

[MS-COMEV]:

Component Object Model Plus (COM+) Event System Protocol

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1 Introduction

This document specifies the behavior of the Component Object Model Plus (COM+) Event System Protocol.

The COM+ Event System Protocol is a protocol that exposes DCOM interfaces for storing and managing configuration data for **publishers** of **events** and their respective **subscribers** on remote computers. This protocol also specifies how to get specific information about a publisher and its subscribers.

Sections 1.8, 2, and 3 of this specification are normative and can contain the terms MAY, SHOULD, MUST, MUST NOT, and SHOULD NOT as defined in [\[RFC2119\]](#). Sections 1.5 and 1.9 are also normative but do not contain those terms. All other sections and examples in this specification are informative.

1.1 Glossary

The following terms are specific to this document:

activation: In the DCOM protocol, a mechanism by which a client provides the **CLSID** of an **object class** and obtains an **object**, either from that **object class** or a class factory that is able to create such **objects**. For more information, see [\[MS-DCOM\]](#).

class identifier (CLSID): A **GUID** that identifies a software component; for instance, a DCOM **object class** or a COM class.

client: A computer on which the remote procedure call (RPC) client is executing.

computer name: The DNS or NetBIOS name.

conglomeration: A collection of **event classes** and **subscriptions** together with independent configuration data that is conceptually shared by the both the **event classes** and **subscriptions**. A conglomeration is identified by a conglomeration identifier.

event: A discrete unit of historical data that an application exposes that may be relevant to other applications. An example of an event would be a particular user logging on to the computer.

event class: A collection of historical data grouped together using criteria specified by the publishing application.

event interface: A collection of **event methods**. An **event class** contains one or more **event interfaces**.

event method: A method called by the **publisher-subscriber framework** when the **publisher** application generates an **event**.

filtering criteria: A set of rules specified by a **subscriber** as part of a **subscription** to define the type of historical data it wants to receive.

globally unique identifier (GUID): A term used interchangeably with **universally unique identifier (UUID)** in Microsoft protocol technical documents (TDs). Interchanging the usage of these terms does not imply or require a specific algorithm or mechanism to generate the value. Specifically, the use of this term does not imply or require that the algorithms described in [\[RFC4122\]](#) or [\[C706\]](#) must be used for generating the **GUID**. See also **universally unique identifier (UUID)**.

GUID_NULL: A **GUID** that has the value "{00000000-0000-0000-0000-000000000000}".

interface pointer: A pointer to an interface that is implemented by an [MS-DCOM] **object**.

object: In the DCOM protocol, a software entity that implements one or more object remote protocol (ORPC) interfaces and which is uniquely identified, within the scope of an object exporter, by an object identifier (OID) (1). For more information, see [MS-DCOM].

object class: In the DCOM protocol, a category of **objects** identified by a **CLSID**, members of which can be obtained through **activation** of the **CLSID**. An **object class** is typically associated with a common set of interfaces that are implemented by all **objects** in the **object class**.

opnum: An operation number or numeric identifier that is used to identify a specific **remote procedure call (RPC)** method or a method in an interface. For more information, see [C706] section 12.5.2.12 or [MS-RPCE].

partition: A container for a specific configuration of a COM+ **object class**.

partition identifier: A GUID that identifies a **partition**.

path: When referring to a file path on a file system, a hierarchical sequence of folders. When referring to a connection to a storage device, a connection through which a machine can communicate with the storage device.

persistent subscription: A **subscription** in which the **subscriber** supplies the data necessary to obtain an object that will receive historical data.

publisher: An application that needs to publish historical data that may be of interest to other applications.

publisher-subscriber framework: An application framework that allows applications to expose historical data to other applications that might receive this data.

remote procedure call (RPC): A context-dependent term commonly overloaded with three meanings. Note that much of the industry literature concerning RPC technologies uses this term interchangeably for any of the three meanings. Following are the three definitions: (*) The runtime environment providing remote procedure call facilities. The preferred usage for this meaning is "RPC runtime". (*) The pattern of request and response message exchange between two parties (typically, a client and a server). The preferred usage for this meaning is "RPC exchange". (*) A single message from an exchange as defined in the previous definition. The preferred usage for this term is "RPC message". For more information about RPC, see [C706].

security identifier (SID): An identifier for **security principals** in Windows that is used to identify an account or a group. Conceptually, the **SID** is composed of an account authority portion (typically a domain) and a smaller integer representing an identity relative to the account authority, termed the relative identifier (RID). The **SID** format is specified in [MS-DTYP] section 2.4.2; a string representation of **SIDs** is specified in [MS-DTYP] section 2.4.2 and [MS-AZOD] section 1.1.1.2.

security principal: A unique entity that is identifiable through cryptographic means by at least one key. It frequently corresponds to a human user, but also can be a service that offers a resource to other security principals. Also referred to as principal.

server: A computer on which the **remote procedure call (RPC)** server is executing.

subscriber: An application that needs to receive events that are published by another application.

subscription: A registration performed by a **subscriber** to specify a requirement to receive events, future messages, or historical data.

transient subscription: A **subscription** in which the **subscriber** supplies the object that will receive historical data.

type library: A type collection which defines an **event class** in terms of its **event interfaces**. A type library is specified by using a **type library file**.

type library file: A **path** name that identifies a **type library**.

Universal Naming Convention (UNC): A string format that specifies the location of a resource. For more information, see [MS-DTYP] section 2.2.57.

universally unique identifier (UUID): A 128-bit value. UUIDs can be used for multiple purposes, from tagging objects with an extremely short lifetime, to reliably identifying very persistent objects in cross-process communication such as client and server interfaces, manager entry-point vectors, and **RPC** objects. UUIDs are highly likely to be unique. UUIDs are also known as **globally unique identifiers (GUIDs)** and these terms are used interchangeably in the Microsoft protocol technical documents (TDs). Interchanging the usage of these terms does not imply or require a specific algorithm or mechanism to generate the UUID. Specifically, the use of this term does not imply or require that the algorithms described in [RFC4122] or [C706] must be used for generating the UUID.

MAY, SHOULD, MUST, SHOULD NOT, MUST NOT: These terms (in all caps) are used as defined in [RFC2119]. All statements of optional behavior use either MAY, SHOULD, or SHOULD NOT.

1.2 References

Links to a document in the Microsoft Open Specifications library point to the correct section in the most recently published version of the referenced document. However, because individual documents in the library are not updated at the same time, the section numbers in the documents may not match. You can confirm the correct section numbering by checking the [Errata](#).

1.2.1 Normative References

We conduct frequent surveys of the normative references to assure their continued availability. If you have any issue with finding a normative reference, please contact dochelp@microsoft.com. We will assist you in finding the relevant information.

[C706] The Open Group, "DCE 1.1: Remote Procedure Call", C706, August 1997, <https://www2.opengroup.org/ogsys/catalog/c706>

[MS-DCOM] Microsoft Corporation, "[Distributed Component Object Model \(DCOM\) Remote Protocol](#)".

[MS-DTYP] Microsoft Corporation, "[Windows Data Types](#)".

[MS-ERREF] Microsoft Corporation, "[Windows Error Codes](#)".

[MS-OAUT] Microsoft Corporation, "[OLE Automation Protocol](#)".

[RFC2119] Bradner, S., "Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels", BCP 14, RFC 2119, March 1997, <http://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc2119.txt>

[RFC4122] Leach, P., Mealling, M., and Salz, R., "A Universally Unique Identifier (UUID) URN Namespace", RFC 4122, July 2005, <http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc4122.txt>

[RFC4234] Crocker, D., Ed., and Overell, P., "Augmented BNF for Syntax Specifications: ABNF", RFC 4234, October 2005, <http://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc4234.txt>

1.2.2 Informative References

[MS-COMA] Microsoft Corporation, "[Component Object Model Plus \(COM+\) Remote Administration Protocol](#)".

[MSDN-COM+Events] Microsoft Corporation, "COM+ Events", <http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms679237.aspx>

[MSDN-COM+] Microsoft Corporation, "COM+ (Component Services)", <http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms685978.aspx>

[MSDN-ITypeLib] Microsoft Corporation, "ITypeLib", <http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms890643.aspx>

1.3 Overview

1.3.1 Background

A **publisher-subscriber framework** allows applications to publish historical information that may be of interest to other applications. The applications publishing the information are called publishers, while the applications subscribing to the information are called subscribers. A publisher may specify this information in discrete sets called events. Similarly, a subscriber may subscribe to an event by creating a **subscription** for it.

1.3.2 Component Object Model Plus (COM+) Event System Protocol

The COM+ Event System Protocol provides a way to manage events and their respective subscriptions on a remote machine. The protocol is exposed as a set of DCOM [\[MS-DCOM\]](#) interfaces.

Using the protocol a publisher can publish, update, or delete an event on a remote machine. Similarly, a subscriber can use the protocol to create a subscription for an event on a remote machine. It can also modify, query, or delete subscriptions for an event on the remote machine.

A subscriber can specify that it wishes to receive a specific type of event or a collection of events. This is defined by specifying **filtering criteria**.

1.4 Relationship to Other Protocols

The COM+ Event System Protocol uses DCOM [\[MS-DCOM\]](#) to communicate over the wire and authenticate all requests issued against the infrastructure. Along with DCOM, this protocol also uses the OLE Automation Protocol [\[MS-OAUT\]](#) by using datatypes BSTR and VARIANT from the IDispatch interface.

The protocol described in [\[MS-COMA\]](#) can be used to perform the registration of **type libraries** for **event classes** and subscriber DCOM components used by the COM+ Event System Protocol. It can also be used to discover subscriber DCOM components registered on the **server** to create subscriptions.

1.5 Prerequisites/Preconditions

This protocol assumes that the **client** is in possession of valid credentials recognized by the server accepting the client requests.

1.6 Applicability Statement

The COM+ Event System Protocol is applicable to managing a store for publisher/subscriber events and subscriptions for scenarios where scalability requirements are minimal. It is not intended for scenarios where the type of events and their subscribers are more than 100. Also, the protocol is intended for scenarios where access to the event store resulting from adding, reading, updating, and deleting subscriptions and events are on the order of once every few minutes.

1.7 Versioning and Capability Negotiation

This document covers versioning issues in the following areas:

- **Protocol Versions:** This protocol has multiple interfaces, supported by different versions of the server. The client of this protocol can determine the version of the server by calling [GetVersion](#) method (section 3.1.4.10.1).

1.8 Vendor-Extensible Fields

This protocol uses HRESULTs as defined in [\[MS-ERREF\]](#). Vendors are free to choose their own values for this field, as long as the C bit (0x20000000) is set, indicating it is a customer code.

1.9 Standards Assignments

The following is a table of well-known GUIDs (generated using the mechanism specified in [\[C706\]](#) section A.2.5) in this protocol.

Parameter	Meaning	Value
CLSID_EventSystem	CLSID for EventSystem	{4E14FBA2-2E22-11D1-9964-00C04FBBB345}
CLSID_EventClass	CLSID for EventClass	{cdbc9c0-7a68-11d1-88f9-0080c7d771bf}
CLSID_EventSubscription	CLSID for Subscription	{7542e960-79c7-11d1-88f9-0080c7d771bf}
GUID_DefaultAppPartition	GUID for default partition	{41E90F3E-56C1-4633-81C3-6E8BAC8BDD70}

2 Messages

2.1 Transport

All the protocol messages MUST be transported using DCOM [\[MS-DCOM\]](#). The protocol uses the dynamic endpoints allocated and managed by the DCOM infrastructure.

2.2 Common Data Types

In addition to **RPC** base types and definitions specified in [\[C706\]](#) and [\[MS-DTYP\]](#), additional data types are defined in the following sections.

2.2.1 Query Strings

The query string in the protocol is used for querying for subscriptions, querying for events, and specifying filtering criteria. The following is the Augmented Backus-Naur Form (ABNF) [\[RFC4234\]](#) syntax for the protocol query string.

```
QUERY = "ALL" / (OREXPRESSION)
OREXPRESSION = (ANDEXPRESSION OREXPRTAIL) / (ANDEXPRESSION)
OREXPRTAIL = (OROPERATOR ANDEXPRESSION OREXPRTAIL) / (OROPERATOR ANDEXPRESSION)
ANDEXPRESSION = (UNARYEXPRESSION ANDEXPRTAIL) / (UNARYEXPRESSION)
ANDEXPRTAIL = (ANDOPERATOR UNARYEXPRESSION ANDEXPRTAIL) / (ANDOPERATOR UNARYEXPRESSION)
ANDOPERATOR = "&" / "AND"
OROPERATOR = "|" / "OR"
UNARYEXPRESSION = (NOTOPERATOR UNARYEXPRESSION) / (COMPARISONEXPRESSION)
NOTOPERATOR = "!" / "~" / "NOT"
COMPARISONEXPRESSION = (COLUMNID COMPARISONOPERATOR COMPERAND) / ("("OREXPRESSION)")")
COMPARISONOPERATOR = "=" / "==" / "!=" / "~=" / "<>"
COMPERAND = (CONSTANT) / (OPENPAREN CHOICE CLOSEPAREN)
CHOICE = (CONSTANT MORECHOICES) / (CONSTANT)
MORECHOICES = (ANDOROPERATOR CONSTANT MORECHOICES) / (ANDOROPERATOR CONSTANT)
ANDOROPERATOR = (ANDOPERATOR) / (OROPERATOR)
CONSTANT = (SINGLEQUOTE STRINGVALUE SINGLEQUOTE) / (DQUOTE STRINGVALUE DQUOTE) /
  (OPENCURLY UID CLOSECURLY) / (INTEGERVALUE) / "TRUE" / "FALSE" / "NULL"
STRINGVALUE= 1*ALPHA
INTEGERVALUE = ["-" / "+"] 1*DIGIT
COLUMNID = KNOWNCOLUMNID / 1*ALPHA
KNOWNCOLUMNID = "EVENTCLASSID" / "EVENTCLASSNAME" / "OWNERSID" /
  "FIRINGINTERFACEIID" / "CUSTOMCONFIGCLASSID" / "DESCRIPTION" / "TYPELIB" /
  "MULTIINTERFACEPUBLISHERFILTERCLSID" / "ALLOWINPROCACTIVATION" / "FIREINPARALLEL" /
  "EVENTCLASSPARTITIONID" / "EVENTCLASSAPPLICATIONID" / "SUBSCRIPTIONID" /
  "SUBSCRIPTIONNAME" / "PUBLISHERID" / "SUBSCRIBERCLSID" / "PERUSER" / "OWNERSID" /
  "ENABLED" / "MACHINENAME" / "INTERFACEID" / "FILTERCRITERIA" /
  "SUBSCRIBERMONIKER" / "SUBSCRIBERPARTITIONID" / SUBSCRIBERAPPLICATIONID"
OPENPAREN = "("
CLOSEPAREN = ")"
SINGLEQUOTE = "'"
OPENCURLY = "{"
CLOSECURLY = "}"
```

DIGIT, DQUOTE, and ALPHA are as specified in [\[RFC4234\]](#) appendix B.

UUID represents the string form of a UUID as specified in [\[RFC4122\]](#) section 3.

Each KNOWNCOLUMNID maps to a property of an event class or a subscription property. [<1>](#) These are specified in section [3.1.1.1](#) and section [3.1.1.2](#).

2.2.2 Application-Specific Properties

The protocol allows applications to associate custom properties with its **objects**. Each property is identified by means of a unique name, and has a value.

2.2.2.1 Property Names

The following is the ABNF [\[RFC4234\]](#) syntax for these names.

```
APPPROPERTYNAME = 1*255ALPHA
```

2.2.2.2 Property Value Types

These are of VARIANT type as specified in [\[MS-OAUT\]](#) section 2.2.29.2. The VARIANT type MUST be one of the following: VT_BSTR, VT_I4, VT_I8, VT_I2, or VT_UNKNOWN as specified in [\[MS-OAUT\]](#) section 2.2.7.

2.2.3 Curly-Braced GUID Strings

This type is a string representation of the **GUID** type, as specified in [\[MS-DTYP\]](#) section 2.3.4. The following is the ABNF [\[RFC4234\]](#) syntax for this representation.

```
CurlyBraceGuidString = "{" UUID "}"
```

UUID represents the string form of a UUID as specified in [\[RFC4122\]](#) section 3.

2.2.4 Entity Name String

The following is the ABNF [\[RFC4234\]](#) syntax for these names.

```
APPPROPERTYNAME = 1*255ALPHA
```

2.2.5 ImplementationSpecificPathProperty

The ImplementationSpecificPathProperty represents a path to a resource in a format that is specific to a COMEV server implementation. For writes to properties of this type, a server SHOULD accept a path in **Universal Naming Convention (UNC)** and MAY [<2>](#) accept additional formats (for example, a path in a local namespace to a local resource).

Properties of this type MUST be specified as a BSTR and MUST have a character length of at least 1 and at most 260.

2.2.6 EventClassCollectionIdentifier

The EventClassCollectionIdentifier is used to identify an [event class](#) in an event collection (see section [3.1.4.6.2](#)). The format of the identifier depends on the protocol version that is implemented by the server (see section [3.1.4.10.1](#)).

The following is the ABNF syntax [\[RFC4234\]](#) for these identifiers on servers that implement protocol version 1.

```
EventClassCollectionIdentifier = EventClassID  
EventClassID = CurlyBraceGuidString
```

The following is the ABNF syntax for these identifiers on servers that implement protocol version 2.

```
EventClassCollectionIdentifier = EventClassID "-" PartitionID "-" ApplicationID
EventClassID = CurlyBraceGuidString
PartitionID = CurlyBraceGuidString
ApplicationID = CurlyBraceGuidString
```

2.2.7 SubscriptionCollectionIdentifier

The SubscriptionCollectionIdentifier is used to identify a [subscription](#) in a subscription collection (see section [3.1.4.6.2](#)). The format of the identifier depends on the version of the protocol that is implemented by the server (see section [3.1.4.10.1](#)).

The following is the ABNF syntax [\[RFC4234\]](#) for these identifiers on servers that implement protocol version 1.

```
SubscriptionCollectionIdentifier = SubscriptionID
SubscriptionID = CurlyBraceGuidString
```

The following is the ABNF syntax for these identifiers on servers that implement protocol version 2.

```
SubscriptionCollectionIdentifier = SubscriptionID "-" PartitionID "-" ApplicationID
SubscriptionID = CurlyBraceGuidString
PartitionID = CurlyBraceGuidString
ApplicationID = CurlyBraceGuidString
```

3 Protocol Details

The client application initiates the conversation with the server by performing DCOM **activation** (as specified in [\[MS-DCOM\]](#) section 3.2.4.1.1) of one of the class identifiers (CLSIDs) specified in section [1.9](#). After getting the **interface pointer** to the DCOM object as a result of the activation, the client application works with the object by making calls on the DCOM interface it supports. Once done, the client application releases the interface pointer.

3.1 Server Details

3.1.1 Abstract Data Model

This section describes a conceptual model of possible data organization that an implementation maintains to participate in this protocol. The described organization is provided to facilitate the explanation of how the protocol behaves. This document does not mandate that implementations adhere to this model as long as their external behavior is consistent with that described in this document.

3.1.1.1 Event Classes

A collection of **event interfaces** is grouped into an event class. An event class manifests as a DCOM object that supports each of the event interfaces that are part of the event class. This is known as the event class object. The publisher application publishes events by activating the event class object and calling **event methods** on it to publish events.

The server maintains a table of event classes. Each event class has the following properties:

EventClassName: An application-specific name for the event class. The KNOWNCOLUMNID for this property is "EVENTCLASSNAME".

EventClassID: The DCOM CLSID for the event class object. The KNOWNCOLUMNID for this property is "EVENTCLASSID".

OwnerSID: An application-specific identity of the **security principal** that owns the event class. The KNOWNCOLUMNID for this property is "OWNERSID".

FiringInterfaceID: An application-specific UUID that identifies the event interface. The KNOWNCOLUMNID for this property is "FIRINGINTERFACEID".

Description: An application-specific description for the event class. The KNOWNCOLUMNID for this property is "DESCRIPTION".

Typelib: A **type library file path** as specified in [ImplementationSpecificPathProperty](#) for the type library that contains the event class. The KNOWNCOLUMNID for this property is "TYPELIB".[<3>](#)

PublisherID: An application-specific UUID that uniquely identifies the publisher application. The KNOWNCOLUMNID for this property is "PUBLISHERID".

MultiInterfacePublisherFilterCLSID: The publisher application can choose to filter subscribers for the event class. The publisher application uses a DCOM component for this purpose. It uses this property to specify the CLSID of this component. This DCOM component is given the opportunity to filter on subscribers when an event gets fired. The KNOWNCOLUMNID for this property is "MULTIINTERFACEPUBLISHERFILTERCLSID".[<4>](#)

AllowInprocActivation: An application-specific Boolean value for controlling the type of activation for the subscriber application DCOM component. A value of TRUE indicates that the subscriber application DCOM component wants to be activated in the publisher application. A value of FALSE

indicates that it wants to be activated in a separate process. The KNOWNCOLUMNID for this property is "ALLOWINPROCACTIVATION".

FireInParallel: An application-specific Boolean value for controlling the way to fire the events for delivery to the subscribers. A value of FALSE indicates that the publisher delivers the events to each subscriber one at a time in any order. A value of TRUE indicates that each subscriber is notified in parallel. The KNOWNCOLUMNID for this property is "FIREINPARALLEL".

EventClassPartitionID: The UUID of the **partition** of the event class object. This is used in addition to EventClassID and EventClassApplicationID. The KNOWNCOLUMNID for this property is "EVENTCLASSPARTITIONID".[<5>](#)

EventClassApplicationID: The UUID of the **conglomeration** of the event class object. This is used in addition to EventClassID and EventClassPartitionID. The KNOWNCOLUMNID for this property is "EVENTCLASSAPPLICATIONID". This property always has the value **GUID_NULL**.[<6>](#)

3.1.1.2 Subscriptions

The server also maintains a table of subscriptions. As with event classes, subscriptions have a set of properties. Some of the properties can also be specified as part of the query (as specified in section [2.2.1](#)). The following properties are specific to a subscription.

