequired:** A Boolean value; TRUE if the server MUST acknowledge the oplock break, FALSE if not, as specified in section 2.1.5.18.
- **OplockCompletionStatus:** The NTSTATUS code to return to the server.

This algorithm simply represents the completion of an oplock request, as specified in section 2.1.5.17.1 or section 2.1.5.17.2. The server is expected to associate the return status from this algorithm with **BreakingOplockOpen**, which is the **Open** passed in when it requested the oplock that is now breaking.

It is important to note that because several oplocks can be outstanding in parallel, although this algorithm represents the completion of an oplock request, it might not result in the completion of the algorithm that called it. In particular, calling this algorithm will result in completion of the caller only if **BreakingOplockOpen** is the same as the **Open** with which the calling algorithm was itself called. To mitigate confusion, each algorithm that refers to this section will specify whether that algorithm's operation terminates at that point or not.

The object store MUST return **OplockCompletionStatus**, **AcknowledgeRequired**, and **NewOplockLevel** to the server (the algorithm is as specified in section 2.1.5.17.1 and section 2.1.5.17.2).

### 2.1.5.18 Server Acknowledges an Oplock Break

The server provides:

- **Open** - The **Open** associated with the oplock that has broken.
- **Type** - As part of the acknowledgement, the server indicates a new oplock it would like in place of the one that has broken. Valid values are as follows:
  - LEVEL\_NONE
  - LEVEL\_TWO
  - LEVEL\_GRANULAR - If this oplock type is specified, the server additionally provides:
    - **RequestedOplockLevel** - A combination of zero or more of the following flags:
      - READ\_CACHING
      - HANDLE\_CACHING
      - WRITE\_CACHING

If the server requests a new oplock and it is granted, the request does not complete until the oplock is broken; the operation waits for this to happen. Processing of an oplock break is described in section 2.1.5.17.3. Whether the new oplock is granted or not, the object store MUST return:

- **Status** - An NTSTATUS code indicating the result of the operation.

If the server requests a new oplock and it is granted, then when the oplock breaks and the request finally completes, the object store MUST additionally return:

- **NewOplockLevel:** The type of oplock the requested oplock has been broken to. Valid values are as follows:
  - LEVEL\_NONE (that is, no oplock)
  - LEVEL\_TWO
  - A combination of one or more of the following flags:
    - READ\_CACHING
    - HANDLE\_CACHING
    - WRITE\_CACHING
- **AcknowledgeRequired:** A Boolean value; TRUE if the server MUST acknowledge the oplock break, FALSE if not, as specified in section 2.1.5.17.2.

This routine uses the following local variables:

- Boolean values (initialized to FALSE): *NewOplockGranted*, *ReturnBreakToNone*, *FoundMatchingRHOpllock*

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **Open.Stream.Oplock** is empty, the operation MUST be failed with **Status** set to STATUS\_INVALID\_OPLOCK\_PROTOCOL.
- If **Type** is LEVEL\_NONE or LEVEL\_TWO:

- If **Open.Stream.Oplock.ExclusiveOpen** is not equal to **Open**, the operation MUST be failed with **Status** set to STATUS\_INVALID\_OPLOCK\_PROTOCOL.
- If **Type** is LEVEL\_TWO and **Open.Stream.Oplock.State** contains BREAK\_TO\_TWO:
  - Set **Open.Stream.Oplock.State** to LEVEL\_TWO\_OPLOCK.
  - Set *NewOplockGranted* to TRUE.
- Else If **Open.Stream.Oplock.State** contains BREAK\_TO\_TWO or BREAK\_TO\_NONE:
  - Set **Open.Stream.Oplock.State** to NO\_OPLOCK.
- Else If **Open.Stream.Oplock.State** contains BREAK\_TO\_TWO\_TO\_NONE:
  - Set **Open.Stream.Oplock.State** to NO\_OPLOCK.
  - Set *ReturnBreakToNone* to TRUE.
- Else
  - The operation MUST be failed with **Status** set to STATUS\_INVALID\_OPLOCK\_PROTOCOL.
- EndIf
- For each **Open** *WaitingOpen* on **Open.Stream.Oplock.WaitList**:
  - Indicate that the operation associated with *WaitingOpen* can continue according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12.1, setting **OpenToRelease** equal to *WaitingOpen*.
  - Remove *WaitingOpen* from **Open.Stream.Oplock.WaitList**.
- EndFor
- Set **Open.Stream.Oplock.ExclusiveOpen** to NULL.
- If *NewOplockGranted* is TRUE:
  - The operation waits until the newly-granted Level 2 oplock is broken, as specified in section 2.1.5.17.3.
- Else If *ReturnBreakToNone* is TRUE:
  - In this case the server was expecting the oplock to break to Level 2, but because the oplock is actually breaking to None (that is, no oplock), the object store MUST indicate an oplock break to the server according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.3, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
    - **BreakingOplockOpen** equal to **Open**.
    - **NewOplockLevel** equal to LEVEL\_NONE.
    - **AcknowledgeRequired** equal to FALSE.
    - **OplockCompletionStatus** equal to STATUS\_SUCCESS.
  - (Because **BreakingOplockOpen** is equal to the passed-in **Open**, the operation ends at this point.)
- Else
  - The operation MUST return **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS at this point.



- EndIf
- Else If **Type** is LEVEL\_GRANULAR:
  - Let *BREAK\_LEVEL\_MASK* = (BREAK\_TO\_READ\_CACHING | BREAK\_TO\_WRITE\_CACHING | BREAK\_TO\_HANDLE\_CACHING | BREAK\_TO\_NO\_CACHING)
  - Let *R\_AND\_RH\_GRANTED* = (READ\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING|MIXED\_R\_AND\_RH)
  - Let *RH\_GRANTED* = (READ\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING)
  - // If there are no *BREAK\_LEVEL\_MASK* flags set, this is invalid, unless the
  - // state is *R\_AND\_RH\_GRANTED* or *RH\_GRANTED*, in which case we'll need to see if
  - // the **RHBreakQueue** is empty.
  - If (**Open.Stream.Oplock.State** does not contain any flag in *BREAK\_LEVEL\_MASK* and (**Open.Stream.Oplock.State** != *R\_AND\_RH\_GRANTED*) and (**Open.Stream.Oplock.State** != *RH\_GRANTED*)) or (((**Open.Stream.Oplock.State** == *R\_AND\_RH\_GRANTED*) or (**Open.Stream.Oplock.State** == *RH\_GRANTED*)) and **Open.Stream.Oplock.RHBreakQueue** is empty):
    - The request MUST be failed with **Status** set to STATUS\_INVALID\_OPLOCK\_PROTOCOL.
  - EndIf
  - Switch **Open.Stream.Oplock.State**
    - Case (READ\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING|MIXED\_R\_AND\_RH):
    - Case (READ\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING):
    - Case (READ\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING|BREAK\_TO\_READ\_CACHING):
    - Case (READ\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING|BREAK\_TO\_NO\_CACHING):
      - For each **RHOpContext** *ThisContext* in **Open.Stream.Oplock.RHBreakQueue**:
        - If *ThisContext.Open* equals **Open**:
          - Set *FoundMatchingRHOplock* to TRUE.
          - If *ThisContext.BreakingToRead* is FALSE:
            - If **RequestedOplockLevel** is not 0 and **Open.Stream.Oplock.WaitList** is not empty:
              - The object store MUST indicate an oplock break to the server according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.3, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
                - **BreakingOplockOpen** equal to **Open**.
                - **NewOplockLevel** equal to LEVEL\_NONE.

