[MS-EMFPLUS]: Enhanced Metafile Format Plus Extensions

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1 Introduction

This is a specification of the Enhanced Metafile Format Plus Extensions (EMF+) structure. The **EMF+** structure specifies a **metafile** format that can store a picture in device-independent form. The stored picture can be rendered by parsing and processing the metafile.

An EMF+ metafile is a series of variable-length records, called EMF+ records, that contain graphics drawing commands, object definitions, and properties. The metafile begins with a header record, which includes the metafile version, its size, the resolution of the device on which the picture was created, and the dimensions of the picture. An EMF+ metafile is "played back" when its records are converted to a format understood by a specific graphics device. An image defined in an EMF+ structure maintains its dimensions, shape, and proportions on any output device, including printers, plotters, and desktops, or in the client areas of applications.

Sections 1.7 and 2 of this specification are normative and can contain the terms MAY, SHOULD, MUST, MUST NOT, and SHOULD NOT as defined in RFC 2119. All other sections and examples in this specification are informative.

1.1 Glossary

The following terms are defined in [MS-GLOS]:

American National Standards Institute (ANSI) character set ASCII **Bezier curve** big-endian device driver enhanced metafile format (EMF) enhanced metafile format plus extensions (EMF+) enhanced metafile spool format (EMFSPOOL) globally unique identifier (GUID) **Graphics Device Interface (GDI)** Graphics Device Interface, Extended (GDI+) Image Color Management (ICM) little-endian PostScript spool file Unicode UTF-16LE (Unicode Transformation Format, 16-bits, little-endian) Windows metafile format (WMF)

The following terms are specific to this document:

- **affine transform:** A matrix operation that consists of a linear **transform** followed by a **translation**. An affine transform can be used to correct perspective distortions by transforming the measurements from **world space** to **device space** coordinates.
- **alpha:** A measure of transparency using numbers between zero and one, where zero means completely transparent and one means completely opaque. Each pixel has an alpha value that represents its level of transparency.
- **alpha blending:** In computer graphics, the process of combining an image with a background to create the appearance of partial transparency. The extent of blending is determined by the value of the **alpha** component of the color being rendered.

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- **anti-aliasing:** The smoothing of the jagged appearance of font characters and lines, which is an artifact of the limited resolution on an output device. The pixels that surround the edges of the character glyph or line are changed to varying shades of color in order to blend the sharp edge into the background.
- **ascent:** The distance that characters of a font **typeface** extend above the top of a lower-case "x".
- **baseline:** The imaginary line to which the bottom of the lower-case "x" character in a font **typeface** is aligned.
- **bitmap:** A collection of structures that contains a representation of a graphical image.
- black saturation: The low end of the range of saturation for a color channel.
- **blur effect:** An **image effect** that is used to remove detail, resulting in an image that appears as if viewed through a translucent lens. A Gaussian blur uses a Gaussian distribution to calculate changes to individual pixels in the image. A Gaussian distribution is a statistical probability distribution that produces a "bell curve".
- **box filter:** An **anti-aliasing** algorithm that averages the pixels in a rectangular area to compute a new value for the pixels. It is useful only for reducing the size of images.
- brightness: The relative lightness or darkness of an image, or of a particular color in an image.
- **brightness contrast effect:** An **image effect** that is used to change the **intensity** of an image by expanding or contracting the lightest and darkest areas of an image.
- cardinal spline: A spline with curves that pass smoothly through each point that defines it.
- **cell height:** A vertical measure of font size, which is the sum of the font height and **internal leading**. It might not be the same as the distance between two lines of text.
- **ClearType:** A font technology developed by Microsoft that can display fractions of pixels of character glyphs and that improves the readability of text on liquid crystal displays (LCDs) and flat-panel monitors.
- **closed cardinal spline:** A **cardinal spline** with a curve that passes through the last defined point and connects with the first.
- **color balance effect:** An **image effect** that produces optimal color display by adjusting the relative amounts of red, green, and blue in the image.
- color channel: A component color from which all colors in an image are rendered. In an RGB color space, there are color channels for red, green, and blue. In a grayscale color space, the color channels are black and white. Color channel values typically range from 0 to 255.
- **color curve:** A graphical mechanism for displaying and adjusting color measurements of an image. The points on a color curve correspond to the pure colors in a **color space**.
- color curve effect: An image effect that is used to apply one of eight adjustments to the color curve of an image: exposure, density, contrast, highlight, shadow, midtone, white saturation, and black saturation.
- color lookup table effect: An image effect that is used to make custom color adjustments to images. A lookup table is defined for four individual color channels: alpha (transparency), red, green, and blue. Each lookup table is an array of 256 bytes that can be set to specific values.

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color mapping: The process of associating integer color indices with color channel values.

- **color matrix:** A matrix of floating-point values from zero to one, inclusive, that can be multiplied with a **color vector** to effect a color **transform**. A 4x4 matrix can be used to perform linear **transforms**, and a 5x5 matrix can be used to perform nonlinear **transforms**.
- **color matrix effect:** An **image effect** that uses a 5x5 **color matrix** to perform an **affine transform** to the **color vectors** of an image.
- color space: A mapping of color components in a multidimensional coordinate space. The number of dimensions is generally two, three, or four. For example, grayscales can be mapped to a two-dimensional color space. However, if colors are expressed as an RGB combination, a three-dimensional space is required to describe all possible colors. If alpha transparency is considered one of the components of a color along with RGB, four dimensions are appropriate.
- **color vector:** An **RGB** plus **alpha** value that represents a specific color and transparency. Each value is in the range of zero to one, inclusive; for red, green and blue, zero means no **intensity** of the color and one means maximum **intensity**.
- **color wheel:** An organization of color **hues** around a circle, showing relationships between colors considered to be primary, secondary, and complementary. In an **RGB color space**, red, green, and blue primary colors are arranged at equally spaced points around the circle. Magenta, yellow, and cyan secondary colors and tertiary mixtures are located at intermediate points on the circle. The center is white or gray.
- **compositing:** The process that takes place during image rendering, which combines color data from multiple graphics **regions**.

contrast: The relative difference between lightness and darkness in an area of an image.

- coordinate space: A space based on Cartesian coordinates, which provides a means of specifying the location of each point in the space. A two-dimensional coordinate space requires two axes that are perpendicular and equal in length. Three two-dimensional coordinate spaces are generally used to describe an output surface: world, page, and device. To scale device-independent output for a particular physical device, a rectangular area in the world or page coordinate space is mapped into the device coordinate space using a transform.
- **density:** A measure of image opacity; that is, the amount of light that passes through photographic film at a particular location.
- **device context:** A collection of properties and objects that defines a dynamic environment for processes on a device. For graphics output, properties include brush style, line style, text layout, foreground and background colors, and **mapping mode**; and objects include a brush, pen, font, **palette**, **region**, and **transform matrix**. Multiple device contexts can exist simultaneously, but a single **playback device_context** specifies the environment for graphics output at a particular point in time during **metafile** playback.
- **device-independent bitmap (DIB):** A container for bitmapped image data, which specifies graphics characteristics such that the **bitmap** can be created in one application and loaded and displayed in another application, while retaining an identical appearance.
- **device space:** The output space for graphics **transforms**. It usually refers to the client area of an application window; however, it can also include the entire desktop, a complete window, or a page of printer or plotter paper. Physical device space dimensions vary according to the dimensions set by the display, printer, or plotter technology.

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dithering: A form of digital halftoning.

- **em size:** A measure of font size, which is the **cell height** minus the **internal leading**. An "em" is a term that has been used historically as a unit of typeset size.
- Exchangeable Image File Format (EXIF): A de facto standard format for storing files containing digital photographic images and audio files. EXIF uses existing formats for data compression, including JPEG and TIFF; but it is not supported by older versions of JPEG, PNG, or GIF. EXIF specifies metadata tags for storing information about a photographic image, including camera make and model, shutter speed, exposure compensation, F-stop, the metering system, whether a flash was used, the date and time the photograph was taken, auxiliary lenses that were used, the resolution, and a thumbnail image for previewing the photograph.

EXIF is specified in [EXIF].

- **exposure:** A measure of the amount of light in which a photographic image is recorded. Overexposed images are lighter than normal; underexposed images are darker than normal.
- **font axis:** A property of font design that can assume a linear range of values. In general, a font has multiple axes. For example, a font can define an axis for **weight**, along which the possible values for that property are defined.
- **font family:** A group of fonts that have the same **typeface** but different styles. For example, the fonts Arial Regular and Arial Bold are two different fonts in the Arial family.
- **gamma:** The way **brightness** is distributed across the **intensity** spectrum by a graphics device. Depending on the device, the gamma can have a significant effect on the way colors are perceived. Technically, gamma is an expression of the relationship between input voltage and resulting output **intensity**. A perfect linear device would have a gamma of 1.0; a monitor or printer typically has a gamma in the range of 1.8 to 2.6, which affects midrange **tones**.
- **gamma correction:** An adjustment to the light **intensity** of a graphics device, in order to match the output more closely to the original image.
- gradient line: The line in a color space along which color variation is greatest.
- **Graphics Interchange Format (GIF):** A compression format that supports device-independent transmission and interchange of bitmapped image data. The format uses a **palette** of up to 256 distinct colors from the 24-bit **RGB color space**. It also supports animations and allows a separate **palette** of 256 colors for each frame. The color limitation makes the GIF format unsuitable for reproducing color photographs and other images with gradients of color, but it is well-suited for simpler images such as graphics with solid areas of color.
- **grayscale:** A continuum of shades of gray used to represent an image. Continuous-**tone** images, such as black-and-white photographs, can use more shades of gray than conventional computer hardware and software can represent. Grayscaling is the process of converting a continuous-**tone** image to pixel values that a computer can manipulate.

Note that grayscaling is different from **dithering**. **Dithering** simulates shades of gray by altering the **density** and pattern of black dots and white dots. In grayscaling, each individual dot can have a different shade of gray.

halftoning: The process of converting **grayscale** or continuous-**tone** graphics to a representation with a discrete number of gray or color levels.

highlight: The lightest tones in an image.

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- **hotkey prefix:** In a graphical user interface, the underlined letter in a word that can be pressed in combination with another key, such as the Alt key, to activate the functionality that the word represents.
- **hue:** A color as defined by its name, such as "blue". More precisely, hue is defined as the coordinates of a color in a **color space**, which specify the relative magnitudes along its axes.
- **hue saturation lightness effect:** An **image effect** that is used to identify the basic color properties of an image, including **hue**, **saturation**, and **lightness**.
- image effect: A graphics process for changing the appearance of an image to produce a specific effect, including applying a transform, improving the quality of rendering, emphasizing or hiding a feature, creating a style, accounting for device limitations, and changing colors. The image effects specified in EMF+ metafiles include blur, brightness contrast, color balance, color curve, color lookup table, color matrix, hue saturation lightness, levels, red-eye correction, sharpen, and tint.

intensity: The magnitude of a component color in the **color space**.

- **internal leading:** The amount of space inside a character cell, within the bounds set by the font **ascent**. Accent marks can occur in this area.
- **Joint Photographic Experts Group (JPEG):** A standard, still-image format that provides useful compression capabilities. JPEG is widely used for photographic images, but it is not as well suited for compressing charts and diagrams, because text can become fuzzy.

JPEG is specified in [JFIF].

- **levels effect:** An **image effect** that is used to apply **highlight**, **midtone**, or **shadow** adjustments to an image. **Highlights** are the light parts of an image, **shadows** are the dark parts, and **midtones** are the colors that occupy the middle of the tonal range between the **highlights** and the **shadows**.
- **lightness:** The **brightness** or **intensity** of a color, from dark to light; or more precisely, the magnitude of the coordinates of a point in a **color space**.

line cap: The shape to use at the end of a line drawn by a graphics pen.

- **mapping mode:** A **scaling transform** that specifies the orientation of the axes and size of the units used for drawing operations. The mapping mode defines the way in which logical **page space** coordinates are mapped to **device space** coordinates.
- **metafile:** A collection of structures that can store an image in an application-independent format. The stored image can be recreated by processing the metafile structures. A metafile contains a sequence of drawing commands, object definitions, and configuration settings. The commands, objects, and settings recorded in a metafile can be used to render its content on a display as output by a printer or plotter, stored in memory, or saved to a file or stream.

midtone: The tones in an image between highlight and shadow.

miter length: The miter length at the intersection of two lines is the distance from the intersection of the line walls on the inside of the join to the intersection of the line walls on the outside of the join. The miter length can be large when the angle between two lines is small. If the miter length of the join of the intersection exceeds a specified limit, the join can be beveled to keep it within the limit of the join of the intersection.

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- **OpenGL:** A software API for graphics hardware that supports the rendering of multidimensional graphical objects. The Microsoft implementation of OpenGL for the Windows operating system provides industry-standard graphics software for creating high-quality still and animated three-dimensional color images. See <u>[OPENGL]</u> for further information.
- **page space:** The next logical space closer to the mapping of a physical device after **world space**. It determines the **mapping mode**. Page space is defined with device-independent units, such as millimeters or inches.
- **palette:** An array of values, each element of which contains the definition of a color. The color elements in a palette are often indexed so that clients can refer to the colors, each of which can occupy 24 bits or more, by a number that requires less storage space.
- **path:** A graphics object that is a container for a series of line and curve segments and **regions** in an image.
- **playback device context:** The **device context** that defines the graphics state during playback of the **metafile**. Although the data in an **EMF metafile** is device-independent, playback is always associated with an output device with specific properties, such as resolution, color support, etc.
- **Portable Network Graphics (PNG):** A format for bitmapped image data that provides graphics features such as 48-bit color, **alpha** channels, built-in **gamma correction**, data compression, and the ability to display at one resolution and print at another.

PNG is specified in [RFC2083].

- **raster operation:** The process of combining the bits in a source **bitmap** with the bits in a destination **bitmap**.
- **red-eye correction effect:** An **image effect** that is used to correct the red eyes that sometimes occur in flash photographs as a result of the reflection of light from the flash.
- **reflection transform:** A type of **world space** to **page space transforms** that is used to create a mirror image of an object with respect to either the horizontal or vertical axis.
- region: A graphics object that is nonrectilinear in shape and is defined by an array of scanlines.
- **RGB:** red-green-blue (RGB): A **color space** in which red, green, and blue are combined in various ways to reproduce other colors.
- **rotation transform:** A type of **world space** to **page space transforms** that is used to rotate an object. When rotation occurs, the points that make up an object are rotated with respect to the **coordinate space** origin.
- **Run-Length Encoding (RLE) compression:** A form of data compression in which repeated values are represented by a count and a single instance of the value. Applied to a **bitmap**, RLE compression can significantly reduce disk and memory space requirements.

See [MS-WMF] section 3.1.6 for more information.

saturation: The "purity" of a hue; or, more precisely, the intensity of one color channel relative to the intensity of the other color channels. Maximum saturation occurs when the intensity of a particular color channel is maximum and the intensities of the other color channels are minimum. Minimum saturation occurs when the intensities of all color channels are the same.

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- scaling transform: A type of world space to page space transforms that is used to stretch or compress an object horizontally or vertically.
- shadow: The darkest tones in an image.
- **sharpen effect:** An **image effect** that is used to adjust the sharpness of an image. Sharpening increases image **contrast** by enhancing the definition of the image edges.
- **shear transform:** A type of **world space** to **page space transform** that is used to shear or cut an object. There are two components of a shearing **transform**. The first alters the vertical lines in an object, and the second alters the horizontal lines.
- **spline:** A sequence of individual curves joined to form a larger curve. A spline is specified by an array of points and a tension parameter.
- **Tag Image File Format (TIFF):** A format for bitmapped image data that comes from scanners, frame grabbers, and photo-retouching applications. It supports the exchange of image data between applications, taking advantage of the varying capabilities of imaging devices, with respect to **grayscale** and **palettes** in several **color spaces**. TIFF supports a number of compression schemes that allow the choice of the best space or time tradeoff for applications.

TIFF is specified in [RFC3302] and [TIFF].

- **tent filter:** A filtering algorithm in which pixels around a target pixel are weighted linearly based on their distance from the center of the target pixel.
- **terminal server:** The computer on which nearly all computing resources reside that are used in a terminal services networking environment. The terminal server receives and processes keystrokes and mouse movements that take place on the client computer. The terminal server displays the desktop and running applications within a window on the client computer.
- **text hinting:** A mathematical process for adjusting the display of a font so that it lines up with a grid of pixels. At small screen sizes, hinting produces clearer text.
- **tint:** The amount of a neutral color, such as black or white, that is mixed with another color. Changing the tint increases or decreases the **lightness** and **saturation**, and leaves the **hue** unchanged.
- tint effect: An image effect that is used to apply a tint to an image. A tint is created by adding white to a color.
- tone: The amount of intensity of a color. See lightness.
- **transform or transformation:** An algorithm that transforms the size, orientation, and shape of objects that are copied from one **coordinate space** into another. Although a transform affects an object as a whole, it is applied to each point, or to each line, in the object.
- **translation transform:** A type of **world space** to **page space transforms** that is used to shift each point in an object vertically, horizontally, or both, by a specified amount.
- **TrueType:** A scalable font technology that renders fonts for both the printer and the screen. Originally developed by Apple, it was enhanced jointly by Apple and Microsoft. Each TrueType font contains its own algorithms for converting printer outlines into screen **bitmaps**, which means both the outline and **bitmap** information is converted to pixels from the same font data. The lower-level language embedded within the TrueType fonts allows great flexibility in their design.

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typeface: The primary design of a set of printed characters, such as Courier, Helvetica, and Times Roman. A font is the particular implementation and variation of the typeface, such as normal, bold, or italic. The distinguishing characteristic of a typeface is often the presence or absence of serifs.

weight: A property of a font that specifies the degree of emphasis or boldness of the characters.

white saturation: The high end of the range of saturation for a color channel.

world space: The most abstract logical coordinate space for graphics transforms. It allows scaling, translation, rotation, shearing, and reflection.

MAY, SHOULD, MUST, SHOULD NOT, MUST NOT: These terms (in all caps) are used as specified in [RFC2119]. All statements of optional behavior use either MAY, SHOULD, or SHOULD NOT.

1.2 References

References to Microsoft Open Specifications documentation do not include a publishing year because links are to the latest version of the documents, which are updated frequently. References to other documents include a publishing year when one is available.

A reference marked "(Archived)" means that the reference document was either retired and is no longer being maintained or was replaced with a new document that provides current implementation details. We archive our documents online [Windows Protocol].

1.2.1 Normative References

We conduct frequent surveys of the normative references to assure their continued availability. If you have any issue with finding a normative reference, please contact <u>dochelp@microsoft.com</u>. We will assist you in finding the relevant information. Please check the archive site, <u>http://msdn2.microsoft.com/en-us/library/E4BD6494-06AD-4aed-9823-445E921C9624</u>, as an additional source.

[EXIF] Standard of Japan Electronics and Information Technology Industries Association (JEITA), "Exchangeable image File Format for Digital Still Cameras (EXIF)", Version 2.2, April, 2002, http://www.exif.org/Exif2-2.PDF

[GIF] Compuserve, Inc., "Graphics Interchange Format", 1989, http://www.piclist.com/techref/fileext/gif/gif89a.htm

[ICC] International Color Consortium, "Image Technology Colour Management - Architecture, Profile Format, and Data Structure", Specification ICC.1:2004-10, May 2006, <u>http://www.color.org/icc_specs2.xalter</u>

[IEC-RGB] International Electrotechnical Commission, "Colour Measurement and Management in Multimedia Systems and Equipment - Part 2-1: Default RGB Colour Space - sRGB", May 1998, http://www.colour.org/tc8-05/Docs/colorspace/61966-2-1.pdf

[ISO/IEC-8859-1] International Organization for Standardization, "Information Technology -- 8-Bit Single-Byte Coded Graphic Character Sets -- Part 1: Latin Alphabet No. 1", ISO/IEC 8859-1, 1998, http://www.iso.org/iso/home/store/catalogue_tc/catalogue_detail.htm?csnumber=28245

Note There is a charge to download the specification.

[JFIF] Hamilton, E., "JPEG File Interchange Format, Version 1.02", September 1992, http://www.w3.org/Graphics/JPEG/jfif.txt

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[MS-DTYP] Microsoft Corporation, "Windows Data Types".

[MS-EMF] Microsoft Corporation, "Enhanced Metafile Format".

[MS-WMF] Microsoft Corporation, "<u>Windows Metafile Format</u>".

[OPENGL] Segal, M. and Akeley, K., "The OpenGL Graphics System: A Specification, Version 2.1", December 2006, <u>http://www.opengl.org/registry/doc/glspec21.20061201.pdf</u>

[RFC2083] Boutell, T., "PNG (Portable Network Graphics) Specification Version 1.0", RFC 2083, March 1997, <u>http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2083.txt</u>

[RFC2119] Bradner, S., "Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels", BCP 14, RFC 2119, March 1997, <u>http://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc2119.txt</u>

[RFC3302] Parsons, G., and Rafferty, J., "Tag Image File Format (TIFF) - image/tiff MIME Sub-Type Registration", RFC 3302, September 2002, <u>http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc3302.txt</u>

[TIFF] Adobe Developers Association, "TIFF 6.0 Specification", June 1992, http://partners.adobe.com/public/developer/en/tiff/TIFF6.pdf

[W3C-PNG] World Wide Web Consortium, "Portable Network Graphics (PNG) Specification, Second Edition", November 2003, <u>http://www.w3.org/TR/PNG</u>

1.2.2 Informative References

[MS-EMFSPOOL] Microsoft Corporation, "Enhanced Metafile Spool Format".

[MS-GLOS] Microsoft Corporation, "Windows Protocols Master Glossary".

[MS-LCID] Microsoft Corporation, "Windows Language Code Identifier (LCID) Reference".

[MSDN-GDI+] Microsoft Corporation, "GDI+", <u>http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms533798.aspx</u>

1.3 Overview

1.3.1 Metafile Structure

EMF+ defines a set of graphical images and text using commands, objects, and properties similar to Windows **GDI**+ [MSDN-GDI+]. EMF+ metafiles are portable, device-independent containers for graphical images, and they are used for sending commands and objects to output devices, such as displays and printers, that support the drawing of images and text. The device or media that receives such a metafile can be located on a network, or it can be connected directly to the computer running the operating system on which the metafile is created.

EMF+ metafiles are actually a form of **EMF** metafile in which <u>EMF+ records</u> are embedded in <u>EMF</u> records. Embedding EMF+ records in EMF metafiles is possible because of the EMF capability to embed arbitrary private data in certain types of records. This is illustrated by the figure that follows. Note that multiple EMF+ records can be embedded in a single EMF record.

The EMF record in which arbitrary private data can be embedded is called an EMF "Comment" record. The form of EMF <u>Comment</u> record that contains embedded EMF+ records is called <u>EMR COMMENT EMFPLUS</u>, and is specified in <u>[MS-EMF]</u> section 2.3.3.2.

As shown in the following figure, the first EMF+ record in the metafile, the EMF+ <u>Header</u> record (section <u>2.3.3.3</u>), is embedded within the first EMF record following the EMF <u>Header</u> record (section

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2.3.4.2); and the last EMF+ record, the EMF+ End-of-File record, is embedded within the EMF record immediately preceding the EMF End-of-File record.

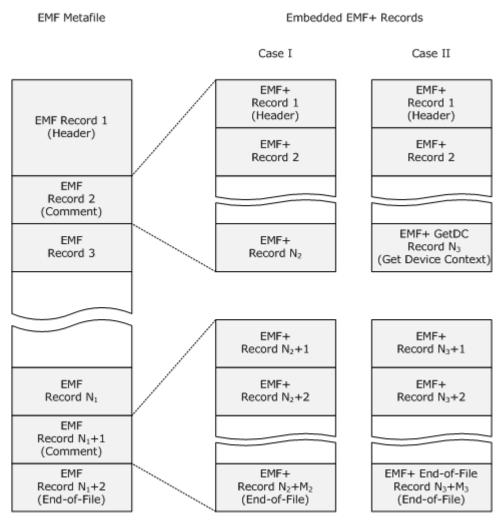




Figure 1: EMF+ metafiles

In the EMF metafile in this figure, Case I shows a group of EMF+ records, followed by some EMF records, followed by another group of EMF+ records; and Case II shows a group of EMF+ records terminated by an <u>EMF+ Get Device Context</u> record, followed by some EMF records, followed by another group of EMF+ records. The presence or absence of the EMF+ Get Device Context record can determine how the metafile is processed.<1>Device contexts are described elsewhere in this specification.

The EMF+ Header record contains flags that distinguish between two different types of EMF+ metafile:

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- Metafiles identified as "EMF+ Only" can contain both EMF+ records and EMF records. All EMF+ records are used to render the image, but only EMF records are processed that are bracketed by an EMF+ Get Device Context record and the next group of EMF+ records—Case II in the figure above. EMF record processing stops when the next EMF+ record of any type is encountered. If an EMF+ Get Device Context record is not present in the metafile, as in Case I, EMF records cannot be processed at all.
- Metafiles identified as "EMF+ Dual" can also contain both EMF+ records and EMF records. Either type of record can be used to render the image, only EMF+ records, or only EMF records. In fact, an EMF+ Dual metafile can contain two complete specifications of an image: one using EMF+ records, and the other using EMF records. This feature makes it possible to render an image with different levels of graphics support in the operating system. However, only one or the other type of records is processed.

Note EMF+ should not be considered an extension to the EMF feature set; that is, EMF+ does not define new EMF records. EMF+ is semantically a completely separate, independent format. EMF+ records define graphical images and text using commands, objects, and properties of GDI+.

1.3.2 Byte Ordering

Data in the EMF+ metafile records are stored in little-endian format.

Some computer architectures number bytes in a binary word from left to right, which is referred to as **big-endian**. The byte numbering used for bitfields in this specification is big-endian. Other architectures number the bytes in a binary word from right to left, which is referred to as little-endian. The byte numbering used for enumerations, objects, and records in this specification is little-endian.

Using the big-endian and little-endian methods, the number 0x12345678 would be stored as shown in the following table.

Byte order	Byte 0	Byte 1	Byte 2	Byte 3
Big-endian	0x12	0x34	0x56	0x78
Little-endian	0x78	0x56	0x34	0x12

1.4 Relationship to Protocols and Other Structures

The following formats define metafile structures that are directly or indirectly related to the EMF+ metafile structure:

- **WMF**, as specified in <u>[MS-WMF]</u>, is the 16-bit predecessor to EMF+; WMF metafiles can be embedded in EMF+ metafiles.
- EMF, as specified in [MS-EMF], is the predecessor to EMF+; EMF+ metafiles are embedded in EMF metafiles.
- **EMF spool** as specified in [MS-EMFSPOOL]; EMF metafiles can be embedded in EMF **spool files**.

1.5 Applicability Statement

Structures that are compliant with the EMF+ can be used as portable, system-independent containers for images. The graphics supported in EMF+ metafiles are applicable to document content representation, including printing and plotting.

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1.6 Versioning and Localization

This specification covers versioning issues in the following areas:

Structure Versions: Multiple versions of the EMF+ metafiles exist. For more information, see the **GraphicsVersion enumeration (section 2.1.1.12)**.

Localization: EMF+ structures define the following locale-specific data:

- Language identifiers that correspond to natural languages in locales, including countries, geographical regions, and administrative districts. For more information, see the LanguageIdentifier enumeration (section 2.1.1.17). For information concerning Windows version support for language identifiers, see [MS-LCID].
- String digit substitution values specify how to substitute digits in a string according to a locale or language. For more information, see the <u>StringDigitSubstitute enumeration (section</u> <u>2.1.1.30</u>).

1.7 Vendor-Extensible Fields

The EMF+ metafile format includes the following vendor-extensible fields:

- Arbitrary private data in an <u>EmfPlusComment record (section 2.3.2.1)</u>.
- The graphics version in an <u>EmfPlusGraphicsVersion object (section 2.2.2.19)</u>.
- The language identifier in an EmfPlusLanguageIdentifier object (section 2.2.2.23).
- Digit substitution in an EmfPlusStringFormat object (section 2.2.1.9).

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2 Structures

This section specifies the EMF+ structures and how they are serialized in a metafile. EMF+ structures are grouped into the following categories:

Name	Section	Description
EMF+ Constants	<u>2.1</u>	Specify enumerations, bit flags, and standard identifiers.
EMF+ Objects	<u>2.2</u>	Specify graphics objects, structure objects, and image effects objects.
EMF+ Records	<u>2.3</u>	Specify the format of metafile records, which define graphics operations and manage the playback_device context.

This protocol references commonly used data types as defined in [MS-DTYP].

2.1 EMF+ Constants

This section specifies the EMF+ Constants, which are grouped into the following categories:

Name	Section	Description
Enumeration constant types	<u>2.1.1</u>	Specify numeric constants used in EMF+ objects and records.
Bit Flag constant types	<u>2.1.2</u>	Specify properties and options for EMF+ objects and records. In general, bit flags can be combined with Boolean OR operations.
Standard Identifier constant types	<u>2.1.3</u>	Specify Globally Unique Identifiers (GUIDs) for EMF+ objects and records.

2.1.1 Enumeration Constant Types

The EMF+ Enumeration Constants specify numeric constants that are used in EMF+ objects and records.

Name	Section	Description
RecordType	<u>2.1.1.1</u>	Defines record types used in EMF+ metafiles.
BitmapDataType	<u>2.1.1.2</u>	Defines types of bitmap data formats.
BrushType	<u>2.1.1.3</u>	Defines types of graphics brushes, which are used to fill graphics regions .
CombineMode	<u>2.1.1.4</u>	Defines modes for combining two graphics regions.
CompositingMode	<u>2.1.1.5</u>	Defines modes for combining source colors with background colors. The compositing mode represents the enable state of alpha blending .
CompositingQuality	<u>2.1.1.6</u>	Defines levels of quality for creating composite images.

The following types of enumerations are defined:

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Name	Section	Description
CurveAdjustments	2.1.1.7	Defines color curve effects that can be applied to an image.
CurveChannel	2.1.1.8	Defines color channels that can be affected by a color curve effect adjustment to an image.
CustomLineCapDataType	<u>2.1.1.9</u>	Defines types of custom line cap data, which specify styles and shapes for the ends of graphics lines.
DashedLineCapType	<u>2.1.1.10</u>	Defines types of line caps to use at the ends of dashed lines that are drawn with graphics pens.
FilterType	<u>2.1.1.11</u>	Defines types of filtering algorithms that can be used for text and graphics quality enhancement and image rendering.
GraphicsVersion	<u>2.1.1.12</u>	Defines versions of operating system graphics that are used to create EMF+ metafiles.
HatchStyle	<u>2.1.1.13</u>	Defines hatch patterns used by graphics brushes. A hatch pattern consists of a solid background color and lines drawn over the background.
HotkeyPrefix	2.1.1.14	Defines output options for hotkey prefixes in graphics text.
ImageDataType	2.1.1.15	Defines types of image data formats.
InterpolationMode	<u>2.1.1.16</u>	Defines ways to perform scaling , including stretching and shrinking.
LanguageIdentifier	<u>2.1.1.17</u>	Defines identifiers for natural languages in locales, including countries, geographical regions, and administrative districts.
LineCapType	<u>2.1.1.18</u>	Defines types of line caps to use at the ends of lines that are drawn with graphics pens.
LineJoinType	<u>2.1.1.19</u>	Defines ways to join two lines that are drawn by the same graphics pen and whose ends meet.
LineStyle	<u>2.1.1.20</u>	Defines styles of lines that are drawn with graphics pens.
MetafileDataType	<u>2.1.1.21</u>	Defines types of metafiles data that can be embedded in an EMF+ metafile.
ObjectType	<u>2.1.1.22</u>	Defines types of graphics objects that can be created and used in graphics operations.
PathPointType	<u>2.1.1.23</u>	Defines types of points on a graphics path .
PenAlignment	2.1.1.24	Defines the distribution of the width of the pen with respect to the line being drawn.
PixelFormat	2.1.1.25	Defines pixel formats that are supported in EMF+ bitmaps.
PixelOffsetMode	<u>2.1.1.26</u>	Defines how pixels are offset, which specifies the trade-off between rendering speed and quality.
RegionNodeDataType	2.1.1.27	Defines types of region node data.
SmoothingMode	2.1.1.28	Defines types of smoothing to apply to lines, curves and the edges

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Name	Section	Description
		of filled areas to make them appear more continuous or sharply defined.
StringAlignment	<u>2.1.1.29</u>	Defines ways to align strings with respect to a text layout rectangle.
StringDigitSubstitution	<u>2.1.1.30</u>	Defines ways to substitute digits in a string according to a user's locale or language.
StringTrimming	<u>2.1.1.31</u>	Defines how to trim characters from a string that is too large for the text layout rectangle.
TextRenderingHint	<u>2.1.1.32</u>	Defines types of text hinting and anti-aliasing , which affects the quality of text rendering.
UnitType	2.1.1.33	Defines units of measurement in different coordinate systems.

2.1.1.1 RecordType Enumeration

The **RecordType** enumeration defines record types used in EMF+ metafiles.

```
typedef enum
{
 EmfPlusHeader = 0x4001,
 EmfPlusEndOfFile = 0x4002,
 EmfPlusComment = 0x4003,
 EmfPlusGetDC = 0x4004,
 EmfPlusMultiFormatStart = 0x4005,
 EmfPlusMultiFormatSection = 0x4006,
 EmfPlusMultiFormatEnd = 0x4007,
 EmfPlusObject = 0x4008,
 EmfPlusClear = 0x4009,
  EmfPlusFillRects = 0x400A,
  EmfPlusDrawRects = 0x400B,
  EmfPlusFillPolygon = 0x400C,
 EmfPlusDrawLines = 0x400D,
 EmfPlusFillEllipse = 0x400E,
 EmfPlusDrawEllipse = 0x400F,
 EmfPlusFillPie = 0x4010,
 EmfPlusDrawPie = 0x4011,
 EmfPlusDrawArc = 0x4012,
 EmfPlusFillRegion = 0x4013,
 EmfPlusFillPath = 0x4014,
 EmfPlusDrawPath = 0x4015,
 EmfPlusFillClosedCurve = 0x4016,
  EmfPlusDrawClosedCurve = 0x4017,
 EmfPlusDrawCurve = 0x4018,
 EmfPlusDrawBeziers = 0x4019,
 EmfPlusDrawImage = 0x401A,
 EmfPlusDrawImagePoints = 0x401B,
 EmfPlusDrawString = 0x401C,
 EmfPlusSetRenderingOrigin = 0x401D,
 EmfPlusSetAntiAliasMode = 0x401E,
  EmfPlusSetTextRenderingHint = 0x401F,
  EmfPlusSetTextContrast = 0x4020,
  EmfPlusSetInterpolationMode = 0x4021,
```

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```
EmfPlusSetPixelOffsetMode = 0x4022,
 EmfPlusSetCompositingMode = 0x4023,
 EmfPlusSetCompositingQuality = 0x4024,
 EmfPlusSave = 0x4025,
 EmfPlusRestore = 0x4026,
 EmfPlusBeginContainer = 0x4027,
 EmfPlusBeginContainerNoParams = 0x4028,
 EmfPlusEndContainer = 0x4029,
 EmfPlusSetWorldTransform = 0x402A,
 EmfPlusResetWorldTransform = 0x402B,
 EmfPlusMultiplyWorldTransform = 0x402C,
 EmfPlusTranslateWorldTransform = 0x402D,
 EmfPlusScaleWorldTransform = 0x402E,
 EmfPlusRotateWorldTransform = 0x402F,
 EmfPlusSetPageTransform = 0x4030,
 EmfPlusResetClip = 0x4031,
 EmfPlusSetClipRect = 0x4032,
 EmfPlusSetClipPath = 0x4033,
 EmfPlusSetClipRegion = 0x4034,
 EmfPlusOffsetClip = 0x4035,
 EmfPlusDrawDriverstring = 0x4036,
 EmfPlusStrokeFillPath = 0x4037,
 EmfPlusSerializableObject = 0x4038,
 EmfPlusSetTSGraphics = 0x4039,
 EmfPlusSetTSClip = 0x403A
} RecordType;
```

EmfPlusHeader: This record specifies the start of EMF+ data in the metafile. It MUST be embedded in the first EMF record after the <u>EMF Header</u> record (<u>[MS-EMF]</u> section 2.3.4.2 record).

EmfPlusEndOfFile: This record specifies the end of EMF+ data in the metafile.

EmfPlusComment: This record specifies arbitrary private data.

EmfPlusGetDC: This record specifies that subsequent EMF records encountered in the metafile SHOULD be processed. EMF records cease being processed when the next EMF+ record is encountered.

EmfPlusMultiFormatStart: This record is reserved and MUST NOT be used.

EmfPlusMultiFormatSection: This record is reserved and MUST NOT be used.

EmfPlusMultiFormatEnd: This record is reserved and MUST NOT be used.

EmfPlusObject: This record specifies an object for use in graphics operations.

- **EmfPlusClear:** This record clears the output **coordinate space** and initializes it with a specified background color and transparency.
- **EmfPlusFillRects:** This record defines how to fill the interiors of a series of rectangles, using a specified brush.

EmfPlusDrawRects: This record defines the pen strokes for drawing a series of rectangles.

EmfPlusFillPolygon: This record defines the data to fill the interior of a polygon, using a specified brush.

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EmfPlusDrawLines: This record defines the pen strokes for drawing a series of connected lines.

- **EmfPlusFillEllipse:** This record defines how to fill the interiors of an ellipse, using a specified brush.
- **EmfPlusDrawEllipse:** This record defines the pen strokes for drawing an ellipse.
- **EmfPlusFillPie:** This record defines how to fill a section of an interior section of an ellipse using a specified brush.
- EmfPlusDrawPie: This record defines pen strokes for drawing a section of an ellipse.
- **EmfPlusDrawArc:** The record defines pen strokes for drawing an arc of an ellipse.
- **EmfPlusFillRegion:** This record defines how to fill the interior of a region using a specified brush.
- **EmfPlusFillPath:** The record defines how to fill the interiors of the figures defined in a graphics path with a specified brush. A path is an object that defines an arbitrary sequence of lines, curves, and shapes.
- **EmfPlusDrawPath:** The record defines the pen strokes to draw the figures in a graphics path. A path is an object that defines an arbitrary sequence of lines, curves, and shapes.
- **EmfPlusFillClosedCurve:** This record defines how to fill the interior of a **closed cardinal spline** using a specified brush. A **cardinal spline** is a sequence of individual curves joined to form a larger curve. This is specified by an array of points and a tension member. A cardinal spline passes smoothly through each point in the array; the curve has no sharp corners or abrupt changes. In a closed cardinal spline, the curve passes through the last defined point and connects with the first.
- **EmfPlusDrawClosedCurve:** This record defines the pen and strokes for drawing a closed cardinal spline. A cardinal spline is a sequence of individual curves joined to form a larger curve. The **spline** is specified by an array of points and a tension member. A cardinal spline passes smoothly through each point in the array; the curve has no sharp corners or abrupt changes. In a closed cardinal spline, the curve passes through the last defined point and connects with the first.
- **EmfPlusDrawCurve:** This record defines the pen strokes for drawing a cardinal spline. A cardinal spline is a sequence of individual curves joined to form a larger curve. The spline is specified by an array of points and a tension member. A cardinal spline passes smoothly through each point in the array; the curve has no sharp corners or abrupt changes.

EmfPlusDrawBeziers: This record defines the pen strokes for drawing a Bezier spline.

- **EmfPlusDrawImage:** This record defines a scaled <u>EmfPlusImage object (section 2.2.1.4)</u>. An image can consist of either bitmap or metafile data.
- **EmfPlusDrawImagePoints:** This record defines a scaled EmfPlusImage object inside a parallelogram. An image can consist of either bitmap or metafile data.
- **EmfPlusDrawString:** This record defines a text string based on a font, a layout rectangle, and a format.
- **EmfPlusSetRenderingOrigin:** This record defines the origin of rendering to the specified horizontal and vertical coordinates. This applies to hatch brushes and to 8 and 16 bits per pixel dither patterns.

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- **EmfPlusSetAntiAliasMode:** This record defines whether to enable or disable text anti-aliasing. Text anti-aliasing is a method of making lines and edges of character glyphs appear smoother when drawn on an output surface.
- EmfPlusSetTextRenderingHint: This record defines the process used for rendering text.
- **EmfPlusSetTextContrast:** This record sets text **contrast** according to the specified text **gamma** value.
- **EmfPlusSetInterpolationMode:** This record defines the interpolation mode of an object according to the specified type of image filtering. The interpolation mode influences how scaling (stretching and shrinking) is performed.
- **EmfPlusSetPixelOffsetMode:** This record defines the pixel offset mode according to the specified pixel centering value.
- **EmfPlusSetCompositingMode:** This record defines the compositing mode according to the state of alpha blending, which specifies how source colors are combined with background colors.
- **EmfPlusSetCompositingQuality:** This record defines the compositing quality, which describes the desired level of quality for creating composite images from multiple objects.
- **EmfPlusSave:** This record saves the graphics state, identified by a specified index, on a stack of saved graphics states. Each stack index is associated with a particular saved state, and the index is used by an <u>EmfPlusRestore record (section 2.3.7.4</u>) to restore the state.
- **EmfPlusRestore:** This record restores the graphics state, identified by a specified index, from a stack of saved graphics states. Each stack index is associated with a particular saved state, and the index is defined by an <u>EmfPlusSave record (section 2.3.7.5)</u> to save the state.
- **EmfPlusBeginContainer:** This record opens a new graphics state container and specifies a **transform** for it. Graphics containers are used to retain elements of the graphics state.
- EmfPlusBeginContainerNoParams: This record opens a new graphics state container.
- **EmfPlusEndContainer:** This record closes a graphics state container that was previously opened by a begin container operation.
- **EmfPlusSetWorldTransform:** This record defines the current **world space** transform in the playback device_context, according to a specified transform matrix.
- **EmfPlusResetWorldTransform:** This record resets the current world space transform to the identify matrix.
- **EmfPlusMultiplyWorldTransform:** This record multiplies the current world space by a specified transform matrix.
- **EmfPlusTranslateWorldTransform:** This record applies a **translation transform** to the current world space by specified horizontal and vertical distances.
- **EmfPlusScaleWorldTransform:** This record applies a scaling transform to the current world space by specified horizontal and vertical scale factors.
- **EmfPlusRotateWorldTransform:** This record rotates the current world space by a specified angle.

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- **EmfPlusSetPageTransform:** This record specifies extra scaling factors for the current world space transform.
- EmfPlusResetClip: This record resets the current clipping region for the world space to infinity.

EmfPlusSetClipRect: This record combines the current clipping region with a rectangle.

EmfPlusSetClipPath: This record combines the current clipping region with a graphics path.

- **EmfPlusSetClipRegion:** This record combines the current clipping region with another graphics region.
- **EmfPlusOffsetClip:** This record applies a translation transform on the current clipping region of the world space.

EmfPlusDrawDriverstring: This record specifies text output with character positions.

- **EmfPlusStrokeFillPath:** This record closes any open figures in a path, strokes the outline of the path by using the current pen, and fills its interior by using the current brush.
- **EmfPlusSerializableObject:** This record defines an **image effects** parameter block that has been serialized into a data buffer.
- **EmfPlusSetTSGraphics:** This record specifies the state of a graphics device context for a **terminal server**.
- **EmfPlusSetTSClip:** This record specifies clipping areas in the graphics device context for a terminal server.

See section 2.1.1 for the specification of additional enumerations.

2.1.1.2 BitmapDataType Enumeration

The **BitmapDataType** enumeration defines types of bitmap data formats.

```
typedef enum
{
  BitmapDataTypePixel = 0x00000000,
  BitmapDataTypeCompressed = 0x00000001
} BitmapDataType;
```

BitmapDataTypePixel: Specifies a bitmap image with pixel data.

BitmapDataTypeCompressed: Specifies an image with compressed data.

Bitmap data is specified by EmfPlusBitmap objects (section 2.2.2.2).

See section 2.1.1 for the specification of additional enumerations.

2.1.1.3 BrushType Enumeration

The **BrushType** enumeration defines types of graphics brushes, which are used to fill graphics regions.

```
typedef enum {
```

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```
BrushTypeSolidColor = 0x00000000,
BrushTypeHatchFill = 0x00000001,
BrushTypeTextureFill = 0x00000002,
BrushTypePathGradient = 0x00000003,
BrushTypeLinearGradient = 0x00000004
```

- } BrushType;
- **BrushTypeSolidColor:** Specifies a solid-color brush, which is characterized by an <u>EmfPlusARGB</u> value.
- BrushTypeHatchFill: Specifies a hatch brush, which is characterized by a predefined pattern.
- BrushTypeTextureFill: Specifies a texture brush, which is characterized by an image.
- **BrushTypePathGradient:** Specifies a path gradient brush, which is characterized by a color gradient path gradient brush data.

BrushTypeLinearGradient: BrushData contains linear gradient brush data.

Graphics brushes are specified by EmfPlusBrush objects (section 2.2.1.1).

See section 2.1.1 for the specification of additional enumerations.

2.1.1.4 CombineMode Enumeration

The **CombineMode** enumeration defines modes for combining two graphics regions. In the following descriptions, the regions to be combined are referred to as the "existing" and "new" regions.

```
typedef enum
{
   CombineModeReplace = 0x00000000,
   CombineModeIntersect = 0x00000001,
   CombineModeUnion = 0x00000002,
   CombineModeXOR = 0x00000003,
   CombineModeExclude = 0x00000004,
   CombineModeComplement = 0x00000005
} CombineMode;
```

CombineModeReplace: Replaces the existing region with the new region.

- **CombineModeIntersect:** Replaces the existing region with the intersection of the existing region and the new region.
- **CombineModeUnion:** Replaces the existing region with the union of the existing and new regions.
- **CombineModeXOR:** Replaces the existing region with the XOR of the existing and new regions.
- **CombineModeExclude:** Replaces the existing region with the part of itself that is not in the new region.
- **CombineModeComplement:** Replaces the existing region with the part of the new region that is not in the existing region.

Graphics regions are specified by EmfPlusRegion objects (section 2.2.1.8).

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See section 2.1.1 for the specification of additional enumerations.

2.1.1.5 CompositingMode Enumeration

The **CompositingMode** enumeration defines modes for combining source colors with background colors. The compositing mode represents the enable state of alpha blending.

```
typedef enum
{
   CompositingModeSourceOver = 0x00,
   CompositingModeSourceCopy = 0x01
} CompositingMode;
```

CompositingModeSourceOver: Enables alpha blending, which specifies that when a color is rendered, it is blended with the background color. The extent of blending is determined by the value of the **alpha** component of the color being rendered.

CompositingModeSourceCopy: Disables alpha blending, which means that when a source color is rendered, it overwrites the background color.

Graphics colors are specified by EmfPlusARGB objects (section 2.2.2.1).

See section 2.1.1 for the specification of additional enumerations.

2.1.1.6 CompositingQuality Enumeration

The **CompositingQuality** enumeration defines levels of quality for creating composite images. <<u>2></u>

```
typedef enum
{
   CompositingQualityDefault = 0x01,
   CompositingQualityHighSpeed = 0x02,
   CompositingQualityHighQuality = 0x03,
   CompositingQualityGammaCorrected = 0x04,
   CompositingQualityAssumeLinear = 0x05
} CompositingQuality;
```

- **CompositingQualityDefault:** No **gamma correction** is performed. Gamma correction controls the overall **brightness** and contrast of an image. Without gamma correction, composited images can appear too light or too dark.
- **CompositingQualityHighSpeed:** No gamma correction is performed. Compositing speed is favored at the expense of quality. In terms of the result, there is no difference between this value and CompositingQualityDefault.
- **CompositingQualityHighQuality:** Gamma correction is performed. Compositing quality is favored at the expense of speed.
- **CompositingQualityGammaCorrected:** Enable gamma correction for higher-quality compositing with lower speed. In terms of the result, there is no difference between this value and CompositingQualityHighQuality.
- **CompositingQualityAssumeLinear:** No gamma correction is performed; however, using linear values results in better quality than the default at a slightly lower speed.

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Graphics colors are specified by EmfPlusARGB objects (section 2.2.2.1).

Compositing is done during rendering when source pixels are combined with destination pixels. The compositing quality directly relates to the visual quality of the output and is inversely proportional to the time required for rendering. The higher the quality, the more surrounding pixels need to be taken into account during the compositing operation; hence, the slower the render time.

See section 2.1.1 for the specification of additional enumerations.

2.1.1.7 CurveAdjustments Enumeration

The **CurveAdjustments** enumeration defines adjustments that can be applied to the **color curve** of an image.

```
typedef enum
{
  AdjustExposure = 0x00000000,
  AdjustDensity = 0x00000001,
  AdjustContrast = 0x00000002,
  AdjustHighlight = 0x00000003,
  AdjustShadow = 0x00000004,
  AdjustMidtone = 0x00000005,
  AdjustWhiteSaturation = 0x00000006,
  AdjustBlackSaturation = 0x00000007
} CurveAdjustments;
```

AdjustExposure: Specifies the simulation of increasing or decreasing the **exposure** of an image.

AdjustDensity: Specifies the simulation of increasing or decreasing the density of an image.

AdjustContrast: Specifies an increase or decrease of the contrast of an image.

- **AdjustHighlight:** Specifies an increase or decrease of the value of a color channel of an image, if that channel already has a value that is above half **intensity**. This adjustment can be used to increase definition in the light areas of an image without affecting the dark areas.
- **AdjustShadow:** Specifies an increase or decrease of the value of a color channel of an image, if that channel already has a value that is below half intensity. This adjustment can be used to increase definition in the dark areas of an image without affecting the light areas.
- **AdjustMidtone:** Specifies an adjustment that lightens or darkens an image. Color channel values in the middle of the intensity range are altered more than color channel values near the minimum or maximum extremes of intensity. This adjustment can be used to lighten or darken an image without losing the contrast between the darkest and lightest parts of the image.
- **AdjustWhiteSaturation:** Specifies an adjustment to the **white saturation** of an image, defined as the maximum value in the range of intensities for a given color channel, whose range is typically 0 to 255.

For example, a white saturation adjustment value of 240 specifies that color channel values in the range 0 to 240 are adjusted so that they spread out over the range 0 to 255, with color channel values greater than 240 set to 255.

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AdjustBlackSaturation: Specifies an adjustment to the **black saturation** of an image, which is the minimum value in the range of intensities for a given color channel, which is typically 0 to 255.

For example, a black saturation adjustment value of 15 specifies that color channel values in the range 15 to 255 are adjusted so that they spread out over the range 0 to 255, with color channel values less than 15 set to 0.

Bitmap images are specified by EmfPlusBitmap objects (section 2.2.2.2).

See section 2.1.1 for the specification of additional enumerations.

2.1.1.8 CurveChannel Enumeration

The **CurveChannel** enumeration defines color channels that can be affected by a color curve effect adjustment to an image.

```
typedef enum
{
  CurveChannelAll = 0x0000000,
  CurveChannelRed = 0x00000001,
  CurveChannelGreen = 0x00000002,
  CurveChannelBlue = 0x00000003
} CurveChannel;
```

CurveChannelAll: Specifies that a color curve adjustment applies to all color channels.

- **CurveChannelRed:** Specifies that a color curve adjustment applies only to the red color channel.
- **CurveChannelGreen:** Specifies that a color curve adjustment applies only to the green color channel.
- **CurveChannelBlue:** Specifies that a color curve adjustment applies only to the blue color channel.

Bitmap images are specified by EmfPlusBitmap objects (section 2.2.2.2).

See section 2.1.1 for the specification of additional enumerations.

2.1.1.9 CustomLineCapDataType Enumeration

The **CustomLineCapDataType** enumeration defines types of custom line cap data, which specify styles and shapes for the ends of graphics lines.

```
typedef enum
{
  CustomLineCapDataTypeDefault = 0x00000000,
  CustomLineCapDataTypeAdjustableArrow = 0x00000001
} CustomLineCapDataType;
```

CustomLineCapDataTypeDefault: Specifies a default custom line cap.

CustomLineCapDataTypeAdjustableArrow: Specifies an adjustable arrow custom line cap.

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Custom line cap data is specified by EmfPlusCustomLineCap objects (section 2.2.1.2).

See section 2.1.1 for the specification of additional enumerations.

2.1.1.10 DashedLineCapType Enumeration

The **DashedLineCapType** enumeration defines types of line caps to use at the ends of dashed lines that are drawn with graphics pens.

```
typedef enum
{
  DashedLineCapTypeFlat = 0x00000000,
  DashedLineCapTypeRound = 0x00000002,
  DashedLineCapTypeTriangle = 0x00000003
} DashedLineCapType;
```

DashedLineCapTypeFlat: Specifies a flat dashed line cap.

DashedLineCapTypeRound: Specifies a round dashed line cap.

DashedLineCapTypeTriangle: Specifies a triangular dashed line cap.

Dashed lines are specified by EmfPlusDashedLineData objects (section 2.2.2.16).

See section 2.1.1 for the specification of additional enumerations.

2.1.1.11 FilterType Enumeration

The **FilterType** enumeration defines types of filtering algorithms that can be used for text and graphics quality enhancement and image rendering.

```
typedef enum
{
  FilterTypeNone = 0x00,
  FilterTypePoint = 0x01,
  FilterTypeLinear = 0x02,
  FilterTypeTriangle = 0x03,
  FilterTypeBox = 0x04,
  FilterTypePyramidalQuad = 0x06,
  FilterTypeGaussianQuad = 0x07
} FilterType;
```

FilterTypeNone: Specifies that filtering is not performed.

- **FilterTypePoint:** Specifies that each destination pixel is computed by sampling the nearest pixel from the source image.
- **FilterTypeLinear:** Specifies that linear interpolation is performed using the weighted average of a 2x2 area of pixels surrounding the source pixel.
- **FilterTypeTriangle:** Specifies that each pixel in the source image contributes equally to the destination image. This is the slowest of filtering algorithms.
- **FilterTypeBox:** Specifies a **box filter** algorithm, in which each destination pixel is computed by averaging a rectangle of source pixels. This algorithm is useful only when reducing the size of an image.

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FilterTypePyramidalQuad: Specifies that a 4-sample tent filter is used.

FilterTypeGaussianQuad: Specifies that a 4-sample Gaussian filter is used, which creates a blur effect on an image.

See section 2.1.1 for the specification of additional enumerations.

2.1.1.12 GraphicsVersion Enumeration

The **GraphicsVersion** enumeration defines versions of operating system graphics that are used to create EMF+ metafiles.

```
typedef enum
{
   GraphicsVersion1 = 0x0001,
   GraphicsVersion1_1 = 0x0002
} GraphicsVersion;
```

GraphicsVersion1: Specifies GDI+ version 1.0.<<3>

GraphicsVersion1_1: Specifies GDI+ version 1.1.<<4>

Graphics versions are specified in EmfPlusGraphicsVersion objects (section 2.2.2.19).

See section 2.1.1 for the specification of additional enumerations.

2.1.1.13 HatchStyle Enumeration

The **HatchStyle** enumeration defines hatch patterns used by graphics brushes. A hatch pattern consists of a solid background color and lines drawn over the background.

```
typedef enum
 HatchStyleHorizontal = 0x0000000,
 HatchStyleVertical = 0x0000001,
 HatchStyleForwardDiagonal = 0x0000002,
 HatchStyleBackwardDiagonal = 0x0000003,
 HatchStyleLargeGrid = 0x00000004,
 HatchStyleDiagonalCross = 0x0000005,
 HatchStyle05Percent = 0x0000006,
 HatchStyle10Percent = 0x00000007,
 HatchStyle20Percent = 0x00000008,
 HatchStyle25Percent = 0x0000009,
 HatchStyle30Percent = 0x000000A,
 HatchStyle40Percent = 0x000000B,
 HatchStyle50Percent = 0x0000000C,
 HatchStyle60Percent = 0x000000D,
 HatchStyle70Percent = 0x000000E,
 HatchStyle75Percent = 0x000000F,
 HatchStyle80Percent = 0x00000010,
 HatchStyle90Percent = 0x00000011,
 HatchStyleLightDownwardDiagonal = 0x00000012,
 HatchStyleLightUpwardDiagonal = 0x00000013,
 HatchStyleDarkDownwardDiagonal = 0x00000014,
 HatchStyleDarkUpwardDiagonal = 0x00000015,
 HatchStyleWideDownwardDiagonal = 0x00000016,
 HatchStyleWideUpwardDiagonal = 0x00000017,
```

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```
HatchStyleLightVertical = 0x0000018,
 HatchStyleLightHorizontal = 0x00000019,
 HatchStyleNarrowVertical = 0x000001A,
 HatchStyleNarrowHorizontal = 0x000001B,
 HatchStyleDarkVertical = 0x000001C,
 HatchStyleDarkHorizontal = 0x000001D,
 HatchStyleDashedDownwardDiagonal = 0x0000001E,
 HatchStyleDashedUpwardDiagonal = 0x0000001F,
 HatchStyleDashedHorizontal = 0x0000020,
 HatchStyleDashedVertical = 0x00000021,
 HatchStyleSmallConfetti = 0x0000022,
 HatchStyleLargeConfetti = 0x0000023,
 HatchStyleZigZag = 0x00000024,
 HatchStyleWave = 0 \times 00000025,
 HatchStyleDiagonalBrick = 0x0000026,
 HatchStyleHorizontalBrick = 0x0000027,
 HatchStyleWeave = 0x0000028,
 HatchStylePlaid = 0x00000029,
 HatchStyleDivot = 0x000002A,
 HatchStyleDottedGrid = 0x000002B,
 HatchStyleDottedDiamond = 0x000002C,
 HatchStyleShingle = 0x000002D,
 HatchStyleTrellis = 0x000002E,
 HatchStyleSphere = 0x000002F,
 HatchStyleSmallGrid = 0x0000030,
 HatchStyleSmallCheckerBoard = 0x0000031,
 HatchStyleLargeCheckerBoard = 0x0000032,
 HatchStyleOutlinedDiamond = 0x0000033,
 HatchStyleSolidDiamond = 0x00000034
} HatchStyle;
```

```
HatchStyleHorizontal: Specifies equally spaced horizontal lines.
```

HatchStyleVertical: Specifies equally spaced vertical lines.

HatchStyleForwardDiagonal: Specifies lines on a diagonal from upper left to lower right.

HatchStyleBackwardDiagonal: Specifies lines on a diagonal from upper right to lower left.

HatchStyleLargeGrid: Specifies crossing horizontal and vertical lines.

- **HatchStyleDiagonalCross:** Specifies crossing forward diagonal and backward diagonal lines with anti-aliasing.
- **HatchStyle05Percent:** Specifies a 5-percent hatch, which is the ratio of foreground color to background color equal to 5:100.
- **HatchStyle10Percent:** Specifies a 10-percent hatch, which is the ratio of foreground color to background color equal to 10:100.
- **HatchStyle20Percent:** Specifies a 20-percent hatch, which is the ratio of foreground color to background color equal to 20:100.
- **HatchStyle25Percent:** Specifies a 25-percent hatch, which is the ratio of foreground color to background color equal to 25:100.
- **HatchStyle30Percent:** Specifies a 30-percent hatch, which is the ratio of foreground color to background color equal to 30:100.

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- **HatchStyle40Percent:** Specifies a 40-percent hatch, which is the ratio of foreground color to background color equal to 40:100.
- **HatchStyle50Percent:** Specifies a 50-percent hatch, which is the ratio of foreground color to background color equal to 50:100.
- **HatchStyle60Percent:** Specifies a 60-percent hatch, which is the ratio of foreground color to background color equal to 60:100.
- **HatchStyle70Percent:** Specifies a 70-percent hatch, which is the ratio of foreground color to background color equal to 70:100.
- **HatchStyle75Percent:** Specifies a 75-percent hatch, which is the ratio of foreground color to background color equal to 75:100.
- **HatchStyle80Percent:** Specifies an 80-percent hatch, which is the ratio of foreground color to background color equal to 80:100.
- **HatchStyle90Percent:** Specifies a 90-percent hatch, which is the ratio of foreground color to background color equal to 90:100.
- **HatchStyleLightDownwardDiagonal:** Specifies diagonal lines that slant to the right from top to bottom points with no anti-aliasing. They are spaced 50 percent further apart than lines in the HatchStyleForwardDiagonal pattern
- **HatchStyleLightUpwardDiagonal:** Specifies diagonal lines that slant to the left from top to bottom points with no anti-aliasing. They are spaced 50 percent further apart than lines in the HatchStyleBackwardDiagonal pattern.
- **HatchStyleDarkDownwardDiagonal:** Specifies diagonal lines that slant to the right from top to bottom points with no anti-aliasing. They are spaced 50 percent closer and are twice the width of lines in the HatchStyleForwardDiagonal pattern.
- **HatchStyleDarkUpwardDiagonal:** Specifies diagonal lines that slant to the left from top to bottom points with no anti-aliasing. They are spaced 50 percent closer and are twice the width of lines in the HatchStyleBackwardDiagonal pattern.
- HatchStyleWideDownwardDiagonal: Specifies diagonal lines that slant to the right from top to bottom points with no anti-aliasing. They have the same spacing between lines in HatchStyleWideDownwardDiagonal pattern and HatchStyleForwardDiagonal pattern, but HatchStyleWideDownwardDiagonal has the triple line width of HatchStyleForwardDiagonal.
- **HatchStyleWideUpwardDiagonal:** Specifies diagonal lines that slant to the left from top to bottom points with no anti-aliasing. They have the same spacing between lines in HatchStyleWideUpwardDiagonal pattern and HatchStyleBackwardDiagonal pattern, but HatchStyleWideUpwardDiagonal has the triple line width of HatchStyleWideUpwardDiagonal.
- **HatchStyleLightVertical:** Specifies vertical lines that are spaced 50 percent closer together than lines in the HatchStyleVertical pattern.
- **HatchStyleLightHorizontal:** Specifies horizontal lines that are spaced 50 percent closer than lines in the HatchStyleHorizontal pattern.
- **HatchStyleNarrowVertical:** Specifies vertical lines that are spaced 75 percent closer than lines in the HatchStyleVertical pattern; or 25 percent closer than lines in the HatchStyleLightVertical pattern.

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- **HatchStyleNarrowHorizontal:** Specifies horizontal lines that are spaced 75 percent closer than lines in the HatchStyleHorizontal pattern; or 25 percent closer than lines in the HatchStyleLightHorizontal pattern.
- **HatchStyleDarkVertical:** Specifies lines that are spaced 50 percent closer than lines in the HatchStyleVertical pattern.
- **HatchStyleDarkHorizontal:** Specifies lines that are spaced 50 percent closer than lines in the HatchStyleHorizontal pattern.
- **HatchStyleDashedDownwardDiagonal:** Specifies dashed diagonal lines that slant to the right from top to bottom points.
- **HatchStyleDashedUpwardDiagonal:** Specifies dashed diagonal lines that slant to the left from top to bottom points.
- HatchStyleDashedHorizontal: Specifies dashed horizontal lines.
- HatchStyleDashedVertical: Specifies dashed vertical lines.
- HatchStyleSmallConfetti: Specifies a pattern of lines that has the appearance of confetti.
- **HatchStyleLargeConfetti:** Specifies a pattern of lines that has the appearance of confetti, and is composed of larger pieces than the HatchStyleSmallConfetti pattern.
- HatchStyleZigZag: Specifies horizontal lines that are composed of zigzags.
- HatchStyleWave: Specifies horizontal lines that are composed of tildes.
- **HatchStyleDiagonalBrick:** Specifies a pattern of lines that has the appearance of layered bricks that slant to the left from top to bottom points.
- **HatchStyleHorizontalBrick:** Specifies a pattern of lines that has the appearance of horizontally layered bricks.
- HatchStyleWeave: Specifies a pattern of lines that has the appearance of a woven material.
- HatchStylePlaid: Specifies a pattern of lines that has the appearance of a plaid material.
- HatchStyleDivot: Specifies a pattern of lines that has the appearance of divots.
- **HatchStyleDottedGrid:** Specifies crossing horizontal and vertical lines, each of which is composed of dots.
- **HatchStyleDottedDiamond:** Specifies crossing forward and backward diagonal lines, each of which is composed of dots.
- **HatchStyleShingle:** Specifies a pattern of lines that has the appearance of diagonally layered shingles that slant to the right from top to bottom points.
- HatchStyleTrellis: Specifies a pattern of lines that has the appearance of a trellis.
- **HatchStyleSphere:** Specifies a pattern of lines that has the appearance of spheres laid adjacent to each other.
- **HatchStyleSmallGrid:** Specifies crossing horizontal and vertical lines that are spaced 50 percent closer together than HatchStyleLargeGrid.

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HatchStyleSmallCheckerBoard: Specifies a pattern of lines that has the appearance of a checkerboard.

- HatchStyleLargeCheckerBoard: Specifies a pattern of lines that has the appearance of a checkerboard, with squares that are twice the size of the squares in the HatchStyleSmallCheckerBoard pattern.
- **HatchStyleOutlinedDiamond:** Specifies crossing forward and backward diagonal lines; the lines are not anti-aliased.
- **HatchStyleSolidDiamond:** Specifies a pattern of lines that has the appearance of a checkerboard placed diagonally.

Graphics brushes are specified by EmfPlusBrush objects (section 2.2.1.1).

See section 2.1.1 for the specification of additional enumerations.

2.1.1.14 HotkeyPrefix Enumeration

The **HotkeyPrefix** enumeration defines output options for hotkey prefixes in graphics text.