SubscriptionID: A UUID that uniquely identifies the subscription. The KNOWNCOLUMNID for this property is "SUBSCRIPTIONID".

SubscriptionName: An application-specific name for the subscriber. The KNOWNCOLUMNID for this property is "SUBSCRIPTIONNAME".

PublisherID: The UUID of the publisher for which the subscriber application is to receive events. The publisher identity is defined on the event class by specifying its publisher identity property. The KNOWNCOLUMNID for this property is "PUBLISHERID".

EventClassID: The CLSID of the event class for which the subscription is created. The KNOWNCOLUMNID for this property is "EVENTCLASSID".

MethodName: The name of the event method for the specific event interface defined for the specific event class for which the application is creating a subscription.

SubscriberCLSID: The CLSID for the subscriber application's DCOM object, which can be activated and then called by the publisher application after the event occurs. This **MUST** be mutually exclusive with the SubscriberInterface property. A subscription can have both SubscriberCLSID and SubscriberMoniker properties. A subscription with this property is a **persistent subscription**. The KNOWNCOLUMNID for this property is "SUBSCRIBERCLSID".

SubscriberInterface: The DCOM object interface pointer for the subscriber application that receives the notification as a method call when the event occurs. This **MUST** be mutually exclusive with the SubscriberCLSID and SubscriberMoniker properties. A subscription with this property is a **transient subscription**.

PerUser: A Boolean that is set to "True" when the subscription is associated with a logon session; otherwise, it is set to "False". The KNOWNCOLUMNID for this property is "PERUSER".

OwnerSID: The owner security identity for the subscription. The KNOWNCOLUMNID for this property is "OWNERSID".

Enabled: A Boolean value that specifies whether the subscription is enabled or disabled. If a subscription is enabled, the value of this property is TRUE and the subscribing application receives a notification when the publisher fires an event. If the subscription is disabled, the value of this property is FALSE and the subscribing application does not receive any notification when the publisher application fires the event. The KNOWNCOLUMNID for this property is "ENABLED".

Description: An application-specific description for the subscription. The KNOWNCOLUMNID for this property is "DESCRIPTION".

MachineName: The **computer name** of the server machine where the subscriber application component resides. The KNOWNCOLUMNID for this property is "MACHINENAME".

InterfaceID: The UUID that identifies the event interface for the event class for which the subscriber is going to receive an event. The KNOWNCOLUMNID for this property is "INTERFACEID".

FilterCriteria: The filtering criteria for the subscription. The KNOWNCOLUMNID for this property is "FILTERCRITERIA".<7>

SubscriberMoniker: A string that identifies the subscriber component. This MUST be mutually exclusive with the SubscriberInterface property. A subscription can have both SubscriberCLSID and SubscriberMoniker properties. A subscription with this property is a persistent subscription. The KNOWNCOLUMNID for this property is "SUBSCRIBERMONIKER".

EventClassPartitionID: The UUID of the partition of the event class. The KNOWNCOLUMNID for this property is "EVENTCLASSPARTITIONID".

EventClassApplicationID: The UUID of the conglomeration of the event class. The KNOWNCOLUMNID for this property is "EVENTCLASSAPPLICATIONID". This property always has the value GUID_NULL.

SubscriberPartitionID: The UUID of the partition of the subscriber. It is used in addition to the SubscriberCLSID and SubscriberApplicationID properties to uniquely identify the subscriber component. The KNOWNCOLUMNID for this property is "SUBSCRIBERPARTITIONID".

SubscriberApplicationID: The UUID of the conglomeration of the subscriber. It is used in addition to the SubscriberCLSID and SubscriberPartitionID properties to uniquely identify the subscriber component. The KNOWNCOLUMNID for this property is "SUBSCRIBERAPPLICATIONID".

PublisherProperties: A set of application-specific properties that are associated with the subscription that pertains to the publisher, as specified in section [2.2.2](#).

SubscriberProperties: A set of application-specific properties that are associated with the subscription that pertains to the subscriber, as specified in section [2.2.2](#).

3.1.1.3 Event System

The server has two state variables that affect the behavior of the [Store](#), [Remove](#), and [RemoveS](#) methods of the [IEventSystem](#) interface. The sections describing each method provide more detail. To control these variables, the [SetCOMCatalogBehavior](#) method of the [IEventSystemInitialize](#) interface is used.

CatalogMode: When this Boolean variable is TRUE, the server is in catalog mode. In this mode, the only objects that can be modified are transient subscriptions. By default, this variable is FALSE and the server is in non-catalog mode.

RetainSubKeys: This Boolean variable can be TRUE only if the server is in catalog mode. This variable affects the behavior of the Store method of the IEventSystem interface. If this variable is TRUE, any properties within the [PublisherProperties](#) or SubscriberProperties of the existing object are retained and are not deleted, even if they do not exist within the new object. When the variable is FALSE, the PublisherProperties and SubscriberProperties of the new object replace the PublisherProperties and SubscriberProperties of the existing object.

3.1.2 Timers

None.

3.1.3 Initialization

When the Component Object Model Plus (COM+) Event System Protocol server starts up, the server MUST begin listening for DCOM activation (as specified in [\[MS-DCOM\]](#) section 3.2.4.1.1) for the CLSIDs specified in section [1.9](#).

3.1.4 Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules

Interfaces described in this section are accessed through DCOM. Therefore, any method call can return DCOM error codes, as specified in [\[MS-DCOM\]](#) and [\[MS-ERREF\]](#), in addition to the COM+ Event method-specific codes described in this document.

3.1.4.1 IEventSystem

The IEventSystem interface provides methods to create, query, delete, and update event classes and subscriptions. The interface inherits opnums 0 through 6 from IDispatch as specified in [\[MS-OAUT\]](#) section 3.1.4. The version for this interface is 0.0.

To receive incoming remote calls for this interface, the server MUST implement a DCOM **object class** with the CLSID CLSID_EventSystem (see section [1.9](#)) using the UUID {4E14FB9F-2E22-11D1-9964-00C04FBBB345} for this interface.

The interface includes the following methods beyond those in IDispatch.

Methods in RPC Opnum Order

Method	Description
Query	Queries for a collection of event classes or subscriptions based on a query string. Opnum: 7
Store	Stores an event class or subscription. Opnum: 8
Remove	Removes a collection of event classes or subscriptions based on a query. Opnum: 9
get_EventObjectChangeEventClassID	Returns the CLSID for the event class that notifies when a subscription or an event class has changed. Opnum: 10
QueryS	Queries for a single event class or subscription based on a query string. Opnum: 11
RemoveS	Removes a single event class or subscription based on a query. Opnum: 12

3.1.4.1.1 Query (Opnum 7)

The Query method is called by a client to query a collection for a collection of [event classes](#) or [subscriptions](#).

```
[id(1), helpstring("method Query")] HRESULT Query(  
    [in] BSTR progID,  
    [in] BSTR queryCriteria,
```

```

[out] int* errorIndex,
[out, retval] IUnknown** ppInterface
);

```

progID: A string that identifies the type of collection. The value MUST be one of the following.

Value	Meaning
"EventSystem.EventClassCollection"	The store for event classes (as specified in section 3.1.1.1).
"EventSystem.EventSubscriptionCollection"	The store for subscriptions (as specified in section 3.1.1.2).

queryCriteria: The actual query string. The syntax for this string MUST conform to section [2.2.1](#).

errorIndex: The zero-based character index in the *queryCriteria* parameter where an error has occurred. This can occur if the syntax of the query string is incorrect, in which case *errorIndex* specifies the index at which the problematic syntax is present in the *queryCriteria* parameter.

ppInterface: If the method returns a success HRESULT, this MUST contain an interface pointer that represents the collection of the event classes or subscriptions based on the criteria specified in the *queryCriteria* parameter.

Return Values: An HRESULT that specifies success or failure. All success codes MUST be treated the same, and all failure codes other than EVENT_E_QUERYSYNTAX and EVENT_E_QUERYFIELD MUST be treated the same.

Return value/code	Description
0x80040203 EVENT_E_QUERYSYNTAX	A syntax error occurred while trying to evaluate a query string.
0x80040204 EVENT_E_QUERYFIELD	An invalid field name was used in a query string.

When this method is called, the server MUST use the *progID* parameter value to determine the store against which the query needs to be executed and validate the query. If the specified collection is not valid or if the specified query is not valid, the server MUST fail the call and return a failure HRESULT back to the client. Otherwise, the server MUST attempt to use the *queryCriteria* parameter to retrieve a collection of event classes or subscriptions based on the value of the *progID* parameter and fail the call if it cannot. Each of the objects in the collection MUST be wrapped by a DCOM object that MUST support the [IEventClass](#) and [IEventClass2](#) interfaces and MAY <8> support the [IEventClass3](#) interface if the object is an event class. It MUST support [IEventSubscription](#) and [IEventSubscription2](#), and MAY <9> support [IEventSubscription3](#) if it is a subscription object. These DCOM objects MUST be encapsulated into a collection-based DCOM object that supports the [IEventObjectCollection](#) interface. This object MUST be returned through the *ppInterface* parameter.

3.1.4.1.2 Store (Opnum 8)

The Store method is called by a client to store either an [event class](#) or a [subscription](#).

```

[id(2), helpstring("method Store")] HRESULT Store(
[in] BSTR ProgID,
[in] IUnknown* pInterface
);

```

ProgID: A string that uniquely identifies the kind of object that the client is trying to store. It MUST be one of the following values.

Value	Meaning
"EventSystem.EventClass"	The store for event classes, as specified in section 3.1.1.1.
"EventSystem.EventSubscription"	The store for subscriptions, as specified in section 3.1.1.2.

pInterface: An interface pointer to a DCOM object that was created by performing DCOM activation on the server by the client by using either the CLSID_EventClass (as specified in section 1.9), which represents the CLSID for event class, or CLSID_Subscription (as specified in section 1.9), which represents the subscriber.

Return Values: An HRESULT that specifies success or failure. All success codes MUST be treated the same, and all failure codes other than EVENT_E_INVALID_PER_USER_SID MUST be treated the same.

Return value/code	Description
0x80040207 EVENT_E_INVALID_PER_USER_SID	The owner SID , as defined in [MS-DTYP] section 2.4.2, on a per-user subscription does not exist.

When this method is called, the server MUST verify that all the required properties of the event class or of the subscription (properties of the DCOM object that is passed in as part of the *pInterface* parameter) are specified and are correct.

If this DCOM object is an event class, the server MUST set the EventClassID property to an internally generated value if it has not already been set, it MUST verify that the EventClassName property is set, and it MUST verify that either the Typelib or the FiringInterfaceID property is set. If these verifications fail, the server MUST fail the call and return an HRESULT to the client.

If this DCOM object is a subscription, the server MUST set the SubscriptionID property to an internally generated value if it has not already been set; it MUST verify that the SubscriptionName property is set; it MUST verify that either the EventClassID, the PublisherID, or the InterfaceID property is set; and it MUST verify that the subscription is either transient or persistent. A transient subscription has the SubscriberInterface property set but neither the SubscriberCLSID nor the SubscriberMoniker property set. A persistent subscription has one or both of the SubscriberCLSID and SubscriberMoniker properties set, but the SubscriberInterface property is not set. If these verifications fail, the server MUST fail the call and return an HRESULT to the client.

Otherwise, it MUST take the individual properties of the event class or the subscription, based on the type of store requested, MUST attempt to store these properties in its internal store and MUST fail the call if it cannot. If an entry already exists in the store for the particular object that is represented by the DCOM object instance, the server MUST update its internal store entry with the new values of the subscription or the event class, as specified in the DCOM object instance. If the *RetainSubKeys* state variable is TRUE, any PublisherProperties or SubscriberProperties within the existing entry that do not exist within the new object instance MUST NOT be deleted by the server. If the *RetainSubKeys* state variable is FALSE, all PublisherProperties or SubscriberProperties in the existing entry MUST be deleted and replaced by the values in the new object instance. The *RetainSubKeys* state variable MUST have no effect on entries that do not already exist in the store.

Additional verifications may be required depending on the protocol version and the state of the *CatalogMode* variable. See the individual cases below for details.

▪ **Protocol version is 1; CatalogMode is TRUE**

The DCOM object MUST be a transient subscription, meaning that it has the SubscriberInterface property set and neither the SubscriberCLSID nor the SubscriberMoniker property set. If not,

the server MAY fail the call, returning a failure HRESULT to the client. If the server does not fail the call, the server behavior is undefined.

- **Protocol version is 1; CatalogMode is FALSE**

No additional verification.

- **Protocol version is 2; CatalogMode is TRUE**

The DCOM object MUST be a transient subscription, meaning that it has the SubscriberInterface property set and neither the SubscriberCLSID nor the SubscriberMoniker property set. If not, the server MAY fail the call, returning a failure HRESULT to the client. If the server does not fail the call, the server behavior is undefined.

If the PartitionID property of the object is equal to GUID_NULL or has not been set, the server MUST treat the PartitionID property as if it were set to the default **partition identifier** value {41E90F3E-56C1-4633-81C3-6E8BAC8BDD70}.

- **Protocol version is 2; CatalogMode is FALSE**

The DCOM object MUST have a PartitionID property equal to GUID_NULL. If not, the server SHOULD fail the call, returning a failure HRESULT to the client.

3.1.4.1.3 Remove (Opnum 9)

The Remove method is called by a client to remove a collection of [event classes](#) or [subscriptions](#) by criteria represented by a query string in the *queryCriteria* parameter.

```
[id(3), helpstring("method Remove")] HRESULT Remove(
    [in] BSTR progID,
    [in] BSTR queryCriteria,
    [out] int* errorIndex
);
```

progID: A string that uniquely identifies the type of collection. The value MUST be one of the following.

Value	Meaning
"EventSystem.EventClassCollection"	The store for event classes (as specified in section 3.1.1.1).
"EventSystem.EventSubscriptionCollection"	The store for subscriptions (as specified in section 3.1.1.2).

queryCriteria: The actual query string. The syntax for this string MUST conform to section [2.2.1](#).

errorIndex: The zero-based character index in the *queryCriteria* parameter where an error has occurred. This can occur if the syntax of the query string is incorrect, in which case the *errorIndex* specifies the index at which the problematic syntax is present in the *queryCriteria* parameter.

Return Values: An HRESULT specifying success or failure. All success codes MUST be treated the same, and all failure codes other than EVENT_E_QUERYSYNTAX, EVENT_E_QUERYFIELD, and EVENT_E_NOT_ALL_REMOVED MUST be treated the same.

Return value/code	Description
0x80040203 EVENT_E_QUERYSYNTAX	A syntax error occurred while trying to evaluate a query string.
0x80040204	An invalid field name was used in a query string.

Return value/code	Description
EVENT_E_QUERYFIELD	
0x8004020B EVENT_E_NOT_ALL_REMOVED	Not all of the requested objects could be removed.

When this method is called, the server MUST use the *progID* parameter value to determine the store against which the query needs to be executed and validate the query. If the specified collection is not valid or the specified query is not valid, the server MUST fail the call, returning a failure HRESULT to the client.

Otherwise, if they are valid, the server MUST use the *queryCriteria* parameter to determine the event classes or subscriptions that need to be removed. If none of the entries in the internal store matched the query criteria, the server MUST fail the call.

Otherwise, the server will validate the entries in the query according to the following verification cases:

- **Protocol version is 1; CatalogMode is TRUE**

If the query includes anything other than subscriptions with the SubscriberInterface property set (transient subscriptions), the server MAY fail the call, returning a failure HRESULT to the client. If the server does not fail the call, the server behavior is undefined.

- **Protocol version is 1; CatalogMode is FALSE**

No additional verification.

- **Protocol version is 2; CatalogMode is TRUE**

If the query includes anything other than subscriptions with the PartitionID property not equal to GUID_NULL and with the SubscriberInterface property set (transient subscriptions), the server MAY fail the call, returning a failure HRESULT to the client. If the server does not fail the call, the server behavior is undefined.

- **Protocol version is 2; CatalogMode is FALSE**

If the query includes anything other than event classes and subscriptions with the PartitionID property equal to GUID_NULL, the server SHOULD fail the call, returning a failure HRESULT to the client.

If the verification succeeds, the server MUST attempt to remove the event classes or subscriptions from its internal collection and fail the call if it cannot.

3.1.4.1.4 get_EventObjectChangeEventClassID (Opnum 10)

The `get_EventObjectChangeEventClassID` method extracts the server-specific [EventClassID](#) for server-specific event class or [subscription](#) change notifications.

```
[id(4), propget, helpstring("method get_EventObjectChangeEventClassID")]
HRESULT EventObjectChangeEventClassID(
    [out, retval] BSTR* pbstrEventClassID
);
```

pbstrEventClassID: If the method call returns a success HRESULT, this MUST contain the returned unique identifier representing the EventClassID for the server specific EventClass/Subscription change notifications. This MUST be a GUID specified as a string as specified in section [2.2.3](#).

Return Values: An HRESULT specifying success or failure. All success codes MUST be treated the same, and all failure codes MUST be treated the same.

When this method is called, a server SHOULD return the EventClassID of an event class supporting notifications of changes to the server's event class store and subscriber store. The server MAY instead fail the method call if it does not support such an event class.

3.1.4.1.5 QueryS (Opnum 11)

The QueryS method is called by the client to query a specific [event class](#) or [subscription](#).

```
[id(5), helpstring("method QueryS")] HRESULT QueryS(
    [in] BSTR progID,
    [in] BSTR queryCriteria,
    [out, retval] IUnknown** ppInterface
);
```

progID: A string that uniquely identifies the type of collection. The value MUST be one of the following.

Value	Meaning
"EventSystem.EventClassCollection"	The store for event classes (as specified in section 3.1.1.1).
"EventSystem.EventSubscriptionCollection"	The store for subscriptions (as specified in section 3.1.1.2).

queryCriteria: The actual query string. The syntax for this string MUST conform to section [2.2.1](#).

ppInterface: If the method returns success, this MUST contain an interface pointer that represents the collection of the event classes or subscriptions based on the criteria specified in the *queryCriteria* parameter.

Return Values: An HRESULT that specifies success or failure. All success codes MUST be treated the same, and all failure codes other than EVENT_E_QUERYSYNTAX and EVENT_E_QUERYFIELD MUST be treated the same.

Return value/code	Description
0x80040203 EVENT_E_QUERYSYNTAX	A syntax error occurred while trying to evaluate a query string.
0x80040204 EVENT_E_QUERYFIELD	An invalid field name was used in a query string.

When this method is invoked, the server MUST use the *progID* parameter value to determine the store against which the query needs to be executed and validate the query. If the specified collection is not valid or the specified query is not valid, the server MUST fail the call and return a failure HRESULT back to the client. Otherwise, the server MUST use the query criteria to attempt to return the first object that matches the criteria, and fail the call if it cannot. The object MUST be a DCOM object that MUST support the [IEventClass](#) and [IEventClass2](#) interfaces and MAY <10> support the [IEventClass3](#) interface if the object is an event class. It MUST support [IEventSubscription](#) and [IEventSubscription2](#) and MAY <11> support [IEventSubscription3](#) if it is a subscription object. This object MUST be stored in a collection-based DCOM object supporting [IEventObjectCollection](#) which MUST be returned through the *ppInterface* parameter.

3.1.4.1.6 RemoveS (Opnum 12)

The RemoveS method is called by the client to remove an [event class](#) or [subscription](#).

```
[id(6), helpstring("method RemoveS")] HRESULT RemoveS(
    [in] BSTR progID,
    [in] BSTR queryCriteria
);
```

progID: A string that uniquely identifies the type of collection. The value MUST be one of the following.

Value	Meaning
"EventSystem.EventClassCollection"	The store for event classes (as specified in section 3.1.1.1).
"EventSystem.EventSubscriptionCollection"	The store for subscriptions (as specified in section 3.1.1.2).

queryCriteria: The actual query string. The syntax for this string MUST conform to section [2.2.1](#).

Return Values: An HRESULT specifying success or failure. All success codes MUST be treated the same, and all failure codes other than EVENT_E_QUERYSYNTAX, EVENT_E_QUERYFIELD, and EVENT_E_NOT_ALL_REMOVED MUST be treated the same.

Return value/code	Description
0x80040203 EVENT_E_QUERYSYNTAX	A syntax error occurred while trying to evaluate a query string.
0x80040204 EVENT_E_QUERYFIELD	An invalid field name was used in a query string.
0x8004020B EVENT_E_NOT_ALL_REMOVED	Not all of the requested objects could be removed.

When this method is called, the server MUST use the *progID* parameter value to determine the store against which the query needs to be executed, and validate the query. If the specified collection is not valid or the specified query is not valid, the server MUST fail the call, returning a failure HRESULT to the client.

If they are valid, the server MUST use the *queryCriteria* value to determine the event classes or subscriptions that need to be removed. If none of the entries in the internal store matched the *queryCriteria*, the server MUST fail the call.

Otherwise, the server will validate the entries in the query according to the following verification cases:

- **Protocol version is 1; CatalogMode is TRUE**

If the query includes anything other than subscriptions with the SubscriberInterface property set (transient subscriptions), the server MAY fail the call, returning a failure HRESULT to the client. If the server does not fail the call, the server behavior is undefined.

- **Protocol version is 1; CatalogMode is FALSE**

No additional verification.

- **Protocol version is 2; CatalogMode is TRUE**

If the query includes anything other than subscriptions with the PartitionID property not equal to GUID_NULL and with the SubscriberInterface property set (transient subscriptions), the server

MAY fail the call, returning a failure HRESULT to the client. If the server does not fail the call, the server behavior is undefined.

- **Protocol version is 2; CatalogMode is FALSE**

If the query includes anything other than event classes and subscriptions with the PartitionID property equal to GUID_NULL, the server SHOULD fail the call, returning a failure HRESULT to the client.

If the verification succeeds, the server MUST attempt to remove the event classes or subscriptions from its internal collection and fail the call if it cannot.