- **AcknowledgeRequired** equal to TRUE.
  - **OplockCompletionStatus** equal to STATUS\_CANNOT\_GRANT\_REQUESTED\_OPLOCK.
  - (Because **BreakingOplockOpen** is equal to the passed-in **Open**, the operation ends at this point.)
- EndIf
- Else // *ThisContext*.**BreakingToRead** is TRUE.
  - If **Open.Stream.Oplock.WaitList** is not empty and (**RequestedOplockLevel** is (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING) or (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING)):
    - The object store MUST indicate an oplock break to the server according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.3, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
      - **BreakingOplockOpen** equal to **Open**.
      - **NewOplockLevel** equal to READ\_CACHING.
      - **AcknowledgeRequired** equal to TRUE.
      - **OplockCompletionStatus** equal to STATUS\_CANNOT\_GRANT\_REQUESTED\_OPLOCK.
    - (Because **BreakingOplockOpen** is equal to the passed-in **Open**, the operation ends at this point.)
  - EndIf
- EndIf
- Remove *ThisContext* from **Open.Stream.Oplock.RHBreakQueue**.
- For each **Open** *WaitingOpen* on **Open.Stream.Oplock.WaitList**:
  - // The operation waiting for the Read-Handle oplock to break can continue if
  - // there are no more Read-Handle oplocks outstanding, or if all the remaining
  - // Read-Handle oplocks have the same oplock key as the waiting operation.
  - If (**Open.Stream.Oplock.RHBreakQueue** is empty) or (all **RHOpContext.Open.TargetOplockKey** values on **Open.Stream.Oplock.RHBreakQueue** are equal to *WaitingOpen.TargetOplockKey*):
    - Indicate that the operation associated with *WaitingOpen* can continue according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12.1, setting **OpenToRelease** equal to *WaitingOpen*.
    - Remove *WaitingOpen* from **Open.Stream.Oplock.WaitList**.
- EndIf

- EndFor
- If **RequestedOplockLevel** is 0 (that is, no flags):
  - Recompute **Open.Stream.Oplock.State** according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.13, passing **Open.Stream.Oplock** as the **ThisOplock** parameter.
  - The algorithm MUST return **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS at this point.
- Else If **RequestedOplockLevel** does not contain WRITE\_CACHING:
  - The object store MUST request a shared oplock according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.2, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
    - Pass in the current **Open**.
    - **RequestedOplock** equal to **RequestedOplockLevel**.
    - **GrantingInAck** equal to TRUE.
  - The operation MUST at this point return any status code returned by the shared oplock request algorithm.
- Else
  - Set **Open.Stream.Oplock.ExclusiveOpen** to *ThisContext.Open*.
  - Set **Open.Stream.Oplock.State** to (**RequestedOplockLevel**|EXCLUSIVE).
  - This operation MUST be made cancelable by inserting it into **CancelableOperations.CancelableOperationList**.
  - This operation waits until the oplock is broken or canceled, as specified in section 2.1.5.17.3.
- EndIf
- Break out of the For loop.
- EndIf
- EndFor
- If *FoundMatchingRHOoplock* is FALSE:
  - The operation MUST be failed with **Status** set to STATUS\_INVALID\_OPLOCK\_PROTOCOL.
- EndIf
- The operation returns **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS at this point.
- EndCase
- Case (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING|EXCLUSIVE|BREAK\_TO\_READ\_CACHING):
- Case (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING|EXCLUSIVE|BREAK\_TO\_NO\_CACHING):

- Case (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING|EXCLUSIVE|BREAK\_TO\_READ\_CACHING|BREAK\_TO\_WRITE\_CACHING):
- Case (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING|EXCLUSIVE|BREAK\_TO\_READ\_CACHING|BREAK\_TO\_HANDLE\_CACHING):
- Case (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING|EXCLUSIVE|BREAK\_TO\_READ\_CACHING):
- Case (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING|EXCLUSIVE|BREAK\_TO\_NO\_CACHING):
  - If **Open.Stream.Oplock.ExclusiveOpen** != **Open**:
    - The operation MUST be failed with **Status** set to STATUS\_INVALID\_OPLOCK\_PROTOCOL.
  - EndIf
  - If **Open.Stream.Oplock.WaitList** is not empty and

**Open.Stream.Oplock.State** does not contain HANDLE\_CACHING and

**RequestedOplockLevel** is (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING):

- The object store MUST indicate an oplock break to the server according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.3, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
  - **BreakingOplockOpen** equal to **Open**.
  - **NewOplockLevel** equal to:
    - (READ\_CACHING|WRITE\_CACHING) if **Open.Stream.Oplock.State** contains each of BREAK\_TO\_READ\_CACHING and BREAK\_TO\_WRITE\_CACHING and not BREAK\_TO\_HANDLE\_CACHING.
    - (READ\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING) if **Open.Stream.Oplock.State** contains each of BREAK\_TO\_READ\_CACHING and BREAK\_TO\_HANDLE\_CACHING and not BREAK\_TO\_WRITE\_CACHING.
    - READ\_CACHING if **Open.Stream.Oplock.State** contains BREAK\_TO\_READ\_CACHING and neither BREAK\_TO\_WRITE\_CACHING nor BREAK\_TO\_HANDLE\_CACHING.
    - LEVEL\_NONE if **Open.Stream.Oplock.State** contains BREAK\_TO\_NO\_CACHING.
  - **AcknowledgeRequired** equal to TRUE.
  - **OplockCompletionStatus** equal to STATUS\_CANNOT\_GRANT\_REQUESTED\_OPLOCK.
- (Because **BreakingOplockOpen** is equal to the passed-in **Open**, the operation ends at this point.)
- Else

- If **Open.Stream.IsDeleted** is TRUE and **RequestedOplockLevel** contains HANDLE\_CACHING:
  - The object store MUST indicate an oplock break to the server according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.3, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
    - **BreakingOplockOpen** equal to **Open**.
    - **NewOplockLevel** equal to **RequestedOplockLevel** without HANDLE\_CACHING (for example if **RequestedOplockLevel** is (READ\_CACHING|HANDLE\_CACHING), then **NewOplockLevel** would be just READ\_CACHING).
    - **AcknowledgeRequired** equal to TRUE.
    - **OplockCompletionStatus** equal to STATUS\_CANNOT\_GRANT\_REQUESTED\_OPLOCK.
  - (Because **BreakingOplockOpen** is equal to the passed-in **Open**, the operation ends at this point.)
- EndIf
- For each **Open** *WaitingOpen* on **Open.Stream.Oplock.WaitList**:
  - Indicate that the operation associated with *WaitingOpen* can continue according to the algorithm in section 2.1.4.12.1, setting **OpenToRelease** equal to *WaitingOpen*.
  - Remove *WaitingOpen* from **Open.Stream.Oplock.WaitList**.
- EndFor
- If **RequestedOplockLevel** does not contain WRITE\_CACHING:
  - Set **Open.Stream.Oplock.ExclusiveOpen** to NULL.
- EndIf
- If **RequestedOplockLevel** is 0 (that is, no flags):
  - Set **Open.Stream.Oplock.State** to NO\_OPLOCK.
  - The operation returns **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS at this point.
- Else If **RequestedOplockLevel** does not contain WRITE\_CACHING:
  - The object store MUST request a shared oplock according to the algorithm in section 2.1.5.17.2, setting the algorithm's parameters as follows:
    - Pass in the current **Open**.
    - **RequestedOplock** equal to **RequestedOplockLevel**.
    - **GrantingInAck** equal to TRUE.
  - The operation MUST at this point return any status code returned by the shared oplock request algorithm.
- Else

- // Note that because this oplock is being set up as part of an acknowledgement
- // of an exclusive oplock break, **Open.Stream.Oplock.ExclusiveOpen** was set
- // at the time of the original oplock request; it contains **Open**.
- Set **Open.Stream.Oplock.State** to (**RequestedOplockLevel**|EXCLUSIVE).
- This operation MUST be made cancelable by inserting it into **CancelableOperations.CancelableOperationList**.
- This operation waits until the oplock is broken or canceled, as specified in section 2.1.5.17.3.
- EndIf
- EndCase
- DefaultCase:
  - The operation MUST be failed with **Status** set to STATUS\_INVALID\_OPLOCK\_PROTOCOL.
- EndSwitch
- EndIf

### 2.1.5.19 Server Requests Canceling an Operation

The server provides:

- **IORequest:** An implementation-specific identifier that is unique for each outstanding IO operation, as described in [MS-CIFS] section 3.3.5.52.