```
typedef enum
{
  HotkeyPrefixNone = 0x00000000,
  HotkeyPrefixShow = 0x00000001,
  HotkeyPrefixHide = 0x0000002
} HotkeyPrefix;
```

HotkeyPrefixNone: Specifies that the hotkey prefix SHOULD NOT be displayed.

HotkeyPrefixShow: Specifies that no hotkey prefix is defined.

HotkeyPrefixHide: Specifies that the hotkey prefix SHOULD be displayed.

Graphics text is specified by EmfPlusStringFormat objects (section 2.2.1.9).

See section 2.1.1 for the specification of additional enumerations.

2.1.1.15 ImageDataType Enumeration

The **ImageDataType** enumeration defines types of image data formats.

```
typedef enum
{
  ImageDataTypeUnknown = 0x00000000,
  ImageDataTypeBitmap = 0x00000001,
  ImageDataTypeMetafile = 0x00000002
} ImageDataType;
```

ImageDataTypeUnknown: The type of image is not known.

ImageDataTypeBitmap: Specifies a bitmap image.

ImageDataTypeMetafile: Specifies a metafile image.

Graphics images are specified by EmfPlusImage objects (section 2.2.1.4).

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See section 2.1.1 for the specification of additional enumerations.

2.1.1.16 InterpolationMode Enumeration

The **InterpolationMode** enumeration defines ways to perform scaling, including stretching and shrinking.

```
typedef enum
{
    InterpolationModeDefault = 0x00,
    InterpolationModeLowQuality = 0x01,
    InterpolationModeHighQuality = 0x02,
    InterpolationModeBilinear = 0x03,
    InterpolationModeBicubic = 0x04,
    InterpolationModeHighQualityBilinear = 0x06,
    InterpolationModeHighQualityBicubic = 0x07
} InterpolationMode;
```

- **InterpolationModeDefault:** Specifies the default interpolation mode, which is defined as InterpolationModeBilinear.
- **InterpolationModeLowQuality:** Specifies a low-quality interpolation mode, which is defined as InterpolationModeNearestNeighbor.
- **InterpolationModeHighQuality:** Specifies a high-quality interpolation mode, which is defined as InterpolationModeHighQualityBicubic.
- **InterpolationModeBilinear:** Specifies bilinear interpolation, which uses the closest 2x2 neighborhood of known pixels surrounding the interpolated pixel. The weighted average of these 4 known pixel values determines the value to assign to the interpolated pixel. The result is smoother looking than InterpolationModeNearestNeighbor.
- **InterpolationModeBicubic:** Specifies bicubic interpolation, which uses the closest 4x4 neighborhood of known pixels surrounding the interpolated pixel. The weighted average of these 16 known pixel values determines the value to assign to the interpolated pixel. Because the known pixels are likely to be at varying distances from the interpolated pixel, closer pixels are given a higher weight in the calculation. The result is smoother looking than InterpolationModeBilinear.
- **InterpolationModeNearestNeighbor:** Specifies nearest-neighbor interpolation, which uses only the value of the pixel that is closest to the interpolated pixel. This mode simply duplicates or removes pixels, producing the lowest-quality result among these options.

InterpolationModeHighQualityBilinear: Specifies bilinear interpolation with prefiltering.

InterpolationModeHighQualityBicubic: Specifies bicubic interpolation with prefiltering, which produces the highest-quality result among these options.

To stretch an image, each pixel in the original image SHOULD be mapped to a group of pixels in the larger image. To shrink an image, groups of pixels in the original image SHOULD be mapped to single pixels in the smaller image. The effectiveness of the algorithm that performs these mappings determines the quality of a scaled image. Higher-quality interpolation generally uses more data points and requires more processing time than lower-quality interpolation.

See section 2.1.1 for the specification of additional enumerations.

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2.1.1.17 LanguageIdentifier Enumeration

The **LanguageIdentifier** enumeration defines identifiers for natural languages in locales, including countries, geographical regions, and administrative districts.

```
typedef enum
{
  LANG NEUTRAL = 0 \times 0000,
  zh-CHS = 0x0004,
  LANG_INVARIANT = 0 \times 007 F,
  LANG NEUTRAL USER DEFAULT = 0 \times 0400,
  ar-SA = 0x0401,
 bg-BG = 0x0402,
  ca-ES = 0x0403,
  zh-CHT = 0x0404,
  cs-CZ = 0x0405,
  da-DK = 0x0406,
  de-DE = 0x0407,
  el-GR = 0x0408,
  en-US = 0x0409,
  es-Tradnl-ES = 0x040A,
  fi-FI = 0x040B,
 fr-FR = 0x040C,
  he-IL = 0x040D,
  hu-HU = 0x040E,
  is-IS = 0x040F,
  it-IT = 0x0410,
  ja-JA = 0x0411,
  ko-KR = 0x0412,
  nl-NL = 0x0413,
  nb-NO = 0x0414,
  pl-PL = 0x0415,
 pt-BR = 0x0416,
 rm-CH = 0x0417,
  ro-RO = 0x0418,
  ru-RU = 0x0419,
 hr-HR = 0x041A,
  sk-SK = 0x041B,
  sq-AL = 0x041C,
  sv-SE = 0x041D,
  th-TH = 0x041E,
  tr-TR = 0x041F,
  ur-PK = 0x0420,
  id-ID = 0x0421,
  uk-UA = 0x0422,
 be-BY = 0x0423,
  sl-SI = 0x0424,
  et-EE = 0x0425,
  lv-LV = 0x0426,
  lt-LT = 0x0427,
  tg-TJ = 0x0428,
  fa-IR = 0x0429,
  vi-VN = 0x042A,
 hy-AM = 0x042B,
  az-Latn-AZ = 0x042C,
  eu-ES = 0x042D,
  wen-DE = 0 \times 042E,
  mk-MK = 0x042F,
 st-ZA = 0x0430,
```

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					_	
tn-ZA			04			
xh-ZA			04			
zu-ZA	=		04			
af-ZA			04			
ka-GE	=	0x	04	31	7,	
fa-FA	=	0x	04	38	З,	
hi-IN	=	0x	04	39	9,	
mt-MT		0x	04	37	Α,	
se-NO	=	0x	04	31	З,	
ga-GB	=	0x				
ms-MY	=					
kk-KZ	=		04			
ky-KG	=	0x				
sw-KE					-	
tk-TM			04			
					-, Dx0443,	
tt-Ru						
bn-IN						
pa-IN		0x				
gu-IN						
or-IN	=					
ta-IN	=	0x				
te-IN						
kn-IN		0x	04	41	З,	
ml-IN		0x				
as-IN						
mr-IN	=	0x	04	41	Ξ,	
sa-IN	=	0x	04	41	Ξ,	
mn-MN						
bo-CN	=	0x	04	51	1,	
cv-GB	=	0x	04	52	2,	
km-KH	=	0x	04	53	3,	
lo-LA						
al-ES	=	0x	04	56	б.	
kok-Il	N =	: 0	x0	45	57,	
sd-IN						
svr-S	Y =	: 0	хO	4.5	5Α.	
si-LK	_	0x	0.4	-5F	, 3.	
)x045D,	
am-ET ne-NP	_	0.2	.01 01	61	1 1	
fy-NL	_	0.2	04	6	1. C	
ps-AF						
fil-P div-M	- = 	• 0	XU 0	41	04, cr	
ha-La	cn-	NG	=	: (0x0468, A,	
yo-NG	=	0x	:04	64	A,	
quz-B0						
nzo-Zi	7 =	: 0	x0	46	6C,	
ba-RU						
lb-LU						
kl-GL ig-NG	=	0x	04	61	Ξ,	
ig-NG	=	0x	04	7(Ο,	
so-SO						
ii-CN						
arn-C	С =	: 0	хO	4	7A,	
moh-Ci						
br-FR	=	0x	04	71	Ξ,	
ug-CN	=	0x	04	80	Ο,	

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mi-NZ = 0x0481, oc-FR = 0x0482, co-FR = 0x0483, gsw-FR = 0x0484, sah-RU = 0x0485, qut-GT = 0x0486, rw-RW = 0x0487, wo-SN = 0x0488, abz-AF = 0x048C, LANG NEUTRAL SYS DEFAULT = 0×0800 , ar-IQ = 0x0801, zh-CN = 0x0804, de-CH = 0x0807, en-GB = 0x0809, es-MX = 0x080A, fr-BE = 0x080C, it-CH = 0x0810, ko-Johab-KR = 0x0812, nl-BE = 0x0813, nn-NO = 0x0814, pt-PT = 0x0816, sr-Latn-SP = 0x081A, sv-FI = 0x081D, ur-IN = 0x0820, lt-C-LT = 0x0827, az-Cyrl-AZ = 0x082C, wee-DE = $0 \times 082E$, se-SE = 0x083B, ga-IE = 0x083C, ms-BN = 0x083E, uz-Cyrl-UZ = 0x0843, bn-BD = 0x0845, mn-Mong-CN = 0x0850, sd-PK = 0x0859, iu-Latn-CA = 0x085D, tzm-Latn-DZ = 0x085F, quz-EC = 0x086B, LANG NEUTRAL CUSTOM DEFAULT = $0 \times 0 C 0 0$, $ar-EG = 0 \times 0 C 0 1$, zh-HK = 0x0C04, $de-AT = 0 \times 0 C 07$, $en-AU = 0 \times 0 C 0 9$, $es-ES = 0 \times 0 COA$, $fr-CA = 0 \times 0 C O C$, sr-Cyrl-CS = 0x0C1A, $se-FI = 0 \times 0 C3B$, quz-PE = 0x0C6B, LANG NEUTRAL CUSTOM = 0×1000 , ar-LY = 0x1001,zh-SG = 0x1004, $de-LU = 0 \times 1007$, en-CA = 0x1009, $es-GT = 0 \times 100 A$, fr-CH = 0x100C, $hr-BA = 0 \times 101A$, $smj-NO = 0 \times 103B$, LANG NEUTRAL CUSTOM DEFAULT MUI = 0x1400, ar-DZ = 0x1401, zh-MO = 0x1404,

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de-LI = 0x1407, en-NZ = 0x1409, es-CR = 0x140A, fr-LU = 0x140C, bs-Latn-BA = 0x141A, smj-SE = 0x143B, ar-MA = 0x1801, en-IE = 0x1809, es-PA = 0x180A, ar-MC = 0x180C, sr-Latn-BA = 0x181A, sma-NO = 0x183B, ar-TN = 0x1C01, en-ZA = 0x1C09, es-DO = 0x1COA, sr-Cyrl-BA = 0x1C1A, sma-SE = 0x1C3B, ar-OM = 0x2001,el-2-GR = 0x2008, en-JM = 0x2009, es-VE = 0x200A, bs-Cyrl-BA = 0x201A, sms-FI = 0x203B, ar-YE = 0x2401, ar - 029 = 0x2409, es-CO = 0x240A, smn-FI = 0x243B, ar-SY = 0x2801, en-BZ = 0x2809, es-PE = 0x280A, ar-JO = 0x2C01, en-TT = 0x2C09, es-AR = 0x2C0A, ar-LB = 0x3001,en-ZW = 0x3009, es-EC = 0x300A, ar-KW = 0x3401, en-PH = 0x3409, es-CL = 0x340A, ar-AE = 0x3801, es-UY = 0x380A, ar-BH = 0x3C01, es-PY = 0x3C0A, ar-QA = 0x4001,en-IN = 0x4009, es-BO = 0x400A, en-MY = 0x4409, es-SV = 0x440A, en-SG = 0x4809, es-HN = 0x480A, es-NI = 0x4C0A, es-PR = 0x500A, es-US = 0x540A, zh-Hant = 0x7C04} LanguageIdentifiers;

LANG_NEUTRAL: Neutral locale language.

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zh-CHS: Chinese, Simplified (China).

- **LANG_INVARIANT:** Invariant language.
- LANG_NEUTRAL_USER_DEFAULT: User default locale language.
- ar-SA: Arabic (Saudi Arabia).
- **bg-BG:** Bulgarian (Bulgaria).
- ca-ES: Catalan (Spain).
- **zh-CHT:** Chinese, Traditional (Taiwan).
- cs-CZ: Czech (Czech Republic).
- da-DK: Danish (Denmark).
- de-DE: German (Germany).
- el-GR: Greek (Greece).
- en-US: English (United States).
- es-Tradnl-ES: Spanish, Traditional (Spain).
- fi-FI: Finnish (Finland).
- fr-FR: French (France).
- he-IL: Hebrew (Israel).
- hu-HU: Hungarian (Hungary).
- is-IS: Icelandic (Iceland).
- it-IT: Italian (Italy).
- ja-JA: Japanese (Japan).
- ko-KR: Korean (Korea).
- **nI-NL:** Dutch (Netherlands).
- nb-NO: Bokmal (Norway).
- pl-PL: Polish (Poland).
- pt-BR: Portuguese (Brazil).
- rm-CH: Romansh (Switzerland).
- ro-RO: Romanian (Romania).
- ru-RU: Russian (Russia).
- hr-HR: Croatian (Croatia).
- sk-SK: Slovak (Slovakia).

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- sq-AL: Albanian (Albania).
- sv-SE: Swedish (Sweden).
- th-TH: Thai (Thailand).
- tr-TR: Turkish (Turkey).
- ur-PK: Urdu (Pakistan).
- id-ID: Indonesian (Indonesia).
- uk-UA: Ukranian (Ukraine).
- be-BY: Belarusian (Belarus).
- sl-SI: Slovenian (Slovenia).
- et-EE: Estonian (Estonia).
- Iv-LV: Latvian (Latvia).
- It-LT: Lithuanian (Lithuania).
- tg-TJ: Tajik (Tajikistan).
- fa-IR: Persian (Iran).
- vi-VN: Vietnamese (Vietnam).
- hy-AM: Armenian (Armenia).
- az-Latn-AZ: Azeri, Latin alphabet (Azerbaijan).
- eu-ES: Basque (Spain).
- wen-DE: Sorbian, Upper (Germany).
- mk-MK: Macedonian (Macedonia).
- st-ZA: Sutu (South Africa).
- tn-ZA: Setswana (Botswana).
- **xh-ZA:** isiXhosa (South Africa).
- zu-ZA: isiZulu (South Africa).
- af-ZA: Afrikaans (South Africa).
- ka-GE: Georgian (Georgia).
- fa-FA: Faeroese (Faroe Islands).
- hi-IN: Hindi (India).
- mt-MT: Maltese (Malta).
- se-NO: Sami, Northern (Norway).

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- ga-GB: Gaelic (United Kingdom).
- ms-MY: Malay (Malaysia).
- **kk-KZ:** Kazakh (Kazakhstan).
- ky-KG: Kyrgyz (Kyrgyzstan).
- **sw-KE:** Kiswahili (Kenya, Tanzania, and other Eastern African nations; and it is the official language of the African Union).
- **tk-TM:** Turkmen (Turkmenistan).
- uz-Latn-UZ: Uzbek, Latin alphabet (Uzbekistan).
- **tt-Ru:** Tatar (Belarus, Russia, Ukraine, and other eastern European nations; and Kazakhstan, and Uzbekistan in central Asia).
- bn-IN: Bengali, Bengali script (India).
- pa-IN: Punjabi (India).
- gu-IN: Gujarati (India).
- or-IN: Oriya (India).
- ta-IN: Tamil (India, Sri Lanka).
- te-IN: Telugu (India).
- kn-IN: Kannada (India).
- ml-IN: Malayalam (India).
- as-IN: Assamese (India).
- mr-IN: Marathi (India).
- **sa-IN:** Sanskrit (India).
- mn-MN: Mongolian, Cyrillic alphabet (Mongolia).
- bo-CN: Tibetan (China).
- cy-GB: Welsh (United Kingdom).
- km-KH: Khmer (Cambodia).
- Io-LA: Lao (Laos).
- gl-ES: Galician (Spain).
- kok-IN: Konkani (India).
- sd-IN: Sindhi (India).
- syr-SY: Syriac (Syria).
- si-LK: Sinhalese (Sri Lanka).

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- iu-Cans-CA: Inuktitut, Syllabics (Canada).
- am-ET: Amharic (Ethiopia).
- ne-NP: Nepali (Nepal).
- fy-NL: Frisian (Netherlands).
- **ps-AF:** Pashto (Afghanistan, Pakistan).
- fil-PH: Filipino (Philippines).
- div-MV: Divehi (Maldives, India).
- ha-Latn-NG: Hausa, Latin alphabet (Benin, Nigeria, Togo, and other western African nations).
- yo-NG: Yoruba (Benin, Ghana, Nigeria, Togo, and other western African nations).
- quz-BO: Quechua (Bolivia).
- nzo-ZA: Sesotho sa Leboa (South Africa).
- **ba-RU:** Bashkir (Russia).
- **Ib-LU:** Luxembourgish (Luxembourg).
- kl-GL: Greenlandic (Greenland).
- ig-NG: Igbo (Nigeria).
- so-SO: Somali (Somalia).

ii-CN: Yi (China).

- arn-CL: Mapudungun (Chile).
- moh-CA: Mohawk (Canada).
- br-FR: Breton (France).
- ug-CN: Uighur (China).
- mi-NZ: Maori (New Zealand).
- oc-FR: Occitan (France).
- co-FR: Corsican (France).
- gsw-FR: Alsatian (France).
- sah-RU: Yakut (Russia).
- qut-GT: K'iche (Guatemala).
- rw-RW: Kinyarwanda (Rwanda).
- wo-SN: Wolof (Gambia, Mauritania, Senegal, and other western African nations).
- gbz-AF: Dari (Afghanistan).

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LANG_NEUTRAL_SYS_DEFAULT: System default locale language.

- ar-IQ: Arabic (Iraq).
- zh-CN: Chinese (China).
- de-CH: German (Switzerland).
- en-GB: English (United Kingdom).
- es-MX: Spanish (Mexico).
- fr-BE: French (Belgium).
- it-CH: Italian (Switzerland).
- ko-Johab-KR: Korean, Johab (Korea).
- nl-BE: Dutch (Belgium).
- nn-NO: Nyorsk (Norway).
- pt-PT: Portuguese (Portugal).
- sr-Latn-SP: Serbian, Latin alphabet (Serbia).
- **sv-FI:** Swedish (Finland).
- ur-IN: Urdu (India).
- **It-C-LT:** Lithuanian, Classic (Lithuania).
- az-Cyrl-AZ: Azeri, Cyrillic alphabet (Azerbaijan).
- wee-DE: Sorbian, Lower (Germany).
- se-SE: Sami, Northern (Sweden).
- ga-IE: Irish (Ireland).
- ms-BN: Malay (Brunei).
- uz-Cyrl-UZ: Uzbek, Cyrillic alphabet (Uzbekistan).
- bn-BD: Bengali (Bangladesh).
- mn-Mong-CN: Mongolian, Traditional (China).
- **sd-PK:** Sindhi (Pakistan).
- iu-Latn-CA: Inuktitut, Latin alphabet (Canada).
- tzm-Latn-DZ: Tamazight, Latin alphabet (Algeria).
- quz-EC: Quechua (Ecuador).
- LANG_NEUTRAL_CUSTOM_DEFAULT: Default custom locale language.
- ar-EG: Arabic (Egypt).

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zh-HK: Chinese (Hong Kong Special Administrative Region, China).

- de-AT: German (Austria).
- en-AU: English (Australia).
- es-ES: Spanish, Modern (Spain).

fr-CA: French (Canada).

sr-Cyrl-CS: Serbian, Cyrillic alphabet (Serbia).

- se-FI: Sami, Northern (Finland).
- quz-PE: Quechua (Peru).

LANG_NEUTRAL_CUSTOM: Unspecified custom locale language.

ar-LY: Arabic (Libya).

zh-SG: Chinese (Singapore).

- de-LU: German (Luxembourg).
- en-CA: English (Canada).
- es-GT: Spanish (Guatemala).
- fr-CH: French (Switzerland).
- hr-BA: Croatian (Bosnia and Herzegovina).
- smj-NO: Sami, Luli (Norway).
- **LANG_NEUTRAL_CUSTOM_DEFAULT_MUI:** Default custom multi-user interface locale language.
- ar-DZ: Arabic (Algeria).
- **zh-MO:** Chinese (Macao Special Administrative Region, China).
- de-LI: German (Liechtenstein).
- en-NZ: English (New Zealand).
- es-CR: Spanish (Costa Rica).
- fr-LU: French (Luxembourg).
- bs-Latn-BA: Bosnian, Latin alphabet (Bosnia and Herzegovina).

smj-SE: Sami, Lule (Sweden).

- ar-MA: Arabic (Morocco).
- en-IE: English (Ireland).

es-PA: Spanish (Panama).

ar-MC: French (Monaco).

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sr-Latn-BA: Serbian, Latin alphabet (Bosnia and Herzegovina).

- sma-NO: Sami, Southern (Norway).
- **ar-TN:** Arabic (Tunisia).
- en-ZA: English (South Africa).
- es-DO: Spanish (Dominican Republic).
- sr-Cyrl-BA: Serbian, Cyrillic alphabet (Bosnia and Herzegovina).
- **sma-SE:** Sami, Southern (Sweden).
- ar-OM: Arabic (Oman).
- el-2-GR: Greek 2 (Greece).
- en-JM: English (Jamaica).
- es-VE: Spanish (Venezuela).
- **bs-Cyrl-BA:** Bosnian, Cyrillic alphabet (Bosnia and Herzegovina).
- sms-FI: Sami, Skolt (Finland).
- ar-YE: Arabic (Yemen).
- ar-029: English (Nations of the Caribbean).
- es-CO: Spanish (Colombia).
- smn-FI: Sami, Inari (Finland).
- ar-SY: Arabic (Syria).
- en-BZ: English (Belize).
- es-PE: Spanish (Peru).
- ar-JO: Arabic (Jordan).
- en-TT: English (Trinidad and Tobago).
- es-AR: Spanish (Argentina).
- ar-LB: Arabic (Lebanon).
- en-ZW: English (Zimbabwe).
- es-EC: Spanish (Ecuador).
- ar-KW: Arabic (Kuwait).
- en-PH: English (Phillippines).
- es-CL: Spanish (Chile).
- ar-AE: Arabic (United Arab Emirates).

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- es-UY: Spanish (Uruguay).
- ar-BH: Arabic (Bahrain).
- es-PY: Spanish (Paraguay).
- ar-QA: Arabic (Qatar).
- en-IN: English (India).
- es-BO: Spanish (Bolivia).
- en-MY: English (Malaysia).
- es-SV: Spanish (El Salvador).
- en-SG: English (Singapore).
- es-HN: Spanish (Honduras).
- es-NI: Spanish (Nicaragua).
- es-PR: Spanish (Puerto Rico).
- es-US: Spanish (United States).
- zh-Hant: Chinese, Traditional (China).
- Language identifiers are specified by <u>EmfPlusLanguageIdentifier objects (section 2.2.2.23)</u>. Each value is an encoding of a primary language identifier and a sublanguage identifier.
- See [MS-LCID] for additional information concerning language identifiers, including Windows version support.
- See section 2.1.1 for the specification of additional enumerations.

2.1.1.18 LineCapType Enumeration

The **LineCapType** enumeration defines types of line caps to use at the ends of lines that are drawn with graphics pens.

```
typedef enum
{
  LineCapTypeFlat = 0x00000000,
  LineCapTypeSquare = 0x00000001,
  LineCapTypeRound = 0x00000002,
  LineCapTypeTriangle = 0x00000010,
  LineCapTypeSquareAnchor = 0x00000011,
  LineCapTypeRoundAnchor = 0x00000012,
  LineCapTypeDiamondAnchor = 0x00000013,
  LineCapTypeArrowAnchor = 0x00000014,
  LineCapTypeArrowAnchor = 0x000000F0,
  LineCapTypeCustom = 0x000000FF
} LineCapType;
```

LineCapTypeFlat: Specifies a squared-off line cap. The end of the line MUST be the last point in the line.

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- **LineCapTypeSquare:** Specifies a square line cap. The center of the square MUST be located at the last point in the line. The width of the square is the line width.
- **LineCapTypeRound:** Specifies a circular line cap. The center of the circle MUST be located at the last point in the line. The diameter of the circle is the line width.
- **LineCapTypeTriangle:** Specifies a triangular line cap. The base of the triangle MUST be located at the last point in the line. The base of the triangle is the line width.

LineCapTypeNoAnchor: Specifies that the line end is not anchored.

- **LineCapTypeSquareAnchor:** Specifies that the line end is anchored with a square line cap. The center of the square MUST be located at the last point in the line. The height and width of the square are the line width.
- **LineCapTypeRoundAnchor:** Specifies that the line end is anchored with a circular line cap. The center of the circle MUST be located at the last point in the line. The circle SHOULD be wider than the line.
- **LineCapTypeDiamondAnchor:** Specifies that the line end is anchored with a diamond-shaped line cap, which is a square turned at 45 degrees. The center of the diamond MUST be located at the last point in the line. The diamond SHOULD be wider than the line.
- **LineCapTypeArrowAnchor:** Specifies that the line end is anchored with an arrowhead shape. The arrowhead point MUST be located at the last point in the line. The arrowhead SHOULD be wider than the line.

LineCapTypeAnchorMask: Mask used to check whether a line cap is an anchor cap.

LineCapTypeCustom: Specifies a custom line cap.

Graphics line caps are specified by EmfPlusPen objects (section 2.2.1.7).

See section 2.1.1 for the specification of additional enumerations.

2.1.1.19 LineJoinType Enumeration

The **LineJoinType** enumeration defines ways to join two lines that are drawn by the same graphics pen and whose ends meet.

```
typedef enum
{
  LineJoinTypeMiter = 0x00000000,
  LineJoinTypeBevel = 0x00000001,
  LineJoinTypeRound = 0x00000002,
  LineJoinTypeMiterClipped = 0x00000003
} LineJoinType;
```

LineJoinTypeMiter: Specifies a mitered line join.

LineJoinTypeBevel: Specifies a beveled line join.

LineJoinTypeRound: Specifies a rounded line join.

LineJoinTypeMiterClipped: Specifies a clipped mitered line join.

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Graphics lines are specified by <u>EmfPlusPen objects (section 2.2.1.7)</u>. A line join makes the intersection of the two line ends look more continuous.

See section 2.1.1 for the specification of additional enumerations.

2.1.1.20 LineStyle Enumeration

The LineStyle enumeration defines styles of lines that are drawn with graphics pens.

```
typedef enum
{
  LineStyleSolid = 0x00000000,
  LineStyleDash = 0x00000001,
  LineStyleDot = 0x00000002,
  LineStyleDashDot = 0x00000003,
  LineStyleDashDotDot = 0x00000004,
  LineStyleCustom = 0x00000005
} LineStyle;
```

LineStyleSolid: Specifies a solid line.

LineStyleDash: Specifies a dashed line.

LineStyleDot: Specifies a dotted line.

LineStyleDashDot: Specifies an alternating dash-dot line.

LineStyleDashDotDot: Specifies an alternating dash-dot-dot line.

LineStyleCustom: Specifies a user-defined, custom dashed line.

Graphics lines are specified by EmfPlusPen objects (section 2.2.1.7).

See section 2.1.1 for the specification of additional enumerations.

2.1.1.21 MetafileDataType Enumeration

The **MetafileDataType** enumeration defines types of metafiles data that can be embedded in an EMF+ metafile.

```
typedef enum
{
  MetafileDataTypeWmf = 0x00000001,
  MetafileDataTypeWmfPlaceable = 0x00000002,
  MetafileDataTypeEmf = 0x00000003,
  MetafileDataTypeEmfPlusOnly = 0x00000004,
  MetafileDataTypeEmfPlusDual = 0x00000005
} MetafileDataType;
```

MetafileDataTypeWmf: Specifies that the metafile is a WMF metafile that specifies graphics operations with WMF records, as specified in [MS-WMF].

MetafileDataTypeWmfPlaceable: Specifies that the metafile is a WMF metafile that specifies graphics operations with WMF records, and which contains additional header information that makes the WMF metafile device-independent, as specified in [MS-WMF].

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MetafileDataTypeEmf: Specifies that the metafile is an EMF metafile that specifies graphics operations with EMF records, as specified in [MS-EMF].

MetafileDataTypeEmfPlusOnly: Specifies that the metafile is an EMF+ metafile that specifies graphics operations with EMF+ records only.

MetafileDataTypeEmfPlusDual: Specifies that the metafile is an EMF+ metafile that specifies graphics operations with both EMF and EMF+ records.

Embedded metafile data is specified by EmfPlusMetafileData objects (section 2.2.2.27).

See section 2.1.1 for the specification of additional enumerations.

2.1.1.22 ObjectType Enumeration

The **ObjectType** enumeration defines types of graphics objects that can be created and used in graphics operations.

```
typedef enum
{
   ObjectTypeInvalid = 0x00000000,
   ObjectTypeBrush = 0x00000001,
   ObjectTypePen = 0x00000002,
   ObjectTypePath = 0x00000003,
   ObjectTypeRegion = 0x00000004,
   ObjectTypeImage = 0x00000005,
   ObjectTypeFont = 0x00000006,
   ObjectTypeStringFormat = 0x00000007,
   ObjectTypeImageAttributes = 0x00000008,
   ObjectTypeCustomLineCap = 0x0000009
} ObjectType;
```

ObjectTypeInvalid: The object is not a valid object.

- **ObjectTypeBrush:** Specifies an <u>EmfPlusBrush object (section 2.2.1.1)</u>. Brush objects fill graphics regions.
- **ObjectTypePen:** Specifies an <u>EmfPlusPen object (section 2.2.1.7)</u>. Pen objects draw graphics lines.
- **ObjectTypePath:** Specifies an <u>EmfPlusPath object (section 2.2.1.6)</u>. Path objects specify sequences of lines, curves, and shapes.
- **ObjectTypeRegion:** Specifies an <u>EmfPlus Region object (section 2.2.1.8)</u>. Region objects specify areas of the output surface.
- **ObjectTypeImage:** Specifies an <u>EmfPlusImage object (section 2.2.1.4)</u>. Image objects encapsulate bitmaps and metafiles.
- **ObjectTypeFont:** Specifies an <u>EmfPlusFont object (section 2.2.1.3)</u>. Font objects specify font properties, including **typeface** style, **em size**, and **font family**.
- **ObjectTypeStringFormat:** Specifies an <u>EmfPlusStringFormat object (section 2.2.1.9)</u>. String format objects specify text layout, including alignment, orientation, tab stops, clipping, and digit substitution for languages that do not use Western European digits.

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- **ObjectTypeImageAttributes:** Specifies an <u>EmfPlusImageAttributes object (section 2.2.1.5)</u>. Image attribute objects specify operations on pixels during image rendering, including color adjustment, **grayscale** adjustment, gamma correction, and **color mapping**.
- **ObjectTypeCustomLineCap:** Specifies an <u>EmfPlusCustomLineCap object (section 2.2.1.2)</u>. Custom line cap objects specify shapes to draw at the ends of a graphics line, including squares, circles, and diamonds.

Graphics objects are specified by EmfPlusObject records (section 2.3.5.1).

See section 2.1.1 for the specification of additional enumerations.

2.1.1.23 PathPointType Enumeration

The **PathPointType** enumeration defines types of points on a graphics path.

```
typedef enum
{
  PathPointTypeStart = 0x00,
  PathPointTypeLine = 0x01,
  PathPointTypeBezier = 0x03
} PathPointType;
```

PathPointTypeStart: Specifies that the point is the starting point of a path.

PathPointTypeLine: Specifies that the point is one of the two endpoints of a line.

PathPointTypeBezier: Specifies that the point is an endpoint or control point of a cubic Bezier curve.

Graphics path point types are specified by EmfPlusPathPointType objects (section 2.2.2.31).

See section 2.1.1 for the specification of additional enumerations.

2.1.1.24 PenAlignment Enumeration

The **PenAlignment** enumeration defines the distribution of the width of the pen with respect to the line being drawn.

```
typedef enum
{
   PenAlignmentCenter = 0x00000000,
   PenAlignmentInset = 0x00000001,
   PenAlignmentLeft = 0x00000002,
   PenAlignmentOutset = 0x00000003,
   PenAlignmentRight = 0x00000004
} PenAlignment;
```

PenAlignmentCenter: Specifies that the <u>EmfPlusPen</u> object is centered over the theoretical line.

PenAlignmentInset: Specifies that the pen is positioned on the inside of the theoretical line.

PenAlignmentLeft: Specifies that the pen is positioned to the left of the theoretical line.

PenAlignmentOutset: Specifies that the pen is positioned on the outside of the theoretical line.

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PenAlignmentRight: Specifies that the pen is positioned to the right of the theoretical line.

Graphics pens are specified by EmfPlusPen objects (section 2.2.1.7). Pen alignment can be visualized by considering a theoretical one-dimensional line drawn between two specified points. The pen alignment determines the proportion of pen width that is orthogonal to the theoretical line.

See section 2.1.1 for the specification of additional enumerations.

2.1.1.25 PixelFormat Enumeration

The **PixelFormat** enumeration defines pixel formats that are supported in EMF+ bitmaps.

```
typedef enum
{
 PixelFormatUndefined = 0x00000000,
 PixelFormat1bppIndexed = 0x00030101,
 PixelFormat4bppIndexed = 0x00030402,
 PixelFormat8bppIndexed = 0x00030803,
 PixelFormat16bppGrayScale = 0x00101004,
 PixelFormat16bppRGB555 = 0x00021005,
 PixelFormat16bppRGB565 = 0x00021006,
 PixelFormat16bppARGB1555 = 0x00061007,
 PixelFormat24bppRGB = 0x00021808,
 PixelFormat32bppRGB = 0x00022009,
 PixelFormat32bppARGB = 0x0026200A,
 PixelFormat32bppPARGB = 0x000E200B,
 PixelFormat48bppRGB = 0x0010300C,
 PixelFormat64bppARGB = 0x0034400D,
 PixelFormat64bppPARGB = 0x001A400E
} PixelFormat:
```

PixelFormatUndefined: The format is not specified.

- **PixelFormat1bppIndexed:** The format is monochrome, and a color palette lookup table is used.
- **PixelFormat4bppIndexed:** The format is 16-color, and a color palette lookup table is used.

PixelFormat8bppIndexed: The format is 256-color, and a color palette lookup table is used.

PixelFormat16bppGrayScale: The format is 16 bits per pixel, grayscale.

- **PixelFormat16bppRGB555:** The format is 16 bits per pixel; 5 bits each are used for the red, green, and blue components. The remaining bit is not used.
- **PixelFormat16bppRGB565:** The format is 16 bits per pixel; 5 bits are used for the red component, 6 bits for the green component, and 5 bits for the blue component.
- **PixelFormat16bppARGB1555:** The format is 16 bits per pixel; 1 bit is used for the alpha component, and 5 bits each are used for the red, green, and blue components.
- **PixelFormat24bppRGB:** The format is 24 bits per pixel; 8 bits each are used for the red, green, and blue components.
- **PixelFormat32bppRGB:** The format is 32 bits per pixel; 8 bits each are used for the red, green, and blue components. The remaining 8 bits are not used.

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- **PixelFormat32bppARGB:** The format is 32 bits per pixel; 8 bits each are used for the alpha, red, green, and blue components.
- **PixelFormat32bppPARGB:** The format is 32 bits per pixel; 8 bits each are used for the alpha, red, green, and blue components. The red, green, and blue components are premultiplied according to the alpha component.
- **PixelFormat48bppRGB:** The format is 48 bits per pixel; 16 bits each are used for the red, green, and blue components.
- **PixelFormat64bppARGB:** The format is 64 bits per pixel; 16 bits each are used for the alpha, red, green, and blue components.
- **PixelFormat64bppPARGB:** The format is 64 bits per pixel; 16 bits each are used for the alpha, red, green, and blue components. The red, green, and blue components are premultiplied according to the alpha component.

Pixel formats are specified by EmfPlusBitmap objects. They are encoded as follows:

- Bits 0-7: Enumeration of the pixel format constants, starting at zero.
- Bits 8-15: The total number of bits per pixel.
- Bit 16: If set, the color value is indexed into a palette.
- Bit 17: If set, the color value is in a GDI-supported format.
- Bit 18: If set, the color value has an alpha component.
- Bit 19: If set, the color value has a premultiplied alpha component.
- Bit 20: If set, extended colors, 16-bits per channel, are supported.
- Bits 21-31: Reserved.

See section 2.1.1 for the specification of additional enumerations.

2.1.1.26 PixelOffsetMode Enumeration

The **PixelOffsetMode** enumeration defines how pixels are offset, which specifies the trade-off between rendering speed and quality.

```
typedef enum
{
    PixelOffsetModeDefault = 0x00,
    PixelOffsetModeHighSpeed = 0x01,
    PixelOffsetModeHighQuality = 0x02,
    PixelOffsetModeNone = 0x03,
    PixelOffsetModeHalf = 0x04
} PixelOffsetMode;
```

- **PixelOffsetModeDefault:** Pixels are centered on integer coordinates, specifying speed over quality.
- **PixelOffsetModeHighSpeed:** Pixels are centered on integer coordinates, as with PixelOffsetModeNone. Higher speed at the expense of quality is specified.

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PixelOffsetModeHighQuality: Pixels are centered on half-integer coordinates, as with PixelOffsetModeHalf. Higher quality at the expense of speed is specified.

PixelOffsetModeNone: Pixels are centered on the origin, which means that the pixel covers the area from -0.5 to 0.5 on both the x and y axes and its center is at (0,0).

PixelOffsetModeHalf: Pixels are centered on half-integer coordinates, which means that the pixel covers the area from 0 to 1 on both the x and y axes and its center is at (0.5,0.5). By offsetting pixels during rendering, the render quality can be improved at the cost of render speed.

See section 2.1.1 for the specification of additional enumerations.

2.1.1.27 RegionNodeDataType Enumeration

The RegionNodeDataType enumeration defines types of region node data.

```
typedef enum
{
    RegionNodeDataTypeAnd = 0x00000001,
    RegionNodeDataTypeOr = 0x00000002,
    RegionNodeDataTypeXor = 0x00000003,
    RegionNodeDataTypeExclude = 0x00000004,
    RegionNodeDataTypeRect = 0x10000000,
    RegionNodeDataTypePath = 0x10000001,
    RegionNodeDataTypeEmpty = 0x10000002,
    RegionNodeDataTypeInfinite = 0x10000003
} RegionNodeDataType;
```

- **RegionNodeDataTypeAnd:** Specifies a region node with child nodes. A Boolean AND operation SHOULD be applied to the left and right child nodes specified by an <u>EmfPlusRegionNodeChildNodes object (section 2.2.2.41)</u>.
- **RegionNodeDataTypeOr:** Specifies a region node with child nodes. A Boolean OR operation SHOULD be applied to the left and right child nodes specified by an EmfPlusRegionNodeChildNodes object.
- **RegionNodeDataTypeXor:** Specifies a region node with child nodes. A Boolean XOR operation SHOULD be applied to the left and right child nodes specified by an EmfPlusRegionNodeChildNodes object.
- **RegionNodeDataTypeExclude:** Specifies a region node with child nodes. A Boolean operation, defined as "the part of region 1 that is excluded from region 2", SHOULD be applied to the left and right child nodes specified by an EmfPlusRegionNodeChildNodes object.
- **RegionNodeDataTypeComplement:** Specifies a region node with child nodes. A Boolean operation, defined as "the part of region 2 that is excluded from region 1", SHOULD be applied to the left and right child nodes specified by an EmfPlusRegionNodeChildNodes object.
- **RegionNodeDataTypeRect:** Specifies a region node with no child nodes. The **RegionNodeData** field SHOULD specify a boundary with an <u>EmfPlusRectF object (section</u> 2.2.2.39).

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RegionNodeDataTypePath: Specifies a region node with no child nodes. The **RegionNodeData** field SHOULD specify a boundary with an <u>EmfPlusRegionNodePath object</u> (section 2.2.2.42).

RegionNodeDataTypeEmpty: Specifies a region node with no child nodes. The **RegionNodeData** field SHOULD NOT be present.

RegionNodeDataTypeInfinite: Specifies a region node with no child nodes, and its bounds are not defined.

Region node data is specified by EmfPlusRegionNode objects (section 2.2.2.40).

See section 2.1.1 for the specification of additional enumerations.

2.1.1.28 SmoothingMode Enumeration

The **SmoothingMode** enumeration defines smoothing modes to apply to lines, curves, and the edges of filled areas to make them appear more continuous or sharply defined.

```
typedef enum
{
  SmoothingModeDefault = 0x00,
  SmoothingModeHighSpeed = 0x01,
  SmoothingModeHighQuality = 0x02,
  SmoothingModeNone = 0x03,
  SmoothingModeAntiAlias8x4 = 0x04,
  SmoothingModeAntiAlias8x8 = 0x05
} SmoothingMode;
```

SmoothingModeDefault: Specifies default curve smoothing with no anti-aliasing.

SmoothingModeHighSpeed: Specifies best performance with no anti-aliasing.

SmoothingModeHighQuality: Specifies best quality with anti-aliasing.

SmoothingModeNone: Performs no curve smoothing and no anti-aliasing.

SmoothingModeAntiAlias8x4: Specifies good quality using an 8x4 box filter.<5>

SmoothingModeAntiAlias8x8: Specifies better quality using an 8x8 box filter. <<u><6></u>

See section 2.1.1 for the specification of additional enumerations.

2.1.1.29 StringAlignment Enumeration

The **StringAlignment** enumeration defines ways to align strings with respect to a text layout rectangle.

```
typedef enum
{
  StringAlignmentNear = 0x00000000,
  StringAlignmentCenter = 0x00000001,
  StringAlignmentFar = 0x00000002
} StringAlignment;
```

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- **StringAlignmentNear:** Specifies that string alignment is toward the origin of the layout rectangle. This can be used to align characters along a line or to align text within a rectangle. For a right-to-left layout rectangle, the origin SHOULD be at the upper right.
- **StringAlignmentCenter:** Specifies that alignment is centered between the origin and extent of the layout rectangle.

StringAlignmentFar: Specifies that alignment is to the right side of the layout rectangle.

See section 2.1.1 for the specification of additional enumerations.

2.1.1.30 StringDigitSubstitution Enumeration

The **StringDigitSubstitution** enumeration defines ways to substitute digits in a string according to a user's locale or language.

```
typedef enum
{
   StringDigitSubstitutionUser = 0x00000000,
   StringDigitSubstitutionNone = 0x00000001,
   StringDigitSubstitutionNational = 0x00000002,
   StringDigitSubstitutionTraditional = 0x00000003
} StringDigitSubstitution;
```

StringDigitSubstitutionUser: Specifies an implementation-defined substitution scheme.

StringDigitSubstitutionNone: Specifies to disable substitutions.

- **StringDigitSubstitutionNational:** Specifies substitution digits that correspond with the official national language of the user's locale.
- **StringDigitSubstitutionTraditional:** Specifies substitution digits that correspond to the user's native script or language, which can be different from the official national language of the user's locale.

See section 2.1.1 for the specification of additional enumerations.

2.1.1.31 StringTrimming Enumeration

The **StringTrimming** enumeration defines how to trim characters from a string that is too large for the text layout rectangle.

```
typedef enum
{
   StringTrimmingNone = 0x00000000,
   StringTrimmingCharacter = 0x00000001,
   StringTrimmingWord = 0x00000002,
   StringTrimmingEllipsisCharacter = 0x00000003,
   StringTrimmingEllipsisWord = 0x00000004,
   StringTrimmingEllipsisPath = 0x00000005
} StringTrimming;
```

StringTrimmingNone: Specifies that no trimming is done.

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- **StringTrimmingCharacter:** Specifies that the string is broken at the boundary of the last character that is inside the layout rectangle. This is the default.
- **StringTrimmingWord:** Specifies that the string is broken at the boundary of the last word that is inside the layout rectangle.
- **StringTrimmingEllipsisCharacter:** Specifies that the string is broken at the boundary of the last character that is inside the layout rectangle, and an ellipsis (...) is inserted after the character.
- **StringTrimmingEllipsisWord:** Specifies that the string is broken at the boundary of the last word that is inside the layout rectangle, and an ellipsis (...) is inserted after the word.
- **StringTrimmingEllipsisPath:** Specifies that the center is removed from the string and replaced by an ellipsis. The algorithm keeps as much of the last portion of the string as possible.

See section 2.1.1 for the specification of additional enumerations.

2.1.1.32 TextRenderingHint Enumeration

The **TextRenderingHint** enumeration defines types of text hinting and anti-aliasing, which affects the quality of text rendering.

```
typedef enum
{
  TextRenderingHintSystemDefault = 0x00,
  TextRenderingHintSingleBitPerPixelGridFit = 0x01,
  TextRenderingHintSingleBitPerPixel = 0x02,
  TextRenderingHintAntialiasGridFit = 0x03,
  TextRenderingHintAntialias = 0x04,
  TextRenderingHintClearTypeGridFit = 0x05
} TextRenderingHint;
```

- **TextRenderingHintSystemDefault:** Specifies that each text character SHOULD be drawn using whatever font-smoothing settings have been configured on the operating system.
- **TextRenderingHintSingleBitPerPixelGridFit:** Specifies that each text character SHOULD be drawn using its glyph bitmap. Smoothing MAY be used to improve the appearance of character glyph stems and curvature.
- **TextRenderingHintSingleBitPerPixel:** Specifies that each text character SHOULD be drawn using its glyph bitmap. Smoothing is not used.
- **TextRenderingHintAntialiasGridFit:** Specifies that each text character SHOULD be drawn using its anti-aliased glyph bitmap with smoothing. The rendering is high quality because of anti-aliasing, but at a higher performance cost.
- **TextRenderingHintAntialias:** Specifies that each text character is drawn using its anti-aliased glyph bitmap without hinting. Better quality results from anti-aliasing, but stem width differences MAY be noticeable because hinting is turned off.
- **TextRenderingHintClearTypeGridFit:** Specifies that each text character SHOULD be drawn using its **ClearType** glyph bitmap with smoothing. This is the highest-quality text hinting setting, which is used to take advantage of ClearType font features.

See section 2.1.1 for the specification of additional enumerations.

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2.1.1.33 UnitType Enumeration

The UnitType enumeration defines units of measurement in different coordinate systems.

```
typedef enum
{
   UnitTypeWorld = 0x00,
   UnitTypeDisplay = 0x01,
   UnitTypePixel = 0x02,
   UnitTypePoint = 0x03,
   UnitTypeInch = 0x04,
   UnitTypeDocument = 0x05,
   UnitTypeMillimeter = 0x06
} UnitType;
```

UnitTypeWorld: Specifies a unit of logical distance within the world space.

UnitTypeDisplay: Specifies a unit of distance based on the characteristics of the physical display.

UnitTypePixel: Specifies a unit of 1 pixel.

UnitTypePoint: Specifies a unit of 1 printer's point, or 1/72 inch.

UnitTypeInch: Specifies a unit of 1 inch.

UnitTypeDocument: Specifies a unit of 1/300 inch.

UnitTypeMillimeter: Specifies a unit of 1 millimeter.

See section 2.1.1 for the specification of additional enumerations.

2.1.1.34 WrapMode Enumeration

The **WrapMode** enumeration defines how the pattern from a texture or gradient brush is tiled across a shape or at shape boundaries, when it is smaller than the area being filled.