3.1.4.2 IEventClass

The IEventClass interface provides methods that are used by the client to manipulate an event class on the server. The interface inherits Opnums 0 to 6 from IDispatch as specified in [\[MS-OAUT\]](#) section 3.1.4. The version for this interface is 0.0.

To receive incoming remote calls for this interface, the server MUST implement a DCOM object class with the class ID CLSID_EventClass (see section [1.9](#)) using the UUID {fb2b72a0-7a68-11d1-88f9-0080c7d771bf} for this interface.

The interface includes the following methods beyond those in IDispatch.

Methods in RPC Opnum Order

Method	Description
EventClassID	Gets the EventClassID property for the event class. Opnum: 7
EventClassID	Sets the EventClassID property for the event class. Opnum: 8
EventClassName	Gets the EventClassName property of the event class. Opnum: 9
EventClassName	Sets the EventClassName property of the event class. Opnum: 10
OwnerSID	Gets the OwnerSID property of the event class. Opnum: 11
OwnerSID	Sets the OwnerSID property of the event class. Opnum: 12
FiringInterfaceID	Gets the FiringInterfaceID property for the event class. Opnum: 13
FiringInterfaceID	Sets the FiringInterfaceID property for the event class. Opnum: 14
Description	Gets the Description property for the event class. Opnum: 15
Description	Sets the Description property for the event class. Opnum: 16
Opnum17NotUsedOnWire	Reserved for local use.

Method	Description
	Opnum: 17
Opnum18NotUsedOnWire	Reserved for local use. Opnum: 18
TypeLib	Gets the Typelib property of the event class. Opnum: 19
TypeLib	Sets the Typelib property of the event class. Opnum: 20

In the preceding table, the term "Reserved for local use" means that the client MUST NOT send the **opnum**, and the server behavior is undefined<12> because it does not affect interoperability.

3.1.4.2.1 get_EventClassID (Opnum 7)

The get_EventClassID method is used to get the [EventClassID](#) property of the event class.

```
[propget, id(1), helpstring("property EventClassID")] HRESULT EventClassID(
    [out, retval] BSTR* pbstrEventClassID
);
```

pbstrEventClassID: If the method returns a success HRESULT, it MUST contain the value of the EventClassID property of the event class, as specified in section 3.1.1.1. The value MUST conform to the format specified in section [2.2.3](#).

Return Values: An HRESULT specifying success or failure. All success codes MUST be treated the same, and all failure codes MUST be treated the same.

When this method is invoked, the server MUST verify that this value was previously set on this DCOM object instance servicing this method call. If not, the server MUST fail the call, returning a failure HRESULT back to the client. Otherwise, the server MUST return the value of the EventClassID property.

3.1.4.2.2 put_EventClassID (Opnum 8)

The put_EventClassID method sets the [EventClassID](#) property of the event class.

```
[propput, id(1), helpstring("property EventClassID")] HRESULT EventClassID(
    [in] BSTR bstrEventClassID
);
```

bstrEventClassID: The EventClassID property of the event class, as specified in section 3.1.1.1. The value MUST conform to the format specified in section [2.2.3](#).

Return Values: An HRESULT specifying success or failure. All success codes MUST be treated the same, and all failure codes MUST be treated the same.

When this method is invoked, the server MUST validate the new value of the property for syntax. If validation fails, the server MUST fail the method call. Otherwise, the server MUST attempt to update the state of the DCOM object servicing this method with the new value of the EventClassID property, and fail the call, returning a failure HRESULT back to the client if it cannot. Otherwise, it MUST override any previous value that was set for this DCOM object instance servicing this method call.

3.1.4.2.3 get_EventClassName (Opnum 9)

The `get_EventClassName` method gets the [EventClassName](#) property of the event class.

```
[propget, id(2), helpstring("property EventClassName")] HRESULT EventClassName(  
    [out, retval] BSTR* pbstrEventClassName  
);
```

pbstrEventClassName: If the method returns a success HRESULT, this MUST contain the value of the `EventClassName` property of the event class, as specified in section 3.1.1.1. The value MUST conform to the format specified in section [2.2.4](#).

Return Values: An HRESULT specifying success or failure. All success codes MUST be treated the same, and all failure codes MUST be treated the same.

When this method is invoked, the server MUST verify that this value was previously set on this DCOM object instance servicing this method call. If not, the server MUST fail the call, returning a failure HRESULT back to the client. Otherwise, the server MUST return the value of the `EventClassName` property.

3.1.4.2.4 put_EventClassName (Opnum 10)

The `put_EventClassName` method sets the [EventClassName](#) property of the event class.

```
[propput, id(2), helpstring("property EventClassName")] HRESULT EventClassName(  
    [in] BSTR bstrEventClassName  
);
```

bstrEventClassName: The `EventClassName` property of the event class, as specified in section 3.1.1.1. The value MUST conform to the format specified in section [2.2.4](#).

Return Values: An HRESULT specifying success or failure. All success codes MUST be treated the same, and all failure codes MUST be treated the same.

When this method is invoked, the server MUST validate the new value of the property for syntax. If validation fails, the server MUST fail the method call. Otherwise, the server MUST attempt to update the state of the DCOM object servicing this method with the new value of the `EventClassName` property, and fail the call, returning a failure HRESULT back to the client if it cannot. Otherwise, it MUST override any previous value that was set for this DCOM object instance servicing this method call.

3.1.4.2.5 get_OwnerSID (Opnum 11)

The `get_OwnerSID` method gets the [OwnerSID](#) property of the event class.

```
[propget, id(3), helpstring("property OwnerSID")] HRESULT OwnerSID(  
    [out, retval] BSTR* pbstrOwnerSID  
);
```

pbstrOwnerSID: If the method returns a success HRESULT, this MUST contain the `OwnerSID` property of the event class, as specified in section 3.1.1.1. The value MUST be specified in the Security Descriptor Description Language specified in [\[MS-DTYP\]](#) section 2.5.1.

Return Values: An HRESULT specifying success or failure. All success codes MUST be treated the same, and all failure codes MUST be treated the same.

When this method is invoked, the server MUST verify that this value was previously set on this DCOM object instance servicing this method call. If not, the server MUST fail the call, returning a failure HRESULT back to the client. Otherwise, the server MUST return the value of the OwnerSID property.

3.1.4.2.6 put_OwnerSID (Opnum 12)

The put_OwnerSID method sets the [OwnerSID](#) property of the event class.

```
[propput, id(3), helpstring("property OwnerSID")] HRESULT OwnerSID(  
    [in] BSTR bstrOwnerSID  
);
```

bstrOwnerSID: The OwnerSID property of the event class, as specified in section 3.1.1.1. The value MUST be specified in the Security Descriptor Description Language specified in [\[MS-DTYP\]](#) section 2.5.1.

Return Values: An HRESULT specifying success or failure. All success codes MUST be treated the same, and all failure codes MUST be treated the same.

When this method is invoked, the server MUST validate the new value of the property for syntax. If validation fails, the server MUST fail the method call. Otherwise, the server MUST attempt to update the state of the DCOM object servicing this method with the new value of the OwnerSID property, and fail the call, returning a failure HRESULT back to the client if it cannot. Otherwise, it MUST override any previous value that was set for this DCOM object instance servicing this method call.

3.1.4.2.7 get_FiringInterfaceID (Opnum 13)

The get_FiringInterfaceID method gets the [FiringInterfaceID](#) property of the event class.

```
[propget, id(4), helpstring("property FiringInterfaceID")] HRESULT FiringInterfaceID(  
    [out, retval] BSTR* pbstrFiringInterfaceID  
);
```

pbstrFiringInterfaceID: If the method returns a success HRESULT, it MUST contain the FiringInterfaceID property of the event class, as specified in section 3.1.1.1. The value MUST conform to the format specified in section [2.2.3](#).

Return Values: An HRESULT specifying success or failure. All success codes MUST be treated the same, and all failure codes MUST be treated the same.

When this method is invoked, the server MUST verify that this value was previously set on this DCOM object instance servicing this method call. If not, the server MUST fail the call, returning a failure HRESULT back to the client. Otherwise, the server MUST return the value of the FiringInterfaceID property.

3.1.4.2.8 put_FiringInterfaceID (Opnum 14)

The put_FiringInterfaceID method sets the [FiringInterfaceID](#) property of the event class.

```
[propput, id(4), helpstring("property FiringInterfaceID")] HRESULT FiringInterfaceID(  
    [in] BSTR bstrFiringInterfaceID  
);
```

bstrFiringInterfaceID: The value of the FiringInterfaceID property of the event class, as specified in section 3.1.1.1. The value MUST conform to the format specified in section [2.2.3](#).

Return Values: An HRESULT specifying success or failure. All success codes MUST be treated the same, and all failure codes MUST be treated the same.

When this method is invoked, the server MUST validate the new value of the property for syntax. If validation fails, the server MUST fail the method call. Otherwise, the server MUST attempt to update the state of the DCOM object servicing this method with the new value of the FiringInterfaceID property, and fail the call, returning a failure HRESULT back to the client if it cannot. Otherwise, it MUST override any previous value that was set for this DCOM object instance servicing this method call.

3.1.4.2.9 get_Description (Opnum 15)

The get_Description method gets the [Description](#) property of the event class.

```
[propget, id(5), helpstring("property Description")] HRESULT Description(  
    [out, retval] BSTR* pbstrDescription  
);
```

pbstrDescription: If the method returns a success HRESULT, this MUST contain the Description property of the event class, as specified in section 3.1.1.1. The string value MUST be of length less than or equal to 255.

Return Values: An HRESULT specifying success or failure. All success codes MUST be treated the same, and all failure codes MUST be treated the same.

When this method is invoked, the server MUST verify that this value was previously set on this DCOM object instance servicing this method call. If not, the server MUST fail the call, returning a failure HRESULT back to the client. Otherwise, the server MUST return the value of the Description property.

3.1.4.2.10 put_Description (Opnum 16)

The put_Description method sets the [Description](#) property of the event class.

```
[propput, id(5), helpstring("property Description")] HRESULT Description(  
    [in] BSTR bstrDescription  
);
```

bstrDescription: The Description property of the event class, as specified in section 3.1.1.1. The string value MUST be of length less than or equal to 255.

Return Values: An HRESULT specifying success or failure. All success codes MUST be treated the same, and all failure codes MUST be treated the same.

When this method is invoked, the server MUST validate the new value of the property for syntax. If validation fails, the server MUST fail the method call. Otherwise, the server MUST attempt to update the state of the DCOM object servicing this method with the new value of the Description property, and fail the call, returning a failure HRESULT back to the client if it cannot. Otherwise, it MUST override any previous value that was set for this DCOM object instance servicing this method call

3.1.4.2.11 get_TypeLib (Opnum 19)

The get_TypeLib method gets the [Typelib](#) property of the event class.

```
[propget, id(7), helpstring("property TypeLib")] HRESULT TypeLib(  
    [out, retval] BSTR* pbstrTypeLib  
);
```

pbstrTypeLib: If the method returns a success HRESULT, this MUST contain the Typelib property of the event class, as specified in section 3.1.1.1. The value MUST conform to the format specified in section 2.2.5.

Return Values: An HRESULT specifying success or failure. All success codes MUST be treated the same, and all failure codes MUST be treated the same.

When this method is invoked, the server MUST verify that this value was previously set on this DCOM object instance servicing this method call. If not, the server MUST fail the call, returning a failure HRESULT back to the client. Otherwise, the server MUST return the value of the Typelib property.

3.1.4.2.12 put_TypeLib (Opnum 20)

The put_TypeLib method sets the [Typelib](#) property of the event class.

```
[propput, id(7), helpstring("property TypeLib")] HRESULT TypeLib(  
    [in] BSTR bstrTypeLib  
);
```

bstrTypeLib: The Typelib property of the event class, as specified in section 3.1.1.1. The value MUST conform to the format specified in section 2.2.5.

Return Values: An HRESULT specifying success or failure. All success codes MUST be treated the same, and all failure codes MUST be treated the same.

When this method is invoked, the server MUST validate the new value of the property for syntax. If validation fails, the server MUST fail the method call. Otherwise, the server MUST attempt to update the state of the DCOM object servicing this method with the new value of the Typelib property, and fail the call, returning a failure HRESULT back to the client if it cannot. Otherwise, it MUST override any previous value that was set for this DCOM object instance servicing this method call.

3.1.4.3 IEventClass2

The IEventClass2 interface provides additional methods that are used by the client to manipulate event class properties on the server. This interface inherits opnums 0 through 20 from [IEventClass](#) as specified in section 3.1.4.2. The version for this interface is 0.0.

To receive incoming remote calls for this interface, the server MUST implement a DCOM object class with the class ID CLSID_EventClass (see section 1.9) using the UUID {fb2b72a1-7a68-11d1-88f9-0080c7d771bf} for this interface.

This interface includes the following methods beyond those in IEventClass.

Methods in RPC Opnum Order

Method	Description
get_PublisherID	Gets the PublisherID property of the event class. Opnum: 21
put_PublisherID	Sets the PublisherID property of the event class. Opnum: 22
get_MultiInterfacePublisherFilterCLSID	Gets the MultiInterfacePublisherFilterCLSID property of the event class. Opnum: 23
put_MultiInterfacePublisherFilterCLSID	Sets the MultiInterfacePublisherFilterCLSID property of the event class. Opnum: 24

Method	Description
get_AllowInprocActivation	Gets the AllowInprocActivation property of the event class. Opnum: 25
put_AllowInprocActivation	Sets the AllowInprocActivation property of the event class. Opnum: 26
get_FireInParallel	Gets the FireInParallel property of the event class. Opnum: 27
put_FireInParallel	Sets the FireInParallel property of the event class. Opnum: 28

3.1.4.3.1 get_PublisherID (Opnum 21)

The get_PublisherID method gets the [PublisherID](#) property of the event class.

```
[id(8), propget, helpstring("property PublisherID")] HRESULT PublisherID(
    [out, retval] BSTR* pbstrPublisherID
);
```

pbstrPublisherID: If the method returns a success HRESULT, this MUST contain the PublisherID property of the event class, as specified in section 3.1.1.1. The value MUST conform to the format specified in section [2.2.3](#).

Return Values: An HRESULT specifying success or failure. All success codes MUST be treated the same, and all failure codes MUST be treated the same.

When this method is invoked, the server MUST verify that this value was previously set on this DCOM object instance servicing this method call. If not, the server MUST fail the call, returning a failure HRESULT back to the client. Otherwise, the server MUST return the value of the PublisherID property.

3.1.4.3.2 put_PublisherID (Opnum 22)

The put_PublisherID method sets the [PublisherID](#) property of the event class.

```
[id(8), propput, helpstring("property PublisherID")] HRESULT PublisherID(
    [in] BSTR bstrPublisherID
);
```

bstrPublisherID: The PublisherID property of the event class, as specified in section 3.1.1.1. The value MUST conform to the format specified in section [2.2.3](#).

Return Values: An HRESULT specifying success or failure. All success codes MUST be treated the same, and all failure codes MUST be treated the same.

When this method is invoked, the server MUST validate the new value of the property for syntax. If validation fails, the server MUST fail the method call. Otherwise, the server MUST attempt to update the state of the DCOM object servicing this method with the new value of the PublisherID property, and fail the call, returning a failure HRESULT back to the client if it cannot. Otherwise, it MUST override any previous value that was set for this DCOM object instance servicing this method call.

3.1.4.3.3 get_MultiInterfacePublisherFilterCLSID (Opnum 23)

The `get_MultiInterfacePublisherFilterCLSID` method gets the [MultiInterfacePublisherFilterCLSID](#) property of the event class.

```
[id(9), propget, helpstring("property MultiInterfacePublisherFilterCLSID")]
HRESULT MultiInterfacePublisherFilterCLSID(
    [out, retval] BSTR* pbstrPubFilCLSID
);
```

pbstrPubFilCLSID: If the method returns a success HRESULT, this MUST contain the MultiInterfacePublisherFilterCLSID property of the event class, as specified in section 3.1.1.1. The value MUST conform to the format specified in section [2.2.3](#).

Return Values: An HRESULT specifying success or failure. All success codes MUST be treated the same, and all failure codes MUST be treated the same.

When this method is invoked, the server MUST verify that this value was previously set on this DCOM object instance servicing this method call. If not, the server MUST fail the call, returning a failure HRESULT back to the client. Otherwise, the server MUST return the value of the MultiInterfacePublisherFilterCLSID property.

3.1.4.3.4 put_MultiInterfacePublisherFilterCLSID (Opnum 24)

The `put_MultiInterfacePublisherFilterCLSID` method sets the [MultiInterfacePublisherFilterCLSID](#) property of the event class.

```
[id(9), propput, helpstring("property MultiInterfacePublisherFilterCLSID")]
HRESULT MultiInterfacePublisherFilterCLSID(
    [in] BSTR bstrPubFilCLSID
);
```

bstrPubFilCLSID: The MultiInterfacePublisherFilterCLSID property of the event class, as specified in section 3.1.1.1. The value MUST conform to the format specified in section [2.2.3](#).

Return Values: An HRESULT specifying success or failure. All success codes MUST be treated the same, and all failure codes MUST be treated the same.

When this method is invoked, the server MUST validate the new value of the property for syntax. If validation fails, the server MUST fail the method call. Otherwise, the server MUST attempt to update the state of the DCOM object servicing this method with the new value of the MultiInterfacePublisherFilterCLSID property, and fail the call, returning a failure HRESULT back to the client if it cannot. Otherwise, it MUST override any previous value that was set for this DCOM object instance servicing this method call.

3.1.4.3.5 get_AllowInprocActivation (Opnum 25)

The `get_AllowInprocActivation` method gets the [AllowInprocActivation](#) property of the event class.

```
[id(10), propget, helpstring("property AllowInprocActivation")]
HRESULT AllowInprocActivation(
    [out, retval] BOOL* pfAllowInprocActivation
);
```

pfAllowInprocActivation: If the method returns a success HRESULT, this MUST contain the AllowInprocActivation property of the event class, as specified in section 3.1.1.1.

Return Values: An HRESULT specifying success or failure. All success codes MUST be treated the same, and all failure codes MUST be treated the same.

When this method is invoked, the server MUST verify that this value was previously set on this DCOM object instance servicing this method call. If not, the server MUST fail the call, returning a failure HRESULT back to the client. Otherwise, the server MUST return the value of the AllowInprocActivation property.

3.1.4.3.6 put_AllowInprocActivation (Opnum 26)

The put_AllowInprocActivation method sets the [AllowInprocActivation](#) property of the event class.

```
[id(10), propput, helpstring("property AllowInprocActivation")]
HRESULT AllowInprocActivation(
    [in] BOOL fAllowInprocActivation
);
```

fAllowInprocActivation: The value of the AllowInprocActivation property of the event class, as specified in section 3.1.1.1.

Return Values: An HRESULT specifying success or failure. All success codes MUST be treated the same, and all failure codes MUST be treated the same.

When this method is invoked, the server MUST validate the new value of the property for syntax. If validation fails, the server MUST fail the method call. Otherwise, the server MUST attempt to update the state of the DCOM object servicing this method with the new value of the AllowInprocActivation property, and fail the call, returning a failure HRESULT back to the client if it cannot. Otherwise, it MUST override any previous value that was set for this DCOM object instance servicing this method call.

3.1.4.3.7 get_FireInParallel (Opnum 27)

The get_FireInParallel method gets the [FireInParallel](#) property of the event class.

```
[id(11), propget, helpstring("property FireInParallel")] HRESULT FireInParallel(
    [out, retval] BOOL* pfFireInParallel
);
```

pfFireInParallel: If the method returns a success HRESULT, this MUST contain the value of the FireInParallel property of the event class, as specified in section 3.1.1.1.

Return Values: An HRESULT specifying success or failure. All success codes MUST be treated the same, and all failure codes MUST be treated the same.

When this method is invoked, the server MUST verify that this value was previously set on this DCOM object instance servicing this method call. If not, the server MUST fail the call, returning a failure HRESULT back to the client. Otherwise, the server MUST return the value of the FireInParallel property.

3.1.4.3.8 put_FireInParallel (Opnum 28)

The put_FireInParallel method sets the value of the [FireInParallel](#) property of the event class.

```
[id(11), propput, helpstring("property FireInParallel")] HRESULT FireInParallel(
    [in] BOOL fFireInParallel
);
```

fFireInParallel: The value of the FireInParallel property of the event class, as specified in section 3.1.1.1.

Return Values: An HRESULT specifying success or failure. All success codes MUST be treated the same, and all failure codes MUST be treated the same.

When this method is invoked, the server MUST validate the new value of the property for syntax. If validation fails, the server MUST fail the method call. Otherwise, the server MUST attempt to update the state of the DCOM object servicing this method with the new value of the FireInParallel property, and fail the call, returning a failure HRESULT back to the client if it cannot. Otherwise, it MUST override any previous value that was set for this DCOM object instance servicing this method call.

3.1.4.4 IEventSubscription

The IEventSubscription interface provides methods to get and set the properties of a subscription. This interface inherits opnums 0 through 6 from [\[MS-OAUT\]](#) IDispatch as specified in [\[MS-OAUT\]](#) section 3.1.4. The version for this interface is 0.0.

To receive incoming remote calls for this interface, the server MUST implement a DCOM [\[MS-DCOM\]](#) object class with the class ID CLSID_Subscription (see section [1.9](#)) using the UUID {4A6B0E15-2E38-11D1-9965-00C04FBBB345} for this interface.

The interface includes the following methods beyond those in IDispatch.

Methods in RPC Opnum Order

Method	Description
get_SubscriptionID	Gets the SubscriptionID property of the subscription. Opnum: 7
put_SubscriptionID	Sets the SubscriptionID property of the subscription. Opnum: 8
get_SubscriptionName	Gets the SubscriptionName property of the subscription. Opnum: 9
put_SubscriptionName	Sets the SubscriptionName property of the subscription. Opnum: 10
get_PublisherID	Gets the PublisherID property of the subscription. Opnum: 11
put_PublisherID	Sets the PublisherID property of the subscription. Opnum: 12
get_EventClassID	Gets the EventClassID property of the subscription. Opnum: 13
put_EventClassID	Sets the EventClassID property of the subscription. Opnum: 14
get_MethodName	Gets the MethodName property of the subscription. Opnum: 15
put_MethodName	Sets the MethodName property of the subscription. Opnum: 16
get_SubscriberCLSID	Gets the SubscriberCLSID property of the subscription. Opnum: 17
put_SubscriberCLSID	Sets the SubscriberCLSID property of the subscription.