No information is returned.

Cancellation provides the ability for operations that block for extended periods of time to be terminated, thus providing better end-user responsiveness. How operation cancellation is implemented is object store specific.

The Object Store MUST maintain a list of waiting operations that can be canceled by adding them to the **CancelableOperations.CancelableOperationList** as defined in section 2.1.1.12.

Each operation receives an implementation-specific identifier (**IORequest**) that uniquely identifies an in-progress I/O operation, as specified in section 2.1.5.

When a cancellation request is received, scan **CancelableOperations.CancelableOperationList** looking for an operation *CanceledOperation* that matches **IORequest**. If found, *CanceledOperation* MUST be removed from **CancelableOperations.CancelableOperationList** and *CanceledOperation* MUST be failed with STATUS\_CANCELED returned for the status of the canceled operation. If not found, the cancel request returns performing no action.<139>

### 2.1.5.20 Server Requests Querying Quota Information

The server provides:

- **Open:** An Open of a Quota Stream<140>.

- **OutputBufferSize:** The maximum number of bytes to return in **OutputBuffer**.
- **ReturnSingleEntry:** A Boolean that, if TRUE, indicates at most one entry MUST be returned. If FALSE, one or more entries MAY be returned, up to what will fit in **OutputBufferSize** bytes.
- **SidList:** An optional array of one or more FILE\_GET\_QUOTA\_INFORMATION structures as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.33.1. This identifies the **SIDs** whose quota information is to be returned.
- **SidListLength:** The length, in bytes, of the **SidList** array. If no **SidList** array is provided, this MUST be set to zero.
- **StartSid:** An optional SID identifying the entry at which to begin scanning quota information. This parameter is ignored if the **SidList** parameter is specified. If no **StartSid** SID is provided, this field is empty.
- **RestartScan:** A Boolean that, if TRUE, indicates that enumeration is restarted from the beginning of the quota list. If FALSE, enumeration continues from the last position.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.
- **OutputBuffer:** An array of one or more FILE\_QUOTA\_INFORMATION structures as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.33.
- **ByteCount:** The number of bytes stored in **OutputBuffer**.

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_REQUEST.<141>

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **SidList** is not empty and **SidListLength** is not a multiple of 4, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If **SidListLength** is not zero but less than *sizeof(FILE\_GET\_QUOTA\_INFORMATION)*, **SidList** will be zero filled up to *sizeof(FILE\_GET\_QUOTA\_INFORMATION)*.
- If **SidList** is not empty:
  - For each entry in **SidList**, the object store MUST return a FILE\_QUOTA\_INFORMATION structure as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.33, where the data returned is from the **Open.File.Volume.QuotaInformation** entry with the same SID.
  - If **SidList** includes a SID that does not map to an existing SID in the **Open.File.Volume.QuotaInformation** list, the object store MUST return a FILE\_QUOTA\_INFORMATION structure (as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.33) that is filled with zeros.
  - If **ReturnSingleEntry** is TRUE, the object store MUST return information only on the first SID in **SidList**. No other **SidList** entries other than the first are processed by the object store.
  - **RestartScan** and **StartSid** are ignored.
- Else: // **SidList** is empty
  - If **OutputBufferSize** is less than *sizeof(FILE\_QUOTA\_INFORMATION)*, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_BUFFER\_TOO\_SMALL.
  - If **StartSid** is not empty:

- If **StartSid** is not found in **Open.File.Volume.QuotaInformation** then the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- Set **Open.LastQuotaId** to the index of the entry in **Open.File.Volume.QuotaInformation** that matches **StartSid**.
- **RestartScan** is ignored.
- Else:
  - If **RestartScan** is TRUE or **Open.LastQuotaId** is -1:
    - Set **Open.LastQuotaId** to the index of the first entry in the **Open.File.Volume.QuotaInformation** list.
  - Else:
    - Set **Open.LastQuotaId** to the index of the entry after the current value of **Open.LastQuotaId** of **Open.File.Volume.QuotaInformation** list.
  - EndIf
- EndIf
- The object store MUST return a FILE\_QUOTA\_INFORMATION structure (as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.33) that corresponds to the entry in **Open.File.Volume.QuotaInformationList** that has the index specified by **Open.LastQuotaId**.
- If **ReturnSingleEntry** is TRUE, the object store MUST return information on only a single quota entry.
- If **ReturnSingleEntry** is FALSE and **Open.LastQuotaId** is not at the end of the **Open.File.Volume.QuotaInformation** list and more FILE\_QUOTA\_INFORMATION structures will fit in the remaining **ByteCount**, then more FILE\_QUOTA\_INFORMATION structures SHOULD be returned until either **Open.LastQuotaId** is at the end of **Open.File.Volume.QuotaInformation** list or no more FILE\_QUOTA\_INFORMATION structures will fit in **OutputBuffer**.
- The operation MUST fail with STATUS\_NO\_MORE\_ENTRIES when no entries are returned.
- **Open.LastQuotaId** MUST be set to point to the entry in **Open.File.Volume.QuotaInformation** that represents the last returned FILE\_QUOTA\_INFORMATION structure in **OutputBuffer**.
- EndIf
- Upon successful completion, the object store MUST return:
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.
  - **ByteCount** set to the count, in bytes, of how much data was filled into **OutputBuffer**.

### 2.1.5.21 Server Requests Setting Quota Information

The server provides:

- **Open:** An **Open** of a Quota Stream<142>.
- **InputBuffer:** A buffer that contains one or more aligned FILE\_QUOTA\_INFORMATION structures as defined in [MS-FSCC] section 2.4.33.



- **InputBufferSize:** The size, in bytes, of **InputBuffer**.

On completion, the object store MUST return:

- **Status:** An NTSTATUS code that specifies the result.

Support for this operation is optional. If the object store does not implement this functionality, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_REQUEST.<143>

Pseudocode for the operation is as follows:

- If **InputBufferSize** is zero, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- For each FILE\_QUOTA\_INFORMATION structure *quota* in **InputBuffer**:
  - Scan **Open.File.Volume.QuotaInformation** for an entry that matches *quota.Sid* and if found, save a pointer in *matchedQuota*; else set *matchedQuota* to empty.
  - If *quota.Sid* == BUILTINAdministrators (as defined in [MS-DTYP] section 2.4.2.4) and *quota.QuotaLimit* != -1, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_ACCESS\_DENIED. A quota limit cannot be specified on the administrators account.
  - If *quota.QuotaLimit* == -2 //The quota is being deleted
    - If *matchedQuota* is not empty:
      - Remove *matchedQuota* from **Open.File.Volume.QuotaInformation** and delete it.
      - Set *matchedQuota* to empty.
    - Else
      - The operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_NO\_MATCH
    - Endif
  - Else if *matchedQuota* is not empty:
    - Set *matchedQuota.QuotaThreshold* to *quota.QuotaThreshold*.
    - Set *matchedQuota.QuotaLimit* to *quota.QuotaLimit*.
    - Set *matchedQuota.ChangeTime* to the current time.
  - Else: //matchedQuota is empty:
    - Set *matchedQuota* to a newly allocated FILE\_QUOTA\_INFORMATION structure.
    - Set *matchedQuota.Sid* to *quota.Sid*.
    - Set *matchedQuota.SidLength* to the length of *quota.Sid*.
    - Set *matchedQuota.QuotaThreshold* to *quota.QuotaThreshold*.
    - Set *matchedQuota.QuotaLimit* to *quota.QuotaLimit*.
    - Set *matchedQuota.ChangeTime* to the current time.
    - Insert *matchedQuota* into **Volume.QuotaInformation**.
    - *matchedQuota.QuotaUsed* is updated in the background by scanning all files in **Open.File.Volume** where **File.SecurityDescriptor.Owner** == *matchedQuota.Sid*.