```
typedef enum
{
  WrapModeTile = 0x0000000,
  WrapModeTileFlipX = 0x00000001,
  WrapModeTileFlipY = 0x00000002,
  WrapModeTileFlipXY = 0x00000003,
  WrapModeClamp = 0x00000004
} WrapMode;
```

WrapModeTile: Tiles the gradient or texture.

WrapModeTileFlipX: Reverses the texture or gradient horizontally, and then tiles the texture or gradient.

- **WrapModeTileFlipY:** Reverses the texture or gradient vertically, and then tiles the texture or gradient.
- **WrapModeTileFlipXY:** Reverses the texture or gradient horizontally and vertically, and then tiles the texture or gradient.

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WrapModeClamp: Fixes the texture or gradient to the object boundary.

See section 2.1.1 for the specification of additional enumerations.

2.1.2 Bit Flag Constant Types

The Bit Flag Constants specify properties and options for EMF+ objects and records. In general, bit flags can be combined with Boolean OR operations.

Name	Section	Description
BrushData	<u>2.1.2.1</u>	Specifies properties of graphics brushes.
CustomLineCapData	<u>2.1.2.2</u>	Specifies data for custom line caps.
DriverStringOptions	<u>2.1.2.3</u>	Specifies properties of graphics text positioning and rendering.
FontStyle	<u>2.1.2.4</u>	Specifies styles of graphics font typefaces.
PaletteStyle	<u>2.1.2.5</u>	Specifies properties of graphics palettes .
PenData	<u>2.1.2.7</u>	Specifies properties of graphics pens.
StringFormat	2.1.2.8	Specifies options for graphics text layout.

The following types of bit flags are defined:

2.1.2.1 BrushData Flags

The **BrushData** flags specify properties of graphics brushes, including the presence of optional data fields. These flags can be combined to specify multiple options.

Constant/value	Description
BrushDataPath 0x0000001	 This flag is meaningful in EmfPlusPathGradientBrushData objects (section 2.2.2.29). If set, an EmfPlusBoundaryPathData object (section 2.2.2.6) MUST be specified in the BoundaryData field of the brush data object. If clear, an EmfPlusBoundaryPointData object (section 2.2.2.7) MUST be specified in the BoundaryData field of the brush data object.
BrushDataTransform 0x0000002	This flag is meaningful in EmfPlusLinearGradientBrushData objects (section 2.2.2.24), EmfPlusPathGradientBrushData objects, and EmfPlusTextureBrushData objects (section 2.2.2.45). If set, a 2x3 world space to device space transform matrix MUST be specified in the OptionalData field of the brush data object.
BrushDataPresetColors 0x00000004	This flag is meaningful in EmfPlusLinearGradientBrushData and EmfPlusPathGradientBrushData objects. If set, an EmfPlusBlendColors object (section 2.2.2.4) MUST be specified in the OptionalData field of the brush data object.
BrushDataBlendFactorsH 0x0000008	This flag is meaningful in EmfPlusLinearGradientBrushData and EmfPlusPathGradientBrushData objects. If set, an <u>EmfPlusBlendFactors</u> object (section <u>2.2.2.5</u>) that specifies a blend pattern along a horizontal gradient MUST be specified in the

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Constant/value	Description
	OptionalData field of the brush data object.
BrushDataBlendFactorsV 0x00000010	This flag is meaningful in EmfPlusLinearGradientBrushData objects. If set, an EmfPlusBlendFactors object that specifies a blend pattern along a vertical gradient MUST be specified in the OptionalData field of the brush data object.
BrushDataFocusScales 0x00000040	This flag is meaningful in EmfPlusPathGradientBrushData objects. If set, an <u>EmfPlusFocusScaleData</u> object (section <u>2.2.2.18</u>) MUST be specified in the OptionalData field of the brush data object.
BrushDataIsGammaCorrected 0x0000080	This flag is meaningful in EmfPlusLinearGradientBrushData, EmfPlusPathGradientBrushData, and EmfPlusTextureBrushData objects. If set, the brush MUST already be gamma corrected; that is, output brightness and intensity have been corrected to match the input image.
BrushDataDoNotTransform 0x00000100	This flag is meaningful in EmfPlusTextureBrushData objects. If set, a world space to device space transform SHOULD NOT be applied to the texture brush.

Graphics brushes are specified by <u>EmfPlusBrush objects</u> (section <u>2.2.1.1</u>).

See section 2.1.2 for the specification of additional bit flags.

2.1.2.2 CustomLineCapData Flags

The **CustomLineCapData** flags specify data for custom line caps. These flags can be combined to specify multiple options.

Constant/value	Description
CustomLineCapDataFillPath 0x00000001	If set, an <u>EmfPlusFillPath</u> object MUST be specified in the OptionalData field of the <u>EmfPlusCustomLineCapData</u> object for filling the custom line cap.
CustomLineCapDataLinePath 0x00000002	If set, an <u>EmfPlusLinePath</u> object MUST be specified in the OptionalData field of the EmfPlusCustomLineCapData object for outlining the custom line cap.

Custom graphics line caps are specified by EmfPlusCustomLineCap objects (section 2.2.1.2).

See section 2.1.2 for the specification of additional bit flags.

2.1.2.3 DriverStringOptions Flags

The **DriverStringOptions** flags specify properties of graphics text positioning and rendering. These flags can be combined to specify multiple options.

Constant/value	Description
DriverStringOptionsCmapLookup 0x00000001	If set, the positions of character glyphs SHOULD be specified in a character map lookup table.
	If clear, the glyph positions SHOULD be obtained from an array of

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Constant/value	Description
	coordinates.
DriverStringOptionsVertical 0x00000002	If set, the string SHOULD be rendered vertically. If clear, the string SHOULD be rendered horizontally.
DriverStringOptionsRealizedAdvance 0x00000004	If set, character glyph positions SHOULD be calculated relative to the position of the first glyph.<7> If clear, the glyph positions SHOULD be obtained from an array of coordinates.
DriverStringOptionsLimitSubpixel 0x0000008	If set, less memory SHOULD be used to cache anti-aliased glyphs, which produces lower quality text rendering. If clear, more memory SHOULD be used, which produces higher quality text rendering.

Graphics text output is specified in EmfPlusDrawDriverString records (section 2.3.4.6).

See section 2.1.2 for the specification of additional bit flags.

2.1.2.4 FontStyle Flags

The **FontStyle** flags specify styles of graphics font typefaces. These flags can be combined to specify multiple options.

Constant/value	Description
FontStyleBold	If set, the font typeface MUST be rendered with a heavier weight or thickness.
0x00000001	If clear, the font typeface MUST be rendered with a normal thickness.
FontStyleItalic	If set, the font typeface MUST be rendered with the vertical stems of the characters at an increased angle or slant relative to the baseline .
0x00000002	If clear, the font typeface MUST be rendered with the vertical stems of the characters at a normal angle.
FontStyleUnderline	If set, the font typeface MUST be rendered with a line underneath the baseline of the characters.
0x00000004	If clear, the font typeface MUST be rendered without a line underneath the baseline.
FontStyleStrikeout	If set, the font typeface MUST be rendered with a line parallel to the baseline drawn through the middle of the characters.
0x00000008	If clear, the font typeface MUST be rendered without a line through the characters.

Graphics font typefaces are specified by <u>EmfPlusFont objects (section 2.2.1.3)</u>.

See section 2.1.2 for the specification of additional bit flags.

2.1.2.5 PaletteStyle Flags

The **PaletteStyle** flags specify properties of graphics palettes. These flags can be combined to specify multiple options.

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Constant/value	Description
PaletteStyleHasAlpha 0x00000001	If set, one or more of the palette entries MUST contain alpha transparency information.
PaletteStyleGrayScale 0x00000002	If set, the palette MUST contain only grayscale entries.
PaletteStyleHalftone 0x00000004	If set, the palette MUST contain discrete color values that can be used for halftoning .

Graphics palettes are specified by <u>EmfPlusPalette</u> objects.

See section 2.1.2 for the specification of additional bit flags.

2.1.2.6 PathPointType Flags

The **PathPointType** flags specify type properties of points on graphics paths. These flags can be combined to specify multiple options.

Constant/value	Description
PathPointTypeDashMode 0x01	Specifies that a line segment that passes through the point is dashed.
PathPointTypePathMarker 0x02	Specifies that the point is a position marker.
PathPointTypeCloseSubpath 0x08	Specifies that the point is the endpoint of a subpath.

Graphics paths are specified by EmfPlusPath objects (section 2.2.1.6).

See section 2.1.2 for the specification of additional bit flags.

2.1.2.7 PenData Flags

The **PenData** flags specify properties of graphics pens, including the presence of optional data fields. These flags can be combined to specify multiple options.

Constant/value	Description
PenDataTransform 0x00000001	If set, a 2x3 transform matrix MUST be specified in the OptionalData field of an <u>EmfPlusPenData</u> object.
PenDataStartCap 0x00000002	If set, the style of a starting line cap MUST be specified in the OptionalData field of an EmfPlusPenData object.
PenDataEndCap 0x00000004	Indicates whether the style of an ending line cap MUST be specified in the OptionalData field of an EmfPlusPenData object.
PenDataJoin 0x00000008	Indicates whether a line join type MUST be specified in the OptionalData field of an EmfPlusPenData object.

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Constant/value	Description
PenDataMiterLimit 0x00000010	Indicates whether a miter limit MUST be specified in the OptionalData field of an EmfPlusPenData object.
PenDataLineStyle 0x00000020	Indicates whether a line style MUST be specified in the OptionalData field of an EmfPlusPenData object.
PenDataDashedLineCap 0x00000040	Indicates whether a dashed line cap MUST be specified in the OptionalData field of an EmfPlusPenData object.
PenDataDashedLineOffset 0x00000080	Indicates whether a dashed line offset MUST be specified in the OptionalData field of an EmfPlusPenData object.
PenDataDashedLine 0x00000100	Indicates whether an <u>EmfPlusDashedLineData</u> object MUST be specified in the OptionalData field of an EmfPlusPenData object.
PenDataNonCenter 0x00000200	Indicates whether a pen alignment MUST be specified in the OptionalData field of an EmfPlusPenData object.
PenDataCompoundLine 0x00000400	Indicates whether the length and content of a <u>EmfPlusCompoundLineData</u> object are present in the OptionalData field of an EmfPlusPenData object.
PenDataCustomStartCap 0x00000800	Indicates whether an <u>EmfPlusCustomStartCapData</u> object MUST be specified in the OptionalData field of an EmfPlusPenData object.
PenDataCustomEndCap 0x00001000	Indicates whether an <u>EmfPlusCustomEndCapData</u> object MUST be specified in the OptionalData field of an EmfPlusPenData object.

Graphics pens are specified by EmfPlusPen objects (section 2.2.1.7).

See section 2.1.2 for the specification of additional bit flags.

2.1.2.8 StringFormat Flags

The **StringFormat** flags specify options for graphics text layout, including direction, clipping and font handling. These flags can be combined to specify multiple options.

Constant/value	Description
StringFormatDirectionRightToLeft 0x00000001	If set, the reading order of the string SHOULD be right to left. For horizontal text, this means that characters are read from right to left. For vertical text, this means that columns are read from right to left. If clear, horizontal or vertical text SHOULD be read from left to
	right.
StringFormatDirectionVertical 0x00000002	If set, individual lines of text SHOULD be drawn vertically on the display device.
	If clear, individual lines of text SHOULD be drawn horizontally, with each new line below the previous line.
StringFormatNoFitBlackBox 0x00000004	If set, parts of characters MUST be allowed to overhang the text layout rectangle.
	If clear, characters that overhang the boundaries of the text layout

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Constant/value	Description
	rectangle MUST be repositioned to avoid overhang. An italic, "f" is an example of a character that can have overhanging parts.
StringFormatDisplayFormatControl 0x00000020	If set, control characters SHOULD appear in the output as representative Unicode glyphs.
StringFormatNoFontFallback 0x00000400	If set, an alternate font SHOULD be used for characters that are not supported in the requested font. If clear, a character missing from the requested font SHOULD appear as a "font missing" character, which MAY be an open square.
StringFormatMeasureTrailingSpaces 0x00000800	If set, the space at the end of each line MUST be included in measurements of string length. If clear, the space at the end of each line MUST be excluded from measurements of string length.
StringFormatNoWrap 0x00001000	If set, a string that extends past the end of the text layout rectangle MUST NOT be wrapped to the next line. If clear, a string that extends past the end of the text layout rectangle MUST be broken at the last word boundary within the bounding rectangle, and the remainder of the string MUST be wrapped to the next line.
StringFormatLineLimit 0x00002000	If set, whole lines of text SHOULD be output and SHOULD NOT be clipped by the string's layout rectangle. If clear, text layout SHOULD continue until all lines are output, or until additional lines would not be visible as a result of clipping. This flag can be used either to deny or allow a line of text to be partially obscured by a layout rectangle that is not a multiple of line height. For all text to be visible, a layout rectangle at least as tall as the height of one line.
StringFormatNoClip 0x00004000	If set, text extending outside the string layout rectangle SHOULD be allowed to show. If clear, all text that extends outside the layout rectangle SHOULD be clipped.
StringFormatBypassGDI 0x80000000	This flag MAY be used to specify an implementation-specfic process for rendering text.<8>

Graphics text layout is specified by EmfPlusStringFormat objects (section 2.2.1.9).

See section 2.1.2 for the specification of additional bit flags.

2.1.3 Standard Identifier Constant Types

The Standard Identifier Constants specify GUIDs for EMF+ objects and records.

The following types of standard identifiers are defined:

Name	Section	Description
ImageEffects Identifiers	<u>2.1.3.1</u>	Specifies GUIDs that identify image effects capabilities supported by graphics devices.

2.1.3.1 ImageEffects Identifiers

The **ImageEffects** identifiers define standard GUIDs for specifying graphics image effects. These identifiers are used by **device drivers** to publish their levels of support for these effects. The identifier constants are defined using the **GUID** curly-braced string representation ([MS-DTYP] section 2.3.4.3).

Constant/value	Description
BlurEffectGuid {633C80A4-1843-482B-9EF2-BE2834C5FDD4}	Specifies the blur effect.
BrightnessContrastEffectGuid {D3A1DBE1-8EC4-4C17-9F4C-EA97AD1C343D}	Specifies the brightness contrast effect .
ColorBalanceEffectGuid {537E597D-251E-48DA-9664-29CA496B70F8}	Specifies the color balance effect .
ColorCurveEffectGuid {DD6A0022-58E4-4A67-9D9B-D48EB881A53D}	Specifies the color curve effect. <u><9></u>
ColorLookupTableEffectGuid {A7CE72A9-0F7F-40D7-B3CC-D0C02D5C3212}	Specifies the color lookup table effect.
ColorMatrixEffectGuid {718F2615-7933-40E3-A511-5F68FE14DD74}	Specifies the color matrix effect .
HueSaturationLightnessEffectGuid {8B2DD6C3-EB07-4D87-A5F0-7108E26A9C5F}	Specifies the hue saturation lightness effect.
LevelsEffectGuid {99C354EC-2A31-4F3A-8C34-17A803B33A25}	Specifies the levels effect .
RedEyeCorrectionEffectGuid {74D29D05-69A4-4266-9549-3CC52836B632}	Specifies the red-eye correction effect .
SharpenEffectGuid {63CBF3EE-C526-402C-8F71-62C540BF5142}	Specifies the sharpen effect .
TintEffectGuid {1077AF00-2848-4441-9489-44AD4C2D7A2C}	Specifies the tint effect .

Image effects identifiers and <u>Image Effects Parameter Blocks</u> are specified by <u>EmfPlusSerializableObject records (section 2.3.5.2)</u> for <u>EmfPlusDrawImagePoints records (section 2.3.4.9)</u>.

2.2 EMF+ Objects

This section specifies EMF+ objects, which are grouped into the following categories:

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Name	Section	Description
Graphics object types	<u>2.2.1</u>	Specify parameters for graphics output. They are part of the playback device context and are persistent during the playback of an EMF+ metafile.
Structure object types	<u>2.2.2</u>	Specify containers for data structures that are embedded in EMF+ objects and records. Structure objects, unlike graphics objects, are not explicitly created; they are components that make up more complex structures.
Image Effects object types	<u>2.2.3</u>	Specify parameters for graphics image effects, which can be applied to bitmap images.

2.2.1 Graphics Object Types

The Graphics Objects specify parameters for graphics output. They are part of the playback device context and are persistent during the playback of an EMF+ metafile.

Name	Section	Description
EmfPlusBrush	<u>2.2.1.1</u>	Specifies a graphics brush for the filling of figures.
EmfPlusCustomLineCap	<u>2.2.1.2</u>	Specifies the shape to use at the ends of a line drawn by a graphics pen.
EmfPlusFont	<u>2.2.1.3</u>	Specifies properties that determine the appearance of text, including typeface, size, and style.
EmfPlusImage	<u>2.2.1.4</u>	Specifies a graphics image in the form of a bitmap or metafile.
EmfPlusImageAttributes	<u>2.2.1.5</u>	Specifies how bitmap and metafile image colors are manipulated during rendering.
EmfPlusPath	<u>2.2.1.6</u>	Specifies a series of line and curve segments.
EmfPlusPen	2.2.1.7	Specifies a graphics pen for the drawing of lines.
EmfPlusRegion	<u>2.2.1.8</u>	Specifies line and curve segments that define a nonrectilinear shape.
EmfPlusStringFormat	<u>2.2.1.9</u>	Specifies text layout, display manipulations, and language identification.

The following types of graphics objects are defined:

Graphics objects are explicitly created by <u>EmfPlusObject records (section 2.3.5.1)</u>, and they can be used in any number of graphics operations. An implementation is responsible for keeping track of graphics objects during playback of the metafile. A conceptual model for managing EMF+ graphics objects is described in <u>Managing Graphics Objects (section 3.1.2)</u>.

2.2.1.1 EmfPlusBrush Object

The EmfPlusBrush object specifies a graphics brush for filling regions.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
														,	Vers	sion	1														
Туре																															
BrushData (variable)																															

Version (4 bytes): An <u>EmfPlusGraphicsVersion object (section 2.2.2.19)</u> that specifies the version of operating system graphics that was used to create this object.

Type (4 bytes): A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the type of brush, which determines the contents of the **BrushData** field. This value MUST be defined in the **BrushType** <u>enumeration (section 2.1.1.3)</u>.

BrushData (variable): Variable-length data that defines the brush object specified in the **Type** field. The content and format of the data can be different for every brush type.

This object is generic and is used to specify different types of brush data, including the following objects:

- EmfPlusHatchBrushData (section 2.2.2.20)
- EmfPlusLinearGradientBrushData object (section 2.2.2.24)
- EmfPlusPathGradientBrushData object (section 2.2.2.29)
- <u>EmfPlusSolidBrushData object (section 2.2.2.43)</u>
- <u>EmfPlusTextureBrushData object (section 2.2.2.45)</u>

See section 2.2.1 for the specification of additional graphics objects.

2.2.1.2 EmfPlusCustomLineCap Object

The EmfPlusCustomLineCap object specifies the shape to use at the ends of a line drawn by a graphics pen.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
														,	Vers	sion	ı														
Туре																															
CustomLineCapData (variable)																															

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Version (4 bytes): An <u>EmfPlusGraphicsVersion object (section 2.2.2.19)</u> that specifies the version of operating system graphics that was used to create this object.

- **Type (4 bytes):** A 32-bit signed integer that specifies the type of custom line cap object, which determines the contents of the **CustomLineCapData** field. This value MUST be defined in the **CustomLineCapDataType enumeration (section 2.1.1.9)**.
- **CustomLineCapData (variable):** Variable-length data that defines the custom line cap data object specified in the **Type** field. The content and format of the data can be different for every custom line cap type.

This object is generic and is used to specify different types of custom line cap data, including:

- An <u>EmfPlusCustomLineCapArrowData object (section 2.2.2.12)</u>; and
- An EmfPlusCustomLineCapData object (section 2.2.2.13).

See section 2.2.1 for the specification of additional graphics objects.

2.2.1.3 EmfPlusFont Object

The EmfPlusFont object specifies properties that determine the appearance of text, including typeface, size, and style.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	З	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
Version																															
															Ems	Size	9														
														9	Size	Uni	t														
														Fon	tSty	/leFl	lags	5													
														R	ese	rve	d														
															Len	gth															
												F	am	ilyN	am	e (v	aria	able)												

- **Version (4 bytes):** An <u>EmfPlusGraphicsVersion object (section 2.2.2.19)</u> that specifies the version of operating system graphics that was used to create this object.
- **EmSize (4 bytes):** A 32-bit floating-point value that specifies the em size of the font in units specified by the **SizeUnit** field.
- **SizeUnit (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the units used for the **EmSize** field. These are typically the units that were employed when designing the font. The value MUST be in the <u>UnitType enumeration (section 2.1.1.33)</u>.<10>

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- **FontStyleFlags (4 bytes):** A 32-bit signed integer that specifies attributes of the character glyphs that affect the appearance of the font, such as bold and italic. This value MUST be composed of <u>FontStyle flags (section 2.1.2.4)</u>.
- Reserved (4 bytes): A 32-bit unsigned integer that is reserved and MUST be ignored.
- Length (4 bytes): A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the number of characters in the FamilyName field.
- **FamilyName (variable):** A string of **Length** Unicode characters that contains the name of the font family.

See section 2.2.1 for the specification of additional graphics objects.

2.2.1.4 EmfPlusImage Object

The EmfPlusImage object specifies a graphics image in the form of a bitmap or metafile.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
														,	Ver	sion	ı														
															Ту	pe															
													Ima	ige	Data	ı (va	aria	ble))												
																•															

Version (4 bytes): An <u>EmfPlusGraphicsVersion object (section 2.2.2.19)</u> that specifies the version of operating system graphics that was used to create this object.

- **Type (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the type of data in the **ImageData** field. This value MUST be defined in the **ImageDataType enumeration (section 2.1.1.15)**.
- **ImageData (variable):** Variable-length data that defines the image data specified in the **Type** field. The content and format of the data can be different for every image type.

This object is generic and is used to specify different types of image data, including:

- An <u>EmfPlusBitmap object (section 2.2.2.2)</u>; and
- An EmfPlusMetafile object (section 2.2.2.27).

See section 2.2.1 for the specification of additional graphics objects.

2.2.1.5 EmfPlusImageAttributes Object

The EmfPlusImageAttributes object specifies how bitmap image colors are manipulated during rendering.

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0 1 2 3 4 5 6	7 8 9 1 1 2 3	4 5 6 7 8	2 9 0 1 2	3 4 5 6 7	8 9 3 1
		Version			
		Reserved1			
		WrapMode			
		ClampColor			
		ObjectClamp			
		Reserved2			

- **Version (4 bytes):** An <u>EmfPlusGraphicsVersion object (section 2.2.2.19)</u> that specifies the version of operating system graphics that was used to create this object.
- **Reserved1 (4 bytes):** A 32-bit field that is not used and MUST be ignored.
- **WrapMode (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies how to handle edge conditions with a value from the <u>WrapMode enumeration (section 2.1.1.34)</u>.
- **ClampColor (4 bytes):** An EmfPlusARGB (section 2.2.2.1) object that specifies the edge color to use when the **WrapMode** value is **WrapModeClamp**. This color is visible when the source rectangle processed by an EmfPlusDrawImage (section 2.3.4.8) record is larger than the image itself.
- **ObjectClamp (4 bytes):** A 32-bit signed integer that specifies the object clamping behavior. It is not used until this object is applied to an image being drawn. This value MUST be one of the values defined in the following table.

Value	Meaning
RectClamp 0x0000000	The object is clamped to a rectangle.
BitmapClamp 0x00000001	The object is clamped to a bitmap.

Reserved2 (4 bytes): A value that SHOULD be set to zero and MUST be ignored upon receipt.

See section 2.2.1 for the specification of additional graphics objects.

2.2.1.6 EmfPlusPath Object

The EmfPlusPath object specifies a series of line and curve segments that form a graphics path.

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0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
														,	Vers	sion															
													F	Path	Poir	ntCo	oun	t													
					I	Patł	٦Poi	ntF	lags	;												R	ese	erve	d						
													Patl	٦Po	ints	(va	rial	ble)													
												Pa	thPo	oint	Тур	es ((var	riabl	le)												
												Alig	nme	entF	Pado	ding	(va	aria	ble))											

- **Version (4 bytes):** An EmfPlusGraphicsVersion object (section 2.2.2.19) that specifies the version of operating system graphics that was used to create this object.
- **PathPointCount (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the number of points and associated point types that are defined by this object.
- **PathPointFlags (2 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies how to interpret the points and associated point types that are defined by this object.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
0	с	0	R	Ρ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0																

C (1 bit): If set, the **PathPoints** array specifies absolute locations in the coordinate space with 16-bit integer coordinates.

If clear, the **PathPoints** array specifies absolute locations in the coordinate space with 32-bit floating-point coordinates.

Note If the **P** flag (below) is set, this flag MAY <<u>11></u> be clear and MUST be ignored.

 R (1 bit): If set, the point types in the PathPointTypes array are specified by <u>EmfPlusPathPointTypeRLE objects (section 2.2.2.32)</u>, which use run-length encoding (RLE) compression, and/or <u>EmfPlusPathPointType objects (section 2.2.2.31)</u>. See [MS-WMF] section 3.1.6 for more information on RLE compression.

If clear, the point types in the **PathPointTypes** array are specified by EmfPlusPathPointType objects.

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P (1 bit): If set, each element in the PathPoints array specifies a location in the coordinate space that is relative to the location specified by the previous element in the array. In the case of the first element in PathPoints, a previous location at coordinates (0,0) is assumed.

If clear, each element in the **PathPoints** array specifies an absolute location.

Reserved (2 bytes): This field is reserved and MUST be ignored.

PathPoints (variable): An array of **PathPointCount** points that specify the path. The type of objects in this array are specified by the **PathPointFlags** field, as follows:

- If the P flag is set, the points are relative locations that are specified by <u>EmfPlusPointR</u> objects (section 2.2.2.37).
- If the P flag is clear and the C flag is set, the points are absolute locations that are specified by <u>EmfPlusPoint objects (section 2.2.2.35)</u>.
- If the P flag is clear and the C flag is clear, the points are absolute locations that are specified by <u>EmfPlusPointF objects (section 2.2.2.36)</u>.
- PathPointTypes (variable): An array that specifies how the points in the PathPoints field are used to draw the path. The type of objects in this array is specified by the **R** flag in the **PathPointFlags** field.

AlignmentPadding (variable): An optional array of up to 3 bytes that pads the record so that its total size is a multiple of 4 bytes. This field MUST be ignored.

See section 2.2.1 for the specification of additional graphics objects.

2.2.1.7 EmfPlusPen Object

The EmfPlusPen object specifies a graphics pen for the drawing of lines.

0 1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
													,	Ver	sion	l														
														Ту	ре															
												Pe	nDa	ata	(var	iab	le)													
											B	Brus	hOl	ojec	t (v	aria	able)												

Version (4 bytes): An <u>EmfPlusGraphicsVersion object (section 2.2.2.19)</u> that specifies the version of operating system graphics that was used to create this object.

Type (4 bytes): This field MUST be set to zero.

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PenData (variable): An EmfPlusPenData object that specifies properties of the graphics pen.

BrushObject (variable): An <u>EmfPlusBrush</u> object that specifies a graphics brush associated with the pen.

See section 2.2.1 for the specification of additional graphics objects.

2.2.1.8 EmfPlusRegion Object

The EmfPlusRegion object specifies line and curve segments that define a nonrectilinear shape.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
														,	Vers	sion	1														
													Re	egio	nNo	ode	Cou	nt													
												F	Regi	onN	lode	e (v	aria	ble)												
																•															

Version (4 bytes): An <u>EmfPlusGraphicsVersion object (section 2.2.2.19)</u> that specifies the version of operating system graphics that was used to create this object.

RegionNodeCount (4 bytes): A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the number of child nodes in the **RegionNode** field.

RegionNode (variable): An array of **RegionNodeCount**+1 <u>EmfPlusRegionNode objects</u> (section 2.2.2.40). Regions are specified as a binary tree of region nodes, and each node MUST either be a terminal node or specify one or two child nodes. RegionNode MUST contain at least one element.

See section 2.2.1 for the specification of additional graphics objects.

2.2.1.9 EmfPlusStringFormat Object

The EmfPlusStringFormat object specifies text layout, display manipulations, and language identification.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
														,	Ver	sion	ı														
													St	ring	For	ma	tFla	gs													
														L	ang	uag	le														
													S	Strin	gAl	ignı	mer	nt													

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LineAlign
DigitSubstitution
DigitLanguage
FirstTabOffset
HotkeyPrefix
LeadingMargin
TrailingMargin
Tracking
Trimming
TabStopCount
RangeCount
StringFormatData (variable)

- **Version (4 bytes):** An <u>EmfPlusGraphicsVersion object (section 2.2.2.19)</u> that specifies the version of operating system graphics that was used to create this object.
- StringFormatFlags (4 bytes): A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies text layout options for formatting, clipping and font handling. This value MUST be composed of <u>StringFormat flags</u> (section 2.1.2.8).
- **Language (4 bytes):** An <u>EmfPlusLanguageIdentifier object (section 2.2.2.23)</u> that specifies the language to use for the string.
- **StringAlignment (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies how to align the string horizontally in the layout rectangle. This value MUST be defined in the <u>StringAlignment</u> <u>enumeration (section 2.1.1.29)</u>.
- **LineAlign (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies how to align the string vertically in the layout rectangle. This value MUST be defined in the **StringAlignment** enumeration.
- **DigitSubstitution (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies how to substitute numeric digits in the string according to a locale or language. This value MUST be defined in the <u>StringDigitSubstitution enumeration (section 2.1.1.30)</u>.
- **DigitLanguage (4 bytes):** An EmfPlusLanguageIdentifier object that specifies the language to use for numeric digits in the string. For example, if this string contains Arabic digits, this field MUST contain a language identifier that specifies an Arabic language.

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- **FirstTabOffset (4 bytes):** A 32-bit floating-point value that specifies the number of spaces between the beginning of a text line and the first tab stop.
- HotkeyPrefix (4 bytes): A 32-bit signed integer that specifies the type of processing that is performed on a string when a keyboard shortcut prefix (that is, an ampersand) is encountered. Basically, this field specifies whether to display keyboard shortcut prefixes that relate to text. The value MUST be defined in the <u>HotkeyPrefix enumeration (section</u> 2.1.1.14).
- **LeadingMargin (4 bytes):** A 32-bit floating-point value that specifies the length of the space to add to the starting position of a string. The default is 1/6 inch; for typographic fonts, the default value is 0.
- **TrailingMargin (4 bytes):** A 32-bit floating-point value that specifies the length of the space to leave following a string. The default is 1/6 inch; for typographic fonts, the default value is 0.
- **Tracking (4 bytes):** A 32-bit floating-point value that specifies the ratio of the horizontal space allotted to each character in a specified string to the font-defined width of the character. Large values for this property specify ample space between characters; values less than 1 can produce character overlap. The default is 1.03; for typographic fonts, the default value is 1.00.
- Trimming (4 bytes): Specifies how to trim characters from a string that is too large to fit into a layout rectangle. This value MUST be defined in the <u>StringTrimming enumeration (section</u> 2.1.1.31).
- **TabStopCount (4 bytes):** A 32-bit signed integer that specifies the number of tab stops defined in the **StringFormatData** field.
- **RangeCount (4 bytes):** A 32-bit signed integer that specifies the number of <u>EmfPlusCharacterRange objects (section 2.2.2.8)</u> defined in the **StringFormatData** field.
- **StringFormatData (variable):** An <u>EmfPlusStringFormatData object (section 2.2.2.44)</u> that specifies optional text layout data.

See section 2.2.1 for the specification of additional graphics objects.

2.2.2 Structure Object Types

The Structure Objects specify containers for data structures that are embedded in EMF+ metafile records. Structure objects, unlike graphics objects, are not explicitly created; they are components that make up more complex structures.

Name	Section	Description
EmfPlusARGB	<u>2.2.2.1</u>	Specifies a color as a combination of RGB and alpha.
EmfPlusBitmap	<u>2.2.2.2</u>	Specifies a bitmap image.
EmfPlusBitmapData	<u>2.2.2.3</u>	Specifies a bitmap image with pixel data.
EmfPlusBlendColors	<u>2.2.2.4</u>	Specifies positions and colors for the blend pattern of a gradient brush.

The following types of structure objects are defined.

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Name	Section	Description
EmfPlusBlendFactors	2.2.2.5	Specifies positions and factors for the blend pattern of a gradient brush.
EmfPlusBoundaryPathData	<u>2.2.2.6</u>	Specifies a path boundary for a gradient brush.
EmfPlusBoundaryPointData	2.2.2.7	Specifies a closed cardinal spline boundary for a gradient brush.
EmfPlusCharacterRange	2.2.2.8	Specifies a range of character positions for a text string.
EmfPlusCompressedImage	<u>2.2.2.10</u>	Specifies an image with compressed data.
EmfPlusCompoundLineData	<u>2.2.2.9</u>	Specifies line and space data for a compound line.
EmfPlusCustomEndCapData	2.2.2.11	Specifies a custom line cap for the end of a line.
EmfPlusCustomLineCapArrowData	2.2.2.12	Specifies adjustable arrow data for a custom line cap.
EmfPlusCustomLineCapData	<u>2.2.2.13</u>	Specifies default data for a custom line cap.
EmfPlusCustomLineCapOptionalData	2.2.2.14	Specifies optional fill and outline data for a custom line cap.
EmfPlusCustomStartCapData	<u>2.2.2.15</u>	Specifies a custom line cap for the start of a line.
EmfPlusDashedLineData	2.2.2.16	Specifies properties of a dashed line for a graphics pen.
EmfPlusFillPath	<u>2.2.2.17</u>	Specifies a graphics path for filling a custom line cap.
EmfPlusFocusScaleData	2.2.2.18	Specifies focus scales for the blend pattern of a path gradient brush.
EmfPlusGraphicsVersion	2.2.2.19	Specifies the version of operating system graphics that is used to create an EMF+ metafile.
EmfPlusHatchBrushData	2.2.2.20	Specifies a hatch pattern for a graphics brush.
EmfPlusInteger7	2.2.2.21	Specifies a 7-bit signed integer in an 8-bit field.
EmfPlusInteger15	2.2.2.22	Specifies a 15-bit signed integer in a 16-bit field.
EmfPlusLanguageIdentifier	2.2.2.23	Specifies language identifiers that correspond to natural languages in a locale.
EmfPlusLinearGradientBrushData	2.2.2.24	Specifies a linear gradient for a graphics brush.
EmfPlusLinearGradientBrushOptionalData	2.2.2.25	Specifies optional data for a linear gradient brush.
EmfPlusLinePath	2.2.2.26	Specifies a graphics path for outlining a custom line cap.
EmfPlusMetafile	2.2.2.27	Specifies a metafile that contains a graphics image.

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Name	Section	Description
EmfPlusPalette	2.2.2.28	Specifies the colors that make up a palette.
EmfPlusPathGradientBrushData	2.2.2.29	Specifies a path gradient for a graphics brush.
EmfPlusPathGradientBrushOptionalData	2.2.2.30	Specifies optional data for a path gradient brush.
EmfPlusPathPointType	2.2.2.31	Specifies a type value associated with a point on a graphics path.
EmfPlusPathPointTypeRLE	<u>2.2.2.32</u>	Specifies type values associated with points on a graphics path using run-length encoding (RLE) compression. See <u>[MS-WMF]</u> section 3.1.6 for more information.
EmfPlusPenData	2.2.2.33	Specifies properties of a graphics pen.
EmfPlusPenOptionalData	2.2.2.34	Specifies optional data for a graphics pen.
EmfPlusPoint	<u>2.2.2.35</u>	Specifies an ordered pair of integer (X,Y) values that defines an absolute location in a coordinate space.
EmfPlusPointF	<u>2.2.2.36</u>	Specifies an ordered pair of floating-point (X,Y) values that defines an absolute location in a coordinate space.
EmfPlusPointR	<u>2.2.2.37</u>	Specifies an ordered pair of integer (X,Y) values that defines a relative location in a coordinate space.
EmfPlusRect	2.2.2.38	Specifies a rectangle origin, height, and width as 16-bit signed integers.
EmfPlusRectF	<u>2.2.39</u>	Specifies a rectangle origin, height, and width as 32-bit floating-point values.
EmfPlusRegionNode	2.2.2.40	Specifies a node of a graphics region.
EmfPlusRegionNodeChildNodes	2.2.2.41	Specifies the child nodes of a graphics region.
EmfPlusRegionNodePath	2.2.2.42	Specifies a graphics path for drawing the boundary of a region node.
EmfPlusSolidBrushData	2.2.2.43	Specifies a solid color for a graphics brush.
EmfPlusStringFormatData	2.2.2.44	Specifies tab stops and character positions for a graphics string.
EmfPlusTextureBrushData	2.2.2.45	Specifies a texture image for a graphics brush.
EmfPlusTextureBrushOptionalData	2.2.2.46	Specifies optional data for a texture brush.
EmfPlusTransformMatrix	2.2.2.47	Specifies a world space to device space transform.

2.2.2.1 EmfPlusARGB Object

The EmfPlusARGB object specifies a color as a combination of red, green, blue. and alpha.

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()	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
				Bli	ue							Gre	een							Re	ed							Alp	ha			

Blue (1 byte): An 8-bit unsigned integer that specifies the relative intensity of blue.

Green (1 byte): An 8-bit unsigned integer that specifies the relative intensity of green.

Red (1 byte): An 8-bit unsigned integer that specifies the relative intensity of red.

Alpha (1 byte): An 8-bit unsigned integer that specifies the transparency of the background, ranging from 0 for completely transparent to 0xFF for completely opaque.

See section 2.2.2 for the specification of additional structure objects.

2.2.2.2 EmfPlusBitmap Object

The EmfPlusBitmap object specifies a bitmap that contains a graphics image.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
															Wie	dth															
															Hei	ght															
															Str	ide															
														Pix	kelF	orm	nat														
															Ту	pe															
												E	Bitm	napl	Data	a (v	aria	able)												

Width (4 bytes): A 32-bit signed integer that specifies the width in pixels of the area occupied by the bitmap.

If the image is compressed, according to the **Type** field, this value is undefined and MUST be ignored.

Height (4 bytes): A 32-bit signed integer that specifies the height in pixels of the area occupied by the bitmap.

If the image is compressed, according to the **Type** field, this value is undefined and MUST be ignored.

Stride (4 bytes): A 32-bit signed integer that specifies the byte offset between the beginning of one scan-line and the next. This value is the number of bytes per pixel, which is specified in

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the **PixelFormat** field, multiplied by the width in pixels, which is specified in the **Width** field. The value of this field MUST be a multiple of four.

If the image is compressed, according to the **Type** field, this value is undefined and MUST be ignored.

PixelFormat (4 bytes): A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the format of the pixels that make up the bitmap image. The supported pixel formats are specified in the <u>PixelFormat</u> enumeration (section 2.1.1.25).

If the image is compressed, according to the **Type** field, this value is undefined and MUST be ignored.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
x	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	Ν	E	Ρ	А	G	Ι			Bit	sPe	erPi	xel						Inc	lex			

X (1 bit): Reserved and MUST be ignored.

N (1 bit): If set, the pixel format is "canonical", which means that 32 bits per pixel are supported, with 24-bits for color components and an 8-bit alpha channel.

If clear, the pixel format is not canonical.

E (1 bit): If set, the pixel format supports extended colors in 16-bits per channel.

If clear, extended colors are not supported.

P (1 bit): If set, each color component in the pixel has been premultiplied by the pixel's alpha transparency value.

If clear, each color component is multiplied by the pixel's alpha transparency value when the source pixel is blended with the destination pixel.

A (1 bit): If set, the pixel format includes an alpha transparency component.

If clear, the pixel format does not include a component that specifies transparency.

G (1 bit): If set, the pixel format is supported in Windows GDI.

If clear, the pixel format is not supported in Windows GDI.

I (1 bit): If set, the pixel values are indexes into a palette.

If clear, the pixel values are actual colors.

BitsPerPixel (1 byte): The total number of bits per pixel.

Index (1 byte): The pixel format enumeration index.

- **Type (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the type of data in the **BitmapData** field. This value MUST be defined in the **BitmapDataType enumeration (section 2.1.1.2)**.
- **BitmapData (variable):** Variable-length data that defines the bitmap data object specified in the **Type** field. The content and format of the data can be different for every bitmap type.

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Graphics images are specified by <u>EmfPlusImage objects (section 2.2.1.4)</u>. An EmfPlusBitmap object MUST be present in the **ImageData** field of an EmfPlusImage object if ImageTypeBitmap is specified in its **Type** field.

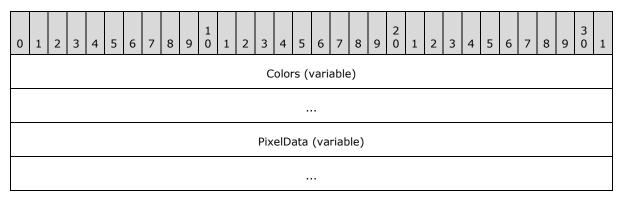
This object is generic and is used to specify different types of bitmap data, including:

- An <u>EmfPlusBitmapData object (section 2.2.2.3)</u>.
- An <u>EmfPlusCompressedImage object (section 2.2.2.10)</u>; and

See section 2.2.2 for the specification of additional structure objects.

2.2.2.3 EmfPlusBitmapData Object

The EmfPlusBitmapData object specifies a bitmap image with pixel data.



Colors (variable): An optional <u>EmfPlusPalette object (section 2.2.2.28)</u>, which specifies the palette of colors used in the pixel data. This field MUST be present if the **I** flag is set in the **PixelFormat** field of the <u>EmfPlusBitmap</u> object.

PixelData (variable): An array of bytes that specify the pixel data. The size and format of this data can be computed from fields in the EmfPlusBitmap object, including the pixel format from the **PixelFormat enumeration (section 2.1.1.25)**.

Bitmaps are specified by EmfPlusBitmap objects (section 2.2.2.2). An EmfPlusBitmapData object MUST be present in the **BitmapData** field of an EmfPlusBitmap object if BitmapDataTypePixel is specified in its **Type** field.

See section 2.2.2 for the specification of additional structure objects.

2.2.2.4 EmfPlusBlendColors Object

The EmfPlusBlendColors object specifies positions and colors for the blend pattern of a gradient brush.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
														Pos	itior	۱Co	unt														
												Bl	end	Pos	itio	าร (var	iabl	e)												

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BlendColors (variable)	

PositionCount (4 bytes): A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the number of positions in the **BlendPositions** field and colors in the **BlendColors** field.

BlendPositions (variable): An array of **PositionCount** 32-bit floating-point values that specify proportions of distance along the **gradient line**.

Each element MUST be a number between 0.0 and 1.0 inclusive. For a linear gradient brush, 0.0 represents the starting point and 1.0 represents the ending point. For a path gradient brush, 0.0 represents the midpoint and 1.0 represents an endpoint.

BlendColors (variable): An array of **PositionCount** <u>EmfPlusARGB objects (section 2.2.2.1)</u> that specify colors at the positions defined in the **BlendPositions** field.

Gradient brushes are specified by <u>EmfPlusLinearGradientBrushData objects (section 2.2.2.24)</u> and <u>EmfPlusPathGradientBrushData objects (section 2.2.2.29)</u>. Blend patterns are used to smoothly shade the interiors of shapes filled by gradient brushes. and can be defined by arrays of positions and colors or positions and factors. Positions and factors are specified by <u>EmfPlusBlendFactors</u> <u>objects (section 2.2.2.5)</u>.

An EmfPlusBlendColors object MUST be present in the **OptionalData** field of an EmfPlusLinearGradientBrushData object, if the **BrushDataPresetColors** flag is set in its **BrushDataFlags** field.

An EmfPlusBlendColors object MUST be present in the **OptionalData** field of an EmfPlusPathGradientBrushData object, if the **BrushDataPresetColors** flag is set in its **BrushDataFlags** field.

See section 2.2.2 for the specification of additional structure objects.

2.2.2.5 EmfPlusBlendFactors Object

The EmfPlusBlendFactors object specifies positions and factors for the blend pattern of a gradient brush.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
														Pos	itior	۱Co	unt														
												Bl	end	Pos	itio	าร (var	iabl	e)												
												В	len	dFa	ctor	s (v	/aria	able	e)												

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PositionCount (4 bytes): A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the number of positions in the **BlendPositions** field and factors in the **BlendFactors** field.

BlendPositions (variable): An array of **PositionCount** 32-bit floating-point values that specify proportions of distance along the gradient line.

Each value MUST be a number between 0.0 and 1.0 inclusive. For a linear gradient brush, 0.0 represents the starting point and 1.0 represents the ending point. For a path gradient brush, 0.0 represents the midpoint and 1.0 represents an endpoint.

BlendFactors (variable): An array of **PositionCount** 32-bit floating point values that specify proportions of colors at the positions defined in the **BlendPositions** field. Each value MUST be a number between 0.0 and 1.0 inclusive.

For a linear gradient brush, 0.0 represents 0% starting color and 100% ending color, and 1.0 represents 100% starting color and 0% ending color. For a path gradient brush, 0.0 represents 0% midpoint color and 100% endpoint color, and 1.0 represents 100% midpoint color and 0% endpoint color.

For example, if a linear gradient brush specifies a position of 0.2 and a factor of 0.3 along a gradient line that is 100 pixels long, the color that is 20 pixels along that line consists of 30 percent starting color and 70 percent ending color.

Gradient brushes are specified by <u>EmfPlusLinearGradientBrushData objects (section 2.2.2.24)</u> and <u>EmfPlusPathGradientBrushData objects (section 2.2.2.29)</u>. Blend patterns are used to smoothly shade the interiors of shapes filled by gradient brushes. and can be defined by arrays of positions and colors or positions and factors. Positions and colors are specified by <u>EmfPlusBlendColors objects (section 2.2.2.4)</u>.

An EmfPlusBlendFactors object MUST be present in the **OptionalData** field of an EmfPlusLinearGradientBrushData or EmfPlusPathGradientBrushData object if either of the flags **BrushDataBlendFactorsH** or **BrushDataBlendFactorsV** is set in its **BrushDataFlags** field.

See section 2.2.2 for the specification of additional structure objects.

2.2.2.6 EmfPlusBoundaryPathData Object

The EmfPlusBoundaryPathData object specifies a graphics path boundary for a gradient brush.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
													Bo	ound	dary	Pat	hSi	ze													
											E	Bou	nda	ryPa	ath[Data	a (v	aria	ble)											
																•															

BoundaryPathSize (4 bytes): A 32-bit signed integer that specifies the size in bytes of the **BoundaryPathData** field.

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BoundaryPathData (variable): An EmfPlusPath object (section 2.2.1.6) that specifies the boundary of the brush.

Boundary path data is specified in the **BoundaryData** field of an <u>EmfPlusPathGradientBrushData</u> <u>object (section 2.2.2.29)</u>.

See section 2.2.2 for the specification of additional structure objects.

2.2.2.7 EmfPlusBoundaryPointData Object

The EmfPlusBoundaryPointData object specifies a closed cardinal spline boundary for a gradient brush.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
													Βοι	unda	aryF	Poin	tCo	unt													
											E	Boui	nda	ryPo	ointl	Data	a (v	aria	able)											
																•															

BoundaryPointCount (4 bytes): A 32-bit signed integer that specifies the number of points in the **BoundaryPointData** field.

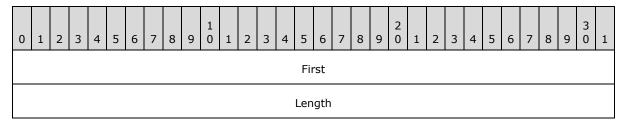
BoundaryPointData (variable): An array of **BoundaryPointCount** <u>EmfPlusPointF</u> objects that specify the boundary of the brush.

Boundary point data is specified in the **BoundaryData** field of an <u>EmfPlusPathGradientBrushData</u> <u>object (section 2.2.2.29)</u>.

See section 2.2.2 for the specification of additional structure objects.

2.2.2.8 EmfPlusCharacterRange Object

The EmfPlusCharacterRange object specifies a range of character positions for a text string.



First (4 bytes): A 32-bit signed integer that specifies the first position of this range.

Length (4 bytes): A 32-bit signed integer that specifies the number of positions in this range.

Graphics strings are specified by EmfPlusStringFormat objects (section 2.2.1.9).

See section 2.2.2 for the specification of additional structure objects.

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2.2.2.9 EmfPlusCompoundLineData Object

The EmfPlusCompoundLineData object specifies line and space data for a compound line.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
												С	om	pou	ndL	inel	Data	aSiz	e												
											C	Com	pou	ndL	ine	Dat	a (v	aria	able	e)											

CompoundLineDataSize (4 bytes): A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the number of elements in the **CompoundLineData** field.

CompoundLineData (variable): An array of **CompoundLineDataSize** floating-point values that specify the compound line of a pen. The elements MUST be in increasing order, and their values MUST be between 0.0 and 1.0, inclusive.

Graphics pens are specified by <u>EmfPlusPen objects (section 2.2.1.7)</u>. An EmfPlusCompoundLineData object MUST be present in the **OptionalData** field of an <u>EmfPlusPenData object (section 2.2.2.33)</u>, if the **PenDataCompoundLineData** flag is set in its **PenDataFlags** field.

A compound line is made up of a pattern of alternating parallel lines and spaces of varying widths. The values in the array specify the starting points of each component of the compound line relative to the total width. The first value specifies where the first line component begins as a fraction of the distance across the width of the pen. The second value specifies where the first space component begins as a fraction of the distance across the width of the pen. The final value in the array specifies where the last line component ends.

See section 2.2.2 for the specification of additional structure objects.

2.2.2.10 EmfPlusCompressedImage Object

The EmfPlusCompressedImage object specifies an image with compressed data.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
											Со	mpr	ess	edI	mag	jeD	ata	(va	riab	ole)											

CompressedImageData (variable): An array of bytes, which specify the compressed image. The type of compression MUST be determined from the data itself.

Bitmaps are specified by <u>EmfPlusBitmap objects (section 2.2.2.2</u>). An EmfPlusCompressedImage object MUST be present in the **BitmapData** field of an EmfPlusBitmap object if BitmapDataTypeCompressed is specified in its **Type** field.

This object is generic and is used for different types of compressed data, including:

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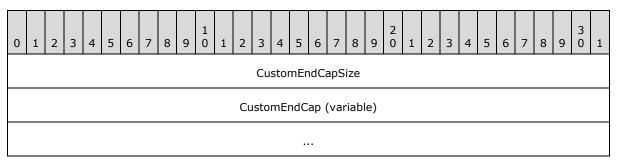
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- Exchangeable Image File Format (EXIF), as specified in [EXIF];
- Graphics Interchange Format (GIF), as specified in [GIF];
- Joint Photographic Experts Group (JPEG), as specified in [JFIF];
- Portable Network Graphics (PNG), as specified in [RFC2083] and [W3C-PNG]; and
- Tag Image File Format (TIFF), as specified in [RFC3302] and [TIFF].

See section 2.2.2 for the specification of additional structure objects.

2.2.2.11 EmfPlusCustomEndCapData Object

The EmfPlusCustomEndCapData object specifies a custom line cap for the end of a line.



CustomEndCapSize (4 bytes): A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the size in bytes of the **CustomEndCap** field.

CustomEndCap (variable): A custom line cap that defines the shape to draw at the end of a line. It can be any of various shapes, including a square, circle, or diamond.

Custom line caps are specified by <u>EmfPlusCustomLineCap objects (section 2.2.1.2)</u>. An EmfPlusCustomEndCapData object MUST be present in the **OptionalData** field of an <u>EmfPlusPenData object (section 2.2.2.33)</u>, if the **PenDataEndCap** flag is set in its **PenDataFlags** field.

See section 2.2.2 for the specification of additional structure objects.

2.2.2.12 EmfPlusCustomLineCapArrowData Object

The EmfPlusCustomLineCapArrowData object specifies adjustable arrow data for a custom line cap.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
															Wio	lth															
															Hei	ght															
														Mi	ddle	eIns	et														
														F	illS	tate	9														

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LineStartCap
LineEndCap
LineJoin
LineMiterLimit
WidthScale
FillHotSpot
LineHotSpot

Width (4 bytes): A 32-bit floating-point value that specifies the width of the arrow cap.

The width of the arrow cap is scaled by the width of the <u>EmfPlusPen object (section 2.2.1.7)</u> that is used to draw the line being capped. For example, when drawing a capped line with a pen that has a width of 5 pixels, and the adjustable arrow cap object has a width of 3, the actual arrow cap is drawn 15 pixels wide.

Height (4 bytes): A 32-bit floating-point value that specifies the height of the arrow cap.

The height of the arrow cap is scaled by the width of the EmfPlusPen object that is used to draw the line being capped. For example, when drawing a capped line with a pen that has a width of 5 pixels, and the adjustable arrow cap object has a height of 3, the actual arrow cap is drawn 15 pixels high.

- **MiddleInset (4 bytes):** A 32-bit floating-point value that specifies the number of pixels between the outline of the arrow cap and the fill of the arrow cap.
- **FillState (4 bytes):** A 32-bit Boolean value that specifies whether the arrow cap is filled. If the arrow cap is not filled, only the outline is drawn.
- **LineStartCap (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the value in the <u>LineCap</u> enumeration that indicates the line cap to be used at the start of the line to be drawn.
- **LineEndCap (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the value in the **LineCap** enumeration that indicates the line cap to be used at the end of the line to be drawn.
- **LineJoin (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the value in the <u>LineJoin</u> enumeration that specifies how to join two lines that are drawn by the same pen and whose ends meet. At the intersection of the two line ends, a line join makes the connection look more continuous.
- **LineMiterLimit (4 bytes):** A 32-bit floating-point value that specifies the limit of the thickness of the join on a mitered corner by setting the maximum allowed ratio of **miter length** to line width.

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- **WidthScale (4 bytes):** A 32-bit floating-point value that specifies the amount by which to scale an <u>EmfPlusCustomLineCap object</u> with respect to the width of the graphics pen that is used to draw the lines.
- **FillHotSpot (8 bytes):** An <u>EmfPlusPointF</u> object that is not currently used. It MUST be set to {0.0, 0.0}.
- **LineHotSpot (8 bytes):** An EmfPlusPointF object that is not currently used. It MUST be set to $\{0.0, 0.0\}$.

Custom line caps are specified by EmfPlusCustomLineCap objects (section 2.2.1.2).

See section 2.2.2 for the specification of additional structure objects.

2.2.2.13 EmfPlusCustomLineCapData Object

The EmfPlusCustomLineCapData object specifies default data for a custom line cap.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	3 9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	5 6	7	8	ç	2 9 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
												Сι	usto	mLi	ine	eCapl	Data	aFla	gs	s		•		•		•					
														E	Ba	seCa	р														
														В	as	seIns	et														
	StrokeStartCap StrokeEndCap																														
														St	tro	okeJo	in														
													S	trol	ke	Miter	Lim	it													
														W	id	thSca	ale														
														Fi	-	lotSp	ot														
														Stro	ok	eHots	Spo	t													
												C	Optio	onal	D	ata (vari	able	e)												

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- **CustomLineCapDataFlags (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the data in the **OptionalData** field. This value MUST be composed of <u>CustomLineCapData flags (section</u> 2.1.2.2).
- **BaseCap (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the value from the <u>LineCap</u> <u>enumeration (section 2.1.1.18)</u> on which the custom line cap is based.
- **BaseInset (4 bytes):** A 32-bit floating-point value that specifies the distance between the beginning of the line cap and the end of the line.
- **StrokeStartCap (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the value in the **LineCap** enumeration that indicates the line cap used at the start of the line to be drawn.
- **StrokeEndCap (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the value in the **LineCap** enumeration that indicates what line cap is to be used at the end of the line to be drawn.
- StrokeJoin (4 bytes): A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the value in the LineJoin enumeration (section 2.1.1.19), which specifies how to join two lines that are drawn by the same pen and whose ends meet. At the intersection of the two line ends, a line join makes the connection look more continuous.
- **StrokeMiterLimit (4 bytes):** A 32-bit floating-point value that contains the limit of the thickness of the join on a mitered corner by setting the maximum allowed ratio of miter length to line width.
- **WidthScale (4 bytes):** A 32-bit floating-point value that specifies the amount by which to scale the custom line cap with respect to the width of the <u>EmfPlusPen object (section 2.2.1.7)</u> that is used to draw the lines.
- **FillHotSpot (8 bytes):** An <u>EmfPlusPointF</u> object that is not currently used. It MUST be set to {0.0, 0.0}.
- **StrokeHotSpot (8 bytes):** An EmfPlusPointF object that is not currently used. It MUST be set to {0.0, 0.0}.
- **OptionalData (variable):** An optional <u>EmfPlusCustomLineCapOptionalData object (section</u> <u>2.2.2.14</u>) that specifies additional data for the custom graphics line cap. The specific contents of this field are determined by the value of the **CustomLineCapDataFlags** field.

Custom line caps are specified by EmfPlusCustomLineCap objects (section 2.2.1.2).

See section 2.2.2 for the specification of additional structure objects.

2.2.2.14 EmfPlusCustomLineCapOptionalData Object

The EmfPlusCustomLineCapOptionalData object specifies optional fill and outline data for a custom line cap.

Note Each field specified for this object is optional and might not be present in the **OptionalData** field of an <u>EmfPlusCustomLineCapData object (section 2.2.2.13)</u>, depending on the **CustomLineCapData flags (section 2.1.2.2)** set in its **CustomLineCapDataFlags** field. Although it is not practical to represent every possible combination of fields present or absent, this section specifies their relative order in the object. The implementer is responsible for determining which fields are actually present in a given metafile record, and for unmarshaling the data for individual fields separately and appropriately.

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0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
													Fi	llDa	ta (var	iabl	e)													
	FillData (variable)																														
												(Dutl	inel	Data	a (v	aria	ble)												

FillData (variable): An optional <u>EmfPlusFillPath object (section 2.2.2.17)</u> that specifies the path for filling a custom graphics line cap. This field MUST be present if the **CustomLineCapDataFillPath** flag is set in the **CustomLineCapDataFlags** field of the EmfPlusCustomLineCapData object.

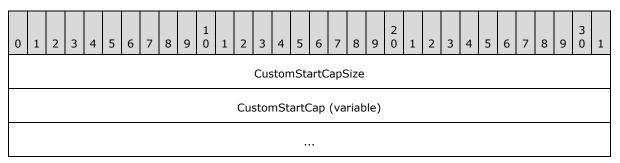
OutlineData (variable): An optional <u>EmfPlusLinePath object (section 2.2.2.26)</u> that specifies the path for outlining a custom graphics line cap. This field MUST be present if the **CustomLineCapDataLinePath** flag is set in the **CustomLineCapDataFlags** field of the EmfPlusCustomLineCapData object.

Custom line caps are specified by EmfPlusCustomLineCap objects (section 2.2.1.2).

See section 2.2.2 for the specification of additional structure objects.

2.2.2.15 EmfPlusCustomStartCapData Object

The EmfPlusCustomStartCapData object specifies a custom line cap for the start of a line.



CustomStartCapSize (4 bytes): A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the size in bytes of the **CustomStartCap** field.

CustomStartCap (variable): A custom graphics line cap that defines the shape to draw at the start of a line. It can be any of various shapes, including a square, circle or diamond.

Custom line caps are specified by <u>EmfPlusCustomLineCap objects (section 2.2.1.2)</u>. If the **PenDataStartCap** flag is set in its **PenDataFlags** field, an EmfPlusCustomStartCapData object MUST be present in the **OptionalData** field of an <u>EmfPlusPenData object (section 2.2.2.33)</u>.

See section 2.2.2 for the specification of additional structure objects.

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2.2.2.16 EmfPlusDashedLineData Object

The EmfPlusDashedLineData object specifies properties of a dashed line for a graphics pen.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
	DashedLineDataSize																														
												Da	she	dLir	neDa	ata	(va	riab	le)												

DashedLineDataSize (4 bytes): A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the number of elements in the **DashedLineData** field.

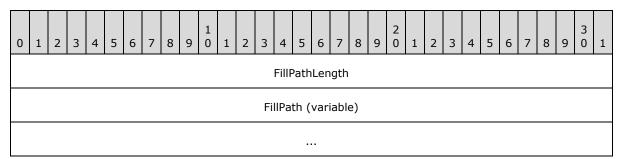
DashedLineData (variable): An array of **DashedLineDataSize** floating-point values that specify the lengths of the dashes and spaces in a dashed line.

Graphics pens are specified by <u>EmfPlusPen objects (section 2.2.1.7)</u>. An EmfPlusDashedLineData object MUST be present in the **OptionalData** field of an <u>EmfPlusPenData object (section 2.2.2.33)</u>, if the **PenDataDashedLine** flag is set in its **PenDataFlags** field.

See section 2.2.2 for the specification of additional structure objects.

2.2.2.17 EmfPlusFillPath Object

The EmfPlusFillPath object specifies a graphics path for filling a custom line cap.



FillPathLength (4 bytes): A 32-bit signed integer that specifies the length in bytes of the **FillPath** field.

FillPath (variable): An EmfPlusPath object (section 2.2.1.6) that specifies the area to fill.

Custom line caps are specified by <u>EmfPlusCustomLineCap objects (section 2.2.1.2)</u>. An EmfPlusFillPath object MUST be present if the **CustomLineCapDataFillPath** flag is set in the **CustomLineCapDataFillPath** flag

See section 2.2.2 for the specification of additional structure objects.

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2.2.2.18 EmfPlusFocusScaleData Object

The EmfPlusFocusScaleData object specifies focus scales for the blend pattern of a path gradient brush.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
	FocusScaleCount																														
														Fo	cuss	Scal	еX														
														Fo	cuss	Scal	leY														

- **FocusScaleCount (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the number of focus scales. This value MUST be 2.
- **FocusScaleX (4 bytes):** A floating-point value that defines the horizontal focus scale. The focus scale MUST be a value between 0.0 and 1.0, exclusive.
- **FocusScaleY (4 bytes):** A floating-point value that defines the vertical focus scale. The focus scale MUST be a value between 0.0 and 1.0, exclusive.

By default, the center color of a path gradient brush is displayed only at the center point of an area bounded by a path. Focus scales specify an inner path inside that area, and the center color is displayed everywhere inside it. The inner path is the boundary path scaled by horizontal and vertical scale factors.

For example, focus scales of {0.2, 0.3} specifies a path that is the boundary path scaled by a factor of 0.2 horizontally and 0.3 vertically. The area inside the scaled path MUST be filled with the center color. Between the inner and outer boundaries, the color MUST change gradually from the center color to the boundary color.

An EmfPlusFocusScaleData object MUST be present in the **OptionalData** field of an <u>EmfPlusPathGradientBrushData</u> object, if the **BrushDataFocusScales** flag is set in its **BrushDataFlags** field.

See section 2.2.2 for the specification of additional structure objects.

2.2.2.19 EmfPlusGraphicsVersion Object

The EmfPlusGraphicsVersion object specifies the version of operating system graphics that is used to create an EMF+ metafile.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
							M	etaf	fileS	Sign	atu	re											G	Grap	hic	sVe	rsio	n			

MetafileSignature (20 bits): A value that identifies the type of metafile. The value for an EMF+ metafile is 0xDBC01.

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GraphicsVersion (12 bits): The version of operating system graphics. This value MUST be defined in the **GraphicsVersion enumeration (section 2.1.1.12)**.<12>

Graphics versions are vendor-extensible; however, to ensure inter-operability, any such extension MUST be implemented in both clients and servers of EMF+ metafiles.

See section 2.2.2 for the specification of additional structure objects.

2.2.2.20 EmfPlusHatchBrushData Object

The EmfPlusHatchBrushData object specifies a hatch pattern for a graphics brush.



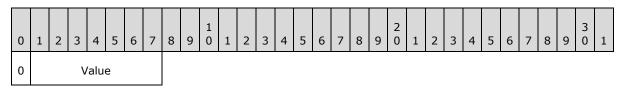
- **HatchStyle (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the brush hatch style. It MUST be defined in the <u>HatchStyle enumeration</u>.
- **ForeColor (4 bytes):** A 32-bit <u>EmfPlusARGB</u> object that specifies the color used to draw the lines of the hatch pattern.
- **BackColor (4 bytes):** A 32-bit EmfPlusARGB object that specifies the color used to paint the background of the hatch pattern.

Graphics brushes are specified by <u>EmfPlusBrush objects (section 2.2.1.1)</u>. A hatch brush paints a background and draws a pattern of lines, dots, dashes, squares, and crosshatch lines over this background. The hatch brush defines two colors: one for the background and one for the pattern over the background. The color of the background is called the background color, and the color of the pattern is called the foreground color.

See section 2.2.2 for the specification of additional structure objects.

2.2.2.21 EmfPlusInteger7 Object

The EmfPlusInteger7 object specifies a 7-bit signed integer in an 8-bit field.



Value (7 bits): A 7-bit signed integer between -64 and 63, inclusive.

EmfPlusInteger7 objects are used to specify point coordinates in <u>EmfPlusPointR object (section</u> 2.2.2.37).

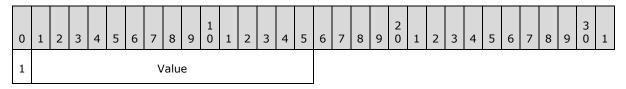
See section 2.2.2 for the specification of additional structure objects.

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2.2.2.22 EmfPlusInteger15 Object

The EmfPlusInteger15 object specifies a 15-bit signed integer in a 16-bit field.



Value (15 bits): A 15-bit signed integer between -16,384 and 16,383, inclusive.

EmfPlusInteger15 objects are used to specify point coordinates in <u>EmfPlusPointR object (section</u> 2.2.2.37).

See section 2.2.2 for the specification of additional structure objects.

2.2.2.23 EmfPlusLanguageIdentifier Object

The EmfPlusLanguageIdentifier object specifies a language identifier that corresponds to the natural language in a locale, including countries, geographical regions, and administrative districts. Each language identifier is an encoding of a primary language value and sublanguage value.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
	Subl	Lang	gua	geIo	b			Pri	mar	•yLa	ingu	lage	eId																		

SubLanguageId (6 bits): The country, geographic region or administrative district for the natural language specified in the **PrimaryLanguageId** field.

Sublanguage identifiers are vendor-extensible. Vendor-defined sublanguage identifiers MUST be in the range 0x20 to 0x3F, inclusive.

PrimaryLanguageId (10 bits): The natural language.

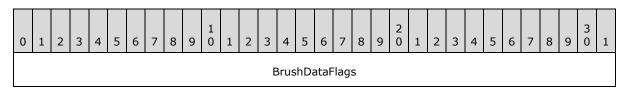
Primary language identifiers are vendor-extensible. Vendor-defined primary language identifiers MUST be in the range 0x0200 to 0x03FF, inclusive.

The 16-bit encoded language identifier value MUST be defined in the <u>LanguageIdentifier</u> enumeration (section 2.1.1.17).

See section 2.2.2 for the specification of additional structure objects.

2.2.2.24 EmfPlusLinearGradientBrushData Object

The EmfPlusLinearGradientBrushData object specifies a linear gradient for a graphics brush.



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WrapMode
RectF
StartColor
EndColor
Reserved1
Reserved2
OptionalData (variable)

BrushDataFlags (4 bytes): A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the data in the OptionalData field. This value MUST be composed of <u>BrushData flags (section 2.1.2.1)</u>. The following flags are relevant to a linear gradient brush:

Name	Value
BrushDataTransform	0x0000002
BrushDataPresetColors	0x0000004
BrushDataBlendFactorsH	0x0000008
BrushDataBlendFactorsV	0x0000010
BrushDataIsGammaCorrected	0x0000080

- **WrapMode (4 bytes):** A 32-bit signed integer from the <u>WrapMode enumeration (section</u> <u>2.1.1.34</u>) that specifies whether to paint the area outside the boundary of the brush. When painting outside the boundary, the wrap mode specifies how the color gradient is repeated.
- **RectF (16 bytes):** An <u>EmfPlusRectF object (section 2.2.2.39)</u> that specifies the starting and ending points of the gradient line. The upper-left corner of the rectangle is the starting point. The lower-right corner is the ending point.
- **StartColor (4 bytes):** An EmfPlusARGB object (section 2.2.2.1) that specifies the color at the starting boundary point of the linear gradient brush.
- **EndColor (4 bytes):** An EmfPlusARGB object that specifies the color at the ending boundary point of the linear gradient brush.

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Reserved1 (4 bytes): This field is reserved and MUST be ignored.

Reserved2 (4 bytes): This field is reserved and MUST be ignored.

OptionalData (variable): An optional <u>EmfPlusLinearGradientBrushOptionalData object (section</u> <u>2.2.2.25)</u> that specifies additional data for the linear gradient brush. The specific contents of this field are determined by the value of the **BrushDataFlags** field.

Graphics brushes are specified by <u>EmfPlusBrush objects (section 2.2.1.1)</u>. A linear gradient brush paints a color gradient in which the color changes gradually along a gradient line from a starting boundary point to an ending boundary point, as specified by the diagonal of a rectangle in the **RectF** field.

Gamma correction controls the overall brightness and intensity of an image. Uncorrected images can look either bleached out or too dark. Varying the amount of gamma correction changes not only the brightness but also the ratios of red to green to blue. The need for gamma correction arises because an output device might not render colors in the same intensity as the input image.

See section 2.2.2 for the specification of additional structure objects.

2.2.2.25 EmfPlusLinearGradientBrushOptionalData Object

The EmfPlusLinearGradientBrushOptionalData object specifies optional data for a linear gradient brush.

Note Each field of this object is optional and might not be present in the **OptionalData** field of an <u>EmfPlusLinearGradientBrushData object (section 2.2.2.24)</u>, depending on the <u>BrushData flags</u> (<u>section 2.1.2.1</u>) set in its **BrushDataFlags** field. Although it is not practical to represent every possible combination of fields present or absent, this section specifies their relative order in the object. The implementer is responsible for determining which fields are actually present in a given metafile record, and for unmarshaling the data for individual fields separately and appropriately.

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	1 1 2 3 4	5 6 7	8 9 2 1	2 3 4 5	6 7 8 9 3	1									
	Transform	mMatrix (opt	tional)												
						_									
	BlendP	attern (varia	able)			_									

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- **TransformMatrix (24 bytes):** An optional <u>EmfPlusTransformMatrix object (section 2.2.2.47)</u> that specifies a world space to device space transform for the linear gradient brush. This field MUST be present if the **BrushDataTransform** flag is set in the **BrushDataFlags** field of the EmfPlusLinearGradientBrushData object.
- **BlendPattern (variable):** An optional blend pattern for the linear gradient brush. If this field is present, it MUST contain either an <u>EmfPlusBlendColors object (section 2.2.2.4)</u>, or one or two <u>EmfPlusBlendFactors objects (section 2.2.2.5)</u>, but it MUST NOT contain both. The table below shows the valid combinations of EmfPlusLinearGradientBrushData **BrushData** flags and the corresponding blend patterns:

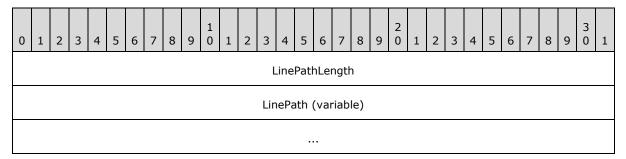
PresetColors	BlendFactorsH	BlendFactorsV	Blend Pattern
Clear	Clear	Clear	This field MUST NOT be present in the EmfPlusLinearGradientBrushOptionalData object.
Set	Clear	Clear	An EmfPlusBlendColors object MUST be present.
Clear	Set	Clear	An EmfPlusBlendFactors object along the vertical gradient line MUST be present.
Clear	Clear	Set	An EmfPlusBlendFactors object along the horizontal gradient line MUST be present.
Clear	Set	Set	An EmfPlusBlendFactors object along the vertical gradient line and an EmfPlusBlendFactors object along the horizontal gradient line MUST be present.

Graphics brushes are specified by <u>EmfPlusBrush objects (section 2.2.1.1)</u>.

See section 2.2.2 for the specification of additional structure objects.

2.2.2.26 EmfPlusLinePath Object

The EmfPlusLinePath object specifies a graphics path for outlining a custom line cap.



LinePathLength (4 bytes): A 32-bit signed integer that defines the length in bytes of the LinePath field.

LinePath (variable): An <u>EmfPlusPath</u> object that defines the outline.

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Custom line caps are specified by <u>EmfPlusCustomLineCap objects (section 2.2.1.2)</u>. An EmfPlusLinePath object MUST be present if the **CustomLineCapDataLinePath** flag is set in the **CustomLineCapDataFlags** field of an <u>EmfPlusCustomLineCapData object (section 2.2.2.13)</u>.

See section 2.2.2 for the specification of additional structure objects.

2.2.2.27 EmfPlusMetafile Object

The EmfPlusMetafileData object specifies a metafile that contains a graphics image.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
	Туре																														
	MetafileDataSize																														
												Μ	1eta	file	Dat	a (v	aria	able)												
																•															

Type (4 bytes): A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the type of metafile that is embedded in the **MetafileData** field. This value MUST be defined in the **MetafileDataType** <u>enumeration (section 2.1.1.21)</u>.

MetafileDataSize (4 bytes): A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the size in bytes of the metafile data in the **MetafileData** field.

MetafileData (variable): Variable-length data that specifies the embedded metafile. The content and format of the data can be different for each metafile type.

Graphics images are specified by <u>EmfPlusImage objects (section 2.2.1.4)</u>. An EmfPlusMetafile object MUST be present in the **ImageData** field of an EmfPlusImage object if ImageTypeMetafile is specified in its **Type** field.

This object is generic and is used for different types of data, including:

- A WMF metafile [MS-WMF];
- WMF metafile which can be placed;
- An EMF metafile [MS-EMF];
- An EMF+ metafile that specifies graphics operations with EMF+ records only; and
- An EMF+ metafile that specifies graphics operations with both EMF+ and EMF records.

See section 2.2.2 for the specification of additional structure objects.

2.2.2.28 EmfPlusPalette Object

The EmfPlusPalette object specifies the colors that make up a palette.

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0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
	PaletteStyleFlags																														
	PaletteCount																														
												Pa	alet	teEr	ntrie	es ('	vari	able	e)												

- **PaletteStyleFlags (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the attributes of data in the palette. This value MUST be composed of <u>PaletteStyle</u> flags.
- **PaletteCount (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the number of entries in the **PaletteEntries** array.
- **PaletteEntries (variable):** An array of **PaletteCount** <u>EmfPlusARGB</u> objects that specify the data in the palette.

See section 2.2.2 for the specification of additional graphics objects.

2.2.2.29 EmfPlusPathGradientBrushData Object

The EmfPlusPathGradientBrushData object specifies a path gradient for a graphics brush.

BrushDataFlags WrapMode CenterColor
CenterColor
CenterPointF
SurroundingColorCount
SurroundingColor (variable)
BoundaryData (variable)

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OptionalData (variable)

...

BrushDataFlags (4 bytes): A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the data in the **OptionalData** field. This value MUST be composed of **BrushData flags (section 2.1.2.1)**. The following flags are relevant to a path gradient brush:

Name	Value
BrushDataPath	0x0000001
BrushDataTransform	0x0000002
BrushDataPresetColors	0x0000004
BrushDataBlendFactorsH	0x0000008
BrushDataFocusScales	0x00000040
BrushDataIsGammaCorrected	0×0000080

- WrapMode (4 bytes): A 32-bit signed integer from the <u>WrapMode enumeration (section</u> <u>2.1.1.34</u>) that specifies whether to paint the area outside the boundary of the brush. When painting outside the boundary, the wrap mode specifies how the color gradient is repeated.
- **CenterColor (4 bytes):** An EmfPlusARGB object (section 2.2.2.1) that specifies the center color of the path gradient brush, which is the color that appears at the center point of the brush. The color of the brush changes gradually from the boundary color to the center color as it moves from the boundary to the center point.
- **CenterPointF (8 bytes):** An <u>EmfPlusPointF object (section 2.2.2.36)</u> that specifies the center point of the path gradient brush, which can be any location inside or outside the boundary. The color of the brush changes gradually from the boundary color to the center color as it moves from the boundary to the center point.
- **SurroundingColorCount (4 bytes):** An unsigned 32-bit integer that specifies the number of colors specified in the **SurroundingColor** field. The surrounding colors are colors specified for discrete points on the boundary of the brush.
- **SurroundingColor (variable):** An array of **SurroundingColorCount** EmfPlusARGB objects that specify the colors for discrete points on the boundary of the brush.
- **BoundaryData (variable):** The boundary of the path gradient brush, which is specified by either a path or a closed cardinal spline. If the **BrushDataPath** flag is set in the **BrushDataFlags** field, this field MUST contain an EmfPlusBoundaryPathData object (section 2.2.2.6); otherwise, this field MUST contain an EmfPlusBoundaryPointData object (section 2.2.2.7).
- **OptionalData (variable):** An optional <u>EmfPlusPathGradientBrushOptionalData object (section</u> <u>2.2.2.30)</u> that specifies additional data for the path gradient brush. The specific contents of this field are determined by the value of the **BrushDataFlags** field.

Graphics brushes are specified by <u>EmfPlusBrush objects (section 2.2.1.1)</u>. A path gradient brush paints a color gradient in which the color changes gradually along a gradient line from the center

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point outward to the boundary, as specified by either a closed cardinal spline or a path in the **BoundaryData** field.

Gamma correction controls the overall brightness and intensity of an image. Uncorrected images can look either bleached out or too dark. Varying the amount of gamma correction changes not only the brightness but also the ratios of red to green to blue. The need for gamma correction arises because an output device might not render colors in the same intensity as the input image.

See section 2.2.2 for the specification of additional structure objects.

2.2.2.30 EmfPlusPathGradientBrushOptionalData Object

The EmfPlusPathGradientBrushOptionalData object specifies optional data for a path gradient brush.

Note Each field of this object is optional and might not be present in the **OptionalData** field of an <u>EmfPlusPathGradientBrushData object (section 2.2.2.29)</u>, depending on the <u>BrushData flags</u> (<u>section 2.1.2.1</u>) set in its **BrushDataFlags** field. Although it is not practical to represent every possible combination of fields present or absent, this section specifies their relative order in the object. The implementer is responsible for determining which fields are actually present in a given metafile record, and for unmarshaling the data for individual fields separately and appropriately.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
												Tra	nsf	orm	nMat	trix	(op	tion	nal)												
												В	Blen	dPa	tter	'n (\	/ari	able	e)												
																			-)												
												Fo	<u> </u>	Feal			(00)	tion	-1)												
												FO	cus	Sca	leDa	ald	(op	tion	aı)												
\vdash																															
															•																

TransformMatrix (24 bytes): An optional <u>EmfPlusTransformMatrix object (section 2.2.2.47)</u> that specifies a world space to device space transform for the path gradient brush. This field MUST be present if the **BrushDataTransform** flag is set in the **BrushDataFlags** field of the EmfPlusPathGradientBrushData object.

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BlendPattern (variable): An optional blend pattern for the path gradient brush. If this field is present, it MUST contain either an EmfPlusBlendColors object (section 2.2.2.4), or an EmfPlusBlendFactors object (section 2.2.2.5), but it MUST NOT contain both. The table below shows the valid combinations of EmfPlusPathGradientBrushData BrushData flags and the corresponding blend patterns:

PresetColors	BlendFactorsH	Blend Patterns
Clear	Clear	This field MUST NOT be present.
Set	Clear	An EmfPlusBlendColors object MUST be present.
Clear	Set	An EmfPlusBlendFactors object MUST be present.

FocusScaleData (12 bytes): An optional <u>EmfPlusFocusScaleData object (section 2.2.2.18)</u> that specifies focus scales for the path gradient brush. This field MUST be present if the **BrushDataFocusScales** flag is set in the **BrushDataFlags** field of the EmfPlusPathGradientBrushData object.

Graphics brushes are specified by EmfPlusBrush objects (section 2.2.1.1).

See section 2.2.2 for the specification of additional structure objects.

2.2.2.31 EmfPlusPathPointType Object

The EmfPlusPathPointType object specifies a type value associated with a point on a graphics path.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
	Fla	igs			Ту	pe																									

Flags (4 bits): A 4-bit flag field that specifies properties of the path point. This value MUST be one or more of the **PathPointType flags (section 2.1.2.6)**.

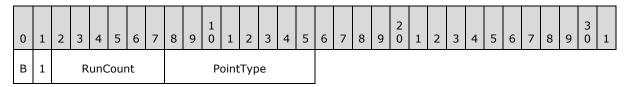
Type (4 bits): A 4-bit unsigned integer path point type. This value MUST be defined in the <u>PathPointType enumeration (section 2.1.1.23)</u>.

Graphics paths are specified by <u>EmfPlusPath objects (section 2.2.1.6)</u>. Every point on a graphics path MUST have a type value associated with it.

See section 2.2.2 for the specification of additional structure objects.

2.2.2.32 EmfPlusPathPointTypeRLE Object

The EmfPlusPathPointTypeRLE object specifies type values associated with points on a graphics path using RLE compression.



B (1 bit): If set, the path points are on a Bezier curve.

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If clear, the path points are on a graphics line.

- **RunCount (6 bits):** The run count, which is the number of path points to be associated with the type in the **PointType** field.
- **PointType (1 byte):** An <u>EmfPlusPathPointType object (section 2.2.2.31)</u> that specifies the type to associate with the path points.

Graphics paths are specified by <u>EmfPlusPath objects (section 2.2.1.6)</u>. Every point on a graphics path MUST have a type value associated with it.

RLE compression makes it possible to specify an arbitrary number of identical values without a proportional increase in storage requirements. See [MS-WMF] section 3.1.6 for more information.

See section 2.2.2 for the specification of additional structure objects.

2.2.2.33 EmfPlusPenData Object

The EmfPlusPenData object specifies properties of a graphics pen.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
														Per	nDat	taFl	ags														
														l	Pen	Unit															
														Ρ	enV	Vidt	h														
												0	ptio	onal	Dat	a (\	/aria	able	e)												

- **PenDataFlags (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the data in the **OptionalData** field. This value MUST be composed of **PenData flags (section 2.1.2.7)**.
- **PenUnit (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the measuring units for the pen. The value MUST be from the <u>UnitType enumeration (section 2.1.1.33)</u>.
- **PenWidth (4 bytes):** A 32-bit floating-point value that specifies the width of the line drawn by the pen in the units specified by the **PenUnit** field. If a zero width is specified, a minimum value is used, which is determined by the units.
- **OptionalData (variable):** An optional <u>EmfPlusPenOptionalData object (section 2.2.2.34)</u> that specifies additional data for the pen object. The specific contents of this field are determined by the value of the **PenDataFlags** field.

Graphics pens are specified by EmfPlusPen objects (section 2.2.1.7).

See section 2.2.2 for the specification of additional structure objects.

2.2.2.34 EmfPlusPenOptionalData Object

The EmfPlusPenOptionalData object specifies optional data for a graphics pen.

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Note Each field of this object is optional and might not be present in the **OptionalData** field of an <u>EmfPlusPenData object (section 2.2.2.33)</u>, depending on the <u>PenData flags (section 2.1.2.7)</u> set in its **PenDataFlags** field. Although it is not practical to represent every possible combination of fields present or absent, this section specifies their relative order in the object. The implementer is responsible for determining which fields are actually present in a given metafile record, and for unmarshaling the data for individual fields separately and appropriately.

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 1 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 1 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 1 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 2 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 2 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 3 1
TransformMatrix (optional)
StartCap (optional)
EndCap (optional)
Join (optional)
MiterLimit (optional)
LineStyle (optional)
DashedLineCapType (optional)
DashOffset (optional)
DashedLineData (variable)
PenAlignment (optional)
CompoundLineData (variable)
CustomStartCapData (variable)

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CustomEndCapData (variable)

- **TransformMatrix (24 bytes):** An optional <u>EmfPlusTransformMatrix object (section 2.2.2.47)</u> that specifies a world space to device space transform for the pen. This field MUST be present if the **PenDataTransform** flag is set in the **PenDataFlags** field of the EmfPlusPenData object.
- StartCap (4 bytes): An optional 32-bit signed integer that specifies the shape for the start of a line in the CustomStartCapData field. This field MUST be present if the PenDataStartCap flag is set in the PenDataFlags field of the EmfPlusPenData object, and the value MUST be defined in the LineCapType enumeration (section 2.1.1.18).
- EndCap (4 bytes): An optional 32-bit signed integer that specifies the shape for the end of a line in the CustomEndCapData field. This field MUST be present if the PenDataEndCap flag is set in the PenDataFlags field of the EmfPlusPenData object, and the value MUST be defined in the LineCapType enumeration.
- Join (4 bytes): An optional 32-bit signed integer that specifies how to join two lines that are drawn by the same pen and whose ends meet. This field MUST be present if the **PenDataJoin** flag is set in the **PenDataFlags** field of the EmfPlusPenData object, and the value MUST be defined in the LineJoinType enumeration (section 2.1.1.19).