Method	Description
	Opnum: 18
get_SubscriberInterface	Gets the SubscriberInterface property of the subscription. Opnum: 19
put_SubscriberInterface	Sets the SubscriberInterface property of the subscription. Opnum: 20
get_PerUser	Gets the PerUser property of the subscription. Opnum: 21
put_PerUser	Sets the PerUser property of the subscription. Opnum: 22
get_OwnerSID	Gets the OwnerSID property of the subscription. Opnum: 23
put_OwnerSID	Sets the OwnerSID property of the subscription. Opnum: 24
get_Enabled	Gets the Enabled property of the subscription. Opnum: 25
put_Enabled	Sets the Enabled property of the subscription. Opnum: 26
get_Description	Gets the Description property of the subscription. Opnum: 27
put_Description	Sets the Description property of the subscription. Opnum: 28
get_MachineName	Gets the MachineName property of the subscription. Opnum: 29
put_MachineName	Sets the MachineName property of the subscription. Opnum: 30
GetPublisherProperty	Gets the application-specific publisher property for the subscription. Opnum: 31
PutPublisherProperty	Sets the application-specific publisher property for the subscription. Opnum: 32
RemovePublisherProperty	Removes an application-specific publisher property for the subscription. Opnum: 33
GetPublisherPropertyCollection	Gets an application-specific publisher properties collection for the subscription. Opnum: 34
GetSubscriberProperty	Gets an application-specific subscription property for the subscription. Opnum: 35
PutSubscriberProperty	Sets an application-specific subscription property for the subscription. Opnum: 36
RemoveSubscriberProperty	Removes an application-specific subscription property for the subscription.

Method	Description
	Opnum: 37
GetSubscriberPropertyCollection	Gets the application-specific subscription properties for the subscription as a collection. Opnum: 38
get_InterfaceID	Gets the InterfaceID property for the subscription. Opnum: 39
put_InterfaceID	Sets the InterfaceID property for the subscription. Opnum: 40

3.1.4.4.1 get_SubscriptionID (Opnum 7)

The get_SubscriptionID method gets the [SubscriptionID](#) property for the subscription.

```
[propget, id(1), helpstring("property SubscriptionID")] HRESULT SubscriptionID(
    [out, retval] BSTR* pbstrSubscriptionID
);
```

pbstrSubscriptionID: If the method returns a success HRESULT, this MUST contain the SubscriptionID property of the subscription, as specified in section 3.1.1.2. The value MUST conform to the format as specified in section [2.2.3](#).

Return Values: An HRESULT specifying success or failure. All success codes MUST be treated the same, and all failure codes MUST be treated the same.

When this method is invoked, the server MUST verify that this value was previously set on this DCOM object instance servicing this method call. If not, the server MUST fail the call, returning a failure HRESULT back to the client. Otherwise, the server MUST return the value of the SubscriptionID property.

3.1.4.4.2 put_SubscriptionID (Opnum 8)

The put_SubscriptionID method sets the [SubscriptionID](#) property of the subscription.

```
[propput, id(1), helpstring("property SubscriptionID")] HRESULT SubscriptionID(
    [in] BSTR bstrSubscriptionID
);
```

bstrSubscriptionID: A UUID uniquely identifying the subscription, in the string format specified in section [2.2.3](#). This MUST be a UUID generated by the client, as specified in [\[C706\]](#) section A.2.5.

Return Values: An HRESULT specifying success or failure. All success codes MUST be treated the same, and all failure codes MUST be treated the same.

When this method is invoked, the server MUST validate the new value of the property for syntax. If validation fails, the server MUST fail the call, returning a failure HRESULT back to the client. Otherwise, the server MUST attempt to update the state of the DCOM object servicing this method with the new value of the SubscriptionID property, and fail the call if it cannot. Otherwise, it MUST override any previous value that was set for this DCOM object instance servicing this method call.

3.1.4.4.3 get_SubscriptionName (Opnum 9)

The `get_SubscriptionName` method gets the [SubscriptionName](#) property of the subscription.

```
[propget, id(2), helpstring("property SubscriptionName")] HRESULT SubscriptionName(  
    [out, retval] BSTR* pbstrSubscriptionName  
);
```

pbstrSubscriptionName: If the method returns a success HRESULT, this MUST contain the SubscriptionName property of the subscription, as specified in section 3.1.1.2. The value MUST conform to the format as specified in section [2.2.4](#).

Return Values: An HRESULT specifying success or failure. All success codes MUST be treated the same, and all failure codes MUST be treated the same.

When this method is invoked, the server MUST verify that this value was previously set on this DCOM object instance servicing this method call. If not, the server MUST fail the call, returning a failure HRESULT back to the client. Otherwise, the server MUST return the value of the SubscriptionName property.

3.1.4.4.4 put_SubscriptionName (Opnum 10)

The `put_SubscriptionName` method sets the [SubscriptionName](#) property of the subscription.

```
[propput, id(2), helpstring("property SubscriptionName")] HRESULT SubscriptionName(  
    [in] BSTR bstrSubscriptionName  
);
```

bstrSubscriptionName: The SubscriptionName property of the subscription, as specified in section 3.1.1.2. The value MUST conform to the format as specified in section [2.2.4](#).

Return Values: An HRESULT specifying success or failure. All success codes MUST be treated the same, and all failure codes MUST be treated the same.

When this method is invoked, the server MUST validate the new value of the property for syntax. If validation fails, the server MUST fail the call, returning a failure HRESULT back to the client. Otherwise, the server MUST attempt to update the state of the DCOM object servicing this method with the new value of the SubscriptionName property, and fail the call if it cannot. Otherwise, it MUST override any previous value that was set for this DCOM object instance servicing this method call.

3.1.4.4.5 get_PublisherID (Opnum 11)

The `get_PublisherID` method gets the [PublisherID](#) property of the subscription.

```
[propget, id(3), helpstring("property PublisherID")] HRESULT PublisherID(  
    [out, retval] BSTR* pbstrPublisherID  
);
```

pbstrPublisherID: If the method returns a success HRESULT, this MUST contain the PublisherID property of the subscription, as specified in section 3.1.1.2. The value MUST conform to the format as specified in section [2.2.4](#).

Return Values: An HRESULT specifying success or failure. All success codes MUST be treated the same, and all failure codes MUST be treated the same.

When this method is invoked, the server MUST verify that this value was previously set on this DCOM object instance servicing this method call. If not, the server MUST fail the call, returning a failure HRESULT back to the client. Otherwise, the server MUST return the value of the PublisherID property.

3.1.4.4.6 put_PublisherID (Opnum 12)

The put_PublisherID method sets the [PublisherID](#) property of the subscription.

```
[propput, id(3), helpstring("property PublisherID")] HRESULT PublisherID(  
    [in] BSTR bstrPublisherID  
);
```

bstrPublisherID: The PublisherID property of the subscription, as specified in section 3.1.1.2. The value MUST conform to the format as specified in section [2.2.4](#).

Return Values: An HRESULT specifying success or failure. All success codes MUST be treated the same, and all failure codes MUST be treated the same.

When this method is invoked, the server MUST validate the new value of the property for syntax. If validation fails, the server MUST fail the call, returning a failure HRESULT back to the client. Otherwise, the server MUST attempt to update the state of the DCOM object servicing this method with the new value of the PublisherID property, and fail the call if it cannot. Otherwise, it MUST override any previous value that was set for this DCOM object instance servicing this method call.

3.1.4.4.7 get_EventClassID (Opnum 13)

The get_EventClassID method gets the [EventClassID](#) property of the subscription.

```
[propget, id(4), helpstring("property EventClassID")] HRESULT EventClassID(  
    [out, retval] BSTR* pbstrEventClassID  
);
```

pbstrEventClassID: If the method returns a success HRESULT, this MUST contain the EventClassID property of the subscription, as specified in section 3.1.1.2. The value MUST conform to the format as specified in section [2.2.4](#).

Return Values: An HRESULT specifying success or failure. All success codes MUST be treated the same, and all failure codes MUST be treated the same.

When this method is invoked, the server MUST verify that this value was previously set on this DCOM object instance servicing this method call. If not, the server MUST fail the call, returning a failure HRESULT back to the client. Otherwise, the server MUST return the value of the EventClassID property.

3.1.4.4.8 put_EventClassID (Opnum 14)

The put_EventClassID method sets the [EventClassID](#) property of the subscription.

```
[propput, id(4), helpstring("property EventClassID")] HRESULT EventClassID(  
    [in] BSTR bstrEventClassID  
);
```

bstrEventClassID: The EventClassID property of the subscription, as specified in section 3.1.1.2. The value MUST conform to the format as specified in section [2.2.4](#).

Return Values: An HRESULT specifying success or failure. All success codes MUST be treated the same, and all failure codes MUST be treated the same.

When this method is invoked, the server MUST validate the new value of the property for syntax. If validation fails, the server MUST fail the call, returning a failure HRESULT back to the client.

Otherwise, the server MUST attempt to update the state of the DCOM object servicing this method with the new value of the EventClassID property, and fail the call if it cannot. Otherwise, it MUST override any previous value that was set for this DCOM object instance servicing this method call.

3.1.4.4.9 get_MethodName (Opnum 15)

The get_MethodName method gets the [MethodName](#) property of the subscription.

```
[propget, id(5), helpstring("property MethodName")] HRESULT MethodName(  
    [out, retval] BSTR* pbstrMethodName  
);
```

pbstrMethodName: If the method returns a success HRESULT, this MUST contain the MethodName property of the subscription, as specified in section 3.1.1.2. The value MUST conform to the format as specified in section [2.2.4](#).

Return Values: An HRESULT specifying success or failure. All success codes MUST be treated the same, and all failure codes MUST be treated the same.

When this method is invoked, the server MUST verify that this value was previously set on this DCOM object instance servicing this method call. If not, the server MUST fail the call, returning a failure HRESULT back to the client. Otherwise, the server MUST return the value of the MethodName property.

3.1.4.4.10 put_MethodName (Opnum 16)

The put_MethodName method sets the [MethodName](#) property of the subscription.

```
[propput, id(5), helpstring("property MethodName")] HRESULT MethodName(  
    [in] BSTR bstrMethodName  
);
```

bstrMethodName: The MethodName property of the subscription, as specified in section 3.1.1.2. The value MUST conform to the format as specified in section [2.2.4](#).

Return Values: An HRESULT specifying success or failure. All success codes MUST be treated the same, and all failure codes MUST be treated the same.

When this method is invoked, the server MUST validate the new value of the property for syntax. If validation fails, the server MUST fail the call, returning a failure HRESULT back to the client. Otherwise, the server MUST attempt to update the state of the DCOM object servicing this method with the new value of the MethodName property, and fail the call if it cannot. Otherwise, it MUST override any previous value that was set for this DCOM object instance servicing this method call.

3.1.4.4.11 get_SubscriberCLSID (Opnum 17)

The get_SubscriberCLSID method gets the [SubscriberCLSID](#) property of the subscription.

```
[propget, id(6), helpstring("property SubscriberCLSID")] HRESULT SubscriberCLSID(  
    [out, retval] BSTR* pbstrSubscriberCLSID  
);
```

pbstrSubscriberCLSID: If the method returns a success HRESULT, this MUST contain the SubscriberCLSID property of the subscription, as specified in section 3.1.1.2. The value MUST conform to the format as specified in section [2.2.3](#).

Return Values: An HRESULT specifying success or failure. All success codes MUST be treated the same, and all failure codes MUST be treated the same.

When this method is invoked, the server MUST verify that this value was previously set on this DCOM object instance servicing this method call. If not, the server MUST fail the call, returning a failure HRESULT back to the client. Otherwise, the server MUST return the value of the SubscriberCLSID property.

3.1.4.4.12 put_SubscriberCLSID (Opnum 18)

The put_SubscriberCLSID method sets the [SubscriberCLSID](#) property of the subscription.

```
[propput, id(6), helpstring("property SubscriberCLSID")] HRESULT SubscriberCLSID(  
    [in] BSTR bstrSubscriberCLSID  
);
```

bstrSubscriberCLSID: The SubscriberCLSID property of the subscription, as specified in section 3.1.1.2. The value MUST conform to the format as specified in section [2.2.3](#).

Return Values: An HRESULT specifying success or failure. All success codes MUST be treated the same, and all failure codes MUST be treated the same.

When this method is invoked, the server MUST validate the new value of the property for syntax. If validation fails, the server MUST fail the call, returning a failure HRESULT back to the client. Otherwise, the server MUST attempt to update the state of the DCOM object servicing this method with the new value of the SubscriberCLSID property, and fail the call if it cannot. Otherwise, it MUST override any previous value that was set for this DCOM object instance servicing this method call.

3.1.4.4.13 get_SubscriberInterface (Opnum 19)

The get_SubscriberInterface method gets the [SubscriberInterface](#) property of the subscription.

```
[propget, id(7), helpstring("property SubscriberInterface")] HRESULT SubscriberInterface(  
    [out, retval] IUnknown** ppSubscriberInterface  
);
```

ppSubscriberInterface: If the method returns a success HRESULT, this MUST contain the SubscriberInterface property of the subscription, as specified in section 3.1.1.2.

Return Values: An HRESULT specifying success or failure. All success codes MUST be treated the same, and all failure codes MUST be treated the same.

When this method is invoked, the server MUST verify that this value was previously set on this DCOM object instance servicing this method call. If not, the server MUST fail the call, returning a failure HRESULT back to the client. Otherwise, the server MUST return the value of the SubscriberInterface property.

3.1.4.4.14 put_SubscriberInterface (Opnum 20)

The put_SubscriberInterface method sets the [SubscriberInterface](#) property of the subscription.

```
[propput, id(7), helpstring("property SubscriberInterface")] HRESULT SubscriberInterface(  
    [in] IUnknown* pSubscriberInterface  
);
```


pSubscriberInterface: The SubscriberInterface property of the subscription, as specified in section 3.1.1.2.

Return Values: An HRESULT specifying success or failure. All success codes MUST be treated the same, and all failure codes MUST be treated the same.

When this method is invoked, the server MUST validate the new value of the property for syntax. If validation fails, the server MUST fail the method call. Otherwise, the server MUST attempt to update the state of the DCOM object servicing this method with the new value of the SubscriberInterface property, and fail the call if it cannot. Otherwise, it MUST override any previous value that was set for this DCOM object instance servicing this method call.

3.1.4.4.15 get_PerUser (Opnum 21)

The get_PerUser method gets the [PerUser](#) property of the subscription.

```
[propget, id(8), helpstring("property PerUser")] HRESULT PerUser(  
    [out, retval] BOOL* pPerUser  
);
```

pfPerUser: If the method returns a success HRESULT, this MUST contain the value of the PerUser property of the subscription, as specified in section 3.1.1.2.

Return Values: An HRESULT specifying success or failure. All success codes MUST be treated the same, and all failure codes MUST be treated the same.

When this method is invoked, the server MUST verify that this value was previously set on this DCOM object instance servicing this method call. If not, the server MUST fail the call, returning a failure HRESULT back to the client. Otherwise, the server MUST return the value of the PerUser property.

3.1.4.4.16 put_PerUser (Opnum 22)

The put_PerUser method sets the [PerUser](#) property of the subscription.

```
[propput, id(8), helpstring("property PerUser")] HRESULT PerUser(  
    [in] BOOL fPerUser  
);
```

fPerUser: This is the PerUser property of the subscription, as specified in section 3.1.1.2.

Return Values: An HRESULT specifying success or failure. All success codes MUST be treated the same, and all failure codes MUST be treated the same.

When this method is invoked, the server MUST validate the new value of the property for syntax. If validation fails, the server MUST fail the call, returning a failure HRESULT back to the client. Otherwise, the server MUST attempt to update the state of the DCOM object servicing this method with the new value of the PerUser property, and fail the call if it cannot. Otherwise, it MUST override any previous value that was set for this DCOM object instance servicing this method call.

3.1.4.4.17 get_OwnerSID (Opnum 23)

The get_OwnerSID method gets the [OwnerSID](#) property of the subscription.

```
[propget, id(9), helpstring("property OwnerSID")] HRESULT OwnerSID(  
    [out, retval] BSTR* pbstrOwnerSID  
);
```

pbstrOwnerSID: If the method returns a success HRESULT, this MUST contain the value of the OwnerSID property of the subscription, as specified in section 3.1.1.2. The value MUST be specified in the Security Descriptor Description Language specified in [\[MS-DTYP\]](#) section 2.5.1.

Return Values: An HRESULT specifying success or failure. All success codes MUST be treated the same, and all failure codes MUST be treated the same.

When this method is invoked, the server MUST verify that this value was previously set on this DCOM object instance servicing this method call. If not, the server MUST fail the call, returning a failure HRESULT back to the client. Otherwise, the server MUST return the value of the OwnerSID property.

3.1.4.4.18 put_OwnerSID (Opnum 24)

The put_OwnerSID method sets the [OwnerSID](#) property of the subscription

```
[propput, id(9), helpstring("property OwnerSID")] HRESULT OwnerSID(  
    [in] BSTR bstrOwnerSID  
);
```

bstrOwnerSID: The OwnerSID property of the subscription, as specified in section 3.1.1.2. The value MUST be specified in the Security Descriptor Description Language specified in [\[MS-DTYP\]](#) section 2.5.1.

Return Values: An HRESULT specifying success or failure. All success codes MUST be treated the same, and all failure codes MUST be treated the same.

When this method is invoked, the server MUST validate the new value of the property for syntax. If validation fails, the server MUST fail the call, returning a failure HRESULT back to the client. Otherwise, the server MUST attempt to update the state of the DCOM object servicing this method with the new value of the OwnerSID property, and fail the call if it cannot. Otherwise, it MUST override any previous value that was set for this DCOM object instance servicing this method call.

3.1.4.4.19 get_Enabled (Opnum 25)

The get_Enabled method gets the [Enabled](#) property of the subscription.

```
[propget, id(10), helpstring("property Enabled")] HRESULT Enabled(  
    [out, retval] BOOL* pfEnabled  
);
```

pfEnabled: If the method returns a success HRESULT, this MUST contain the value of the Enabled property of the subscription, as specified in section 3.1.1.2.

Return Values: An HRESULT specifying success or failure. All success codes MUST be treated the same, and all failure codes MUST be treated the same.

When this method is invoked, the server MUST verify that this value was previously set on this DCOM object instance servicing this method call. If not, the server MUST fail the call, returning a failure HRESULT back to the client. Otherwise, the server MUST return the value of the Enabled property.

3.1.4.4.20 put_Enabled (Opnum 26)

The put_Enabled method sets the [Enabled](#) property of the subscription.

```
[propput, id(10), helpstring("property Enabled")] HRESULT Enabled(  
    [in] BOOL fEnabled
```

);

fEnabled: The new value of the Enabled property of the subscription, as specified in section 3.1.1.2.

Return Values: An HRESULT specifying success or failure. All success codes MUST be treated the same, and all failure codes MUST be treated the same.

When this method is invoked, the server MUST validate the new value of the property for syntax. If validation fails, the server MUST fail the call, returning a failure HRESULT back to the client. Otherwise, the server MUST attempt to update the state of the DCOM object servicing this method with the new value of the Enabled property, and fail the call if it cannot. Otherwise, it MUST override any previous value that was set for this DCOM object instance servicing this method call.

3.1.4.4.21 get_Description (Opnum 27)

The get_Description method gets the [Description](#) property of the subscription.

```
[propget, id(11), helpstring("property Description")] HRESULT Description(  
    [out, retval] BSTR* pbstrDescription  
);
```

pbstrDescription: If the method returns a success HRESULT, this MUST contain the value of the Description property of the subscription, as specified in section 3.1.1.2. This MUST be a string of character length less than or equal to 255.

Return Values: An HRESULT specifying success or failure. All success codes MUST be treated the same, and all failure codes MUST be treated the same.

When this method is invoked, the server MUST verify that this value was previously set on this DCOM object instance servicing this method call. If not, the server MUST fail the call, returning a failure HRESULT back to the client. Otherwise, the server MUST return the value of the Description property.

3.1.4.4.22 put_Description (Opnum 28)

The put_Description method sets the [Description](#) property of the subscription.

```
[propput, id(11), helpstring("property Description")] HRESULT Description(  
    [in] BSTR bstrDescription  
);
```

bstrDescription: The Description property of the subscription, as specified in section 3.1.1.2. This MUST be a string of character length less than or equal to 255.

Return Values: An HRESULT specifying success or failure. All success codes MUST be treated the same, and all failure codes MUST be treated the same.

When this method is invoked, the server MUST validate the new value of the property for syntax. If validation fails, the server MUST fail the call, returning a failure HRESULT back to the client. Otherwise, the server MUST attempt to update the state of the DCOM object servicing this method with the new value of the Description property, and fail the call if it cannot. Otherwise, it MUST override any previous value that was set for this DCOM object instance servicing this method call.

3.1.4.4.23 get_MachineName (Opnum 29)

The get_MachineName method gets the [MachineName](#) property of the subscription.

```
[propget, id(12), helpstring("property MachineName")] HRESULT MachineName(
    [out, retval] BSTR* pbstrMachineName
);
```

pbstrMachineName: If the method returns a success HRESULT, this MUST contain the value of the MachineName property of the subscription, as specified in section 3.1.1.2. This MUST be a string of character length less than or equal to 255.

Return Values: An HRESULT specifying success or failure. All success codes MUST be treated the same, and all failure codes MUST be treated the same.

When this method is invoked, the server MUST verify that this value was previously set on this DCOM object instance servicing this method call. If not, the server MUST fail the call, returning a failure HRESULT back to the client. Otherwise, the server MUST return the value of the MachineName property.