- EndIf
- Upon successful completion, the object store MUST return:
  - **Status** set to STATUS\_SUCCESS.

### 3 Algorithm Examples

None.

## 4 Security

### 4.1 Security Considerations for Implementers

Security is opaque to file systems. Some file systems store security descriptors as opaque blobs and then call security support routines to perform the necessary security checks. Other file systems do not implement security. Security considerations are called out in the sections where they are used. Please refer to [MS-AUTHSOD] for a security overview.

### 4.2 Index of Security Parameters

Security parameter	Section
SecurityContext	2.1.4.13
SecurityDescriptor	2.1.4.13
SecurityContext	2.1.5.1
SecurityInformation	2.1.5.13
SecurityInformation	2.1.5.16

## 5 Appendix A: Product Behavior

The information in this specification is applicable to the following Microsoft products or supplemental software. References to product versions include released service packs.

~~Note: Some of the information in this section is subject to change because it applies to a preliminary product version, and thus may differ from the final version of the software when released. All behavior notes that pertain to the preliminary product version contain specific references to it as an aid to the reader.~~

- Windows 2000 operating system
- Windows XP operating system
- Windows Server 2003 operating system
- Windows Vista operating system
- Windows Server 2008 operating system
- Windows 7 operating system
- Windows Server 2008 R2 operating system
- Windows 8 operating system
- Windows Server 2012 operating system
- Windows 8.1 operating system
- Windows Server 2012 R2 operating system
- Windows 10 operating system
- Windows Server 2016 ~~Technical Preview~~ operating system

Exceptions, if any, are noted below. If a service pack or Quick Fix Engineering (QFE) number appears with the product version, behavior changed in that service pack or QFE. The new behavior also applies to subsequent service packs of the product unless otherwise specified. If a product edition appears with the product version, behavior is different in that product edition.

Unless otherwise specified, any statement of optional behavior in this specification that is prescribed using the terms SHOULD or SHOULD NOT implies product behavior in accordance with the SHOULD or SHOULD NOT prescription. Unless otherwise specified, the term MAY implies that the product does not follow the prescription.

<1> Section 2.1.1.1: NTFS uses a default cluster size of 4 KB, a maximum cluster size of 64 KB, and a minimum cluster size of 512 bytes. ReFS in Windows 8, Windows Server 2012, Windows 8.1, Windows Server 2012 R2, Windows 10, and Windows Server 2016 ~~Technical Preview~~ use a fixed cluster size of 64 KB. ReFS in Windows 10 and Windows Server 2016 ~~Technical Preview~~ use a default cluster size of 4 KB. ReFS also supports a 64-KB cluster size.

<2> Section 2.1.1.1: For AMD64, x86, and ARM systems, this value is 4 KB. For ia64 systems, this value is 8 KB.

<3> Section 2.1.1.1: In NTFS, the CompressionUnitSize is 64 KB for encrypted files, 64 KB for sparse files, and the lesser of 64 KB or (16 \* **ClusterSize**) for compressed files. Other file systems do not implement this field.

<4> Section 2.1.1.1: In NTFS, the CompressedChunkSize is 4 KB. Other Windows file systems do not implement this field.

<5> Section 2.1.1.1: Only ReFS supports integrity.

<6> Section 2.1.1.1: Only NTFS supports quotas.

<7> Section 2.1.1.1: This field is present for compatibility with the file level FileObjectIdInformation structure ([MS-FSCC] section 2.4.28). These fields are not currently used by Windows and always contain zeroes.

<8> Section 2.1.1.1: The USN journal is supported on ReFS all versions and NTFS version 3.0 volumes or greater. The USN journal is active by default on Windows Vista, Windows 7, Windows 8, Windows 8.1, and Windows 10. The USN journal is not active by default on Windows Server operating system SKUs.

<9> Section 2.1.1.1: For Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Server 2003, Windows Vista, Windows Server 2008, Windows 7, and Windows Server 2008 R2, the maximum file size of a file on an NTFS volume is the smaller of  $(2^{32} - 1) * \text{cluster size}$ , and 16 terabytes (TB). For Windows 8 and Windows Server 2012, the maximum file size of a file on an NTFS volume is  $(2^{32} - 1) * \text{cluster size}$ . For Windows 8.1, Windows Server 2012 R2, Windows 10, and Windows Server 2016 **Technical Preview**, the maximum file size of a file on an NTFS volume is  $((2^{32} * \text{cluster size}) - 64K)$ . For example, if the cluster size is 512 bytes, the maximum file size is 2 TB.

<10> Section 2.1.1.2: ReFS does not implement the TunnelCache.

<11> Section 2.1.1.3: Only NTFS supports view index files.

<12> Section 2.1.1.3: ReFS and exFAT do not implement **ShortNames**.

<13> Section 2.1.1.3: The following table defines the support of file time stamps across various Windows file systems. More information can be found in section 6 of the File System Behavior Overview document [FSBO].

Timestamp	ReFS	NTFS	FAT	EXFAT	UDFS
CreationTime	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in local time 10 millisecond granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 10 millisecond granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 1 microsecond granularity
LastAccessTime	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity Updated at 60 minute granularity	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity Updated at 60 minute granularity	Stored in local time 1 day granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 2 second granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 1 microsecond granularity
ChangeTime	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Not Supported	Not Supported	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 1 microsecond granularity
LastWriteTime	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in local time 2 second granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 10 millisecond granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 1 microsecond granularity

<14> Section 2.1.1.3: The following table defines the support of file time stamps across various Windows file systems. More information can be found in section 6 of the File System Behavior Overview document [FSBO].

Timestamp	ReFS	NTFS	FAT	EXFAT	UDFS
CreationTime	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in local time 10 millisecond granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 10 millisecond granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 1 microsecond granularity
LastAccessTime	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity Updated at 60 minute granularity	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity Updated at 60 minute granularity	Stored in local time 1 day granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 2 second granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 1 microsecond granularity
ChangeTime	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Not Supported	Not Supported	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 1 microsecond granularity
LastWriteTime	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in local time 2 second granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 10 millisecond granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 1 microsecond granularity

<15> Section 2.1.1.3: The following table defines the support of file time stamps across various Windows file systems. More information can be found in section 6 of the File System Behavior Overview document [FSBO].

Timestamp	ReFS	NTFS	FAT	EXFAT	UDFS
CreationTime	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in local time 10 millisecond granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 10 millisecond granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 1 microsecond granularity
LastAccessTime	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity Updated at 60 minute granularity	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity Updated at 60 minute granularity	Stored in local time 1 day granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 2 second granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 1 microsecond granularity
ChangeTime	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Not Supported	Not Supported	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 1 microsecond granularity

Timestamp	ReFS	NTFS	FAT	EXFAT	UDFS
LastWriteTime	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in local time 2 second granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 10 millisecond granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 1 microsecond granularity

<16> Section 2.1.1.3: In Windows Vista, Windows Server 2008, Windows 7, Windows Server 2008 R2 operating system, Windows 8, Windows Server 2012, Windows 8.1, Windows Server 2012 R2, Windows 10, and Windows Server 2016 **Technical Preview**, LastAccessTime updates are disabled by default in the ReFS and NTFS file systems. It is only updated when the file is closed. This behavior is controlled by the following registry key: HKLM\System\CurrentControlSet\Control\FileSystem\NtfsDisableLastAccessUpdate. A nonzero value means LastAccessTime updates are disabled. A value of zero means they are enabled.

<17> Section 2.1.1.3: The following table defines the support of file time stamps across various Windows file systems. More information can be found in section 6 of the File System Behavior Overview document [FSBO].