- **MiterLimit (4 bytes):** An optional 32-bit floating-point value that specifies the miter limit, which is the maximum allowed ratio of miter length to line width. The miter length is the distance from the intersection of the line walls on the inside the join to the intersection of the line walls outside the join. The miter length can be large when the angle between two lines is small. This field MUST be present if the **PenDataMiterLimit** flag is set in the **PenDataFlags** field of the EmfPlusPenData object.
- LineStyle (4 bytes): An optional 32-bit signed integer that specifies the style used for lines drawn with this pen object. This field MUST be present if the **PenDataLineStyle** flag is set in the **PenDataFlags** field of the EmfPlusPenData object, and the value MUST be defined in the LineStyle enumeration (section 2.1.1.20).
- DashedLineCapType (4 bytes): An optional 32-bit signed integer that specifies the shape for both ends of each dash in a dashed line. This field MUST be present if the PenDataDashedLineCap flag is set in the PenDataFlags field of the EmfPlusPenData object, and the value MUST be defined in the DashedLineCapType enumeration (section 2.1.1.10).
- **DashOffset (4 bytes):** An optional 32-bit floating-point value that specifies the distance from the start of a line to the start of the first space in a dashed line pattern. This field MUST be present if the **PenDataDashedLineOffset** flag is set in the **PenDataFlags** field of the EmfPlusPenData object.
- **DashedLineData (variable):** An optional <u>EmfPlusDashedLineData object (section 2.2.2.16)</u> that specifies the lengths of dashes and spaces in a custom dashed line. This field MUST be present if the **PenDataDashedLine** flag is set in the **PenDataFlags** field of the EmfPlusPenData object.

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PenAlignment (4 bytes): An optional 32-bit signed integer that specifies the distribution of the pen width with respect to the coordinates of the line being drawn. This field MUST be present if the PenDataNonCenter flag is set in the PenDataFlags field of the EmfPlusPenData object, and the value MUST be defined in the PenAlignment enumeration (section 2.1.1.24).

For example, consider the placement of a line. If the starting and ending coordinates of the line are defined, it is possible to think of a theoretical line between the two points that is zero width. Center alignment means that the pen width is distributed as evenly as possible on either side of that theoretical line.

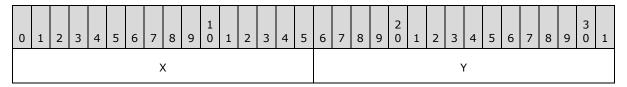
- **CompoundLineData (variable):** An optional <u>EmfPlusCompoundLineData object (section</u> <u>2.2.2.9</u>) that specifies an array of floating-point values that define the compound line of a pen, which is made up of parallel lines and spaces. This field MUST be present if the **PenDataCompoundLine** flag is set in the **PenDataFlags** field of the EmfPlusPenData object.
- **CustomStartCapData (variable):** An optional <u>EmfPlusCustomStartCapData object (section</u> <u>2.2.2.15)</u> that defines the custom start-cap shape, which is the shape to use at the start of a line drawn with this pen. It can be any of various shapes, such as a square, circle, or diamond. This field MUST be present if the **PenDataCustomStartCap** flag is set in the **PenDataFlags** field of the EmfPlusPenData object.
- **CustomEndCapData (variable):** An optional <u>EmfPlusCustomEndCapData object (section</u> 2.2.2.11) that defines the custom end-cap shape, which is the shape to use at the end of a line drawn with this pen. It can be any of various shapes, such as a square, circle, or diamond. This field MUST be present if the **PenDataCustomEndCap** flag is set in the **PenDataFlags** field of the EmfPlusPenData object.

Graphics pens are specified by EmfPlusPen objects (section 2.2.1.7).

See section 2.2.2 for the specification of additional structure objects.

2.2.2.35 EmfPlusPoint Object

The EmfPlusPoint object specifies an ordered pair of integer (X,Y) values that define an absolute location in a coordinate space.



X (2 bytes): A 16-bit signed integer that defines the horizontal coordinate.

Y (2 bytes): A 16-bit signed integer that defines the vertical coordinate.

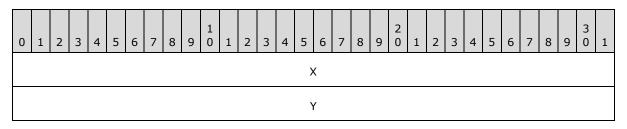
See section 2.2.2 for the specification of additional structure objects.

2.2.2.36 EmfPlusPointF Object

The EmfPlusPointF object specifies an ordered pair of floating-point (X,Y) values that define an absolute location in a coordinate space.

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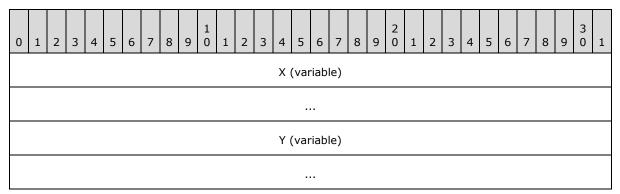
X (4 bytes): A 32-bit floating-point value that specifies the horizontal coordinate.

Y (4 bytes): A 32-bit floating-point value that specifies the vertical coordinate.

See section 2.2.2 for the specification of additional structure objects.

2.2.2.37 EmfPlusPointR Object

The EmfPlusPointR object specifies an ordered pair of integer (X,Y) values that define a relative location in a coordinate space.



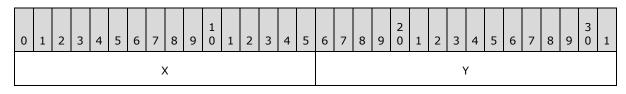
- **X (variable):** A signed integer that specifies the horizontal coordinate. This value MUST be specified by either an <u>EmfPlusInteger7 object (section 2.2.2.21)</u> or an <u>EmfPlusInteger15</u> <u>object (section 2.2.2.22)</u>.
- **Y (variable):** A signed integer that specifies the vertical coordinate. This value MUST be specified by either an EmfPlusInteger7 object or an EmfPlusInteger15 object.

Note The object that specifies the horizontal coordinate is not required to be the same type as the object that specifies the vertical coordinate; that is, one can be 7 bits and the other can be 15 bits.

See section 2.2.2 for the specification of additional structure objects.

2.2.238 EmfPlusRect Object

The EmfPlusRect object specifies a rectangle origin, height, and width as 16-bit signed integers.



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Width Height

- **X (2 bytes):** A 16-bit signed integer that specifies the horizontal coordinate of the upper-left corner of the rectangle.
- **Y (2 bytes):** A 16-bit signed integer that specifies the vertical coordinate of the upper-left corner of the rectangle.

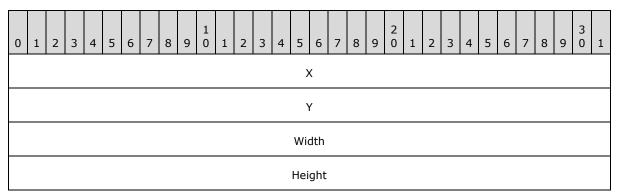
Width (2 bytes): A 16-bit signed integer that specifies the width of the rectangle.

Height (2 bytes): A 16-bit signed integer that specifies the height of the rectangle.

See section 2.2.2 for the specification of additional structure objects.

2.2.2.39 EmfPlusRectF Object

The EmfPlusRectF object specifies a rectangle's origin, height, and width as 32-bit floating-point values.



- **X (4 bytes):** A 32-bit floating-point value that specifies the horizontal coordinate of the upperleft corner of the rectangle.
- **Y (4 bytes):** A 32-bit floating-point value that specifies the vertical coordinate of the upper-left corner of the rectangle.

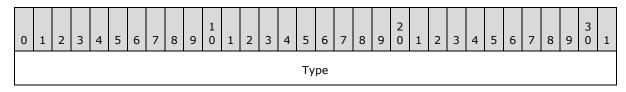
Width (4 bytes): A 32-bit floating-point value that specifies the width of the rectangle.

Height (4 bytes): A 32-bit floating-point value that specifies the height of the rectangle.

See section 2.2.2 for the specification of additional structure objects.

2.2.2.40 EmfPlusRegionNode Object

The EmfPlusRegionNode object specifies nodes of a graphics region.



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RegionNodeData (variable)

...

Type (4 bytes): A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the type of data in the **RegionNodeData** field. This value MUST be defined in the **RegionNodeDataType** <u>enumeration (section 2.1.1.27)</u>.

RegionNodeData (variable): Optional, variable-length data that defines the region node data object specified in the **Type** field. The content and format of the data can be different for every region node type. This field MUST NOT be present if the node type is RegionNodeDataTypeEmpty or RegionNodeDataTypeInfinite.

Graphics regions are specified by <u>EmfPlusRegion objects (section 2.2.1.8)</u>, which define a binary tree of region nodes. Each node MUST either be a terminal node or specify additional region nodes.

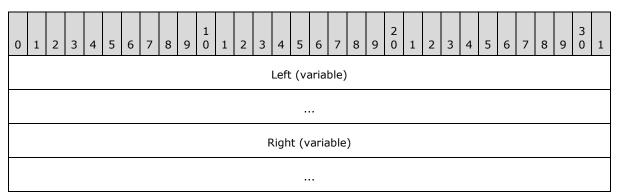
This object is generic and is used to specify different types of region node data, including:

- An <u>EmfPlusRegionNodePath object (section 2.2.2.42)</u>, for a terminal node;
- An <u>EmfPlusRectF object (section 2.2.2.39)</u>, for a terminal node; and
- An <u>EmfPlusRegionNodeChildNodes object (section 2.2.2.41)</u>, for a non-terminal node.

See section 2.2.2 for the specification of additional structure objects.

2.2.2.41 EmfPlusRegionNodeChildNodes Object

The EmfPlusRegionNodeChildNodes object specifies child nodes of a graphics region node.



Left (variable): An <u>EmfPlusRegionNode</u> object that specifies the left child node of this region node.

Right (variable): An EmfPlusRegionNode object that defines the right child node of this region node.

Graphics region nodes are specified with EmfPlusRegionNode objects (section 2.2.2.40).

See section 2.2.2 for the specification of additional structure objects.

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2.2.2.42 EmfPlusRegionNodePath Object

The EmfPlusRegionNodePath object specifies a graphics path for drawing the boundary of a region node.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
	RegionNodePathLength																														
												Re	gior	Noc	dePa	ath	(va	riab	le)												
																•															

RegionNodePathLength (4 bytes): A 32-bit signed integer that specifies the length in bytes of the **RegionNodePath** field.

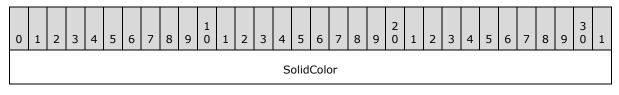
RegionNodePath (variable): An EmfPlusPath object (section 2.2.1.6) that specifies the boundary of the region node.

Region nodes are specified by <u>EmfPlusRegion</u> objects (section <u>2.2.1.8</u>). An EmfPlusRegionNodePath object MUST be present in the **RegionNodeData** field of an <u>EmfPlusRegionNode</u> object (section <u>2.2.2.40</u>) if its **Type** field is set to the **RegionNodeDataTypePath** value from the **RegionNodeDataType** enumeration (section <u>2.1.1.27</u>).

See section 2.2.2 for the specification of additional structure objects.

2.2.2.43 EmfPlusSolidBrushData Object

The EmfPlusSolidBrushData object specifies a solid color for a graphics brush.



SolidColor (4 bytes): An <u>EmfPlusARGB</u> object (section <u>2.2.2.1</u>) that specifies the color of the brush.

Graphics brushes are specified by <u>EmfPlusBrush objects (section 2.2.1.1)</u>. A solid color brush paints a background in a solid color.

See section 2.2.2 for the specification of additional structure objects.

2.2.2.44 EmfPlusStringFormatData Object

The EmfPlusStringFormatData object specifies tab stops and character positions for a graphics string.

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0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
													Tal	bSto	ops	(va	riab	ole)													
												(Cha	ırRa	nge	e (va	aria	ble)													

TabStops (variable): An optional array of floating-point values that specify the optional tab stop locations for this object. Each tab stop value represents the number of spaces between tab stops or, for the first tab stop, the number of spaces between the beginning of a line of text and the first tab stop.

This field MUST be present if the value of the **TabStopCount** field in the <u>EmfPlusStringFormat</u> object is greater than 0.

CharRange (variable): An optional array of **RangeCount** <u>EmfPlusCharacterRange</u> objects that specify the range of character positions within a string of text. The bounding region is defined by the area of the display that is occupied by a group of characters specified by the character range.

This field MUST be present if the value of the **RangeCount** field in the EmfPlusStringFormat object is greater than 0.

Graphics strings are specified by EmfPlusStringFormat objects (section 2.2.1.9).

See section 2.2.2 for the specification of additional structure objects.

2.2.2.45 EmfPlusTextureBrushData Object

The EmfPlusTextureBrushData object specifies a texture image for a graphics brush.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
	BrushDataFlags																														
														W	rap	Мос	le														
												0	ptio	onal	Dat	a (\	/ari	able	e)												

BrushDataFlags (4 bytes): A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the data in the OptionalData field. This value MUST be composed of <u>BrushData flags (section 2.1.2.1)</u>. The following flags are relevant to a texture brush:

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Name	Value
BrushDataTransform	0x0000002
BrushDataIsGammaCorrected	0x0000080
BrushDataDoNotTransform	0x0000100

- WrapMode (4 bytes): A 32-bit signed integer from the <u>WrapMode enumeration (section</u> <u>2.1.1.34</u>) that specifies how to repeat the texture image across a shape, when the image is smaller than the area being filled.
- **OptionalData (variable):** An optional <u>EmfPlusTextureBrushOptionalData object (section</u> <u>2.2.2.46</u>) that specifies additional data for the texture brush. The specific contents of this field are determined by the value of the **BrushDataFlags** field.

Graphics brushes are specified by <u>EmfPlusBrush objects (section 2.2.1.1)</u>. A texture brush paints an image, which in this context is called a "texture". The texture consists of either a portion of an image or a scaled version of an image, as specified by an <u>EmfPlusImage object (section 2.2.1.4)</u> in the **OptionalData** field.

Gamma correction controls the overall brightness and intensity of an image. Uncorrected images can look either bleached out or too dark. Varying the amount of gamma correction changes not only the brightness but also the ratios of red to green to blue. The need for gamma correction arises because an output device might not render colors in the same intensity as the input image.

See section 2.2.2 for the specification of additional structure objects.

2.2.2.46 EmfPlusTextureBrushOptionalData Object

The EmfPlusTextureBrushOptionalData object specifies optional data for a texture brush.

Note Each field of this object is optional and might not be present in the **OptionalData** field of an <u>EmfPlusTextureBrushData object (section 2.2.2.45)</u>, depending on the <u>BrushData flags (section 2.1.2.1)</u> set in its **BrushDataFlags** field. Although it is not practical to represent every possible combination of fields present or absent, this section specifies their relative order in the object. The implementer is responsible for determining which fields are actually present in a given metafile record, and for unmarshaling the data for individual fields separately and appropriately.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
												Tra	nsf	orm	Mat	trix	(op	tior	nal)												

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ImageObject (variable)

TransformMatrix (24 bytes): An optional <u>EmfPlusTransformMatrix object (section 2.2.2.47)</u> that specifies a world space to device space transform for the texture brush. This field MUST be present if the **BrushDataTransform** flag is set in the **BrushDataFlags** field of the EmfPlusTextureBrushData object.

ImageObject (variable): An optional <u>EmfPlusImage object (section 2.2.1.4)</u> that specifies the brush texture. This field MUST be present if the size of the <u>EmfPlusObject record (section 2.3.5.1)</u> that defines this texture brush is large enough to accommodate an EmfPlusImage object in addition to the required fields of the EmfPlusTextureBrushData object and optionally an EmfPlusTransformMatrix object.

Graphics brushes are specified by EmfPlusBrush objects (section 2.2.1.1).

See section 2.2.2 for the specification of additional structure objects.

2.2.2.47 EmfPlusTransformMatrix Object

The EmfPlusTransformMatrix object specifies a world space to device space transform.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
													Т	ran	sfor	тM	atri	x													

TransformMatrix (24 bytes): This field specifies an **affine transform**, which requires a 2x2 matrix for a linear transformation and a 1x2 matrix for a translation. These values map to the coordinates of the transform matrix as follows:

- **TransformMatrix[0]** Corresponds to m11, which is the coordinate of the first row and first column of the 2x2 matrix.
- **TransformMatrix[1]** Corresponds to m12, which is the coordinate of the first row and second column of the 2x2 matrix.

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- **TransformMatrix[2]** Corresponds to m21, which is the coordinate of the second row and first column of the 2x2 matrix.
- **TransformMatrix[3]** Corresponds to m22, which is the coordinate of the second row and second column of the 2x2 matrix.
- **TransformMatrix[4]** Corresponds to dx, which is the horizontal displacement in the 1x2 matrix.
- **TransformMatrix[5]** Corresponds to dy, which is the vertical displacement in the 1x2 matrix.

See section 2.2.2 for the specification of additional structure objects.

2.2.3 Image Effects Object Types

The Image Effects Objects specify parameters for graphics image effects, which can be applied to bitmap images. <13>

Name	Section	Description
BlurEffect	<u>2.2.3.1</u>	Specifies a decrease in the difference in intensity between pixels in an image.
BrightnessContrastEffect	<u>2.2.3.2</u>	Specifies an expansion or contraction of the lightest and darkest areas of an image.
ColorBalanceEffect	<u>2.2.3.3</u>	Specifies adjustments to the relative amounts of red, green, and blue in an image.
ColorCurveEffect	<u>2.2.3.4</u>	Specifies one of eight adjustments to an image, including exposure, density, contrast, highlight , shadow , midtone , white saturation, or black saturation.
ColorLookupTableEffect	<u>2.2.3.5</u>	Specifies adjustments to the colors in an image.
ColorMatrixEffect	<u>2.2.3.6</u>	Specifies an affine transform to be applied to an image.
HueSaturationLightnessEffect	<u>2.2.3.7</u>	Specifies adjustments to the hue , saturation , and lightness of an image.
LevelsEffect	<u>2.2.3.8</u>	Specifies adjustments to the highlights, midtones, and shadows of an image.
RedEyeCorrectionEffect	<u>2.2.3.9</u>	Specifies areas of an image to which a red-eye correction effect is applied.
SharpenEffect	<u>2.2.3.10</u>	Specifies an increase in the difference in intensity between pixels in an image.
TintEffect	<u>2.2.3.11</u>	Specifies an addition of black or white to a specified hue in an image.

Parameters are specified for the following image effects:

2.2.3.1 BlurEffect Object

The BlurEffect object specifies a decrease in the difference in intensity between pixels in an image.

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0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
	BlurRadius																														
														Ex	pan	dEd	lge														

BlurRadius (4 bytes): A 32-bit floating-point number that specifies the blur radius in pixels, which determines the number of pixels involved in calculating the new value of a given pixel. This value MUST be in the range 0.0 through 255.0.

As this value increases, the number of pixels involved in the calculation increases, and the resulting bitmap SHOULD become more blurry.

ExpandEdge (4 bytes): A 32-bit Boolean value that specifies whether the bitmap expands by an amount equal to the value of the **BlurRadius** to produce soft edges. This value MUST be one of the following:

Value	Meaning
FALSE 0x00000000	The size of the bitmap MUST NOT change, and its soft edges SHOULD be clipped to the size of the BlurRadius .
TRUE 0×00000001	The size of the bitmap SHOULD expand by an amount equal to the BlurRadius to produce soft edges.

Bitmap images are specified by EmfPlusBitmap objects (section 2.2.2.2).

See section 2.2.3 for the specification of additional image effects parameter objects.

2.2.3.2 BrightnessContrastEffect Object

The BrightnessContrastEffect object specifies an expansion or contraction of the lightest and darkest areas of an image.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
													E	Brig	htne	essl	eve	el													
														Cor	ntra	stLe	evel														

BrightnessLevel (4 bytes): A 32-bit signed integer that specifies the brightness level. This value MUST be in the range -255 through 255, with effects as follows:

Value	Meaning					
-255 ≤ <i>value</i> < 0	$-255 \le value < 0$ As the value decreases, the brightness of the image SHOULD decrease.					
0	A value of 0 specifies that the brightness MUST NOT change.					
0 < <i>value</i> ≤ 255	As the value increases, the brightness of the image SHOULD increase.					

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ContrastLevel (4 bytes): A 32-bit signed integer that specifies the contrast level. This value MUST be in the range -100 through 100, with effects as follows:

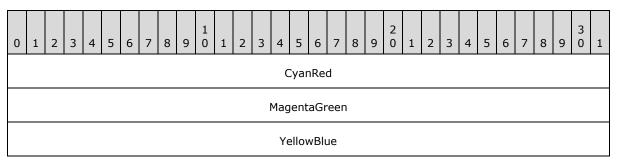
Value	Meaning
$-100 \leq value < 0$	As the value decreases, the contrast of the image SHOULD decrease.
0	A value of 0 specifies that the contrast MUST NOT change.
$0 < value \le 100$	As the value increases, the contrast of the image SHOULD increase.

Bitmap images are specified by EmfPlusBitmap objects (section 2.2.2.2).

See section 2.2.3 for the specification of additional image effects parameter objects.

2.2.3.3 ColorBalanceEffect Object

The ColorBalanceEffect object specifies adjustments to the relative amounts of red, green, and blue in an image.



CyanRed (4 bytes): A 32-bit signed integer that specifies a change in the amount of red in the image. This value MUST be in the range -100 through 100, with effects as follows:

Value	Meaning
-100 ≤ <i>value</i> < 0	As the value decreases, the amount of red in the image SHOULD decrease and the amount of cyan SHOULD increase.
0	A value of 0 specifies that the amounts of red and cyan MUST NOT change.
0 < <i>value</i> ≤ 100	As the value increases, the amount of red in the image SHOULD increase and the amount of cyan SHOULD decrease.

MagentaGreen (4 bytes): A 32-bit signed integer that specifies a change in the amount of green in the image. This value MUST be in the range -100 through 100, with effects as follows:

Value	Meaning
-100 ≤ <i>value</i> < 0	As the value decreases, the amount of green in the image SHOULD decrease and the amount of magenta SHOULD increase.
0	A value of 0 specifies that the amounts of green and magenta MUST NOT change.

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Value	Meaning
0 < <i>value</i> ≤ 100	As the value increases, the amount of green in the image SHOULD increase and the amount of magenta SHOULD decrease.

YellowBlue (4 bytes): A 32-bit signed integer that specifies a change in the amount of blue in the image. This value MUST be in the range -100 through 100, with effects as follows:

Value	Meaning
-100 ≤ <i>value</i> < 0	As the value decreases, the amount of blue in the image SHOULD decrease and the amount of yellow SHOULD increase.
0	A value of 0 specifies that the amounts of blue and yellow MUST NOT change.
0 < <i>value</i> ≤ 100	As the value increases, the amount of blue in the image SHOULD increase and the amount of yellow SHOULD decrease.

Bitmap images are specified by EmfPlusBitmap objects (section 2.2.2.2).

See section 2.2.3 for the specification of additional image effects parameter objects.

2.2.3.4 ColorCurveEffect Object

The ColorCurveEffect object specifies one of eight adjustments to the color curve of an image.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
	CurveAdjustment																														
	CurveChannel																														
	AdjustmentIntensity																														

CurveAdjustment (4 bytes): A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the curve adjustment to apply to the colors in bitmap. This value MUST be defined in the <u>CurveAdjustments</u> <u>enumeration (section 2.1.1.7)</u>.

- **CurveChannel (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the color channel to which the curve adjustment applies. This value MUST be defined in the <u>CurveChannel</u> <u>enumeration (section 2.1.1.8)</u>.
- **AdjustmentIntensity (4 bytes):** A 32-bit signed integer that specifies the intensity of the curve adjustment to the color channel specified by **CurveChannel**. The ranges of meaningful values for this field vary according to the **CurveAdjustment** value, as follows:

Exposure adjustment range:

Value	Meaning
-255 ≤ <i>value</i> < 0	As the value decreases, the exposure of the image SHOULD decrease.

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Value	Meaning
0	A value of 0 specifies that the exposure MUST NOT change.
0 < <i>value</i> ≤ 255	As the value increases, the exposure of the image SHOULD increase.

Density adjustment range:

Value	Meaning
-255 ≤ <i>value</i> < 0	As the value decreases, the density of the image SHOULD decrease, resulting in a darker image.
0	A value of 0 specifies that the density MUST NOT change.
0 < <i>value</i> ≤ 255	As the value increases, the density of the image SHOULD increase.

Contrast adjustment range:

Value Meaning					
$-100 \le value < 0$	As the value decreases, the contrast of the image SHOULD decrease.				
0	A value of 0 specifies that the contrast MUST NOT change.				
$0 < value \le 100$	As the value increases, the contrast of the image SHOULD increase.				

Highlight adjustment range:

Value	Meaning			
$-100 \le value < 0$ As the value decreases, the light areas of the image SHOULD appear darker				
0	A value of 0 specifies that the highlight MUST NOT change.			
$0 < value \le 100$	As the value increases, the light areas of the image SHOULD appear lighter.			

Shadow adjustment range:

Value	Meaning
$-100 \le value < 0$	As the value decreases, the dark areas of the image SHOULD appear darker.
0	A value of 0 specifies that the shadow MUST NOT change.
$0 < value \le 100$	As the value increases, the dark areas of the image SHOULD appear lighter.

White saturation adjustment range:

Value	Meaning
0 — 255	As the value increases, the upper limit of the range of color channel intensities increases.

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Black saturation adjustment range:

Value	Meaning
0 — 255	As the value increases, the lower limit of the range of color channel intensities increases.

Bitmap images are specified by EmfPlusBitmap objects (section 2.2.2.2).

See section 2.2.3 for the specification of additional image effects parameter objects.

2.2.3.5 ColorLookupTableEffect Object

The ColorLookupTableEffect object specifies adjustments to the colors in an image.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	3 9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
						•	•						В	luel	_00	okup	Tab	le				•						•	•		
										(Blue	eLoc	kup	pTal	ble	e cor	nt'd	for 5	56	row	5)										
																oku					-										
																	-														
-																															
╞																															
-																															

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(GreenLookupTable cont'd for 56 rows)
RedLookupTable
(RedLookupTable cont'd for 56 rows)
AlphaLookupTable
(AlphaLookupTable cont'd for 56 rows)

BlueLookupTable (256 bytes): An array of 256 bytes that specifies the adjustment for the blue color channel.

GreenLookupTable (256 bytes): An array of 256 bytes that specifies the adjustment for the green color channel.

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RedLookupTable (256 bytes): An array of 256 bytes that specifies the adjustment for the red color channel.

AlphaLookupTable (256 bytes): An array of 256 bytes that specifies the adjustment for the alpha color channel.

Bitmap images are specified by EmfPlusBitmap objects (section 2.2.2.2).

See section 2.2.3 for the specification of additional image effects parameter objects.

2.2.3.6 ColorMatrixEffect Object

The ColorMatrixEffect object specifies an affine transform to be applied to an image.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
														Ma	atri	x_N	_0														
-																															
															•																
															•	••															
																••															
														Ma	atri	x_N	_1														
														Ma	atri	x_N	_2														
														Ma	atri	x_N	_3														

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Matrix_N_4
····

Matrix_N_0 (20 bytes): Matrix[N][0] of the 5x5 color matrix. This row is used for transforms.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
														Ma	atrix	<_0	0														
														Ma	atrix	≺_ 1	_0														
														Ma	atrix	<_2	_0														
														Ma	atrix	<_3	_0														
														Ma	atrix	x_ 4	0														

Matrix_0_0 (4 bytes): Matrix[0][0], which is the factor for the color red.

Matrix_1_0 (4 bytes): Matrix[1][0].

Matrix_2_0 (4 bytes): Matrix[2][0].

Matrix_3_0 (4 bytes): Matrix[3][0].

Matrix_4_0 (4 bytes): Matrix[4][0]. This value MUST be 0.0.

Matrix_N_1 (20 bytes): Matrix[N][1] of the 5x5 color matrix. This row is used for transforms.

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0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
														Ma	atrix	<u>_0</u>	_1														
														Ma	atrix	<u>_1</u>	_1														
														Ma	atrix	(_2	_1														
														Ma	atrix	<u>_3</u>	_1														
														Ma	atrix	(_4	_1														

Matrix_0_1 (4 bytes): Matrix[0][1].

Matrix_1_1 (4 bytes): Matrix[1][1], which is the factor for the color green.

Matrix_2_1 (4 bytes): Matrix[2][1].

Matrix_3_1 (4 bytes): Matrix[3][1].

Matrix_4_1 (4 bytes): Matrix[4][1]. This value MUST be 0.0.

Matrix_N_2 (20 bytes): Matrix[N][2] of the 5x5 color matrix. This row is used for transforms.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
														Ma	atrix	<_0_	_2														
														Ma	atrix	<u>(1</u>	_2														
														Ma	atrix	(_2	_2														
														Ma	atrix	<_3	_2														
														Ma	atrix	<u>4</u>	_2														

Matrix_0_2 (4 bytes): Matrix[0][2].

Matrix_1_2 (4 bytes): Matrix[1][2].

Matrix_2_2 (4 bytes): Matrix[2][2], which is the factor for the color blue.

Matrix_3_2 (4 bytes): Matrix[3][2].

Matrix_4_2 (4 bytes): Matrix[4][2]. This value MUST be 0.0.

Matrix_N_3 (20 bytes): Matrix[N][3] of the 5x5 color matrix. This row is used for transforms.

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0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
														Ma	atrix	<_0	3														
														Ma	atrix	<_1	_3														
														Ma	atrix	<_2	_3														
														Ma	atrix	<_3	_3														
														Ma	atrix	<_4	_3														

Matrix_0_3 (4 bytes): Matrix[0][3].

Matrix_1_3 (4 bytes): Matrix[1][3].

Matrix_2_3 (4 bytes): Matrix[2][3].

Matrix_3_3 (4 bytes): Matrix[3][3], which is the factor for the alpha (transparency) value.

Matrix_4_3 (4 bytes): Matrix[4][3]. This value MUST be 0.0.

Matrix_N_4 (20 bytes): Matrix[N][4] of the 5x5 color matrix. This row is used for color translations.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	З	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
														Ma	atrix	<_0	_4														
														Ma	atrix	<_1	_4														
														Ma	atrix	<_2	_4														
														Ma	atrix	<_3	_4														
														Ma	atrix	<_ 4	_4														

Matrix_0_4 (4 bytes): Matrix[0][4].

Matrix_1_4 (4 bytes): Matrix[1][4].

Matrix_2_4 (4 bytes): Matrix[2][4].

Matrix_3_4 (4 bytes): Matrix[3][4].

Matrix_4_4 (4 bytes): Matrix[4][4]. This value SHOULD be 1.0.<14>

Bitmap images are specified by <u>EmfPlusBitmap objects (section 2.2.2.2)</u>. A color matrix effect is performed by multiplying a **color vector** by a ColorMatrixEffect object. A 5x5 color matrix can

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perform a linear transform, including **reflection**, **rotation**, **shearing**, or scaling followed by a translation.

See section 2.2.3 for the specification of additional image effects parameter objects.

2.2.3.7 HueSaturationLightnessEffect Object

The HueSaturationLightnessEffect object specifies adjustments to the hue, saturation, and lightness of an image.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
														Н	lueL	eve	el														
													5	Satu	ırati	onL	eve	el													
													I	Ligh	ntne	ssL	eve														

HueLevel (4 bytes): Specifies the adjustment to the hue.

Value	Meaning
$-180 \leq value < 0$	Negative values specify clockwise rotation on the color wheel .
0	A value of 0 specifies that the hue MUST NOT change.
0 < <i>value</i> ≤ 180	Positive values specify counter-clockwise rotation on the color wheel.

SaturationLevel (4 bytes): Specifies the adjustment to the saturation.

Value	Meaning
$-100 \leq value < 0$	Negative values specify decreasing saturation.
0	A value of 0 specifies that the saturation MUST NOT change.
$0 < value \le 100$	Positive values specify increasing saturation.

LightnessLevel (4 bytes): Specifies the adjustment to the lightness.

Value	Meaning
$-100 \leq value < 0$	Negative values specify decreasing lightness.
0	A value of 0 specifies that the lightness MUST NOT change.
0 < <i>value</i> ≤ 100	Positive values specify increasing lightness.

Bitmap images are specified by EmfPlusBitmap objects (section 2.2.2.2).

See section 2.2.3 for the specification of additional image effects parameter objects.

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2.2.3.8 LevelsEffect Object

The LevelsEffect object specifies adjustments to the highlights, midtones, and shadows of an image.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
														F	ligh	ligh	t														
														١	٩id٦	one	e														
														9	Sha	dov	,														

Highlight (4 bytes): Specifies how much to lighten the highlights of an image. The color channel values at the high end of the intensity range are altered more than values near the middle or low ends, which means an image can be lightened without losing the contrast between the darker portions of the image.

Value	Meaning
0 ≤ <i>value</i> < 100	Specifies that highlights with a percent of intensity above this threshold SHOULD be increased.
100	Specifies that highlights MUST NOT change.

MidTone (4 bytes): Specifies how much to lighten or darken the midtones of an image. Color channel values in the middle of the intensity range are altered more than values near the high or low ends, which means an image can be lightened or darkened without losing the contrast between the darkest and lightest portions of the image.

Value	Meaning							
-100 ≤ <i>value</i> < 0	Specifies that midtones are made darker.							
0	Specifies that midtones MUST NOT change.							
$0 < value \le 100$	Specifies that midtones are made lighter.							

Shadow (4 bytes): Specifies how much to darken the shadows of an image. Color channel values at the low end of the intensity range are altered more than values near the middle or high ends, which means an image can be darkened without losing the contrast between the lighter portions of the image.

Value	Meaning
0	Specifies that shadows MUST NOT change.
0 < <i>value</i> ≤ 100	Specifies that shadows with a percent of intensity below this threshold are made darker.

Bitmap images are specified by EmfPlusBitmap objects (section 2.2.2.2).

See section 2.2.3 for the specification of additional image effects parameter objects.

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2.2.3.9 RedEyeCorrectionEffect Object

The RedEyeCorrectionEffect object specifies areas of an image to which a red-eye correction is applied.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
													Ν	lum	ber	OfA	rea	s													
													Д	rea	s (v	aria	able)													

NumberOfAreas (4 bytes): A 32-bit signed integer that specifies the number of rectangles in the **Areas** field.

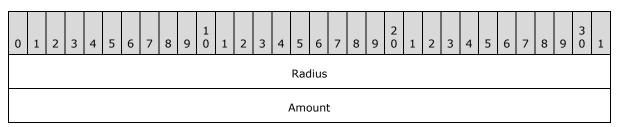
Areas (variable): An array of **NumberOfAreas** WMF <u>RectL</u> objects, specified in <u>[MS-WMF]</u> section 2.2.2.19. Each rectangle specifies an area of the bitmap image to which the red-eye correction effect SHOULD be applied.

Bitmap images are specified by EmfPlusBitmap objects (section 2.2.2.2).

See section 2.2.3 for the specification of additional image effects parameter objects.

2.2.3.10 SharpenEffect Object

The SharpenEffect object specifies an increase in the difference in intensity between pixels in an image.



Radius (4 bytes): A 32-bit floating-point number that specifies the sharpening radius in pixels, which determines the number of pixels involved in calculating the new value of a given pixel.

As this value increases, the number of pixels involved in the calculation increases, and the resulting bitmap SHOULD become sharper.

Amount (4 bytes): A 32-bit floating-point number that specifies the difference in intensity between a given pixel and the surrounding pixels.

Value	Meaning
0	Specifies that sharpening MUST NOT be performed.
0 < <i>value</i> ≤ 100	As this value increases, the difference in intensity between pixels SHOULD increase.

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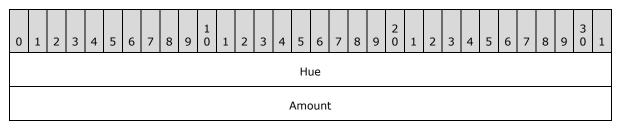
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Bitmap images are specified by EmfPlusBitmap objects (section 2.2.2.2).

See section 2.2.3 for the specification of additional image effects parameter objects.

2.2.3.11 TintEffect Object

The TintEffect object specifies an addition of black or white to a specified hue in an image.



Hue (4 bytes): A 32-bit signed integer that specifies the hue to which the tint effect is applied.

Value	Meaning
-180 ≤ <i>value</i> < 0	The color at a specified counter-clockwise rotation of the color wheel, starting from blue.
0	A value of 0 specifies the color blue on the color wheel.
0 < <i>value</i> ≤ 180	The color at a specified clockwise rotation of the color wheel, starting from blue.

Amount (4 bytes): A 32-bit signed integer that specifies how much the hue is strengthened or weakened.

Value	Meaning
-100 ≤ <i>value</i> < 0	Negative values specify how much the hue is weakened, which equates to the addition of black.
0	A value of 0 specifies that the tint MUST NOT change.
0 < <i>value</i> ≤ 100	Positive values specify how much the hue is strengthened, which equates to the addition of white.

Bitmap images are specified by <u>EmfPlusBitmap objects (section 2.2.2.2)</u>.

See section 2.2.3 for the specification of additional image effects parameter objects.

2.3 EMF+ Records

This section specifies the Records, which are grouped into the following categories:

Name	Section	Description
Clipping record types	<u>2.3.1</u>	Specify clipping regions and operations.
Comment record types	<u>2.3.2</u>	Specify arbitrary private data in the EMF+ metafile.

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Name	Section	Description
Control record types	<u>2.3.3</u>	Specify global parameters for EMF+ metafile processing.
Drawing record types	<u>2.3.4</u>	Specify graphics output.
Object record types	<u>2.3.5</u>	Define reusable graphics objects.
Property record types	<u>2.3.6</u>	Specify properties of the playback device context.
State record types	<u>2.3.7</u>	Specify operations on the state of the playback device context.
Terminal Server record types	<u>2.3.8</u>	Specify graphics processing on a terminal server.
Transform record types	<u>2.3.9</u>	Specify properties and transforms on coordinate spaces.

2.3.1 Clipping Record Types

The clipping record types specify clipping regions and operations. The following are EMF+ clipping record types:

Name	Section	Description
EmfPlusOffsetClip	<u>2.3.1.1</u>	Applies a translation transform on the current clipping region for the world space.
EmfPlusResetClip	<u>2.3.1.2</u>	Resets the current clipping region for the world space to infinity.
EmfPlusSetClipPath	<u>2.3.1.3</u>	Combines the current clipping region with a graphics path.
EmfPlusSetClipRect	2.3.1.4	Combines the current clipping region with a rectangle.
EmfPlusSetClipRegion	<u>2.3.1.5</u>	Combines the current clipping region with another graphics region.

The generic structure of EMF+ clipping records is specified as follows:

C	1	2	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
								Ту	pe															Fla	igs							
																Si	ze															
															C	ata	Size	е														
													I	Reco	ord[Data	a (v	aria	ble))												
																	•															

Type (2 bytes): A 16-bit unsigned integer that identifies the record type. The clipping record types are listed below. See the table above for descriptions of these records.

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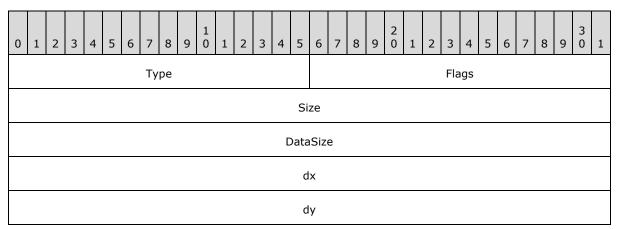
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Name	Value
EmfPlusResetClip	0x4031
EmfPlusSetClipRect	0x4032
EmfPlusSetClipPath	0x4033
EmfPlusSetClipRegion	0x4034
EmfPlusOffsetClip	0x4035

- **Flags (2 bytes):** A 16-bit unsigned integer that contains information for some records on how the operation is to be performed and on the structure of the record.
- **Size (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that MUST define the 32-bit–aligned size of the entire record in bytes, including the 12-byte record header and the record-specific data.
- **DataSize (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that MUST define the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes of data in the **RecordData** field that follows. This number does not include the 12-byte record header.
- **RecordData (variable):** An optional, variable-length array of bytes that, if present, defines the data specific to individual records. For specifications of the additional information, if any, contained within this field, see individual record definitions.

2.3.1.1 EmfPlusOffsetClip Record

The EmfPlusOffsetClip record applies a translation transform on the current clipping region for the world space.



Type (2 bytes): A 16-bit unsigned integer that identifies this record type as EmfPlusOffsetClip from the **RecordType enumeration (section 2.1.1.1)**. The value MUST be 0x4035.

Flags (2 bytes): A 16-bit unsigned integer that is reserved and MUST be ignored.

Size (4 bytes): A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned size of the entire record in bytes, including the 12-byte record header and record-specific data. For this record type, the value MUST be 0x00000014.

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DataSize (4 bytes): A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes of data in the record-specific data that follows. This number does not include the size of the invariant part of this record. For this record type, the value MUST be 0x0000008.

dx (4 bytes): A 32-bit floating-point value that specifies the horizontal offset for the translation.

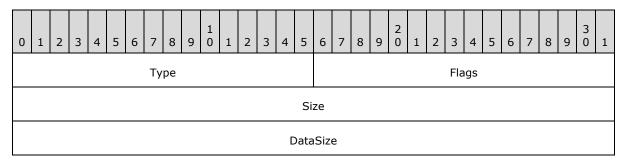
dy (4 bytes): A 32-bit floating-point value that specifies the vertical offset for the translation.

The new current clipping region is set to the result of the translation transform.

See section 2.3.1 for the specification of additional clipping record types.

2.3.1.2 EmfPlusResetClip Record

The EmfPlusResetClip record resets the current clipping region for the world space to infinity.



Type (2 bytes): A 16-bit unsigned integer that identifies this record type as EmfPlusResetClip from the **RecordType enumeration (section 2.1.1.1)**. The value MUST be 0x4031.

Flags (2 bytes): A 16-bit unsigned integer that is reserved and MUST be ignored.

- **Size (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned size of the entire record in bytes, including the 12-byte record header and record-specific data. For this record type, the value MUST be 0x0000000C.
- **DataSize (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes of data in the record-specific data that follows. This number does not include the size of the invariant part of this record. For this record type, the value MUST be 0x00000000.

See section 2.3.1 for the specification of additional clipping record types.

2.3.1.3 EmfPlusSetClipPath Record

The EmfPlusSetClipPath record combines the current clipping region with a graphics path.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
							Ту	pe															Fla	igs							
															Si	ze															

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Type (2 bytes): A 16-bit unsigned integer that identifies this record type as EmfPlusSetClipPath from the <u>RecordType enumeration (section 2.1.1.1)</u>. The value MUST be 0x4033.

Flags (2 bytes): A 16-bit unsigned integer that provides information about how the operation is to be performed, and about the structure of the record.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
х	x	х	х		С	М				0	bje	ctI	D																		

X (1 bit): Reserved and MUST be ignored.

CM (4 bits): Specifies the logical operation for combining two regions. See the <u>CombineMode enumeration (section 2.1.1.4)</u> for the meanings of the values.

- **ObjectID (1 byte):** The index of an <u>EmfPlusPath object (section 2.2.1.6)</u> in the **EMF+ Object Table**. The value MUST be zero to 63, inclusive.
- **Size (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned size of the entire record in bytes, including the 12-byte record header and record-specific data. For this record type, the value MUST be 0x0000000C.
- **DataSize (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes of data in the record-specific data that follows. This number does not include the size of the invariant part of this record. For this record type, the value MUST be 0x00000000.

The new current clipping region is set to the result of the **CombineMode** operation.

See section 2.3.1 for the specification of additional clipping record types.

2.3.1.4 EmfPlusSetClipRect Record

The EmfPlusSetClipRect record combines the current clipping region with a rectangle.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
							Ту	pe															Fla	igs							
															Si	ze															
														C	Data	Siz	e														
														(Clipl	Rect	t														

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Type (2 bytes): A 16-bit unsigned integer that identifies this record type as EmfPlusSetClipRect from the <u>RecordType enumeration (section 2.1.1.1)</u>. The value MUST be 0x4032.

Flags (2 bytes): A 16-bit unsigned integer that provides information about how the operation is to be performed, and about the structure of the record.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
x	х	х	х		С	М		х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х																

X (1 bit): Reserved and MUST be ignored.

CM (4 bits): Specifies the logical operation for combining two regions. See the <u>CombineMode enumeration (section 2.1.1.4)</u> for the meanings of the values.

Size (4 bytes): A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned size of the entire record in bytes, including the 12-byte record header and record-specific data. For this record type, the value MUST be 0x0000001C.

DataSize (4 bytes): A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes of data in the record-specific data that follows. This number does not include the size of the invariant part of this record. For this record type, the value MUST be 0x00000010.

ClipRect (16 bytes): An EmfPlusRectF object (section 2.2.2.39) that defines the rectangle to use in the **CombineMode** operation.

The new current clipping region is set to the result of the **CombineMode** operation.

See section 2.3.1 for the specification of additional clipping record types.

2.3.1.5 EmfPlusSetClipRegion Record

The EmfPlusSetClipRegion record combines the current clipping region with another graphics region.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
							Ту	pe															Fla	igs							
															Si	ze															
														C	Data	Siz	e														

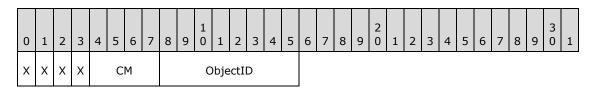
Type (2 bytes): A 16-bit unsigned integer that identifies this record type as EmfPlusSetClipRegion from the <u>RecordType enumeration (section 2.1.1.1)</u>. The value MUST be 0x4034.

Flags (2 bytes): A 16-bit unsigned integer that provides information about how the operation is to be performed, and about the structure of the record.

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X (1 bit): Reserved and MUST be ignored.

- **CM (4 bits):** Specifies the logical operation for combining two regions. See the **CombineMode enumeration (section 2.1.1.4)** for the meanings of the values.
- **ObjectID (1 byte):** The index of an EmfPlusRegion object (section 2.2.1.8) in the EMF+ Object Table. The value MUST be zero to 63, inclusive.
- **Size (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned size of the entire record in bytes, including the 12-byte record header and record-specific data. For this record type, the value MUST be 0x0000000C.
- **DataSize (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes of data in the record-specific data that follows. This number does not include the size of the invariant part of this record. For this record type, the value MUST be 0x00000000.

The new current clipping region is set to the result of performing the **CombineMode** operation on the previous current clipping region and the specified EmfPlusRegion object.

See section 2.3.1 for the specification of additional clipping record types.

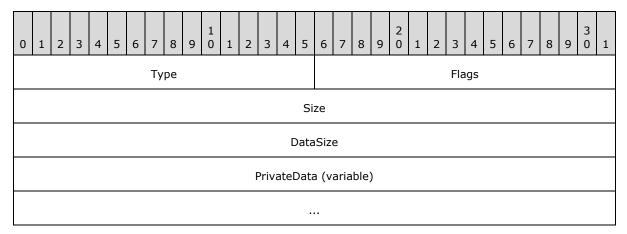
2.3.2 Comment Record Types

The Comment record type defines a format for specifying arbitrary private data.

Name	Section	Description
EmfPlusComment	<u>2.3.2.1</u>	Specifies arbitrary private data.

2.3.2.1 EmfPlusComment Record

The EmfPlusComment record specifies arbitrary private data.



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- **Type (2 bytes):** A 16-bit unsigned integer that identifies this record type as EmfPlusComment from the **RecordType enumeration (section 2.1.1.1)**. The value MUST be 0x4003.
- **Flags (2 bytes):** A 16-bit unsigned integer that is not used. This field SHOULD be set to zero and MUST be ignored upon receipt.<<u>15></u>
- **Size (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes in the entire record, including the 12-byte record header and record-specific data. For this record type, it MUST be computed as follows:

Size = DataSize + 0x000000C

DataSize (4 bytes): A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes of record-specific data that follows.

PrivateData (variable): A DataSize-length byte array of private data.

2.3.3 Control Record Types

The control record types specify global parameters for EMF+ metafile processing. The following are EMF+ control record types:

Name	Section	Description
EmfPlusEndOfFile	<u>2.3.3.1</u>	Specifies the end of EMF+ data in the metafile.
EmfPlusGetDC	<u>2.3.3.2</u>	Specifies that subsequent EMF records encountered in the metafile SHOULD be processed.
EmfPlusHeader	<u>2.3.3.3</u>	Specifies the start of EMF+ data in the metafile.

The generic structure of EMF+ control records is specified as follows:

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
							Ту	pe															Fla	igs							
															Si	ze															
														C	Data	Siz	e														
												F	Reco	ord[Data	a (v	aria	ble))												

Type (2 bytes): A 16-bit unsigned integer that identifies the record type. The control record types are listed below. See the table above for descriptions of these records.

Name	Value
EmfPlusHeader	0x4001

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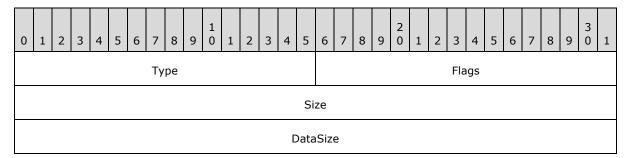
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Name	Value
EmfPlusEndOfFile	0x4002
EmfPlusGetDC	0x4004

- **Flags (2 bytes):** A 16-bit unsigned integer that contains information for some records on how the operation is to be performed and on the structure of the record.
- **Size (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that MUST define the 32-bit–aligned size of the entire record in bytes, including the 12-byte record header and the record-specific data.
- **DataSize (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that MUST define the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes of data in the **RecordData** field that follows. This number does not include the 12-byte record header.
- **RecordData (variable):** An optional, variable-length array of bytes that, if present, defines the data specific to individual records. For specifications of the additional information, if any, that is contained within this field, see individual record definitions.

2.3.3.1 EmfPlusEndOfFile Record

The EmfPlusEndOfFile record specifies the end of EMF+ data in the metafile.



- **Type (2 bytes):** A 16-bit unsigned integer that identifies this record type as EmfPlusEndOfFile from the **RecordType enumeration (section 2.1.1.1)**. The value MUST be 0x4002.
- **Flags (2 bytes):** A 16-bit unsigned integer that is not used. This field SHOULD be set to zero and MUST be ignored upon receipt.
- **Size (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes in the entire record, including the 12-byte record header and record-specific data. For this record type, the value MUST be 0x0000000C.
- **DataSize (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes of data in the record-specific data that follows. For this record type, the value MUST be 0x00000000.

See section 2.3.3 for the specification of additional control record types.

2.3.3.2 EmfPlusGetDC Record

The EmfPlusGetDC record specifies that subsequent EMF records encountered in the metafile SHOULD be processed.

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0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
							Ту	ре															Fla	igs							
															Si	ze															
														D	ata	Siz	е														

- **Type (2 bytes):** A 16-bit unsigned integer that identifies this record type as EmfPlusGetDC from the <u>RecordType enumeration (section 2.1.1.1)</u>. The value MUST be 0x4004.
- **Flags (2 bytes):** A 16-bit unsigned integer that is not used. This field SHOULD be set to zero and MUST be ignored upon receipt.
- **Size (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned size of the entire record in bytes, including the 12-byte record header and the record-specific buffer data. For this record type, the value is 0x0000000C.
- **DataSize (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes of data in the record-specific data that follows. This number does not include the size of the invariant part of this record. For this record type, the value is 0x00000000.

EMF records cease being processed when the next EMF+ record is encountered.

See section 2.3.3 for the specification of additional control record types.

2.3.3.3 EmfPlusHeader Record

The EmfPlusHeader record specifies the start of EMF+ data in the metafile.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
							Ту	pe															Fla	ıgs							
															Si	ze															
														C	Data	Size	е														
														,	Vers	sion	I														
														Em	fPlu	IsFla	ags														
														Lo	gica	alDp	οiΧ														
														Lo	gica	alDp	οiΥ														

Type (2 bytes): A 16-bit unsigned integer that identifies this record type as EmfPlusHeader from the **RecordType enumeration (section 2.1.1.1)**. The value MUST be 0x4001.

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Flags (2 bytes): A 16-bit unsigned integer that provides information about the structure of the metafile.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	D																

X (1 bit): Reserved and MUST be ignored.

- D (1 bit): If set, this flag indicates that this metafile is "dual-mode", which means that it contains two sets of records, each of which completely specifies the graphics content. If clear, only EMF+ records are present, except EMF <u>control records</u> and the EMF records that contain EMF+ records. EMF control records are specified in <u>[MS-EMF]</u> section 2.3.4.
- **Size (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned size of the entire record in bytes, including the 12-byte record header and record-specific data. For this record type, the value is 0x0000001C.
- **DataSize (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes of data in the record-specific data that follows. This number does not include the size of the invariant part of this record. For this record type, the value is 0x00000010.
- **Version (4 bytes):** An EmfPlusGraphicsVersion object (section 2.2.2.19) that specifies the version of operating system graphics that was used to create this metafile.
- **EmfPlusFlags (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that contains information about how this metafile was recorded.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
х	x	х	x	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	v

- X (1 bit): Reserved and MUST be ignored.
- **V (1 bit):** If set, this flag indicates that the metafile was recorded with a reference device context for a video display. If clear, the metafile was recorded with a reference device context for a printer.
- **LogicalDpiX (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the horizontal resolution for which the metafile was recorded, in units of pixels per inch.
- **LogicalDpiY (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the vertical resolution for which the metafile was recorded, in units of lines per inch.

The EmfPlusHeader record MUST be embedded in an EMF <u>EMR COMMENT EMFPLUS</u> record, which MUST be the record immediately following the EMF header in the metafile. The EMR COMMENT EMFPLUS record is specified in [MS-EMF] section 2.3.3.2.

See section 2.3.3 for the specification of additional control record types.

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2.3.4 Drawing Record Types

The drawing record types specify graphics output. The following are EMF+ drawing record types:

Name	Section	Description
EmfPlusClear	<u>2.3.4.1</u>	Clears the output coordinate space and initializes it with a background color and transparency.
EmfPlusDrawArc	<u>2.3.4.2</u>	Specifies drawing the arc of an ellipse.
EmfPlusDrawBeziers	<u>2.3.4.3</u>	Specifies drawing a sequence of connected Bezier curves.
EmfPlusDrawClosedCurve	<u>2.3.4.4</u>	Specifies drawing a closed cardinal spline.
EmfPlusDrawCurve	<u>2.3.4.5</u>	Specifies drawing a cardinal spline.
EmfPlusDrawDriverString	<u>2.3.4.6</u>	Specifies text output with character positions.
EmfPlusDrawEllipse	<u>2.3.4.7</u>	Specifies drawing an ellipse.
EmfPlusDrawImage	<u>2.3.4.8</u>	Specifies drawing a scaled image.
EmfPlusDrawImagePoints	<u>2.3.4.9</u>	Specifies drawing a scaled image inside a parallelogram.
EmfPlusDrawLines	2.3.4.10	Specifies drawing a series of connected lines.
EmfPlusDrawPath	<u>2.3.4.11</u>	Specifies drawing a graphics path.
EmfPlusDrawPie	2.3.4.12	Specifies drawing a section of the interior of an ellipse.
EmfPlusDrawRects	2.3.4.13	Specifies drawing a series of rectangles.
EmfPlusDrawString	2.3.4.14	Specifies text output with string formatting.
EmfPlusFillClosedCurve	<u>2.3.4.15</u>	Specifies filling the interior of a closed cardinal spline.
EmfPlusFillEllipse	2.3.4.16	Specifies filling the interior of an ellipse.
EmfPlusFillPath	2.3.4.17	Specifies filling the interior of a graphics path.
EmfPlusFillPie	2.3.4.18	Specifies filling a section of the interior of an ellipse.
EmfPlusFillPolygon	2.3.4.19	Specifies filling the interior of a polygon.
EmfPlusFillRects	2.3.4.20	Specifies filling the interiors of a series of rectangles.
EmfPlusFillRegion	2.3.4.21	Specifies filling the interior of a graphics region.

The generic structure of EMF+ drawing records is specified as follows:

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
							Ту	pe															Fla	igs							
															Si	ze															

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Data	Sizo
Data	JIZE

RecordData (variable)

Type (2 bytes): A 16-bit unsigned integer that identifies the record type. The drawing record types are listed below. See the table above for descriptions of these records.

...

Name	Value
EmfPlusClear	0x4009
EmfPlusFillRects	0x400A
EmfPlusDrawRects	0x400B
EmfPlusFillPolygon	0x400C
EmfPlusDrawLines	0x400D
EmfPlusFillEllipse	0x400E
EmfPlusDrawEllipse	0x400F
EmfPlusFillPie	0x4010
EmfPlusDrawPie	0x4011
EmfPlusDrawArc	0x4012
EmfPlusFillRegion	0x4013
EmfPlusFillPath	0x4014
EmfPlusDrawPath	0x4015
EmfPlusFillClosedCurve	0x4016
EmfPlusDrawClosedCurve	0x4017
EmfPlusDrawCurve	0x4018
EmfPlusDrawBeziers	0x4019
EmfPlusDrawImage	0x401A
EmfPlusDrawImagePoints	0x401B
EmfPlusDrawString	0x401C
EmfPlusDrawDriverString	0x4036

Flags (2 bytes): A 16-bit unsigned integer that contains information for some records on how the operation is to be performed and on the structure of the record.

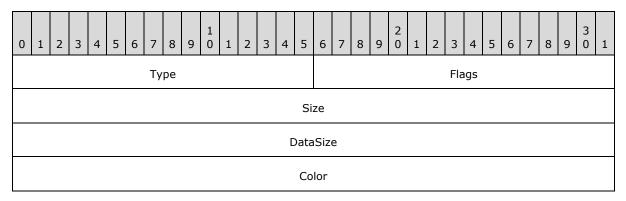
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- **Size (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that MUST define the 32-bit-aligned size of the entire record in bytes, including the 12-byte record header and the record-specific data.
- **DataSize (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that MUST define the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes of data in the **RecordData** field that follows. This number does not include the 12-byte record header.
- **RecordData (variable):** An optional, variable-length array of bytes that, if present, MUST define the data specific to individual records. For specifications of the additional information, if any, that is contained within this field, see individual record definitions.

2.3.4.1 EmfPlusClear Record

The EmfPlusClear record clears the output coordinate space and initializes it with a background color and transparency.

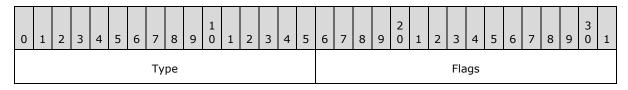


- **Type (2 bytes):** A 16-bit unsigned integer that identifies this record type as EmfPlusClear from the **RecordType enumeration (section 2.1.1.1)**. The value MUST be 0x4009.
- **Flags (2 bytes):** A 16-bit unsigned integer that is not used. This field SHOULD be set to zero and MUST be ignored upon receipt.
- **Size (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes in the entire record, including the 12-byte record header and record-specific data. For this record type, it MUST be 0x00000010.
- **DataSize (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes of record-specific data that follows. For this record type, it MUST be 0x00000004.
- **Color (4 bytes):** An EmfPlusARGB object (section 2.2.2.1) that defines the color to paint the screen. All colors are specified in [IEC-RGB], unless otherwise noted.

See section 2.3.4 for the specification of additional drawing record types.

2.3.4.2 EmfPlusDrawArc Record

The EmfPlusDrawArc record specifies drawing the arc of an ellipse.



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Size
DataSize
StartAngle
SweepAngle
RectData (variable)

Type (2 bytes): A 16-bit unsigned integer that identifies this record type as EmfPlusDrawArc from the <u>RecordType enumeration (section 2.1.1.1)</u>. The value MUST be 0x4012.

Flags (2 bytes): A 16-bit unsigned integer that provides information about how the operation is to be performed, and about the structure of the record.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
х	С	х	х	х	х	х	х		ObjectID																						

X (1 bit): Reserved and MUST be ignored.

C (1 bit): This bit indicates whether the data in the RectData field is compressed.

If set, **RectData** contains an <u>EmfPlusRect object (section 2.2.2.38)</u>. If clear, **RectData** contains an <u>EmfPlusRectF object (section 2.2.2.39)</u>.

ObjectID (1 byte): The index of an <u>EmfPlusPen object (section 2.2.1.7)</u> in the **EMF+ Object Table** to draw the arc. The value MUST be zero to 63, inclusive.

Size (4 bytes): A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes in the entire record, including the 12-byte record header and record-specific data. For this record type, the value MUST be one of the following:

Value	Meaning
0x000001C	If the C bit is set in the Flags field.
0x0000024	If the C bit is clear in the Flags field.

DataSize (4 bytes): A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes of record-specific data that follows. For this record type, the value MUST be one of the following:

Value	Meaning
0x0000010	If the C bit is set in the Flags field.

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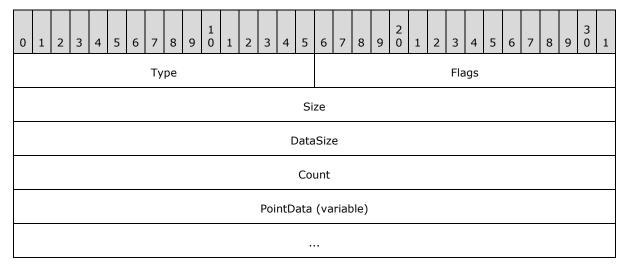
Value	Meaning
0x0000018	If the C bit is clear in the Flags field.

- **StartAngle (4 bytes):** A 32-bit non-negative floating-point value that specifies the angle in degrees clockwise from 12:00 o'clock to the start of the arc. Any value is acceptable, but it MUST be interpreted modulo 360, with the result that is used being in the range 0.0 inclusive to 360.0 exclusive.
- **SweepAngle (4 bytes):** A 32-bit floating-point value that specifies the extent of the arc to draw, as an angle in degrees measured from the starting point defined by the **StartAngle** value. Any value is acceptable, but it MUST be clamped to -360.0 to 360.0 inclusive. A positive value indicates that the sweep is defined in a clockwise direction, and a negative value indicates that the sweep is defined in a counter-clockwise direction.
- **RectData (variable):** Either an EmfPlusRect or EmfPlusRectF object that defines the bounding box of the ellipse that is collinear with the arc. This rectangle defines the position, size, and shape of the arc. The type of object in this field is specified by the value of the **Flags** field.

See section 2.3.4 for the specification of additional drawing record types.

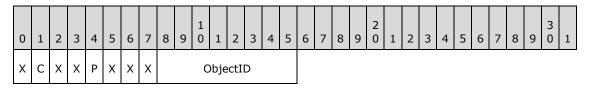
2.3.4.3 EmfPlusDrawBeziers Record

The EmfPlusDrawBeziers record specifies drawing a sequence of connected Bezier curves.



Type (2 bytes): A 16-bit unsigned integer that identifies this record type as EmfPlusDrawBeziers from the <u>RecordType enumeration (section 2.1.1.1)</u>. The value MUST be 0x4019.

Flags (2 bytes): A 16-bit unsigned integer that provides information about how the operation is to be performed, and about the structure of the record.



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- X (1 bit): Reserved and MUST be ignored.
- C (1 bit): This bit indicates whether the **PointData** field specifies compressed data.

If set, **PointData** specifies absolute locations in the coordinate space with 16-bit integer coordinates. If clear, **PointData** specifies absolute locations in the coordinate space with 32-bit floating-point coordinates.

Note If the **P** flag (below) is set, this flag is undefined and MUST be ignored.

P (1 bit): This bit indicates whether the **PointData** field specifies relative or absolute locations.

If set, each element in **PointData** specifies a location in the coordinate space that is relative to the location specified by the previous element in the array. In the case of the first element in **PointData**, a previous location at coordinates (0,0) is assumed. If clear, **PointData** specifies absolute locations according to the **C** flag.

Note If this flag is set, the **C** flag (above) is undefined and MUST be ignored. <16>

ObjectID (1 byte): The index of an <u>EmfPlusPen object (section 2.2.1.7)</u> in the **EMF+ Object Table** to draw the Bezier curves. The value MUST be zero to 63, inclusive.

Size (4 bytes): A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes in the entire record. At least 4 points MUST be specified.

Value	Meaning										
0x00000018 ≤ <i>value</i>	If the P bit is set in the Flags field, the minimum Size is computed as follows:										
	Size = (Count * 0x0000002) + 0x00000010										
0x00000020 ≤ <i>value</i>	If the ${\bf P}$ bit is clear and the ${\bf C}$ bit is set in the ${\bf Flags}$ field, ${\bf Size}$ is computed as follows:										
	Size = (Count * 0x00000004) + 0x00000010										
0x00000030 ≤ <i>value</i>	If the P bit is clear and the C bit is clear in the Flags field, Size is computed as follows:										
	Size = (Count * 0x0000008) + 0x00000010										

DataSize (4 bytes): A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes in the entire record. At least 4 points MUST be specified.

Value	Meaning
0x0000000C ≤ <i>value</i>	<pre>If the P bit is set in the Flags field, the minimum DataSize is computed as follows: DataSize = (Count * 0x0000002) + 0x00000004</pre>
0x00000014 ≤ <i>value</i>	If the P bit is clear and the C bit is set in the Flags field, DataSize is computed as follows:

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Value	Meaning
	DataSize = (Count * 0x00000004) + 0x00000004
0x0000024 ≤ <i>value</i>	If the P bit is clear and the C bit is clear in the Flags field, DataSize is computed as follows:
	DataSize = (Count * 0x0000008) + 0x00000004

- **Count (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the number of points in the **PointData** array. At least 4 points MUST be specified.
- **PointData (variable):** An array of **Count** points that specify the starting, ending, and control points of the Bezier curves. The ending coordinate of one Bezier curve is the starting coordinate of the next. The control points are used for producing the Bezier effect.

The type of data in this array is specified by the **Flags** field, as follows:

Data Type	Meaning
EmfPlusPointR object (section 2.2.2.37)	If the P flag is set in the Flags , the points specify relative locations.
EmfPlusPointF object (section 2.2.2.36)	If the ${\bf P}$ and ${\bf C}$ bits are clear in the ${\bf Flags}$ field, the points specify absolute locations.
EmfPlusPoint object (section 2.2.2.35)	If the P bit is clear and the C bit is set in the Flags field, the points specify relative locations.

A Bezier curve does not pass through its control points. The control points act as magnets, pulling the curve in certain directions to influence the way the lines bend.

See section 2.3.4 for the specification of additional drawing record types.

2.3.4.4 EmfPlusDrawClosedCurve Record

The EmfPlusDrawClosedCurve record specifies drawing a closed cardinal spline.

0	1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
	Туре														Flags																	
	Size																															
	DataSize																															
															-	Ten	sior	ı														
																Со	unt															

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PointData (variable)	

Type (2 bytes): A 16-bit unsigned integer that identifies this record type as

EmfPlusDrawClosedCurve from the **<u>RecordType enumeration (section 2.1.1.1)</u>**. The value MUST be 0x4017.

Flags (2 bytes): A 16-bit unsigned integer that provides information about how the operation is to be performed, and about the structure of the record.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
х	С	х	х	Ρ	х	х	х		ObjectID																						

X (1 bit): Reserved and MUST be ignored.

C (1 bit): This bit indicates whether the PointData field specifies compressed data.

If set, **PointData** specifies absolute locations in the coordinate space with 16-bit integer coordinates. If clear, **PointData** specifies absolute locations in the coordinate space with 32-bit floating-point coordinates.

Note If the P flag (below) is set, this flag is undefined and MUST be ignored.

P (1 bit): This bit indicates whether the **PointData** field specifies relative or absolute locations.

If set, each element in **PointData** specifies a location in the coordinate space that is relative to the location specified by the previous element in the array. In the case of the first element in **PointData**, a previous location at coordinates (0,0) is assumed. If clear, **PointData** specifies absolute locations according to the **C** flag.

Note If this flag is set, the C flag (above) is undefined and MUST be ignored. <17>

ObjectID (1 byte): The index of an <u>EmfPlusPen object (section 2.2.1.7)</u> in the **EMF+ Object Table** to draw the closed curve. The value MUST be zero to 63, inclusive.

Size (4 bytes): A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes in the entire record. At least 3 points MUST be specified.

Value	Meaning
0x0000001C ≤ <i>value</i>	If the P bit is set in the Flags field, the minimum Size is computed as follows:
	Size = ((((Count * 0x0000002) + 0x00000014 + 0x00000003) / 4) * 4)
0x00000020 ≤ <i>value</i>	If the P bit is clear and the C bit is set in the Flags field, Size is computed as follows:

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Value	Meaning
	Size = (Count * 0x00000004) + 0x00000014
0x0000002C ≤ <i>value</i>	If the P bit is clear and the C bit is clear in the Flags field, Size is computed as follows:
	Size = (Count * 0x0000008) + 0x00000014

DataSize (4 bytes): A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes of record-specific data in the record. At least 3 points MUST be specified.

Value	Meaning
0x00000010 ≤ <i>value</i>	If the P bit is set in the Flags field, the minimum DataSize is computed as follows:
	DataSize = ((((Count * 0x0000002) + 0x0000008 + 0x0000003) / 4) * 4)
0x00000014 ≤ <i>value</i>	If the P bit is clear and the C bit is set in the Flags field, DataSize is computed as follows:
	DataSize = (Count * 0x0000004) + 0x00000008
0x00000020 ≤ <i>value</i>	If the P bit is clear and the C bit is clear in the Flags field, DataSize is computed as follows:
	DataSize = (Count * 0x0000008) + 0x0000008

- **Tension (4 bytes):** A 32-bit floating point number that specifies how tightly the spline bends as it passes through the points. A value of 0 specifies that the spline is a sequence of straight lines. As the value increases, the curve becomes more rounded.
- **Count (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the number of points in the **PointData** field. At least 3 points MUST be specified.
- **PointData (variable):** An array of **Count** points that specify the endpoints of the lines that define the spline. In a closed cardinal spline, the curve continues through the last point in the **PointData** array and connects with the first point in the array.

Data Type	Meaning
EmfPlusPointR object (section 2.2.2.37)	If the P flag is set in the Flags , the points specify relative locations.
EmfPlusPointF object (section 2.2.2.36)	If the ${\bf P}$ and ${\bf C}$ bits are set in the ${\bf Flags}$ field, the points specify absolute locations.
EmfPlusPoint object (section 2.2.2.35)	If the ${\bf P}$ bit is clear and the ${\bf C}$ bit is set in the ${\bf Flags}$ field, the points specify relative locations.

The type of data in this array is specified by the **Flags** field, as follows:

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A cardinal spline is a sequence of individual curves joined to form a larger curve. The spline is specified by an array of points and a tension field. A cardinal spline passes smoothly through each point in the array; the curve has no sharp corners or abrupt changes. In a closed cardinal spline, the curve passes through the last defined point and connects with the first.

See section 2.3.4 for the specification of additional drawing record types.

2.3.4.5 EmfPlusDrawCurve Record

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
	Type Flags																														
	Size																														
														۵	ata	Size	e														
	Tension																														
															Off	set															
													I	Nun	۱Se	gme	ents	5													
	Count																														
	PointData (variable)																														

The EmfPlusDrawCurve record specifies drawing a cardinal spline.

Type (2 bytes): A 16-bit unsigned integer that identifies this record type as EmfPlusDrawCurve from the **RecordType enumeration (section 2.1.1.1)**. The value MUST be 0x4018.

Flags (2 bytes): A 16-bit unsigned integer that provides information about how the operation is to be performed, and about the structure of the record.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
Х	С	х	х	х	х	х	х		ObjectID																						

X (1 bit): Reserved and MUST be ignored.

C (1 bit): This bit indicates whether the data in the **PointData** field is compressed.

If set, **PointData** contains an array of <u>EmfPlusPoint objects (section 2.2.2.35)</u>. If clear, **PointData** contains an array of <u>EmfPlusPointF objects (section 2.2.2.36)</u>.

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ObjectID (1 byte): The index of an <u>EmfPlusPen object (section 2.2.1.7)</u> in the **EMF+ Object Table** to draw the curve. The value MUST be zero to 63, inclusive.

Size (4 bytes): A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes in the entire record, including the 12-byte record header and record-specific data.

At least 2 PointData elements MUST be specified in this reco	ord.
---	------

Value	Meaning
0x00000024 ≤ <i>value</i>	If the C bit is set in the Flags field, Count points with values of 16-bit signed integers are defined in the PointData field. In this case, Size MUST be computed as follows:
	Size = (Count * 0x0000004) + 0x0000001C
0x0000002C ≤ <i>value</i>	If the C bit is clear in the Flags field, Count points with values of 32-bit floating-point numbers are defined in the PointData field. In this case, Size MUST be computed as follows: Size = (Count * 0x0000008) + 0x000001C

DataSize (4 bytes): A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes of record-specific data that follows.

Value	Meaning
0x00000018 ≤ <i>value</i>	If the C bit is set in the Flags field, Count points with values of 16-bit signed integers are defined in the PointData field. In this case, DataSize MUST be computed as follows: DataSize = (Count * 0x0000004) + 0x00000010
0x00000020 ≤ value	If the C bit is clear in the Flags field, Count points with values of 32-bit floating- point numbers are defined in the PointData field. In this case, DataSize MUST
value	DataSize = (Count * 0x0000008) + 0x00000010

At least 2 **PointData** elements MUST be specified in this record.

- **Tension (4 bytes):** A 32-bit floating-point value that specifies how tightly the spline bends as it passes through the points. A value of 0 specifies that the spline is a sequence of straight lines. As the value increases, the curve becomes more rounded.
- **Offset (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the element in the **PointData** array that defines the starting point of the spline.
- **NumSegments (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the number of line segments making up the spline.
- **Count (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the number of points in the **PointData** array. The minimum number of points for drawing a curve is 2—the starting and ending points.

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PointData (variable): An array of either 32-bit signed integers or 32-bit floating-point numbers of **Count** length that defines coordinate values of the endpoints of the lines to be stroked.

A cardinal spline is a sequence of individual curves joined to form a larger curve. The spline is specified by an array of points and a tension member. A cardinal spline passes smoothly through each point in the array; the curve has no sharp corners or abrupt changes.

See section 2.3.4 for the specification of additional drawing record types.

2.3.4.6 EmfPlusDrawDriverString Record

The EmfPlusDrawDriverString record specifies text output with character positions.

0	1	2 3	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	E	5 6	5 7	8	Ģ	9 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
	•	•					Ту	pe	2					•									Fla	ags	•				•		
	Size																														
	DataSize																														
	BrushId																														
	DriverStringOptionsFlags																														
	MatrixPresent																														
	GlyphCount																														
													G	lypl	hs	(va	riab	e)													
													Gly	/phl	Po	s (\	varia	ole)													
												Tra	nsf	orm	۱M	latri	x (o	otior	na	1)											

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Type (2 bytes): A 16-bit unsigned integer that identifies this record type as EmfPlusDrawDriverString from the <u>RecordType enumeration (section 2.1.1.1)</u>. The value MUST be 0x4036.

Flags (2 bytes): A 16-bit unsigned integer that provides information about how the operation is to be performed, and about the structure of the record.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
s	х	х	х	x	х	х	х	ObjectID																							

S (1 bit): This bit indicates the type of data in the BrushId field.

If set, **BrushId** specifies the color value in an <u>EmfPlusARGB object (section 2.2.2.1)</u>. If clear, **BrushId** contains the **EMF+ Object Table** index of an <u>EmfPlusBrush object</u> (section 2.2.1.1).

X (1 bit): Reserved and MUST be ignored.

ObjectID (1 byte): The **EMF+ Object Table** index of an <u>EmfPlusFont object (section</u> 2.2.1.3) to render the text. The value MUST be zero to 63, inclusive.

Size (4 bytes): A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes in the entire record, including the 12-byte record header and record-specific data.

Value	Meaning
0x0000001C ≤	When glyphs are provided, but no transform matrix is specified in the TransformMatrix field, the size of the record is computed as follows:
<i>value</i>	Size = (GlyphCount * 0x000000A) + 0x0000001C
0x0000034 ≤	When glyphs are provided, and a transform matrix is specified in the TransformMatrix field, the size of the record is computed as follows:
<i>value</i>	Size = (GlyphCount * 0x000000A) + 0x00000034

DataSize (4 bytes): A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes of record-specific data that follows.

Value	Meaning
0x00000010 ≤ <i>value</i>	When glyphs are provided, but no transform matrix is specified in the TransformMatrix field, the size of the data is computed as follows:
	DataSize = (GlyphCount * 0x000000A) + 0x00000010
0x00000028 ≤ <i>value</i>	When glyphs are provided, and a transform matrix is specified in the TransformMatrix field, the size of the data is computed as follows:

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Value	Meaning
	DataSize = (GlyphCount * 0x000000A) + 0x00000028

- **BrushId (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies either the foreground color of the text or a graphics brush, depending on the value of the **S** flag in the **Flags**.
- **DriverStringOptionsFlags (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the spacing, orientation, and quality of rendering for the string. This value MUST be composed of **DriverStringOptions flags (section 2.1.2.3)**.
- **MatrixPresent (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies whether a transform matrix is present in the **TransformMatrix** field.

Value	Meaning
0×0000000	The transform matrix is not present in the record.
0x0000001	The transform matrix is present in the record.

GlyphCount (4 bytes): A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies number of glyphs in the string.

Glyphs (variable): An array of 16-bit values that define the text string to draw.

If the **DriverStringOptionsCmapLookup** flag in the **DriverStringOptionsFlags** field is set, each value in this array specifies a Unicode character. Otherwise, each value specifies an index to a character glyph in the EmfPlusFont object specified by the **ObjectId** value in **Flags** field.

GlyphPos (variable): An array of <u>EmfPlusPointF objects (section 2.2.2.36)</u> that specify the output position of each character glyph. There MUST be **GlyphCount** elements, which have a one-to-one correspondence with the elements in the **Glyphs** array.

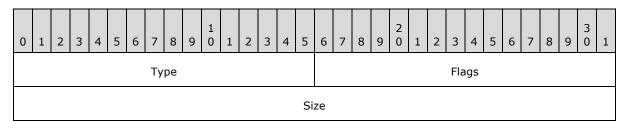
Glyph positions are calculated from the position of the first glyph if the DriverStringOptionsRealizedAdvance flag in **DriverStringOptions** flags is set. In this case, **GlyphPos** specifies the position of the first glyph only.

TransformMatrix (24 bytes): An optional <u>EmfPlusTransformMatrix object (section 2.2.2.47)</u> that specifies the transformation to apply to each value in the text array. The presence of this data is determined from the **MatrixPresent** field.

See section 2.3.4 for the specification of additional drawing record types.

2.3.4.7 EmfPlusDrawEllipse Record

The EmfPlusDrawEllipse record specifies drawing an ellipse.



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DataSize
RectData (variable)

Type (2 bytes): A 16-bit unsigned integer that identifies this record type as EmfPlusDrawEllipse from the **RecordType enumeration (section 2.1.1.1)**. The value MUST be 0x400F.

Flags (2 bytes): A 16-bit unsigned integer that provides information about how the operation is to be performed, and about the structure of the record.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
х	С	х	х	х	х	х	х			0	bje	ctI	D																		

X (1 bit): Reserved and MUST be ignored.

C (1 bit): This bit indicates whether the data in the RectData field is compressed.

If set, **RectData** contains an <u>EmfPlusRect object (section 2.2.2.38)</u>. If clear, **RectData** contains an <u>EmfPlusRectF object (section 2.2.2.39)</u>.

ObjectID (1 byte): The index of an <u>EmfPlusPen (section 2.2.1.7)</u> object in the **EMF+ Object Table** to draw the ellipse. The value MUST be zero to 63, inclusive.

Size (4 bytes): A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes in the entire record, including the 12-byte record header and record-specific data. For this record type, the value MUST be one of the following:

Value	Meaning
0x0000014	If the C bit is set in the Flags field.
0x000001C	If the C bit is clear in the Flags field.

DataSize (4 bytes): A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes of record-specific data that follows. For this record type, the value MUST be one of the following:

Value	Meaning
0x0000008	If the C bit is set in the Flags field.
0x0000010	If the C bit is clear in the Flags field.

RectData (variable): Either an EmfPlusRect or EmfPlusRectF object that defines the bounding box of the ellipse.

See section 2.3.4 for the specification of additional drawing record types.

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2.3.4.8 EmfPlusDrawImage Record

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
							Ту	pe															Fla	gs							
															Si	ze															
														۵	Data	Siz	e														
													Im	age	eAtt	ribu	ites	ID													
															Src	Unit															
														9	Srcf	Rect	t														
													Re	ctDa	ata	(va	riab	le)													

The EmfPlusDrawImage record specifies drawing a scaled image.

Type (2 bytes): A 16-bit unsigned integer that identifies this record type as EmfPlusDrawImage from the **RecordType enumeration (section 2.1.1.1)**. The value MUST be 0x401A.

Flags (2 bytes): A 16-bit unsigned integer that provides information about how the operation is to be performed, and about the structure of the record.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
х	с	х	х	х	х	х	х			С)bje	ectI	D																		

X (1 bit): Reserved and MUST be ignored.

C (1 bit): This bit indicates whether the data in the RectData field is compressed.

If set, **RectData** contains an <u>EmfPlusRect object (section 2.2.2.38)</u>. If clear, **RectData** contains an <u>EmfPlusRectF object (section 2.2.2.39)</u>.

ObjectID (1 byte): The index of an EmfPlusImage object (section 2.2.1.4) in the EMF+ Object Table, which specifies the image to render. The value MUST be zero to 63, inclusive.

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Size (4 bytes): A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes in the entire record, including the 12-byte record header and record-specific data. For this record type, the value MUST be one of the following:

Value	Meaning
0x000002C	If the C bit is set in the Flags field.
0x0000034	If the C bit is clear in the Flags field.

DataSize (4 bytes): A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes of record-specific data that follows. For this record type, the value MUST be one of the following:

Value	Meaning
0x0000020	If the C bit is set in the Flags field.
0x0000028	If the C bit is clear in the Flags field.

- **ImageAttributesID (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the index of an optional <u>EmfPlusImageAttributes object (section 2.2.1.5)</u> in the **EMF+ Object Table**.
- SrcUnit (4 bytes): A 32-bit signed integer that specifies the units of the SrcRect field. It MUST be the UnitTypePixel member of the UnitType enumeration (section 2.1.1.33).
- **SrcRect (16 bytes):** An EmfPlusRectF object that specifies a portion of the image to be rendered. The portion of the image specified by this rectangle is scaled to fit the destination rectangle specified by the **RectData** field.
- **RectData (variable):** Either an EmfPlusRect or EmfPlusRectF object that defines the bounding box of the image. The portion of the image specified by the **SrcRect** field is scaled to fit this rectangle.

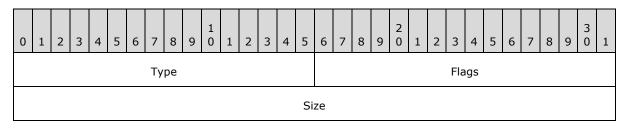
An EmfPlusImage object can specify either a bitmap or a metafile.

Colors in an image can be manipulated during rendering. They can be corrected, darkened, lightened, and removed. An EmfPlusImageAttributes object maintains several color-adjustment settings, including color-adjustment matrices, grayscale-adjustment matrices, gamma-correction values, color-mapping tables, and color-threshold values.

See section 2.3.4 for the specification of additional drawing record types.

2.3.4.9 EmfPlusDrawImagePoints Record

The EmfPlusDrawImagePoints record specifies drawing a scaled image inside a parallelogram.



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DataSize
ImageAttributesID
SrcUnit
SrcRect
Count
PointData (variable)

- **Type (2 bytes):** A 16-bit unsigned integer that identifies this record type as EmfPlusDrawImagePoints from the <u>RecordType enumeration (section 2.1.1.1)</u>. The value MUST be 0x401B.
- **Flags (2 bytes):** A 16-bit unsigned integer that provides information about how the operation is to be performed, and about the structure of the record.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
x	с	E	х	Ρ	х	х	х		ObjectID																						

X (1 bit): Reserved and MUST be ignored.

C (1 bit): This bit indicates whether the **PointData** field specifies compressed data.

If set, **PointData** specifies absolute locations in the coordinate space with 16-bit integer coordinates. If clear, **PointData** specifies absolute locations in the coordinate space with 32-bit floating-point coordinates.

Note If the P flag (below) is set, this flag is undefined and MUST be ignored.

E (1 bit): This bit indicates that the rendering of the image includes applying an effect.

If set, an object of the **Effect** class MUST have been specified in an earlier <u>EmfPlusSerializableObject record (section 2.3.5.2)</u>.

P (1 bit): This bit indicates whether the **PointData** field specifies relative or absolute locations.

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If set, each element in **PointData** specifies a location in the coordinate space that is relative to the location specified by the previous element in the array. In the case of the first element in **PointData**, a previous location at coordinates (0,0) is assumed. If clear, **PointData** specifies absolute locations according to the **C** flag.

Note If this flag is set, the C flag (above) is undefined and MUST be ignored. <18>

- **ObjectID (1 byte):** The index of an <u>EmfPlusImage object (section 2.2.1.4)</u> in the **EMF+ Object Table**, which specifies the image to render. The value MUST be zero to 63, inclusive.
- **Size (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes in the entire record. For this record type, the value MUST be one of the following.

Value	Meaning
0x0000030	If the P bit is set in the Flags field.
0x0000034	If the P bit is clear and the C bit is set in the Flags field.
0x0000040	If the P bit is clear and the C bit is clear in the Flags field.

DataSize (4 bytes): A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes of record-specific data that follows. For this record type, the value MUST be one of the following.

Value	Meaning
0x0000024	If the P bit is set in the Flags field.
0x0000028	If the P bit is clear and the C bit is set in the Flags field.
0x0000034	If the P bit is clear and the C bit is clear in the Flags field.

- **ImageAttributesID (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that contains the index of the optional <u>EmfPlusImageAttributes object (section 2.2.1.5)</u> in the **EMF+ Object Table**.
- SrcUnit (4 bytes): A 32-bit signed integer that defines the units of the SrcRect field. It MUST be the UnitPixel value of the UnitType enumeration (section 2.1.1.33).
- **SrcRect (16 bytes):** An <u>EmfPlusRectF object (section 2.2.2.39)</u> that defines a portion of the image to be rendered.
- **Count (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the number of points in the **PointData** array. Exactly 3 points MUST be specified.