3.1.4.4.24 put_MachineName (Opnum 30)

The put_MachineName method sets the [MachineName](#) property of the subscription.

```
[propput, id(12), helpstring("property MachineName")] HRESULT MachineName(
    [in] BSTR bstrMachineName
);
```

bstrMachineName: The MachineName property of the subscription, as specified in section 3.1.1.2. This MUST be a string of character length less than or equal to 255.

Return Values: An HRESULT specifying success or failure. All success codes MUST be treated the same, and all failure codes MUST be treated the same.

When this method is invoked, the server MUST validate the new value of the property for syntax. If validation fails, the server MUST fail the call, returning a failure HRESULT back to the client. Otherwise, the server MUST attempt to update the state of the DCOM object servicing this method with the new value of the MachineName property, and fail the call if it cannot. Otherwise, it MUST override any previous value that was set for this DCOM object instance servicing this method call.

3.1.4.4.25 GetPublisherProperty (Opnum 31)

The GetPublisherProperty method gets the application-specific publisher property of the [subscription](#). See publisher properties in section 3.1.1.2.

```
[id(13), helpstring("method GetPublisherProperty")] HRESULT GetPublisherProperty(
    [in] BSTR bstrPropertyName,
    [out, retval] VARIANT* propertyValue
);
```

bstrPropertyName: The application-specific name for publisher property. The format for the publisher property name MUST adhere to the format specified in section [2.2.2.1](#).

propertyValue: If the function returns a success HRESULT, this MUST contain the application-specific publisher property value which MUST be of the type specified in [2.2.2.2](#).

Return Values: An HRESULT specifying success or failure. All success codes MUST be treated the same, and all failure codes MUST be treated the same.

When this method is invoked, the server MUST validate the *bstrPropertyName* parameter. If validation fails, the server MUST fail the call, returning a failure HRESULT back to the client. The server MUST

then check to see if the value for this property is associated with the state of the instance of the DCOM object servicing this call specific to publisher properties. The server MUST verify that the value was previously set on this DCOM object instance servicing this method call. If not, the server MUST fail the call. Otherwise, the server MUST return the value of the property.

3.1.4.4.26 PutPublisherProperty (Opnum 32)

The PutPublisherProperty method sets the application-specific publisher property of the [subscription](#). If the subscription does not already have a publisher property, this method will add it to the publisher property collection. If the same name property exists, it would be overwritten by the new value provided as part of this method. See publisher properties in section 3.1.1.2.

```
[id(14), helpstring("method PutPublisherProperty")] HRESULT PutPublisherProperty(  
    [in] BSTR bstrPropertyName,  
    [in] VARIANT* propertyValue  
);
```

bstrPropertyName: The application-specific name for publisher property. The format for the publisher property name MUST adhere to the format specified in section [2.2.2.1](#).

propertyValue: The application-specific publisher property value which MUST be of the type specified in [2.2.2.2](#).

Return Values: An HRESULT specifying success or failure. All success codes MUST be treated the same, and all failure codes MUST be treated the same.

When this method is invoked, the server MUST validate both the *bstrPropertyName* and *propertyValue* parameter. If the validation fails, the server MUST fail the call, returning a failure HRESULT back to the client. Otherwise, the server MUST attempt to store the value into the state of the DCOM object instance servicing this call specific to publisher properties, and fail the call if it cannot. Otherwise, the server MUST override any previously associated value with this property name.

3.1.4.4.27 RemovePublisherProperty (Opnum 33)

The RemovePublisherProperty method removes the specified application-specific publisher property for the [subscription](#). See publisher properties in section 3.1.1.2.

```
[id(15), helpstring("method RemovePublisherProperty")] HRESULT RemovePublisherProperty(  
    [in] BSTR bstrPropertyName  
);
```

bstrPropertyName: The application-specific name for the publisher property. The format for the publisher property name MUST adhere to the format specified in section [2.2.2.1](#).

Return Values: An HRESULT specifying success or failure. All success codes MUST be treated the same, and all failure codes MUST be treated the same.

When this method is invoked, the server MUST validate the syntax for the *bstrPropertyName* parameter. If validation fails, the server MUST fail the call, returning a failure HRESULT back to the client. Otherwise, the server MUST verify that the value for the property name is associated with the state of the DCOM object servicing this call specific to publisher properties. If not, the server MUST fail the call. Otherwise, the server MUST remove any state specific to this property name associated with the state of the DCOM object servicing this call specific to publisher properties.

3.1.4.4.28 GetPublisherPropertyCollection (Opnum 34)

The `GetPublisherPropertyCollection` method gets all the application-specific publisher properties as a collection of the [subscription](#). See publisher properties in section 3.1.1.2.

```
[id(16), helpstring("method GetPublisherPropertyCollection")]
HRESULT GetPublisherPropertyCollection(
    [out, retval] IEventObjectCollection** collection
);
```

collection: If the function returns a success HRESULT, this MUST return an instance of DCOM object supporting the [IEventObjectCollection](#) which MUST contain a collection of application-specific publisher properties. These properties MUST conform to the specification given in section [2.2.2](#).

Return Values: An HRESULT specifying success or failure. All success codes MUST be treated the same, and all failure codes MUST be treated the same.

When this method is invoked, the server MUST enumerate all publisher properties associated with the instance of the DCOM object servicing this call. It MUST attempt to store these in a collection DCOM object supporting IEventObjectCollection interface and fail the call, returning a failure HRESULT back to the client if it cannot. It MUST then return this DCOM object instance through the *collection* parameter.

3.1.4.4.29 GetSubscriberProperty (Opnum 35)

The `GetSubscriberProperty` method gets the value of an application-specific subscriber property of the [subscription](#), as specified in section 3.1.1.2.

```
[id(17), helpstring("method GetSubscriberProperty")] HRESULT GetSubscriberProperty(
    [in] BSTR bstrPropertyName,
    [out, retval] VARIANT* propertyValue
);
```

bstrPropertyName: The application-specific name for the subscriber property. The format for the subscriber property name MUST adhere to the format specified in section [2.2.2.1](#).

propertyValue: If the function returns a success HRESULT, this MUST contain the application-specific subscriber property value which MUST be of the type specified in [2.2.2.2](#).

Return Values: An HRESULT specifying success or failure. All success codes MUST be treated the same, and all failure codes MUST be treated the same.

When this method is invoked, the server MUST validate both instances of `bstrPropertyName`. If validation fails, the server MUST fail the call, returning a failure HRESULT back to the client. The server MUST then check to see if the value for this property is associated with the state of the instance of the DCOM object servicing this call specific to subscriber properties. The server MUST verify that the value was previously set on this DCOM object instance servicing this method call. If not, the server MUST fail the call. Otherwise, the server MUST return the value of the property.

3.1.4.4.30 PutSubscriberProperty (Opnum 36)

The `PutSubscriberProperty` method sets the value of an application-specific subscriber property of the [subscription](#), as specified in section 3.1.1.2.

```
[id(18), helpstring("method PutSubscriberProperty")] HRESULT PutSubscriberProperty(
    [in] BSTR bstrPropertyName,
    [in] VARIANT* propertyValue
);
```

bstrPropertyName: The application-specific name for the subscriber property. The format for the subscriber property name MUST adhere to the format specified in section [2.2.2.1](#).

propertyValue: The application-specific subscriber property value which MUST be of the type specified in [2.2.2.2](#).

Return Values: An HRESULT specifying success or failure. All success codes MUST be treated the same, and all failure codes MUST be treated the same.

When this method is invoked, the server MUST validate both the *bstrPropertyName* and *propertyValue* parameter. If the validation fails, the server MUST fail the call, returning a failure HRESULT back to the client. Otherwise, the server MUST attempt to store the value into the state of the DCOM object instance servicing this call specific to the subscriber properties, and fail the call if it cannot. The server MUST override any previously associated value with this property name.

3.1.4.4.31 RemoveSubscriberProperty (Opnum 37)

The RemoveSubscriberProperty method removes the specified application-specific subscriber property for the [subscription](#), as specified in section 3.1.1.2.

```
[id(19), helpstring("method RemoveSubscriberProperty")] HRESULT RemoveSubscriberProperty(  
    [in] BSTR bstrPropertyName  
);
```

bstrPropertyName: The application-specific name for the subscriber property. The format for the subscriber property name MUST adhere to the format specified in section [2.2.2.1](#).

Return Values: An HRESULT specifying success or failure. All success codes MUST be treated the same, and all failure codes MUST be treated the same.

When this method is invoked, the server MUST validate the syntax for the *bstrPropertyName* parameter. If validation fails, the server MUST fail the call, returning a failure HRESULT back to the client. Otherwise, the server MUST verify that the value for the property name is associated with the state of the DCOM object servicing this call specific to the subscriber properties. If not, the server MUST fail the call. Otherwise, the server MUST attempt to remove any state specific to this property name associated with the state of the DCOM object servicing this call specific to subscriber properties, and fail the call if it cannot.

3.1.4.4.32 GetSubscriberPropertyCollection (Opnum 38)

The GetSubscriberPropertyCollection method gets the collection of all the application-specific subscriber properties for the [subscription](#), as specified in section 3.1.1.2.

```
[id(20), helpstring("method GetSubscriberPropertyCollection")]  
HRESULT GetSubscriberPropertyCollection(  
    [out, retval] IEventObjectCollection** collection  
);
```

collection: If the function returns a success HRESULT, this MUST return an instance of a DCOM object supporting the [IEventObjectCollection](#) which MUST contain a collection of application-specific subscriber properties. These properties MUST conform to the specification given in section [2.2.2](#).

Return Values: An HRESULT specifying success or failure. All success codes MUST be treated the same, and all failure codes MUST be treated the same.

When this method is invoked, the server MUST enumerate all subscriber properties associated with the instance of the DCOM object servicing this call. It MUST attempt to store these in a collection DCOM object supporting IEventObjectCollection interface, and fail the call, returning a failure HRESULT back

to the client if it cannot. It MUST then return this DCOM object instance through the *collection* parameter and fail the call if it cannot.

3.1.4.4.33 get_InterfaceID (Opnum 39)

The get_InterfaceID method gets the [InterfaceID](#) property for the subscription.

```
[id(21), propget, helpstring("property InterfaceID")] HRESULT InterfaceID(  
    [out, retval] BSTR* pbstrInterfaceID  
);
```

pbstrInterfaceID: If the method returns a success HRESULT, this MUST contain the value of the InterfaceID property of the subscription, as specified in section 3.1.1.2. The value MUST conform to the format as specified in section [2.2.3](#).

Return Values: An HRESULT specifying success or failure. All success codes MUST be treated the same, and all failure codes MUST be treated the same.

When this method is invoked, the server MUST verify that this value was previously set on this DCOM object instance servicing this method call. If not, the server MUST fail the call, returning a failure HRESULT back to the client. Otherwise, the server MUST return the value of the InterfaceID property.

3.1.4.4.34 put_InterfaceID (Opnum 40)

The put_InterfaceID method sets the [InterfaceID](#) property for the subscription.

```
[id(21), propput, helpstring("property InterfaceID")] HRESULT InterfaceID(  
    [in] BSTR bstrInterfaceID  
);
```

bstrInterfaceID: This is the InterfaceID property of the subscription, as specified in section 3.1.1.2. The value MUST conform to the format as specified in section [2.2.3](#).

Return Values: An HRESULT specifying success or failure. All success codes MUST be treated the same, and all failure codes MUST be treated the same.

When this method is invoked, the server MUST validate the new value of the property for syntax. If validation fails, the server MUST fail the call, returning a failure HRESULT back to the client. Otherwise, the server MUST attempt to update the state of the DCOM object servicing this method with the new value of the InterfaceID property, and fail the call if it cannot. Otherwise, it MUST override any previous value that was set for this DCOM object instance servicing this method call.

3.1.4.5 IEnumEventObject

The IEnumEventObject interface provides methods that are used to enumerate a collection of event classes or subscriptions. The version for this interface is 0.0.

A client gets this interface by means of the get_NewEnum (Opnum 9) (section [3.1.4.6.3](#)) method of the [IEventObjectCollection](#). As this is a DCOM interface, opnums 0 through 2 are IUnknown methods, which MUST be implemented by means of IRemUnknown, as specified in [\[MS-DCOM\]](#) section 3.1.1.5.6. The DCOM object implementing this interface MUST use the UUID {F4A07D63-2E25-11D1-9964-00C04FBBB345}.

This interface includes the following methods beyond those of IUnknown.

Methods in RPC Opnum Order

Method	Description
Clone	Clones the collection into another IEnumEventObject-based DCOM object. Opnum: 3
Next	Returns the next elements and iterates over them. Opnum: 4
Reset	Resets the enumerating object back to the first element. Opnum: 5
Skip	Skips ahead in the collection. Opnum: 6

3.1.4.5.1 Clone (Opnum 3)

The Clone method clones the underlying collection into another DCOM object implementing the [IEnumEventObject](#) interface.

```
[id(1), helpstring("method Clone")] HRESULT Clone(
    [out] IEnumEventObject** ppInterface
);
```

ppInterface: If the function returns a success HRESULT, this MUST contain the interface pointer of the clone DCOM object supporting the IEnumEventObject interface.

Return Values: An HRESULT specifying success or failure. All success codes MUST be treated the same, and all failure codes MUST be treated the same.

When this method is invoked, the server MUST attempt to clone the underlying collection into another DCOM object implementing the IEnumEventObject interface, and return the result.

3.1.4.5.2 Next (Opnum 4)

The Next method gets up to a specified number of items from the collection, if they are available, starting at the current enumerator position.

```
[id(3), helpstring("method Next")] HRESULT Next(
    [in] ULONG cReqElem,
    [out, size_is(cReqElem), length_is(*cRetElem)]
    IUnknown** ppInterface,
    [out] ULONG* cRetElem
);
```

cReqElem: The number of elements requested by the client to return from the collection.

ppInterface: If the function returns a success HRESULT, this MUST contain an array of interface pointers of size *cRetElem*. Each element in the array MUST be either a DCOM object supporting the [IEventClass2](#) interface if the underlying collection is of EventClasses or the element MUST be a DCOM object supporting [IEventSubscription](#) DCOM interface if the underlying collection is of subscriptions.

cRetElem: If the function returns a success HRESULT, this MUST contain a number of items returned in the array contained in *ppInterface*.

Return Values: An HRESULT specifying success or failure. All success codes other than S_FALSE MUST be treated the same, and all failure codes MUST be treated the same.

Return value/code	Description
0x00000001 S_FALSE	End of the collection.

When this method is invoked, the server MUST attempt to return items from the current position of the enumerator on the collection, and move the enumerator ahead in the collection by the value of *cRetElem*. If the number of elements in the collection is less than *cReqElem*, the function MUST return S_FALSE for failure.

3.1.4.5.3 Reset (Opnum 5)

The Reset method resets the enumerator back to the first element in the collection.

```
[id(4), helpstring("method Reset")] HRESULT Reset();
```

This method has no parameters.

Return Values: An HRESULT specifying success or failure. All success codes other than S_FALSE MUST be treated the same, and all failure codes MUST be treated the same.

Return value/code	Description
0x00000001 S_FALSE	The enumeration sequence was reset, but there are no items in the enumerator.

When this method is invoked, the server MUST attempt to reset the enumerator back to the first element in the collection, and fail the call, returning a failure HRESULT back to the client if it cannot. If there are no elements in this collection, the function MUST return a success.

3.1.4.5.4 Skip (Opnum 6)

The Skip method skips ahead in the collection by the number of elements specified.

```
[id(5), helpstring("method Skip")] HRESULT Skip(  
    [in] ULONG cSkipElem  
);
```

cSkipElem: The number of elements to skip ahead in the collection.

Return Values: An HRESULT specifying success or failure. All success codes other than S_FALSE MUST be treated the same, and all failure codes MUST be treated the same.

Return value/code	Description
0x00000001 S_FALSE	The number of elements skipped was not the same as the number requested.

When this method is invoked, the server MUST attempt to skip ahead *cSkipElem* elements in the enumerator from its current location, and fail the call, returning a failure HRESULT back to the client if it cannot. If the number of elements in the enumerator from its current location is less than the count specified in *cSkipElem*, the server MUST return S_FALSE as a success HRESULT.

3.1.4.6 IEventObjectCollection

The IEventObjectCollection interface provides methods that manage and enumerate over a collection of objects. The interface inherits opnums 0 through 6 from IDispatch as specified in [\[MS-OAUT\]](#) section 3.1.4. The version for this interface is 0.0.

The server returns a DCOM object implementing this interface with UUID {f89ac270-d4eb-11d1-b682-00805fc79216} from the following methods:

1. Query (Opnum 7) (section [3.1.4.1.1](#))
2. GetPublisherPropertyCollection (Opnum 34) (section [3.1.4.4.28](#))
3. GetSubscriberPropertyCollection (Opnum 38) (section [3.1.4.4.32](#))

This interface includes the following methods beyond those of IDispatch.

Methods in RPC Opnum Order

Method	Description
get__NewEnum	Returns an enumerator DCOM object. Opnum: 7
get_Item	Gets the item in the collection based on an ID. Opnum: 8
get__NewEnum	Gets the IEnumEventObject supporting the DCOM based object instance for the underlying collection. Opnum: 9
get_Count	Gets the number of items in the collection. Opnum: 10
Add	Adds an item to the collection. Opnum: 11
Remove	Removes an item from the collection. Opnum: 12

3.1.4.6.1 get__NewEnum (Opnum 7)

The get__NewEnum method gets a DCOM object for enumerating the underlying collection.

```
[id(DISPID NEWENUM), propget, restricted, helpstring("Create new IEnumVARIANT")]
HRESULT __NewEnum(
    [out, retval] IUnknown** ppUnkEnum
);
```

ppUnkEnum: If the function returns a success HRESULT, this MUST contain a DCOM object which implements the [IEnumEventObject](#) interface.

Return Values: An HRESULT specifying success or failure. All success codes MUST be treated the same, and all failure codes MUST be treated the same.

When this method is invoked, the server MUST attempt to create a collection-based DCOM object which supports the IEnumEventObject interface, and fail the call, returning a failure HRESULT back to

the client if it cannot. The underlying collection MUST be the same collection that is being enumerated by the DCOM object instance servicing this call. The created collection DCOM object MUST be returned through the ppUnkEnum interface.

3.1.4.6.2 get_Item (Opnum 8)

The get_Item method gets the item in the collection with a specified ID.

```
[id(DISPID_VALUE), propget] HRESULT Item(  
    [in] BSTR objectID,  
    [out, retval] VARIANT* pItem  
);
```

objectID: The name of the object to get from the collection. If the underlying collection is of the publisher or subscriber application-specific subscription properties, this name MUST conform to the specification of application-specific property names, as specified in section [2.2.2.1](#). If the underlying collection is [event classes](#), this MUST conform to the specification of [EventClassCollectionIdentifier](#), as specified in section 2.2.6. If the underlying collection is [subscriptions](#), this MUST conform to the specification of [SubscriptionCollectionIdentifier](#), as specified in section 2.2.7.

pItem: If the function returns a successful HRESULT, this MUST contain an application-specific publisher/subscriber property, as specified in section [2.2.2.2](#), if the underlying collection is of publisher/subscriber application-specific subscriptions properties. If the underlying collection is event classes, this MUST contain a VT_UNKNOWN for the DCOM object that supports the [IEventClass2](#) DCOM interface. If the underlying collection is subscriptions, this MUST contain a VT_UNKNOWN for the DCOM object that supports the [IEventSubscription](#) DCOM interface.

Return Values: An HRESULT that specifies success or failure. All success codes MUST be treated the same, and all failure codes MUST be treated the same.

When this method is invoked, the server MUST validate the objectID parameter for syntax. If the validation fails, the server MUST fail the call and return a failure HRESULT back to the client. Otherwise, the server MUST enumerate the collection and match the objectID to the individual objects in the collection. If an object is found that has a matching objectID, it MUST be returned through the pItem parameter. Otherwise, the server MUST fail the call.

3.1.4.6.3 get_NewEnum (Opnum 9)

The get_NewEnum method gets an [IEnumEventObject](#)-based object for enumerating the underlying collection.

```
[id(1), propget, helpstring("Create new IEnumEventObject")] HRESULT NewEnum(  
    [out, retval] IEnumEventObject** ppEnum  
);
```

ppEnum: If the function returns a success HRESULT, this MUST contain a DCOM object supporting the IEnumEventObject interface. Note this method is supported only if the underlying collection is of [event classes](#) or [subscriptions](#).

Return Values: An HRESULT specifying success or failure. All success codes MUST be treated the same, and all failure codes MUST be treated the same.

When this method is invoked, the server MUST attempt to create a collection-based DCOM object which supports the IEnumEventObject interface, and fail the call, returning a failure HRESULT back to the client if it cannot. The underlying collection MUST be the same collection that is being enumerated

by the DCOM object instance servicing this call. The created collection DCOM object MUST be returned through the ppEnum interface.

3.1.4.6.4 get_Count (Opnum 10)

The get_Count method gets the count of the number of items in the collection contained by the enumerator.

```
[id(2), propget, helpstring("Number of items in the collection")] HRESULT Count(  
    [out, retval] long* pCount  
);
```

pCount: If the function returns a success HRESULT, this MUST contain the number specifying the number of elements in the underlying collection.

Return Values: An HRESULT specifying success or failure. All success codes MUST be treated the same, and all failure codes MUST be treated the same.

When this method is invoked, the server MUST attempt to return the count of the number of elements in the collection. If the server is not able to return the count, it MUST fail the call, returning a failure HRESULT back to the client.