Timestamp	ReFS	NTFS	FAT	EXFAT	UDFS
CreationTime	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in local time 10 millisecond granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 10 millisecond granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 1 microsecond granularity
LastAccessTime	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity Updated at 60 minute granularity	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity Updated at 60 minute granularity	Stored in local time 1 day granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 2 second granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 1 microsecond granularity
ChangeTime	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Not Supported	Not Supported	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 1 microsecond granularity
LastWriteTime	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in UTC 100 nanosecond granularity	Stored in local time 2 second granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 10 millisecond granularity	Stored in UTC if available, else in local time 1 microsecond granularity

<18> Section 2.1.1.3: Only NTFS implements EAs.

<19> Section 2.1.1.3: Only NTFS implements EAs.

<20> Section 2.1.1.3: Only NTFS implements object IDs.

<21> Section 2.1.1.3: Only NTFS implements object IDs.



- <22> Section 2.1.1.3: Only NTFS and UDFS implement named streams.
- <23> Section 2.1.1.3: ReFS and exFAT do not implement **ShortNames**.
- <24> Section 2.1.1.3: Only NTFS implements encryption.
- <25> Section 2.1.1.4: For ReFS, there will always be exactly one link per file or directory.
- <26> Section 2.1.1.4: On ReFS or exFAT, this field MUST be empty.
- <27> Section 2.1.1.5: Only NTFS supports view index streams.
- <28> Section 2.1.1.5: Only NTFS supports compression.
- <29> Section 2.1.1.5: Only ReFS supports integrity.
- <30> Section 2.1.1.5: Only ReFS supports integrity.
- <31> Section 2.1.1.5: Only NTFS, ReFS, and UDFS support sparse files.
- <32> Section 2.1.1.5: Only NTFS supports encryption.
- <33> Section 2.1.1.6: Only NTFS implements EAs.
- <34> Section 2.1.4.11: NTFS sets *RecordLength* to  $BlockAlign(FieldOffset(USN\_RECORD\_V2.FileName) + FileNameLength, 8)$ . ReFS sets *RecordLength* to  $BlockAlign(FieldOffset(USN\_RECORD\_V3.FileName) + FileNameLength, 8)$ .
- <35> Section 2.1.5.1: NTFS and ReFS recognize the following complex name suffixes:

- "\$I30"
- "\$INDEX\_ALLOCATION"
- "\$I30:\$INDEX\_ALLOCATION"
- "\$BITMAP"
- "\$I30:\$BITMAP"
- "\$ATTRIBUTE\_LIST"
- "\$REPARSE\_POINT"

Other Windows file systems do not recognize any complex name suffixes.

- <36> Section 2.1.5.1: NTFS and ReFS recognize the following stream type names:

- "\$STANDARD\_INFORMATION"
- "\$ATTRIBUTE\_LIST"
- "\$FILE\_NAME"
- "\$OBJECT\_ID"
- "\$SECURITY\_DESCRIPTOR"
- "\$VOLUME\_NAME"
- "\$VOLUME\_INFORMATION"
- "\$DATA"

- "\$INDEX\_ROOT"
- "\$INDEX\_ALLOCATION"
- "\$BITMAP"
- "\$REPARSE\_POINT"
- "\$EA\_INFORMATION"
- "\$EA"
- "\$LOGGED\_UTILITY\_STREAM"

Other Windows file systems do not recognize any stream type names.

<37> Section 2.1.5.1.1: For the NTFS file system, the **FileId128** consists of a 48-bit index into the MFT (the low 48 bits) and a 16-bit sequence number (the next higher 16 bits), with the high 64 bits unused and always equal to 0. For the ReFS file system, the **FileId128** consists of a 64-bit index uniquely identifying the file's parent directory on the volume (the low 64 bits) and a 64-bit index uniquely identifying the file within that directory (the high 64 bits).

<38> Section 2.1.5.1.1: For the NTFS file system this is the index and sequence number portions (low 64 bits) of the **FileId128**. The ReFS file system maps a subset of the possible **FileId128** values to **FileId64** values using a reversible algorithm; for values outside of this subset, ReFS sets the **FileId64** to -1.

<39> Section 2.1.5.1.1: For the NTFS file system, this is the index portion (low 48 bits) of the **FileId128**. The ReFS file system does not implement this field.

<40> Section 2.1.5.1.1: Only ReFS supports FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_INTEGRITY\_STREAM.

<41> Section 2.1.5.1.1: Only NTFS and ReFS support FILE\_ATTRIBUTE\_NO\_SCRUB\_DATA.

<42> Section 2.1.5.1.1: Only NTFS and UDFS implement named streams.

<43> Section 2.1.5.1.2: Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Server 2003, and Windows Vista, treat the FILE\_DISALLOW\_EXCLUSIVE option as always being FALSE.

<44> Section 2.1.5.5.1: This is implemented only by the NTFS file system.

<45> Section 2.1.5.5.1: This directory is only available on NTFS volumes formatted to NTFS version 3.0 or later.

<46> Section 2.1.5.5.1: "\*" is treated as 0x0000002A during the search, and it gives the practical behavior of a wildcard since an ObjectId starts with a much larger value. Similarly, "?" is treated as 0x0000003F and so practically it behaves like "\*".

<47> Section 2.1.5.5.2: This is implemented only by the NTFS file system.

<48> Section 2.1.5.5.2: This directory is only available on NTFS volumes formatted to NTFS version 3.x.

<49> Section 2.1.5.5.3.1: For ReFS, this value MUST be zero.

<50> Section 2.1.5.5.3.3: For ReFS, this value MUST be zero.

<51> Section 2.1.5.5.3.4: For ReFS, this value MUST be zero.

<52> Section 2.1.5.5.3.5: For ReFS, this value MUST be zero.

- <53> Section 2.1.5.6: This is only implemented by the NTFS file system. Other file systems return STATUS\_SUCCESS and perform no other action.
- <54> Section 2.1.5.7: In Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Server 2003, Windows Vista, Windows Server 2008, Windows 7, and Windows Server 2008 R2, NTFS checks for an oplock break even when (**FileOffset** >= **Open.Stream.AllocationSize**).
- <55> Section 2.1.5.9.1: This is only implemented by the NTFS file system.
- <56> Section 2.1.5.9.1: If the generated ObjectId collides with existing ObjectIds on the volume, Windows retries up to 16 times before failing the operation with STATUS\_DUPLICATE\_NAME.
- <57> Section 2.1.5.9.1: The file system only updates **LastChangeTime** if no user has explicitly set **LastChangeTime**. The NTFS and ReFS file systems defer setting **LastChangeTime** until the handle is closed.
- <58> Section 2.1.5.9.2: This is only implemented by the NTFS file system.
- <59> Section 2.1.5.9.2: The file system only updates **LastChangeTime** if no user has explicitly set **LastChangeTime**. The NTFS and ReFS file systems defer setting **LastChangeTime** until the handle is closed.
- <60> Section 2.1.5.9.3: This is only implemented by the NTFS file system.
- <61> Section 2.1.5.9.3: The file system only updates **LastChangeTime** if no user has explicitly set **LastChangeTime**. The NTFS and ReFS file systems defer setting **LastChangeTime** until the handle is closed.
- <62> Section 2.1.5.9.4: FSCTL\_DUPLICATE\_EXTENTS\_TO\_FILE is only supported by the ReFS file system in Windows 10 and Windows Server 2016 ~~Technical Preview~~.
- <63> Section 2.1.5.9.5: If the Open is a directory on a Cluster Shared Volume File System (CSVFS), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_NOT\_IMPLEMENTED.
- <64> Section 2.1.5.9.6: This is only implemented by the ReFS, NTFS, FAT, and exFAT file systems.
- <65> Section 2.1.5.9.6: The NTFS file system sets an NTFS\_STATISTICS structure as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.10.2. The FAT file system sets a FAT\_STATISTICS structure as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.10.3. The EXFAT file system sets a EXFAT\_STATISTICS structure as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.10.4.
- <66> Section 2.1.5.9.7: This is only implemented by the NTFS file system.
- <67> Section 2.1.5.9.7: Some file systems have more efficient mechanisms to obtain a list of files. For instance, NTFS iterates through all base file records of the MFT.
- <68> Section 2.1.5.9.8: This is only implemented by the NTFS and ReFS file systems.
- <69> Section 2.1.5.9.9: This operation is only implemented by the ReFS file system.
- <70> Section 2.1.5.9.10: This is only implemented by the NTFS file system.
- <71> Section 2.1.5.9.10: Several of the fields being set in this section are specific to how the NTFS file system is implemented and are not defined in the Object Stores Abstract Data Model.
- <72> Section 2.1.5.9.12: This is only implemented by the NTFS file system.
- <73> Section 2.1.5.9.13: This is only implemented by the ReFS and NTFS file systems.
- <74> Section 2.1.5.9.18: This is implemented only by the NTFS file system.
- <75> Section 2.1.5.9.19: This is implemented only by the NTFS file system.