- **PointData (variable):** An array of **Count** points that specify three points of a parallelogram. The three points represent the upper-left, upper-right, and lower-left corners of the parallelogram. The fourth point of the parallelogram is extrapolated from the first three. The portion of the image specified by the **SrcRect** field SHOULD have scaling and shearing transforms applied if necessary to fit inside the parallelogram.

The type of data in this array is specified by the **Flags** field, as follows.

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Data Type	Meaning
EmfPlusPointR object (section 2.2.2.37)	If the ${\bf P}$ flag is set in the ${\bf Flags},$ the points specify relative locations.
EmfPlusPoint object (section 2.2.2.35)	If the P bit is clear and the C bit is set in the Flags field, the points specify absolute locations with integer values.
EmfPlusPointF object (section 2.2.2.36)	If the P bit is clear and the C bit is clear in the Flags field, the points specify absolute locations with floating-point values.

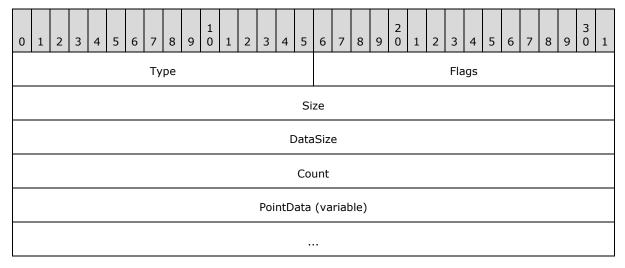
An EmfPlusImage can specify either a bitmap or metafile.

Colors in an image can be manipulated during rendering. They can be corrected, darkened, lightened, and removed. An EmfPlusImageAttributes object maintains several color-adjustment settings, including color-adjustment matrices, grayscale-adjustment matrices, gamma-correction values, color-mapping tables, and color-threshold values.

See section 2.3.4 for the specification of additional drawing record types.

2.3.4.10 EmfPlusDrawLines Record

The EmfPlusDrawlLines record specifies drawing a series of connected lines.



Type (2 bytes): A 16-bit unsigned integer that identifies this record type as EmfPlusDrawlLines from the **RecordType enumeration (section 2.1.1.1)**. The value MUST be 0x400D.

Flags (2 bytes): A 16-bit unsigned integer that provides information about how the operation is to be performed, and about the structure of the record.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
х	С	L	х	Ρ	х	х	х		ObjectID																						

Χ	(1 bit)):	Reserved	and	MUST	be	ignored.
---	---------	----	----------	-----	------	----	----------

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C (1 bit): This bit indicates whether the **PointData** field specifies compressed data.

If set, **PointData** specifies absolute locations in the coordinate space with 16-bit integer coordinates. If clear, **PointData** specifies absolute locations in the coordinate space with 32-bit floating-point coordinates.

Note If the **P** flag (below) is set, this flag is undefined and MUST be ignored.

- L (1 bit): This bit indicates whether to draw an extra line between the last point and the first point, to close the shape.
- P (1 bit): This bit indicates whether the **PointData** field specifies relative or absolute locations.

If set, each element in **PointData** specifies a location in the coordinate space that is relative to the location specified by the previous element in the array. In the case of the first element in **PointData**, a previous location at coordinates (0,0) is assumed. If clear, **PointData** specifies absolute locations according to the **C** flag.

Note If this flag is set, the C flag (above) is undefined and MUST be ignored.<19>

ObjectID (1 byte): The index of an <u>EmfPlusPen object (section 2.2.1.7)</u> in the **EMF+ Object Table** to draw the lines. The value MUST be zero to 63, inclusive.

Size (4 bytes): A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes in the entire record. For this record type, the value MUST be one of the following.

Value	Meaning
0x00000014 ≤ <i>value</i>	If the P bit is set in the Flags field, the minimum Size is computed as follows:
	Size = (Count * 0x0000002) + 0x00000010
0x00000018 ≤ <i>value</i>	If the P bit is clear and the C bit is set in the Flags field, Size is computed as follows:
	Size = (Count * 0x00000004) + 0x000000010
0x00000020 ≤ <i>value</i>	If the P bit is clear and the C bit is clear in the Flags field, Size is computed as follows:
	Size = (Count * 0x0000008) + 0x00000010

DataSize (4 bytes): A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes of record-specific data that follows. For this record type, the value MUST be one of the following.

Value	Meaning
0x00000008 ≤ <i>value</i>	If the P bit is set in the Flags field, the minimum DataSize is computed as follows:
	DataSize = (Count * 0x0000002) + 0x00000004

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Value	Meaning
0x0000000C ≤ <i>value</i>	If the P bit is clear and the C bit is set in the Flags field, DataSize is computed as follows:
	DataSize = (Count * 0x00000004) + 0x00000004
0x00000014 ≤ <i>value</i>	If the P bit is clear and the C bit is clear in the Flags field, DataSize is computed as follows:
	DataSize = (Count * 0x0000008) + 0x00000004

Count (4 bytes): A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the number of points in the **PointData** array. At least 2 points MUST be specified.

PointData (variable): An array of **Count** points that specify the starting and ending points of the lines to be drawn.

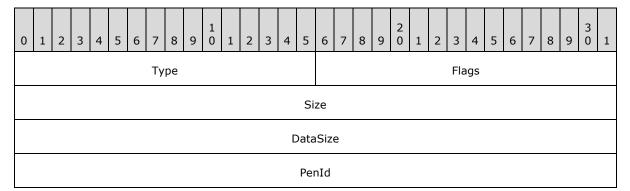
The type of data in this array is specified by the **Flags** field, as follows.

Data Type	Meaning
EmfPlusPointR object (section 2.2.2.37)	If the ${\bf P}$ flag is set in the ${\bf Flags},$ the points specify relative locations.
EmfPlusPoint object (section 2.2.2.35)	If the P bit is clear and the C bit is set in the Flags field, the points specify absolute locations with integer values.
EmfPlusPointF object (section 2.2.2.36)	If the P bit is clear and the C bit is clear in the Flags field, the points specify absolute locations with floating-point values.

See section 2.3.4 for the specification of additional drawing record types.

2.3.4.11 EmfPlusDrawPath Record

The EmfPlusDrawPath record specifies drawing a graphics path.



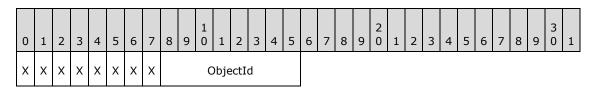
Type (2 bytes): A 16-bit unsigned integer that identifies this record type as EmfPlusDrawPath from the **RecordType enumeration (section 2.1.1.1)**. The value MUST be 0x4015.

Flags (2 bytes): A 16-bit unsigned integer that provides information about how the operation is to be performed, and about the structure of the record.

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X (1 bit): Reserved and MUST be ignored.

ObjectId (1 byte): The index of the EmfPlusPath object (section 2.2.1.6) to draw, in the EMF+ Object Table. The value MUST be zero to 63, inclusive.

- **Size (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes in the entire record, including the 12-byte record header and record-specific data. For this record type, the value MUST be 0x00000010.
- **DataSize (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes of record-specific data that follows. For this record type, the value is 0x00000004.
- PenId (4 bytes): A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies an index in the EMF+ Object Table for an <u>EmfPlusPen object (section 2.2.1.7)</u> to use for drawing the EmfPlusPath. The value MUST be zero to 63, inclusive.

See section 2.3.4 for the specification of additional drawing record types.

2.3.4.12 EmfPlusDrawPie Record

The EmfPlusDrawPie record specifies drawing a section of the interior of an ellipse.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
	Туре																						Fla	ıgs							
	Size															ze															
	DataSize																														
	StartAngle																														
														Sw	eep	Ang	gle														
													Re	ctDa	ata	(va	riab	le)													
																•															

Type (2 bytes): A 16-bit unsigned integer that identifies this record type as EmfPlusDrawPie from the **RecordType enumeration (section 2.1.1.1)**. The value MUST be 0x4011.

Flags (2 bytes): A 16-bit unsigned integer that provides information about how the operation is to be performed, and about the structure of the record.

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0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
х	С	х	х	х	х	х	х		ObjectID																						

X (1 bit): Reserved and MUST be ignored.

C (1 bit): This bit indicates whether the data in the RectData field is compressed.

If set, **RectData** contains an <u>EmfPlusRect object (section 2.2.2.38</u>). If clear, **RectData** contains an <u>EmfPlusRectF object (section 2.2.2.39</u>).

ObjectID (1 byte): The index of an <u>EmfPlusPen object (section 2.2.1.7)</u> in the **EMF+ Object Table** to draw the pie. The value MUST be zero to 63, inclusive.

Size (4 bytes): A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes in the entire record, including the 12-byte record header and record-specific data. For this record type, the value MUST be one of the following:

Value	Meaning
0x000001C	If the C bit is set in the Flags field.
0x0000024	If the C bit is clear in the Flags field.

DataSize (4 bytes): A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes of record-specific data that follows. For this record type, the value MUST be one of the following:

Value	Meaning
0x0000010	If the C bit is set in the Flags field.
0x0000018	If the C bit is clear in the Flags field.

- **StartAngle (4 bytes):** A 32-bit, non-negative floating-point value that specifies the angle in degrees clockwise from 12:00 o'clock to the start of the pie wedge. Any value is acceptable, but it MUST be interpreted modulo 360, with the result that is used being in the range 0.0 inclusive to 360.0 exclusive.
- **SweepAngle (4 bytes):** A 32-bit floating-point value that specifies the extent of the arc that defines the pie wedge to draw, as an angle in degrees measured from the starting point defined by the **StartAngle** value. Any value is acceptable, but it MUST be clamped to -360.0 to 360.0 inclusive. A positive value indicates that the sweep is defined in a clockwise direction, and a negative value indicates that the sweep is defined in a counter-clockwise direction.
- **RectData (variable):** Either an EmfPlusRect or EmfPlusRectF object that defines the bounding box of the ellipse that contains the pie wedge. This rectangle defines the position, size, and shape of the pie. The type of object in this field is specified by the value of the **Flags** field.

See section 2.3.4 for the specification of additional drawing record types.

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2.3.4.13 EmfPlusDrawRects Record

The EmfPlusDrawRects record specifies drawing a series of rectangles.

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1												
Type Flags												
Size												
DataSize												
Count												
RectData (variable)												

- **Type (2 bytes):** A 16-bit unsigned integer that identifies this record type as EmfPlusDrawRects from the **RecordType enumeration (section 2.1.1.1)**. The value MUST be 0x400B.
- **Flags (2 bytes):** A 16-bit unsigned integer that provides information about how the operation is to be performed, and about the structure of the record.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
х	С	х	х	х	х	х	х			С)bje	ctI	D																		

X (1 bit): Reserved and MUST be ignored.

C (1 bit): This bit indicates whether the data in the RectData field is compressed.

If set, **RectData** contains an <u>EmfPlusRect object (section 2.2.2.38)</u>. If clear, **RectData** contains an <u>EmfPlusRectF object (section 2.2.2.39)</u>.

ObjectID (1 byte): The index of an <u>EmfPlusPen object (section 2.2.1.7)</u> in the **EMF+ Object Table** to draw the rectangles. The value MUST be zero to 63, inclusive.

Size (4 bytes): A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes in the entire record, including the 12-byte record header and record-specific data.

At least 1 RectData array element MUST be specified in this record.

Value	Meaning
0x00000018 ≤ <i>value</i>	If the ${\bf C}$ bit is set in the ${\bf Flags}$ field, ${\bf Size}$ MUST be computed as follows:
	Size = (Count * 0x0000008) + 0x00000010

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Value	Meaning
0x00000020 ≤ <i>value</i>	If the C bit is clear in the Flags field, Size MUST be computed as follows:
	Size = (Count * 0x00000010) + 0x00000010

DataSize (4 bytes): A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes of record-specific data that follows.

At least 1 RectData array element MUST be specified in this rec

Value	Meaning
0x0000000C ≤ <i>value</i>	If the C bit is set in the Flags field, DataSize MUST be computed as follows:
	DataSize = (Count * 0x0000008) + 0x00000004
0x00000014 ≤ <i>value</i>	If the C bit is clear in the Flags field, DataSize MUST be computed as follows:
	DataSize = (Count * 0x00000010) + 0x00000004

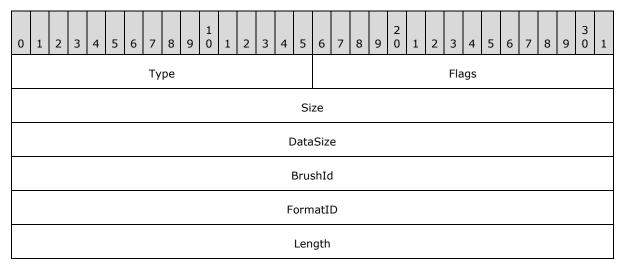
Count (4 bytes): A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the number of rectangles in the **RectData** member.

RectData (variable): An array of either an EmfPlusRect or EmfPlusRectF objects of **Count** length that defines the rectangle data.

See section 2.3.4 for the specification of additional drawing record types.

2.3.4.14 EmfPlusDrawString Record

The EmfPlusDrawString record specifies text output with string formatting.



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LayoutRect
StringData (variable)

Type (2 bytes): A 16-bit unsigned integer that identifies this record type as EmfPlusDrawString from the **RecordType enumeration (section 2.1.1.1)**. The value MUST be 0x401C.

Flags (2 bytes): A 16-bit unsigned integer that provides information about how the operation is to be performed, and about the structure of the record.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
S	x	х	х	х	х	х	х			С)bje	ctI	D																		

S (1 bit): This bit indicates the type of data in the **BrushId** field.

If set, **BrushId** specifies a color as an <u>EmfPlusARGB object (section 2.2.2.1)</u>. If clear, **BrushId** contains the index of an <u>EmfPlusBrush object (section 2.2.1.1)</u> in the **EMF+Object Table**.

X (1 bit): Reserved and MUST be ignored.

ObjectID (1 byte): The index of an <u>EmfPlusFont object (section 2.2.1.3)</u> in the **EMF+ Object Table** to render the text. The value MUST be zero to 63, inclusive.

Size (4 bytes): A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes in the entire record, including the 12-byte record header and record-specific data.

Value	Meaning
0x0000002A ≤ <i>value</i>	The size of the record is computed as follows:
	Size = (Length * 0x0000002) + 0x00000028

DataSize (4 bytes): A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes of record-specific data that follows.

Value	Meaning
0x0000001E ≤ <i>value</i>	The size of the data is computed as follows:

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Value	Meaning
	DataSize = (Length * 0x0000002) + 0x0000001C

- **BrushId (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the brush, the content of which is determined by the **S** bit in the **Flags** field. This definition is used to paint the foreground text color; that is, just the glyphs themselves.
- FormatID (4 bytes): A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the index of an optional <u>EmfPlusStringFormat object (section 2.2.1.9)</u> in the EMF+ Object Table. This object specifies text layout information and display manipulations to be applied to a string.
- **Length (4 bytes):** 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the number of characters in the string.
- **LayoutRect (16 bytes):** An EmfPlusRectF object (section 2.2.2.39) that defines the bounding area of the destination that will receive the string.
- **StringData (variable):** An array of 16-bit Unicode characters that specifies the string to be drawn.

See section 2.3.4 for the specification of additional drawing record types.

2.3.4.15 EmfPlusFillClosedCurve Record

The EmfPlusFillClosedCurve record specifies filling the interior of a closed cardinal spline.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
							Ту	pe															Fla	gs							
	Size																														
	DataSize																														
	BrushId																														
														-	Ten	sion	1														
															Co	unt															
													Poi	ntD	ata	(va	riat	ole)													

Type (2 bytes): A 16-bit unsigned integer that identifies this record type as EmfPlusFillClosedCurve from the <u>RecordType enumeration (section 2.1.1.1)</u>. The value MUST be 0x4016.

Flags (2 bytes): A 16-bit unsigned integer that provides information about how the operation is to be performed, and about the structure of the record.

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0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
S	С	W	х	Ρ	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х																

S (1 bit): This bit indicates the type of data in the BrushId field.

If set, **BrushId** specifies a color as an <u>EmfPlusARGB object (section 2.2.2.1)</u>. If clear, **BrushId** contains the index of an <u>EmfPlusBrush object (section 2.2.1.1)</u> in the **EMF+Object Table**.

C (1 bit): This bit indicates whether the **PointData** field specifies compressed data.

If set, **PointData** specifies absolute locations in the coordinate space with 16-bit integer coordinates. If clear, **PointData** specifies absolute locations in the coordinate space with 32-bit floating-point coordinates.

Note If the P flag (below) is set, this flag is undefined and MUST be ignored.

W (1 bit): This bit indicates how to perform the fill operation.

If set, the fill is a "winding" fill. If clear, the fill is an "alternate" fill.

- X (1 bit): Reserved and MUST be ignored.
- P (1 bit): This bit indicates whether the **PointData** field specifies relative or absolute locations.

If set, each element in **PointData** specifies a location in the coordinate space that is relative to the location specified by the previous element in the array. In the case of the first element in **PointData**, a previous location at coordinates (0,0) is assumed. If clear, **PointData** specifies absolute locations according to the **C** flag.

Note If this flag is set, the C flag (above) is undefined and MUST be ignored. <20>

Size (4 bytes): A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes in the entire record. At least 3 points MUST be specified.

Value	Meaning
0x00000020 ≤ <i>value</i>	If the P bit is set in the Flags field, the minimum Size is computed as follows:
	<pre>Size = ((((Count * 0x0000002) + 0x00000018 + 0x00000003) / 4) * 4)</pre>
0x00000024 ≤ <i>value</i>	If the P bit is clear and the C bit is set in the Flags field, Size is computed as follows:
	Size = (Count * 0x00000004) + 0x00000018
0x00000030 ≤ <i>value</i>	If the P bit is clear and the C bit is clear in the Flags field, Size is computed as follows:
	Size = (Count * 0x0000008) + 0x00000018

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DataSize (4 bytes): A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes in the entire record. At least 3 points MUST be specified.

Value	Meaning
0x00000014 ≤ <i>value</i>	If the P bit is set in the Flags field, the minimum DataSize is computed as follows:
	DataSize = ((((Count * 0x0000002) + 0x0000000C + 0x00000003) / 4) * 4)
0x0000018 ≤ <i>value</i>	If the P bit is clear and the C bit is set in the Flags field, DataSize is computed as follows:
	DataSize = (Count * 0x0000004) + 0x0000000C
0x00000024 ≤ <i>value</i>	If the P bit is clear and the C bit is clear in the Flags field, DataSize is computed as follows:
	DataSize = (Count * 0x0000008) + 0x0000000C

- **BrushId (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the EmfPlusBrush, the content of which is determined by the **S** bit in the **Flags** field. This brush is used to fill the interior of the closed cardinal spline.
- **Tension (4 bytes):** A 32-bit floating point value that specifies how tightly the spline bends as it passes through the points. A value of 0.0 specifies that the spline is a sequence of straight lines. As the value increases, the curve becomes more rounded.
- **Count (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the number of points in the **PointData** field. At least 3 points MUST be specified.
- **PointData (variable):** An array of **Count** points that specify the endpoints of the lines that define the spline. In a closed cardinal spline, the curve continues through the last point in the **PointData** array and connects with the first point in the array.

Data Type	Meaning
EmfPlusPointR object (section 2.2.2.37)	If the ${f P}$ flag is set in the ${f Flags},$ the points specify relative locations.
EmfPlusPoint object (section 2.2.2.35)	If the P bit is clear and the C bit is set in the Flags field, the points specify absolute locations with integer values.
EmfPlusPointF object (section 2.2.2.36)	If the P bit is clear and the C bit is clear in the Flags field, the points specify absolute locations with floating-point values.

The type of data in this array is specified by the **Flags** field, as follows:

A cardinal spline is a sequence of individual curves joined to form a larger curve. This is specified by an array of points and a tension field. A cardinal spline passes smoothly through each point in the array; the curve has no sharp corners or abrupt changes. In a closed cardinal spline, the curve passes through the last defined point and connects with the first.

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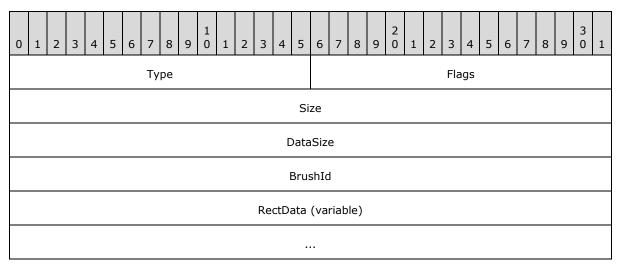
A "winding" fill operation fills areas according to the "even-odd parity" rule. According to this rule, a test point can be determined to be inside or outside a closed curve as follows: Draw a line from the test point to a point that is distant from the curve. If that line crosses the curve an odd number of times, the test point is inside the curve; otherwise, the test point is outside the curve.

An "alternate" fill operation fills areas according to the "non-zero" rule. According to this rule, a test point can be determined to be inside or outside a closed curve as follows: Draw a line from a test point to a point that is distant from the curve. Count the number of times the curve crosses the test line from left to right, and count the number of times the curve crosses the test line from right to left. If those two numbers are the same, the test point is outside the curve; otherwise, the test point is inside the curve.

See section 2.3.4 for the specification of additional drawing record types.

2.3.4.16 EmfPlusFillEllipse Record

The EmfPlusFillEllipse record specifies filling the interior of an ellipse.



Type (2 bytes): A 16-bit unsigned integer that identifies this record type as EmfPlusFillEllipse from the **RecordType enumeration (section 2.1.1.1)**. The value MUST be 0x400E.

Flags (2 bytes): A 16-bit unsigned integer that provides information about how the operation is to be performed, and about the structure of the record.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
S	С	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х																

S (1 bit): This bit specifies the type of data in the BrushId field.

If set, **BrushId** specifies a color as an <u>EmfPlusARGB object (section 2.2.2.1)</u>. If clear, **BrushId** contains the index of an <u>EmfPlusBrush object (section 2.2.1.1)</u> in the **EMF+Object Table**.

C (1 bit): This bit indicates whether the data in the RectData field is compressed.

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If set, **RectData** contains an array of <u>EmfPlusRect objects (section 2.2.2.38)</u>. If clear, **RectData** contains an array of <u>EmfPlusRectF objects (section 2.2.2.39)</u>.

- **X (1 bit):** Reserved and MUST be ignored.
- **Size (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes in the entire record, including the 12-byte record header and record-specific data. For this record type, the value MUST be one of the following:

Value	Meaning
0x0000018	If the C bit is set in the Flags field.
0x0000020	If the C bit is clear in the Flags field.

DataSize (4 bytes): A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes of record-specific data that follows. For this record type, the value MUST be one of the following:

Value	Meaning
0x000000C	If the C bit is set in the Flags field.
0x0000014	If the C bit is clear in the Flags field.

BrushId (4 bytes): A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the brush, the content of which is determined by the **S** bit in the **Flags** field. This definition is used to fill the interior of the ellipse.

RectData (variable): Either an EmfPlusRect or EmfPlusRectF object that defines the bounding box of the ellipse.

See section 2.3.4 for the specification of additional drawing record types.

2.3.4.17 EmfPlusFillPath Record

The EmfPlusFillPath record specifies filling the interior of a graphics path.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
							Ту	pe															Fla	ıgs							
	Size																														
														۵	Data	Siz	e														
														I	Brus	shIc	ł														

Type (2 bytes): A 16-bit unsigned integer that identifies this record type as EmfPlusFillPath from the **RecordType enumeration (section 2.1.1.1)**. The value MUST be 0x4014.

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Flags (2 bytes): A 16-bit unsigned integer that provides information about how the operation is to be performed, and about the structure of the record.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
s	x	х	х	х	х	х	х			С)bje	ectI	d																		

S (1 bit): This bit indicates the type of data in the BrushId field.

If set, **BrushId** specifies a color as an <u>EmfPlusARGB object (section 2.2.2.1)</u>. If clear, **BrushId** contains the index of an <u>EmfPlusBrush object (section 2.2.1.1)</u> in the **EMF+Object Table**.

X (1 bit): Reserved and MUST be ignored.

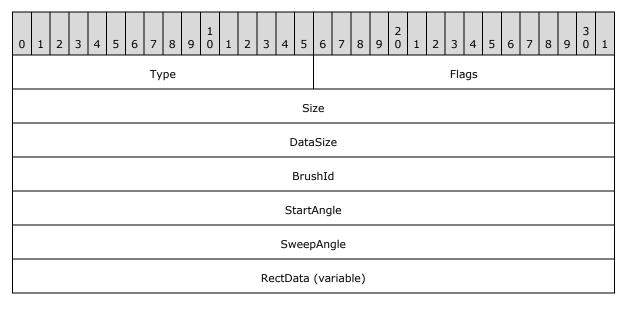
ObjectId (1 byte): The index of the <u>EmfPlusPath object (section 2.2.1.6)</u> to fill, in the **EMF+ Object Table**. The value MUST be zero to 63, inclusive.

- **Size (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes in the entire record, including the 12-byte record header and record-specific data. For this record type, the value MUST be 0x00000010.
- **DataSize (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes of data of record-specific data that follows. For this record type, the value MUST be 0x00000004.
- **BrushId (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that defines the brush, the content of which is determined by the **S** bit in the **Flags** field.

See section 2.3.4 for the specification of additional drawing record types.

2.3.4.18 EmfPlusFillPie Record

The EmfPlusFillPie record specifies filling a section of the interior of an ellipse.



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Type (2 bytes): A 16-bit unsigned integer that identifies this record type as EmfPlusFillPie from the <u>RecordType enumeration (section 2.1.1.1)</u>. The value MUST be 0x4010.

Flags (2 bytes): A 16-bit unsigned integer that provides information about how the operation is to be performed, and about the structure of the record.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
S	с	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х																

S (1 bit): This bit indicates the type of data in the BrushId field.

If set, **BrushId** specifies a color as an <u>EmfPlusARGB object (section 2.2.2.1)</u>. If clear, **BrushId** contains the index of an <u>EmfPlusBrush object (section 2.2.1.1)</u> in the **EMF+Object Table**.

C (1 bit): This bit indicates whether the data in the RectData field is compressed.

If set, **RectData** contains an <u>EmfPlusRect object (section 2.2.2.38</u>). If clear, **RectData** contains an <u>EmfPlusRectF object (section 2.2.2.39</u>).

X (1 bit): Reserved and MUST be ignored.

Size (4 bytes): A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes in the entire record, including the 12-byte record header and record-specific data. For this record type, the value MUST be one of the following:

Value	Meaning
0x0000020	If the C bit is set in the Flags field.
0x0000028	If the C bit is clear in the Flags field.

DataSize (4 bytes): A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes of record-specific data that follows. For this record type, the value MUST be one of the following:

Value	Meaning
0x0000014	If the C bit is set in the Flags field.
0x000001C	If the C bit is clear in the Flags field.

- **BrushId (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that defines the brush, the content of which is determined by the **S** bit in the **Flags** field.
- **StartAngle (4 bytes):** A 32-bit, non-negative floating-point value that specifies the angle in degrees clockwise from 12:00 o'clock to the start of the pie wedge. Any value is acceptable, but it MUST be interpreted modulo 360, with the result that is used being in the range 0.0 inclusive to 360.0 exclusive.

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- **SweepAngle (4 bytes):** A 32-bit floating-point value that specifies the extent of the arc that defines the pie wedge to fill, as an angle in degrees measured from the starting point defined by the **StartAngle** value. Any value is acceptable, but it MUST be clamped to -360.0 to 360.0 inclusive. A positive value indicates that the sweep is defined in a clockwise direction, and a negative value indicates that the sweep is defined in a counter-clockwise direction.
- **RectData (variable):** Either an EmfPlusRect or EmfPlusRectF object that defines the bounding box of the ellipse that contains the pie wedge. This rectangle defines the position, size, and shape of the pie. The type of object in this field is specified by the value of the **Flags** field.

See section 2.3.4 for the specification of additional drawing record types.

2.3.4.19 EmfPlusFillPolygon Record

The EmfPlusFillPolygon record specifies filling the interior of a polygon.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
							Ту	pe															Fla	igs							
															Si	ze															
														۵	ata	Size	e														
														I	Brus	shId	1														
															Со	unt															
	PointData (variable)																														

Type (2 bytes): A 16-bit unsigned integer that identifies this record type as EmfPlusFillPolygon from the **RecordType enumeration (section 2.1.1.1)**. The value MUST be 0x400C.

Flags (2 bytes): A 16-bit unsigned integer that provides information about how the operation is to be performed, and about the structure of the record.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
S	с	х	х	Ρ	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х																

S (1 bit): This bit indicates the type of data in the BrushId field.

If set, **BrushId** specifies a color as an <u>EmfPlusARGB object (section 2.2.2.1)</u>. If clear, **BrushId** contains the index of an <u>EmfPlusBrush object (section 2.2.1.1)</u> in the **EMF+Object Table**.

C (1 bit): This bit indicates whether the **PointData** field specifies compressed data.

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If set, **PointData** specifies absolute locations in the coordinate space with 16-bit integer coordinates. If clear, **PointData** specifies absolute locations in the coordinate space with 32-bit floating-point coordinates.

Note If the P flag (below) is set, this flag is undefined and MUST be ignored.

- X (1 bit): Reserved and MUST be ignored.
- P (1 bit): This bit indicates whether the **PointData** field specifies relative or absolute locations.

If set, each element in **PointData** specifies a location in the coordinate space that is relative to the location specified by the previous element in the array. In the case of the first element in **PointData**, a previous location at coordinates (0,0) is assumed. If clear, **PointData** specifies absolute locations according to the **C** flag.

Note If this flag is set, the C flag (above) is undefined and MUST be ignored. <21>

Size (4 bytes): A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes in the entire record. At least 3 points MUST be specified.

Value	Meaning
0x0000001C ≤ <i>value</i>	If the P bit is set in the Flags field, the minimum Size is computed as follows:
	<pre>Size = ((((Count * 0x0000002) + 0x00000014 + 0x00000003) / 4) * 4)</pre>
0x00000020 ≤ <i>value</i>	If the P bit is clear and the C bit is set in the Flags field, Size is computed as follows:
	Size = (Count * 0x00000004) + 0x00000014
0x0000002C ≤ value	If the P bit is clear and the C bit is clear in the Flags field, Size is computed as follows:
	Size = (Count * 0x0000008) + 0x00000014

DataSize (4 bytes): A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes of record-specific data in the record. At least 3 points MUST be specified.

Value	Meaning
0x0000010 ≤ <i>value</i>	<pre>If the P bit is set in the Flags field, the minimum DataSize is computed as follows: DataSize = ((((Count * 0x0000002) + 0x0000008 + 0x0000003) / 4) * 4)</pre>
0x00000014 ≤ <i>value</i>	<pre>If the P bit is clear and the C bit is set in the Flags field, DataSize is computed as follows: DataSize = (Count * 0x0000004) + 0x0000008</pre>

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Value	Meaning
0x00000020 ≤ <i>value</i>	If the P bit is clear and the C bit is clear in the Flags field, DataSize is computed as follows:
	DataSize = (Count * 0x0000008) + 0x00000008

- **BrushId (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that defines the brush, the content of which is determined by the **S** bit in the **Flags** field.
- **Count (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the number of points in the **PointData** field. At least 3 points MUST be specified.
- **PointData (variable):** An array of **Count** points that define the vertices of the polygon. The first two points in the array specify the first side of the polygon. Each additional point specifies a new side, the vertices of which include the point and the previous point. If the last point and the first point do not coincide, they specify the last side of the polygon.

The type of data in this array is specified by the **Flags** field, as follows:

Data Type	Meaning
EmfPlusPointR object (section 2.2.2.37)	If the ${f P}$ flag is set in the Flags , the points specify relative locations.
EmfPlusPoint object (section 2.2.2.35)	If the P bit is clear and the C bit is set in the Flags field, the points specify absolute locations with integer values.
EmfPlusPointF object (section 2.2.2.36)	If the P bit is clear and the C bit is clear in the Flags field, the points specify absolute locations with floating-point values.

See section 2.3.4 for the specification of additional drawing record types.

2.3.4.20 EmfPlusFillRects Record

The EmfPlusFillRects record specifies filling the interiors of a series of rectangles.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
							Ту	pe															Fla	igs							
															Si	ze															
														C	Data	Size	e														
														I	Brus	shId	1														
	Count																														
	RectData (variable)																														

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Type (2 bytes): A 16-bit unsigned integer that identifies this record type as EmfPlusFillRects from the <u>RecordType enumeration (section 2.1.1.1)</u>. The value MUST be set to 0x400A

Flags (2 bytes): A 16-bit unsigned integer that provides information about how the operation is to be performed, and about the structure of the record.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
s	с	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х																

S (1 bit): This bit specifies the type of data in the BrushId field.

If set, **BrushId** specifies a color as an <u>EmfPlusARGB object (section 2.2.2.1)</u>. If clear, **BrushId** contains the index of an <u>EmfPlusBrush object (section 2.2.1.1)</u> in the **EMF+Object Table**.

C (1 bit): This bit indicates whether the data in the RectData field is compressed.

If set, **RectData** contains an <u>EmfPlusRect object (section 2.2.2.38)</u>. If clear, **RectData** contains an <u>EmfPlusRectF object (section 2.2.2.39)</u> object.

X (1 bit): Reserved and MUST be ignored.

Size (4 bytes): A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes in the entire record, including the 12-byte record header and record-specific data.

At least 1 **RectData** array element MUST be specified in this record.

Value	Meaning
0x0000001C ≤ <i>value</i>	If the C bit is set in the Flags field, Size MUST be computed as follows:
	Size = (Count * 0x0000008) + 0x00000014
0x00000024 ≤ <i>value</i>	If the C bit is clear in the Flags field, Size MUST be computed as follows:
	Size = (Count * 0x00000010) + 0x00000014

DataSize (4 bytes): A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes of record-specific data that follows.

At least 1 RectData array element MUST be specified in this record.

Value	Meaning
0x00000010 ≤ <i>value</i>	If the C bit is set in the Flags field, DataSize MUST be computed as follows:
	DataSize = (Count * 0x0000008) + 0x00000008

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Value	Meaning
0x00000018 ≤ <i>value</i>	If the C bit is clear in the Flags field, DataSize MUST be computed as follows:
	DataSize = (Count * 0x00000010) + 0x00000008

- **BrushId (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that defines the brush, the content of which is determined by the **S** bit in the **Flags** field.
- **Count (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the number of rectangles in the **RectData** field.
- **RectData (variable):** An array of either an EmfPlusRect or EmfPlusRectF objects of **Count** length that defines the rectangle data.

See section 2.3.4 for the specification of additional drawing record types.

2.3.4.21 EmfPlusFillRegion Record

The EmfPlusFillRegion record specifies filling the interior of a graphics region.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
Туре											Flags																				
	Size																														
	DataSize																														
															Brus	shIc	1														

Type (2 bytes): A 16-bit unsigned integer that identifies this record type as EmfPlusFillRegion from the **RecordType enumeration (section 2.1.1.1)**. The value MUST be 0x4013

Flags (2 bytes): A 16-bit unsigned integer that provides information about how the operation is to be performed, and about the structure of the record.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
s	x	х	х	х	х	х	х		ObjectId																						

S (1 bit): This bit specifies the type of data in the BrushId field.

If set, **BrushId** specifies a color as an <u>EmfPlusARGB object (section 2.2.2.1)</u>. If clear, **BrushId** contains the index of an <u>EmfPlusBrush object (section 2.2.1.1)</u> in the **EMF+Object Table**.

X (1 bit): Reserved and MUST be ignored.

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ObjectId (1 byte): The index of the <u>EmfPlusRegion object (section 2.2.1.8)</u> to fill, in the **EMF+ Object Table**. The value MUST be zero to 63, inclusive.

- **Size (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned size of the entire record in bytes, including the 12-byte record header and record-specific data. For this record type, the value MUST be 0x00000010.
- **DataSize (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes of record-specific data that follows. For this record type, the value MUST be 0x00000004.
- **BrushId (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that defines the brush, the content of which is determined by the **S** bit in the **Flags** field.

See section 2.3.4 for the specification of additional drawing record types.

2.3.5 Object Record Types

The Object Record Types define reusable graphics objects. The following are EMF+ object record types:

Name	Section	Description
EmfPlusObject	<u>2.3.5.1</u>	Defines an object for use in graphics operations.
EmfPlusSerializableObject	<u>2.3.5.2</u>	Defines an object that has been serialized into a data buffer.

The generic structure of EMF+ object records is specified as follows:

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
							Ту	pe															Fla	igs							
															Si	ze															
														C	Data	Siz	e														
												F	Reco	ord[Data	a (v	aria	ble))												

Type (2 bytes): A 16-bit unsigned integer that identifies the record type. The object record types are listed below. See the table above for descriptions of these records.

Name	Value
EmfPlusObject	0x4008
EmfPlusSerializableObject	0x4038

Flags (2 bytes): A 16-bit unsigned integer that contains information for some records on how the operation is to be performed and on the structure of the record.

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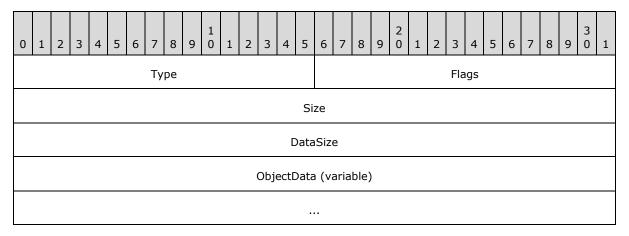
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- **Size (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that MUST define the 32-bit-aligned size of the entire record in bytes, including the 12-byte record header and the record-specific data.
- **DataSize (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that MUST define the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes of data in the **RecordData** field that follows. This number does not include the 12-byte record header.
- **RecordData (variable):** An optional, variable-length array of bytes that, if present, MUST define the data specific to individual records. For specifications of the additional information, if any, that is contained within this field, see individual record definitions.

2.3.5.1 EmfPlusObject Record

The EmfPlusObject record specifies an object for use in graphics operations. The object definition can span multiple records, which is indicated by the value of the **Flags** field.



- **Type (2 bytes):** A 16-bit unsigned integer that defines this record type as EmfPlusObject from the <u>RecordType enumeration (section 2.1.1.1)</u>. The value MUST be 0x4008.
- **Flags (2 bytes):** A 16-bit unsigned integer that provides information about how the operation is to be performed, and about the structure of the record.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
с		C	Dbje	ectT	ур	e				С)bje	ectII	D																		

C (1 bit): Indicates that the object definition continues on in the next EmfPlusObject record. This flag is never set in the final record that defines the object.

ObjectType (7 bits): Specifies the type of object to be created by this record, from the <u>ObjectType enumeration (section 2.1.1.22)</u>.

ObjectID (1 byte): The index in the **EMF+ Object Table** to associate with the object created by this record. The value MUST be zero to 63, inclusive.

Size (4 bytes): A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned size of the entire record in bytes, including the 12-byte record header and the record-specific buffer data.

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- **DataSize (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes of data in the record-specific data that follows. This number does not include the size of the invariant part of this record. For this record type, the value varies based on the size of object.
- **ObjectData (variable):** An array of bytes that contains data for the type of object specified in the **Flags** field. The content and format of the data can be different for each object type. See the individual object definitions in section 2.2.1 for additional information.

The EmfPlusObject record is generic; it is used for all types of objects. Values that are specific to particular object types are contained in the **ObjectData** field. A conceptual model for managing graphics objects is described in <u>Managing Graphics Objects (section 3.1.2)</u>.

See section 2.3.5 for the specification of additional object record types.

2.3.5.2 EmfPlusSerializableObject Record

The EmfPlusSerializableObject record defines an image effects parameter block that has been serialized into a data buffer. $\underline{<22>}$

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
					•		Ту	pe												•			Fla	ags			•				
															Si	ze															
														C	Data	Siz	e														
														Ob	jec	tGU	ID														
														В	uffe	rSiz	ze														
													В	uffe	er (v	/aria	able	e)													

Type (2 bytes): A 16-bit unsigned integer that identifies this record type as EmfPlusSerializableObject from the <u>RecordType enumeration (section 2.1.1.1)</u>. The value MUST be 0x4038.

Flags (2 bytes): A 16-bit unsigned integer that is not used. This field SHOULD be set to zero and MUST be ignored upon receipt.

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Size (4 bytes): A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes in the entire record, including the 12-byte record header and record-specific data. For this record type, the value MUST be computed as follows:

Size = BufferSize + 0x0000020

DataSize (4 bytes): A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes of record-specific data that follows. For this record type, the value MUST be computed as follows:

DataSize = BufferSize + 0x00000014

- **ObjectGUID (16 bytes):** The GUID packet representation value ([MS-DTYP] section 2.3.4.2) for the image effect. This MUST correspond to one of the ImageEffects identifiers (section 2.1.3.1).
- **BufferSize (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the size in bytes of the 32-bitaligned **Buffer** field.
- **Buffer (variable):** An array of **BufferSize** bytes that contain the serialized image effects parameter block that corresponds to the GUID in the **ObjectGUID** field. This MUST be one of the <u>Image Effects objects</u> (section 2.2.3).

See section 2.3.5 for the specification of additional object record types.

2.3.6 Property Record Types

The Property Record Types specify properties of the playback device context. The following are EMF+ property record types:

Name	Section	Description
EmfPlusSetAntiAliasMode	<u>2.3.6.1</u>	Specifies the anti-aliasing mode for text output.
EmfPlusSetCompositingMode	<u>2.3.6.2</u>	Specifies how source colors are combined with background colors.
EmfPlusSetCompositingQuality	<u>2.3.6.3</u>	Specifies the desired level of quality for creating composite images from multiple objects.
EmfPlusSetInterpolationMode	<u>2.3.6.4</u>	Specifies how image scaling, including stretching and shrinking, is performed.
EmfPlusSetPixelOffsetMode	<u>2.3.6.5</u>	Specifies how pixels are centered with respect to the coordinates of the drawing surface.
EmfPlusSetRenderingOrigin	<u>2.3.6.6</u>	Specifies the rendering origin for graphics output.
EmfPlusSetTextContrast	<u>2.3.6.7</u>	Specifies text contrast according to the gamma correction value.
EmfPlusSetTextRenderingHint	<u>2.3.6.8</u>	Specifies the quality of text rendering, including the type of anti-aliasing.

The generic structure of EMF+ property records is specified as follows:

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0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
							Ту	pe															Fla	gs							
															Si	ze															
														C	ata	Siz	e														
												F	Reco	ord[Data	a (v	aria	ble)												
																•															

Type (2 bytes): A 16-bit unsigned integer that identifies the record type. The property record types are listed below. See the table above for descriptions of these records.

Name	Value
EmfPlusSetRenderingOrigin	0x401D
EmfPlusSetAntiAliasMode	0x401E
EmfPlusSetTextRenderingHint	0x401F
EmfPlusSetTextContrast	0x4020
EmfPlusSetInterpolationMode	0x4021
EmfPlusSetPixelOffsetMode	0x4022
EmfPlusSetCompositingMode	0x4023
EmfPlusSetCompositingQuality	0x4024

- **Flags (2 bytes):** A 16-bit unsigned integer that contains information for some records on how the operation is to be performed and on the structure of the record.
- **Size (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that MUST define the 32-bit-aligned size of the entire record in bytes, including the 12-byte record header and the record-specific data.
- **DataSize (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that MUST define the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes of data in the **RecordData** field that follows. This number does not include the 12-byte record header.
- **RecordData (variable):** An optional, variable-length array of bytes that, if present, MUST define the data specific to individual records. For specifications of the additional information, if any, that is contained within this field, see individual record definitions.

2.3.6.1 EmfPlusSetAntiAliasMode Record

The EmfPlusSetAntiAliasMode record specifies the anti-aliasing mode for text output.

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0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
							Ту	ре															Fla	igs							
															Si	ze															
														D	Data	Size	е														

Type (2 bytes): A 16-bit unsigned integer that identifies this record type as EmfPlusSetAntiAliasMode from the <u>RecordType enumeration (section 2.1.1.1)</u>. The value MUST be 0x401E.

Flags (2 bytes): A 16-bit unsigned integer that provides information about how the operation is to be performed, and about the structure of the record.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
х	х	х	х	х	х	х	x		Sm	oot	hin	gМo	ode		А																

X (1 bit): Reserved and MUST be ignored.

SmoothingMode (7 bits): The smoothing mode value, from the <u>SmoothingMode</u> <u>enumeration (section 2.1.1.28)</u>.<23>

A (1 bit): If set, anti-aliasing SHOULD be performed.

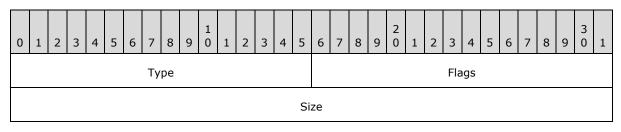
If clear, anti-aliasing SHOULD NOT be performed.

- **Size (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned size of the entire record in bytes, including the 12-byte record header and the record-specific buffer data.
- **DataSize (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes of data in the record-specific data that follows. This number does not include the size of the invariant part of this record. For this record type, the value MUST be 0x00000000.

See section 2.3.6 for the specification of additional property record types.

2.3.6.2 EmfPlusSetCompositingMode Record

The EmfPlusSetCompositingMode record specifies how source colors are combined with background colors.



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DataSize

Type (2 bytes): A 16-bit unsigned integer that identifies this record type as EmfPlusSetCompositingMode from the <u>RecordType enumeration (section 2.1.1.1)</u>. The value MUST be 0x4023.

Flags (2 bytes): A 16-bit unsigned integer that provides information about how the operation is to be performed, and about the structure of the record.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
x	x	х	х	x	x	х	х		Со	mp	osi	ting	јМо	de																	

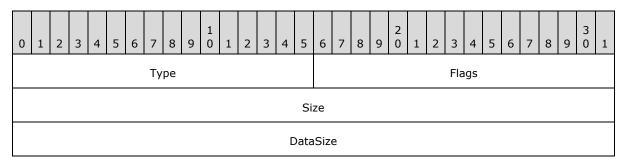
X (1 bit): Reserved and MUST be ignored.

- **CompositingMode (1 byte):** The compositing mode value, from the <u>CompositingMode</u> <u>enumeration (section 2.1.1.5)</u>. Compositing can be expressed as the state of alpha blending, which can either be on or off.
- **Size (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes in the entire record, including the 12-byte record header and record-specific data. For this record type, the value MUST be 0x0000000C.
- **DataSize (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes of record-specific data that follows. For this record type, the value MUST be 0x00000000.

See section 2.3.6 for the specification of additional property record types.

2.3.6.3 EmfPlusSetCompositingQuality Record

The EmfPlusSetCompositingQuality record specifies the desired level of quality for creating composite images from multiple objects.



Type (2 bytes): A 16-bit unsigned integer that identifies this record type as EmfPlusSetCompositingQuality from the <u>RecordType enumeration (section 2.1.1.1)</u>. The value MUST be 0x4024.

Flags (2 bytes): A 16-bit unsigned integer that provides information about how the operation is to be performed, and about the structure of the record.

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0	. :	L	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
x	:)		х	х	х	х	х	х		Cor	npo	ositi	ing(Qua	lity																	

X (1 bit): Reserved and MUST be ignored.

CompositingQuality (1 byte): The compositing quality value, from the <u>CompositingQuality enumeration (section 2.1.1.6)</u>.

- **Size (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes in the entire record, including the 12-byte record header and record-specific data. For this record type, the value MUST be 0x0000000C.
- **DataSize (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes of record-specific data that follows. For this record type, the value MUST be 0x00000000.

See section 2.3.6 for the specification of additional property record types.

2.3.6.4 EmfPlusSetInterpolationMode Record

The EmfPlusSetInterpolationMode record specifies how image scaling, including stretching and shrinking, is performed.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
							Ту	pe															Fla	igs							
															Si	ze															
														C	Data	Siz	e														

Type (2 bytes): A 16-bit unsigned integer that identifies this record type as EmfPlusSetInterpolationMode from the <u>RecordType enumeration (section 2.1.1.1)</u>. The value MUST be 0x4021.

Flags (2 bytes): A 16-bit unsigned integer that provides information about how the operation is to be performed, and about the structure of the record.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
х	Х	х	х	х	х	х	х		Int	erp	ola	tior	۱Mo	de																	

X (1 bit): Reserved and MUST be ignored.

InterpolationMode (1 byte): The interpolation mode value, from the InterpolationMode enumeration (section 2.1.1.16).

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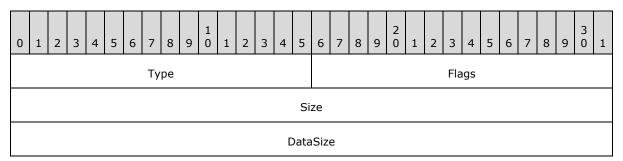
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- **Size (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes in the entire record, including the 12-byte record header and record-specific data. For this record type, the value MUST be 0x0000000C.
- **DataSize (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes of record-specific data that follows. For this record type, the value MUST be 0x00000000.

See section 2.3.6 for the specification of additional property record types.

2.3.6.5 EmfPlusSetPixelOffsetMode Record

The EmfPlusSetPixelOffsetMode record specifies how pixels are centered with respect to the coordinates of the drawing surface.



- **Type (2 bytes):** A 16-bit unsigned integer that identifies this record type as EmfPlusSetPixelOffsetMode from the <u>RecordType enumeration (section 2.1.1.1)</u>. The value MUST be 0x4022.
- **Flags (2 bytes):** A 16-bit unsigned integer that provides information about how the operation is to be performed, and about the structure of the record.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
х	x	х	х	х	х	х	х		Pi	ixel	Offs	setl	Мос	le																	

X (1 bit): Reserved and MUST be ignored.

PixelOffsetMode (1 byte): The pixel offset mode value, from the <u>PixelOffsetMode</u> enumeration (section 2.1.1.26).

- **Size (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes in the entire record, including the 12-byte record header and record-specific data. For this record type, the value MUST be 0x0000000C.
- **DataSize (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes of record-specific data that follows. For this record type, the value MUST be 0x00000000.

See section 2.3.6 for the specification of additional property record types.

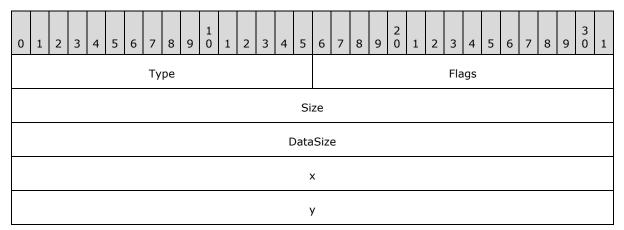
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2.3.6.6 EmfPlusSetRenderingOrigin Record

The EmfPlusSetRenderingOrigin record specifies the rendering origin for graphics output.



- **Type (2 bytes):** A 16-bit unsigned integer that identifies this record type as EmfPlusSetRenderingOrigin from the <u>RecordType enumeration (section 2.1.1.1)</u>. The value MUST be 0x401D.
- **Flags (2 bytes):** A 16-bit unsigned integer that is not used. This field SHOULD be set to zero and MUST be ignored upon receipt.
- **Size (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes in the entire record, including the 12-byte record header and record-specific data. For this record type, the value MUST be 0x00000014.
- **DataSize (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes of record-specific data that follows. For this record type, the value MUST be 0x00000008.
- **x (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that defines the horizontal coordinate value of the rendering origin.
- **y (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that defines the vertical coordinate value of the rendering origin.

See section 2.3.6 for the specification of additional property record types.

2.3.6.7 EmfPlusSetTextContrast Record

The EmfPlusSetTextContrast record specifies text contrast according to the gamma correction value.

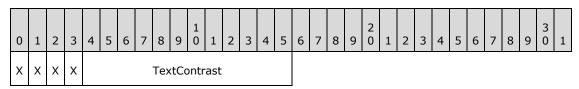
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	1 0 1 2 3 4 5	6 7 8 9 2 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 3 1												
Туре		Flags												
Type Flags Size														
	Data	aSize												

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- **Type (2 bytes):** A 16-bit unsigned integer that identifies this record type as EmfPlusSetTextContrast from the <u>RecordType enumeration (section 2.1.1.1)</u>. The value MUST be 0x4020.
- **Flags (2 bytes):** A 16-bit unsigned integer that provides information about how the operation is to be performed, and about the structure of the record.



X (1 bit): Reserved and MUST be ignored.

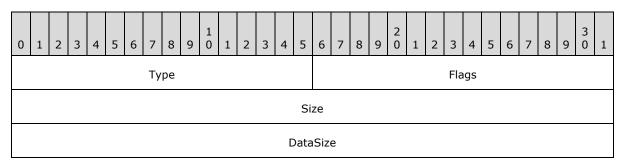
TextContrast (12 bits): The gamma correction value X 1000, which will be applied to subsequent text rendering operations. The allowable range is 1000 to 2200, representing text gamma values of 1.0 to 2.2.

- **Size (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes in the entire record, including the 12-byte record header and record-specific data. For this record type, the value MUST be 0x0000000C.
- **DataSize (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes of record-specific data that follows. For this record type, the value MUST be 0x00000000.

See section 2.3.6 for the specification of additional property record types.

2.3.6.8 EmfPlusSetTextRenderingHint Record

The EmfPlusSetTextRenderingHint record specifies the quality of text rendering, including the type of anti-aliasing.



Type (2 bytes): A 16-bit unsigned integer that identifies this record type as EmfPlusSetTextRenderingHint from the <u>RecordType enumeration (section 2.1.1.1)</u>. The value MUST be 0x401F.

Flags (2 bytes): A 16-bit unsigned integer that provides information about how the operation is to be performed, and about the structure of the record.

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0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
х	x	х	х	х	х	х	х		Te	xtR	end	eriı	ngH	lint																	

X (1 bit): Reserved and MUST be ignored.

TextRenderingHint (1 byte): The text rendering hint value, from the <u>TextRenderingHint enumeration (section 2.1.1.32)</u>, which specifies the quality to use in subsequent text rendering.

- **Size (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes in the entire record, including the 12-byte record header and record-specific data. For this record type, the value MUST be 0x0000000C.
- **DataSize (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes of record-specific data that follows. For this record type, the value MUST be 0x00000000.

See section 2.3.6 for the specification of additional property record types.

2.3.7 State Record Types

The State Record Types specify operations on the state of the playback device context. The following are EMF+ state record types:

Name	Section	Description
EmfPlusBeginContainer	<u>2.3.7.1</u>	Starts a new graphics state container with a transformation.
EmfPlusBeginContainerNoParams	<u>2.3.7.2</u>	Starts a new graphics state container.
EmfPlusEndContainer	<u>2.3.7.3</u>	Closes a graphics state container that was previously opened by a begin container operation.
EmfPlusRestore	<u>2.3.7.4</u>	Restores a saved graphics state.
EmfPlusSave	<u>2.3.7.5</u>	Saves the current graphics state.

The generic structure of EMF+ state records is specified as follows:

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
							Ту	pe															Fla	igs							
															Si	ze															
														C	ata	Siz	e														
												F	Reco	ord[Data	a (v	aria	ble))												

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Type (2 bytes): A 16-bit unsigned integer that identifies the record type. The state record types are listed below. See the table above for descriptions of these records.

Name	Value
EmfPlusSave	0x4025
EmfPlusRestore	0x4026
EmfPlusBeginContainer	0x4027
EmfPlusBeginContainerNoParams	0x4028
EmfPlusEndContainer	0x4029

- **Flags (2 bytes):** A 16-bit unsigned integer that contains information for some records on how the operation is to be performed and on the structure of the record.
- **Size (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that MUST define the 32-bit-aligned size of the entire record in bytes, including the 12-byte record header and the record-specific data.
- **DataSize (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that MUST define the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes of data in the **RecordData** field that follows. This number does not include the 12-byte record header.
- **RecordData (variable):** An optional, variable-length array of bytes that, if present, MUST define the data specific to individual records. For specifications of the additional information, if any, that is contained within this field, see individual record definitions.

2.3.7.1 EmfPlusBeginContainer Record

The EmfPlusBeginContainer record opens a new graphics state container and specifies a transform for it.



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SrcRect
StackIndex

Type (2 bytes): A 16-bit unsigned integer that identifies this record type as EmfPlusBeginContainer from the <u>RecordType enumeration (section 2.1.1.1)</u>. The value MUST be 0x4027.

Flags (2 bytes): A 16-bit unsigned integer that provides information about how the operation is to be performed, and about the structure of the record.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
		Ρ	age	Un	it			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0																

PageUnit (1 byte): The unit of measure for page space coordinates, from the <u>UnitType</u> enumeration (section 2.1.1.33). This value SHOULD NOT be UnitTypeDisplay or UnitTypeWorld.<24>

- **Size (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes in the entire record, including the 12-byte record header and record-specific data. For this record type, the value MUST be 0x00000030.
- **DataSize (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes of record-specific data that follows. For this record type, the value MUST be 0x00000024.
- **DestRect (16 bytes):** An <u>EmfPlusRectF object (section 2.2.2.39)</u> that, with **SrcRect**, specifies a transform for the container. This transformation results in **SrcRect** when applied to **DestRect**.
- **SrcRect (16 bytes):** An EmfPlusRectF rectangle that, with **DestRect**, specifies a transformation for the container. This transformation results in **SrcRect** when applied to **DestRect**.
- **StackIndex (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies an index to associate with the graphics state container. The index MUST be referenced by a subsequent <u>EmfPlusEndContainer record (section 2.3.7.3)</u> to close the graphics state container.

Each graphics state container MUST be added to an array of saved graphics containers. The graphics state container is not written to the EMF+ metafile, so its format can be determined by the implementation.

See section 2.3.7 for the specification of additional state record types.

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2.3.7.2 EmfPlusBeginContainerNoParams Record

2 3 1 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 Type Flags Size DataSize StackIndex

The EmfPlusBeginContainerNoParams record opens a new graphics state container.

- **Type (2 bytes):** A 16-bit unsigned integer that identifies this record type as EmfPlusBeginContainerNoParams from the <u>RecordType enumeration (section 2.1.1.1)</u>. The value MUST be 0x4028.
- **Flags (2 bytes):** A 16-bit unsigned integer that is not used. This field SHOULD be set to zero and MUST be ignored upon receipt.
- **Size (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes in the entire record, including the 12-byte record header and record-specific data. For this record type, the value MUST be 0x00000010.
- **DataSize (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes of record-specific data that follows. For this record type, the value MUST be 0x00000004.
- **StackIndex (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies an index to associate with the graphics state container. The index MUST be referenced by a subsequent <u>EmfPlusEndContainer record (section 2.3.7.3)</u> to close the graphics state container.

Each graphics state container MUST be added to an array of saved graphics containers. The graphics state container is not written to the EMF+ metafile, so its format can be determined by the implementation.

See section 2.3.7 for the specification of additional state record types.

2.3.7.3 EmfPlusEndContainer Record

The EmfPlusEndContainer record closes a graphics state container that was previously opened by a begin container operation.

0	1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1																																
																Si	ze															

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DataSize

StackIndex

Type (2 bytes): A 16-bit unsigned integer that identifies this record type as EmfPlusEndContainer from the <u>RecordType enumeration (section 2.1.1.1)</u>. The value MUST be 0x4029.

- **Flags (2 bytes):** A 16-bit unsigned integer that is not used. This field SHOULD be set to zero and MUST be ignored upon receipt.
- **Size (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes in the entire record, including the 12-byte record header and record-specific data. For this record type, this value is 0x00000010.
- **DataSize (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes of record-specific data that follows. For this record type, this value is 0x00000004.
- **StackIndex (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the index of a graphics state container. The index MUST must match the value associated with a graphics state container opened by a previous <u>EmfPlusBeginContainer (section 2.3.7.1)</u> or <u>EmfPlusBeginContainerNoParams record (section 2.3.7.2)</u>.

Each graphics state container MUST be added to an array of saved graphics containers. The graphics state container is not written to the EMF+ metafile, so its format can be determined by the implementation.

See section 2.3.7 for the specification of additional state record types.

2.3.7.4 EmfPlusRestore Record

The EmfPlusRestore record restores the graphics state, identified by a specified index, from a stack of saved graphics states.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
							Ту	pe															Fla	ıgs							
															Si	ze															
														۵	Data	Siz	e														
														St	ack	Ind	ex														

Type (2 bytes): A 16-bit unsigned integer that identifies this record type as EmfPlusRestore from the **RecordType enumeration (section 2.1.1.1)**. The value MUST be 0x4026.

Flags (2 bytes): A 16-bit unsigned integer that is not used. This field SHOULD be set to zero and MUST be ignored upon receipt.

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- **Size (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of records in the entire record, including the 12-byte record header and record-specific data. For this record type, the value MUST be 0x00000010.
- **DataSize (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes of record-specific data that follows. For this record type, the value MUST be 0x00000004.
- **StackIndex (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the level associated with a graphics state. The level value was assigned to the graphics state by a previous <u>EmfPlusSave</u> record (section 2.3.7.5).

Each graphics state MUST be popped off a stack of saved graphics states. The graphics state information is not written to the EMF+ metafile, so its format can be determined by the implementation.

See section 2.3.7 for the specification of additional state record types.

2.3.7.5 EmfPlusSave Record

The EmfPlusSave record saves the graphics state, identified by a specified index, on a stack of saved graphics states.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
							Ту	pe															Fla	igs							
												Si	ze																		
														۵	Data	Siz	e														
														St	ack	Ind	ex														

- **Type (2 bytes):** A 16-bit unsigned integer that identifies this record type as **EmfPlusSave** from the **<u>RecordType enumeration (section 2.1.1.1)</u>**. The value MUST be 0x4025.
- **Flags (2 bytes):** A 16-bit unsigned integer that is not used. This field SHOULD be set to zero and MUST be ignored upon receipt.
- **Size (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of records in the entire record, including the 12-byte record header and record-specific data. For this record type, the value MUST be 0x00000010.
- **DataSize (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes of record-specific data that follows. For this record type, the value MUST be 0x00000004.
- **StackIndex (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies a level to associate with the graphics state. The level value can be used by a subsequent <u>EmfPlusRestore record (section 2.3.7.4)</u> operation to retrieve the graphics state.

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Each saved graphics state MUST be pushed onto a stack of saved graphics states. The graphics state information is not written to the EMF+ metafile, so its format can be determined by the implementation.

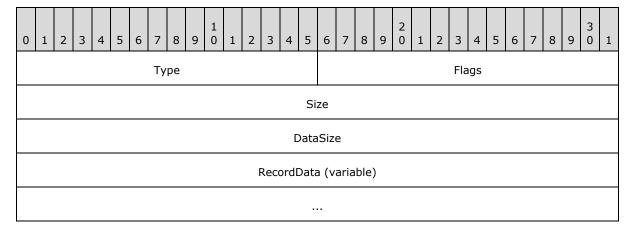
See section 2.3.7 for the specification of additional state record types.

2.3.8 Terminal Server Record Types

The Terminal Server Record Types specify graphics processing on a terminal server. The following are EMF+ terminal server record types.

Name	Section	Description
EmfPlusSetTSClip	<u>2.3.8.1</u>	Specifies clipping areas in the graphics device context for a terminal server. $\underline{<25>}$
EmfPlusSetTSGraphics	<u>2.3.8.2</u>	Specifies the state of a graphics device context for a terminal server. $\leq 26 \geq$

The generic structure of EMF+ terminal server records is specified as follows.



Type (2 bytes): A 16-bit unsigned integer that identifies the record type. The terminal server types are listed below. See the table above for descriptions of these records.

Name	Value
EmfPlusSetTSGraphics	0x4039
EmfPlusSetTSClip	0x403A

- **Flags (2 bytes):** A 16-bit unsigned integer that contains information for some records on how the operation is to be performed and on the structure of the record.
- **Size (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that MUST define the 32-bit-aligned size of the entire record in bytes, including the 12-byte record header and the record-specific data.
- **DataSize (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that MUST define the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes of data in the **RecordData** field that follows. This number does not include the 12-byte record header.

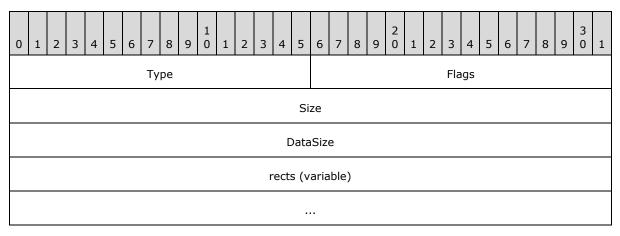
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RecordData (variable): An optional, variable-length array of bytes that, if present, MUST define the data specific to individual records. For specifications of the additional information, if any, that is contained within this field, see individual record definitions.

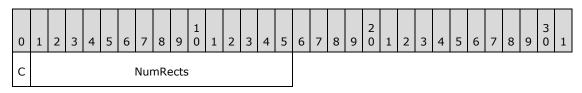
2.3.8.1 EmfPlusSetTSClip Record

The EmfPlusSetTSClip record specifies clipping areas in the graphics device context for a terminal server. $\underline{<27>}$



Type (2 bytes): A 16-bit unsigned integer that identifies this record type as EmfPlusSetTSClip from the **RecordType enumeration (section 2.1.1.1)**. The value MUST be 0x403A.

Flags (2 bytes): A 16-bit unsigned integer that provides information about how the operation is to be performed, and about the structure of the record.



C (1 bit): This bit specifies the format of the rectangle data in the **rects** field. If set, each rectangle is defined in 4 bytes. If clear, each rectangle is defined in 8 bytes.

NumRects (15 bits): This field specifies the number of rectangles that are defined in the rect field.

Size (4 bytes): A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes in the entire record, including the 12-byte record header and record-specific data. The computation of this value is determined by the **C** bit in the **Flags** field, as shown in the following table.

C bit value	Meaning
0	NumRects rectangles, consisting of 8 bytes each, are defined in the rects field, and Size is computed as follows:
	Size = (NumRects * 0x0000008) + 0x0000000C

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C bit value	Meaning
1	NumRects rectangles, consisting of 4 bytes each, are defined in the rects field, and Size is computed as follows:
	Size = (NumRects * 0x00000004) + 0x0000000C

DataSize (4 bytes): A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes of record-specific data that follows. The computation of this value is determined by the **C** bit in the **Flags** field, as shown in the following table.

C bit value	Meaning
0	NumRects rectangles, consisting of 8 bytes each, are defined in the rects field, and DataSize is computed as follows:
	DataSize = NumRects * 0x0000008
1	NumRects rectangles, consisting of 4 bytes each, are defined in the rects field, and DataSize is computed as follows:
	DataSize = NumRects * 0x00000004

rects (variable): An array of **NumRects** rectangles that define clipping areas. The format of this data is determined by the **C** bit in the **Flags** field.

The compression scheme for data in this record uses the following algorithm. Each point of each rectangle is encoded in either a single byte or 2 bytes. If the point is encoded in a single byte, the high bit (0x80) of the byte MUST be set, and the value is a signed number represented by the lower 7 bits. If the high bit is not set, then the value is encoded in 2 bytes, with the high-order byte encoded in the 7 lower bits of the first byte, and the low-order byte value encoded in the second byte.

Each point is encoded as the difference between the point in the current rect and the point in the previous rect. The bottom point of the rect is encoded as the difference between the bottom coordinate and the top coordinate on the current rect.

See section 2.3.8 for the specification of additional terminal server record types.

2.3.8.2 EmfPlusSetTSGraphics Record

The EmfPlusSetTSGraphics record specifies the state of a graphics device context for a terminal server.<a>

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
							Ту	pe															Fla	igs							
															Si	ze															

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	DataSize												
AntiAliasMode	TextRenderHint	CompositingMode	CompositingQuality										
Render	RenderOriginX RenderOriginY												
TextCo	TextContrast FilterType PixelOffset												
	WorldT	oDevice											
	Palette (variable)											

- **Type (2 bytes):** A 16-bit unsigned integer that identifies this record type as EmfPlusSetTSGraphics from the <u>RecordType enumeration (section 2.1.1.1)</u>. The value MUST be 0x4039.
- **Flags (2 bytes):** A 16-bit unsigned integer that provides information about how the operation is to be performed, and about the structure of the record.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	V	т																

- X (1 bit): Reserved and MUST be ignored.
- V (1 bit): If set, the palette contains only the basic VGA colors.
- **T (1 bit):** If set, this record contains an <u>EmfPlusPalette object (section 2.2.2.28)</u> in the **Palette** field following the graphics state data.
- **Size (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned size of the entire record in bytes, including the 12-byte record header and record-specific data. This value MUST be 0x00000030 plus the size of the **Palette** field.
- **DataSize (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes of record-specific data that follows. This value MUST be 0x00000024 plus the size of the **Palette** field.

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- AntiAliasMode (1 byte): An 8-bit unsigned integer that specifies the quality of line rendering, including the type of line anti-aliasing. It MUST be defined in the <u>SmoothingMode</u> enumeration (section 2.1.1.28).
- **TextRenderHint (1 byte):** An 8-bit unsigned integer that specifies the quality of text rendering, including the type of text anti-aliasing. It MUST be defined in the **TextRenderingHint enumeration (section 2.1.1.32)**.
- **CompositingMode (1 byte):** An 8-bit unsigned integer that specifies how source colors are combined with background colors. It MUST be a value in the <u>CompositingMode</u> <u>enumeration (section 2.1.1.5)</u>.
- **CompositingQuality (1 byte):** An 8-bit unsigned integer that specifies the degree of smoothing to apply to lines, curves and the edges of filled areas to make them appear more continuous or sharply defined. It MUST be a value in the <u>CompositingQuality enumeration</u> (section 2.1.1.6).
- **RenderOriginX (2 bytes):** A 16-bit signed integer, which is the horizontal coordinate of the origin for rendering halftoning and **dithering** matrixes.
- **RenderOriginY (2 bytes):** A 16-bit signed integer, which is the vertical coordinate of the origin for rendering halftoning and dithering matrixes.
- **TextContrast (2 bytes):** A 16-bit unsigned integer that specifies the gamma correction value used for rendering anti-aliased and ClearType text. This value MUST be in the range 0 to 12, inclusive.
- FilterType (1 byte): An 8-bit unsigned integer that specifies how scaling, including stretching and shrinking, is performed. It MUST be a value in the FilterType enumeration (section 2.1.1.11).
- PixelOffset (1 byte): An 8-bit unsigned integer that specifies the overall quality of the image and text-rendering process. It MUST be a value in the <u>PixelOffsetMode enumeration</u> (section 2.1.1.26).
- **WorldToDevice (24 bytes):** An 192-bit EmfPlusTransformMatrix object (section 2.2.2.47) that specifies the world space to device space transforms.

Palette (variable): An optional EmfPlusPalette object.

See section 2.3.8 for the specification of additional terminal server record types.

2.3.9 Transform Record Types

The Transform Record Types specify properties and transforms on coordinate spaces. The following are EMF+ transform record types:

Name	Section	Description
EmfPlusMultiplyWorldTransform	<u>2.3.9.1</u>	Multiplies the current world space transform by a specified transform matrix.
EmfPlusResetWorldTransform	<u>2.3.9.2</u>	Resets the current world space transform to the identify matrix.
EmfPlusRotateWorldTransform	<u>2.3.9.3</u>	Performs a rotation on the current world space transform.

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Name	Section	Description
EmfPlusScaleWorldTransform	<u>2.3.9.4</u>	Performs a scaling on the current world space transform.
EmfPlusSetPageTransform	<u>2.3.9.5</u>	Specifies scaling factors and units for converting page space coordinates to device space coordinates.
EmfPlusSetWorldTransform	<u>2.3.9.6</u>	Sets the current world space transform according to the values in a specified transform matrix.
EmfPlusTranslateWorldTransform	<u>2.3.9.7</u>	Performs a translation on the current world space transform.

The generic structure of EMF+ transform records is specified as follows:

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 1 1 2 3 4 5	6 7 8 9 2 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 3 1 1											
Туре	Flags											
Si	ze											
Data	Size											
RecordData	a (variable)											

Type (2 bytes): A 16-bit unsigned integer that identifies the record type. The transform record types are listed below. See the table above for descriptions of these records.

Name	Value
EmfPlusSetWorldTransform	0x402A
EmfPlusResetWorldTransform	0x402B
EmfPlusMultiplyWorldTransform	0x402C
EmfPlusTranslateWorldTransform	0x402D
EmfPlusScaleWorldTransform	0x402E
EmfPlusRotateWorldTransform	0x402F
EmfPlusSetPageTransform	0x4030

- **Flags (2 bytes):** A 16-bit unsigned integer that contains information for some records on how the operation is to be performed and on the structure of the record.
- **Size (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that MUST define the 32-bit-aligned size of the entire record in bytes, including the 12-byte record header and the record-specific data.

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- **DataSize (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that MUST define the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes of data in the **RecordData** field that follows. This number does not include the 12-byte record header.
- **RecordData (variable):** An optional, variable-length array of bytes that, if present, MUST define the data specific to individual records. For specifications of the additional information, if any, that is contained within this field, see individual record definitions.

2.3.9.1 EmfPlusMultiplyWorldTransform Record

The EmfPlusMultiplyWorldTransform record multiplies the current world space transform by a specified transform matrix.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
					•		Ту	pe								•							Fla	ngs							
															Si	ze															
	DataSize																														
	DataSize MatrixData																														

- **Type (2 bytes):** A 16-bit unsigned integer that identifies this record type as EmfPlusMultiplyWorldTransform from the <u>RecordType enumeration (section 2.1.1.1)</u>. The value MUST be 0x402C.
- **Flags (2 bytes):** A 16-bit unsigned integer that provides information about how the operation is to be performed, and about the structure of the record.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
х	x	А	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х																

X (1 bit): Reserved and MUST be ignored.

A (1 bit): If set, the transform matrix should be post-multipled. If clear, it should be premultiplied.

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- **Size (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes in the entire record, including the 12-byte record header and record-specific data. For this record type, this value MUST be 0x00000024.
- **DataSize (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes of record-specific data. For this record type, this value MUST be 0x00000018.
- **MatrixData (24 bytes):** An EmfPlusTransformMatrix object (section 2.2.2.47) that defines the multiplication matrix.

See section 2.3.9 for the specification of additional transform record types.

2.3.9.2 EmfPlusResetWorldTransform Record

The EmfPlusResetWorldTransform record resets the current world space transform to the identify matrix.

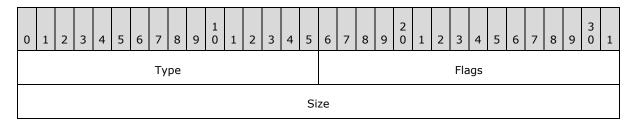
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
	Type Flags																														
															Si	ze															
														D	ata	Siz	е														

- **Type (2 bytes):** A 16-bit unsigned integer that identifies this record type as EmfPlusResetWorldTransform from the <u>RecordType enumeration (section 2.1.1.1)</u>. The value MUST be 0x402B.
- **Flags (2 bytes):** A 16-bit unsigned integer that is not used. This field SHOULD be set to zero and MUST be ignored upon receipt.
- **Size (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes in the entire record, including the 12-byte record header and record-specific data. For this record type, the value MUST be 0x0000000C.
- **DataSize (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes of record-specific data that follows. For this record type, the value MUST be 0x00000000.

See section 2.3.9 for the specification of additional transform record types.

2.3.9.3 EmfPlusRotateWorldTransform Record

The EmfPlusRotateWorldTransform record performs a rotation on the current world space transform.



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DataSize	
Angle	

Type (2 bytes): A 16-bit unsigned integer that identifies this record type as EmfPlusRotateWorldTransform from the <u>RecordType enumeration (section 2.1.1.1)</u>. The value MUST be 0x402F.

Flags (2 bytes): A 16-bit unsigned integer that provides information about how the operation is to be performed, and about the structure of the record.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
х	х	А	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х																

X (1 bit): Reserved and MUST be ignored.

- A (1 bit): If set, the transform matrix should be post-multipled. If clear, it should be premultiplied.
- **Size (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes in the entire record, including the 12-byte record header and record-specific data. For this record type, the value MUST be 0x00000010.
- **DataSize (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes of record-specific data that follows. For this record type, the value MUST be 0x00000004.
- **Angle (4 bytes):** A 32-bit floating-point value that specifies angle of rotation. The operation is performed by constructing a new transform matrix from the following diagram.

sin(Angle)	cos(Angle)	0
cos(Angle)	-sin(Angle)	0

Figure 2: Rotation Transform Matrix

The current world space transform is multiplied by this matrix, and the result becomes the new current world space transform. The **Flags** field determines the order of multiplication.

See section 2.3.9 for the specification of additional transform record types.

2.3.9.4 EmfPlusScaleWorldTransform Record

The EmfPlusScaleWorldTransform record performs a scaling on the current world space transform.

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0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
							Ту	pe															Fla	igs							
															Si	ze															
														C	Data	Size	e														
															S	x															
															S	у															

- **Type (2 bytes):** A 16-bit unsigned integer that identifies this record type as EmfPlusScaleWorldTransform from the <u>RecordType enumeration (section 2.1.1.1)</u>. The value MUST be 0x402E.
- **Flags (2 bytes):** A 16-bit unsigned integer that provides information about how the operation is to be performed, and about the structure of the record.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
х	х	А	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х																

- X (1 bit): Reserved and MUST be ignored.
- A (1 bit): If set, the transform matrix should be post-multipled. If clear, it should be premultiplied.
- **Size (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes in the entire record, including the 12-byte record header and record-specific data. For this record type, the value MUST be 0x00000014.
- **DataSize (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes of record-specific data that follows. For this record type, the value MUST be 0x00000008.
- **Sx (4 bytes):** A 32-bit floating-point value that defines the horizontal scale factor. The scaling is performed by constructing a new transform matrix from the **Sx** and **Sy** field values, as shown in the following table.

Sx	0	0
0	Sy	0

Figure 3: Scale Transform Matrix

Sy (4 bytes): A 32-bit floating-point value that defines the vertical scale factor.

See section 2.3.9 for the specification of additional transform record types.

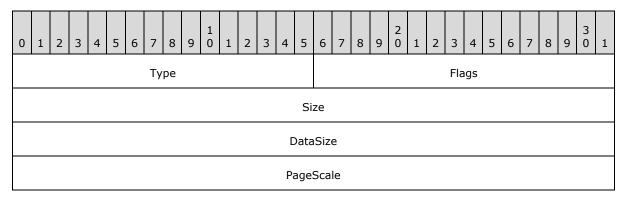
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2.3.9.5 EmfPlusSetPageTransform Record

The EmfPlusSetPageTransform record specifies scaling factors and units for converting page space coordinates to device space coordinates.



- **Type (2 bytes):** A 16-bit unsigned integer that identifies this record type as EmfPlusSetPageTransform from the <u>RecordType enumeration (section 2.1.1.1)</u>. The value MUST be 0x4030.
- **Flags (2 bytes):** A 16-bit unsigned integer that provides information about how the operation is to be performed, and about the structure of the record.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			Ρ	age	Un	it																		

- PageUnit (1 byte): The unit of measure for page space coordinates, from the <u>UnitType</u> enumeration (section 2.1.1.33). This value SHOULD NOT be UnitTypeDisplay or UnitTypeWorld.<29>
- **Size (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes in the entire record, including the 12-byte record header and record-specific data. For this record type, the value MUST be 0x00000010.
- **DataSize (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes of record-specific data that follows. For this record type, the value MUST be 0x00000004.
- **PageScale (4 bytes):** A 32-bit floating-point value that specifies the scale factor for converting page space coordinates to device space coordinates.

See section 2.3.9 for the specification of additional transform record types.

2.3.9.6 EmfPlusSetWorldTransform Record

The EmfPlusSetWorldTransform record sets the world transform according to the values in a specified transform matrix.

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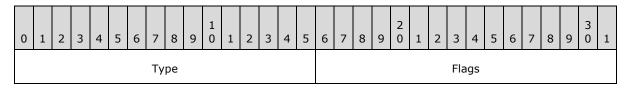
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
							Ту	pe															Fla	igs							
															Si	ze															
	DataSize																														
	DataSize MatrixData																														

- **Type (2 bytes):** A 16-bit unsigned integer that identifies this record type as EmfPlusSetWorldTransform from the <u>RecordType enumeration (section 2.1.1.1)</u>. The value MUST be 0x402A.
- **Flags (2 bytes):** A 16-bit unsigned integer that is not used. This field SHOULD be set to zero and MUST be ignored upon receipt.
- **Size (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes in the entire record, including the 12-byte record header and record-specific data. For this record type, the value MUST be 0x00000024.
- **DataSize (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes of record-specific data that follows. For this record type, the value MUST be 0x00000018.
- **MatrixData (24 bytes):** An EmfPlusTransformMatrix object (section 2.2.2.47) that defines the new current world transform.

See section 2.3.9 for the specification of additional transform record types.

2.3.9.7 EmfPlusTranslateWorldTransform Record

The EmfPlusTranslateWorldTransform record performs a translation on the current world space transform.



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Size
DataSize
dx
dy

Type (2 bytes): A 16-bit unsigned integer that identifies this record type as EmfPlusTranslateWorldTransform from the <u>RecordType enumeration (section 2.1.1.1)</u>. The value MUST be 0x402D.

Flags (2 bytes): A 16-bit unsigned integer that provides information about how the operation is to be performed, and about the structure of the record.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
x	х	А	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х																

X (1 bit): Reserved and MUST be ignored.

- **A (1 bit):** If set, the transform matrix should be post-multipled. If clear, it should be premultiplied.
- **Size (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes in the entire record, including the 12-byte record header and record-specific data. For this record type, the value MUST be 0x00000014.
- **DataSize (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer that specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes of record-specific data that follows. For this record type, the value MUST be 0x00000008.
- **dx (4 bytes):** A 32-bit floating-point value that defines the horizontal distance. The translation is performed by constructing a new world transform matrix from the **dx** and **dy** fields.

dy (4 bytes): A 32-bit floating-point value that defines the vertical distance value.

See section 2.3.9 for the specification of additional transform record types.

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3 Structure Examples

The following sections present examples that illustrate the function of EMF+ Extensions structures.

3.1 Metafile Design

3.1.1 Byte Ordering Example

The following code snippet illustrates how the use of the big-endian and little-endian methods can affect the compatibility of applications.