3.1.4.6.5 Add (Opnum 11)

The Add method adds an item to the underlying collection of the enumerator; if the item is already present in the collection, it is replaced by the one being passed to this method.

```
[id(3), helpstring("Add an item to the collection")] HRESULT Add(  
    [in] VARIANT* item,  
    [in] BSTR objectID  
);
```

item: If the underlying collection is of application-specific publisher/subscriber subscription properties, this MUST conform to the application-specific property values as specified in section [2.2.2.2](#). If the underlying collection is of [event classes](#), the type of the VARIANT MUST be VT_UNKNOWN and MUST contain a DCOM object supporting the [IEventClass2](#) interface. If the underlying collection is of [subscriptions](#), the type of the VARIANT MUST be VT_UNKNOWN and MUST contain a DCOM object supporting the [IEventSubscription](#) interface.

objectID: The identity of the object. If the underlying collection is of the application-specific publisher/subscriber subscription properties, this MUST conform to the application-specific property names as specified in [2.2.2.1](#). If the underlying collection is of event classes, this MUST conform to the EventClassID property of the event class as specified in section 3.1.1.1. If the underlying collection is of subscriptions, this MUST conform to the SubscriptionID property of the subscription as specified in section 3.1.1.2.

Return Values: An HRESULT specifying success or failure. All success codes MUST be treated the same, and all failure codes MUST be treated the same.

When this method is invoked, the server MUST validate the *item* and the *objectID* parameters. If the validation fails, the server MUST fail the call, returning a failure HRESULT back to the client. Otherwise, the server MUST attempt to add this item to the collection of the enumerator DCOM object servicing this call, and fail the call if it cannot. If the object in the collection already has the *objectID* specified in the call, the server MUST fail the call.

3.1.4.6.6 Remove (Opnum 12)

The Remove method removes an item from the underlying collection of the enumerator.

```
[id(4), helpstring("Remove an item from the collection")] HRESULT Remove(  
    [in] BSTR objectID  
);
```

objectID: The identity of the object. If the underlying collection is of the application-specific publisher/subscriber subscription properties, this MUST conform to the application-specific property names as specified in [2.2.2.1](#). If the underlying collection is of [event classes](#), this MUST conform to the EventClassID property of the event class as specified in section 3.1.1.1. If the underlying collection is of [subscriptions](#), this MUST conform to the SubscriptionID property of the subscription as specified in section 3.1.1.2.

Return Values: An HRESULT specifying success or failure. All success codes MUST be treated the same, and all failure codes MUST be treated the same.

When this method is invoked, the server MUST validate the syntax of the objectID. If the validation fails, the server MUST fail the call, returning a failure HRESULT back to the client. Otherwise, the server MUST enumerate through the collection and remove the object matching the given objectID. If the object matching the objectID is not found in the collection, the server MUST fail the call.

3.1.4.7 IEventClass3

The IEventClass3 interface provides additional methods that are used by the client to manipulate an event class on the server. This interface inherits opnums 0 through 28 from the [IEventClass2](#) interface, as specified in section 3.1.4.3. The version for this interface is 0.0.

The server SHOULD support this interface. [<13>](#) To receive incoming remote calls for this interface, the server MUST implement a DCOM object class with the class ID CLSID_EventClass (see section [1.9](#)) using the UUID {7FB7EA43-2D76-4ea8-8CD9-3DECC270295E} for this interface.

The interface contains the following methods beyond the ones that are defined for IEventClass2.

Methods in RPC Opnum Order

Method	Description
get_EventClassPartitionID	Gets the EventClassPartitionID property of the event class. Opnum: 29
put_EventClassPartitionID	Sets the EventClassPartitionID property of the event class. Opnum: 30
get_EventClassApplicationID	Gets the EventClassApplicationID property of the event class. Opnum: 31
put_EventClassApplicationID	Has no effect. Opnum: 32

3.1.4.7.1 get_EventClassPartitionID (Opnum 29)

The get_EventClassPartitionID method gets the [EventClassPartitionID](#) property of the event class.

```
[id(12), propget, helpstring("property EventClassPartitionID")]  
HRESULT EventClassPartitionID(  

```

```
[out, retval] BSTR* pbstrEventClassPartitionID
);
```

pbstrEventClassPartitionID: If the function returns a success HRESULT, this MUST contain the EventClassPartitionID property of the event class as specified in section 3.1.1.1. The value MUST conform to the format as specified in section [2.2.3](#).

Return Values: An HRESULT specifying success or failure. All success codes MUST be treated the same, and all failure codes MUST be treated the same.

When this method is invoked, the server MUST verify that this value was previously set on this DCOM object instance servicing this method call. If not, the server MUST fail the call, returning a failure HRESULT back to the client. Otherwise, the server MUST return the value of the EventClassPartitionID property.

3.1.4.7.2 put_EventClassPartitionID (Opnum 30)

The put_EventClassPartitionID method sets the [EventClassPartitionID](#) property for the event class.

```
[id(12), propput, helpstring("property EventClassPartitionID")]
HRESULT EventClassPartitionID(
    [in] BSTR bstrEventClassPartitionID
);
```

bstrEventClassPartitionID: The value of the EventClassPartitionID property of the event class as specified in section 3.1.1.1. The value MUST conform to the format as specified in section [2.2.3](#).

Return Values: An HRESULT specifying success or failure. All success codes MUST be treated the same, and all failure codes MUST be treated the same.

When this method is invoked, the server MUST validate the new value of the property for syntax. If validation fails, the server MUST fail the method call. Otherwise, the server MUST attempt to update the state of the DCOM object servicing this method with the new value of the EventClassPartitionID property, and fail the call, returning a failure HRESULT back to the client if it cannot. Otherwise, it MUST override any previous value that was set for this DCOM object instance servicing this method call.

3.1.4.7.3 get_EventClassApplicationID (Opnum 31)

The get_EventClassApplicationID method gets the [EventClassApplicationID](#) property of the event class.

```
[id(13), propget, helpstring("property EventClassApplicationID")]
HRESULT EventClassApplicationID(
    [out, retval] BSTR* pbstrEventClassApplicationID
);
```

pbstrEventClassApplicationID: If the function returns a success HRESULT, this MUST contain the EventClassApplicationID property of the event class as specified in section 3.1.1.1. The value MUST conform to the format as specified in section [2.2.3](#).

Return Values: An HRESULT that specifies success or failure. All success codes MUST be treated the same, and all failure codes MUST be treated the same.

When this method is invoked, the server MUST return the value of the EventClassApplicationID property. The value of this property is always GUID_NULL.

3.1.4.7.4 put_EventClassApplicationID (Opnum 32)

The put_EventClassApplicationID method has no effect.

```
[id(13), propput, helpstring("property EventClassApplicationID")] HRESULT EventClassApplicationID(  
    [in] BSTR bstrEventClassApplicationID  
);
```

bstrEventClassApplicationID: Has no effect.

Return Values: An HRESULT that specifies success or failure. All success codes MUST be treated the same, and all failure codes MUST be treated the same.

When this method is invoked, the server MUST do nothing, that is, this method has no effect.

3.1.4.8 IEventSubscription2

The IEventSubscription2 interface provides methods to get and set the properties of a subscription. This interface inherits opnums 0 through 40 from [IEventSubscription](#) as specified in section 3.1.4.4. The version for this interface is 0.0.

To receive incoming remote calls for this interface, the server MUST implement a DCOM [\[MS-DCOM\]](#) object class with the class ID CLSID_Subscription (see section [1.9](#)) using the UUID {4A6B0E16-2E38-11D1-9965-00C04FBBB345} for this interface.

The interface contains the following methods beyond the ones for IEventSubscription.

Methods in RPC Opnum Order

Method	Description
get_FilterCriteria	Gets the FilterCriteria property of the subscription. Opnum: 41
put_FilterCriteria	Sets the FilterCriteria property of the subscription. Opnum: 42
get_SubscriberMoniker	Gets the SubscriberMoniker property of the subscription. Opnum: 43
put_SubscriberMoniker	Sets the SubscriberMoniker property of the subscription. Opnum: 44

3.1.4.8.1 get_FilterCriteria (Opnum 41)

The get_FilterCriteria method gets the [FilterCriteria](#) property for the subscription.

```
[proppget, id(22), helpstring("property FilterCriteria")] HRESULT FilterCriteria(  
    [out, retval] BSTR* pbstrFilterCriteria  
);
```

pbstrFilterCriteria: If the method returns a success HRESULT, this MUST contain the value of the FilterCriteria property of the subscription, as specified in section 3.1.1.2. The syntax for this string is specified in section [2.2.1](#).

Return Values: An HRESULT specifying success or failure. All success codes MUST be treated the same, and all failure codes MUST be treated the same.

When this method is invoked, the server MUST verify that this value was previously set on this DCOM object instance servicing this method call. If not, the server MUST fail the call, returning a failure HRESULT back to the client. Otherwise, the server MUST return the value of the FilterCriteria property.

3.1.4.8.2 put_FilterCriteria (Opnum 42)

The put_FilterCriteria method sets the value of the [FilterCriteria](#) property of the subscription.

```
[propput, id(22), helpstring("property FilterCriteria")] HRESULT FilterCriteria(  
    [in] BSTR bstrFilterCriteria  
);
```

bstrFilterCriteria: The FilterCriteria property of the subscription, as specified in section 3.1.1.2. The syntax for this string is specified in section [2.2.1](#).

Return Values: An HRESULT specifying success or failure. All success codes MUST be treated the same, and all failure codes MUST be treated the same.

When this method is invoked, the server MUST validate the new value of the property for syntax. If validation fails, the server MUST fail the call, returning a failure HRESULT back to the client. Otherwise, the server MUST attempt to update the state of the DCOM object servicing this method with the new value of the FilterCriteria property, and fail the call if it cannot. Otherwise, it MUST override any previous value that was set for this DCOM object instance servicing this method call.

3.1.4.8.3 get_SubscriberMoniker (Opnum 43)

The get_SubscriberMoniker method gets the [SubscriberMoniker](#) property of the subscription.

```
[propget, id(23), helpstring("property SubscriberMoniker")] HRESULT SubscriberMoniker(  
    [out, retval] BSTR* pbstrMoniker  
);
```

pbstrMoniker: If the method returns a success HRESULT, this MUST contain the value of the SubscriberMoniker property of the subscription, as specified in section 3.1.1.2. This MUST be a string of character length less than or equal to 255.

Return Values: An HRESULT specifying success or failure. All success codes MUST be treated the same, and all failure codes MUST be treated the same.

When this method is invoked, the server MUST verify that this value was previously set on this DCOM object instance servicing this method call. If not, the server MUST fail the call, returning a failure HRESULT back to the client. Otherwise, the server MUST return the value of the SubscriberMoniker property.

3.1.4.8.4 put_SubscriberMoniker (Opnum 44)

The put_SubscriberMoniker method sets the [SubscriberMoniker](#) property of the subscription.

```
[propput, id(23), helpstring("property SubscriberMoniker")] HRESULT SubscriberMoniker(  
    [in] BSTR bstrMoniker  
);
```

bstrMoniker: The SubscriberMoniker property of the subscription, as specified in section 3.1.1.2. This MUST be a string of character length less than or equal to 255.

Return Values: An HRESULT specifying success or failure. All success codes MUST be treated the same, and all failure codes MUST be treated the same.

When this method is invoked, the server MUST validate the new value of the property for syntax. If validation fails, the server MUST fail the method call. Otherwise, the server MUST attempt to update the state of the DCOM object servicing this method with the new value of the SubscriberMoniker property, and fail the call if it cannot. Otherwise, it MUST override any previous value that was set for this DCOM object instance servicing this method call.

3.1.4.9 IEventSubscription3

The IEventSubscription3 interface provides methods to get or set the properties of a subscription. <14> This interface inherits opnums 0 through 44 from [IEventSubscription2](#), as specified in section 3.1.4.8. The version for this interface is 0.0.

To receive incoming remote calls for this interface, the server MUST implement a DCOM [\[MS-DCOM\]](#) object class with the class ID CLSID_Subscription (see section [1.9](#)) using the UUID {FBC1D17D-C498-43a0-81AF-423DDD530AF6} for this interface.

The interface contains the following methods beyond those of IEventSubscription2.

Methods in RPC Opnum Order

Method	Description
get_EventClassPartitionID	Gets the EventClassPartitionID property of the subscription. Opnum: 45
put_EventClassPartitionID	Sets the EventClassPartitionID property of the subscription. Opnum: 46
get_EventClassApplicationID	Gets the EventClassApplicationID property of the subscription. Opnum: 47
put_EventClassApplicationID	Has no effect. Opnum: 48
get_SubscriberPartitionID	Gets the SubscriberPartitionID property of the subscription. Opnum: 49
put_SubscriberPartitionID	Sets the SubscriberPartitionID property of the subscription. Opnum: 50
get_SubscriberApplicationID	Gets the SubscriberApplicationID property of the subscription. Opnum: 51
put_SubscriberApplicationID	Sets the SubscriberApplicationID property of the subscription. Opnum: 52

3.1.4.9.1 get_EventClassPartitionID (Opnum 45)

The get_EventClassPartitionID gets the [EventClassPartitionID](#) property for the subscription.

```
[propget, id(24), helpstring("property EventClassPartitionID")]
HRESULT EventClassPartitionID(
    [out, retval] BSTR* pbstrEventClassPartitionID
);
```

pbstrEventClassPartitionID: If the method returns a success HRESULT, this MUST contain the EventClassPartitionID property of the subscription, as specified in section 3.1.1.2. The value MUST conform to the format as specified in section [2.2.3](#).

Return Values: An HRESULT specifying success or failure. All success codes MUST be treated the same, and all failure codes MUST be treated the same.

When this method is invoked, the server MUST verify that this value was previously set on this DCOM object instance servicing this method call. If not, the server MUST fail the call, returning a failure HRESULT back to the client. Otherwise, the server MUST return the value of the EventClassPartitionID property.

3.1.4.9.2 put_EventClassPartitionID (Opnum 46)

The put_EventClassPartitionID method sets the [EventClassPartitionID](#) property for the subscription.

```
[propput, id(24), helpstring("property EventClassPartitionID")]
HRESULT EventClassPartitionID(
    [in] BSTR bstrEventClassPartitionID
);
```

bstrEventClassPartitionID: The EventClassPartitionID property of the subscription, as specified in section 3.1.1.2. The value MUST conform to the format as specified in section [2.2.3](#).

Return Values: An HRESULT specifying success or failure. All success codes MUST be treated the same, and all failure codes MUST be treated the same.

When this method is invoked, the server MUST validate the new value of the property for syntax. If validation fails the server MUST fail the call, returning a failure HRESULT back to the client. Otherwise the server MUST attempt to update the state of the DCOM object servicing this method with the new value of the EventClassPartitionID property, and fail the call if it cannot. Otherwise, it MUST override any previous value that was set for this DCOM object instance servicing this method call.

3.1.4.9.3 get_EventClassApplicationID (Opnum 47)

The get_EventClassApplicationID method gets the [EventClassApplicationID](#) property for the subscription.

```
[propget, id(25), helpstring("property EventClassApplicationID")]
HRESULT EventClassApplicationID(
    [out, retval] BSTR* pbstrEventClassApplicationID
);
```

pbstrEventClassApplicationID: If the method returns a success HRESULT, this MUST contain the EventClassApplicationID property of the subscription, as specified in section 3.1.1.2. The value MUST conform to the format as specified in section [2.2.3](#).

Return Values: An HRESULT that specifies success or failure. All success codes MUST be treated the same, and all failure codes MUST be treated the same.

When this method is invoked, the server MUST return the value of the EventClassApplicationID property. The value of this property is always GUID_NULL.

3.1.4.9.4 put_EventClassApplicationID (Opnum 48)

The put_EventClassApplicationID method has no effect.

```
[propput, id(25), helpstring("property EventClassApplicationID")]
HRESULT EventClassApplicationID(
    [in] BSTR bstrEventClassApplicationID
);
```

bstrEventClassApplicationID: Has no effect.

Return Values: An HRESULT that specifies success or failure. All success codes MUST be treated the same, and all failure codes MUST be treated the same.

When this method is invoked, the server MUST do nothing, that is, this method has no effect.

3.1.4.9.5 get_SubscriberPartitionID (Opnum 49)

The get_SubscriberPartitionID method gets the [SubscriberPartitionID](#) for the subscription.

```
[propget, id(26), helpstring("property SubscriberPartitionID")]
HRESULT SubscriberPartitionID(
    [out, retval] BSTR* pbstrSubscriberPartitionID
);
```

pbstrSubscriberPartitionID: If the method returns a success HRESULT, this MUST contain the SubscriberPartitionID property of the subscription, as specified in section 3.1.1.2. The value MUST conform to the format as specified in section [2.2.3](#).

Return Values: An HRESULT specifying success or failure. All success codes MUST be treated the same, and all failure codes MUST be treated the same.

When this method is invoked, the server MUST verify that this value was previously set on this DCOM object instance servicing this method call. If not, the server MUST fail the call, returning a failure HRESULT back to the client. Otherwise, the server MUST return the value of the SubscriberPartitionID property.

3.1.4.9.6 put_SubscriberPartitionID (Opnum 50)

The put_SubscriberPartitionID method sets the [SubscriberPartitionID](#) property for the subscription.

```
[propput, id(26), helpstring("property SubscriberPartitionID")]
HRESULT SubscriberPartitionID(
    [in] BSTR bstrSubscriberPartitionID
);
```

bstrSubscriberPartitionID: The SubscriberPartitionID property of the subscription, as specified in section 3.1.1.2. The value MUST conform to the format as specified in section [2.2.3](#).

Return Values: An HRESULT specifying success or failure. All success codes MUST be treated the same, and all failure codes MUST be treated the same.

When this method is invoked, the server MUST validate the new value of the property for syntax. If validation fails, the server MUST fail the method call. Otherwise, the server MUST attempt to update the state of the DCOM object servicing this method with the new value of the SubscriberPartitionID property, and fail the call, returning a failure HRESULT back to the client if it cannot. Otherwise, it

MUST override any previous value that was set for this DCOM object instance servicing this method call.

3.1.4.9.7 get_SubscriberApplicationID (Opnum 51)

The get_SubscriberApplicationID method gets the [SubscriberApplicationID](#) property for the subscription.

```
[propget, id(27), helpstring("property SubscriberApplicationID")]
HRESULT SubscriberApplicationID(
    [out, retval] BSTR* pbstrSubscriberApplicationID
);
```

pbstrSubscriberApplicationID: If the method returns a success HRESULT, this MUST contain the SubscriberApplicationID property of the subscription, as specified in section 3.1.1.2. The value MUST conform to the format as specified in section [2.2.3](#).

Return Values: An HRESULT specifying success or failure. All success codes MUST be treated the same, and all failure codes MUST be treated the same.

When this method is invoked, the server MUST verify that this value was previously set on this DCOM object instance servicing this method call. If not, the server MUST fail the call, returning a failure HRESULT back to the client. Otherwise, the server MUST return the value of the SubscriberApplicationID property.

3.1.4.9.8 put_SubscriberApplicationID (Opnum 52)

The put_SubscriberApplicationID method sets the [SubscriberApplicationID](#) property for the subscription.

```
[propput, id(27), helpstring("property SubscriberApplicationID")]
HRESULT SubscriberApplicationID(
    [in] BSTR bstrSubscriberApplicationID
);
```

bstrSubscriberApplicationID: The SubscriberApplicationID property of the subscription, as specified in section 3.1.1.2. The value MUST conform to the format as specified in section [2.2.3](#).

Return Values: An HRESULT specifying success or failure. All success codes MUST be treated the same, and all failure codes MUST be treated the same.

When this method is invoked, the server MUST validate the new value of the property for syntax. If validation fails, the server MUST fail the call, returning a failure HRESULT back to the client. Otherwise the server MUST attempt to update the state of the DCOM object servicing this method with the new value of the SubscriberApplicationID property, and fail the call if it cannot. Otherwise, it MUST override any previous value that was set for this DCOM object instance servicing this method call.

3.1.4.10 IEventSystem2

This interface is used to perform version checking and transient subscription verifications on the server by the client. IEventSystem2 inherits opnums 0 through 12 from the [IEventSystem](#) interface, as specified in section 3.1.4.1. The version for this interface is 0.0.

The server SHOULD support this interface. [<15>](#) To receive incoming remote calls for this interface, the server MUST implement a DCOM object class with the CLSID CLSID_EventSystem (see section [1.9](#)) using the UUID {99CC098F-A48A-4e9c-8E58-965C0AFC19D5} for this interface.

The interface contains the following methods beyond those of IEventSystem.

Methods in RPC Opnum Order

Method	Description
GetVersion	Gets the version of the event system implementation. Opnum: 13
VerifyTransientSubscribers	Verifies the state of the transient subscribers. Opnum: 14

3.1.4.10.1 GetVersion (Opnum 13)

The GetVersion method retrieves the version of the server implementation of the protocol.

```
[id(7), helpstring("method GetVersion")] HRESULT GetVersion(  
    [out] int* pnVersion  
);
```

pnVersion: If the function returns a success HRESULT, it MUST contain one of the following:

Value	Meaning
0x00000001	The server does not support the IEventSubscription3 and IEventClass3 interfaces, nor does it support the PartitionID and ApplicationID properties on the subscription (section 3.1.1.2) and event class (section 3.1.1.1) objects.
0x00000002	The server supports the IEventSubscription3 and IEventClass3 interfaces. It also supports the PartitionID and ApplicationID properties on the subscription (section 3.1.1.2) and event class (section 3.1.1.1) objects.

Return Values: An HRESULT specifying success or failure. All success codes MUST be treated the same, and all failure codes MUST be treated the same.

When this method is invoked, the server MUST attempt to return the pnVersion value corresponding to the interfaces it supports, and fail the call, returning a failure HRESULT back to the client if it cannot.

3.1.4.10.2 VerifyTransientSubscribers (Opnum 14)

The VerifyTransientSubscribers method verifies the state of the transient subscribers.

```
[id(8), helpstring("method VerifyTransientSubscribers")]  
HRESULT VerifyTransientSubscribers();
```

This method has no parameters.

Return Values: This function MUST return S_OK.

When this method is invoked, the server MUST verify that, for all transient subscribers, the server is able to make a method call on them successfully. If any transient subscription fails this test, the server MUST remove the subscription from its internal store for subscriptions.