- <76> Section 2.1.5.9.20: This is only implemented by the ReFS and NTFS file systems.
- <77> Section 2.1.5.9.21: Support for this FSCTL is only implemented in the FAT file system. The data returned by this FSCTL is incomplete and incorrect on FAT32, and it is unsupported on all other file systems, as specified in [MS-FSCC] section 2.3.41.
- <78> Section 2.1.5.9.23: This is only implemented by the UDFS file system.
- <79> Section 2.1.5.9.24: This is only implemented by the UDFS file system.
- <80> Section 2.1.5.9.25: This is only implemented by the ReFS and NTFS file systems.
- <81> Section 2.1.5.9.25: In Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Server 2003, Windows Vista, Windows Server 2008, Windows 7, Windows Server 2008 R2, Windows 8, and Windows Server 2012, NTFS uses a *MaxMajorVersionSupported* value of 2.
- <82> Section 2.1.5.9.25: In Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Server 2003, Windows Vista, Windows Server 2008, Windows 7 and Windows Server 2008 R2, NTFS ignores the input buffer completely; all requests are treated as having an **InputBufferSize** of 0.
- <83> Section 2.1.5.9.25: In Windows 8 and Windows Server 2012, the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_NOT\_IMPLEMENTED.
- <84> Section 2.1.5.9.26: This file system request is handled by the optional hierarchical storage management (HSM) file system filter. This filter has been deprecated as of Windows Server 2008 and is a server-only feature.
- <85> Section 2.1.5.9.27: If the Open is a directory on a Cluster Shared Volume File System (CSVFS), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_NOT\_IMPLEMENTED.
- <86> Section 2.1.5.9.27: This method is fully supported with NTFS, but for ReFS, it is only supported and returns STATUS\_SUCCESS when **CompressionState** is set to COMPRESSION\_FORMAT\_NONE. The method fails with STATUS\_NOT\_SUPPORTED for any other value of **CompressionState**.
- <87> Section 2.1.5.9.27: NTFS File Compression can be disabled globally on a system by setting the registry key HKLM\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\Control\FileSystem\NtfsDisableCompression to 1 and then rebooting the system to have the change take effect. Compression can be re-enabled by setting this key to zero and rebooting the system.
- <88> Section 2.1.5.9.28: This is only implemented by the UDFS file system on media types that require software defect management.
- <89> Section 2.1.5.9.29: This is only implemented by the NTFS file system.
- <90> Section 2.1.5.9.30: Only ReFS supports integrity.
- <91> Section 2.1.5.9.30: If the Open is a directory on a Cluster Shared Volume File System (CSVFS), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_NOT\_IMPLEMENTED.
- <92> Section 2.1.5.9.30: This is implemented only by the ReFS file system.
- <93> Section 2.1.5.9.31: This is only implemented by the NTFS file system.
- <94> Section 2.1.5.9.31: The file system only updates **LastChangeTime** if no user has explicitly set **LastChangeTime**. The NTFS and ReFS file systems defer setting **LastChangeTime** until the handle is closed.
- <95> Section 2.1.5.9.32: This is only implemented by the NTFS file system.

<96> Section 2.1.5.9.32: The file system only updates LastChangeTime if no user has explicitly set LastChangeTime. The NTFS and ReFS file systems defer setting the LastChangeTime until the handle is closed.

<97> Section 2.1.5.9.33: This is only implemented by the ReFS and NTFS file systems.

<98> Section 2.1.5.9.33: The file system only updates LastChangeTime if no user has explicitly set LastChangeTime. The NTFS and ReFS file systems defer setting the LastChangeTime until the handle is closed.

<99> Section 2.1.5.9.34: WinPE stands for the Windows Preinstallation Environment. For more information please see [MSFT-WinPE].

<100> Section 2.1.5.9.35: If the Open is a directory on a Cluster Shared Volume File System (CSVFS), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_NOT\_IMPLEMENTED.

<101> Section 2.1.5.9.35: This is only implemented by the NTFS file system and by the ReFS file system on non-integrity streams. In Windows 8.1, Windows Server 2012 R2, Windows 10, and Windows Server 2016 ~~Technical Preview~~, ReFS supports this for both conventional and integrity streams.

<102> Section 2.1.5.9.36: If the Open is a directory on a Cluster Shared Volume File System (CSVFS), the operation MUST be failed with STATUS\_NOT\_IMPLEMENTED.

<103> Section 2.1.5.9.36: This is only implemented by the NTFS file system and by the ReFS file system on non-integrity streams. In Windows 8.1, Windows Server 2012 R2, Windows 10, and Windows Server 2016 ~~Technical Preview~~, ReFS supports this for both conventional and integrity streams.

<104> Section 2.1.5.9.37: This is only implemented by the NTFS file system.

<105> Section 2.1.5.9.38: [SIS] (Single Instance Storage) is an optional feature available in the following versions of Windows Server: Windows Storage Server 2003 R2 operating system, Standard Edition, Windows Storage Server 2008, and Windows Storage Server 2008 R2. [SIS] is not supported directly by any of the Windows file systems but is implemented as a file system filter. Please refer to the following article for detailed information about [SIS].

<106> Section 2.1.5.9.38: This is implemented only by the NTFS file system.

<107> Section 2.1.5.9.38: In the Windows environment file system are implemented in kernel mode. If a NULL security context is specified and the originator of the operation is running in kernel mode, a built-in SYSTEM security context is used that grants all access.

<108> Section 2.1.5.9.38: In the Windows environment file system are implemented in kernel mode. If a NULL security context is specified and the originator of the operation is running in kernel mode, a built-in SYSTEM security context is used that grants all access.

<109> Section 2.1.5.9.38: In the Windows environment this is done by creating a new file in what is known as the "SIS Common Store". Reparse points are attached to any file controlled by [SIS] that contains information on how to access the Common Store file that contains the data for this file. Please see the following article about [SIS] for details on how this is implemented.

<110> Section 2.1.5.9.39: This is only implemented by the NTFS file system.

<111> Section 2.1.5.11.5: Only ReFS supports integrity.

<112> Section 2.1.5.11.5: Only ReFS supports integrity.

<113> Section 2.1.5.11.6: Only ReFS supports integrity.

<114> Section 2.1.5.11.6: Only ReFS supports integrity.

<115> Section 2.1.5.11.10: Only NTFS implements EAs.

<116> Section 2.1.5.11.12: This operation is only supported by the NTFS file system.

<117> Section 2.1.5.11.21: Available only in ReFS.

<118> Section 2.1.5.11.21: Available only in ReFS.

<119> Section 2.1.5.11.23: If **Open.Mode** contains neither FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_ALERT nor FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_NONALERT, this operation does not return meaningful information in **OutputBuffer.CurrentByteOffset**, because **Open.CurrentByteOffset** is not maintained for any **Open** that does not have either of those flags set.