```
#include <unistd.h>
#include <sys/stat.h>
#include <fcntl.h>
int main()
{
    int buf;
    int in;
    int nread;
    in = open("file.in", O_RDONLY);
    nread = read(in, (int *) &buf, sizeof(buf));
    printf("First Integer in file.in = %x\n", buf);
    exit(0);
}
```

In the preceding code, if the first integer word stored in the file.in file on a big-endian computer was the hexadecimal number 0x12345678, the resulting output on that computer would be as follows:

```
% ./test
First Integer in file.in = 12345678
%
```

If the file.in file was read by the same program running on a little-endian computer, the resulting output would be as follows:

```
% ./test
First Integer in file.in = 78563412
%
```

Because of the difference in output, metafile record processing needs to be implemented so that it can read integers from a file based on the endian method that the output computer uses.

Because metafiles were developed and written with little-endian computers, machines that are bigendian based will have to perform this necessary compensation.

3.1.2 Managing Graphics Objects

This section describes a conceptual model for managing graphics objects that an EMF+implementation can maintain during metafile playback. The described organization is provided

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to facilitate the explanation of the file format. This specification does not mandate that implementations adhere to this model as long as their external behavior is consistent with that defined in this specification.

The EMF+ <u>EmfPlusObject record (section 2.3.5.1)</u> creates graphics objects of the types defined in the <u>GraphicsObjectType enumeration (section 2.1.1.22)</u>, and the objects themselves are specified in <u>Graphics Objects (section 2.2.1)</u>. Once created, graphics objects can be reused any number of times in graphics operations.

An implementation is responsible for keeping track of graphics objects during metafile playback. A model for managing graphics objects is described below. This model minimizes the space needed by the graphics object table during playback.

- 1. Create a hash table for graphics objects used in metafile playback.
- 2. Grow the hash table as objects are created by the EmfPlusObject record; each new entry in the table receives an object and its index.
- 3. When a metafile record refers to an object, it specifies the object's index. Use this index as a key into the hash table to retrieve the object.
- 4. When a new object is created that has the same index as an existing object, replace the hash table entry of the existing object with one for the new object.

3.2 EMF+ Metafile Example

This section provides an example of an metafile, which when processed renders the following image:

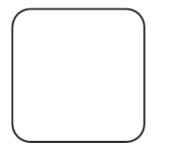


Figure 4: EMF+ Metafile Example

The contents of this metafile example are shown below in hexadecimal bytes. The far-left column is the byte offset from the start of the metafile; the far-right characters are the interpretation of the byte values in the Latin-1 ANSI Character Set, as specified in [ISO/IEC-8859-1]. The sections that follow describe the metafile records that convey this series of bytes.

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00000000: 00																		
000000D01 73 00																		
000000E0: 0.0 0	000000C0:	21	00	00	00	80	00	00	00	21	00	00	00	08	00	00	00	!!
000000F0: 25 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	000000D0:	73	00	00	00	0C	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	1C	00	00	00	s
0000100: 0C 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	000000E0:	08	00	00	00	25	00	00	00	0C	00	00	00	00	00	00	80	€
0000110: 0F 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 0	000000F0:	25	00	00	00	0C	00	00	00	07	00	00	80	25	00	00	00	%€%
00000120: 18 00 00 00 00 02 00 00 00 13 00 00 00 12 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	00000100:	0C	00	00	00	0E	00	00	80	30	00	00	00	0C	00	00	00	€0
00001130: 0C 00	00000110:	ΟF	00	00	80	19	00	00	00	0C	00	00	00	FF	FF	FF	00	€ÿÿÿ.
0000140: 01 00	00000120:	18	00	00	00	0C	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	12	00	00	00	
00000140: 01 00	00000130:	0C	00	00	00	02	00	00	00	13	00	00	00	0C	00	00	00	
00000150: 15 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	00000140:	01	00	00	00	14	00	00	00	0C	00	00	00	0 D	00	00	00	
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0000170: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 0																		
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000001B0: 00																		
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000001D0: 00																		
000001E0: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 0																		
000001F0: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 0																		
00000200: 10 00																		
00000210: BC 02 00 00 00 00 00 00 07 02 02 22 53 00 79 00 ¼ "S.y. 00000220: 73 00 74 00 65 00 6D 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 s.t.e.m 00000230: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 0	000001F0:	00	00	00	00	52	00	00	00	70	01	00	00	01	00	00	00	-
00000220: 73 00 74 00 65 00	00000200:	10	00	00	00	07	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	00000210:	BC	02	00	00	00	00	00	00	07	02	02	22	53	00	79	00	¹₄ "S.y.
00000240: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 0	00000220:	73	00	74	00	65	00	6D	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	s.t.e.m
00000250: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 0	00000230:	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
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00000460:	1E	40	0B	00	0C	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	24	40	02	00	@\$@ .
00000470:	0C	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	21	40	07	00	0C	00	00	00	
00000480:	00	00	00	00	22	40	03	00	0C	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	"@
00000490:	1F	40	05	00	0C	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	30	40	02	00	¬@0@ .
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00000530:	ΕB	51	38	ЗE	00	00	00	80	00	00	00	80	08	40	00	03	ëQ8>€€ @.
00000540:	C4	00	00	00	В8	00	00	00	02	10	С0	DB	13	00	00	00	Ä, ÀÛ
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00000570:	FC	FF	C3	42	FF	BF	13	44	FE	FF	СЗ	42	FF	BF	13	44	üÿÃBÿ; DþÿÃBÿ; D
00000580:	01	00	C4	42	FF	BF	13	44	03	00	C4	42	FF	BF	13	44	.ÄBÿ; D .ÄBÿ; D
00000590:	FF	FF	F5	43	FF	BF	13	44	9F	CE	08	44	9F	8E	08	44	ŸŸÕCŸ; DŸÎ DŸŽ D
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																	f;
00000600:																	@.€ÿÿÿ.
																	FPDEMF+
00000620:																	@ 0\$ ÀÛ
																	€€?
00000640:																	ÀÛÿ
00000650:																	@
00000660:	22	00	00	00	0C	00	00	00	FF	FF	FF	FF	22	00	00	00	"·····ÿÿÿÿ"····
00000670:	0C	00	00	00	FF	FF	FF	FF	25	00	00	00	0C	00	00	00	••••ÿÿÿÿ%••••••
00000680:	0 D	00	00	80	22	00	00	00	0C	00	00	00	FF	FF	FF	FF	€"ÿÿÿÿ
00000690:	21	00	00	00	08	00	00	00	73	00	00	00	0C	00	00	00	!s
000006A0:	00	00	00	00	1C	00	00	00	08	00	00	00	25	00	00	00	···· ··· ··· [§] ···
000006B0:	0C	00	00	00	00	00	00	80	25	00	00	00	0C	00	00	00	€%
000006C0:	07	00	00	80	25	00	00	00	0C	00	00	00	0E	00	00	80	€%€
000006D0:	30	00	00	00	0C	00	00	00	0F	00	00	80	19	00	00	00	0€
000006E0:	0C	00	00	00	FF	FF	FF	00	18	00	00	00	0C	00	00	00	ÿÿÿ
000006F0:	00	00	00	00	12	00	00	00	0C	00	00	00	02	00	00	00	
00000700:	13	00	00	00	0C	00	00	00	01	00	00	00	14	00	00	00	
00000710:	0C	0.0	0.0	00	0D	0.0	0.0	0.0	15	0.0	0.0	0.0	0C	0.0	0.0	0.0	
00000720:																	
00000730:																	
																	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
00000750:																	#
00000760:																	#Õ ?
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																	z¹₂€?€€
																	sF
																	`RGDIC
000007C0:																	fl
000007D0:																	A.p.p.N.a.m.
																	eI.m.a.g.e
																	D.e.s.c.r.i.p.t.
00000800:	69	00	6F	00	6E	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	23	00	00	00	i.o.n#

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The sections that follow provide definitions of the header and records that correspond to this metafile.

These sections describe each record as it appears in the hexadecimal representation of the example. These records have been interpreted for the convenience of the reader; however, to reflect the exact order of records in the metafile, some record types appear more than once, and, in some cases, the repeated instances can be identical.

3.2.1 EMR_HEADER Example

This section provides an example of the EMF <u>EMR HEADER</u> record (<u>[MS-EMF]</u> section 2.3.4.2).

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0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
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														(0)	:00	000)7F	0)													
														(0×	:00	000)87	7)													

Figure 5: EMF EMR_HEADER Record Example, Part 1

Type: 0x00000001 identifies the record type as EMR_HEADER.

Size: 0x0000006C specifies the record size in bytes, 108.

Bounds: (0xFFFFFFF, 0xFFFFFFF, 0x00000064, 0x000006B) specifies the rectangular inclusiveinclusive bounds in device units of the smallest rectangle that can be drawn around the image stored in the metafile.

Frame: (128-bits) (0x00000000, 0x00000000, 0x000007F0, 0x00000877) specifies the rectangular inclusive-inclusive dimensions, in .01 millimeter units, of a rectangle that surrounds the image stored in the metafile.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
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Г												Ve	rsi	on	(0x	000	010	000	0)												
	Bytes (0x0000A5C)																														
	Records (0x000004C)																														
					Ha	ndl	es	(0x	000)2)										I	Res	erv	/ed	(0)	<00	00))				
											n	Des	cri	ptic	n (0x(000	00	000))											
											ofi	fDe	scri	ipti	on	(0x	00	000	000	0)											
											r	Pal	Ent	trie	s (()×0	00	000	000)											

Figure 6: EMF EMR_HEADER Record Example, Part 2

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Signature: 0x464D4520 specifies the record signature, which consists of the ASCII string " EMF".

Version: 0x00010000 specifies EMF metafile interoperability.

Bytes: 0x00000A5C specifies the size of the metafile in bytes.

Records: 0x0000004C specifies the number of records in the metafile

Handles: 0x0002 specifies the number of indexes that will need to be defined during the processing of the metafile. These indexes correspond to graphics objects that are used in drawing commands. Index zero is reserved for references to the metafile itself.

Reserved: 0x0000 is not used.

nDescription: 0x00000000 specifies the number of characters in the array that contains the description of the metafile's contents. Zero indicates there is no description string.

offDescription: 0x00000000 specifies the offset from the beginning of this record to the array that contains the description of the metafile's contents.

nPalEntries: 0×00000000 specifies the number of entries in the metafile palette. The location of the palette is specified in the EMF end-of-file record, <u>EMR_EOF</u> (<u>[MS-EMF]</u> section 2.3.4.1).

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1
Device (0x00000640)
(0x00004B0)
Millimeters (0x00000140)
(0×00000F0)
cbPixelFormat (0x0000000)
offPixelFormat (0x0000000)
bOpenGL (0x00000000)
MicrometersX (0x0004E200)
MicrometersY (0x0003A900)

Figure 7: EMF EMR_HEADER Record Example, Part 3

Device: (0x00000640, 0x000004B0) specifies the size of the reference device in pixels.

Millimeters: (0x00000140, 0x000000F0) specifies the size of the reference device in millimeters.

cbPixelFormat: 0x00000000 specifies the size of the EMF <u>PixelFormatDescriptor</u> structure (<u>[MS-EMF]</u> section 2.2.22). This value indicates that no pixel format is defined.

offPixelFormat: 0x00000000 specifies the offset to the PixelFormatDescriptor in the metafile. In this case, no pixel format structure is present.

bOpenGL: 0x00000000 specifies that no **OpenGL** commands are present in the metafile.

MicrometersX: 0x0004E200 specifies the horizontal size of the reference device in micrometers.

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MicrometersY: 0x0003A900 specifies the vertical size of the reference device in micrometers.

3.2.2 EMR_COMMENT_EMFPLUS Example

This section provides an example of the EMF <u>EMR COMMENT EMFPLUS</u> record (<u>[MS-EMF]</u> section 2.3.3.2).

00000060: 46 00 00 00 00000070: 2C 00 00 00 20 00 00 00 45 4D 46 2B

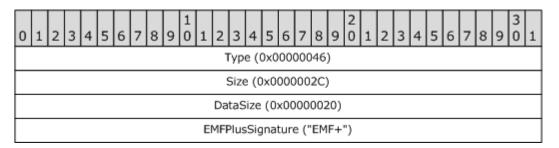


Figure 8: EMF EMR_COMMENT_EMFPLUS Record Example

Type: 0x00000046 identifies this record as an EMF comment record (<u>[MS-EMF]</u> section 2.3.3).

Size: 0x0000002C specifies the size of this record in bytes, including embedded EMF+ records.

DataSize: 0x00000020 specifies the size of the EMF+ data in bytes.

EMFPlusSignature: "EMF+" identifies the comment record type as EMR_COMMENT_EMFPLUS.

The embedded EMF+ records are presented in the sections that follow.

3.2.2.1 EmfPlusHeader Example

This section provides an example of the EmfPlusHeader record, specified in section 2.3.3.3.

00000070: 01 40 01 00 00000080: 1C 00 00 10 00 00 00 02 10 C0 DB 01 00 00 00000090: 66 00 00 06 C 00 00 00

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0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5	6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1
Type (0x4001)	Flags (0x0001)
Size (0x0	000001C)
DataSize (0	x0000010)
Version (0x	DBC01002)
EmfPlusFlags	(0x0000001)
LogicalDpiX (0x0000066)
LogicalDpiY (0x000006C)

Figure 9: EmfPlusHeader Record Example

Type: 0x4001 identifies this record type as an EmfPlusHeader.

Flags: 0x0001 specifies flags to be processed for this record.

Size: 0x0000001C specifies the 32-bit-aligned size of the entire record in bytes, including the 12-byte record header and the record-specific buffer data.

DataSize: 0x00000010 specifies the number of bytes of data in the **RecordData** member that follows. This number does not include the size of the invariant part of this record.

Version: 0xDBC01002 specifies the version of operating systems graphics that was used to create the metafile, as specified in the <u>EmfPlusGraphicsVersion Object (section 2.2.2.19)</u>. The **GraphicsVersion** field value 0x002 specifies GDI+ version 1.1, as specified in the <u>GraphicsVersion enumeration (section 2.1.1.12)</u>.

EmfPlusFlags: 0x00000001 specifies the additional information about how this metafile was recorded. If the value is set to 0x00000001, the metafile was recorded with a reference playback device context for a video display.

LogicalDpiX: 0x00000066 specifies the dots per inch (DPI) in the horizontal direction of the drawing surface for which the metafile was created.

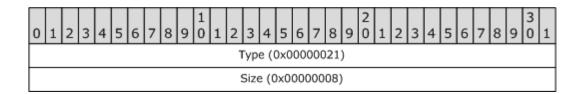
LogicalDpiY: 0x000006C specifies the dots per inch (DPI) in the vertical direction of the drawing surface for which the metafile was created.

3.2.3 EMR_SAVEDC Example

This section provides an example of the <u>EMR_SAVEDC</u> record, specified in <u>[MS-EMF]</u> section 2.3.10.

00000090:

21 00 00 00 08 00 00 00



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Figure 10: EMF EMR_SAVEDC Record Example

Type: 0x00000021 identifies this EMF record type as EMR_SAVEDC.

Size: 0x0000008 specifies the size of this record in bytes.

3.2.4 EMR_SETICMMODE Example

This section provides an example of the EMF <u>EMR_SETICMMODE</u> record (<u>[MS-EMF]</u> section 2.3.11.14).

000000A0: 62 00 00 00 0C 00 00 00 01 00 00 00

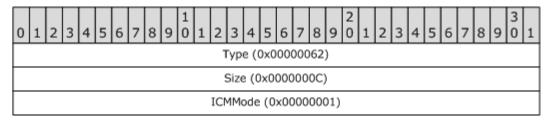


Figure 11: EMF EMR_SETICMMODE Record Example

Type: 0x00000062 identifies the record type as EMR_SETICMMODE.

Size: 0x000000C specifies the size of this record in bytes.

ICMMode: 0x00000001 specifies turning off **Image Color Management (ICM)**. This value is defined in the EMF <u>ICMMode</u> enumeration (<u>[MS-EMF]</u> section 2.1.18).

3.2.5 EMR_SAVEDC Example

This section provides an example of the <u>EMR_SAVEDC</u> record, specified in <u>[MS-EMF]</u> section 2.3.10.

000000A0: 000000B0: 08 00 00 00 21 00 00 00

0	1	-	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
													٦	Гур	e ((0×0	000	000	21)												
Γ														Size	e (O)x0	000	000	08))												

Figure 12: EMF EMR_SAVEDC Record Example

Type: 0x00000021 identifies this EMF record type as EMR_SAVEDC.

Size: 0x0000008 specifies the size of this record in bytes.

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3.2.6 EMR_SETICMMODE Example

This section provides an example of the EMF <u>EMR_SETICMMODE</u> record (<u>[MS-EMF]</u> section 2.3.11.14).

000000B0: 62 00 00 00 0C 00 00 01 00 00 00

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
												٦	Гур	e ((0×0	000	000	62)												
Γ												9	Size	e (C)x0	000	00	0C))												
												IC	٩M	ode	(0	×00	000	000)1)												

Figure 13: EMF EMR_SETICMMODE Record Example

Type: 0x00000062 identifies the record type as EMR_SETICMMODE.

Size: 0x000000C specifies the size of this record in bytes.

ICMMode: 0x00000001 specifies turning off Image Color Management (ICM). This value is defined in the EMF <u>ICMMode</u> enumeration (<u>MS-EMF</u>] section 2.1.18).

3.2.7 EMR_SAVEDC Example

This section provides an example of the <u>EMR_SAVEDC</u> record, specified in <u>[MS-EMF]</u> section 2.3.10.

00000000: 21 00 00 00 08 00 00 00

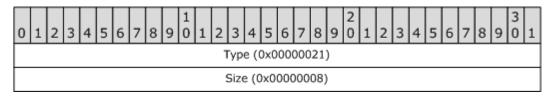


Figure 14: EMF EMR_SAVEDC Record Example

Type: 0x00000021 identifies this EMF record type as EMR_SAVEDC.

Size: 0x0000008 specifies the size of this record in bytes.

3.2.8 EMR_SETLAYOUT Example

This section provides an example of the EMF <u>EMR SETLAYOUT</u> record (<u>[MS-EMF]</u> section 2.3.11.17).

000000D0: 73 00 00 00 0C 00 00 00 00 00 00 00

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0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1

LayoutMode (0x0000000)

Figure 15: EMF EMR_SETLAYOUT Record Example

Type: 0x00000073 identifies this record type as EMR_SETLAYOUT.

Size: 0x000000C specifies the size of this record in bytes.

LayoutMode: 0x0000000 specifies left-to-right horizontal layout.

3.2.9 EMR_SETMETARGN Example

This section provides an example of the <u>EMR_SETMETARGN</u> record, specified in <u>[MS-EMF]</u> section 2.3.10.

000000D0:					1C	00	00	00
000000E0:	08	00	00	00				

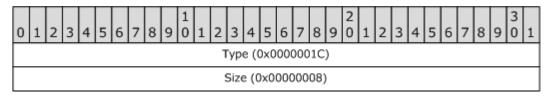


Figure 16: EMF EMR_SETMETARGN Record Example

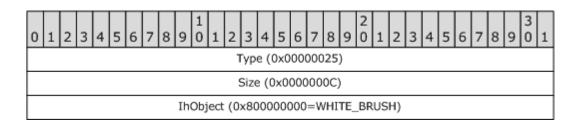
Type: 0x0000001C identifies this EMF record type as EMR_SETMETARGN.

Size: 0x0000008 specifies the size of this record.

3.2.10 EMR_SELECTOBJECT Example

This section provides an example of the <u>EMR_SELECTOBJECT</u> record, specified in <u>[MS-EMF]</u> section 2.3.8.5.

000000E0: 25 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 80



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Figure 17: EMF EMR_SELECTOBJECT Record Example

Type: 0x00000025 identifies this EMF record type as EMR_SELECTOBJECT.

Size: 0x000000C specifies the size of this record in bytes.

ihObject: 0x80000000 specifies the index of an object in the object table.

3.2.11 EMR_SELECTOBJECT Example

This section provides an example of the <u>EMR_SELECTOBJECT</u> record, specified in <u>[MS-EMF]</u> section 2.3.8.5.

000000F0: 25 00 00 00 0C 00 00 00 07 00 00 80

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
												Т	Гур	e ((0×0	000	000	25))												
												Ś	Size	e (C)x0	000	00	0C)													
]	IhC)bje	ect	(0x	80	000	00	7=I	BLA	CK	_PI	EN)										

Figure 18: EMF EMR_SELECTOBJECT Record Example

Type: 0x00000025 identifies this EMF record type as EMR_SELECTOBJECT.

Size: 0x000000C specifies the size of this record in bytes.

ihObject: 0x80000007 specifies the index of an object in the object table.

3.2.12 EMR_SELECTOBJECT Example

This section provides an example of the <u>EMR_SELECTOBJECT</u> record, specified in <u>[MS-EMF]</u> section 2.3.8.5.

000000F0: 25 00 00 00 00000100: OC 00 00 00 0E 00 00 80

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
Γ												٦	Гур	e ((0×0	00	000	25)												
												9	Size	e (C)x0	000	00	0C))												
Γ]	[hO	bje	ect ((0x	800	000	00	E=0	DE∖	/ICI	E_C	DEF	AUI	_T_	FO	NT))							

Figure 19: EMF EMR_SELECTOBJECT Record Example

Type: 0x00000025 identifies this EMF record type as EMR_SELECTOBJECT.

Size: 0x000000C specifies the size of this record in bytes.

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ihObject: 0x8000000E specifies the index of an object in the object table.

3.2.13 EMR_SELECTPALETTE Example

This section provides an example of the <u>EMR_SELECTPALETTE</u> record, specified in <u>[MS-EMF]</u> section 2.3.8.6.

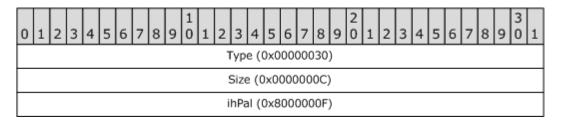


Figure 20: EMF EMR_SELECTPALETTE Record Example

Type: 0x00000030 identifies this EMF record type as EMR_SELECTPALETTE.

Size: 0x000000C specifies the size of this record in bytes.

ihPal: 0x800000F specifies the palette index. The palette can be selected in background mode only.

3.2.14 EMR_SETBKCOLOR Example

This section provides an example of the <u>EMR_SETBKCOLOR</u> record, specified in <u>[MS-EMF]</u> section 2.3.11.10.

00000110: 19 00 00 00 0C 00 00 00 FF FF FF 00

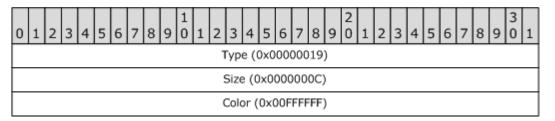


Figure 21: EMF EMR_SETBKCOLOR Record Example

Type: 0x00000019 identifies this EMF record type as EMR_SETBKCOLOR.

Size: 0x000000C specifies the size of this record in bytes.

Color: 0x00FFFFFF specifies the background color value of the <u>WMF</u> <u>ColorRef</u> object as specified in <u>[MS-WMF]</u> section 2.2.2.8.

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3.2.15 EMR_SETTEXTCOLOR Example

This section provides an example of the <u>EMR_SETTEXTCOLOR</u> record (<u>[MS-EMF]</u> section 2.3.11.26).



Figure 22: EMF EMR_SETTEXTCOLOR Record Example

Type: 0x00000018 identifies this EMF record type as EMR_SETTEXTCOLOR.

Size: 0x000000C specifies the size of this record in bytes.

Color: 0x00000000 specifies the text color value in the form specified using the <u>ColorRef</u> object (<u>[MS-WMF]</u> section 2.2.2.8).

3.2.16 EMR_SETBKMODE Example

This section provides an example of the EMF <u>EMR_SETBKMODE</u> record (<u>[MS-EMF]</u> section 2.3.11.11).

00000120: 12 00 00 00 00000130: 0C 00 00 00 02 00 00 00

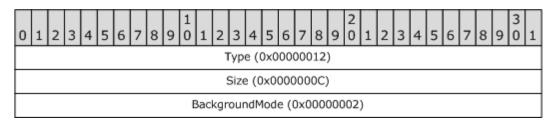


Figure 23: EMF EMR_SETBKMODE Record Example

Type: 0x00000012 identifies the record type as EMR_SETBKMODE.

Size: 0x000000C specifies the size of this record in bytes.

BackgroundMode: 0x00000002 specifies **OPAQUE** background mode. This value is defined in the EMF <u>BackgroundMode</u> enumeration (<u>[MS-EMF]</u> section 2.1.4).

3.2.17 EMR_SETPOLYFILLMODE Example

This section provides an example of the EMF <u>EMR_SETPOLYFILLMODE</u> record (<u>[MS-EMF]</u> section 2.3.11.22).

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00000130: 13 00 00 0C 00 00 00 00000140: 01 00 00 00

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
												٦	Гур	e ((0x0	00	000	13)												

Size (0x0000000C)

PolygonFillMode (0x00000001)

Figure 24: EMF EMR_SETPOLYFILLMODE Record Example

Type: 0x00000013 identifies the record type as EMR_SETPOLYFILLMODE.

Size: 0x000000C specifies the size of this record in bytes.

PolygonFillMode: 0x00000001 specifies **ALTERNATE** polygon fill mode. This value is defined in the EMF **PolygonFillMode** enumeration ([MS-EMF] section 2.1.27).

3.2.18 EMR_SETROP2 Example

This section provides an example of the EMF <u>EMR_SETROP2</u> record (<u>[MS-EMF]</u> section 2.3.11.23).

00000140: 14 00 00 00 0C 00 00 00 0D 00 00 00

0	1	2	2 3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
												٦	Гур	e ((0×0	000	000	14))												
Γ												Ş	Size	e (C)x0	000	00	0C))												
Γ											F	ROF	2M	lode	e (C)×0	000	000	0D))											

Figure 25: EMF EMR_SETROP2 Record Example

Type: 0x00000014 identifies the record type as EMR_SETROP2.

Size: 0x000000C specifies the size of this record in bytes.

ROP2Mode: 0x000000D specifies the **R2_COPYPEN** raster operation mode. This value is defined in the WMF **<u>Binary Raster Operation</u>** enumeration (<u>[MS-WMF]</u> section 2.1.1.2).

3.2.19 EMR_SETSTRETCHBLTMODE Example

This section provides an example of the EMF <u>EMR_SETSTRETCHBLTMODE</u> record (<u>[MS-EMF]</u> section 2.3.11.24).

00000150: 15 00 00 00 0C 00 00 00 01 00 00 00

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Figure 26: EMF EMR_SETSTRETCHBLTMODE Record Example

Type: 0x00000015 identifies the record type as EMR_SETSTRETCHBLTMODE.

Size: 0x000000C specifies the size of this record in bytes.

StretchMode: 0x00000001 specifies a Boolean AND operation using the color values for the eliminated and existing pixels, from the EMF <u>StretchMode</u> enumeration (<u>[MS-EMF]</u> section 2.1.32).

3.2.20 EMR_SETTEXTALIGN Example

This section provides an example of the <u>EMR_SETTEXTALIGN</u> record (<u>[MS-EMF]</u> section 2.3.11.25).

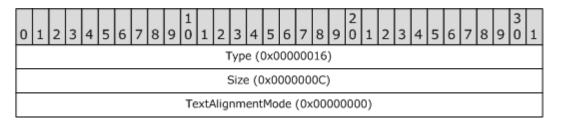


Figure 27: EMF EMR_SETTEXTALIGN Record Example

Type: 0x00000016 identifies this EMF record type as EMR_SETTEXTALIGN.

Size: 0x000000C specifies the size of this record in bytes.

TextAlignmentMode: 0x00000000 specifies text alignment using a mask of WMF **TextAlignmentMode** flags or **VerticalTextAlignmentMode** flags ([MS-WMF] section 2.1.2.3 or 2.1.2.4, respectively). Only one flag can be chosen from those that affect horizontal and vertical alignment. In addition, only one of the two flags that alter the current position can be chosen.

3.2.21 EMR_SETBRUSHORGEX Example

This section provides an example of the <u>EMR_SETBRUSHORGEX</u> record, specified in <u>[MS-EMF]</u> section 2.3.11.12.

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0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 Type (0x00000000) Size (0x00000000 0 x00000000)

Figure 28: EMF EMR_SETBRUSHORGEX Record Example

Type: 0x000000D identifies this EMF record type as EMR_SETBRUSHORGEX.

Size: 0x00000010 specifies the size of this record in bytes.

Origin: (0x00000000, 0x00000000) specifies the brush horizontal and vertical origin in device units.

3.2.22 EMR_SETMITERLIMIT Example

This section provides an example of the EMF <u>EMR_SETMITERLIMIT</u> record (<u>[MS-EMF]</u> section 2.3.11.21).

00000170: 00000180: 0A 00 00 00 3A 00 00 00 0C 00 00 00

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
												Т	уp	e (()×0	000	000	3A)												
Γ												5	Size	e (O)x0	000	000	0C))												
												Mite	erLi	mit	: (0	×0(000	00	0A)												

Figure 29: EMF EMR_SETMITERLIMIT Record Example

Type: 0x0000003A identifies the record type as EMR_SETMITERLIMIT.

Size: 0x000000C specifies the size of this record in bytes.

MiterLimit: 0x000000A specifies a miter length limit of 10 logical units.

3.2.23 EMR_MOVETOEX Example

This section provides an example of the <u>EMR_MOVETOEX</u> record, specified in <u>[MS-EMF]</u> section 2.3.11.4.

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0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
												Т	ур	e (()×0	000	000	1B)												
Г												5	Size	e (0)x0	000	000	10)													
Γ												C	ffse	et (0x0	000	000	000))												
														(0)	(00	000	000	0)													

Figure 30: EMF EMR_MOVETOEX Record Example

Type: 0x0000001B identifies this EMF record type as EMR_MOVETOEX.

Size: 0x00000010 specifies the size of this record in bytes.

Offset: (0x00000000, 0x00000000) specifies coordinates of the new current position in logical units.

3.2.24 EMR_SETWORLDTRANSFORM Example

This section provides an example of the EMF <u>EMR_SETWORLDTRANSFORM</u> record (<u>[MS-EMF]</u> section 2.3.12.2).

00000190: 23 00 00 00 20 00 00 00 87 C3 81 3F 000001A0: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 7A BD 80 3F 00 00 80 000001B0: 00 00 00 80

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1	1 2	3 4	1 5	6	7	8		2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
		1	Гуре	(0x0	0000	000	23))												
		1	Size	(0x0	000	00	20)													
		Х	form	(0x	3F8	1C	387	')												
			(0)x00	000	00	0)													
			(0)x00	000	00	0)													
			(0)x3F	80B	D7	A)													
			(0)x80	000	00	0)													
			(0)x80	000	00	0)													

Figure 31: EMF EMR_SETWORLDTRANSFORM Record Example

Type: 0x00000023 identifies the record type as EMR_SETWORLDTRANSFORM.

Size: 0x00000020 specifies the size of this record in bytes.

Xform: (1.005782, 0.000000, 0.000000, 1.013780, 0.000000, 0.000000) an EMF \underline{XForm} object (section 2.2.28), which specifies the world space to page space transformation.

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3.2.25 EMR_MODIFYWORLDTRANSFORM Example

This section provides an example of the EMF <u>EMR_MODIFYWORLDTRANSFORM</u> record (<u>[MS-EMF]</u> section 2.3.12.1).

24 00 00 00 24 00 00 00 87 C3 81 3F 000001C0: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 7A BD 80 3F 00 00 00 80 000001D0: 00 00 00 80 04 00 00 00

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
	Type (0x0000024) Size (0x0000024)																														
	Size (0x0000024)																														
	Size (0x0000024) Xform (0x3F81C387)																														
														(0x	:00	000	00	0)													
														(0x	:00	000	00	0)													
														(0x	3F8	30B	D7	A)													
														(0x	80	000	00	0)													
														(0x	80	000	00	0)													
									Mo	dify	Wo	orld	Tra	nsf	orn	nMo	ode	(0	x00	000	000	04)									

Figure 32: EMF EMR_MODIFYWORLDTRANSFORM Record Example

Type: 0x00000024 identifies the record type as EMR_MODIFYWORLDTRANSFORM.

Size: 0x00000024 specifies the size of this record in bytes.

Xform: (1.005782, 0.000000, 0.000000, 1.013780, 0.000000, 0.000000) an EMF <u>XForm</u> object (section <u>2.2.28</u>), which specifies the world space to page space transformation.

ModifyWorldTransformMode: 0x00000004 specifies that this record performs the function of an EMF <u>EMR SETWORLDTRANSFORM</u> record (section <u>2.3.12.2</u>). This value is defined in the EMF <u>ModifyWorldTransformMode</u> enumeration (<u>[MS-EMF]</u> section 2.1.24).

3.2.26 EMR_SETLAYOUT Example

This section provides an example of the EMF <u>EMR_SETLAYOUT</u> record (<u>[MS-EMF]</u> section 2.3.11.17).

000001D0: 000001E0: 00 00 00 00 73 00 00 00 0C 00 00 00

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0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1

Size (0x0000000C)

LayoutMode (0x0000000)

Figure 33: EMF EMR_SETLAYOUT Record Example

Type: 0x00000073 identifies this record type as EMR_SETLAYOUT.

Size: 0x000000C specifies the size of this record in bytes.

LayoutMode: 0x0000000 specifies left-to-right horizontal layout.

3.2.27 EMR_SETBRUSHORGEX Example

This section provides an example of the <u>EMR_SETBRUSHORGEX</u> record, specified in <u>[MS-EMF]</u> section 2.3.11.12.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
Type (0x000000D)																															
												ç	Size	e (C)x0	000	000	10))												
								С)rig	in (64	-bit	s)	(0x	000	000	000	D, C)×0	000	000	00)								

Figure 34: EMF EMR_SETBRUSHORGEX Record Example

Type: 0x000000D identifies this EMF record type as EMR_SETBRUSHORGEX.

Size: 0x00000010 specifies the size of this record in bytes.

Origin: (0x00000000, 0x00000000) specifies the brush horizontal and vertical origin in device units.

3.2.28 EMR_EXTCREATEFONTINDIRECTW Example

This section provides an example of the EMF <u>EMR_EXTCREATEFONTINDIRECTW</u> record (<u>[MS-EMF]</u> section 2.3.7.8).

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00000260: B1 E6 31 7C BC FE 12 00 21 00 00 00 00 13 00 00000270: 00 00 2E 00 54 E1 12 00 BC FE 12 00 14 E1 12 00 00000280: 00 00 00 00 F4 F4 12 00 34 B8 F9 77 68 26 F4 77 00000290: FF FF FF FF AD 97 F7 77 7F 99 F7 77 70 E1 12 00 000002A0: 21 00 00 00 01 00 00 00 FC 8B CE 02 38 A6 17 00 000002B0: 7F 99 F7 77 B0 DA 4F 00 63 DE 5D 00 3E 08 5A 00 000002C0: 68 99 5A 00 F5 82 54 00 1A 91 54 00 8F 9B C7 77 000002D0: BD 93 54 00 6F 9D 54 00 94 E5 54 00 00 00 54 00 000002E0: AF 58 56 00 6B 50 56 00 B4 3A 55 00 05 39 55 00 000002F0: 09 35 55 00 64 C4 4F 00 00 82 41 00 FF 44 41 00 00000300: 12 4E 41 00 E1 4B 41 00 1D 1E 31 7C 4B 16 31 7C 00000310: DA EF 30 7C 49 F4 30 7C EA A3 37 7C 00 00 D5 77 00000320: A5 DC D5 77 46 46 D3 77 D7 96 D3 77 97 ED 31 7C 00000330: B1 E6 31 7C 00 00 2E 01 10 E2 12 00 68 8B CE 02 00000340: 08 ED F8 77 68 8B CE 02 00 00 2E 01 01 00 00 00 00000350: 00 00 2E 01 C4 04 F9 77 27 05 F9 77 64 76 00 08 00000360: 00 00 00 00

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1
Type (0x0000052)
Size (0x0000170)
ihFonts (0x0000001)
elw (variable)
(elw cont. for 87 rows)

Figure 35: EMF EMR_EXTCREATEFONTINDIRECTW Record Example

Type: 0x00000052 identifies the record type as EMR_EXTCREATEFONTINDIRECTW.

Size: 0x00000170 specifies the size of this record in bytes.

ihFonts: 0x00000001 specifies the object index in the <u>EMF Object Table</u> (<u>[MS-EMF]</u> section 3.1.1) to assign to the font.

elw: the logical font, which is an EMF LogFontExDv object ([MS-EMF] section 2.2.15.

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0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 0			_		_				2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
Height (0x00000010) Width (0x00000007)																					
Width (0x0000007)																					
Width (0x00000007) Escapement (0x00000000)																					
		Orie	nta	tior	n (()x0	000	000	000)											
		W	eigł	nt (0x(000	000	2В(C)												
Italic (0x00)	Unde	rline ((0x0	0)			Sti	rike	Ou	t (()x0	0)			С	har	set	(0	×00))	
OutPrecision (0x07)	ClipPre	cision	(0x	02))		Q	ual	lity	(0)	‹02)			Pi			dFa 22)	mil	y	
		Fa	acer	nam	ne (("S	yste	em	")												
		(Face	nam	ne o	con	t. f	or	14	rov	/s)											

Figure 36: EMF LogFontExDv Object, Part 1

Height: 0x00000010 specifies the cell height for this font in logical units.

Width: 0x00000007 specifies the average character width for this font in logical units.

Escapement: 0x00000000 specifies an angle of 0 degrees between the baseline of a row of text and the x-axis of the device.

Orientation: 0x00000000 specifies an angle of 0 degrees between the baseline of each character and the x-axis of the device.

Weight: 0x0000002BC specifies that the **weight** of the font is 700, in the range 0 through 1000, from lightest to darkest, with 400 (0x00000190) considered normal.

Italic: 0x00 specifies that the font is not italic.

Underline: 0x00 specifies that the font is not underlined.

Strikeout: 0x00 specifies that the font characters do not have a strike-out graphic.

CharSet: 0x00 specifies the **ANSI_CHARSET**, as defined in the WMF <u>CharacterSet</u> enumeration (<u>[MS-WMF]</u> section 2.1.1.5).

OutPrecision: 0x07 specifies the output precision, which is how closely the output matches the requested font properties, from the WMF <u>OutPrecision</u> enumeration (<u>[MS-WMF]</u> section 2.1.1.21). The value 0x07 specifies a **TrueType** font.

ClipPrecision: 0x02 specifies the clipping precision, which is how to clip characters that are partially outside the clipping region, from the WMF <u>ClipPrecision Flags</u> ([MS-WMF] section 2.1.2.1). The value 0x02 is used for vector and TrueType fonts.

Quality: 0x02 specifies proof output quality, from the WMF <u>FontQuality</u> enumeration (<u>[MS-WMF]</u> section 2.1.1.10.

PitchAndFamily: 0x22 specifies a variable-pitch font with no serifs, from the WMF <u>FamilyFont</u> and <u>PitchFont</u> enumerations ([MS-WMF] sections <u>2.1.1.8</u> and <u>2.1.1.24</u>, respectively).

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Facename: "System" specifies the typeface name of the font in Unicode characters.

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1														
FullName ("")														
(E-liblence control for 20 mourt)														
(FullName cont. for 30 rows)														
(FullName cont. for 30 rows) Style ("")														
(Style cont. for 14 rows)														
Script ("")														
(Script cont. for 14 rows)														
Signature (0x80007664)														
NumAxes (0x0000000)														

Figure 37: EMF LogFontExDv Object, Part 2

FullName: An empty string specifies the full name of the font.

Style: An empty string describes the style of the font.

Script: An empty string describes the character set of the font.

Signature: 0x80007664 specifies the signature of an EMF <u>DesignVector</u> object (<u>[MS-EMF]</u> section 2.2.3).

NumAxes: 0x00000000 specifies the number of **font axes** described in the DesignVector object.

3.2.29 EMR_SELECTOBJECT Example

This section provides an example of the <u>EMR_SELECTOBJECT</u> record, specified in <u>[MS-EMF]</u> section 2.3.8.5.

00000360: 25 00 00 00 0C 00 00 00 01 00 00 00

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
	Type (0x0000025)																														
												9	Size	e (C)x0	000	00	0C))												
												Ih	Obj	ect	(0)	<00	000	000)1)												

Figure 38: EMF EMR_SELECTOBJECT Record Example

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Type: 0x00000025 identifies this EMF record type as EMR_SELECTOBJECT.

Size: 0x0000000C specifies the size of this record in bytes.

ihObject: 0x00000001 specifies the index of an object in the object table.

3.2.30 EMR_SELECTOBJECT Example

This section provides an example of the <u>EMR_SELECTOBJECT</u> record, specified in <u>[MS-EMF]</u> section 2.3.8.5.

00000370: 25 00 00 00 0C 00 00 00 0E 00 00 80

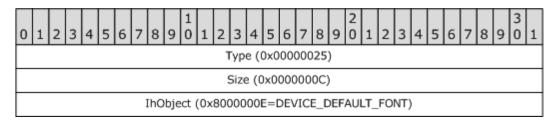


Figure 39: EMF EMR_SELECTOBJECT Record Example

Type: 0x00000025 identifies this EMF record type as EMR_SELECTOBJECT.

Size: 0x000000C specifies the size of this record in bytes.

ihObject: 0x8000000E specifies the index of an object in the object table.

3.2.31 EMR_DELETEOBJECT Example

This section provides an example of the <u>EMR_DELETEOBJECT</u> record, specified in <u>[MS-EMF]</u> section 2.3.8.3.

00000370: 28 00 00 00 00000380: OC 00 00 00 01 00 00 00

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
	Type (0x0000028)																															
Ī													9	Size	e (C)x0	000	00	0C))												
													ihQ	Obj	ect	(0)	(00	000	000	1)												

Figure 40: EMF EMR_DELETEOBJECT Record Example

Type: 0x00000028 identifies this EMF record type as EMR_DELETEOBJECT.

Size: 0x000000C specifies the size of this record in bytes.

ihObject: 0x00000001 specifies the object table to be deleted.

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3.2.32 EMR_COMMENT_EMFPLUS Example

This section provides an example of the EMF <u>EMR COMMENT EMFPLUS</u> record (<u>[MS-EMF]</u> section 2.3.3.2).

00000380: 46 00 00 00 88 02 00 00 00000390: 7C 02 00 00 45 4D 46 2B

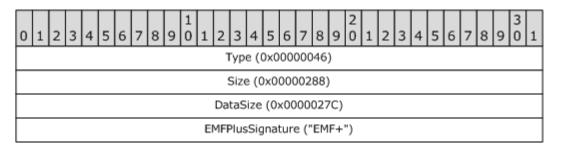


Figure 41: EMF EMR_COMMENT_EMFPLUS Record Example

Type: 0x00000046 identifies this record as an EMF comment record (<u>MS-EMF</u> section 2.3.3).

Size: 0x00000288 specifies the size of this record in bytes, including embedded EMF+ records.

DataSize: 0x0000027C specifies the size of the EMF+ data in bytes.

EMFPlusSignature: "EMF+" identifies the comment record type as EMR_COMMENT_EMFPLUS.

The embedded EMF+ records are presented in the sections that follow.

3.2.32.1 EmfPlusSetAntiAliasMode Example

This section provides an example of the EmfPlusAntiAliasMode record, specified in section 2.3.6.1.

00000390: 1E 40 0B 00 0C 00 00 00 000003A0: 00 00 00 00

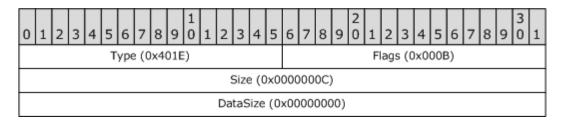


Figure 42: EmfPlusSetAntiAliasMode Record Example

Type: 0x401E identifies this record type as EmfPlusAntiAliasMode.

Flags: 0x000B specifies anti-aliasing with an 8x8 box filter.

Size: 0x000000C specifies the size in bytes of this record.

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DataSize: 0x00000000 specifies the size in bytes of record-specific data in this record, and in this case there is none.

3.2.32.2 EmfPlusSetCompositingQuality Example

This section provides an example of the <u>EmfPlusSetCompositingQuality</u> record, specified in section <u>2.3.6.3</u>.

000003A0: 24 40 02 00 0C 00 00 00 00 00 00 00

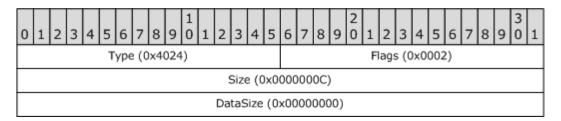


Figure 43: EmfPlusSetCompositingQuality Record Example

Type: 0x4024 identifies this record type as EmfPlusSetCompositingQuality.

Flags: 0x0002 specifies CompositingQualityHighSpeed from the <u>CompositingQuality</u> <u>enumeration (section 2.1.1.6)</u>.

Size: 0x000000C specifies the size in bytes of this record.

DataSize: 0×00000000 specifies the size in bytes of record-specific data in this record, and in this case there is none.

3.2.32.3 EmfPlusSetInterpolationMode Example

This section provides an example of the <u>EmfPlusSetInterpolationMode</u> record, specified in section <u>2.3.6.4</u>.

000003B0: 21 40 07 00 0C 00 00 00 00 00 00 00

()	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
	Type (0x4021) Flags (0x0007)																															
													ŝ	Size	e (C)x0	000	00	0C))												
													Da	taS	ize	(0;	×00	000	000)0)												

Figure 44: EmfPlusSetInterpolationMode Record Example

Type: 0x4021 identifies this record type as EmfPlusSetInterpolationMode.

Flags: 0x0007 specifies InterpolationModeHighQualityBicubic from the <u>InterpolationMode</u> <u>enumeration (section 2.1.1.16)</u>.

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Size: 0x000000C specifies the size in bytes of this record.

DataSize: 0x00000000 specifies the size in bytes of record-specific data in this record, and in this case there is none.

3.2.32.4 EmfPlusSetPixelOffsetMode Example

This section provides an example of the <u>EmfPlusSetPixelOffsetMode</u> record, specified in section <u>2.3.6.5</u>.

000003B0: 22 40 03 00 000003C0: 0C 00 00 00 00 00 00 00

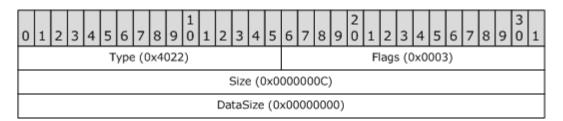


Figure 45: EmfPlusSetPixelOffsetMode Record Example

Type: 0x4022 identifies this record type as EmfPlusSetPixelOffsetMode.

Flags: 0x0003 specifies PixelOffsetModeNone from the <u>PixelOffsetMode enumeration (section</u> 2.1.1.26).

Size: 0x000000C specifies the size in bytes of this record.

DataSize: 0x00000000 specifies the size in bytes of record-specific data in this record, and in this case there is none.

3.2.32.5 EmfPlusSetTextRenderingHint Example

This section provides an example of the <u>EmfPlusSetTextRenderingHint</u> record, specified in section <u>2.3.6.8</u>.