3.1.4.11 IEventSystemInitialize

The IEventSystemInitialize interface is used to initialize the server implementing this protocol. As this is a DCOM interface, Opnum 0 to Opnum 2 are IUnknown methods, which MUST be implemented by means of IRemUnknown, as specified in [\[MS-DCOM\]](#) section 3.1.1.5.6. The version for this interface is 0.0.

To receive incoming remote calls for this interface, the server MUST implement a DCOM object class with the CLSID CLSID_EventSystem (see section [1.9](#)) using the UUID {a0e8f27a-888c-11d1-b763-00c04fb926af} for this interface .

The interface contains the following methods beyond those of IUnknown.

Methods in RPC Opnum Order

Method	Description
SetCOMCatalogBehaviour	Initializes the server. Opnum: 3

3.1.4.11.1 SetCOMCatalogBehaviour (Opnum 3)

The SetCOMCatalogBehaviour method controls the event system CatalogMode and RetainSubKeys state variables.

```
HRESULT SetCOMCatalogBehaviour(  
    BOOL bRetainSubKeys  
);
```

bRetainSubKeys: This value is copied to the RetainSubKeys state variable (see section [3.1.1.3](#)) of the event system.

Return Values: The server MUST return S_OK.

After this method is called, the event system CatalogMode state variable will be true (server in catalog mode) and the RetainSubKeys variable will be set based on the *bRetainSubKeys* parameter. If the client does not call this method, the server will be in non-catalog mode. The [Store](#), [Remove](#), and [RemoveS](#) methods of [IEventSystem](#) will have different behavior when the server is in catalog mode. See section 3.1.1.3 for more details.

3.1.5 Timer Events

None.

3.1.6 Other Local Events

None.

4 Protocol Examples

The following examples build on the examples given in [\[MS-DCOM\]](#) section 4.1.

4.1 Creating an Event Class

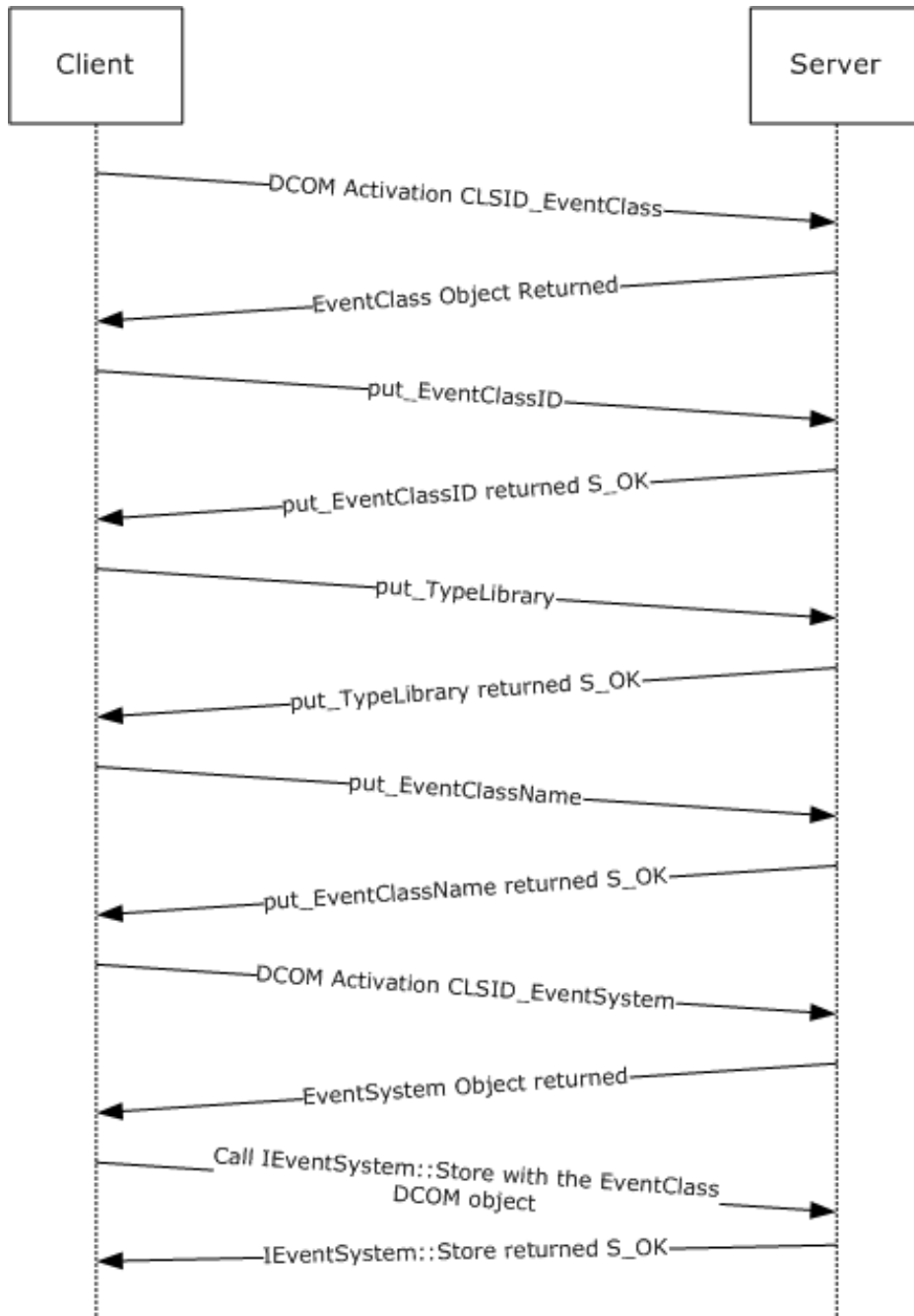


Figure 1: Creating an event class

The previous figure shows the sequence for a client publisher application that is creating an event on the server. It assumes that the client already knows that the type library ID for the EventClass is 3BFF4039-03C2-410f-B6A6-F4EBC250C2CC.

To set up an event class:

1. The client application starts by performing a DCOM activation for the event class object on the server by using the class ID CLSID_EventClass.
2. The client application dynamically generates a UUID (in this example, DF01D194-D694-41e5-BA79-8DEDE00ED0EA) according to [\[C706\]](#) section A.2.5. It converts the UUID to a string using the format that is specified in section [2.2.3](#). Using the string, the client calls [put_EventClassID](#) on the event class object to set the [EventClassID](#) property.

```
HRESULT
put_EventClassID(
    [in] BSTR bstrEventClassID = "{DF01D194-D694-41e5-BA79-8DEDE00ED0EA}"
);
```

3. The server stores the EventClassID and returns S_OK.
4. It then sets the Typelib property of the event class by calling the [put_TypeLib](#) method.

```
HRESULT
put_TypeLib(
    [in] BSTR bstrTypeLib = "TypelibFileName.tlb"
);
```

5. The server stores the TypeLib property and returns S_OK.
6. The client chooses a human-readable name for the event class (in this example, "TestEventClass"). It then uses this name to set the EventClassName property by calling the [put_EventClassName](#) method.

```
HRESULT
put_EventClassName(
    [in] BSTR bstrEventClassName = "TestEventClass");
```

7. The server stores the EventClassName and returns S_OK.

To store an event class:

1. The client activates the class ID CLSID_EventSystem to get the EventSystem DCOM object on the server.
2. The client calls [Store](#) on the EventSystem DCOM object with the "EventSystem.EventClass".

```
HRESULT
Store([in] BSTR ProgID = "EventSystem.EventClass",
    [in] IUnknown* pInterface = {pointer to CLSID_EventClass
                                interface created above}
);
```

- The server verifies the values that are specified in the event class object. In this example, it verifies that the EventClassID is not already in its event class store. If it were, the server would update the current entry with a new value for the properties and return S_OK. However, in this example, it is not already in the store, and so the server creates an entry for the event class in its store and returns S_OK.

4.2 Creating a Subscription

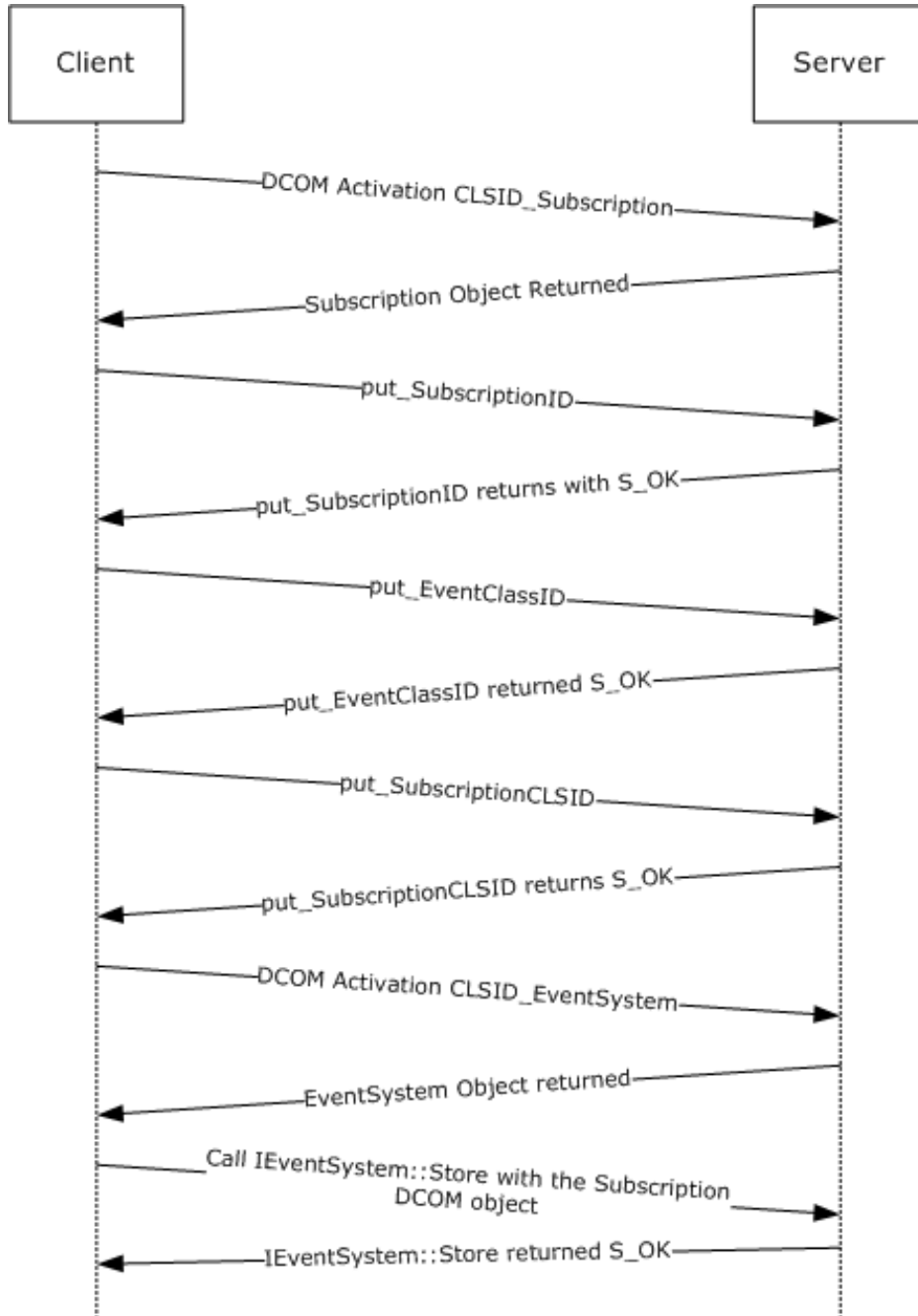


Figure 2: Creating a subscription

The previous figure shows the sequence when a client application creates a subscription on the server for the event class that has the UUID DF01D194-D694-41e5-BA79-8DEDE00ED0EA. It assumes that the client application already knows the subscriber application DCOM object CLSID, which is 19D10A70-1B07-4b76-87B6-99F58DEE37E7.

To set up the subscription:

1. The client starts by performing a DCOM activation for the subscription DCOM object on the server by using the class ID CLSID_EventSubscription.
2. The server returns an object reference to the subscription DCOM object.
3. The client generates a UUID (for example, B7E3D561-3BB1-46df-B47F-51DF3B307EC9) according to [\[C706\]](#) section A.2.5. It converts the UUID to a string using the format specified in section [2.2.3](#). Using the string, the client calls [put_SubscriptionID](#) on the subscription DCOM object to set the [SubscriptionID](#) property for the subscription.

```
HRESULT  
put_SubscriptionID(  
    [in] BSTR bstrSubscriptionID = "{B7E3D561-3BB1-46df-B47F-51DF3B307EC9}");
```

4. The server stores the SubscriptionID and returns S_OK.
5. The client then sets the [EventClassID](#) property, which identifies the event class for which it is creating the subscription by calling [put_EventClassID](#).

```
HRESULT  
put_EventClassID(  
    [in] BSTR bstrEventClassID = "{DF01D194-D694-41e5-BA79-8DEDE00ED0EA}");
```

6. The server stores the EventClassID and returns S_OK.
7. It then puts the SubscriberCLSID property by calling the [put_SubscriberCLSID](#) method.

```
HRESULT  
put_SubscriberCLSID(  
    BSTR bstrSubscriberCLSID = "{19D10A70-1B07-4b76-87B6-99F58DEE37E7}");
```

8. The server stores the SubscriberCLSID and returns S_OK.

The CLSID_Subscription object is just a place holder; no verification of the data is done at this point.

To store the subscription:

1. The client performs DCOM activation for CLSID_EventSystem on the server for the EventSystem DCOM object.
2. The server returns an object reference to the EventSystem DCOM object.
3. The client calls [Store](#) on the EventSystem DCOM object with the string "EventSystem.EventSubscription".

```
HRESULT  
Store(  
    [in] BSTR ProgID = "EventSystem.EventSubscription",
```

```
[in] IUnknown* pInterface = {pointer to CLSID_Subscription  
                             interface created above}  
);
```

4. The server now verifies the values that are specified in the subscription object. In this example it verifies that the EventClassID is in its event class store. It then checks whether the SubscriberID matches any existing subscription. Because it does not, the server creates a subscription and returns S_OK.

4.3 Updating a Subscription

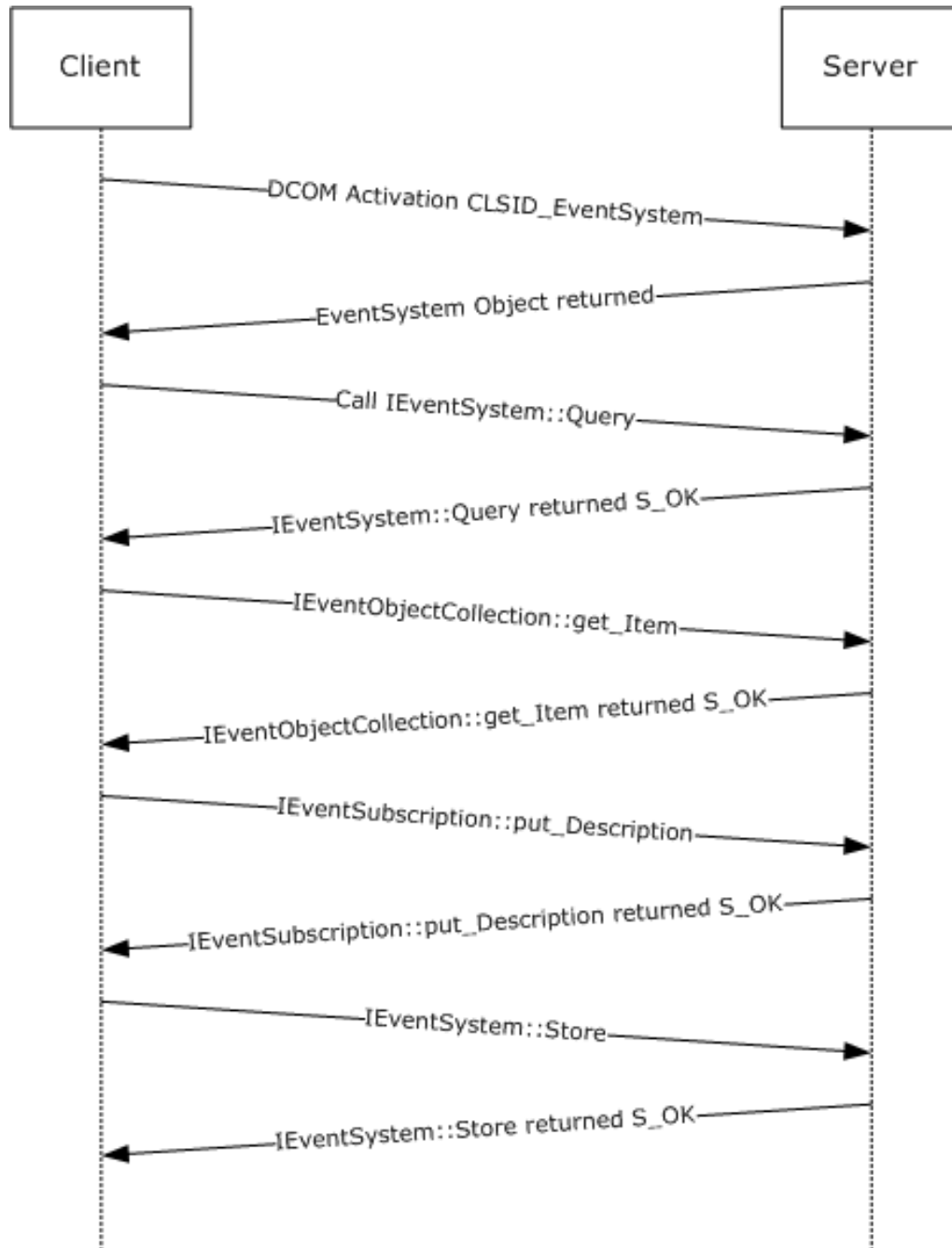


Figure 3: Updating a subscription

The previous figure shows the sequence of a client application as it updates its subscription. From before, the client knows that its SubscriptionID is B7E3D561-3BB1-46df-B47F-51DF3B307EC9 and its SubscriberCLSID is 19D10A70-1B07-4b76-87B6-99F58DEE37E7.

1. The client activates the class ID CLSID_EventSystem to get the EventSystem DCOM object on the server.
2. The client calls a [Query](#) with the subscriptions collection.

```

HRESULT
HRESULT Query(
    [in] BSTR progID= "EventSystem.EventSubscriptionCollection",
    [in] BSTR queryCriteria = "SubscriberCLSID='{19D10A70-1B07-4b76-87B6-99F58DEE37E7}'",
    [out] int* errorIndex = {uninitialized},
    [out, retval] IUnknown** ppInterface = {uninitialized}
);

```

3. The server looks in its internal store of subscriptions for a subscription that has the SubscriberCLSID property set to "{19D10A70-1B07-4b76-87B6-99F58DEE37E7}". After the server finds the subscription that has the matching SubscriberCLSID property, it creates a DCOM object for the subscription and populates its state with the subscription properties. The DCOM object is then stored in a collection-based DCOM object that supports the [IEventObjectCollection](#) interface. The server returns S_OK with *ppInterface*, which contains the collection DCOM object.

```

HRESULT = S_OK
Query(
    [in] BSTR progID = {unchanged},
    [in] BSTR queryCriteria = {unchanged},
    [out] int* errorIndex = 0,
    [out, retval] IUnknown** ppInterface = {DCOM object supporting
                                           IEventObjectCollection interface}
);

```

4. The client calls the [get_Item](#) method to get the particular subscription for its [SubscriptionID](#). In this example the format of the *objectId* is correct for a server that implements version 2 of the protocol. Because the client did not explicitly set the PartitionID and ApplicationID properties when it created the subscription, the example uses the default values for these properties.

```

HRESULT
Item(
    [in] BSTR objectId = "{B7E3D561-3BB1-46df-B47F-51DF3B307EC9}-{00000000-0000-0000-0000-000000000000}-{00000000-0000-0000-0000-000000000000}",
    [out,retval] VARIANT* pItem = {uninitialized}
);

```

5. The server looks in the underlying collection for the subscription DCOM object that has the SubscriptionID property set to "{B7E3D561-3BB1-46df-B47F-51DF3B307EC9}". After the server successfully finds the object, it embeds it in a VARIANT in the **punk** field, sets the VT_TYPE on the VARIANT to VT_UNKNOWN, and returns S_OK.

```

HRESULT = S_OK
Item(
    [in] BSTR objectId = {unchanged},
    [out,retval] VARIANT* pItem = {vt = VT_UNKNOWN,punk = {DCOM object that supports
                                                           IEventSubscription interface}
};

```

6. The client calls [put_Description](#) to update the description of the item.

```

HRESULT
put_Description(
    [in] BSTR* pbstrDescription = "A custom subscription"

```

```
);
```

- The server stores the description and returns S_OK.
- The client calls [Store](#) on the EventSystem DCOM object with the "EventSystem.EventSubscription" string.

```
HRESULT  
Store(  
    [in] BSTR ProgID = "EventSystem.EventSubscription",  
    [in] IUnknown* pInterface = {interface pointer to subscription  
                                object updated above}  
);
```

- The server verifies that the description is 255 characters or less, updates the description of the subscription in its local state, and returns S_OK.

Note that the same set of operations can be performed by the client to update an event class.