<120> Section 2.1.5.11.27: This algorithm is only implemented by NTFS and ReFS. The FAT, EXFAT, CDFS, and UDFS file systems always return 1.

<121> Section 2.1.5.12.5: The following table defines what FileSystemAttributes flags, as defined in [MS-FSCC] section 2.5.1, are set by various Windows file systems and why they are set:

	ReFS	NTFS	FAT	EXFAT	UDFS	CDFS
FILE_SUPPORTS_USN_JOURNAL 0x02000000	Always Set	Set if 3.0 format or higher volume				
FILE_SUPPORTS_OPEN_BY_FILE_ID 0x01000000	Always Set	Always Set			Set if volume mounted read-only	Always Set
FILE_SUPPORTS_EXTENDED_ATTRIBUTES 0x00800000		Always Set				
FILE_SUPPORTS_HARD_LINKS 0x00400000		Always Set			Always Set	
FILE_SUPPORTS_TRANSACTIONS 0x00200000		Set if 3.0 format or higher volume				
FILE_SEQUENTIAL_WRITE_ONCE 0x00100000					Set if volume not mounted read-only	
FILE_READ_ONLY_VOLUME 0x00080000	Set if volume mounted read-only	Set if volume mounted read-only	Set if volume mounted read-only	Set if volume mounted read-only	Set if volume mounted read-only	Always Set
FILE_NAMED_STREAMS 0x00040000		Always Set			Set if 2.0 format or higher	

	ReFS	NTFS	FAT	EXFAT	UDFS	CDFS
FILE_SUPPORTS_ENCRYPTION 0x00020000		Set if 3.0 format or higher volume and encryption is enabled on the system				
FILE_SUPPORTS_OBJECT_IDS 0x00010000		Set if 3.0 format or higher volume				
FILE_VOLUME_IS_COMPRESSED 0x00008000						
FILE_SUPPORTS_REMOTE_STORAGE 0x00000100						
FILE_SUPPORTS_REPARSE_POINTS 0x00000080	Always Set	Set if 3.0 format or higher volume				
FILE_SUPPORTS_SPARSE_FILES 0x00000040		Set if 3.0 format or higher volume				
FILE_VOLUME_QUOTAS 0x00000020		Set if 3.0 format or higher volume				
FILE_FILE_COMPRESSION 0x00000010		Set if volume cluster size is 4K or less				
FILE_PERSISTENT_ACLS 0x00000008	Always Set	Always Set				
FILE_UNICODE_ON_DISK 0x00000004	Always Set	Always Set	Always Set	Always Set	Always Set	Set if Joliet Format
FILE_CASE_PRESERVED_NAMES 0x00000002	Always Set	Always Set	Always Set	Always Set	Always Set	
FILE_CASE_SENSITIVE_SEARCH 0x00000001	Always Set	Always Set			Always Set	Always Set

<122> Section 2.1.5.12.5: The following table defines the MaximumComponentNameLength, as defined in [MS-FSCC] section 2.5.1, that is set by each file system:

	ReFS	NTFS	FAT	EXFAT	UDFS	CDFS
MaximumComponentNameLength Value	255	255	255	255	254	110 if Joliet Format 221 otherwise

<123> Section 2.1.5.12.6: This is implemented only by the NTFS file system.

<124> Section 2.1.5.12.8: ReFS does not implement object IDs.

<125> Section 2.1.5.12.8: This is implemented only by the NTFS file system.

<126> Section 2.1.5.14.1: The following table describes the maximum file size supported by various Windows File Systems.

	ReFS	NTFS	FAT	EXFAT	UDFS	CDFS
MaximumFileSize	$((2^{32})-1) * \text{ClusterSize}$	16 TB for Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Server 2003, Windows Vista, Windows Server 2008, Windows 7, and Windows Server 2008 R2 $((2^{32})-1) * \text{ClusterSize}$ for Windows 8 and Windows Server 2012 $((2^{32}) * \text{ClusterSize}) - 64\text{K}$ for Windows 8.1, Windows Server 2012 R2, Windows 10, and Windows Server 2016 <b>Technical Preview</b> The physical format will support 16 exabytes.	4 GB	16 exabytes	8 TB	8 TB

<127> Section 2.1.5.14.1: The FAT, FAT32, exFAT, and UDFS file systems instead set *NewFileSize* to **min(Open.Stream.Size, InputBuffer.AllocationSize)**.

<128> Section 2.1.5.14.4: The following table describes the maximum file size supported by various Windows File Systems.

	ReFS	NTFS	FAT	EXFAT	UDFS	CDFS
MaximumFileSize	$((2^{32})-1) * \text{ClusterSize}$	16 TB for Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Server 2003, Windows Vista, Windows Server 2008, Windows 7, and Windows Server 2008 R2 $((2^{32})-1) * \text{ClusterSize}$ for Windows 8 and Windows Server 2012 $((2^{32}) * \text{ClusterSize}) - 64\text{K}$ for Windows 8.1, Windows Server 2012 R2, Windows 10, and Windows Server 2016 <b>Technical Preview</b> The physical format will support 16 exabytes.	4 GB	16 exabytes	8 TB	8 TB

<129> Section 2.1.5.14.5: Only NTFS implements EAs.



<130> Section 2.1.5.14.6: In Windows, both the NTFS and UDFS file systems support hard links. UDFS support of hard links was added in Windows Vista and Windows Server 2008. ReFS does not support hard links.

<131> Section 2.1.5.14.9: If **Open.Mode** contains neither FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_ALERT nor FILE\_SYNCHRONOUS\_IO\_NONALERT, this operation does not have any meaningful effect, because **Open.CurrentByteOffset** is not used for any **Open** that does not have either of those flags set.

<132> Section 2.1.5.14.11: The file system only updates **LastChangeTime** if no user has explicitly set **LastChangeTime**. The NTFS and ReFS file systems defer setting **LastChangeTime** until the handle is closed.

<133> Section 2.1.5.14.13: ReFS does not implement short names.

<134> Section 2.1.5.14.14: ValidDataLength is an internal implementation detail of the NTFS file system and the ReFS file system. It is not a notion that exists in other Windows file systems. ValidDataLength, as defined by NTFS and ReFS, refers to a high-watermark in the file that is considered to be initialized data by a user writing in the region or by the file system writing zeros. Any reads within that value are required to return data from the persistent store. Any reads beyond that value are required to return zeros. There is no API to query ValidDataLength, and the API to set ValidDataLength only allows the value to increase from the existing value.

<135> Section 2.1.5.15.6: This is implemented only by the NTFS file system.

<136> Section 2.1.5.15.8: Only NTFS implements object IDs.

<137> Section 2.1.5.15.8: This is only implemented by the NTFS file system.

<138> Section 2.1.5.16: The file system only updates **LastChangeTime** if no user has explicitly set **LastChangeTime**. The NTFS and ReFS file systems defer setting **LastChangeTime** until the handle is closed.

<139> Section 2.1.5.19: In Windows file systems, operations are only cancelable if they are blocked and put on a wait queue of some kind. Operations that are actively being processed are not cancelable.

<140> Section 2.1.5.20: The name of the quota file in the Windows environment is:

\$Extend\%Quota:\$Q:\$INDEX\_ALLOCATION

<141> Section 2.1.5.20: This operation is implemented only by the NTFS file system.

<142> Section 2.1.5.21: The name of the quota file in the Windows environment is:

\$Extend\%Quota:\$Q:\$INDEX\_ALLOCATION

<143> Section 2.1.5.21: This operation is only implemented by the NTFS file system.

## 6 Change Tracking

This section identifies changes that were made to this document since the last release. Changes are classified as New, Major, Minor, Editorial, or No change.

The revision class **New** means that a new document is being released.