```
000003CO: 1F 40 05 00 0C 00 00 00 000003DO: 00 00 00 00
```

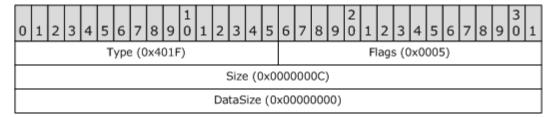


Figure 46: EmfPlusSetTextRenderingHint Record Example

Type: 0x401F identifies this record type as EmfPlusSetTextRenderingHint.

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Flags: 0x0005 specifies TextRenderingHintClearTypeGridFit from the <u>TextRenderingHint</u> <u>enumeration (section 2.1.1.32)</u>.

Size: 0x000000C specifies the size in bytes of this record.

DataSize: 0x00000000 specifies the size in bytes of record-specific data in this record, and in this case, there is none.

3.2.32.6 EmfPlusMultiplyWorldTransform Example

This section provides an example of the EmfPlusMultiplyWorldTransform record (section 2.3.9.1).

000003D0: 2C 40 00 00 24 00 00 00 18 00 00 00 000003E0: 00 00 80 3F 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 80 3F 000003F0: 00 00 00 80 00 00 00 80

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	9 0 1 2 3 4 5	5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1												
Type (0x402C) Flags (0x0000) Size (0x0000024)														
Size (0x0000024)														
Size (0x00000024) DataSize (0x00000018)														
	MatrixData (0	(0x3F800000)												
	(0x00	0000000)												
	(0x00	0000000)												
	(0x3F8	F800000)												
	(0x80	000000)												
	(0×80	000000)												

Figure 47: EmfPlusMultiplyWorldTransform Record Example

Type: 0x402C identifies the record type as EmfPlusMultiplyWorldTransform.

Flags: 0x0000 specifies pre-multiplication of the transform matrix.

Size: 0x00000024 specifies the size in bytes of the entire record.

DataSize: 0x00000018 specifies the size in bytes of the record-specific data that follows.

MatrixData: An EmfPlusTransformMatrix object (section 2.2.2.47) that contains the multiplication matrix.

3.2.32.7 EmfPlusSave Example

This section provides an example of the EmfPlusSave record, specified in section 2.3.7.5.

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0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
	Type (0x4025) Flags (0x0000)																														
												4	Size	e (C)x0	000	000	10))												
												Da	taS	ize	(0)	×00	00	000)4)												
											S	Stac	ckIr	nde	x ((0x0	000	000	000)											

Figure 48: EmfPlusSave Record Example

Type: 0x4025 identifies this record type as EmfPlusSave.

Flags: 0x0000 This field is undefined for this record type.

Size: 0x00000010 specifies the 32-bit-aligned size of the entire record in bytes, including the 12byte record header and the record-specific buffer data.

DataSize: 0x00000004 specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes of data in the **PointData** member that follows. This number does not include the size of the invariant part of this record.

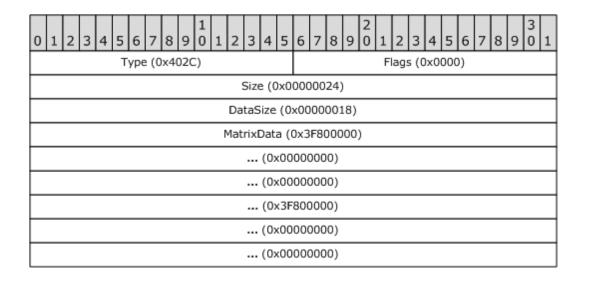
StackIndex: 0x00000000 specifies the identifier used by the corresponding <u>EmfPlusRestore</u> operation to retrieve the graphics state from the correct save level on the graphics state stack.

3.2.32.8 EmfPlusMultiplyWorldTransform Example

This section provides an example of the <u>EmfPlusMultiplyWorldTransform</u> record (section 2.3.9.1).

 00000400:
 2C
 40
 00
 24
 00
 00
 00

 00000410:
 18
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 00
 00
 80
 3F
 00
 00
 00
 00
 00
 00
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Figure 49: EmfPlusMultiplyWorldTransform Record Example

Type: 0x402C identifies the record type as EmfPlusMultiplyWorldTransform.

Flags: 0x0000 specifies pre-multiplication of the transform matrix.

Size: 0x00000024 specifies the size in bytes of the entire record.

DataSize: 0x00000018 specifies the size in bytes of the record-specific data that follows.

MatrixData: An EmfPlusTransformMatrix object (section 2.2.2.47) that contains the multiplication matrix.

3.2.32.9 EmfPlusSetWorldTransform Example

This section provides an example of the <u>EmfPlusSetWorldTransform</u> record, specified in section <u>2.3.9.6</u>.

00000420: 2A 40 00 00 00000430: 24 00 00 00 18 00 00 00 00 00 80 3F 00 00 00 00000440: 00 00 00 00 00 80 3F 00 00 80 80 00 00 80

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	9 0 1 2 3 4 5	6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1													
Type (0x40	Type (0x402A) Flags (0x0000) Size (0x0000024) Size (0x0000024)														
Size (0x0000024)															
Size (0x0000024) DataSize (0x0000018)															
	MatrixData ((0x3F800000)													
	(0x00	000000)													
	(0x00	000000)													
	(0x3F	F800000)													
	(0x80	000000)													
	(0×80	000000)													

Figure 50: EmfPlusSetWorldTransform Record Example

Type: 0x402A identifies this record type as EmfPlusSetWorldTransform.

Flags: 0x0000 This field is undefined for this record type.

Size: 0x00000024 specifies the size in bytes of this record.

DataSize: 0x00000018 specifies the size in bytes of record-specific data in this record.

MatrixData: An EmfPlusTransformMatrix object (section 2.2.2.47) that specifies the world transform.

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3.2.32.10 EmfPlusBeginContainerNoParams Example

This section provides an example of the EmfPlusBeginContainerNoParams record (section 2.3.7.2).

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8																														
												4	Size	e (C)x0	000	000	10))												
												Da	taS	ize	(0;	x00	00	000)4)												
											Ş	Stac	:kIr	nde	x ((0x0	000	000	01)											

Figure 51: EmfPlusBeginContainerNoParams Record Example

Type: 0x4028 identifies the record type as EmfPlusBeginContainerNoParams.

Flags: 0x0000 is undefined for this record type.

Size: 0x00000010 specifies the size in bytes of the entire record.

DataSize: 0x00000004 specifies the size in bytes of the record-specific data that follows.

StackIndex: 0x00000001 specifies the identifier used to reference the container in future records. It will match a **StackIndex** value in a subsequent <u>EmfPlusEndContainer record (section 2.3.7.3)</u> that will end the container.

3.2.32.11 EmfPlusSetAntiAliasMode Example

This section provides an example of the EmfPlusAntiAliasMode record, specified in section 2.3.6.1.

00000460: 1E 40 0B 00 0C 00 00 00 00 00 00 00

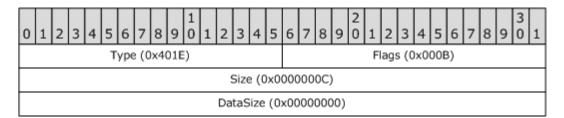


Figure 52: EmfPlusSetAntiAliasMode Record Example

Type: 0x401E identifies this record type as EmfPlusAntiAliasMode.

Flags: 0x000B specifies anti-aliasing with an 8x8 box filter.

Size: 0x000000C specifies the size in bytes of this record.

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DataSize: 0x00000000 specifies the size in bytes of record-specific data in this record, and in this case there is none.

3.2.32.12 EmfPlusSetCompositingQuality Example

This section provides an example of the <u>EmfPlusSetCompositingQuality</u> record, specified in section <u>2.3.6.3</u>.

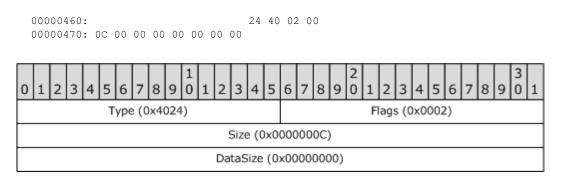


Figure 53: EmfPlusSetCompositingQuality Record Example

Type: 0x4024 identifies this record type as EmfPlusSetCompositingQuality.

Flags: 0x0002 specifies CompositingQualityHighSpeed from the <u>CompositingQuality</u> <u>enumeration (section 2.1.1.6)</u>.

Size: 0x000000C specifies the size in bytes of this record.

DataSize: 0x00000000 specifies the size in bytes of record-specific data in this record, and in this case there is none.

3.2.32.13 EmfPlusSetInterpolationMode Example

This section provides an example of the <u>EmfPlusSetInterpolationMode</u> record, specified in section 2.3.6.4.

```
        00000470:
        21 40 07 00 0C 00 00

        00000480:
        00 00 00
```

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	$\begin{bmatrix} 1\\0\\1 \end{bmatrix}$	2 3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 1 1 1 1 1																				
		Siz	e (0)x0	000	000	0C))												
		Data	Size	(0)	×00	000	000)0)												

Figure 54: EmfPlusSetInterpolationMode Record Example

Type: 0x4021 identifies this record type as EmfPlusSetInterpolationMode.

Flags: 0x0007 specifies InterpolationModeHighQualityBicubic from the <u>InterpolationMode</u> <u>enumeration (section 2.1.1.16)</u>.

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Size: 0x000000C specifies the size in bytes of this record.

DataSize: 0x00000000 specifies the size in bytes of record-specific data in this record, and in this case there is none.

3.2.32.14 EmfPlusSetPixelOffsetMode Example

This section provides an example of the <u>EmfPlusSetPixelOffsetMode</u> record, specified in section <u>2.3.6.5</u>.

00000480: 22 40 03 00 0C 00 00 00 00 00 00 00

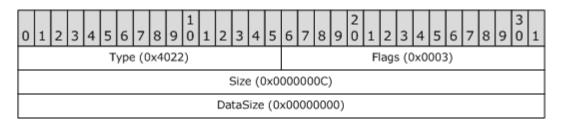


Figure 55: EmfPlusSetPixelOffsetMode Record Example

Type: 0x4022 identifies this record type as EmfPlusSetPixelOffsetMode.

Flags: 0x0003 specifies PixelOffsetModeNone from the <u>PixelOffsetMode enumeration (section</u> 2.1.1.26).

Size: 0x000000C specifies the size in bytes of this record.

DataSize: 0x00000000 specifies the size in bytes of record-specific data in this record, and in this case there is none.

3.2.32.15 EmfPlusSetTextRenderingHint Example

This section provides an example of the <u>EmfPlusSetTextRenderingHint</u> record, specified in section <u>2.3.6.8</u>.

00000490: 1F 40 05 00 0C 00 00 00 00 00 00 00

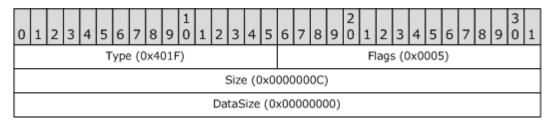


Figure 56: EmfPlusSetTextRenderingHint Record Example

Type: 0x401F identifies this record type as EmfPlusSetTextRenderingHint.

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Flags: 0x0005 specifies TextRenderingHintClearTypeGridFit from the <u>TextRenderingHint</u> enumeration (section 2.1.1.32).

Size: 0x000000C specifies the size in bytes of this record.

DataSize: 0x00000000 specifies the size in bytes of record-specific data in this record, and in this case, there is none.

3.2.32.16 EmfPlusSetPageTransform Example

This section provides an example of the EmfPlusSetPageTransform record (section 2.3.9.5).