4.4 Removing a Subscription

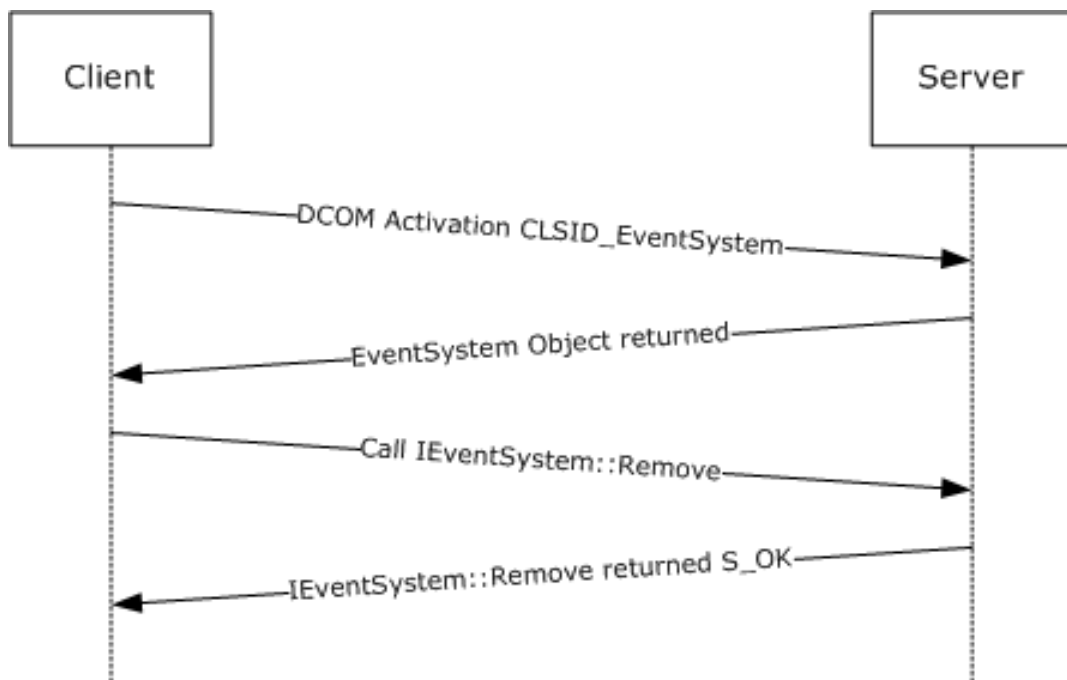


Figure 4: Removing a subscription

The previous figure shows the sequence of a client application that submits a request to a server to remove all subscriptions with its subscriber CLSID. From before, the client knows that its SubscriberCLSID is 19D10A70-1B07-4b76-87B6-99F58DEE37E7.

- The client activates the class ID CLSID_EventSystem to get the EventSystem DCOM object on the server.

- The client calls the [Remove](#) method with the appropriate collection name for subscriptions (that is, "EventSystem.EventSubscriptionCollection"), along with the criteria for removing it.

```
HRESULT
Remove(
    [in] BSTR progID = "EventSystem.EventSubscriptionCollection",
    [in] BSTR queryCriteria = "SubscriberCLSID='{19D10A70-1B07-4b76-87B6-99F58DEE37E7}'",
    [out] int* errorIndex = (uninitialized)
);
```

As a result of this method call, the server finds all the subscriptions with that subscriber CLSID, removes them, and returns the following.

```
HRESULT = S OK
Remove(
    [in] BSTR progID = {unchanged},
    [in] BSTR queryCriteria = {unchanged},
    [out] int* errorIndex = 0
);
```

Note that the same set of operations can be performed by the client application to remove an event class.

5 Security

5.1 Security Considerations for Implementers

Implementers should ensure that authorization checks exist on the event class and subscription stores.

5.2 Index of Security Parameters

None.

6 Appendix A: Full IDL

For ease of implementation, the full IDL is provided below, where "ms-ouat.idl" is the IDL found in [\[MS-OAUT\]](#) Appendix A.

```
import "ms-ouat.idl";

interface IEventObjectCollection;

[
    object,
    uuid(4E14FB9F-2E22-11D1-9964-00C04FBBB345),
    dual,
    helpstring("IEventSystem Interface"),
    pointer default(unique)
]
interface IEventSystem : IDispatch
{
    [id(1), helpstring("method Query")]
    HRESULT Query([in] BSTR progID,
        [in] BSTR queryCriteria,
        [out] int* errorIndex,
        [out,retval] IUnknown** ppInterface);

    [id(2), helpstring("method Store")]
    HRESULT Store([in] BSTR ProgID,
        [in] IUnknown* pInterface);

    [id(3), helpstring("method Remove")]
    HRESULT Remove([in] BSTR progID,
        [in] BSTR queryCriteria,
        [out] int* errorIndex);

    [id(4), propget, helpstring("method get EventObjectChangeEventClassID")]
    HRESULT EventObjectChangeEventClassID([out,retval] BSTR* pbstrEventClassID);

    [id(5), helpstring("method QueryS")]
    HRESULT QueryS([in] BSTR progID,
        [in] BSTR queryCriteria,
        [out,retval] IUnknown** ppInterface);

    [id(6), helpstring("method RemoveS")]
    HRESULT RemoveS([in] BSTR progID,
        [in] BSTR queryCriteria);
};

[
    object,
    uuid(fb2b72a0-7a68-11d1-88f9-0080c7d771bf),
    dual,
    helpstring("IEventClass Interface"),
    pointer_default(unique)
]
interface IEventClass : IDispatch
{
    [propget, id(1), helpstring("property EventClassID")]
    HRESULT EventClassID([out,retval] BSTR* pbstrEventClassID);
    [propput, id(1), helpstring("property EventClassID")]
    HRESULT EventClassID([in] BSTR bstrEventClassID);

    [propget, id(2), helpstring("property EventClassName")]
    HRESULT EventClassName([out,retval] BSTR* pbstrEventClassName);
    [propput, id(2), helpstring("property EventClassName")]
    HRESULT EventClassName([in] BSTR bstrEventClassName);
};
```

```

[propget, id(3), helpstring("property OwnerSID")]
HRESULT OwnerSID([out,retval] BSTR* pbstrOwnerSID);
[propput, id(3), helpstring("property OwnerSID")]
HRESULT OwnerSID([in] BSTR bstrOwnerSID);

[propget, id(4), helpstring("property FiringInterfaceID")]
HRESULT FiringInterfaceID([out,retval] BSTR* pbstrFiringInterfaceID);
[propput, id(4), helpstring("property FiringInterfaceID")]
HRESULT FiringInterfaceID([in] BSTR bstrFiringInterfaceID);

[propget, id(5), helpstring("property Description")]
HRESULT Description([out,retval] BSTR* pbstrDescription);
[propput, id(5), helpstring("property Description")]
HRESULT Description([in] BSTR bstrDescription);

// Local only
HRESULT Opnum17NotUsedOnWire(void);

// Local only
HRESULT Opnum18NotUsedOnWire(void);

[propget, id(7), helpstring("property TypeLib")]
HRESULT TypeLib([out,retval] BSTR* pbstrTypeLib);
[propput, id(7), helpstring("property TypeLib")]
HRESULT TypeLib([in] BSTR bstrTypeLib);
};

[
    object,
    uuid(fb2b72a1-7a68-11d1-88f9-0080c7d771bf),
    dual,
    helpstring("IEventClass2 Interface"),
    pointer default(unique)
]
interface IEventClass2 : IEventClass
{
    [id(8), propget, helpstring("property PublisherID")]
    HRESULT PublisherID([out,retval] BSTR* pbstrPublisherID);
    [id(8), propput, helpstring("property PublisherID")]
    HRESULT PublisherID([in] BSTR bstrPublisherID);

    [id(9), propget, helpstring("property MultiInterfacePublisherFilterCLSID")]
    HRESULT MultiInterfacePublisherFilterCLSID([out,retval] BSTR* pbstrPubFilCLSID);
    [id(9), propput, helpstring("property MultiInterfacePublisherFilterCLSID")]
    HRESULT MultiInterfacePublisherFilterCLSID([in] BSTR bstrPubFilCLSID);

    [id(10), propget, helpstring("property AllowInprocActivation")]
    HRESULT AllowInprocActivation([out,retval] BOOL* pfAllowInprocActivation);
    [id(10), propput, helpstring("property AllowInprocActivation")]
    HRESULT AllowInprocActivation([in] BOOL fAllowInprocActivation);

    [id(11), propget, helpstring("property FireInParallel")]
    HRESULT FireInParallel([out,retval] BOOL* pfFireInParallel);
    [id(11), propput, helpstring("property FireInParallel")]
    HRESULT FireInParallel([in] BOOL fFireInParallel);
}

[
    object,
    uuid(F4A07D63-2E25-11D1-9964-00C04FBBB345),
    helpstring("IEnumEventObject Interface"),
    pointer_default(unique)
]
interface IEnumEventObject : IUnknown
{

```

```

[id(1), helpstring("method Clone")]
HRESULT Clone([out] IEnumEventObject** ppInterface);

[id(3), helpstring("method Next")]
HRESULT Next([in] ULONG cReqElem,
             [out, size is(cReqElem), length is(*cRetElem)] IUnknown** ppInterface,
             [out] ULONG* cRetElem);

[id(4), helpstring("method Reset")]
HRESULT Reset();

[id(5), helpstring("method Skip")]
HRESULT Skip([in] ULONG cSkipElem);
};

[
    object,
    uuid(f89ac270-d4eb-11d1-b682-00805fc79216),
    dual,
    helpstring("IEventObjectCollection Interface"),
    pointer_default(unique)
]
interface IEventObjectCollection : IDispatch
{
    [id(DISPID_NEWENUM), propget, restricted, helpstring("Create new IEnumVARIANT")]
    HRESULT _NewEnum([out,retval] IUnknown** ppUnkEnum);

    [id(DISPID VALUE), propget]
    HRESULT Item([in] BSTR objectID, [out,retval] VARIANT* pItem);

    [id(1), propget, helpstring("Create new IEnumEventObject")]
    HRESULT NewEnum([out,retval] IEnumEventObject** ppEnum);

    [id(2), propget, helpstring("Number of items in the collection")]
    HRESULT Count([out,retval] long* pCount);

    [id(3), helpstring("Add an item to the collection")]
    HRESULT Add([in] VARIANT* item, [in] BSTR objectID);

    [id(4), helpstring("Remove an item from the collection")]
    HRESULT Remove([in] BSTR objectID);
}

[
    object,
    uuid(4A6B0E15-2E38-11D1-9965-00C04FBBB345),
    dual,
    helpstring("IEventSubscription Interface"),
    pointer_default(unique)
]
interface IEventSubscription : IDispatch
{
    [propget, id(1), helpstring("property SubscriptionID")]
    HRESULT SubscriptionID([out,retval] BSTR* pbstrSubscriptionID);
    [propput, id(1), helpstring("property SubscriptionID")]
    HRESULT SubscriptionID([in] BSTR bstrSubscriptionID);

    [propget, id(2), helpstring("property SubscriptionName")]
    HRESULT SubscriptionName([out,retval] BSTR* pbstrSubscriptionName);
    [propput, id(2), helpstring("property SubscriptionName")]
    HRESULT SubscriptionName([in] BSTR bstrSubscriptionName);

    [propget, id(3), helpstring("property PublisherID")]
    HRESULT PublisherID([out,retval] BSTR* pbstrPublisherID);
    [propput, id(3), helpstring("property PublisherID")]
    HRESULT PublisherID([in] BSTR bstrPublisherID);
}

```

```

[propget, id(4), helpstring("property EventClassID")]
HRESULT EventClassID([out,retval] BSTR* pbstrEventClassID);
[propput, id(4), helpstring("property EventClassID")]
HRESULT EventClassID([in] BSTR bstrEventClassID);

[propget, id(5), helpstring("property MethodName")]
HRESULT MethodName([out,retval] BSTR* pbstrMethodName);
[propput, id(5), helpstring("property MethodName")]
HRESULT MethodName([in] BSTR bstrMethodName);

[propget, id(6), helpstring("property SubscriberCLSID")]
HRESULT SubscriberCLSID([out,retval] BSTR* pbstrSubscriberCLSID);
[propput, id(6), helpstring("property SubscriberCLSID")]
HRESULT SubscriberCLSID([in] BSTR bstrSubscriberCLSID);

[propget, id(7), helpstring("property SubscriberInterface")]
HRESULT SubscriberInterface([out,retval] IUnknown** ppSubscriberInterface);
[propput, id(7), helpstring("property SubscriberInterface")]
HRESULT SubscriberInterface([in] IUnknown* pSubscriberInterface);

[propget, id(8), helpstring("property PerUser")]
HRESULT PerUser([out,retval] BOOL* pfPerUser);
[propput, id(8), helpstring("property PerUser")]
HRESULT PerUser([in] BOOL fPerUser);

[propget, id(9), helpstring("property OwnerSID")]
HRESULT OwnerSID([out,retval] BSTR* pbstrOwnerSID);
[propput, id(9), helpstring("property OwnerSID")]
HRESULT OwnerSID([in] BSTR bstrOwnerSID);

[propget, id(10), helpstring("property Enabled")]
HRESULT Enabled([out,retval] BOOL* pfEnabled);
[propput, id(10), helpstring("property Enabled")]
HRESULT Enabled([in] BOOL fEnabled);

[propget, id(11), helpstring("property Description")]
HRESULT Description([out,retval] BSTR* pbstrDescription);
[propput, id(11), helpstring("property Description")]
HRESULT Description([in] BSTR bstrDescription);

[propget, id(12), helpstring("property MachineName")]
HRESULT MachineName([out,retval] BSTR* pbstrMachineName);
[propput, id(12), helpstring("property MachineName")]
HRESULT MachineName([in] BSTR bstrMachineName);

[id(13), helpstring("method GetPublisherProperty")]
HRESULT GetPublisherProperty([in] BSTR bstrPropertyName,
    [out,retval] VARIANT* propertyValue);
[id(14), helpstring("method PutPublisherProperty")]
HRESULT PutPublisherProperty([in] BSTR bstrPropertyName,
    [in] VARIANT* propertyValue);
[id(15), helpstring("method RemovePublisherProperty")]
HRESULT RemovePublisherProperty([in] BSTR bstrPropertyName);
[id(16), helpstring("method GetPublisherPropertyCollection")]
HRESULT GetPublisherPropertyCollection([out,retval] IEventObjectCollection** collection);

[id(17), helpstring("method GetSubscriberProperty")]
HRESULT GetSubscriberProperty([in] BSTR bstrPropertyName,
    [out,retval] VARIANT* propertyValue);
[id(18), helpstring("method PutSubscriberProperty")]
HRESULT PutSubscriberProperty([in] BSTR bstrPropertyName,
    [in] VARIANT* propertyValue);
[id(19), helpstring("method RemoveSubscriberProperty")]
HRESULT RemoveSubscriberProperty([in] BSTR bstrPropertyName);
[id(20), helpstring("method GetSubscriberPropertyCollection")]
HRESULT GetSubscriberPropertyCollection([out,retval] IEventObjectCollection**
collection);

[id(21), propget, helpstring("property InterfaceID")]

```

```

HRESULT InterfaceID([out,retval] BSTR* pbstrInterfaceID);
[id(21), propput, helpstring("property InterfaceID")]
HRESULT InterfaceID([in] BSTR bstrInterfaceID);
};

[
    object,
    uuid(4A6B0E16-2E38-11D1-9965-00C04FBBB345),
    dual,
    helpstring("IEventSubscription2 Interface"),
    pointer_default(unique)
]
interface IEventSubscription2 : IEventSubscription
{
    [propget, id(22), helpstring("property FilterCriteria")]
    HRESULT FilterCriteria([out,retval] BSTR* pbstrFilterCriteria);
    [propput, id(22), helpstring("property FilterCriteria")]
    HRESULT FilterCriteria([in] BSTR bstrFilterCriteria);

    [propget, id(23), helpstring("property SubscriberMoniker")]
    HRESULT SubscriberMoniker([out,retval] BSTR* pbstrMoniker);
    [propput, id(23), helpstring("property SubscriberMoniker")]
    HRESULT SubscriberMoniker([in] BSTR bstrMoniker);
}

[
    object,
    uuid(7FB7EA43-2D76-4ea8-8CD9-3DECC270295E),
    dual,
    helpstring("IEventClass3 Interface"),
    pointer_default(unique)
]
interface IEventClass3 : IEventClass2
{
    [id(12), propget, helpstring("property EventClassPartitionID")]
    HRESULT EventClassPartitionID([out,retval] BSTR* pbstrEventClassPartitionID);
    [id(12), propput, helpstring("property EventClassPartitionID")]
    HRESULT EventClassPartitionID([in] BSTR bstrEventClassPartitionID);

    [id(13), propget, helpstring("property EventClassApplicationID")]
    HRESULT EventClassApplicationID([out,retval] BSTR* pbstrEventClassApplicationID);
    [id(13), propput, helpstring("property EventClassApplicationID")]
    HRESULT EventClassApplicationID([in] BSTR bstrEventClassApplicationID);
}

[
    object,
    uuid(FBC1D17D-C498-43a0-81AF-423DDD530AF6),
    dual,
    helpstring("IEventSubscription3 Interface"),
    pointer_default(unique)
]
interface IEventSubscription3 : IEventSubscription2
{
    [propget, id(24), helpstring("property EventClassPartitionID")]
    HRESULT EventClassPartitionID([out,retval] BSTR* pbstrEventClassPartitionID);
    [propput, id(24), helpstring("property EventClassPartitionID")]
    HRESULT EventClassPartitionID([in] BSTR bstrEventClassPartitionID);

    [propget, id(25), helpstring("property EventClassApplicationID")]
    HRESULT EventClassApplicationID([out,retval] BSTR* pbstrEventClassApplicationID);
    [propput, id(25), helpstring("property EventClassApplicationID")]
    HRESULT EventClassApplicationID([in] BSTR bstrEventClassApplicationID);

    [propget, id(26), helpstring("property SubscriberPartitionID")]
    HRESULT SubscriberPartitionID([out,retval] BSTR* pbstrSubscriberPartitionID);
    [propput, id(26), helpstring("property SubscriberPartitionID")]

```

```

HRESULT SubscriberPartitionID([in] BSTR bstrSubscriberPartitionID);

[propget, id(27), helpstring("property SubscriberApplicationID")]
HRESULT SubscriberApplicationID([out,retval] BSTR* pbstrSubscriberApplicationID);
[propput, id(27), helpstring("property SubscriberApplicationID")]
HRESULT SubscriberApplicationID([in] BSTR bstrSubscriberApplicationID);

};

[
    object,
    uuid(99CC098F-A48A-4e9c-8E58-965C0AFC19D5),
    dual,
    helpstring("IEventSystem2 Interface"),
    pointer_default(unique)
]
interface IEventSystem2 : IEventSystem
{
    [id(7), helpstring("method GetVersion")]
    HRESULT GetVersion([out] int* pnVersion);
    [id(8), helpstring("method VerifyTransientSubscribers")]
    HRESULT VerifyTransientSubscribers();
}

[
    uuid(a0e8f27a-888c-11d1-b763-00c04fb926af),
    pointer_default(unique)
]
interface IEventSystemInitialize : IUnknown
{
    HRESULT SetCOMCatalogBehaviour(BOOL bRetainSubKeys);
};

```

7 Appendix B: Product Behavior

The information in this specification is applicable to the following Microsoft products or supplemental software. References to product versions include released service packs.

Note: Some of the information in this section is subject to change because it applies to a preliminary product version, and thus may differ from the final version of the software when released. All behavior notes that pertain to the preliminary product version contain specific references to it as an aid to the reader.

- Windows 2000 operating system
- Windows XP operating system
- Windows Server 2003 operating system
- Windows Vista operating system
- Windows Server 2008 operating system
- Windows 7 operating system
- Windows Server 2008 R2 operating system
- Windows 8 operating system
- Windows Server 2012 operating system
- Windows 8.1 operating system
- Windows Server 2012 R2 operating system
- Windows 10 operating system
- Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview operating system

Exceptions, if any, are noted below. If a service pack or Quick Fix Engineering (QFE) number appears with the product version, behavior changed in that service pack or QFE. The new behavior also applies to subsequent service packs of the product unless otherwise specified. If a product edition appears with the product version, behavior is different in that product edition.

Unless otherwise specified, any statement of optional behavior in this specification that is prescribed using the terms SHOULD or SHOULD NOT implies product behavior in accordance with the SHOULD or SHOULD NOT prescription. Unless otherwise specified, the term MAY implies that the product does not follow the prescription.

[<1> Section 2.2.1](#): Windows does not use FIRINGINTERFACEIID or CUSTOMCONFIGCLASSID.

[<2> Section 2.2.5](#): Windows also accepts local paths.

[<3> Section 3.1.1.1](#): TypeLibrary specifies a registered OLE automation type library on Windows platforms. For more information about type libraries, see [\[MSDN-ITypeLib\]](#).

[<4> Section 3.1.1.1](#): For more information about the MultiInterfacePublisherFilterCLSID property of event classes on Windows platforms, see [\[MSDN-COM+Events\]](#) under "Event Filtering."

[<5> Section 3.1.1.1](#): EventClassPartitionID specifies a COM+ partition. For more information about COM+ partitions, see [\[MSDN-COM+\]](#). This property is not available in Windows 2000.

[<6> Section 3.1.1.1](#): [EventClassApplicationID](#) specifies a COM+ Application. For more information about COM+ applications, see [\[MSDN-COM+\]](#). This property is not available in Windows 2000.

<7> [Section 3.1.1.2](#): For more information about the FilterCriteria property of subscriptions on Windows platforms, see [MSDN-COM+Events] under "Event Filtering."

<8> [Section 3.1.4.1.1](#): [IEventClass3](#) is not supported in Windows 2000.

<9> [Section 3.1.4.1.1](#): [IEventSubscription3](#) is not supported in Windows 2000.

<10> [Section 3.1.4.1.5](#): [IEventClass3](#) is not supported in Windows 2000.

<11> [Section 3.1.4.1.5](#): [IEventSubscription3](#) is not supported in Windows 2000.

<12> [Section 3.1.4.2](#): Opnums that are reserved for local use apply to Windows as shown in the following table.

Opnum	Description
17-18	Returns ERROR_NOT_IMPLEMENTED. It is never used.

<13> [Section 3.1.4.7](#): [IEventClass3](#) is not supported in Windows 2000.

<14> [Section 3.1.4.9](#): [IEventSubscription3](#) is not supported in Windows 2000.

<15> [Section 3.1.4.10](#): [IEventSystem2](#) is not supported on Windows 2000.

8 Change Tracking

No table of changes is available. The document is either new or has had no changes since its last release.

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