The revision class **Major** means that the technical content in the document was significantly revised. Major changes affect protocol interoperability or implementation. Examples of major changes are:

- A document revision that incorporates changes to interoperability requirements or functionality.
- The removal of a document from the documentation set.

The revision class **Minor** means that the meaning of the technical content was clarified. Minor changes do not affect protocol interoperability or implementation. Examples of minor changes are updates to clarify ambiguity at the sentence, paragraph, or table level.

The revision class **Editorial** means that the formatting in the technical content was changed. Editorial changes apply to grammatical, formatting, and style issues.

The revision class **No change** means that no new technical changes were introduced. Minor editorial and formatting changes may have been made, but the technical content of the document is identical to the last released version.

Major and minor changes can be described further using the following change types:

- New content added.
- Content updated.
- Content removed.
- New product behavior note added.
- Product behavior note updated.
- Product behavior note removed.
- New protocol syntax added.
- Protocol syntax updated.
- Protocol syntax removed.
- New content added due to protocol revision.
- Content updated due to protocol revision.
- Content removed due to protocol revision.
- New protocol syntax added due to protocol revision.
- Protocol syntax updated due to protocol revision.
- Protocol syntax removed due to protocol revision.
- Obsolete document removed.

Editorial changes are always classified with the change type **Editorially updated**.

Some important terms used in the change type descriptions are defined as follows:

- **Protocol syntax** refers to data elements (such as packets, structures, enumerations, and methods) as well as interfaces.
- **Protocol revision** refers to changes made to a protocol that affect the bits that are sent over the wire.

The changes made to this document are listed in the following table. For more information, please contact dochelp@microsoft.com.

Section	Tracking number (if applicable) and description	Major change (Y or N)	Change type
2.1.1 Abstract Data Model	72746 : Added ViewIndexFile and ViewIndexStream.	Y	Content update
2.1.1.1 Per Volume	72746 : Added IsPhysicalRoot ADM element.	Y	Content update
2.1.1.2 Per TunnelCacheEntry	Added ObjectIdInfo and removed FileObjectId.	Y	Content update
2.1.1.3 Per File	72746 : Updated the description of the FileType ADM element.	Y	Content update
2.1.1.3 Per File	Added ADM element DomainId.	Y	Content update
2.1.1.5 Per Stream	72746 : Updated the description of the StreamType ADM element.	Y	Content update
2.1.1.5 Per Stream	72826 : Updated the product behavior note by stating that ReFS supports sparse files.	Y	Product behavior note updated
2.1.1.8 Per ChangeNotifyEntry	72746 : Updated the description of the OpenedDirectory ADM element.	Y	Content update
2.1.1.9 Per NotifyEventEntry	Added ADM element FileNameLength and updated FileName.	Y	Content update
2.1.45.1.2.1 Algorithm for Reporting a Change Notification for a Directory or View Index to	73138 : Updated the processing rules for NotifyDataGrantedAccess.DELETE	Y	Content

Section	Tracking number (if applicable) and description	Major change (Y or N)	Change type
<a href="#">Check Access to an Existing File</a>	and <a href="#">NotifyDataLengthSTATUS_SHARING_VIOLATION</a> during the access check.		update
<del>2.1.4.14 AccessCheck— Algorithm to Perform a General Access Check</del>	<del>72825 : Updated the initialization rules when creating a new Token.</del>	<del>Y</del>	<del>Content update</del>
<del>2.1.5.1 Server Requests an Open of a File</del>	<del>72746 : Updated the processing rules in Phases 5, 6, and 7.</del>	<del>Y</del>	<del>Content update</del>
<del>2.1.5.1.1 Creation of a New File</del>	<del>Updated the processing rules for TunnelCacheEntry.ObjectIdInfo.ObjectId.</del>	<del>Y</del>	<del>Content update</del>
<del>2.1.5.1.2 Open of 2 Algorithm to Check Sharing Access to an Existing FileStream or Directory</del>	<del>7274673142 : Updated the processing rules if FileTypeToOpen is set to ViewIndexFilefor Open.GrantedAccess.</del>	<del>Y</del>	<del>Content update</del>
<del>2.1.5.4 Server Requests Closing an Open</del>	<del>72746 : Updated the processing rules in Phase 5.</del>	<del>Y</del>	<del>Content update</del>
<del>2.1.5.4 Server Requests Closing an Open</del>	<del>Updated the processing rules for TunnelCacheEntry.</del>	<del>Y</del>	<del>Content update</del>
<del>2.1.5.4 Server Requests Closing an Open</del>	<del>73088 : Clarified Phase1— Delete on Close behavior.</del>	<del>Y</del>	<del>Content update</del>
<del>2.1.5.9.1 FSCTL_CREATE_OR_GET_OBJECT_ID</del>	<del>72746 : Updated the processing rules for sending a directory change notification.</del>	<del>Y</del>	<del>Content update</del>
<del>2.1.5.9.122 FSCTL_CREATE_OR_GET_OBJECT_IDQUERY_FILE_REGIONS</del>	<del>Updated the processing rulescontent for creating a FILE_OBJECTID_INFORMATION structurethis version of Windows and Windows Server.</del>	<del>Y</del>	<del>Content update</del>
<del>2.1.5.9.2 FSCTL_DELETE_OBJECT_ID</del>	<del>72746 : Updated the processing rules for sending a directory change notification.</del>	<del>Y</del>	<del>Content update</del>
<del>2.1.5.9.2 FSCTL_DELETE_OBJECT_ID</del>	<del>Updated the processing rules for creating a FILE_OBJECTID_INFORMATION structure.</del>	<del>Y</del>	<del>Content update</del>

Section	Tracking number (if applicable) and description	Major change (Y or N)	Change type
<del>2.1.5.9.12 FSCTL_GET_OBJECT_ID</del>	<del>Updated the processing rules for OutputBuffer.DomainId.</del>	<del>Y</del>	<del>Content update</del>
<del>2.1.5.9.31 FSCTL_SET_OBJECT_ID</del>	<del>72746 : Updated the processing rules for sending a directory change notification.</del>	<del>Y</del>	<del>Content update</del>
<del>2.1.5.9.31 FSCTL_SET_OBJECT_ID</del>	<del>Updated the processing rules for creating a FILE_OBJECTID_INFORMATION structure.</del>	<del>Y</del>	<del>Content update</del>
<del>2.1.5.10 Server Requests Change Notifications for a Directory</del>	<del>72746 : Updated the type of Open provided by the application.</del>	<del>Y</del>	<del>Content update</del>
<del>2.1.5.14.1 FileAllocationInformation</del>	<del>73022 : Clarified FAT/FAT32/exFAT/UDFS file allocation behavior different from NTFS/REFS.</del>	<del>N</del>	<del>New product behavior note added.</del>
<del>2.1.5.14.11 FileRenameInformation</del>	<del>Updated the processing rules for FunnelCacheEntry.ObjectIdInfo.ObjectId.</del>	<del>Y</del>	<del>Content update</del>
<del>2.1.5.14.11 FileRenameInformation</del>	<del>73042 : Updated the processing rules for renaming a file.</del>	<del>Y</del>	<del>Content update</del>
<del>2.1.5.17 Server Requests an Oplock</del>	<del>72851 : Changed LEVEL_EXCLUSIVE to LEVEL_ONE.</del>	<del>Y</del>	<del>Content update</del>
<del>2.1.5.17.1 Algorithm to Request an Exclusive Oplock</del>	<del>72850 : Changed Open.Stream.Oplock.State.RHBreakQueue to Open.Stream.Oplock.RHBreakQueue.</del>	<del>Y</del>	<del>Content update</del>
<del>2.1.5.17.1 Algorithm to Request an Exclusive Oplock</del>	<del>72849 : Updated the processing rules if Open.Stream.Oplock.State is equal to LEVEL_TWO_OPLOCK.</del>	<del>Y</del>	<del>Content update</del>

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