```
00000490: 30 40 02 00
000004A0: 10 00 00 00 04 00 00 00 00 00 80 3F
```

()	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
Γ		Type (0x4030) Flags (0x0002)																														
													4	Size	e (C)x0	000	000	10))												
Γ													Da	taS	ize	(0)	x00	000	000)4)												
Γ												I	Pag	eS/	cale	e (0)x3	F80	000	00))											

Figure 57: EmfPlusSetPageTransform Record Example

Type: 0x4030 identifies this record type as EmfPlusSetPageTransform.

Flags: 0x0002 specifies UnitPixel from the UnitType enumeration (section 2.1.1.33).

Size: 0x00000010 specifies the size in bytes of this record.

DataSize: 0x00000004 specifies the size in bytes of the record-specific data in this record.

PageScale: 0x3F800000 specifies the floating-point scale factor for converting page space coordinates to device space coordinates.

3.2.32.17 EmfPlusSetWorldTransform Example

This section provides an example of the <u>EmfPlusSetWorldTransform</u> record (section <u>2.3.9.6</u>).

000004A0: 2A 40 00 00 000004B0: 24 00 00 00 18 00 00 00 00 00 80 3F 00 00 00 000004C0: 00 00 00 00 00 80 3F 00 00 80 80 00 00 80

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0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
					Т	ype	e (0	x4()2A)											F	ags	s (C)x0	000))					
	Size (0x0000024) DataSize (0x0000018)																														
	DataSize (0x0000018)																														
											Ν	1at	rix	Data	a (()x3	F8(000	00))											
														(0x	00	000	00	0)													
														(0x	00	000	00	0)													
														(0x	3F	800	000	0)													
														(0x	80	000	00	0)													
														(0x	80	000	00	0)													

Figure 58: EmfPlusSetWorldTransform Record Example

Type: 0x402A identifies the record type as EmfPlusSetWorldTransform.

Flags: 0x0000 is undefined for this record type.

Size: 0x00000024 specifies the size in bytes of the entire record.

DataSize: 0x00000018 specifies the size in bytes of the **MatrixData** field that follows.

MatrixData: An <u>EmfPlusTransformMatrix</u> object (section <u>2.2.2.47</u>) that contains the world-space transform.

3.2.32.18 EmfPlusSetWorldTransform Example

This section provides an example of the <u>EmfPlusSetWorldTransform</u> record (section <u>2.3.9.6</u>).

000004D0: 2A 40 00 00 24 00 00 18 00 00 00 00 00 80 3F 000004E0: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 80 3F 00 00 00 80 000004F0: 00 00 00 80

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0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
Г					Т	ype	e (0	x4()2A)											F	ags	s (O	x0	000))					
	Size (0x0000024) DataSize (0x0000018)																														
	Size (0x0000024) DataSize (0x0000018)																														
											Ν	/at	rix	Data	a (()x3	F8(000	00))											
Г														(0x	00	000	00	0)													
														(0x	00	000	00	0)													
														(0x	3F	800	000	0)													
														(0x	80	000	00	0)													
														(0x	80	000	00	0)													

Figure 59: EmfPlusSetWorldTransform Record Example

Type: 0x402A identifies the record type as EmfPlusSetWorldTransform.

Flags: 0x0000 is undefined for this record type.

Size: 0x00000024 specifies the size in bytes of the entire record.

DataSize: 0x00000018 specifies the size in bytes of the **MatrixData** field that follows.

MatrixData: An <u>EmfPlusTransformMatrix</u> object (section <u>2.2.2.47</u>) that contains the world-space transform.

3.2.32.19 EmfPlusSetWorldTransform Example

This section provides an example of the <u>EmfPlusSetWorldTransform</u> record (section <u>2.3.9.6</u>).

 000004F0:
 2A
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 00000500:
 0D
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0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
Г					Т	ype	e (0	x4()2A)											F	ags	s (O)x0	000))					
	Size (0x0000024) DataSize (0x0000018)																														
	Size (0x0000024) DataSize (0x0000018)																														
											Μ	latr	ixD	ata	n (C)x3/	AD/	474	10D)											
Г														(0x	00	000	00	0)													
														(0x	00	000	00	0)													
														(0x	3AI	DA7	740	D)													
														(0x	80	000	00	0)													
														(0x	80	000	00	0)													

Figure 60: EmfPlusSetWorldTransform Record Example

Type: 0x402A identifies the record type as EmfPlusSetWorldTransform.

Flags: 0x0000 is undefined for this record type.

Size: 0x00000024 specifies the size in bytes of the entire record.

DataSize: 0x00000018 specifies the size in bytes of the MatrixData field that follows.

MatrixData: An <u>EmfPlusTransformMatrix</u> object (section <u>2.2.2.47</u>) that contains the world-space transform.

3.2.32.20 EmfPlusSetWorldTransform Example

This section provides an example of the <u>EmfPlusSetWorldTransform</u> record (section <u>2.3.9.6</u>).

 00000510:
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 00000520:
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0 1 2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
			Т	ype	e (0	x4()2A)											F	ags	s (C)x0	000))					
	Size (0x0000024) DataSize (0x0000018)																												
	Size (0x0000024) DataSize (0x0000018)																												
									Ν	1atı	rixE	Data	a (()x3	E2(C5F	92)											
												(0x	00	000	00	0)													
												(0x	00	000	00	0)													
												(0x	3D	385	51E	B)													
												(0x	80	000	00	0)													
												(0x	80	000	00	0)													

Figure 61: EmfPlusSetWorldTransform Record Example

Type: 0x402A identifies the record type as EmfPlusSetWorldTransform.

Flags: 0x0000 is undefined for this record type.

Size: 0x00000024 specifies the size in bytes of the entire record.

DataSize: 0x00000018 specifies the size in bytes of the **MatrixData** field that follows.

MatrixData: An <u>EmfPlusTransformMatrix</u> object (section <u>2.2.2.47</u>) that contains the world-space transform.

3.2.32.21 EmfPlusObject Example

This section provides an example of the EmfPlusObject record (section 2.3.5.1).

00000530:													08	40	00	03
00000540:	C4	00	00	00	В8	00	00	00	02	10	С0	DB	13	00	00	00
00000550:	00	00	00	00	FC	7F	F5	43	CF	FF	$\mathbf{F}\mathbf{F}$	ΒF	9D	8E	08	44
00000560:	1E	01	00	С0	FΕ	BF	13	44	EΒ	15	2в	42	$\mathbf{F}\mathbf{F}$	BF	13	44
00000570:	FC	$\mathbf{F}\mathbf{F}$	CЗ	42	$\mathbf{F}\mathbf{F}$	ΒF	13	44	FΕ	FF	СЗ	42	$\mathbf{F}\mathbf{F}$	BF	13	44
00000580:	01	00	C4	42	$\mathbf{F}\mathbf{F}$	BF	13	44	03	00	C4	42	$\mathbf{F}\mathbf{F}$	BF	13	44
00000590:	$\mathbf{F}\mathbf{F}$	$\mathbf{F}\mathbf{F}$	F5	43	$\mathbf{F}\mathbf{F}$	BF	13	44	9F	CE	08	44	9F	8E	08	44
000005A0:	$\mathbf{F}\mathbf{F}$	$\mathbf{F}\mathbf{F}$	13	44	00	80	F5	43	FF	FF	13	44	05	00	C2	42
000005B0:	FF	FF	13	44	16	16	27	42	00	00	14	44	72	FF	ЗF	С0
000005C0:	9F	CE	08	44	Ε8	FF	ЗF	С0	01	00	Fб	43	10	00	40	С0
000005D0:	04	00	C4	42	64	00	40	С0	17	16	2В	42	FA	15	27	42
000005E0:	Ε8	FΕ	\mathbf{FF}	BF	Fб	$\mathbf{F}\mathbf{F}$	C1	42	26	00	00	C0	00	03	03	03
000005F0:	03	03	03	01	03	03	03	01	03	03	03	01	03	03	83	BF

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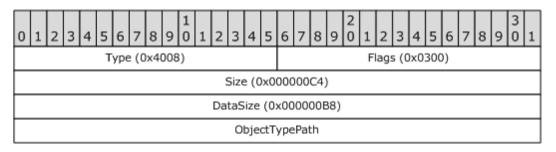


Figure 62: EmfPlusObject Record Example

Type: 0x4008 identifies the record type as EmfPlusObject.

Flags: 0x0300 specifies an <u>EmfPlusPath</u> object (section <u>2.2.1.6</u>) from the <u>ObjectType</u> enumeration (section <u>2.1.1.22</u>), and index 0x00 for the graphics object in the **EMF+ Object Table** (section <u>3.1.2</u>).

Size: 0x000000C4 specifies the size in bytes of the entire record.

DataSize: 0x000000B8 specifies the size in bytes of the record-specific data that follows.

ObjectTypePath: An EmfPlusPath object.

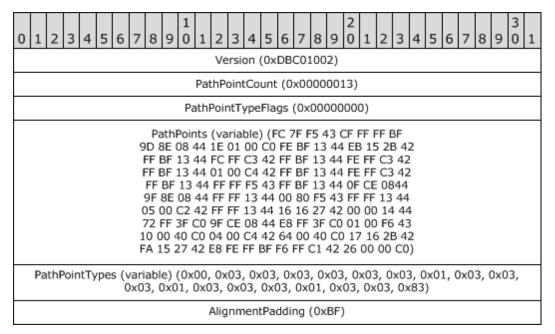


Figure 63: EmfPlusPath Object Example

Version: 0xDBC01002 specifies the graphics version that was used to create the EmfPlusPath object in this record. The value 0xDBC01002 corresponds to GDI+ version 1.1.

PathPointCount: 0x00000013 specifies the number of elements in the **PathPoints** and **PathPointTypes** arrays.

PathPointTypeFlags: 0x00000000 specifies that the path point type values are not compressed.

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PathPoints: An array of **PathPointCount** <u>EmfPlusPointF</u> objects that specify the endpoints and control points of the lines and Bezier curves that define the path.

PathPointTypes: An array of **PathPointCount** bytes that specify the point types and flags for the data points in the path. Point types determine how the points are used to draw the path, and are values in the **PathPointType** enumeration (section <u>2.1.1.23</u>).

AlignmentPadding: An extra byte that makes the total size of this record a multiple of 4 bytes. The value of this field is indeterminate and is ignored.

3.2.32.22 EmfPlusFillPath Example

This section provides an example of the EmfPlusFillPath record (section 2.3.4.17).

00000600: 14 40 00 80 10 00 00 00 04 00 00 00 FF FF FF 00

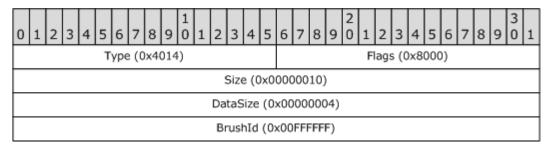


Figure 64: EmfPlusFillPath Record Example

Type: 0x4014 identifies the record type as EmfPlusFillPath.

Flags: 0x8000 specifies that a solid color is specified in the BrushId field.

Size: 0x00000010 specifies the size in bytes of the entire record.

DataSize: 0x00000004 specifies the size in bytes of the BrushID field that follows.

BrushId: 0x00FFFFFF specifies the fill color, which is white.

3.2.33 EMR_COMMENT_EMFPLUS Example

This section provides an example of the EMF <u>EMR COMMENT EMFPLUS</u> record (<u>[MS-EMF]</u> section 2.3.3.2).

00000610: 46 00 00 00 50 00 00 00 44 00 00 00 45 4D 46 2B

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0	1	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
	Type (0x0000046)																															
Γ													Ś	Size	e (C	x0	000	000	50))												
Γ													Da	taS	ize	(0)	<00	00	004	14)												
												Eſ	MFF	lus	sSig	nat	ure	€ ("	ЕM	F+'	")											

Figure 65: EMF EMR_COMMENT_EMFPLUS Record Example

Type: 0x00000046 identifies this record as an EMF comment record (<u>[MS-EMF]</u> section 2.3.3).

Size: 0x00000050 specifies the size of this record in bytes, including embedded EMF+ records.

DataSize: 0x00000044 specifies the size of the EMF+ data in bytes.

EMFPlusSignature: "EMF+" identifies the comment record type as EMR_COMMENT_EMFPLUS.

The embedded EMF+ records are presented in the sections that follow.

3.2.33.1 EmfPlusObject Example

This section provides an example of the EmfPlusObject record (section 2.3.5.1).

00000620: 08 40 01 02 30 00 00 24 00 00 02 10 C0 DB 00000630: 00 00 00 00 80 00 00 00 02 00 00 00 00 80 3F 00000640: 00 00 00 00 02 10 C0 DB 00 00 00 00 00 00 FF

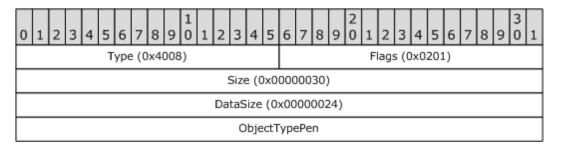


Figure 66: EmfPlusObject Record Example

Type: 0x4008 identifies the record type as EmfPlusObject.

Flags: 0x0201 specifies an <u>EmfPlusPen</u> object (section <u>2.2.1.7</u>) from the <u>ObjectType</u> enumeration (section <u>2.1.1.22</u>), and index 0x01 for the graphics object in the **EMF+ Object Table** (section <u>3.1.2</u>).

Size: 0x00000030 specifies the size in bytes of the entire record.

DataSize: 0x00000024 specifies the size in bytes of the record-specific data that follows.

ObjectTypePen: An EmfPlusPen object that specifies the graphics pen defined by this object record.

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0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
Γ												Ve	ersi	on	(0x	DB	C01	100	2)												
Γ												Т	Гур	e ((0×0	000	000	000)												
Γ												I	Per	nDa	ta (va	riat	ole)													
Γ												Br	usł	ıOb	jec	t (\	/ari	abl	e)												

Figure 67: EmfPlusPen Graphics Object Example

Version: 0xDBC01002 specifies the graphics version that was used to create the EmfPlusPen object in this record. The value 0xDBC01002 corresponds to GDI+ version 1.1.

Type: 0x00000000 is not used.

PenData: An <u>EmfPlusPenData</u> object (section <u>2.2.2.33</u>) that specifies the characteristics of the graphics pen, including both required and optional fields.

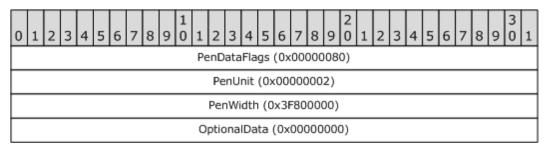


Figure 68: EmfPlusPenData Structure Object Example

PenDataFlags: 0x0000080 specifies that a dashed-line offset value is present in the **OptionalData** field of this object. This is a value from the <u>PenData</u> bit flag constants (section <u>2.1.2.7</u>).

PenUnit: 0x0000002 specifies a unit of one pixel for the pen, from the <u>UnitType</u> enumeration (section <u>2.1.1.33</u>).

PenWidth: 0x3F800000 specifies a floating-point value that is the width of the stroke drawn by the pen, in the units specified by the **PenUnit** field.

OptionalData: 0x00000000 specifies a zero dashed-line offset.

BrushObject: An <u>EmfPlusBrush</u> object 2.2.1.1 that specifies the graphics brush associated with the pen.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
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												Т	Гур	e (()x0	000	000	00)												
											l	Bru	shD	Data	a (C)xF	FOC	000	00)												

Figure 69: EmfPlusBrush Graphics Object Example

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Version: 0xDBC01002 specifies the graphics version that was used to create the EmfPlusBrush object in this record.

Type: 0x00000000 specifies a solid color brush from the **<u>BrushType</u>** enumeration <u>2.1.1.3</u>.

BrushData: 0xFF000000 specifies a blue brush color.

3.2.33.2 EmfPlusDrawPath Example

This section provides an example of the EmfPlusDrawPath record, specified in section 2.3.4.11.

00000650: 15 40 00 00 10 00 00 00 04 00 00 00 01 00 00 00

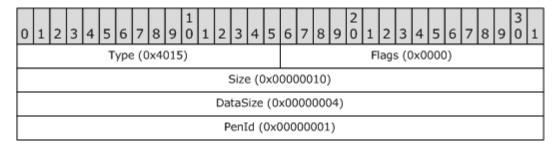


Figure 70: EmfPlusDrawPath Record Example

Type: 0x4015 identifies this record type as EmfPlusDrawPath.

Flags: 0x0000 specifies the graphics object identifier and object type.

Size: 0x00000010 specifies the 32-bit-aligned size of the entire record in bytes, including the 12byte record header and the record-specific buffer data.

DataSize: 0x00000004 specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes of data in the **RecordData** member that follows. This number does not include the size of the invariant part of this record.

PenId: 0x00000001 specifies the index into the Object Table for the EmfPlusPen object to use.

3.2.34 EMR_RESTOREDC Example

This section provides an example of the EMF <u>EMR_RESTOREDC record</u> ([MS-EMF] section 2.3.11.6).

00000660: 22 00 00 00 0C 00 00 00 FF FF FF FF

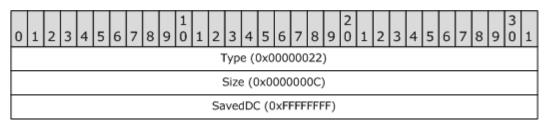


Figure 71: EMF EMR_RESTOREDC Record Example

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Type: 0x00000022 identifies the EMF record type as EMR_RESTOREDC.

Size: 0x000000C specifies the size of this record in bytes.

SavedDC: 0xFFFFFFF specifies the most recently saved state.

3.2.35 EMR_RESTOREDC Example

This section provides an example of the EMF <u>EMR_RESTOREDC record</u> ([MS-EMF] section 2.3.11.6).

00000660: 22 00 00 00 00000670: 0C 00 00 00 FF FF FF FF

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
												Т	Ър	e ((0x0	000	000	22))												
Γ												ŝ	Size	e (0	x0(000	00	0C))												
												Sa	veo	DC	:(0	xFF	FFF	FFF	F)												

Figure 72: EMF EMR_RESTOREDC Record Example

Type: 0x00000022 identifies the EMF record type as EMR_RESTOREDC.

Size: 0x000000C specifies the size of this record in bytes.

SavedDC: 0xFFFFFFF specifies the most recently saved state.

3.2.36 EMR_SELECTOBJECT Example

This section provides an example of the <u>EMR_SELECTOBJECT</u> record, specified in <u>[MS-EMF]</u> section 2.3.8.5.

C)	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
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Γ													9	Size	e (0	x0(000	00	0C))												
										Ih	Ob	jed	t (0)x8	000	000	0D:	=S'	YST	ΈM	_F(ONT	Γ)									

Figure 73: EMF EMR_SELECTOBJECT Record Example

Type: 0x00000025 identifies this EMF record type as EMR_SELECTOBJECT.

Size: 0x000000C specifies the size of this record in bytes.

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ihObject: 0x800000D specifies the index of an object in the object table.

3.2.37 EMR_RESTOREDC Example

This section provides an example of the EMF <u>EMR_RESTOREDC record</u> ([MS-EMF] section 2.3.11.6).

00000680: 22 00 00 00 0C 00 00 00 FF FF FF FF

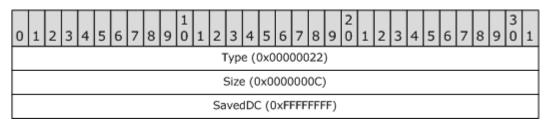


Figure 74: EMF EMR_RESTOREDC Record Example

Type: 0x00000022 identifies the EMF record type as EMR_RESTOREDC.

Size: 0x0000000C specifies the size of this record in bytes.

SavedDC: 0xFFFFFFF specifies the most recently saved state.

3.2.38 EMR_SAVEDC Example

This section provides an example of the <u>EMR_SAVEDC</u> record, specified in <u>[MS-EMF]</u> section 2.3.10.

00000690: 21 00 00 00 08 00 00 00

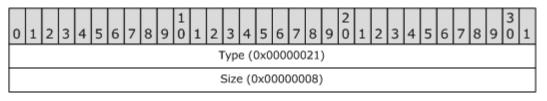


Figure 75: EMF EMR_SAVEDC Record Example

Type: 0x00000021 identifies this EMF record type as EMR_SAVEDC.

Size: 0x0000008 specifies the size of this record in bytes.

3.2.39 EMR_SETLAYOUT Example

This section provides an example of the EMF <u>EMR_SETLAYOUT</u> record (<u>[MS-EMF]</u> section 2.3.11.17).

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Figure 76: EMF EMR_SETLAYOUT Record Example

Type: 0x00000073 identifies this record type as EMR_SETLAYOUT.

Size: 0x000000C specifies the size of this record in bytes.

LayoutMode: 0x0000000 specifies left-to-right horizontal layout.

3.2.40 EMR_SETMETARGN Example

This section provides an example of the <u>EMR_SETMETARGN</u> record, specified in <u>[MS-EMF]</u> section 2.3.10.

000006A0: 1C 00 00 08 00 00 00

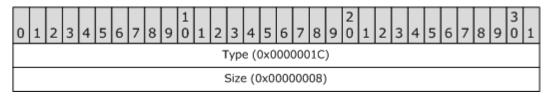


Figure 77: EMF EMR_SETMETARGN Record Example

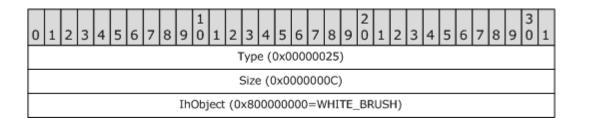
Type: 0x0000001C identifies this EMF record type as EMR_SETMETARGN.

Size: 0x0000008 specifies the size of this record.

3.2.41 EMR_SELECTOBJECT Example

This section provides an example of the <u>EMR_SELECTOBJECT</u> record, specified in <u>[MS-EMF]</u> section 2.3.8.5.

```
000006A0: 25 00 00 00
000006B0: OC 00 00 00 00 00 00 80
```



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Figure 78: EMF EMR_SELECTOBJECT Record Example

Type: 0x00000025 identifies this EMF record type as EMR_SELECTOBJECT.

Size: 0x000000C specifies the size of this record in bytes.

ihObject: 0x80000000 specifies the index of an object in the object table.

3.2.42 EMR_SELECTOBJECT Example

This section provides an example of the <u>EMR_SELECTOBJECT</u> record, specified in <u>[MS-EMF]</u> section 2.3.8.5.

```
000006B0: 25 00 00 0C 00 00 00
000006C0: 07 00 00 80
```

()	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
													Т	ур	e (()×0	000	000	25))												
													Ş	Size	e (0	x0(000	00	0C))												
Γ											IhC)bje	ect	(0x	800	000	00	7=I	BLA	CK	_PE	EN)										

Figure 79: EMF EMR_SELECTOBJECT Record Example

Type: 0x00000025 identifies this EMF record type as EMR_SELECTOBJECT.

Size: 0x000000C specifies the size of this record in bytes.

ihObject: 0x80000007 specifies the index of an object in the object table.

3.2.43 EMR_SELECTOBJECT Example

This section provides an example of the <u>EMR_SELECTOBJECT</u> record, specified in <u>[MS-EMF]</u> section 2.3.8.5.

```
000006C0: 25 00 00 00 0C 00 00 00 0E 00 00 80
```

()	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
													Т	Гур	e ((0×0	000	000	25))												
Γ													Ś	Siz€	e (C)x0	000	00	0C))												
]	(hO	bje	ct ((0x	800	000	00	E=0	DEV	/ICI	E_D)EF	AUI	LT_	FO	NT)								

Figure 80: EMF EMR_SELECTOBJECT Record Example

Type: 0x00000025 identifies this EMF record type as EMR_SELECTOBJECT.

Size: 0x000000C specifies the size of this record in bytes.

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ihObject: 0x8000000E specifies the index of an object in the object table.

3.2.44 EMR_SELECTPALETTE Example

This section provides an example of the <u>EMR_SELECTPALETTE</u> record (<u>[MS-EMF]</u> section 2.3.8.6).

000006D0: 30 00 00 00 0C 00 00 00 0F 00 00 80

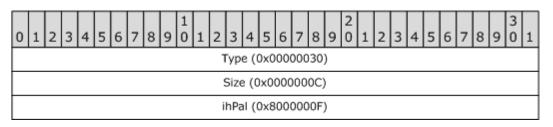


Figure 81: EMF EMR_SELECTPALETTE Record Example

Type: 0x00000030 identifies this EMF record type as EMR_SELECTPALETTE.

Size: 0x000000C specifies the size of this record in bytes.

ihPal: 0x800000F specifies the palette index. The palette can be selected in background mode only.

3.2.45 EMR_SETBKCOLOR Example

This section provides an example of the <u>EMR_SETBKCOLOR</u> record, specified in <u>[MS-EMF]</u> section 2.3.11.10.

000006D0: 19 00 00 00 000006E0: 0C 00 00 00 FF FF FF 00

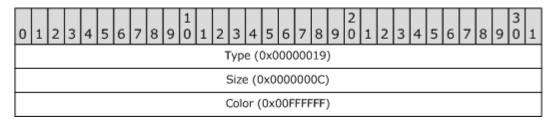


Figure 82: EMF EMR_SETBKCOLOR Record Example

Type: 0x00000019 identifies this EMF record type as EMR_SETBKCOLOR.

Size: 0x000000C specifies the size of this record in bytes.

Color: 0x00FFFFFF specifies the background color value of the <u>WMF</u> <u>ColorRef</u> object as specified in [MS-WMF] section 2.2.2.8.

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3.2.46 EMR_SETTEXTCOLOR Example

This section provides an example of the <u>EMR_SETTEXTCOLOR</u> record, specified in <u>[MS-EMF]</u> section 2.3.11.26.

000006E0: 18 00 00 0C 00 00 00 000006F0: 00 00 00

0	1	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
													٦	Гур	e ((0x0	000	000	18))												
Γ													9	Size	e (C)x0	000	00	0C))												
Γ													C	Colo	or (0x0	00	000	000)												

Figure 83: EMF EMR_SETTEXTCOLOR Record Example

Type: 0x00000018 identifies this EMF record type as EMR_SETTEXTCOLOR.

Size: 0x000000C specifies the size of this record in bytes.

Color: 0x0000000 specifies the text color value.

3.2.47 EMR_SETBKMODE Example

This section provides an example of the EMF <u>EMR_SETBKMODE</u> record (<u>[MS-EMF]</u> section 2.3.11.11).

000006F0: 12 00 00 00 0C 00 00 02 00 00 00

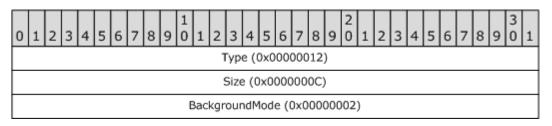


Figure 84: EMF EMR_SETBKMODE Record Example

Type: 0x00000012 identifies the record type as EMR_SETBKMODE.

Size: 0x000000C specifies the size of this record in bytes.

BackgroundMode: 0x00000002 specifies **OPAQUE** background mode. This value is defined in the EMF <u>BackgroundMode</u> enumeration (<u>[MS-EMF]</u> section 2.1.4).

3.2.48 EMR_SETPOLYFILLMODE Example

This section provides an example of the EMF <u>EMR SETPOLYFILLMODE</u> record (<u>[MS-EMF]</u> section 2.3.11.22).

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0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
												٦	Гур	e ((0×0	000	000	13))												
												Ş	Size	e (C)x0(000	00	0C)													
											Pol	ygo	nFi	IIM	ode	9) (0	x0(000	000	01)											

Figure 85: EMF EMR_SETPOLYFILLMODE Record Example

Type: 0x00000013 identifies the record type as EMR_SETPOLYFILLMODE.

Size: 0x000000C specifies the size of this record in bytes.

PolygonFillMode: 0x00000001 specifies ALTERNATE polygon fill mode. This value is defined in the EMF **PolygonFillMode** enumeration ([MS-EMF] section 2.1.27).

3.2.49 EMR_SETROP2 Example

This section provides an example of the EMF <u>EMR_SETROP2</u> record (<u>[MS-EMF]</u> section 2.3.11.23).

```
00000700.
                                   14 00 00 00
00000710: OC 00 00 00 0D 00 00 00
```

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
Γ												Т	Гур	e (()×0	000	000	14)												
Γ												ŝ	Size	e (C	x0	000	00	0C))												
											F	ROP	2M	lode	e (C)x0	000	000	0D)											

Figure 86: EMF EMR_SETROP2 Record Example

Type: 0x00000014 identifies the record type as EMR_SETROP2.

Size: 0x000000C specifies the size of this record in bytes.

ROP2Mode: 0x000000D specifies the R2_COPYPEN raster operation mode. This value is defined in the WMF **Binary Raster Operation** enumeration ([MS-WMF] section 2.1.1.2).

3.2.50 EMR_SETSTRETCHBLTMODE Example

This section provides an example of the EMF <u>EMR_SETSTRETCHBLTMODE</u> record (<u>[MS-EMF]</u> section 2.3.11.24).

```
00000710:
                              15 00 00 00 0C 00 00 00
00000720: 01 00 00 00
```

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0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
												Т	Гур	e ((0×0	000	000	15))												
												Ś	Size	e (C)x0	000	00	0C))												
											S	tret	tchl	Мос	le (0x(000	000	001	l)											

Figure 87: EMF EMR_SETSTRETCHBLTMODE Record Example

Type: 0x00000015 identifies the record type as EMR_SETSTRETCHBLTMODE.

Size: 0x000000C specifies the size of this record in bytes.

StretchMode: 0x00000001 specifies a Boolean AND operation using the color values for the eliminated and existing pixels, from the EMF <u>StretchMode</u> enumeration (<u>[MS-EMF]</u> section 2.1.32).

3.2.51 EMR_SETTEXTALIGN Example

This section provides an example of the <u>EMR_SETTEXTALIGN</u> record (<u>[MS-EMF]</u> section 2.3.11.25).

00000720: 16 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
													1	Гур	e ((0x0	000	000	16))												
ĺ													9	Size	e (C)x0	000	00	0C)													
ĺ											Те	:xtA	۱ig	nm	ent	Mo	de	(0x	000	000	00	0)										

Figure 88: EMF EMR_SETTEXTALIGN Record Example

Type: 0x00000016 identifies this EMF record type as EMR_SETTEXTALIGN.

Size: 0x000000C specifies the size of this record in bytes.

TextAlignmentMode: 0x00000000 specifies text alignment using a mask of WMF <u>TextAlignmentMode</u> flags or <u>VerticalTextAlignmentMode</u> flags (<u>MS-WMF</u>) section 2.1.2.3 or <u>2.1.2.4</u>, respectively). Only one flag can be chosen from those that affect horizontal and vertical alignment. In addition, only one of the two flags that alter the current position can be chosen.

3.2.52 EMR_SETBRUSHORGEX Example

This section provides an example of the <u>EMR_SETBRUSHORGEX</u> record, specified in <u>[MS-EMF]</u> section 2.3.11.12.

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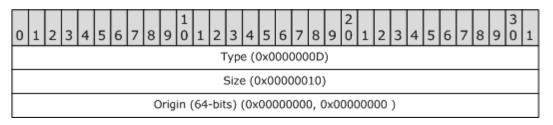


Figure 89: EMF EMR_SETBRUSHORGEX Record Example

Type: 0x000000D identifies this EMF record type as EMR_SETBRUSHORGEX.

Size: 0x00000010 specifies the size of this record in bytes.

Origin: (0x00000000, 0x00000000) specifies the brush horizontal and vertical origin in device units.

3.2.53 EMR_SETMITERLIMIT Example

This section provides an example of the EMF <u>EMR_SETMITERLIMIT</u> record (<u>[MS-EMF]</u> section 2.3.11.21).

00000740: 3A 00 00 00 0C 00 00 00 0A 00 00 00

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
												Т	ур	e (()×0	000	000	3A)												
Γ												5	Size	e (O)x0	000	000	0C))												
												Mite	erLi	imit	: (0	x0(000	000	0A)												

Figure 90: EMF EMR_SETMITERLIMIT Record Example

Type: 0x0000003A identifies the record type as EMR_SETMITERLIMIT.

Size: 0x000000C specifies the size of this record in bytes.

MiterLimit: 0x000000A specifies a miter length limit of 10 logical units.

3.2.54 EMR_MOVETOEX Example

This section provides an example of the <u>EMR_MOVETOEX</u> record, specified in <u>[MS-EMF]</u> section 2.3.11.4.

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0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
												Т	УP	e (()×0	000	000	1B)												
Γ	Type (0x000001B) Size (0x0000010)																														
Γ												0	ffse	et (0x0	000	000	000))												
														(0)	‹00	000	000	0)													

Figure 91: EMF EMR_MOVETOEX Record Example

Type: 0x0000001B identifies this EMF record type as EMR_MOVETOEX.

Size: 0x00000010 specifies the size of this record in bytes.

Offset: (0x00000000, 0x00000000) specifies coordinates of the new current position in logical units.

3.2.55 EMR_SETWORLDTRANSFORM Example

This section provides an example of the EMF <u>EMR_SETWORLDTRANSFORM</u> record (section [MS-EMF] section 2.3.12.2).

00000750: 23 00 00 00 00000760: 20 00 00 00 87 C3 81 3F 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00000770: 7A BD 80 3F 00 00 00 80 00 00 80

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
												Т	уp	e (()x0	000	000	23)												
	Size (0x0000020)																														
	Xform (0x3F81C387)																														
														(0x	00	000	00	0)													
														(0x	00	000	00	0)													
														(0x	3F8	30B	D7	A)													
														(0x	80	000	00	0)													
														(0x	80	000	00	0)													

Figure 92: EMF EMR_SETWORLDTRANSFORM Record Example

Type: 0x00000023 identifies the record type as EMR_SETWORLDTRANSFORM.

Size: 0x00000020 specifies the size of this record in bytes.

Xform: (1.005782, 0.000000, 0.000000, 1.013780, 0.000000, 0.000000) an EMF \underline{XForm} object (section <u>2.2.28</u>), which specifies the world space to page space transformation.

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3.2.56 EMR_MODIFYWORLDTRANSFORM Example

This section provides an example of the EMF <u>EMR_MODIFYWORLDTRANSFORM</u> record (<u>[MS-EMF]</u> section 2.3.12.1).

00000780: 24 00 00 00 87 C3 81 3F 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00000790: 7A BD 80 3F 00 00 00 80 00 00 80 00 00 80 04 00 00 00

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0															6	7	8	1	
	Type (0x00000024)																			
Size (0x00000024)																				
Xform (0x3F81C387)																				
				(0x	00	000	00	0)												
				(0x	00	000	00	0)												
				(0x	3F8	30B	D7	A)												
				(0>	80	000	00	0)												
				(0>	80	000	00	0)												
	Modif	yWor	ldTra	ansf	òrn	nMo	ode	(0	x00	000	000	04)								

Figure 93: EMF EMR_MODIFYWORLDTRANSFORM Record Example

Type: 0x00000024 identifies the record type as EMR_MODIFYWORLDTRANSFORM.

Size: 0x00000024 specifies the size of this record in bytes.

Xform: (1.005782, 0.000000, 0.000000, 1.013780, 0.000000, 0.000000) an EMF \underline{XForm} object (section 2.2.28), which specifies the world space to page space transformation.

ModifyWorldTransformMode: 0x00000004 specifies that this record performs the function of an EMF <u>EMR SETWORLDTRANSFORM</u> record (section <u>2.3.12.2</u>). This value is defined in the EMF <u>ModifyWorldTransformMode</u> enumeration (<u>[MS-EMF]</u> section 2.1.24).

3.2.57 EMR_SETLAYOUT Example

This section provides an example of the EMF <u>EMR_SETLAYOUT</u> record (<u>[MS-EMF]</u> section 2.3.11.17).

000007A0: 73 00 00 00 0C 00 00 00 00 00 00 00

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0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1

Type (0x00000073)

Size (0x0000000C)

LayoutMode (0x0000000)

Figure 94: EMF EMR_SETLAYOUT Record Example

Type: 0x00000073 identifies this record type as EMR_SETLAYOUT.

Size: 0x000000C specifies the size of this record in bytes.

LayoutMode: 0x0000000 specifies left-to-right horizontal layout.

3.2.58 EMR_COMMENT_BEGINGROUP Example

This section provides an example of the EMF <u>EMR COMMENT BEGINGROUP</u> record (<u>[MS-EMF]</u> section 2.3.3.4.1).

000007A0:													46	00	00	00
000007B0:	60	00	00	00	52	00	00	00	47	44	49	43	02	00	00	00
000007C0:	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	66	00	00	00	6C	00	00	00
000007D0:	1В	00	00	00	41	00	70	00	70	00	4E	00	61	00	6D	00
000007E0:	65	00	00	00	49	00	6D	00	61	00	67	00	65	00	20	00
000007F0:	44	00	65	00	73	00	63	00	72	00	69	00	70	00	74	00
00000800:	69	00	6F	00	6E	00	00	00	00	00	00	00				

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 6 7 8 9 6 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6	7 8 9 0 1													
Type (0x0000046)														
Size (0x0000000)														
DataSize (0x0000052)														
Identifier ("GDIC")														
Identifier ("GDIC") CommentType (0x0000002)														
OutputRect (0x0000000)														
(0×0000000)														
(0×0000066)														
(0x000006C)														
nDescription (0x000001B)														
Description ("AppName Image Description")														
(Description cont. for 12 rows)														

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Figure 95: EMF EMR_COMMENT_BEGINGROUP Record Example

Type: 0x00000046 identifies this record as an EMF comment record (<u>[MS-EMF]</u> section 2.3.3).

Size: 0x00000060 specifies the size of this record in bytes.

DataSize: 0x00000052 specifies the size of the following fields and data in bytes.

Identifier: "GDIC" identifies this record as an EMF <u>EMR COMMENT PUBLIC</u> record (<u>[MS-EMF]</u> section 2.3.3.4).

CommentType: 0x0000002 identifies the type of EMR_COMMENT_PUBLIC record as EMR_COMMENT_BEGINGROUP, from the EMF <u>EmrComment</u> enumeration (<u>[MS-EMF]</u> section 2.1.10).

OutputRect: (0x00000000, 0x00000000, 0x00000066, 0x0000006C) defines a WMF <u>RectL</u> object (<u>[MS-WMF]</u> section 2.2.2.19), which defines the bounding rectangle for output in logical units.

nDescription: 0x0000001B specifies the number of Unicode characters in the description string.

Description: "AppName Image Description".

3.2.59 EMR_SETWORLDTRANSFORM Example

This section provides an example of the EMF <u>EMR_SETWORLDTRANSFORM</u> record (section <u>[MS-EMF]</u> section 2.3.12.2).

00000800: 23 00 00 00 00000810: 20 00 00 FF FF 7F 3F 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00000820: FD FF 7F 3F 00 00 00 00 00 00 00

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
												Т	уp	e (()x0	000	000	23)												
													Siz	e (0x0	00	002	20)													
Γ	Size (0x000020) Xform (0x3F7FFFF)																														
Γ														(0>	:00	000	000	0)													
														(0>	:00	000	000	0)													
														(0)	(3F	7FF	FFI	D)													
														(0>	:00	000	000	0)													
														(0>	00	000	000	0)													

Figure 96: EMF EMR_SETWORLDTRANSFORM Record Example

Type: 0x00000023 identifies the record type as EMR_SETWORLDTRANSFORM.

Size: 0x00000020 specifies the size of this record in bytes.

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Xform: (1.000000, 0.000000, 0.000000, 1.000000, 0.000000, 0.000000) an EMF <u>XForm</u> object (section <u>2.2.28</u>), which specifies the world space to page space transformation.

3.2.60 EMR_MODIFYWORLDTRANSFORM Example

This section provides an example of the EMF <u>EMR_MODIFYWORLDTRANSFORM</u> record (<u>[MS-EMF]</u> section 2.3.12.1).

0	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0															1											
Г	Type (0x00000024)																										
	Size (0x0000024)																										
	Xform (0x3F7FFFF)																										
														(0x	:00	000	000	0)									
														(0x	:00	000	000	0)									
														(0)	3F	7FF	FFI	D)									
														(0x	:00	000	000	0)									
														(0x	:00	000	000	0)									
									Mo	dify	Wo	orld	Tra	nsf	orn	nΜe	ode	(0	×00	000	000	04)					

Figure 97: EMF EMR_MODIFYWORLDTRANSFORM Record Example

Type: 0x00000024 identifies the record type as EMR_MODIFYWORLDTRANSFORM.

Size: 0x00000024 specifies the size of this record in bytes.

Xform: (1.000000, 0.000000, 0.000000, 1.000000, 0.000000, 0.000000) an EMF <u>XForm</u> object (section <u>2.2.28</u>), which specifies the world space to page space transformation.

ModifyWorldTransformMode: 0x00000004 specifies that this record performs the function of an EMF <u>EMR_SETWORLDTRANSFORM</u> record (section <u>2.3.12.2</u>). This value is defined in the EMF <u>ModifyWorldTransformMode</u> enumeration (<u>[MS-EMF]</u> section 2.1.24).

3.2.61 EMR_MODIFYWORLDTRANSFORM Example

This section provides an example of the EMF <u>EMR_MODIFYWORLDTRANSFORM</u> record (<u>[MS-EMF]</u> section 2.3.12.1).

 000008B0:
 24
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 DA
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 000008C0:
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0	1 2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
\square											Т	уp	e (()x0	000	000	24)									_			
	Size (0x00000024) Xform (0x3ADA740D)																													
	Xform (0x3ADA740D)																													
													(0x	00	000	00	0)													
													(0x	00	000	00	0)													
													(0x	3AI	DA7	740	C)													
													(0x	00	000	00	0)													
													(0x	00	000	00	0)													
								Mo	dify	Wo	orld	Tra	nsf	orn	nMo	ode	: (0	x0(000	000	04)									

Figure 98: EMF EMR_MODIFYWORLDTRANSFORM Record Example

Type: 0x00000024 identifies the record type as EMR_MODIFYWORLDTRANSFORM.

Size: 0x00000024 specifies the size of this record in bytes.

Xform: (0.001667, 0.000000, 0.000000, 0.001667, 0.000000, 0.000000,) an EMF \underline{XForm} object (section 2.2.28), which specifies the world space to page space transformation.

ModifyWorldTransformMode: 0x0000004 specifies that this record performs the function of an EMF <u>EMR_SETWORLDTRANSFORM</u> record (section <u>2.3.12.2</u>). This value is defined in the EMF <u>ModifyWorldTransformMode</u> enumeration (<u>[MS-EMF]</u> section 2.1.24).

3.2.62 EMR_MODIFYWORLDTRANSFORM Example

This section provides an example of the EMF <u>EMR_MODIFYWORLDTRANSFORM</u> record (<u>[MS-EMF]</u> section 2.3.12.1).

 000008F0:
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 00000900:
 92
 5F
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 3E
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 00
 38
 3E

 00000910:
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0 1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
<u> </u>											Т	yp	e (()x0	000	000	24)									_			
	Size (0x00000024) Xform (0x3E2C5E92)																													
	Xform (0x3E2C5F92) (0x00000000)																													
													(0x	00	000	000	0)													
													(0x	00	000	000	0)													
													(0x	3E	385	51E	9)													
													(0x	00	000	000	0)													
													(0x	00	000	000	0)													
								Mo	dify	Wo	orld	Tra	nsf	orn	nMo	ode	(0	x0(000	000	04)									

Figure 99: EMF EMR_MODIFYWORLDTRANSFORM Record Example

Type: 0x00000024 identifies the record type as EMR_MODIFYWORLDTRANSFORM.

Size: 0x00000024 specifies the size of this record in bytes.

Xform: (0.180000, 0.000000, 0.000000, 0.168333, 0.000000, 0.000000) an EMF \underline{XForm} object (section 2.2.28), which specifies the world space to page space transformation.

ModifyWorldTransformMode: 0x0000004 specifies that this record performs the function of an EMF <u>EMR_SETWORLDTRANSFORM</u> record (section <u>2.3.12.2</u>). This value is defined in the EMF <u>ModifyWorldTransformMode</u> enumeration (<u>[MS-EMF]</u> section 2.1.24).

3.2.63 EMR_SELECTOBJECT Example

This section provides an example of the <u>EMR_SELECTOBJECT</u> record, specified in <u>[MS-EMF]</u> section 2.3.8.5.

00000910: 25 00 00 00 00000920: 0C 00 00 00 05 00 00 80

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
	Type (0x0000025)																															
ſ	Size (0x000000C)																															
										Ι	hOl	oje	ct (0x8	300	000	005	=N	UL	L_E	BRU	SH)									

Figure 100: EMF EMR_SELECTOBJECT Record Example

Type: 0x00000025 identifies this EMF record type as EMR_SELECTOBJECT.

Size: 0x000000C specifies the size of this record in bytes.

ihObject: 0x80000005 specifies the index of an object in the object table.

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3.2.64 EMR_ROUNDRECT Example

This section provides an example of the <u>EMR_ROUNDRECT</u> record, specified in <u>[MS-EMF]</u> section 2.3.5.35.

 00000920:
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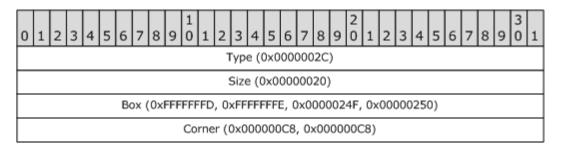


Figure 101: EMF EMR_ROUNDRECT Record Example

Type: 0x0000002C identifies this EMF record type as EMR_ROUNDRECT.

Size: 0x00000020 specifies the size of this record in bytes.

Box: (0xFFFFFFD, 0xFFFFFFE, 0x0000024F, 0x00000250) defines the inclusive-inclusive bounding rectangle in logical coordinates.

Corner: (0x000000C8, 0x000000C8) specifies the width and height, in logical coordinates, of the ellipse used to draw the rounded corners.

3.2.65 EMR_COMMENT_ENDGROUP Example

This section provides an example of the EMF <u>EMR COMMENT ENDGROUP</u> record (<u>[MS-EMF]</u> section 2.3.3.4.2).

```
00000940: 46 00 00 00 14 00 00 00
00000950: 08 00 00 47 44 49 43 03 00 00 00
```

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
												Т	Гур	e (()×0	000	000	46)												
Γ	Type (0x0000046) Size (0x0000014)																														
												Siz	eD	ata	(0	×00	00	000)8)												
Γ]	Ide	ntif	ier	("0	GDI	C")													
											Co	mn	nen	tΤy	pe	(0)	(00	000	000)3)											

Figure 102: EMF EMR_COMMENT_ENDGROUP Record Example

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Type: 0x00000046 identifies this record as an EMF comment record ([MS-EMF] section 2.3.3).

Size: 0x00000014 specifies the size of this record in bytes.

DataSize: 0x00000008 specifies the size of the following fields and data in bytes.

Identifier: "GDIC" identifies this record as an EMF <u>EMR_COMMENT_PUBLIC</u> record (<u>[MS-EMF]</u> section 2.3.3.4).

CommentType: 0x00000003 identifies the type of EMR_COMMENT_PUBLIC record as EMR_COMMENT_ENDGROUP, from the EMF <u>EmrComment</u> enumeration (<u>MS-EMF</u>) section 2.1.10).

3.2.66 EMR_RESTOREDC Example

This section provides an example of the EMF <u>EMR_RESTOREDC record</u> ([MS-EMF] section 2.3.11.6).

```
00000950: 22 00 00 00
00000960: OC 00 00 00 FF FF FF FF
```

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
Γ												٦	Гур	e ((0×0	000	000	22))												
												5	Size	e (C)x0	000	00	0C))												
												Sa	veo	DC	C (0	xFF	FFF	FFF	F)												

Figure 103: EMF EMR_RESTOREDC Record Example

Type: 0x00000022 identifies the EMF record type as **EMR_RESTOREDC**.

Size: 0x000000C specifies the size of this record in bytes.

SavedDC: 0xFFFFFFF specifies the most recently saved state.

3.2.67 EMR_COMMENT_EMFPLUS Example

This section provides an example of the EMF <u>EMR_COMMENT_EMFPLUS</u> record (<u>[MS-EMF]</u> section 2.3.3.2).

```
00000960: 46 00 00 00 54 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 45 4D 46 2B
```

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
												Т	ур	e (()x0	000	000	46)												
												ę	Size	e (C)x0	000	000	54))												
												Da	taS	ize	(0)	×00	000	004	18)												
											Eſ	MFF	lus	Siç	nat	ture	e ("	ЕM	F+	")											

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Figure 104: EMF EMR_COMMENT_EMFPLUS Record Example

Type: 0x00000046 identifies this record as an EMF comment record (<u>[MS-EMF]</u> section 2.3.3).

Size: 0x00000054 specifies the size of this record in bytes, including embedded EMF+ records.

DataSize: 0x00000048 specifies the size of the EMF+ data in bytes.

EMFPlusSignature: "EMF+" identifies the comment record type as EMR_COMMENT_EMFPLUS.

The embedded EMF+ records are presented in the sections that follow.

3.2.67.1 EmfPlusEndContainer Example

This section provides an example of the EmfPlusEndContainer record, specified in section 2.3.7.3.

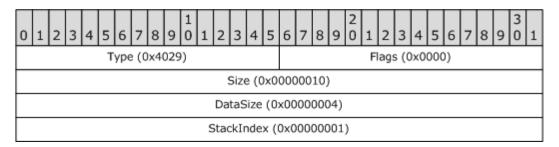


Figure 105: EmfPlusEndContainer Record Example

Type: 0x4029 identifies this record type as EmfPlusEndContainer.

Flags: 0x0000 This field is undefined for this record type.

Size: 0x00000010 specifies the 32-bit-aligned size of the entire record in bytes, including the 12-byte record header and the record-specific buffer data.

DataSize: 0x00000004 specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes of data in the **PointData** member that follows. This number does not include the size of the invariant part of this record.

StackIndex: 0x00000001 specifies the identifier used to reference the container in future records.

3.2.67.2 EmfPlusRestore Example

This section provides an example of the <u>EmfPlusRestore</u> record, specified in section 2.3.7.4.

 00000980:
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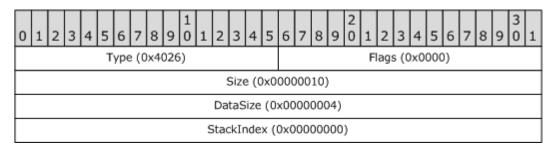


Figure 106: EmfPlusRestore Record Example

Type: 0x4026 identifies this record type as EmfPlusRestore.

Flags: 0x0000 This value is undefined for this record type.

Size: 0x00000010 specifies the 32-bit-aligned size of the entire record in bytes, including the 12byte record header and the record-specific buffer data.

DataSize: 0x00000004 specifies the 32-bit-aligned number of bytes of data in the **PointData** member that follows. This number does not include the size of the invariant part of this record.

StackIndex: 0x00000000 specifies the identifier used to retrieve the graphics state from the correct save level on the graphics state stack.

3.2.67.3 EmfPlusSetWorldTransform Example

This section provides an example of the EmfPlusSetWorldTransform record (section 2.3.9.6).

00000990: 2A 40 00 00 24 00 00 00 000009A0: 18 00 00 00 00 80 3F 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 000009B0: 00 00 80 3F 00 00 00 00 00 00 00

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5	6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1										
Type (0x402A)	Flags (0x0000)										
Size (0x0	0000024)										
DataSize (0	x00000018)										
MatrixData (×3F800000)										
(0x00	000000)										
(0x00	000000)										
(0x3F	800000)										
(0x00	000000)										
(0x00	000000)										

Figure 107: EmfPlusSetWorldTransform Record Example

Type: 0x402A identifies the record type as EmfPlusSetWorldTransform.

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Flags: 0x0000 is undefined for this record type.

Size: 0x00000024 specifies the size in bytes of the entire record.

DataSize: 0x00000018 specifies the size in bytes of the MatrixData field that follows.

MatrixData: An <u>EmfPlusTransformMatrix</u> object (section <u>2.2.2.47</u>) that contains the world space transform.

3.2.68 EMR_BITBLT Example

This section provides an example of the EMF EMR_BITBLT record ([MS-EMF] section 2.3.1.2).

 000009B0:
 4C
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Г												1	Гур	e (()x0	00	000	4C)												
												5	Size	e (C)x0	000	000	64))												
				Bo	und	ls (128	3-b	its)	(0	×FF	FFF	FF	F, C)xF	FFF	FFF	F, (0×0	000	000)64	, 0;	×00	00	006	SB)				
)	De	st ((0x	FFF	FFF	FF)												
												}	/De	st ((0x	FFF	FFF	FF)												
												С	(De	st ((0x	000	000	066	5)												
												Cy	/De	st ((0x	000	00	060))												
									l	Bit	3litl	Ras	ter	Ope	erai	tion	n (0	x0()AA	00	29)										
)	٢Sr	c (()x0	000	000	00))												
												3	/Sr	c (()x0	000	000	00))												
;	dor	mS	rc	(0x	3F8	300	000	0, ()x0	000	000	00,	0x	:00	000	00	0, ()x3	F80	000	00,	0>	000	000	000	0, ()x0	000	000	000)
											E	3kC	olo	rSr	c ((0×0	00	000	00))											

Figure 108: EMF EMR_BITBLT Record Example, Part 1

Type: 0x0000004C identifies the record type as EMR_BITBLT.

Size: 0x00000064 specifies the size of this record in bytes.

Bounds: (0xFFFFFFFF, 0xFFFFFFFF, 0x00000064, 0x000006B) defines the bounding rectangle in device units.

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xDest: 0xFFFFFFFF specifies the logical x-coordinate of the upper-left corner of the destination rectangle.

yDest: 0xFFFFFFF specifies the logical y-coordinate of the upper-left corner of the destination rectangle.

cxDest: 0x00000066 specifies the logical width of the destination rectangle.

cyDest: 0x0000006D specifies the logical height of the destination rectangle.

BitBlitRasterOperation: 0x00AA0029 specifies the **raster operation** code. These codes define how the color data of the source rectangle is to be combined with the color data of the destination rectangle to achieve the final color. This value is defined in the WMF <u>Ternary Raster Operation</u> enumeration (<u>[MS-WMF]</u> section 2.1.1.31).

xSrc: 0x00000000 specifies the logical x-coordinate of the upper-left corner of the source rectangle.

ySrc: 0x00000000 specifies the logical y-coordinate of the upper-left corner of the source rectangle.

xformSrc: (0x3F800000, 0x00000000, 0x00000000, 0x3F8000000, 0x000000000, 0x00000000) defines the world space to page space transformation of the source bitmap.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
Γ												Usa	age	Sro	: (0	×00	000	000	00)												
Γ												offE	3mi	iSro	: (0	×00	000	000	00)												
												cbE	3mi	Sro	: (0	×00	000	000	00)												
												offE	Bits	Sro	: (0	x0(000	000	00)												
												cbE	Bits	Sro	(0	×00	000	000	00)												

BkColorSrc: 0x00000000 specifies the background color of the source bitmap.

Figure 109: EMF EMR_BITBLT Record Example, Part 2

UsageSrc: 0x00000000 specifies that the color table in the WMF <u>DeviceIndependentBitmap</u> object ([MS-WMF] section 2.2.2.9) header contains RGB values. This value is defined in the EMF <u>DIBColors</u> enumeration (section 2.1.9).

offBmiSrc: 0x00000000 specifies the offset to the source **device-independent bitmap (DIB)** object header.

cbBmiSrc: 0x00000000 specifies the size of the source DIB object header.

offBitsSrc: 0x0000000 specifies the offset to the source bitmap bits.

cbBitsSrc: 0x00000000 specifies the size of the source bitmap bits.

3.2.69 EMR_RESTOREDC Example

This section provides an example of the EMF <u>EMR_RESTOREDC record</u> ([MS-EMF] section 2.3.11.6).

00000A20: 22 00 00 00 0C 00 00 00 FF FF FF FF

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0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1

Size (0x0000000C)

SavedDC (0xFFFFFFFF)

Figure 110: EMF EMR_RESTOREDC Record Example

Type: 0x00000022 identifies the EMF record type as **EMR_RESTOREDC**.

Size: 0x000000C specifies the size of this record in bytes.

SavedDC: 0xFFFFFFF specifies the most recently saved state.

3.2.70 EMR_COMMENT_EMFPLUS Example

This section provides an example of the EMF <u>EMR COMMENT EMFPLUS</u> record (<u>[MS-EMF]</u> section 2.3.3.2).

00000A20: 46 00 00 00 00000A30: 1C 00 00 00 10 00 00 00 45 4D 46 2B

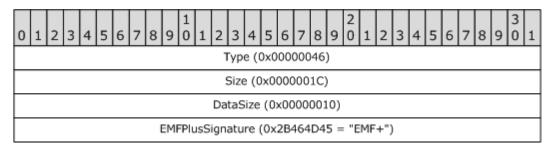


Figure 111: EMF EMR_COMMENT_EMFPLUS Record Example

Type: 0x00000046 identifies this record as an EMF comment record ([MS-EMF] section 2.3.3).

Size: 0x0000001C specifies the size of this record in bytes, including embedded EMF+ records.

DataSize: 0x00000010 specifies the size of the EMF+ data in bytes.

EMFPlusSignature: "EMF+" identifies the comment record type as EMR_COMMENT_EMFPLUS.

The embedded EMF+ records are presented in the sections that follow.

3.2.70.1 EmfPlusEndOfFile Example

This section provides an example of the EmfPlusEndOfFile record, specified in section 2.3.3.1.

00000A30: 02 40 00 00 00000A40: 0C 00 00 00 00 00 00 00

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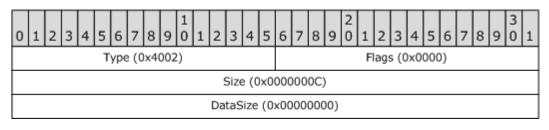


Figure 112: EmfPlusEndOfFile Record Example

Type: 0x4002 identifies this record type as EmfPlusEndOfFile.

Flags: 0x0000 is not used by this record type.

Size: 0x0000000C specifies the 32-bit-aligned size of this record in bytes.

DataSize: 0x0000000 specifies that no bytes of data follow.

3.2.71 EMR_EOF Example

This section provides an example of the EMF EMF EOF record ([MS-EMF] section 2.3.4.1).

00000A40: 0E 00 00 00 14 00 00 00 00000A50: 00 00 00 10 00 00 00 14 00 00 00

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
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Figure 113: EMF EMR_EOF Record Example

Type: 0x000000E identifies the record type as EMR_EOF.

Size: 0x00000014 specifies the size of this record in bytes.

nPalEntries: 0x00000000 specifies the number of palette entries.

offPalEntries: 0x00000000 is ignored, as no palette entries are defined.

PaletteEntries: 0x00000010 is ignored, as no palette entries are defined.

SizeLast: 0x00000014 specifies a value that is the same as **Size**, and is the last field of the metafile.

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4 Security

This file format enables third parties to send payloads, such as PostScript, to pass through as executable code.

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5 Appendix A: Product Behavior

The information in this specification is applicable to the following Microsoft products or supplemental software. References to product versions include released service packs:

- Windows 2000 operating system
- Windows XP operating system
- Windows Server 2003 operating system
- Windows Vista operating system
- Windows Server 2008 operating system
- Windows 7 operating system
- Windows Server 2008 R2 operating system
- Windows 8 operating system
- Windows Server 2012 operating system
- Windows 8.1 operating system
- Windows Server 2012 R2 operating system

Exceptions, if any, are noted below. If a service pack or Quick Fix Engineering (QFE) number appears with the product version, behavior changed in that service pack or QFE. The new behavior also applies to subsequent service packs of the product unless otherwise specified. If a product edition appears with the product version, behavior is different in that product edition.

Unless otherwise specified, any statement of optional behavior in this specification that is prescribed using the terms SHOULD or SHOULD NOT implies product behavior in accordance with the SHOULD or SHOULD NOT prescription. Unless otherwise specified, the term MAY implies that the product does not follow the prescription.

<<u>1> Section 1.3.1:</u> The following table shows how the two cases of embedded EMF+ records could be processed on different versions of Windows.

Metafile type	Processed by	Case I	Case II
EMF+ only	Windows NT 3.1, Windows NT 3.5, Windows NT 3.51, or Windows NT 4.0	No records are processed.	No records are processed.
EMF+ only	Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Vista, Windows 7, Windows 8, or Windows 8.1	EMF records 3 through N1 are ignored; <u>EMF+</u> <u>records</u> are processed.	EMF records 3 through N1 are ignored; EMF+ records are processed.
EMF+ dual	Windows NT 3.1, Windows NT 3.5, Windows NT 3.51, or Windows NT 4.0	EMF records 3 through N1 are processed; EMF+ records are ignored.	EMF records 3 through N1 are processed; EMF+ records are ignored.
EMF+ dual	Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Vista, Windows 7, Windows 8, or Windows 8.1	EMF records 3 through N1 are ignored; EMF+ records are processed.	EMF records 3 through N1 are processed; EMF+ records are processed.

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<2> Section 2.1.1.6: Windows treats any invalid values as CompositingQualityDefault.

<3> Section 2.1.1.12: GDI+ version 1.0 is supported on Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Server 2003, Windows Vista, Windows Server 2008, Windows 7, Windows Server 2008 R2, Windows 8, Windows Server 2012, Windows 8.1, and Windows Server 2012 R2.

<4> Section 2.1.1.12: GDI+ version 1.1 is supported on Windows XP, Windows Server 2003, Windows Vista, Windows Server 2008, Windows 7, Windows Server 2008 R2, Windows 8, Windows Server 2012, Windows 8.1, and Windows Server 2012 R2.

<5> Section 2.1.1.28: SmoothingModeAntiAlias8x4 is supported in GDI+ version 1.1 in Windows XP, Windows Server 2003, Windows Vista, Windows Server 2008, Windows 7, Windows Server 2008 R2, Windows 8, Windows Server 2012, Windows 8.1, and Windows Server 2012 R2.

<6> Section 2.1.1.28: SmoothingModeAntiAlias8x8 is supported in GDI+ version 1.1 in Windows XP, Windows Server 2003, Windows Vista, Windows Server 2008, Windows 7, Windows Server 2008 R2, Windows 8, Windows Server 2012, Windows 8.1, and Windows Server 2012 R2.

<7> Section 2.1.2.3: Windows does not write this flag value to EMF+ metafiles.

<8> Section 2.1.2.8: In Windows, this flag is set to specify that GDI+ should be used to render text instead of GDI.

<9> Section 2.1.3.1: Windows produces corrupt records when the ColorCurve effect is used.

<10> Section 2.2.1.3: Windows never emits unit type **UnitTypeDisplay** for this field.

<11> Section 2.2.1.6: In Windows, if the **P** flag is set, the **C** flag is clear.

<<u>12> Section 2.2.2.19</u>: If the graphics version number is **GraphicsVersion1**, the metafile was created using Windows GDI+ 1.0.

If the graphics version number is **GraphicsVersion1_1**, the metafile was created using Windows GDI+ 1.1.

<13> Section 2.2.3: Image Effects Objects are only supported by GDI+ 1.1.

<14> Section 2.2.3.6: The client MUST treat this value as 1.0.

<15> Section 2.3.2.1: Windows sets this field to an arbitrary value between 0x0000 and 0x0003, inclusive.

<16> Section 2.3.4.3: In Windows, if the **P** flag is set, the **C** flag is clear.

<<u>17> Section 2.3.4.4:</u> In Windows, if the **P** flag is set, the **C** flag is clear.

<18> Section 2.3.4.9: In Windows, if the **P** flag is set, the **C** flag is clear.

<19> Section 2.3.4.10: In Windows, if the P flag is set, the C flag is clear.

<20> Section 2.3.4.15: In Windows, if the **P** flag is set, the **C** flag is clear.

<21> Section 2.3.4.19: In Windows, if the P flag is set, the C flag is clear.

<22> Section 2.3.5.2: The EmfPlusSerializableObject record type is only supported by GDI+ 1.1.

<23> Section 2.3.6.1: Smoothing with anti-aliasing that uses a box filter algorithm is supported in GDI+ version 1.1 in Windows XP, Windows Server 2003, Windows Vista, Windows Server 2008,

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Windows 7, Windows Server 2008 R2, Windows 8, Windows Server 2012, Windows 8.1, and Windows Server 2012 R2.

<24> Section 2.3.7.1: Windows never writes those values to the **PageUnit** field, but they are accepted with undefined results.

<25> Section 2.3.8: Windows does not generate the EmfPlusSetTSClip record.

<26> Section 2.3.8: Windows does not generate the EmfPlusSetTSGraphics record.

<27> Section 2.3.8.1: The EmfPlusSetTSClip record type is only supported by GDI+ 1.1.

<28> Section 2.3.8.2: The EmfPlusSetTSGraphics record type is only supported by GDI+ 1.1.

<29> Section 2.3.9.5: Windows never writes those values to the **PageUnit** field, but they are accepted with undefined results.

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6 Change Tracking

This section identifies changes that were made to the [MS-EMFPLUS] protocol document between the January 2013 and August 2013 releases. Changes are classified as New, Major, Minor, Editorial, or No change.

The revision class **New** means that a new document is being released.

The revision class **Major** means that the technical content in the document was significantly revised. Major changes affect protocol interoperability or implementation. Examples of major changes are:

- A document revision that incorporates changes to interoperability requirements or functionality.
- An extensive rewrite, addition, or deletion of major portions of content.
- The removal of a document from the documentation set.
- Changes made for template compliance.

The revision class **Minor** means that the meaning of the technical content was clarified. Minor changes do not affect protocol interoperability or implementation. Examples of minor changes are updates to clarify ambiguity at the sentence, paragraph, or table level.

The revision class **Editorial** means that the language and formatting in the technical content was changed. Editorial changes apply to grammatical, formatting, and style issues.

The revision class **No change** means that no new technical or language changes were introduced. The technical content of the document is identical to the last released version, but minor editorial and formatting changes, as well as updates to the header and footer information, and to the revision summary, may have been made.

Major and minor changes can be described further using the following change types:

- New content added.
- Content updated.
- Content removed.
- New product behavior note added.
- Product behavior note updated.
- Product behavior note removed.
- New protocol syntax added.
- Protocol syntax updated.
- Protocol syntax removed.
- New content added due to protocol revision.
- Content updated due to protocol revision.
- Content removed due to protocol revision.
- New protocol syntax added due to protocol revision.

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- Protocol syntax updated due to protocol revision.
- Protocol syntax removed due to protocol revision.
- New content added for template compliance.
- Content updated for template compliance.
- Content removed for template compliance.
- Obsolete document removed.

Editorial changes are always classified with the change type **Editorially updated.**

Some important terms used in the change type descriptions are defined as follows:

- Protocol syntax refers to data elements (such as packets, structures, enumerations, and methods) as well as interfaces.
- Protocol revision refers to changes made to a protocol that affect the bits that are sent over the wire.

The changes made to this document are listed in the following table. For more information, please contact protocol@microsoft.com.

Section	Tracking number (if applicable) and description	Major change (Y or N)	Change type
<u>5</u> Appendix A: Product Behavior	Modified this section to include references to Windows 8.1 operating system and Windows Server 2012 R2 operating system.	Y	Content updated.

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